### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

**NJSA:** 40:23-47 to 40:23-53

(911 locatable mailing address system--pilot program in Burlington County)

LAWS OF: 1991

CHAPTER: 265

Bill No:

A4291

Sponsor(s):

Shinn and Colburn

Date Introduced: January 8, 1991

Committee: Assembly: County Government

Senate:

County & Municipal Government

A mended during passage:

No

Date of Passage: Assembly:

May 9, 1991

Senate:

June 27, 1991

Date of Approval: August 16, 1991

Following statements are attached if available:

Sponsor statement:

Committee Statement: Assembly: Yes

Senate:

Yes

Fiscal Note:

No

Veto Message:

No

Message on signing:

No

Following were printed:

Reports:

No

Hearings:

No

KBG/SLJ

Title 40.
Chapter 23.
Article 8 (New)
Mail Address
Systems.
§§1-7 C.40:23-47
to 40:23-53 &
Note to
52:17C-5 and
52:17C-6
§8-Note to
§§1-7

### P.L.1991, CHAPTER 265, approved August 16, 1991 1991 Assembly No. 4291

AN ACT providing for a standard 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system pilot program for Burlington County and supplementing chapter 23 of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. The Legislature finds and declares that it is necessary for the health, safety and welfare of the residents of this State that a standard, basic three-line address system be established and adopted on a county-by-county basis which will accurately reflect the location of all existing and potential properties, without duplication. The Legislature further finds and declares that such a standard mailing address system shall function for use in conjunction with the emergency 9-1-1 system, for delivery of mail, and for all other uses for which an address is applicable.

The Legislature further finds and declares that prior to the implementation of a standard 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system on a Statewide level, it is necessary to demonstrate the feasibility of such a program by establishing a pilot program in a single county; that the pilot program should take place in an area where significant problems exist due to a dual mailing address system; that Burlington County is a large county in which several municipalities have the same postal name, several streets within municipalities have similar names, and many residents of municipalities in the county have experienced difficulty when needing emergency services due to these circumstances; and that because of the above mentioned criteria, in Burlington County, a pilot program to test the feasibility of a standard mailing address system would be especially suitable and would provide the best laboratory to demonstrate the feasibility of the program.

2. As used in this act:

"Building" means a house, residence, dwelling, store or other structure used for residential, commercial or public purpose which has frontage on, or access to, a street in a municipality.

"County" means Burlington County.

"Street" means any paved or unpaved road, highway, avenue, lane, pedestrian mall, alleyway or cartway for the passage of motor vehicles and pedestrians and located within the borders of a municipality or a county.

"System" means the 9-1-1- locatable mailing address system.

3. The governing body of the county shall, by resolution,

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establish a 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system within the county. The county governing body shall require the governing body of each municipality within the county to implement the system as follows:

- a. The governing body in each municipality in the county shall review the names and numbers assigned to county and municipal streets within the municipality and the numbering of properties and buildings within the municipality to determine if the assignment of names and numbers conforms with the guidelines established in section 4 of this act.
- b. Upon completion of the review required by subsection a. of this section, the governing body of each municipality shall determine what changes, if any, are necessary in the naming or numbering of the county or municipal streets, or in the numbering of properties or buildings in order to effectuate the provisions of this act.
- c. Any changes which are made pursuant to the provisions of subsections a. and b. of this section shall be reflected on the appropriate municipal tax and house numbering maps and the 9-1-1 Vernon Graphics maps for inclusion in the 9-1-1 data base. A copy of the corrected municipal tax map cover sheet, and emergency services map as adopted by the governing body, shall be presented to the county for its use. The new or corrected maps are to be available to the public, map companies, and any State or federal agency requesting or entitled to a copy.
- 4. The guidelines for the implementation of this act shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
- a. Municipalities shall have one correct name, which shall be filed with the county clerk and the Secretary of State.
- b. No two municipalities in the county shall have the exact same name. For the purposes of this act, a prefix or suffix in the name of a municipality, such as "Township," shall constitute a separate name.
- c. In the event that two or more municipalities within the county have the same name, the municipality which incorporated first under its existing name shall retain the right to continue to use its existing name.
- d. If a municipality is required, or chooses, to change its name pursuant to the provisions of this act, it shall not adopt any existing municipal or county name currently being used in this State.
- e. One correct name shall be used for each street in a municipality and where two separate and noncontiguous streets within a municipality have the exact same name, a distinctive prefix or suffix shall be assigned to distinguish the streets, or a new name shall be assigned to one street. If two existing streets have names that have resulted in confusion due to any similarity, and a name change is not practical, the property numbering on

the streets shall be made to contrast significantly as an added safety measure. Numbering by the mile post system may be used as an alternative, if applicable.

- f. All properties which now or hereafter have frontage on or access to any street shall be plotted on the official tax map of the municipality.
- g. Each property with frontage on or access to any street shall be assigned an official property number, except where one or more buildings or lots are located on an unnamed private road, lane or way having access to a street. In that situation only one official number shall be assigned, and it shall be based upon the number which best describes the location of the access point on the street. If more than one occupied building exists, each building shall be known as the number assigned, followed by a letter, beginning with "A" and continuing alphabetically.
- h. Official property numbers shall proceed from a logical point of origin and shall be in proper numerical sequence in relation to the numbers assigned to other lots with frontage on or access to the same street.
- i. Odd numbers shall be assigned to properties on one side of a street and even numbers assigned to properties on the other side of the street with sufficient flexibility so that the numbering system may accommodate maximum density as allowed by zoning regulations now in effect. If existing lot frontage is less than the minimum zoned frontage, the numbering shall compress to accommodate the existing lot frontage.
- j. Governing bodies are encouraged to number property on federal and state highways and county roads by the mile post marker system, according to the following protocol. Even numbers shall be on the right as the numbering increases according to the mile posts. The most southern or westerly street origin of a mile post marker system shall be indicated as zero. The numbering shall relate and progress according to the mileage. If a municipality has already established mile post marker numbering with the odd numbers on the right, the numbering may remain if no confusion exists.

If the county elects to request mile post numbering on a county road, or a key access road, it shall erect the mile post markers if they do not presently exist. If a county route is comprised of two or more streets that have separate names, then the names assigned by the municipality shall be used in the addressing, the 9-1-1 data base and on the 9-1-1 map, and street signs. Where applicable, the county route number shall also be listed in the 9-1-1 data bank.

k. Priority shall be given to numbers or names of federal highways and roads over all other numbers and names of streets in a county. State highway or street numbers or names shall have priority over all county or municipal street names or numbers.

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Governing bodies are encouraged to number property on all major highways and important county roads by the mile post marker system, except that if an important county road that provides access to many municipalities is not easily numbered by the mile post marker system, it shall have one set of numbers that is in sequence for its entire length.

1. All municipalities shall erect "Entering ......" (insert name of municipality) signs at the municipal boundary on every major access road that enters the municipality, except interstate highways. The sign shall face traffic as it enters the municipality. If the street name changes or the property numbering is not in sequence on any street that crosses a municipal boundary then that data shall be announced by a sign. When a major access road crosses a municipal boundary, the street name shall stay the same and the property numbering shall remain in sequence.

m. Upon any subdivision of land in a municipality resulting in lots other than those delineated in the official municipal tax map, the governing body of a municipality shall assign a property number to each lot resulting from the subdivision. Any new street shall have a unique name which shall be registered with the county 9-1-1 coordinator for entry into the data base prior to the issuance of a construction permit.

n. If a large lot has more than one available property number and it contains a building, then the property number that best describes the location of the driveway, or access point shall be assigned.

o. The owner of any building or occupied lot for which an official property number is designed and assigned shall be required at his own expense to place the official number at a point near where the driveway enters the street, or in such a manner that the number is easily visible from the street, or both, Three inch high numbers shall be the standard, and reflective numbers shall be encouraged. In those cases where more than one building exists on a lot or private road, land, or way, an address sign shall be placed near the point of access to the street showing the official number and letter designation of each building with a legal address on the lot or private roadway. Each building shall also have the number and letter designation clearly posted in front of or on the structure. The cost of erecting and maintaining an address sign shall be borne by the owners of the buildings who are also responsible for notifying any tenants of their official 9-1-1 locatable mailing address.

p. Each municipality shall, after implementation and adoption of the 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system, forward a correct version of the official municipal tax map and house numbering map, where available, to each U.S. Post Office serving the municipality, and to all emergency services. Each municipality

shall take any steps which it deems necessary to inform the residents and businesses of the changes in their addresses. The residents or businesses are responsible for making the address corrections at their delivering postal facility and all other notifications.

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 q. The legal name of the municipality shall appear on the bottom line of all mailing addresses within the municipality. The name of the postal facility shall not be used unless it is exactly the same as the municipal name. The existing five digit zip-code that presently delivers the mail shall be incorporated into the address and remain unchanged.

The standard three-line 9-1-1 locatable mailing address shall appear as follows when mail is delivered to the location:

RESIDENT OR BUSINESS NAME

\*\*\* STREET NAME APT, SUITE, ETC.

MUNICIPAL NAME NJ XXZIP-CODE

The standard three-line 9-1-1 locatable mailing address shall appear as follows for a location when the occupant receives mail delivered to a post office box within a postal facility:

RESIDENT OR BUSINESS NAME

\*\*\* STREET NAME MUNICIPAL NAME
P O BOX \*\*\*

POST OFFICE NAME NJ XXZIP-CODE

This standard shall apply to the entire State and shall become effective within the county after adoption of the provisions of this act by the county governing body.

If postal rural route or rural box numbers are still in use, they shall be replaced by municipally designated and assigned property numbers according to standard protocols defined in this legislation. The county governing body shall assist any municipality unable to accomplish the property numbering or street name corrections if financial hardship exists or technical assistance is required by funding or performing the necessary work in cooperation with the municipal governing body.

r. If a rural mail box is located at the driveway entrance to a rural property and it is on the same side of the street it shall have three-inch high numbers on both sides of the mail box.

If the mail box is located across the street, then it shall have at least one number on the box. The number shall face traffic, and a three-inch high property number shall be posed at the driveway entrance of the property.

If the mail box is remotely located on another street or clustered with several other mail boxes then the number and street name should be printed on the front of the box in one-inch high letters or numbers, as appropriate, and a three-inch high property number is to be posted at the driveway entrance.

5. The governing body of the county shall require municipalities within the county to complete the review required

under section 3 of this act and to complete all changes required under section 4 of this act as soon as is practical and in combination with preparations for the implementation of the mandated enhanced 9-1-1 program.

- 6. Beginning on the effective date of this act and pending compliance with the provisions of this act by all of the municipalities in Burlington County, all State income tax and data forms shall accurately show the municipal name on the form, and data processing in all State departments, agencies and commissions, especially with regard to school funding, shall be accomplished using the legal municipal name and not postal facility names or zip-codes.
- 7. Within one year of the establishment of the system by the board of freeholders, the board of freeholders shall provide a report to the Governor and to the Legislature evaluating the effectiveness of the program.
  - 8. This act shall take effect 60 days after enactment.

#### STATEMENT

The provisions of this bill establish a pilot program in Burlington County to address the confusion which arises in municipalities having the same postal name, or which have multiple streets of the same name or inconsistent numbering of buildings on a particular street.

The bill permits the governing body of Burlington County, by resolution, to establish a 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system pursuant to the provisions of the bill. Under such a system, no two municipalities in Burlington County would be permitted to have exactly the same name, and a mechanism is provided in the bill to be used by Burlington County to effectuate a locatable mailing address system.

The provisions of the bill are especially important with respect to the implementation of a 9-1-1 emergency response system. As county governments extend present dispatching services to include the enhanced 9-1-1 program, the county governments must have the ability to ensure that the system of street addresses will not create confusion for emergency response teams, or police or fire vehicles, as they seek out persons in need of assistance. The current existence of postal names that are different from a municipality's name presents a severe problem for emergency response teams, police or firefighters seeking to respond in a timely fashion to an emergency circumstance. This problem has been documented, and extends beyond emergency dispatching to other governmental functions because statistics gathered on postal names or zip-codes cannot be applied to a municipality unless the boundaries of the postal delivery area and

the municipality are exactly the same. The experiences of the governing body of Burlington County in attempting to address this problem by virtue of the provisions of this bill, will provide valuable knowledge and insight to the other counties in the State facing such local inconsistencies.

Enactment of the 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system will also enhance the business climate in Burlington County by facilitating all deliveries and eliminating the dual address files maintained by all utilities and many service and delivery companies.

The 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system will also facilitate the delivery of census forms in Burlington County and insure that the tabulation of all data is easily and correctly accomplished with respect to Burlington County.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Provides for a standard 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system pilot program for Burlington County.

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#### **STATEMENT**

 The provisions of this bill establish a pilot program in Burlington County to address the confusion which arises in municipalities having the same postal name, or which have multiple streets of the same name or inconsistent numbering of buildings on a particular street.

The bill permits the governing body of Burlington County, by resolution, to establish a 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system pursuant to the provisions of the bill. Under such a system, no two municipalities in Burlington County would be permitted to have exactly the same name, and a mechanism is provided in the bill to be used by Burlington County to effectuate a locatable mailing address system.

The provisions of the bill are especially important with respect to the implementation of a 9-1-1 emergency response system. As county governments extend present dispatching services to include the enhanced 9-1-1 program, the county governments must have the ability to ensure that the system of street addresses will not create confusion for emergency response teams, or police or fire vehicles, as they seek out persons in need of assistance. The current existence of postal names that are different from a municipality's name presents a severe problem for emergency response teams, police or firefighters seeking to respond in a timely fashion to an emergency circumstance. This problem has been documented, and extends beyond emergency dispatching to other governmental functions because statistics gathered on postal names or zip-codes cannot be applied to a municipality unless the boundaries of the postal delivery area and

the municipality are exactly the same. The experiences of the governing body of Burlington County in attempting to address this problem by virtue of the provisions of this bill, will provide valuable knowledge and insight to the other counties in the State facing such local inconsistencies.

Enactment of the 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system will also enhance the business climate in Burlington County by facilitating all deliveries and eliminating the dual address files maintained by all utilities and many service and delivery companies.

The 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system will also facilitate the delivery of census forms in Burlington County and insure that the tabulation of all data is easily and correctly accomplished with respect to Burlington County.

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Provides for a standard 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system pilot program for Burlington County.

### ASSEMBLY COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 4291 STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: APRIL 29, 1991

The Assembly County Government Committee reports favorably Assembly No. 4291.

Assembly Bill No. 4291 establishes a pilot program in Burlington County to address the confusion which arises in municipalities having the same postal name, or which have multiple streets of the same name or inconsistent numbering of buildings on a particular street.

The bill permits the governing body of Burlington County, by resolution, to establish a 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system pursuant to the provisions of the bill. Under such a system, no two municipalities in Burlington County would be permitted to have exactly the same name, and a mechanism is provided in the bill to be used by Burlington County to effectuate a locatable mailing address system.

The sponsors of Assembly Bill No. 4291 believe that the provisions of the bill are especially important with respect to the implementation of a 9-1-1 emergency response system. As county governments extend present dispatching services to include the enhanced 9-1-1 program, the county governments must have the ability to ensure that the system of street addresses will not create confusion for emergency response teams, or police or fire vehicles, as they seek out persons in need of assistance. The current existence of postal names that are different from a municipality's name presents a severe problem for emergency response teams, police or firefighters seeking to respond in a timely fashion to an emergency circumstance. This problem has been documented, and extends beyond emergency dispatching to other governmental functions because statistics gathered on postal names or zip-codes cannot be applied to a municipality unless the boundaries of the postal delivery area and the municipality are exactly the same. The experiences of the governing body of Burlington County, in attempting to address this problem by virtue of the provisions of this bill, will provide valuable knowledge and insight to the other counties in the State facing such local inconsistencies.

The sponsors believe that enactment of the 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system will also enhance the business climate in Burlington County by facilitating all deliveries and eliminating the dual address files maintained by all utilities and many service and delivery companies.

# SENATE COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 4291

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 10, 1991

The Senate County and Municipal Government Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 4291.

Assembly Bill No. 4291 establishes a pilot program in Burlington County to address the confusion which arises in municipalities having the same postal name or which have multiple streets of the same name or inconsistent numbering of buildings on a particular street.

The bill requires the governing body of Burlington County, by resolution, to establish a 9-1-1 locatable mailing address system and provides guidelines for municipalities to follow in implementing this system. The bill singles out Burlington County since it is a large county in which several municipalities have the same postal name, several streets within municipalities have similar names, and many residents of municipalities in the county have experienced difficulty when needing emergency services due to these circumstances, according to the findings and declarations.

The bill prohibits two municipalities from having exactly the same name. If two or more municipalities within the county have the same name, the municipality which incorporated first under its existing name shall retain the right to continue using that name. The bill requires the county to make such changes in its address system as: adjusting the naming and numbering of streets to ensure that there is only one correct name for each street; eliminating confusing street names; numbering of streets from a logical point of origin; and the adoption of an odd-even numbering system on opposite sides of a street.

The bill requires the county governing body to assist any municipality unable to accomplish the property numbering or street name corrections if financial hardship exists or technical assistance is required. The bill places no time deadline on the achievement of a locatable mailing address system, but requires that the work be completed "as soon as is practical and in combination with preparations for the implementation of the mandated enhanced 9–1–1 program."

The bill's sponsors believe that the establishment of a locatable mailing address system is especially important because, as county governments extend present dispatching services to include the enhanced 9-1-1 program, county governments must have the ability

to ensure that the system of street addresses will not create confusion for emergency response teams, or police or fire vehicles. The experiences of Burlington County will provide valuable knowledge and insight to the other counties in the State facing the same problem.