LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

NJSA:

52:27D-351

(Continuing care--retirement communities)

LAWS OF:

1991

CHAPTER: 314

Bill No:

A3346

Sponsor(s):

Cohen

Date Introduced: April 23, 1990

Committee: Assembly: Senior Citizens

Senate:

Amended during passage: Yes

Amendments during passage

denoted by asterisks

Date of Passage: Assembly: March 4, 1991

Senate: September 26, 1991

Date of Approval: November 14, 1991

Following statements are attached if available:

Sponsor statement:

Yes

Committee Statement: Assembly: Yes

Senate:

No

Fiscal Note:

No

Veto Message:

No

Message on signing:

Yes

Following were printed:

Reports:

No

Hearings:

No

See newspaper clippings -- attached

KBG/dgw

[FIRST REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 3346

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED APRIL 23, 1990

By Assemblyman COHEN and Assemblywoman FORD

AN ACT concerning continuing care retirement communities and amending P.L.1986, c.103.

2.2

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 22 of P.L.1986, c.103 (C.52:27D-351) is amended to read as follows:
- 22. If the commissioner determines or has cause to believe that a person has engaged in any act or practice which constitutes a violation of this act, the commissioner may take any or all of the following actions, as appropriate:
- a. Issue an order requiring the person to cease and desist from engaging in the act or practice; [or]
- b. Bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin the act or practice and to enforce compliance with this act. Upon a proper showing, the court may grant a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order or writ of mandamus and may appoint a receiver or conservator for the defendant or the defendant's assets. The commissioner shall not be required to post a bond; or
- c. Levy and collect civil penalties in the amount of not less than \$250, and not more than \$50,000, for each violation of this act or any rule adopted pursuant thereto, and compromise and settle any claim for a penalty in such amount in the discretion of the commissioner as may appear appropriate and equitable under the circumstances of the violation. Each day during which a violation continues after the effective date of a notice to terminate issued by the commissioner shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct violation. If an administrative order levying a civil penalty is not satisfied within 30 days of its issuance, the commissioner may sue for and recover the penalty with costs in a summary proceeding under "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.) in the Superior Court.

¹The commissioner shall promulgate regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), regarding the implementation of subsection c. of this section.¹

- 38 (cf: P.L.1986, c.103, s.22)
 - 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: Assembly ASC committee amendments adopted December 3, 1990.

STATEMENT

This bill amends the "Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act," P.L.1986, c.103 (C.52:27D-330 et seq.) to provide for civil penalties ranging from \$250 to \$50,000 for each violation of the act. These penalties are consistent with civil penalties in other statutes administered by the Department of Community Affairs. Section 18 of "The Planned Real Estate Development Full Disclosure Act," P.L.1977, c.419 (C.45:22A-38), for example, provides for the same fines per violation.

The enforcement of the "Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act" has been hampered by the absence of civil penalties in the law as it was originally enacted. These penalties will give the Commissioner of Community Affairs an additional enforcement tool to use against those who violate this law.

SENIOR CITIZENS

Provides for civil penalties in the "Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act."

A 3346 (1991)

ASSEMBLY SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3346

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

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DATED: DECEMBER 3, 1990

The Assembly Senior Citizens Committee favorably reports Assembly Bill No. 3346 with committee amendments.

This bill amends the "Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act," P.L.1986, c.103 (C.52:27D-330 et seq.) to provide for civil penalties ranging from \$250 to \$50,000 for each violation of the act. These penalties are consistent with civil penalties in other statutes administered by the Department of Community Affairs. Section 18 of "The Planned Real Estate Development Full Disclosure Act," P.L.1977, c.419 (C.45:22A-38), for example, provides for the same fines per violation.

The enforcement of the "Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act" has been hampered by the absence of civil penalties in the law as it was originally enacted. These penalties will give the Commissioner of Community Affairs an additional enforcement tool to use against those who violate this law.

The amendments add language to specifically require the Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs to implement regulations regarding the imposition of these civil penalties.



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NOV. 14, 1991

JON SHURE JO ASTRID GLADING 609-292-8956

GOVERNOR FLORIO SIGNS LAW PROTECTING ELDERLY FROM FRAUD

Governor Jim Florio today signed a law designed to protect the elderly from fraud or financial damage at the hands of unscrupulous or unregulated adult retirement communities and other facilities that provide continuing care to the elderly.

The law amends the "Continuing Care Retirement Community Regulation and Financial Disclosure Act" to provide for civil penalties ranging from \$250 to \$50,000 for each violation of the act.

The existing law allowed the Department of Community Affairs to regulate retirement communities and similar facilities to protect residents from fraudulent practices. However, the former law only allowed the department to issue cease and desist orders or bring actions in court to enforce the Act, and did not allow civil penalties to be imposed.

The bill, A-3346/S-313, was sponsored by Assemblyman Cohen and Assemblywoman Ford and Senator Lynch.

"The elderly can be vulnerable consumers at the hands of unscrupulous or fraudulent facilities, and it is our job to protect them," Governor Florio said. "This law helps us do that."

Governor Florio today also signed the following bills:

A-3679; Sponsored by Assemblymen Roberts and Penn

This bill amends the interstate banking law to include state or federally chartered mutual or stock savings banks.

A-1962: Sponsored by Assemblyman Moran and Speaker Doria

This bill allows barbers and beauticians two opportunities to pass the licensing exam.

A-554: Sponsored by Assemblymen Imprevaduto and Kronick

This bill amends the Local Public Contracts Law to allow a municipality to enter into a contract for "basic life support services" for up to five years. Current law limits such contracts to 12 months, except if contracting with a hospital for emergency medical service (EMS).