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(Mortgages-cancelled)

C

LAWS OF: 1991

**CHAPTER: 289** 

Bill No:

A 2826

Sponsor(s):

Penn and Littell

Date Introduced: January 14, 1991

Committee: Assembly: Financial Institutions

Senate:

Labor, Industry and Professions

A mended during passage:

Νo

Assembly Committee Substitute

enacted

Date of Passage: Assembly:

March 4, 1991

Senate:

July 25, 1991

Date of Approval: September 20, 1991

Following statements are attached if available:

Sponsor statement:

Yes

Committee Statement: Assembly: Yes

Senate:

Yes

Fiscal Note:

Νo

Veto Message:

Nο

Message on signing:

No

Following were printed:

Reports:

No

Hearings:

Νo

KBG/SLJ

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2826

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### ADOPTED JANUARY 14, 1991

# Sponsored by Assemblymen PENN, Roberts and Assemblywoman Bush

1 AN ACT concerning the cancellation of mortgages upon satisfaction and amending the title and body of P.L.1975, c.137.

 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. The title of P.L.1975, c.137 (C.46:18-11.2 et seq.) is amended to read as follows:
- AN ACT [requiring mortgagees to apply] <u>establishing certain</u> <u>procedures</u> for cancellation of a mortgage [within 45 days] after [said] <u>the</u> mortgage is redeemed, paid and satisfied, providing penalties for violation thereof, and supplementing Title 46 of the Revised Statutes.

(cf: P.L.1975, c.137, title)

- 2. Section 1 of P.L.1975, c.137 (C.46:18-11.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. When any mortgage registered or recorded pursuant to R.S.46:17-1 et seq.[,] shall be redeemed, paid and satisfied, [the] a mortgagee, other than a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union or other corporation engaged in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans, or his agents or [his] assigns shall within 10 days notify the mortgagor that he has the right to demand the mortgagee to cancel the mortgage of record upon payment by the mortgagor of the [required] fee required by the county to effect the cancellation and the mortgagee shall within [45] 30 days of the receipt by the mortgagee of the required fee from the mortgagor apply to the county recording officer to have the mortgage canceled of record.
- b. When any mortgage registered or recorded pursuant to R.S.46:17-1 et seq. shall be redeemed, paid and satisfied and the mortgagee is bank, savings bank savings and loan association, credit union or other corporation in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans, that mortgage, its agents or assigns shall cause the mortgage to be submitted to the county recording officer for cancellation of record within 30 days of receipt of all fees which are required to be paid by the mortgagor pursuant to this subsection. The mortgagee shall have the right to receive from the mortgagor the amount of the fee charged by the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage plus an additional

 $\hbox{\it EXPLANATION---Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law. } \\$ 

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

- service fee from the mortgagor, which service fee shall not exceed \$25 or such higher amount which the Commissioner of Banking may approve by regulation, provided the mortgagor has received notice of the fees required by the mortgagee. The mortgagee may collect the service fee at the time of the mortgage transaction or at the time the mortgage is redeemed, paid and satisfied. The fee charged by the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage of record shall be collectible at the time the mortgage is redeemed, paid and satisfied.
  - c. If the final payment is made in cash, by certified check or cashier's check, the mortgage shall be deemed paid, satisfied and redeemed upon receipt of the cash, certified check or cashier's check by the mortgagee, his agents or assigns.

(cf: P.L.1975, c.137, s.1)

- 3. Section 2 of P.L.1975, c.137 (C.46:18-11.3) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. [Failure of a] a. If the mortgagee, his agent or assigns fails to comply with the applicable provisions of section 1 of this act [shall subject said], the mortgagor may serve the mortgagee or his assigns with written notice of the noncompliance, which notice shall identify the mortgage and the date and means of its redemption, payment and satisfaction. If the mortgagee has not complied within 15 business days after receipt of the written notice from the mortgagor pursuant to this subsection a., the mortgagee or his assigns shall be subject to a fine of [\$2.00] \$50 per day for each day [thereafter that the mortgage remains uncanceled. The] after the 15-day period until compliance, except that the total fine imposed pursuant to this subsection a. shall not exceed \$1,000.
- b. Of each fine collected pursuant to subsection a. of this section, 25% shall be payable to the county clerk for deposit in the county treasury, and 75% shall be payable to the mortgagor. The fine may be collected by summary proceedings instituted by the county clerk or the Attorney General in accordance with "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.).
- c. If a mortgagee, his agent or assigns has not applied to the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage of record pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1975, c.137 (C.46:18-11.2), within the 15 business day period provided by subsection a. of this section, the mortgagee shall be liable to the mortgagor for the greater of the mortgagor's actual damages or the sum of \$1,000, less any fines recovered by the mortgagor pursuant to subsections a. and b. of this section. In any successful action to recover damages pursuant to this subsection c., the mortgagee shall reimburse the mortgagor for the costs of the action including the mortgagor's reasonable attorneys' fees.
- 47 (cf: P.L.1975, c.137, s.2)
  - 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

## ACS for A2826

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L	BANKING AND FINANCE
2	
3	Requires mortgagee to apply to have mortgage canceled of
1	record under certain circumstances and increases applicable
5	penalties.

## ASSEMBLY, No. 2826

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1990 SESSION

By Assemblymen PENN and LITTELL

AN ACT concerning the cancellation of mortgages upon satisfaction and amending P.L. 1975, c. 137.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 1 of P.L. 1975, c. 137 (C. 46:18-11.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. When any mortgage registered or recorded pursuant to R.S. 46:17-1 et seq., shall be redeemed, paid and satisfied, the mortgagee, his agents or his assigns shall within 10 days notify the mortgager that he has the right to demand the mortgagee to cancel the mortgage of record upon payment by the mortgager of the [required] mortgage cancellation fee charged by the mortgagee, if any, and the fee required by the county to cancel the mortgage of record and the mortgagee shall within [45] 30 days of the receipt by the mortgagee of the [required fee] fees from the mortgager apply to the county recording officer to have the mortgage canceled of record.
- b. If the final payment is made in cash, by certified check or cashier's check, the mortgage shall be deemed paid, satisfied and redeemed upon receipt of the cash, certified check or cashier's check by the mortgagee, his agents or assigns.
- (cf: P.L.1975, c.137, s.1)
- 2. Section 2 of P.L. 1975, c. 137 (C. 46:18-11.3) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. <u>a.</u> Failure of a mortgagee, his agent or assigns to comply with <u>any provision of section 1 of [this act] P.L. 1975, c. 137 (C. 46:18-11.2), shall subject [said] the mortgagee or his assigns to a fine of [\$2.00] \$10 for each day thereafter [that the mortgage remains uncanceled. The fine] of noncompliance.</u>
- b. If the mortgagee, his agent or assigns fails to comply with the notice provision of section 1 of P.L. 1975, c. 137 (C. 46:18-11.2), the mortgagor may serve the mortgagee with written notice of the noncompliance, which notice shall identify the mortgage and the date and means of its redemption, payment and satisfaction. If the mortgagee has not complied within 15 business days after receipt of the written notice from the mortgagor pursuant to this subsection, the mortgagee shall be

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

subject to a fine of \$50 per day for each day after the 15-day period until compliance, provided, however, that the total fine imposed pursuant to this subsection b. shall not exceed \$1,000.

- c. If the mortgagee, his agent, or assigns fails to apply to the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage of record pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1975, c. 137 (C. 46:18-11.2), the mortgagor may serve the mortgagee with written notice of the noncompliance, which notice shall identify the mortgage and the date and means of its redemption, payment and satisfaction. If the mortgagee has not complied within 15 business days after receipt of the written notice from the mortgagor pursuant to this subsection, the mortgagee shall be subject to a fine of \$50 per day for each day after the 15-day period until compliance, provided, however, that the total fine imposed pursuant to this subsection c. shall not exceed \$1,000.
- d. Of each fine collected pursuant to this section, 25% shall be payable to the county clerk for deposit in the county treasury, and 75% shall be payable to the mortgagor. The fine may be collected by summary proceedings instituted by the county clerk, the mortgagor or the Attorney General in accordance with "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S. 2A:58-1 et seq.).
- e. If a mortgagee, his agent or assigns has not applied to the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage of record pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1975, c. 137 (C. 46:18-11.2), within the 15 business day period provided by subsection c. of this section, the mortgagee shall be liable to the mortgagor for the greater of the mortgagor's actual damages or the sum of \$1,000, less any fines recovered by the mortgagor pursuant to subsection c. of this section. In any successful action to recover damages pursuant to this subsection e., the mortgagee shall reimburse the mortgagor for the costs of the action including the mortgagor's reasonable attorneys' fees.

(cf: P.L.1975, c.137, s.2)

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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### STATEMENT

This bill establishes a new procedure for effecting the cancellation of mortgages upon redemption, payment and satisfaction of the mortgage. When a mortgage is redeemed, paid and satisfied, the mortgagee is to notify the mortgagor within 10 days that the mortgagor has the right to demand the mortgagee to cancel the mortgage of record upon receipt by the mortgagee from the mortgagor of a cancellation fee charged by the mortgagee, if any, and the fee required by the county to cancel the mortgage of record. The mortgagee would have 30 days from receipt of the fees from the mortgagor to apply to the county

recording officer to have the mortgage canceled of record.

If a mortgagee, his agent or assigns fails to comply with any provision of section 1 of P.L. 1975, c. 137 (C. 46:18-11.2), the mortgagee is subject to a fine of \$10 per day for each day of noncompliance.

If the mortgagee, his agent or assigns fails to comply with the notice provision of section 1 of P.L. 1975, c. 137 (C. 46:18-11.2), the mortgagor may serve the mortgagee with written notice of noncompliance. If the mortgagee has not complied within 15 business days after receipt of the written notice from the mortgagor, the mortgagee shall then be subject to a fine of \$50 per day for each day after the 15-day period until compliance, provided, however, that the total fine levied against the mortgagee for failure to notify the mortgagor pursuant to this requirement is not to exceed \$1,000.

If the mortgagee, his agent or assigns fails to apply to the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage of record pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1975, c. 137 (C. 46:18-11.2), the mortgagor may serve the mortgagee with written notice of noncompliance. If the mortgagee has not complied within 15 business days after receipt of the written notice from the mortgagor, the mortgagee shall then be subject to a fine of \$50 per day for each day after the 15-day period until compliance, provided, however, that the total fine levied against the mortgagee for failure to apply to the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage of record is not to exceed \$1,000.

Finally, the bill provides that if the mortgagee fails to apply to the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage of record pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1975, c. 137 (C. 46:18-11.2), before the expiration of the 15-business day period, the mortgagee is liable to the mortgagor for the greater of the mortgagor's actual damages or the sum of \$1,000 less any fines recovered by the mortgagor for the mortgagee's failure to apply to the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage of record.

### **BANKING AND FINANCE**

Requires mortgagee to apply to have mortgage canceled of record under certain circumstances and increases applicable penalties.

#### ASSEMBLY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2826

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 14, 1991

The Assembly Financial Institutions Committee reports favorably Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly, No. 2826.

This bill, Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly. No. 2826, makes a distinction between persons who make a mortgage loan on occasion, such as to a family member, and those who are in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans. It establishes a new procedure for effecting the cancellation of mortgages upon redemption, payment and satisfaction of the mortgage loan for persons in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans.

When any mortgage properly registered or recorded is redeemed, paid and satisfied and the mortgagee is not a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union or other corporation in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans, the bill requires that mortgagee, his agents or assigns to notify the mortgagor within 10 days that the mortgagor has the right to demand the mortgagee to cancel the mortgage of record upon receipt by the mortgagee from the mortgagor of the fee required by the county to cancel the mortgage of record. The mortgagee would have 30 days from receipt of this fee from the mortgage canceled of record.

When any mortgage properly registered or recorded is redeemed, paid and satisfied and the mortgagee is a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union or other corporation in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans, the bill requires that mortgagee, its agents or assigns to submit the mortgage to the county recording officer for cancellation of record within 30 days of receipt of the payment of fees required from the mortgagor.

Provided that the mortgagee has properly notified the mortgagor, the mortgagee has the right to receive from the mortgagor the amount charged by the county recording officer plus an additional service fee of \$25 or a higher amount if permitted by the Commissioner of Banking by regulation. The service fee may be collected by the mortgagee at the time of the mortgage transaction or at the time the mortgage is redeemed, paid and satisfied. The fee required by the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage of record is collectible by the mortgagee from the mortgagor at the time the mortgage is redeemed, paid and satisfied.

If the final payment is made in cash, by certified check or cashier's check, the mortgage is considered paid, satisfied and redeemed upon receipt of the cash, certified check or cashier's check by the mortgagee, his agents or assigns.

If the final payment on the mortgage loan is made in cash, by certified check or cashier's check, the mortgage is considered paid, satisfied and redeemed upon receipt of the cash, certified check or cashier's check by the mortgagee.

If a mortgagee fails to comply with the applicable provisions of the bill, the mortgagor may serve the mortgagee with written notice of noncompliance. If the mortgagee has not complied within 15 business days after receipt of the written notice from the mortgagor, the mortgagee is subject to a fine of \$50 per day for each day after the 15-day period until compliance, except that the total fine levied against the mortgagee is not to exceed \$1,000. Any fines collected for noncompliance are to be divided, with 25% going to the county in which the mortgage was recorded or registered and 75% going to the mortgagor. The county clerk or the Attorney General may bring the penalty proceedings.

In addition to being subject to a \$50 per day fine for failure to comply within 15 business days after receipt of a written notice of noncompliance from a mortgagor, the mortgagee is liable to the mortgagor for the greater of the mortgagor's actual damages or the sum of \$1,000, less any fines already recovered by the mortgagor, and in any successful action to recover damages, the mortgagee is to reimburse the mortgagor for the costs of the action including the mortgagor's reasonable attorneys' fees.

#### SENATE LABOR, INDUSTRY AND PROFESSIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2826

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 24, 1991

The Senate Labor, Industry and Professions Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2826 Assembly Committee Substitute.

This bill establishes a new procedure for effecting the cancellation of mortgages upon redemption, payment and satisfaction of the mortgage loan for persons in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans (including banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations, credit unions and others in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans) and modifies the current procedures for cancellation of mortgages for those who are not in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans.

When any mortgage properly registered or recorded is redeemed, paid and satisfied and the mortgagee is not a person in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans, the bill requires that mortgagee to notify the mortgagor within 10 days that the mortgagor has the right to demand the mortgagee to cancel the mortgage of record upon receipt by the mortgagee from the mortgagor of the fee required by the county to cancel the mortgage of record. The mortgagee would have 30 days, instead of the current 45 days, from receipt of this fee from the mortgagor to apply to the county recording officer to have the mortgage canceled of record.

When any mortgage properly registered or recorded is redeemed, paid and satisfied and the mortgagee is a person in the business of making or purchasing mortgage loans, the bill requires that mortgagee to submit the mortgage to the county recording officer for cancellation of record within 30 days of receipt of the payment of fees required from the mortgagor.

Upon proper notification to the mortgagor, the mortgagee has the right to receive from the mortgagor the amount charged by the county recording officer plus an additional service fee of \$25 or a higher amount if permitted by the Commissioner of Banking by regulation. The service fee may be collected by the mortgagee at the time of the mortgage transaction or at the time the mortgage is redeemed, paid and satisfied. The fee required by the county recording officer to cancel the mortgage of record is collectible by the mortgagee from the mortgagor at the time the mortgage is redeemed, paid and satisfied.

The bill further provides that if a mortgagee, his agent or assigns fails to comply with the applicable provisions of section 1 of the bill, the mortgagor may serve the mortgagee with written notice of noncompliance. If the mortgagee has not complied within 15 business days after receipt of the written notice from the mortgagor, the mortgagee is subject to a fine of \$50 per day for each day after the 15-day period until compliance, except that the total fine levied against the mortgagee is not to exceed \$1,000.

In addition to being subject to a \$50 per day fine for failure to comply within 15 business days after receipt of a written notice of noncompliance from a mortgagor, the mortgagee is liable to the mortgagor for the greater of the mortgagor's actual damages or the sum of \$1,000, less any fines already recovered by the mortgagor, and in any successful action to recover damages, the mortgagee is to reimburse the mortgagor for the costs of the action including the mortgagor's reasonable attorneys' fees.

The bill provides that of any fines collected for noncompliance, 25% is to be deposited in the treasury of the county in which the mortgage was recorded or registered and 75% is to go to the mortgagor.