# LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

(Boating while intoxicated)

NJSA:

12:7-34.19

LAWS OF:

1993

CHAPTER: 230

BILL NO:

\$1526

SPONSOR(S)

Cafiero

DATE INTRODUCED:

February 1, 1993

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY:

\_\_\_

SENATE:

Judiciary

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:

First reprint enacted

Yes

Amendments during passage

denoted by superscript numbers

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

June 21, 1993

SENATE:

May 13, 1993

DATE OF APPROVAL:

August 6, 1993

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

No

SENATE:

Yes

FISCAL NOTE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

**HEARINGS:** 

No

See newspaper clipping--attached.

KBG:pp

# [FIRST REPRINT] SENATE, No. 1526

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### **INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 1, 1993**

By Senators CAFIERO, CONNORS, Palaia and Schluter

AN ACT concerning the operation of certain vessels, amending P.L.1954, c.236 and P.L.1952, c.157 and repealing section 6 P.L.1986, c.39.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 19 of P.L.1954, c.236 (C.12:7-34.19) is amended to read as follows:
- 19. a. No person shall operate a vessel on <u>non-tidal waters</u> while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, a narcotic, hallucinogenic, or habit-producing drug or with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol.

No person shall permit another who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor, a narcotic, hallucinogenic, or habit-producing drug or who has a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol to operate any vessel owned by the person or in his custody or control.

As used in this section, "vessel" means a power vessel as defined in section 1 of P.L.1954, c.236 (C.12:7-34.1) or a vessel which is 12 feet or greater in length.

Any person who violates this section shall be subject to the following:

- (1) For a first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00; and to the revocation of the right to operate a vessel on the waters of this State for a period of [not less than six] 12 months [nor more than one year] from the date of conviction and to the forfeiting of the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of three months.
- (2) For a second offense, to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00; to the performance of community service for a period of 30 days, in the form and on the terms as the court deems appropriate under the circumstances; to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 hours nor more than 90 days, which shall not be suspended or served on probation; and to the revocation of the right to operate a vessel on the waters of this State for a period of two years after the date of conviction and to the forfeiting of the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of six months.
- (3) For a third or subsequent offense, to a fine of \$1,000.00; to imprisonment for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower this term for each day not exceeding 90 days

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

during which the person performs community service, in the form and on the terms as the court deems appropriate under the circumstances; and to the revocation of the right to operate a vessel on the waters of this State for a period of 10 years after the date of conviction and to the forfeiting of the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of two years.

Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. In the event that a person convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-state motor vehicle driver's license, the court shall not collect the license but shall immediately notify the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State.

- b. A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section against a second or subsequent offender. If a second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat a second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes and, if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat a third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.
- c. If a court imposes a term of imprisonment under this section, the person may be sentenced to the county jail, to the workhouse of the county where the offense was committed, or to an inpatient rehabilitation program approved by the Director of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse in the Department of Health.
- d. <sup>1</sup>[If the right to operate a vessel is under revocation or suspension for a violation of a provision of this title at the time of a conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation period imposed under this section shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period.] In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the period of the suspension of driving privileges authorized herein, including a suspension of the privilege of operating a motorized bicycle, shall commence on the day the sentence is imposed and shall run for a period as fixed by the court of not less than three months after the day the person reaches the age of 17 years. If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation, suspension, or postponement for a violation of any provision of this title or Title 39 of the Revised Statutes at the time of any conviction of any offense defined in this section, the revocation, suspension, or postponement period imposed herein shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation, suspension or postponement. A second offense shall result in the suspension or postponement of the person's right to operate a motor vehicle for six months. A third

or subsequent offense shall result in the suspension or 1 postponement of the person's right to operate a motor vehicle 2 for two years. The court before whom any person is convicted of 3 4 or adjudicated delinquent for a violation shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person and 5 6 forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of 7 Motor Vehicles along with a report indicating the first and last 8 day of the suspension or postponement period imposed by the court pursuant to this section. If the court is for any reason 9 10 unable to collect the license or licenses of the person, the court 11 shall cause a report of the conviction or adjudication of delinquency to be filed with the Director. That report shall 12 13 include the complete name, address, date of birth, eye color, and sex of the person and shall indicate the first and last day of the 14 suspension or postponement period imposed by the court pursuant 15 to this section. The court shall inform the person orally and in 16 17 writing that if the person is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension or 18 19 postponement imposed pursuant to this section, the person shall, 20 upon conviction, be subject to the penalties set forth in R.S. 21 39:3-40. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of 22 the written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice 23 or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written 24 notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S. 39:3-40. If the person is the holder of a driver's license 25 from another jurisdiction, the court shall not collect the license 26 but shall notify forthwith the Director who shall notify the 27 appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, 28 29 however, in accordance with the provisions of this section, revoke 30 the person's non-resident driving privilege in this State. 1 31

e. In addition to any other requirements provided by law, a person convicted under this section shall satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral <sup>1</sup>[and]<sup>1</sup> program <sup>1</sup>and fee<sup>1</sup> requirements of the <sup>1</sup>[Bureau of Alcohol Countermeasures in the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse in the Department of Health] Division of Alcoholism's Intoxicated Driving Programs Unit 1. A fee of 1[\$40.00] \$80.00<sup>1</sup> shall be payable to the Alcohol Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established under section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32), by the convicted person in order to defray the costs of the screening, evaluation and referral by the <sup>1</sup>[Bureau of Alcohol Countermeasures and the cost of an education or rehabilitation program] Intoxicated Driving Programs Unit<sup>1</sup>. Failure to satisfy this requirement shall result in the immediate forfeiture of the right to operate a vessel on the waters of this State or the continuation of revocation until the requirements are satisfied.

(cf: P.L.1986, c.39, s.1)

32 33

34 35

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

43

44 45

46

47

48 49

50

51

52

53 54

- 2. Section 3 of P.L.1952, c.157 (C.12:7-46) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. a. No person shall operate a vessel on tidal waters while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, a narcotic, hallucinogenic, or habit-producing drug or with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol. No person shall permit another who is under the influence of intoxicating

liquor, a narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or who has a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% by weight of alcohol,

to operate any vessel owned by the person or in his custody or control.

As used in this section, "vessel" means a power vessel as defined by section 2 of P.L.1962, c.73 (C.12:7-34.37) or a vessel which is 12 feet or greater in length.

A person who violates this section shall be subject to the following:

- (1) For a first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00; and to the revocation of the right to operate a vessel on the waters of this State for a period of [not less than six] 12 months [nor more than one year] from the date of conviction and to the forfeiting of the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of three months.
- (2) For a second offense, to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00; to the performance of community service for a period of 30 days, in the form and on the terms as the court deems appropriate under the circumstances; and to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 hours nor more than 90 days, which shall not be suspended or served on probation; and to the revocation of the right to operate a vessel on the waters of this State for a period of two years after the date of conviction and to the forfeiting of the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of six months.
- (3) For a third or subsequent offense, to a fine of \$1,000.00; to imprisonment for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower this term for each day not exceeding 90 days during which the person performs community service, in the form and on the terms as the court deems appropriate under the circumstances; and to the revocation of the right to operate a vessel on the waters of this State for a period of 10 years from the date of conviction and to the forfeiting of the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of two years.

Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. In the event that a person convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-state motor vehicle driver's license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State.

b. A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section against a second or subsequent offender. If a second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat a second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes and.

5

1

2

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28 29

30

3132

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40 41

42

43

44 45

46 47

48

49

50 51

52

53

54

if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat a third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

- c. If a court imposes a term of imprisonment under this section, the person may be sentenced to the county jail, to the workhouse of the county where the offense was committed, or to an inpatient rehabilitation program approved by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Director of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse in the Department of Health.
- d. <sup>1</sup>[If the right to operate a vessel is under revocation or suspension for a violation of provision of this title at the time of a conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation period imposed under this section shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period.] In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the period of the suspension of driving privileges authorized herein, including a suspension of the privilege of operating a motorized bicycle, shall commence on the day the sentence is imposed and shall run for a period as fixed by the court of not less than three months after the day the person reaches the age of 17 years. If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation, suspension, or postponement for a violation of any provision of this title or Title 39 of the Revised Statutes at the time of any conviction of any offense defined in this section, the revocation, suspension, or postponement period imposed herein shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation, suspension or postponement. A second offense shall result in the suspension or postponement of the person's right to operate a motor vehicle for six months. A third or subsequent offense shall result in the suspension or postponement of the person's right to operate a motor vehicle for two years. The court before whom any person is convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for a violation shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles along with a report indicating the first and last day of the suspension or postponement period imposed by the court pursuant to this section. If the court is for any reason unable to collect the license or licenses of the person, the court shall cause a report of the conviction or adjudication of delinquency to be filed with the Director. That report shall include the complete name, address, date of birth, eye color, and sex of the person and shall indicate the first and last day of the suspension or postponement period imposed by the court pursuant to this section. The court shall inform the person orally and in writing that if the person is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension or postponement imposed pursuant to this section, the person shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties set forth in R.S.39:3-40. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of the written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S. 39:3-40. If the person is the holder of a driver's

#### S1526 [1R]

license from another jurisdiction, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith the Director who shall notify the appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, in accordance with the provisions of this section, revoke the person's non-resident driving privilege in this State. 1

e. In addition to any other requirements provided by law, a person convicted under this section shall satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral <sup>1</sup>[and]<sup>1</sup> program <sup>1</sup>and fee<sup>1</sup> requirements of the <sup>1</sup>[Bureau of Alcohol Countermeasures in the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse in the Department of Health] Division of Alcoholism's Intoxicated Driving Programs Unit<sup>1</sup>. A fee of 1[\$40.00] \$80.00\(^1\) shall be payable to the Alcohol Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established under section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32), by the convicted person in order to defray the costs of the screening, evaluation and referral by the <sup>1</sup>[Bureau of Alcohol Countermeasures and the cost of an education or rehabilitation program] Intoxicated Driving Programs Unit 1. Failure to satisfy this requirement shall result in the immediate forfeiture of the right to operate a vessel on the waters of this State or the continuation of revocation until the requirements are satisfied.

(cf: P.L.1986, c.39, s.4)

- 3. Section 6 of P.L.1986, c.39 (C.12:7-54) is repealed.
- 4. This act shall take effect on the first day of the sixth month after enactment.

26 27

2

3 4

5

6 7

8

9 10

11 12

13 14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

30

28 29

Upgrades penalties for boating while intoxicated.

this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section against a second or subsequent offender. If a second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat a second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes and, if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat a third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

- c. If a court imposes a term of imprisonment under this section, the person may be sentenced to the county jail, to the workhouse of the county where the offense was committed, or to an inpatient rehabilitation program approved by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Director of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse in the Department of Health.
- d. If the right to operate a vessel is under revocation or suspension for a violation of provision of this title at the time of a conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation period imposed under this section shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period.
- e. In addition to any other requirements provided by law, a person convicted under this section shall satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral and program requirements of the Bureau of Alcohol Countermeasures in the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse in the Department of Health. A fee of \$40.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol Education. Rehabilitation Enforcement Fund established under section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32), by the convicted person in order to defray the costs of the screening, evaluation and referral by the Bureau of Alcohol Countermeasures and the cost of an education or rehabilitation program. Failure to satisfy this requirement shall result in the immediate forfeiture of the right to operate a vessel on the waters of this State, or the continuation of revocation until the requirements are satisfied.

(cf: P.L.1986, c.39, s.4)

- 3. Section 6 of P.L.1986, c.39 (C.12:7-54) is repealed.
- 4. This act shall take effect on the first day of the sixth month after enactment.

# Spensor's STATEMENT

In 1991, there were 182 arrests of power boat operators for boating while intoxicated, according to the State Police. This bill combats the serious problem of drunken boating in two ways: it doubles the period of suspension of the operator's boating license for a first offense and also provides for suspension of his motor vehicle driver's license.

The current six-month minimum suspension of a boating license for a first offense of drunk boating is extended to 12 months. The current penalty is meaningless if a boater's conviction comes at the end of the summer and he is not planning to take his vessel out again until the following spring.

The bill also requires the suspension of the motor vehicle

driver's license of a person convicted of operating a power vessel or a boat that is 12 feet or longer on the tidal or non-tidal waters of the State while under the influence of alcohol or drugs. A first offense would result in a three-month suspension, a second offense in a six-month suspension, and a third or subsequent offense in a two-year suspension.

In addition, the bill repeals a section of the boating law concerning the presumptions arising from the percentage of alcohol in a person's blood. The section is being repealed in light of current scientific studies which demonstrate significant impairment of visual, cognitive, and psychomotor faculties necessary for the safe operation of motor vehicles at levels well below the current 0.10% blood alcohol concentration. This will allow the finder of fact to give full weight to the blood alcohol concentration level in light of these scientific studies in determining whether a violation has occurred. The repeal parallels the repeal of a similar provision that applied to such offenses when committed by drivers of commercial vehicles.

1 2

Upgrades penalties for boating while intoxicated.

#### SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

## SENATE, No. 1526

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: MARCH 18, 1993** 

The Senate Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1526.

S1526 would increase the penalties for operating a vessel while under the influence of drugs or alcohol. S-1526 would increase the present six-month minimum suspension of a boating license for a first offense to 12 months. S1526 would also require the suspension of the motor vehicle driver's license of a person convicted of drunk boating. For a first offense, the period of the motor vehicle license suspension would be three months; for a second offense, six months and for any subsequent offense, a two year suspension.

In addition, S1526 would repeal N.J.S.A.12:7-54 which establishes certain presumptions with regard to the percentage of alcohol in a person's blood and the offense of a drunk boating. A similar statute applicable to the offense of drunk driving was repealed in 1990.

The committee made technical amendments to clarify the procedures to be followed when a person's drivers license is suspended in connection with a conviction for drunk boating. These amendments also update the statutes amended by S1526 to reflect the present program administered by the Division of Alcoholism for the treatment of drunk drivers.