LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

(Grandparent & sibling visitation)

NJSA:

9:2-7.1

LAWS OF:

1993

CHAPTER: 161

BILL NO:

A979

SPONSOR (S)

Albohn

DATE INTRODUCED:

February 24, 1992

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY:

Senior Citizens

SENATE:

Judiciary

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:

Yes

Assembly Committee Substitute (1R) enacted. Amendments

during passage denoted by

superscript numbers

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

June 18, 1992

SENATE:

May 13, 1993

(JATE OF APPROVAL:

June 29, 1993

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

Yes

SENATE:

Yes

STATEMENT TO SEN. FLOOR AMENOMENTS 3/22/93

FISCAL NOTE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

HEARINGS:

No

KBG:pp

Donald Francis

P.L.1993, CHAPTER 161, approved June 29, 1993 Assembly Committee Substitute (First Reprint) for 1992 Assembly Nos. 979 and 1091

AN ACT concerning visitation rights for grandparents and amending P.L.1971, c.420.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1971, c.420 (C.9:2-7.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. [Where either or both of the parents of a minor child, 8 9 residing within the State, is or are deceased, or divorced or living separate and apart in different habitats, regardless of the 10 existence of a court order or agreement, a grandparent or the 11 grandparents of such child, who is or are the parents of such 12 deceased, separated or divorced parent or parents,] ¹[A 13 14 grandparent or any sibling of [the] a child may apply to the 15 Superior Court, in accordance with the Rules of Court, to have 16 [such] the child brought before [such] the court; and the court 17 may make such order or judgment, as the best interest of the 18 child may require, for visitation rights for [such] the grandparent[, grandparents] or sibling in respect to [such] the 19 20 child.] a. A grandparent or any sibling of a child residing in this 21 State may make application before the Superior Court, in 22 accordance with the Rules of Court, for an order for visitation. It 23 shall be the burden of the applicant to prove by a preponderance 24 of the evidence that the granting of visitation is in the best 25 interests of the child.
 - b. In making a determination on an application filed pursuant to this section, the court shall consider the following factors:
 - (1) The relationship between the child and the applicant;
 - (2) The relationship between each of the child's parents or the person with whom the child is residing and the applicant;
 - (3) The time which has elasped since the child last had contact with the applicant;
 - (4) The effect that such visitation will have on the relationship between the child and the child's parents or the person with whom the child is residing;
 - (5) If the parents are divorced or separated, the time sharing arrangement which exists between the parents with regard to the child;
 - (6) The good faith of the applicant in filing the application;
- 40 (7) Any history of physical, emotional or sexual abuse or neglect by the applicant; and

[1R] ACS for A979 2

1	c. With regard to any application made pursuant to this									
2	section, it shall be prima facie evidence that visitation is in the									
3	child's best interest if the applicant had, in the past, been a									
4	full-time caretaker for the child. 1									
5	(cf: P.L.1987, c.363, s.2)									
6	2. This act shall take effect immediately.									
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11	Modifies the circumstances under which a grandparent may apply									
12	for visitation rights.									

ASSEMBLY, No. 979

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 24, 1992

By Assemblyman ALBOHN

AN	ACT	concerning	visitation	rights	for	grandparents	and
amending P.L.1971, c.420.							

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1971, c.420 (C.9:2-7.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. [Where either or both of the parents of a minor child, residing withh, the State, is or are deceased, or divorced or living separate and apart in different habitats, regardless of the existence of a court order or agreement, a grandparent or the grandparents of such child, who is or are the parents of such deceased, separated or divorced parent or parents,] A grandparent or any sibling of [the] a child may apply to the Superior Court, in accordance with the Rules of Court, to have such child brought before such court; and the court may make such order or judgment, as the best interest of the child may require, for visitation rights for such grandparent[, grandparents] or sibling in respect to such child.

(cf: P.L.1987, c.363, s.2)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

 Presently, N.J.S.A.9:2-7.1 permits a sibling or grandparent of a minor child to apply for visitation rights. A grandparent may only apply, however, when one or both of the child's parents are dead or when the parents are divorced or separated. This bill would eliminate the requirement that a child's parents be deceased, divorced or separated in order for a grandparent to apply for visitation rights.

Modifies the circumstances under which a grandparent may apply for visitation rights.

EXPLANATION--Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

ASSEMBLY, No. 1091

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MARCH 16, 1992

By Assemblyman SOLOMON and Assemblywoman HECK

AN ACT concerning visitation rights for grandparents and 1 amending P.L.1971, c.420. 2

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. Section 1 of P.L.1971, c.420 (C.9:2-7.1) is amended to read as follows: 1. [Where either or both of the parents of a minor child,

residing within the State, is or are deceased, or divorced or living separate and apart in different habitats, regardless of the existence of a court order or agreement, a grandparent or the grandparents of such child, who is or are the parents of such deceased, separated or divorced parent or parents,] A grandparent or any sibling of [the] a child may apply to the Superior Court, in accordance with the Rules of Court, to have such child brought before such court; and the court may make such order or judgment, as the best interest of the child may require, for visitation rights for such grandparent[, grandparents] or sibling in respect to such child. (cf: P.L.1987, c.363, s.2)

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2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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STATEMENT

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Presently, N.J.S.A.9:2-7.1 permits a sibling or grandparent of a minor child to apply for visitation rights. A grandparent may only apply, however, when one or both of the child's parents are dead or when the parents are divorced or separated. This bill would eliminate the requirement that a child's parents be deceased, divorced or separated in order for a grandparent to apply for visitation rights.

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Modifies the circumstances under which a grandparent may apply for visitation rights.

EXPLANATION--Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.



ASSEMBLY SENIOR CITIZENS AND SOCIAL SERVICES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, Nos. 979 and 1091

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 1, 1992

The Assembly Senior Citizens and Social Services Committee favorably reports an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 979 and 1091.

Presently, N.J.S.A.9:2-7.1 permits a sibling or grandparent of a minor child to apply for visitation rights. A grandparent may only apply, however, when one or both of the child's parents are dead or when the parents are divorced or separated. This substitute would eliminate the requirement that a child's parents be deceased, divorced or separated in order for a grandparent to apply for visitation rights.

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, Nos. 979 and 1091

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 10, 1992

The Senate Judiciary reports favorably Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 979/1091.

Presently, under the provisions of N.J.S.A.9:2-7.1, a sibling or grandparent of a minor child may make application in Superior Court for visitation rights. A grandparent, however, may only apply when one or both or the child's parents are deceased or when the parents are divorced or separated. This bill would eliminate the requirement that a child's parents be deceased, divorced or separated in order for a grandparent to apply for visitation rights.

Document ID 91 XX XXXX 50-077 SR XXXX - 077 TR XXXX - 27

Senate Amendments (Proposed by Senator Brown)

to



Assembly No.979/1091(ACS)

(Sponsored by Assemblymen Albon, Solomon and Assemblywoman Heck)

REPLACE SECTION 1 TO READ:

- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1971, c.420 (C.9:2-7.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. [Where either or both of the parents of a minor child, residing within the State, is or are deceased, or divorced or living separate and apart in different habitats, regardless of the existence of a court order or agreement, a grandparent or the grandparents of such child, who is or are the parents of such deceased, separated or divorced parent or parents.] ²[A grandparent or any sibling of [the] a child may apply to the Superior Court, in accordance with the Rules of Court, to have [such] the child brought before [such] the court: and the court may make such order or judgment, as the best interest of the child may require, for visitation rights for [such] the grandparent[, grandparents] or sibling in respect to [such] the child.] a. A grandparent or any sibling of a child residing in this State may make application before the Superior Court, in accordance with the Rules of Court, for an order for visitation. It shall be the burden of the applicant to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the granting of visitation is in the best interests of the child.
- b. In making a determination on an application filed pursuant to this section, the court shall consider the following factors:
- (1) The relationship between the child and the applicant:
- (2) The relationship between each of the child's parents or the person with whom the child is residing and the applicant:
- (3) The time which has elasped since the child last had contact with the applicant:
- (4) The effect that such visitation will have on the relationship between the child and the child's parents or the person with whom the child is residing:
- (5) If the parents are divorced or separated, the time sharing arrangement which exists between the parents with regard to the child:
- (6) The good faith of the applicant in filing the application:
- (7) Any history of physical, emotional or sexual abuse or neglect by the applicant: and
- (8) Any other factor relevant to the best interests of the child.
- c. With regard to any application made pursuant to this section, it shall be prima facie evidence that visitation is in the child's best interest if the applicant had, in the past, been a full-time caretaker for the child.²

tof P.L. 1987, c.363, s.2) * 16

STATEMENT

Presently, under the provisions of N.J.S.A.9:2-7.1, a sibling or grandparent of a minor child may make application in Superior Court for visitation rights. A grandparent, however, may only apply when one or both or the child's parents are deceased or when the parents are divorced or separated. S-74 would eliminate the requirement that a child's parents be deceased. divorced or separated in order for a grandparent to apply for visitation rights. These amendments would provide that the grandparent or sibling seeking visitation must show by a preponderence of evidence that the granting of visitation would be in the best interests of the child. The amendments would also include in the bill a list of factors which the court is to consider in ruling on a application for visitation. In addition. the amendments would provide that it would constitute prima facie evidence that visitation is in the child's best interests if the person seeking visitation was, in the past, the child's full-time careta, er.

(cf: P.L.1987, c.363, s.2)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Elodifies the circumstances under which a grandparent may apply for visitation rights.

SENATE, No. 74

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1992 SESSION

By Senator BROWN

AN	ACT	concerning	visitation	rights	for	grandparents	and
amending P.L.1971, c.420.							

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1971, c.420 (C.9:2-7.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. [Where either or both of the parents of a minor child, residing within the State, is or are deceased, or divorced or living separate and apart in different habitats, regardless of the existence of a court order or agreement, a grandparent or the grandparents of such child, who is or are the parents of such deceased, separated or divorced parent or parents,] A grandparent or any sibling of [the] a child may apply to the Superior Court, in accordance with the Rules of Court, to have such child brought before such court; and the court may make such order or judgment, as the best interest of the child may require, for visitation rights for such grandparent[, grandparents] or sibling in respect to such child.

(cf: P.L.1987, c.363, s.1)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

Presently, N.J.S.A.9:2-7.1 permits a sibling or grandparent of a minor child to apply for visitation rights. A grandparent may only apply, however, when one or both of the child's parents are dead or when the parents are divorced or separated. This bill would eliminate the requirement that a child's parents be deceased, divorced or separated in order for a grandparent to apply for visitation rights.

Modifies the circumstances under which a grandparent may apply for visitation rights.

EXPLANATION--Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.



SENATE IUDICIARY COMMITTEE

AMENDMENTS

to

ADOPTED DEC 10 1992

SENATE, No.74 (Sponsored by Senator Brown)

REPLACE SECTION 1 TO READ:

- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1971, c.420 (C.9:2-7.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. [Where either or both of the parents of a minor child, residing within the State, is or are deceased, or divorced or living separate and apart in different habitats, regardless of the existence of a court order or agreement, a grandparent or the grandparents of such child, who is or are the parents of such deceased, separated or divorced parent or parents,] A grandparent or any sibling of [the] a child may apply to the Superior Court, in accordance with the Rules of Court, to have 1[such] the1 child brought before 1[such] the1 court; and the court may make such order or judgment, as the best interest of the child may require, for visitation rights for 1[such] the1 grandparent[, grandparents] or sibling in respect to 1[such] the1 child.

(cf: P.L.1987, c.363, s.1)

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 74

with Senate committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 10, 1992

The Senate Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 74.

Presently, under the provisions of N.J.S.A.9:2-7.1, a sibling or grandparent of a minor child may make application in Superior Court for visitation rights. A grandparent, however, may only apply when one or both or the child's parents are deceased or when the parents are divorced or separated. This bill would eliminate the requirement that a child's parents be deceased, divorced or separated in order for a grandparent to apply for visitation rights.

The amendments adopted by the committee were technical in nature and conformed the wording of the bill with similar legislation passed by the Assembly.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 1992 session pending technical review. As reported the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.

[FIRST REPRINT] SENATE, No. 74

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1992 SESSION

By Senators BROWN, DIMON and Cafiero

AN ACT concerning visitation rights for grandparents and amending P.L.1971, c.420.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 1 of P.L.1971, c.420 (C.9:2-7.1) is amended to read as follows:

1. [Where either or both of the parents of a minor child, residing within the State, is or are deceased, or divorced or living separate and apart in different habitats, regardless of the existence of a court order or agreement, a grandparent or the grandparents of such child, who is or are the parents of such deceased, separated or divorced parent or parents,] A grandparent or any sibling of [the] a child may apply to the Superior Court, in accordance with the Rules of Court, to have 1[such] the¹ child brought before 1[such] the¹ court; and the court may make such order or judgment, as the best interest of the child may require, for visitation rights for 1[such] the¹ grandparent[, grandparents] or sibling in respect to 1[such] the¹ child.

(cf: P.L.1987, c.363, s.2)

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2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Modifies the circumstances under which a grandparent or sibling may apply for visitation rights.

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: 1 Senate SJU committee amendments adopted December 10, 1992.