LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

NJSA:

2A:14-33

(Utility poles---placement)

LAWS OF:

1991

CHAPTER: 366

Bill No:

A4107

Sponsor(s): McEnroe

Date Introduced: October 18, 1990

Committee: Assembly: Transportation Authorities

Senate: Transportation

Amended during passage: No

Date of Passage: Assembly: February 21, 1991

Senate: December 16, 1991

Date of Approval: January 9, 1992

Following statements are attached if available:

Sponsor statement:

Committee Statement: Assembly: Yes

Senate:

Yes

Fiscal Note:

Veto Message:

No

Message on signing:

No

Following were printed:

Reports:

No

Hearings:

No

KBG/dgw

P.L.1991, CHAPTER 366, approved January 9, 1992

1990 Assembly No. 4107 (First Reprint)

AN ACT concerning public utility poles ¹[, amending R.S.2A:14-33]¹ and supplementing chapter 3 of Title 48 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1[1. R.S.2A:14-33 is amended to read as follows:

2A:14-33. Whenever any wire or cable used for any telegraph, telephone, electric light, or other wire or cable for electric purposes, is or shall be attached to, or does or shall extend upon or over any building or land, no lapse of time whatsoever shall raise a presumption, or justify a prescription of any perpetual right to such attachment or extension, except as may otherwise be provided in P.L.1990, c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill).

(cf: N. J.S.2A:14-33)]¹

¹[2. (New section) a. For purposes of this section, "pole" means, in addition to its commonly accepted meaning, any wires or cables connected thereto, and any replacements therefor which are similar in construction and use.

- b. A pole used for the supplying and distributing of electricity for light, heat or power, or for the furnishing of telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, which pole has been situated and in continuous use for these purposes on private property for a period of 10 years, shall be presumed to be situated on that private property with the consent in writing of the owner of the property, and no suit, action or proceeding shall lie in any court of this State for the removal of any pole so placed and in use, unless the suit is instituted before the 10-year period has expired.
- c. This section shall apply to a pole described in this section, whether first situated before or after the effective date of this section, if the 10-year period concludes after the effective date of this section; and also shall apply to a pole described in this section if the 10-year period concluded before the effective date of this section, provided that, on the effective date of this section, the pole, or any replacement therefor, has been in the same location and in continuous use since the date on which the 10-year period concluded.]1

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.
Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Assembly ATT committee amendments adopted January 14, 1991.

A4107 [1R]

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| 1 | ¹ [3. (New section)] 1.1 After the effective date of this |
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| 2 | ¹ [amendatory and supplementary] act, before a public utility |
| 3 | places a pole, used for the supplying and distributing of |
| 4 | electricity for light, heat or power, or for the furnishing of |
| 5 | telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, on |
| 6 | 1[property] a public right of way1 on which the predominant |
| 7 | method of lighting is gas lighting, a public utility shall ¹ , in |
| - 8 | addition to any other requirements of law, 1 first acquire the |
| 9 | consent of 1[the owner of the property and of]1 the governing |
| 10 . | body of the municipality in which the ¹ [property] public right of |
| 11 | way1 is located. For purposes of this 1[section,] act,1 "pole" |
| 12 | means, in addition to its commonly accepted meaning, any wires |
| 13 | or cable connected thereto, and any replacements therefor which |
| 14 | are similar in construction and use. |
| - 15 | 1[4.] 2.1 This act shall take effect on the 30th day after |

1[4.] 2.1 This act shall take effect on the 30th day after enactment.

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PUBLIC UTILITIES

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Changes law with respect to placement of public utility poles under certain circumstances.

[FIRST REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 4107

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 18, 1990

By Assemblyman McENROE and Assemblywoman BUSH

1 - AN ACT concerning public utility poles ¹[, amending 2 R.S.2A:14-33]¹ and supplementing chapter 3 of Title 48 of the Revised Statutes.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

¹[1. R.S.2A:14-33 is amended to read as follows:

2A:14-33. Whenever any wire or cable used for any telegraph, telephone, electric light, or other wire or cable for electric purposes, is or shall be attached to, or does or shall extend upon or over any building or land, no lapse of time whatsoever shall raise a presumption, or justify a prescription of any perpetual right to such attachment or extension, except as may otherwise be provided in P.L.1990, c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill).

16 (cf: N. J.S.2A:14-33)]1

1[2. (New section) a. For purposes of this section, "pole" means, in addition to its commonly accepted meaning, any wires or cables connected thereto, and any replacements therefor which are similar in construction and use.

b. A pole used for the supplying and distributing of electricity for light, heat or power, or for the furnishing of telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, which pole has been situated and in continuous use for these purposes on private property for a period of 10 years, shall be presumed to be situated on that private property with the consent in writing of the owner of the property, and no suit, action or proceeding shall lie in any court of this State for the removal of any pole so placed and in use, unless the suit is instituted before the 10-year period has expired.

c. This section shall apply to a pole described in this section, whether first situated before or after the effective date of this section, if the 10-year period concludes after the effective date of this section; and also shall apply to a pole described in this section if the 10-year period concluded before the effective date of this section, provided that, on the effective date of this section, the pole, or any replacement therefor, has been in the same location and in continuous use since the date on which the 10-year period concluded.]1

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.
Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Assembly ATT committee amendments adopted January 14, 1991.

A4107 [1R] 2

| P. Committee of the com |
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| ¹ [3. (New section)] $\underline{1.1}$ After the effective date of this |
| [amendatory and supplementary] act, before a public utility |
| places a pole, used for the supplying and distributing of |
| electricity for light, heat or power, or for the furnishing of |
| telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, on |
| ¹ [property] a public right of way ¹ on which the predominant |
| method of lighting is gas lighting, a public utility shall ¹ , in |
| addition to any other requirements of law, 1 first acquire the |
| consent of 1[the owner of the property and of]1 the governing |
| body of the municipality in which the ¹ [property] <u>public right of</u> |
| way ¹ is located. For purposes of this ¹ [section,] act, ¹ "pole" |
| means, in addition to its commonly accepted meaning, any wires |
| or cable connected thereto, and any replacements therefor which |
| are similar in construction and use. |
| ¹ [4.] 2.1 This act shall take effect on the 30th day after |
| enactment. |
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PUBLIC UTILITIES

Changes law with respect to placement of public utility poles under certain circumstances.

ASSEMBLY, No. 4107

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 18, 1990

By Assemblyman McENROE and Assemblywoman BUSH

AN ACT concerning public utility poles, amending R.S.2A:14-33 and supplementing chapter 3 of Title 48 of the Revised Statutes.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. R.S.2A:14-33 is amended to read as follows:

2A:14-33. Whenever any wire or cable used for any telegraph, telephone, electric light, or other wire or cable for electric purposes, is or shall be attached to, or does or shall extend upon or over any building or land, no lapse of time whatsoever shall raise a presumption, or justify a prescription of any perpetual right to such attachment or extension, except as may otherwise be provided in P.L.1990, c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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(cf: N.J.S.2A:14-33)

- 2. (New section) a. For purposes of this section, "pole" means, in addition to its commonly accepted meaning, any wires or cables connected thereto, and any replacements therefor which are similar in construction and use.
- b. A pole used for the supplying and distributing of electricity for light, heat or power, or for the furnishing of telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, which pole has been situated and in continuous use for these purposes on private property for a period of 10 years, shall be presumed to be situated on that private property with the consent in writing of the owner of the property, and no suit, action or proceeding shall lie in any court of this State for the removal of any pole so placed and in use, unless the suit is instituted before the 10-year period has expired.
- c. This section shall apply to a pole described in this section, whether first situated before or after the effective date of this section, if the 10-year period concludes after the effective date of this section; and also shall apply to a pole described in this section if the 10-year period concluded before the effective date of this section, provided that, on the effertive date of this section, the pole, or any replacement therefor, has been in the same location and in continuous use since the date on which the 10-year period concluded.

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

- 3. (New section) After the effective date of this amendatory and supplementary act, before a public utility places a pole, used for the supplying and distributing of electricity for light, heat or power, or for the furnishing of telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, on property on which the predominant method of lighting is gas lighting, a public utility shall first acquire the consent of the owner of the property and of the governing body of the municipality in which the property is located. For purposes of this section, "pole" means, in addition to its commonly accepted meaning, any wires or cables connected thereto, and any replacements therefor which are similar in construction and use.
 - 4. This act shall take effect on the 30th day after enactment.

STATEMENT

This bill provides that public utility poles, including the wires and cables connected thereto, and replacements therefor, placed on private property for a period of 10 years or more, would be deemed to be so located with the consent of the property owner, and could not be removed except at the discretion of the public utility. The purpose of the bill is to give public utilities, which have been servicing and replacing poles on private property since the early part of this century, the legal consent which, in some cases, was not negotiated at the time the poles were erected.

In addition, this bill provides that if a public utility makes a decision to place a pole used for the supplying and distributing of electricity for light, heat or power, or for the furnishing of telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, on property on which the predominant method of lighting is gas lighting, the public utility shall first acquire the consent of the owner of the property and of the governing body of the municipality in which the property is located. The purpose of this section of the bill is to permit municipalities which have old-fashioned gas lighting in certain historic districts the right to refuse to place public utility poles with wires or cables in the same district, thus preserving the historic character of the community.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Changes law with respect to placement of public utility poles under certain circumstances.

ASSEMBLY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITIES, TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND TECHNOLOGY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 4107

with Assembly committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 14, 1991

The Assembly Transportation Authorities, Telecommunications and Technology Committee favorably reports Assembly Bill No. 4107 with committee amendments.

As amended, this bill provides that if a public utility makes a decision to place a pole used for the supplying and distributing of electricity for light, heat or power, or for the furnishing of telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, on a public right of way on which the predominant method of lighting is gas lighting, the public utility shall, in addition to any other requirements of law, first acquire the consent of the governing body of the municipality in which the public right of way is located. The bill would permit municipalities which have old-fashioned gas lighting in certain historic districts the right to refuse to place public utility poles with wires or cables in the same district, thus preserving the historic character of the community.

The committee amendments deleted the provisions of the bill which provided that public utility poles, including the wires and cables connected thereto, and replacements therefor, placed on private property for a period of 10 years or more, would be deemed to be so located with the consent of the property owner, and could not be removed except at the discretion of the public utility. The amendments also specify that the bill's provisions would apply only to utility poles in public rights of way.

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ASSEMBLY ATT COMMITTEE

AMENDMENTS

to

ADOPTED

DATE 1/14/91

ASSEMBLY, No. 4107 (Sponsored by Assemblyman McEnroe)

REPLACE TITLE TO READ:

AN ACT concerning public utility poles ¹[, amending R.S. 2A:14-33]¹ and supplementing chapter 3 of Title 48 of the Revised Statutes.

OMIT SECTIONS 1 AND 2 IN THEIR ENTIRETY

REPLACE SECTION 3 TO READ:

1[3. (New section)] 1.1 After the effective date of this 1[amendatory and supplementary]1 act, before a public utility places a pole, used for the supplying and distributing of electricity for light, heat or power, or for the furnishing of telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, on 1[property] a public right of way1 on which the predominant method of lighting is gas lighting, a public utility shall1, in addition to any other requirements of law,1 first acquire the consent of 1[the owner of the property and of]1 the governing body of the municipality in which the 1[property] public right of way1 is located. For purposes of this 1[section,] act,1 "pole" means, in addition to its commonly accepted meaning, any wires or cable connected thereto, and any replacements therefor which are similar in construction and use.

RENUMBER SECTION 4 AS SECTION 2

SENATE TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[FIRST REPRINT]
ASSEMBLY, No. 4107

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 20, 1991

The Senate Transportation and Public Utilities Committee favorably reports Assembly Bill No. 4107 (1R).

This bill provides that if a public utility makes a decision to place a pole used for the supplying and distributing of electricity for light, heat or power, or for the furnishing of telegraph, telephone or other telecommunications service, on a public right of way on which the predominant method of lighting is gas lighting, the public utility shall, in addition to any other requirements of law, first acquire the consent of the governing body of the municipality in which the public right of way is located. The bill would permit municipalities which have old-fashioned gas lighting in certain historic districts the right to refuse to place public utility poles with wires or cables in the same district, thus preserving the historic character of the community.