

30:5B-30

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST
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(Child care services-subsidize
establish improve, standards)

NJSA: 30:5B-30

LAWS OF: 1993 **CHAPTER:** 46

BILL NO: S1077

SPONSOR(S) Lipman

DATE INTRODUCED: July 23, 1992

COMMITTEE: **ASSEMBLY:** Senior Citizens
SENATE: Womens Issues

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

DATE OF PASSAGE: **ASSEMBLY:** February 8, 1993
SENATE: November 9, 1992

DATE OF APPROVAL: February 18, 1993

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT: Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: **ASSEMBLY:** Yes
SENATE: Yes

FISCAL NOTE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

KBG:pp

P.L.1993, CHAPTER 46, *approved February 18, 1993*
1992 Senate No. 1077

1 **AN ACT** concerning the development of comprehensive child care
2 policies.

3
4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the
5 State of New Jersey:

6 1. The Legislature finds and declares that it is in the public
7 interest to develop comprehensive child care policies in order to
8 establish a uniform system of subsidized child care services and
9 to secure the maximum funding available under federal law
10 authorizing grants to the states for child care services.

11 2. a. The Commissioner of Human Services is authorized to
12 establish criteria for determining financial and programmatic
13 eligibility for child care services subsidized through State and
14 federal funding sources, including provisions for the submission of
15 proof of income and resources, and such other documentation as
16 may be necessary to establish programmatic eligibility.

17 b. The commissioner is authorized to establish resource limits
18 and a sliding fee scale applicable to participants based on income
19 guidelines for all families eligible for subsidized child care
20 services. In setting such fees, the Commissioner shall give
21 consideration to maximizing federal funding and to effectively
22 utilizing all State and federal funding sources available for the
23 purpose of subsidizing child care services in New Jersey.

24 c. The commissioner shall adopt such rules and regulations
25 pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410
26 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) as are necessary to carry out the purposes of
27 this act.

28 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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STATEMENT

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33 This bill codifies New Jersey's public policy favoring a uniform
34 system of subsidized child care services and the maximizing of
35 federal funding for such purposes.

36 Both the recently enacted federal child care programs, the
37 Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) and Aid to
38 Families with Dependent Children At-Risk Child Care Program
39 (IV-A "At-Risk"), as well as the Family Support Act/JOBS
40 funding for child care, mandate a system of cost sharing by
41 families based on the income and size of the family.

42 Since parent fees are a requirement and condition of receiving
43 federal funding, the bill enables New Jersey to receive such
44 funds. The bill also creates uniformity in cost sharing among
45 parents across the whole range of funding streams, thereby

- 1 providing a "seamless" experience for both consumers and
- 2 providers of child care.
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- 7 Establishes a uniform system of subsidized child care services and
- 8 funding in the State.

SENATE, No. 1077

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED JULY 23, 1992

By Senator LIPMAN

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ASSEMBLY SENIOR CITIZENS
AND SOCIAL SERVICES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1077

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 11, 1993

The Assembly Senior Citizens Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 1077.

This bill codifies New Jersey's public policy favoring a uniform system of subsidized child care services and the maximizing of federal funding for such purposes.

Both the recently enacted federal child care programs, the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) and Aid to Families with Dependent Children At-Risk Child Care Program (IV-A "At-Risk"), as well as the Family Support Act/JOBS funding for child care, mandate a system of cost sharing by families based on the income and size of the family.

Since parent fees are a requirement and condition of receiving federal funding, the bill enables New Jersey to receive such funds. The bill also creates uniformity in cost sharing among parents across the whole range of funding streams, thereby providing a "seamless" experience for both consumers and providers of child care.

This bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 106 (Heck/Anderson) which was released by this committee on this date.

SENATE WOMEN'S ISSUES, CHILDREN
AND FAMILY SERVICES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1077

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 1, 1992

The Senate Women's Issues, Children and Family Services Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 1077.

This bill codifies New Jersey's public policy favoring a uniform system of subsidized child care services and the maximizing of federal funding for such purposes.

Both the recently enacted federal child care programs, the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) and Aid to Families with Dependent Children At-Risk Child Care Program (IV-A "At-Risk"), as well as the Family Support Act/JOBS funding for child care, mandate a system of cost sharing by families based on the income and size of the family.

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