9:3-38

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SPONSOR(S):

Stuhltrager and others

DATE INTRODUCED:

May 14, 1992

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY:

Judiciary; Law & Public Safety

SENATE:

Judiciary

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Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

Yes

SENATE:

Yes

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No

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No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

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No

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See newspaper clipping--attached:

"Adoption law revision advances," 12-17-93, Bergen Record.

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# [THIRD REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 1418

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### INTRODUCED MAY 14, 1992

By Assemblyman STUHLTRAGER, Assemblywoman DERMAN and Assemblyman R. Brown

AN ACT concerning adoption, amending P.L.1979, c.292, amending and supplementing P.L.1977, c.367 and repealing sections 3 and 18 of P.L.1977, c.367.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 2 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-38) is amended to read as follows:
  - 2. For the purposes of this act:
- a. "Approved agency" [shall mean] means a nonprofit corporation, association or agency, including any public agency, approved by the Department of Human Services for the purpose of placing children for adoption in New Jersey;
  - b. "Child" [shall mean] means a person under 18 years of age;
  - c. "Custody" [shall mean] means the general right to exercise continuing control over the person of a child derived from court order or otherwise;
  - d. "Guardianship" [shall mean] means the right to exercise continuing control over the person or property or both of a child which includes any specific right of control over an aspect of the child's upbringing derived from court order;
  - e. "Guardian ad litem" [shall mean] means a qualified person, not necessarily an attorney, appointed by the court under the provisions of this act or at the discretion of the court to represent the interests of the child whether or not the child is a named party in the action;
  - f. "Parent" [shall mean] means a <sup>1</sup>[natural] birth<sup>1</sup> parent or <sup>1</sup>[natural]<sup>1</sup> parents, including the <sup>1</sup>[natural] birth<sup>1</sup> father of [the] a child born out of wedlock who has acknowledged the child or to whom the court has ordered notice to be given, or a parent or parents by adoption;
  - g. "Placement for adoption" [shall mean] means the transfer of custody of a child to a person for the purpose of adoption by [such] that person; [and]
- h. "Plaintiff" [shall mean] means a prospective parent or parents who have filed a complaint for adoption;
  - i. "Legal services" means <sup>1</sup>[any services properly rendered by an attorney-at-law, but shall not include the placement of a child for adoption with a prospective adoptive parent] the provision of counseling or advice related to the law and procedure for adoption of a child, preparation of legal documents, or

EXPLANATION--Matter enclosed in hold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law

representation of any person before a court or administrative agency<sup>1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>[and]<sup>1</sup>

- j. "Surrender" means a voluntary relinquishment of all parental rights by a birth parent, previous adoptive parent, or other person or agency authorized to exercise these rights by law, court order or otherwise, for purposes of allowing a child to be adopted;
- 1k. "Home study" means an approved agency's formal assessment of the capacity and readiness of prospective adoptive parents to adopt a child, including the agency's written report and recommendations conducted in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of the Division of Youth and Family Services; and
- l. "Intermediary" means any person, firm, partnership, corporation, association or agency, who acts for or between any parent and any prospective parent or acts on behalf of either in connection with a placement for adoption of the parent's child. An intermediary shall not receive money or other valuable consideration in connection with the placement of a child for adoption 1.
- 21 (cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.2)

- 2. Section 4 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-40) is amended to read as follows:
- 4. The Commissioner of [the Department of] Human Services promulgate rules and regulations relating to the qualification of agencies for approval to make placements for adoption in New Jersey. [Such] The rules and regulations shall include, but shall not be limited to standards of professional training and experience of staff and requirements relating to responsibilities of trustees, officers or other persons supervising or conducting the placement for adoption program, adequacy of facilities, maintenance and confidentiality of casework records and furnishing of reports. <sup>1</sup>[No] In the selection of adoptive parents the standard shall be the best interests of the child; and an<sup>1</sup> approved agency shall <sup>1</sup>not<sup>1</sup> discriminate with regard to the selection of adoptive parents for any child on the basis of age, sex, race, national origin, religion or marital status provided, however, that these factors may be considered in determining whether the best interests of a child would be served by a particular placement for adoption or adoption.
- 41 (cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.4)
  - 3. Section 5 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-41) is amended to read as follows:
  - 5. a. Surrender of a child to an approved agency for the purpose of adoption, other than a surrender taken in accordance with P.L.1955, c.232 (C.9:2-13 et seq.), shall be by a signed instrument acknowledged by the person executing the [same] instrument before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments or proofs in the State in which the instrument is executed[, such officer first having made known the contents of the instrument to the person making the acknowledgment and having been satisfied as to the identity of the person executing the surrender, which the officer shall certify on the instrument of surrender or on a paper attached thereto. Such]. Prior to the execution of the

1 surrender, the approved agency shall, directly or through its 2 agent, inform the person executing the surrender that the instrument is a surrender of parental rights by the signatory and 3 means the permanent end of the relationship and all contact 4 between the parent and child. <sup>1</sup>[This] The approved agency shall 5 advise the parent that the 1 surrender shall constitute 6 relinquishment of [such] the person's parental rights in or 7 guardianship or custody of the child named therein and consent by 8 9 [such] the person to adoption of the child. 1 The approved agency shall offer counseling to the parent, prior to the execution of the 10 surrender. 1 [Such] The surrender shall be valid and binding 11 12 without regard to the age of the person executing the surrender <sup>2</sup>and shall be irrevocable except at the discretion of the approved 13 agency taking such surrender or upon order or judgment of a 14 court of competent jurisdiction setting aside such surrender upon 15 proof of fraud, duress or misrepresentation <sup>3</sup>[of] by <sup>3</sup> the approved 16 agency. The surrender taken pursuant to this section shall be 17 18 valid whether acknowledged in this State pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1991, c.308 (C.46:14-2.1) or acknowledged in another state or 19 20 country pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1991, c.308  $(C.46:14-6.1)^2$ . 21

- b. Any approved agency may accept custody of a child by a duly executed instrument of surrender from a parent or guardian of the child or from another approved agency or any agency for the care and protection of children approved by any other state, by the United States or by any foreign country, which has duly obtained the authority to place [such] the child for adoption.
- c. A surrender executed in another state or foreign country by a domiciliary of that state or country and valid where executed shall be deemed a valid surrender in this State <sup>3</sup>if taken more than 72 hours after the birth of the child<sup>3</sup>.
- d. At the request of a parent of the child, an approved agency authorized to receive surrenders, may receive that parent's surrender of his child for purposes of having the child adopted by a person specified by the surrendering parent. The agency shall follow all regulations regarding the securing of a surrender and shall cooperate with the prospective parents in the processing of the proposed adoption. An adoption based on a surrender under this subsection shall be deemed one in which the child was received from an approved agency for purposes of section 11 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-47).
- e. A surrender of a child shall not be valid if taken prior to the birth of the child who is the subject of the surrender. A surrender by the <sup>1</sup>[natural mother] birth parent <sup>1</sup> of a child shall not be valid if taken within 72 hours of the birth of the child. The denial of paternity by an alleged father, at any time including prior to the birth of the child, shall be deemed a surrender for purposes of allowing the child to be adopted.
- 48 (cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.5)

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- 49 4. Section 1 of P.L.1979, c.292 (C.9:3-41.1) is amended to read 50 as follows:
- 1. [Any] <u>a. An</u> approved agency making an investigation of the facts and circumstances surrounding the surrender of a child shall provide a prospective parent with all available information , other than information which would identify or permit the

identification of the birth parent of the child, relevant to the 2 child's development, including his developmental and medical 3 history, personality and temperament, the parent's complete 4 medical histories, including conditions or diseases which are

- believed to be hereditary, any drugs or medications taken during 5
- 6 pregnancy and any other conditions of the parent's health which
- 7 may be a factor influencing the child's present or future health.
- 8 [Such] This information shall be made available to the prospective
- 9 parent prior to the actual adoptive placement <sup>2</sup>[in the case of a
- 10 placement made by an approved agency, or] to the extent
- 11 available and supplemented<sup>2</sup> upon the completion of an
- 12 investigation conducted by an approved agency pursuant to 13 section 12 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-48).
- b. The available information required of an approved agency 14 15 by subsection a. of this section shall be presented to the adoptive
- parents on standardized forms prepared by the Commissioner of 16
- 17 Human Services.

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- (cf: P.L.1979, c.292, s.1) 18
- 5. Section 6 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-42) is amended to read 19 20 as follows:
- 6. An action for adoption shall be instituted in the Superior 21
- 22 Court, Chancery Division, Family Part of the county in which the
- 23 prospective parent resides, or in the county where the child 24
- resided immediately prior to placement for adoption, or if the
- 25 child is less than three months of age, the county in which the child was born; except that whenever the child to be adopted has 26
- 27 been received into the home of a prospective parent from an
- approved agency, the action may be instituted in the Superior 28
- 29 Court, Chancery Division, Family Part of any county in which the
- approved agency has an office. 30
- 31 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.193)
- 32 6. Section 7 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-43) is amended to read as follows: 33
  - 7. a. Any person may institute an action for adoption[, provided, however,] except that a married person may do so only with the written consent of his spouse or jointly with his spouse in the same action or [after having lived] if living separate and apart from his spouse [for a continuous period of at least 18
- 39 months].

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- b. [Each] A plaintiff, at the time of the institution of the 40 action, shall have attained the age of 18 years and shall be at 41
- 42 least 10 years older than the child to be adopted, [provided,
- 43 however,] except that the court for good cause may waive either requirement, [such] which waiver [to] shall be recited in any 44
- 45 judgment of adoption thereafter entered.
- 46 (cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.7)
- 7. Section 8 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-44) is amended to read 47 as follows: 48
- 49 8. Whenever [any] a person [shall receive] receives a child into his home for the purpose of adoption other than from an approved 50
- agency, [an action] a complaint for adoption shall be [instituted 51
- with reasonable promptness] filed within 45 days after receipt of 52
- the child 1 If the person receiving the child has been approved **5**3
- previously for placement for adoption in accordance with the 54

provisions of section 18 of P.L., c. (C. )(now pending 1 before the Legislature as this bill), the person shall, immediately 2 3 upon receiving the child, notify the approved agency which granted such approval of the receipt of the child, and that agency 4 5 shall undertake immediate supervision of the child in accordance 6 with rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of the Division of Youth and Family Services. The cost of such 7 8 supervision shall be paid by the person receiving the child. If the agency, in the course of supervision shall determine that the child 9 is at risk of harm or that the best interests of the child are not 10 served by the child remaining in the home, the agency may apply 11 to a court for removal of the child from the home. 1 Whenever 12 13 [any] a person [shall receive] receives a child into his home for 14 purposes other than adoption and it is later determined that an 15 adoption shall be sought, [an action] a complaint for adoption shall be instituted with reasonable promptness following [such] 16 17 the determination. Failure to [so act] file the complaint in a timely manner shall not be a sole basis for refusal of the adoption 18 19 but the failure shall require the filing, with the complaint, of an 20 affidavit setting forth the reasons for the delay. 21

(cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.8)

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- 8. Section 9 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-45) is amended to read as follows:
  - 9. a. In [any] an adoption proceeding pursuant to [this act] P.L.1977, c.367, (C.9:3-37 et seq.), notice of the complaint may not be waived and a notice of hearing shall be served in accordance with the Rules of Court on each parent of the child to be adopted. The notice shall inform each parent of the purpose of the action and of the parent's right to file written objections to the adoption within 20 days after notice is given in the case of a resident and 35 days in the case of a nonresident. <sup>1</sup>[For purposes of this section, "parent" [shall include] includes (1) the husband of the mother of a child born or conceived during the marriage and (2) a putative or alleged natural mother or father of a child.] 1 2 For purposes of this section, "parent" includes (1) the husband of the mother of a child born or conceived during the marriage and (2) a putative or alleged natural mother or father of a child $^2$ .
  - b. Notice pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall not be served on [any] a parent:
  - (1) Who has executed a valid surrender to an approved agency pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-41) or P.L.1955, c.232 (C.9:2-13 et seq.);
  - (2) Whose parental rights have been terminated in a separate judicial proceeding by court order;
  - (3) Who has, prior to the placement of the child for adoption, received notice of the intention to place the child, which notice shall inform the parent of the purpose of the placement, that failure to respond to the notice will prevent the person receiving the notice from objecting to any future adoption of the child, and [of the parent's] that the parent has a right to file with the [court, in accordance with the Rules of Court] surrogate in the county in which venue is anticipated to lie, the address of which surrogate shall be included in the notice, written objections to

the proposed placement within 20 days after notice is given, in the case of a resident, and 35 days in the case of a nonresident; and who has either failed to file written objections or denied paternity or maternity of the child. Failure to respond to this notice and object to the placement of the child for adoption shall constitute a waiver of all notice of any subsequent proceedings with regard to the child including proceedings for adoption or termination of parental rights;

- (4) Who has [surrendered] given the child for adoption to the adopting parent [in accordance with the provisions of section 3 and the court determines], and <sup>3</sup>[a court] the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part<sup>3</sup>, after a hearing at which the surrendering parent was heard as to the voluntariness of the surrender, has determined that the surrender [is valid] was voluntary and proper; or
- (5) Whose child has been made available for adoption in a foreign state or country $^2$ [. If] <u>if</u><sup>2</sup> the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service has determined that the child has been approved for adoptive placement<sup>2</sup>[, that]. <u>The</u><sup>2</sup> finding  $^2$ <u>of the United States Immigration and Naturalization Service</u><sup>2</sup> shall be [presumptive] <u>presumed valid</u> and no notice  $^2$ [as to the availability of the child for adoption]<sup>2</sup> shall be served.
- c. If personal service of the notice cannot be effected because the whereabouts of [any] a parent of the child to be adopted are unknown, the court shall determine that an adequate effort has been made to serve notice upon the parent if the plaintiff immediately prior to or during the placement and not more than [9] nine months prior to the filing of a complaint has:
- (1) Sent the notice by regular mail and by certified mail return receipt requested, to the parent's last known address;
- (2) Made a discreet inquiry <u>as to the whereabouts of the missing parent</u> among any known relations, friends and current or former employers of the parent;
- (3) Unless otherwise restricted by law, made direct inquiries, using the party's name and last known or suspected address, to the local post office, the Division of Motor Vehicles, county welfare [office] agency, the municipal police department, the Division of State Police, the county probation office, the Department of Corrections, and any social service and law enforcement agencies known to have had contact with the party, or the equivalents in other states, territories or countries. Failure to receive a response to the inquiries within 45 days shall be a negative response.
- d. In any case where the identity of a parent cannot be determined or where the known parent of a child is unable or refuses to identify the other parent, and the court is unable from other information before the court to identify the other parent, service on that parent shall be waived by the court.
- <sup>3</sup>e. In conducting the hearing required by paragraph (4) of subsection b. of this section, the court shall determine that the surrender is voluntary and that the birth parent knows (1) that the hearing is to surrender birth rights; (2) that the hearing is to permanently end the relationship and all contact between parent and child; (3) that such action is a relinquishment and termination

of parental rights and consent on the part of the birth parent to
the adoption; and (4) that no further notice of the adoption
proceedings shall be provided to the birth parent if the surrender
is accepted by the court.<sup>3</sup>

(cf: P.L.1982, c.105, s.1)

- 9. Section 10 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-46) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. a. [Any parent who has not executed a surrender pursuant to section 5 and whose parental rights have not been terminated by court order] A person who is entitled to notice pursuant to section 9 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-45) shall have the right to object to the adoption of his child. [No] A judgment of adoption shall not be entered over an objection of [such] a parent communicated to the court by personal appearance or by letter unless the court finds:
- (1) that [such] the parent has substantially failed to perform the regular and expected parental functions of care and support of the child, [which shall include maintenance of an emotional relationship with the child] although able to do so, or
- (2) that the parent is unable to perform the regular and expected parental functions of care and support of the child and that the parent's inability to perform those functions is unlikely to change in the immediate future.

The regular and expected functions of care and support of a child shall include the following:

- (a) the maintenance of a relationship with the child such that the child perceives the person as his parent;
- (b) communicating with the child or person having legal custody of the child and visiting the child unless visitation is impossible because of the parent's confinement in an institution, or unless prevented from so doing by the custodial parent or other custodian of the child or a social service agency over the birth parent's objection; or
- (c) providing financial support for the child unless prevented from doing so by the custodial parent or other custodian of the child or a social service agency.

A parent shall be presumed to have failed to perform the regular and expected parental functions of care and support of the child if the court finds that the situation set forth in paragraph (1) or (2) has occured for six or more months.

- b. [Any] The guardian of a child to be adopted who has not executed a surrender pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-41) and any other person [standing in loco parentis of such child] who has provided care and supervision in his home for the child for a period of six months or one half of the life of the child, whichever is less, in the two years prior to the complaint shall be given notice of the action and in accordance with the Rules of Court shall have standing to object to the adoption, which objection shall be given due consideration by the court in determining whether the best interests of the child would be promoted by the adoption.
- 52 (cf: P.I.1977, c.367, s.10)
- 53 10. Section 11 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-47) is amended to read as follows:

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11. a. When the child to be adopted has been received from an approved agency, the prospective parent shall file with the court a complaint for adoption after the child has been in the home of [such] the prospective parent for at least [6] six months. In the discretion of the approved agency, a complaint may be filed prior to that time and the court may schedule a hearing to resolve all matters except finalization of the adoption. The adoption shall not be finalized under this section unless the child has been in the home of the adoptive parent for at least six months. The complaint shall be accompanied by a consent to the plaintiff's adoption of the child signed and acknowledged by an authorized officer or representative of the approved agency; [provided, however,] except that failure or refusal on the part of [such] the approved agency to give [such] consent, or withdrawal of consent on the part of [such] the approved agency, shall not preclude an action for adoption.

b. Upon the filing of the complaint, the court shall set a date for the adoption hearing not less than 10 nor more than 30 days from the date of institution of the action unless a longer period shall be required in order to obtain service of notice upon one or more of the [parents] people entitled thereto and shall order the approved agency concerned to file at least [5] five days prior to the hearing a [two-part] written report[, part one of] which shall describe the circumstances surrounding the surrender of the child [to the agency] and [part two of which] shall set forth the results of the agency's evaluation of the child [and of], the plaintiff and [his spouse, if any, and] any other person residing in the proposed adoptive home; <sup>3</sup>and<sup>3</sup> the agency's assessment of the care being received by the child and the adjustment of the child and the plaintiff as members of a family<sup>3</sup>[; and a criminal history record background check and check for any records which might reveal a history of child abuse or neglect by the proposed adoptive parent or member of the parent's household 18 years of age or older]<sup>3</sup>.

- <sup>3</sup>[(1) The Commissioner of Human Services shall adopt rules, regulations and procedures regarding criminal history record background information which would disqualify a person from becoming an adoptive parent.
- (2) The proposed adoptive parent and any member of the parent's household 18 years of age or older shall submit to the commissioner his name, address and fingerprints taken on standard fingerprint cards by a State or municipal law enforcement agency. The commissioner is authorized to exchange fingerprint data and receive criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Division of the State Police for use in making the determinations provided for in this subsection.
- (3) The Department of Human Services shall act as a clearinghouse for the collection and dissemination of information obtained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Division of the State Police as a result of conducting a criminal history record background check. The department shall advise the approved agency of the information received from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the State Police concerning the proposed adoptive parent or member of the parent's household.

- (4) The commissioner shall require that the cost of all criminal history record background checks conducted on the proposed adoptive parent or member of the parent's household shall be paid by that person at the time that written consent is given.
- (5) At the request of an approved agency, the commissioner or his designee shall conduct a search of the records of the Division of Youth and Family Services regarding referrals of dispositions of child abuse or neglect matters as to the proposed adoptive parent and any member of the parent's household 18 years of age or older, and, if there is information that would raise a question of the suitability of the proposed adoptive parent or member of the parent's household to have guardianship of a child, shall provide that information to the approved agency for its consideration. Information provided to the approved agency pursuant to this paragraph shall be confidential. The commissioner shall establish penalties for disclosure of this confidential information.]

If the agency's report contains any material findings or recommendations adverse to the plaintiff the agency shall serve a copy of that part [two] of its report upon the plaintiff at least [5] five days prior to the hearing and the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the child in the adoption proceeding if the court determines that [such] a guardian is necessary to represent the best interest of the child. If the approved agency that placed the child with the plaintiff has not consented to the adoption, the court may appoint another approved agency to conduct an investigation and make recommendations in the matter. [Such] The appointment shall not deprive the placing agency of standing to appear at the hearing and contest the adoption. Personal appearance at the hearing by a representative of the approved agency conducting the investigation may be dispensed with by the court if the agency's report favors the adoption. If [such] an appearance is required, the approved agency shall be entitled to present testimony and to cross-examine witnesses and shall be subject to cross-examination with respect to its report and recommendations in the matter. The appearance of the child to be adopted shall not be required unless ordered by the court or unless the inquiry pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-49) indicates that the child is opposed to the adoption.

- c. The adoption hearing shall be held in camera. If a parent of the child has made an objection to the adoption, in accordance with section 10 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-46), the court shall take evidence relating to [such] the objection. If the court finds against the objecting parent in accordance with subsection [(a)] a. of section 10 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-46), it shall make an order terminating the parental rights of [such] the parent and proceed with the hearing.
- d. If, based upon the approved agency's report and the evidence presented at the hearing, the court is satisfied that the best interests of the child would be promoted by the adoption, the court shall enter a judgment of adoption. If, based upon the approved agency's report and the evidence presented at the hearing, the court is not satisfied that the best interests of the

child would be promoted by the adoption, the court shall deny the adoption and make such further order concerning the custody and guardianship of the child as may be deemed proper in the circumstances.

(cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.11)

- 11. Section 12 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-48) is amended to read as follows:
- 12. a. When the child to be adopted has not been received from an approved agency, the prospective parent shall file with the court a complaint for adoption. Upon receipt of the complaint, the court shall by its order:
- (1) Declare the child to be a ward of the court and declare that the plaintiff shall have custody of [such] the child subject to further order of the court;
- (2) Appoint an approved agency to make an investigation and submit a written report to the court <sup>1</sup>[concerning] which shall include<sup>1</sup>:
- (a) the facts and circumstances surrounding the surrender of custody by the child's parents [and] <sup>1</sup>[, including the identity of any intermediary who participated in the placement of the child;
- (b)] and 1 the placement of the child in the home of the plaintiff [and] 2, including the identity of any intermediary who participated in the placement of the child 2;
- $^{1}$ [(c)] (b) $^{1}$  an evaluation of the child and of the plaintiff and the spouse of the plaintiff if not the child's parent  $^{1}$ and any other person residing in the prospective home $^{1}$ ;  $^{1}$ [and] $^{1}$  [if not a party to the action, provided, however, that whenever the plaintiff is a stepparent of the child, the court may dispense with the agency investigation and report and take direct evidence at the preliminary hearing of the facts and circumstances surrounding the adoption]  $^{3}$ and $^{3}$
- <sup>1</sup>(c) any fees, expenses or costs paid by or on behalf of the adopting parent in connection with the adoption<sup>3</sup>[; and 1]
- (d) a criminal history record background check and check for any records which might reveal a history of child abuse or neglect by the prospective adoptive parent or any member of the parent's household 18 years of age or older [3].

<sup>2</sup>[1The agency conducting the investigation shall, if it is able to, contact the birth parent, notify the birth parent of the availability of counseling with regard to the decision to surrender the child and shall provide such counseling unless refused by the birth parent. 1] The agency conducting the investigation shall, if it is able to, contact the birth parent and confirm that <sup>3</sup>[the]<sup>3</sup> counseling 3, if 3 required by section 18 of this act 3,3 has either been provided or waived by the birth parent. If not previously provided, the agency shall advise the parent of the availability of such counseling through the agency and shall provide such counseling if requested by the birth parent 3 or if the birth parent resides out of State or out of the country, such counseling should be made available by or through an agency approved to provide such counseling in the birth parent's state or country of domicile<sup>3</sup>. The agency shall further confirm that the birth parent has been advised that 3 the decision of the birth parent not to place the child for adoption or 3 the return of the child to the birth parent can not be conditioned upon the repayment of expenses by the birth parent to the adoptive parent.<sup>2</sup>

All expenses and fees for the investigation <sup>1</sup> and any counseling provided <sup>1</sup> shall be the responsibility of the plaintiff;

- (3) Direct the plaintiff to cooperate with the approved agency making [such] the investigation and report; and
- (4) Fix a day for preliminary hearing not less than [2] two or more than [3] three months from the date of the [institution of the action] filing of the complaint; [provided, however,] except that [such] the hearing may be accelerated upon the application of the approved agency and upon notice to the plaintiff [where] if the agency determines that removal of the child from the plaintiff's home is required, in which case the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the child at all future proceedings regarding the adoption.

Whenever the plaintiff is a stepparent of the child, the court, in its discretion, may dispense with the agency investigation and report and take direct evidence at the preliminary hearing of the facts and circumstances surrounding the filing of the complaint for adoption.

Whenever a plaintiff is a brother, sister, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or <sup>1</sup>[natural] birth <sup>1</sup> father [or stepparent] of the child, the order may limit the investigation to an inquiry concerning the status of the parents of the child and an evaluation of the plaintiff. At least 10 days prior to the day fixed for the preliminary hearing the approved agency shall file its report with the court and serve a copy [thereof] on the plaintiff.

- b. The preliminary hearing shall be in camera and shall have for its purpose the determination of the circumstances under which the child was relinquished by his parents and received into the home of the plaintiff, the status of the parental rights of the parents, the fitness of the child for adoption and the fitness of the plaintiff to adopt the child and to provide a suitable home. If the report of the approved agency pursuant to subsection a. of this section contains [any] material findings or recommendations adverse to the plaintiff, the presence of a representative of the approved agency who has personal knowledge of the investigation shall be required at the preliminary hearing. If in the course of the preliminary hearing the court [shall determine] determines that there is lack of jurisdiction [or that there is], lack of qualification on the part of the plaintiff[, the action shall be dismissed forthwith. If in the course of the preliminary hearing the court shall determine] or that the best interests of the child would not be promoted by the adoption, the court shall deny the adoption and make such further order concerning the custody and guardianship of the child as may be deemed proper in the circumstances.
- c. If upon completion of the preliminary hearing the court finds that:
- (1) The parents of the child do not have rights as to custody of the child by reason of their rights previously having been terminated by court order[,]; or, as provided in section 10 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-46) their failure to make timely objection to the adoption [pursuant to section 10] or [intentional abandonment or very substantial neglect of parental duties

without a reasonable expectation of a reversal of that conduct in the futurel their substantial failure to perform the regular and expected parental functions of care and support of the child, although able to do so, or their inability to perform these functions which is unlikely to change in the immediate future;

- (2) The guardian, if any, should have no further control or authority over the child;
  - (3) The child is fit for adoption; and

- (4) The plaintiff is fit to adopt the child, [it] the court shall 1:(a)1 issue an order stating its findings, declaring that no parent or guardian of the child has [any] a right to custody or guardianship of the child <sup>1</sup>[, terminating]; (b) terminate <sup>1</sup> the parental rights of [such] that person 2, which order shall be a final order<sup>2</sup> 1[, fixing] ;(c) fix<sup>1</sup> a date for final hearing not less than [6] six nor more than [9] nine monthsfrom the date of the preliminary hearing 1;1 and 1[appointing] (d) appoint 1 an approved agency to supervise and evaluate the continuing placement in accordance with subsection d. of this section. If the plaintiff is a brother, sister, grandparent, aunt, uncle, <sup>1</sup>[natural] birth<sup>1</sup> father, stepparent or foster parent of the child, or if the child has been in the home of the plaintiff for at least [2] two years immediately preceding the commencement of the adoption action, and if the court is satisfied that the best interests of the child would be promoted by the adoption, the court may dispense with [such] this evaluation and final hearing and enter a judgment of adoption immediately upon completion of the preliminary hearing.
- d. The approved agency appointed pursuant to subsection c. of this section shall from time to time visit the home of the plaintiff and make such further inquiry as may be necessary to observe and evaluate the care being received by the child and the adjustment of the child and the plaintiff as members of a family. At least 15 days prior to the final hearing [such] the approved agency shall file with the court a written report of its findings, including a recommendation concerning the adoption, and shall mail a copy of the report to the plaintiff.

If at any time following the preliminary hearing [such] the approved agency [shall conclude] concludes that the best interests of the child would not be promoted by the adoption, the court[,] shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the child and after a hearing held upon the application of [such] the approved agency and upon notice to the plaintiff, may modify or revoke any order entered in the action and make such further order concerning the custody and guardianship of the child as may be deemed proper in the circumstances.

e. At the final hearing the court shall proceed in camera; [provided, however,] <u>except</u> that if the approved agency in its report pursuant to subsection d. <u>of this section</u> has recommended that the adoption be granted, the final hearing may be dispensed with and, if the court is satisfied that the best interests of the child would be promoted by the adoption, a judgment of adoption may be entered [forthwith] <u>immediately</u>.

The appearance of the approved agency at the final hearing shall not be required unless its recommendations are adverse to the plaintiff or unless ordered by the court. If [such] <u>its</u> appearance is required, the approved agency shall be entitled to present testimony and to cross-examine witnesses and shall be subject to cross-examination with respect to its report and recommendations in the matter.

- f. If, based upon the report and the evidence presented, the court is satisfied that the best interests of the child would be promoted by the adoption, the court shall enter a judgment of adoption. If, based upon [such] the evidence, the court is not satisfied that the best interests of the child would be promoted by the adoption, the court shall deny the adoption and make such further order concerning the custody and guardianship of the child as may be deemed proper in the circumstances.
- 14 (cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.12)

- 12. Section 13 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-49) is amended to read as follows:
- 13. If the child sought to be adopted is of the age of 10 years or over, the appearance of [such] the child shall be required at the final adoption hearing, unless waived by the court for good cause shown, and the child's wishes concerning the adoption shall be solicited by the court and given consideration if the child is of sufficient capacity to form an intelligent preference regarding the adoption.
- (cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.13)
  - 13. Section 14 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-50) is amended to read as follows:
  - 14. a. [The entry of a judgment of adoption shall terminate all relationships between the adopted child and his parents and all rights, duties and obligations of any person that are founded upon such relationships, including rights of inheritance under the intestate laws of this State, except such rights as may have vested prior to entry of the judgment of adoption; provided, however, that when the plaintiff is a stepfather or stepmother of the adopted child and the adoption is consummated with the consent and approval of the mother or father, respectively, such adoption shall not affect or terminate any relationship between the child and such mother or father or any rights, duties or obligations based thereupon. For good cause, the court may in the judgment provide that the rights of inheritance from or through a deceased parent will not be affected or terminated by the adoption.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L. c. ).
  - b. The entry of a judgment of adoption shall establish the same relationships, rights, [duties and obligations] and responsibilities between the child and the adopting parent as if [such] the child were born to [such] the adopting parent in lawful wedlock. For good cause, the court may direct the entry of judgment nunc pro tunc as of the date the action was instituted. In applying the intestate laws of this State, an adopted child shall have the same rights of inheritance as if born to the adopting parent in lawful wedlock. [In the construction of any testamentary or other document executed subsequent to the effective date of this act, an adopted child shall be deemed lawful issue of the adopting parents unless such document shall otherwise provide.]
    - c. The entry of a judgment of adoption shall:

- (1) terminate all parental rights and responsibilities of the parent towards the adoptive child except for a parent who is the spouse of the petitioner and except those rights that have vested prior to entry of the judgment of adoption;
- (2) terminate all rights of inheritance under intestacy from or through the parent unless that parent is the spouse of the petitioner or that parent or other relative had died prior to the judgment of adoption; and
- (3) terminate all rights of inheritance under intestacy from or through the child which existed prior to the adoption.
- <sup>2</sup>[d. With the consent of the adopting parent the court may provide in the adoption order for visitation or other type of communication with the child after the adoption by any person who had a relationship with or was biologically related to the adopted child. This provision may be modified by the court, subsequent to the adoption on petition of the adoptive parent for good cause shown.]<sup>2</sup>
- 18 1d. The court may order counseling for the adopting parents. 1
  19 (cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.14)
  - 14. Section 15 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-51) is amended to read as follows:
  - 15. The clerk of the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part shall promptly file all judgments of adoption and shall maintain an alphabetical index of all judgments of adoption entered each year pursuant to [this act] P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-37 et seq.), all of which records shall be sealed and thereafter shall be made accessible only by court order.
  - (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.194)

- 15. Section 16 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-52) is amended to read as follows:
- 16. a. All records of proceedings relating to adoption, including the complaint, judgment and all petitions, affidavits, testimony, reports, briefs, orders and other relevant documents, shall be filed under seal by the clerk of the court and shall at no time be open to inspection or copying unless the court, upon good cause shown, shall otherwise order. An index to all adoption proceedings shall be maintained by the clerk of the court, but no index of adoption proceedings shall be open to inspection or copying or be made public except upon order of the court.
- b. Upon entry of a judgment of adoption, the clerk of the court shall certify to the State [Bureau of Vital Statistics] Registrar, any successor agency or any similar agency in the State or country of the child's birth, the date of entry of the judgment, the names of the adopting parent or parents, the name of the child, the date and place of birth of the child and the new name of the child if changed by the judgment of adoption.
- 47 (cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.16)
- 48 16. Section 17 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-53) is amended to 49 read as follows:
- 17. The costs of all proceedings pursuant to [this act]
  P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-37 et seq.) shall be borne by the plaintiff,
  including the costs incurred by an approved agency acting
  pursuant to an order of the court; [provided, however,] except
  that [such] the approved agency may waive part [of] or all [such]

costs. Payment of costs [hereunder] shall not be a condition precedent to entry of judgment. [Such] The costs shall not include the provision of counsel for any person, other than the plaintiff, entitled to the appointment of counsel [hereunder] pursuant to P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-37 et seq.).

(cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.17)

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- 17. Section 19 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-55) is amended to read as follows:
- 19. a. [Any] A prospective parent who is not a brother, sister, 9 aunt, uncle, grandparent, foster parent,  $^1$ [natural]  $\underline{\text{birth}}^1$  father 10 or stepparent of the child to be adopted shall file before the 11 12 complaint is heard, in accordance with court rules, a detailed 13 report which shall be signed and verified by each [such] 14 prospective parent and shall disclose all sums of money or other valuable consideration paid, given or agreed to be given to any 15 16 person, firm, partnership, corporation, association or agency by or on behalf of the prospective parent in connection with the 17 adoption, and the names and addresses of each [such] person, 18 firm, partnership, corporation, association or agency to whom 19 20 [such] the consideration was given or promised. The report, a copy of which shall be provided to the approved agency 21 22 [appointed] pursuant to section 11 or 12 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-47 or C.9:3-48) <sup>2</sup>[and the Division of Youth and Family 23 Services, 2 shall include but [shall] not be limited to [any] 24 25 expenses incurred or to be incurred by or on behalf of [such] a 26 prospective parent in connection with:
  - (1) The birth of the child;
  - (2) The placement for adoption of the child with the prospective parent;
  - (3) Medical or hospital care received by the mother or the child during the mother's pre- and postnatal period; and
  - (4) Services relating to the adoption or to the placement for adoption, including legal services, which were rendered or are to be rendered to or for the benefit of the prospective parent, either parent of the child or any other person or agency.
  - b. Whenever based upon a report filed pursuant to this section it [shall appear] appears to the court <sup>2</sup>[or to the Division of Youth and Family Services]<sup>2</sup> that any person may have violated [sections 3 or 18 hereof] section 18 of P.L. ,c. (C. )(now pending before the Legislature as this bill) the court or the division may refer the matter to the appropriate county prosecutor.
- 43 (cf: P.L.1977, c.367, s.19)
  - 18. (New section) a. A person, firm, partnership, corporation, association or agency shall not place, offer to place or materially assist in the placement of any child for adoption in New Jersey unless:
    - (1) the person is the parent or guardian of the child, or
  - (2) the firm, partnership, corporation, association or agency is an approved agency <sup>1</sup>to act as agent, finder or to otherwise materially assist in the placement of any child for adoption in this State<sup>1</sup>, or
  - (3) the placement for adoption is with a brother, sister, aunt, uncle, grandparent, <sup>1</sup>[natural] birth<sup>1</sup> father or stepparent of the

child, or

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- (4) <sup>1</sup>the placement is through an intermediary and <sup>1</sup> <sup>2</sup>(a)<sup>2</sup> the person with whom the child is to be placed has been approved for placement for adoption by an approved agency home study which consists of the agency's formal <sup>1</sup>written <sup>1</sup> assessment of the capacity and readiness of the prospective adoptive parents to adopt a child, <sup>1</sup>[including the agency's written report and recommendations] <sup>1</sup> conducted in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of the Division of Youth and Family Services <sup>2</sup>;
- (b) The birth parent, except one who can not be identified or located prior to the placement of the child for adoption, shall be offered counseling as to his or her options other than placement of the child for adoption. Such counseling shall be made available by or through an approved licensed agency in New Jersey or in the birth parent's state or country of residence. The fact that counseling has been made available, and the name, address and telephone number of the agency through which the counseling is available, shall be confirmed in a written document signed by the birth parent and acknowledged in this State pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1991, c.308 (C.46:14-2.1) or acknowledged in another state or country pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1991, c.308 (C.46:14-6.1) a copy of which shall be provided to the birth parent and the <sup>3</sup>conducting the adoption complaint 3[named]3agency investigation pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-48) and shall be filed with the court prior to termination of parental rights<sup>3</sup>; and
- (c) Written notice shall be given to the birth parent, except one who can not be identified or located prior to the placement of the child for adoption, and 3the adoptive parent that 3the decision not to place the child for adoption or 3 the return of the child to the birth parent can not be conditioned upon reimbursement of expenses by the birth parent to the adoptive parent, and that payments by the adoptive parent are non-refundable. Provision of such notice shall be confirmed in a written document signed by the birth parent and adoptive parent in separate documents which shall be acknowledged in this State pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1991, c.308 (C.46:14-2.1) or acknowledged in another state or country pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1991, c.308 (C.46:14-6.1), a copy of which shall be provided to the birth parent 3[and adoptive parent2], and the agency conducting the adoption complaint investigation pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-48), and shall be filed with the court prior to termination of parental rights<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>1</sup>[For the purposes of this section, material assistance in the placement for adoption of any child shall include, but not be limited to, acting as an agent, finder or intermediary for or between any parent and any prospective parent or person acting on behalf of either in connection with a placement for adoption of the parent's child. The provision of legal services by an attorney licensed to practice law, in connection with the placement of a child for adoption or an adoption shall not constitute material assistance under this section.]<sup>1</sup>

<sup>3</sup>b. <sup>3</sup> The Superior Court in an action by the Commissioner of

Human Services may enjoin any party found by the court to have violated this section from any further violation of this section.

- $^3$ [b.]  $\underline{\text{c.}}^3$  A person, firm, partnership, corporation, association, or agency violating subsection a. of this section shall be guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- <sup>3</sup>[c.] <u>d.</u><sup>3</sup> A person, firm, partnership, corporation, association <sup>3</sup>,intermediary<sup>3</sup> or agency other than an approved agency which pays, seeks to pay, receives, or seeks to receive money or other valuable consideration in connection with <sup>1</sup>[a] <u>the</u><sup>1</sup> placement <sup>1</sup>[or materially assists in the placement]<sup>1</sup> of a child for adoption shall be guilty of a crime of the second degree. <sup>1</sup>[This subsection does not apply to the payment of a fee for legal services provided by an attorney in connection with an adoption.]<sup>1</sup>
- $^3$ [d.] <u>e.</u><sup>3</sup> It shall not be a violation of  $^3$ [subsection c.]<u>subsection</u> <u>d.</u><sup>3</sup> of this section  $^1$ :(1) $^1$  to pay, provide or reimburse to a parent of the child, or for a parent of the child to receive payment, provision or reimbursement for  $^1$ [:
- (1) Medical medical, hospital, counseling or other similar expenses incurred in connection with the birth or any illness of the child, or
- <sup>1</sup>[(2) The] the <sup>1</sup> reasonable living expenses of the mother of the child during her pregnancy including payments for reasonable food, clothing, medical expenses <sup>1</sup>[and] <sup>1</sup> shelter <sup>1</sup>, and religious, psychological, vocational, or similar counseling services <sup>1</sup> during the period of the pregnancy and for a period not to exceed <sup>1</sup>[one week] four weeks <sup>1</sup> after the termination of the pregnancy by birth or otherwise. These payments may be made directly to the birth mother or on the mother's behalf to the supplier of the goods or services, or
- <sup>1</sup>[(3) The] (2) where the child is from a foreign country, <sup>1</sup> reasonable and customary fees and expenses of a foreign agency or attorney for the care or representation of the child during <sup>1</sup>[the] any <sup>1</sup> period of foster or institutional care in the child's country of origin, or
- <sup>1</sup>[(4) The reasonable, customary and necessary attorney fees and costs for services related to the placement of the child for adoption including fees and costs payable for providing legal advice and counseling to or representation before a court of any party to the adoption action including a birth parent, but shall not include any fees or costs for placing or participating in the placement of the child for adoption] (3) reasonable attorney fees and costs for legal services <sup>1</sup>.
- <sup>3[1]</sup>Written notice shall be given to the birth mother and the adoptive parents that payment by the adoptive parents of costs for the birth mother are not refundable if the birth mother changes her decision to place the child for adoption. <sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup>
- 19. (New section) The Commissioner of Human Services shall, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), adopt rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act.
- 51 20. Sections 3 and 18 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-39 and 52 C.9:3-54) are repealed.
- 53 <sup>3</sup>21. (New section) a. (1) In addition to meeting the other requirements established by the Department of Human Services,

a home study completed by an approved agency shall include a recommendation regarding the suitability of the home for the placement of a child based upon the results of State and federal criminal history record checks for each prospective adoptive parent and each adult residing in the home.

- (2) Each prospective adoptive parent and each member of the prospective adoptive parent's household, age 18 or older, shall submit to the approved agency standard fingerprint cards containing his name, address and fingerprints taken by a State or municipal law enforcement agency.
- (3) The cost of all criminal history record checks conducted pursuant to this section shall be paid by the prospective adoptive parent or household member at the time the fingerprint cards are submitted.
- (4) The approved agency shall forward the fingerprint cards and payment to the Commissioner.
- (5) The Commissioner is authorized to exchange fingerprint data and receive criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Division of State Police for use in making the recommendations provided for in this section.
- (6) The department shall advise the approved agency of information received from State and federal criminal history record checks based upon the fingerprints submitted by the agency. Information provided to the approved agency shall be confidential and not disclosed by the approved agency to any individual or entity without the written permission of the person who is the subject of the record check.
- (7) The Commissioner shall adopt regulations for the use of criminal history record information by approved agencies when determining the suitability of a home for the placement of a child for the purposes of adoption.
- b. (1) Beginning one year after the effective date of this act, a home study completed by an approved agency shall include a recommendation regarding the suitability of the home for the placement of the child based upon a check for any records which might reveal a history of child abuse or neglect by the proposed adoptive parent or member of the parent's household who is 18 years of age or older.
- (2) Beginning one year after the effective date, at the request of an approved agency, the Commissioner or his designee shall conduct a search of the records of the Division of Youth and Family Services regarding referrals of dispositions of child abuse or neglect matters as to the proposed adoptive parent and any member of the parent's household 18 years of age or older, and, if there is information that would raise a question of the suitability of the proposed adoptive parent or member of the parent's household to have guardianship of a child, shall provide that information to the approved agency for its consideration. Information provided to the approved agency pursuant to this paragraph shall be confidential. The Commissioner shall establish penalties for disclosure of this confidential information.
- <sup>3</sup>22. (New section) One year after the effective date of this act, the Division of Youth and Family Services shall report to the

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Governor and the Legislature on the effectiveness of the use of intermediaries in facilitating the adoption of children which report shall include any recommendations for changes necessary to improve the adoption process.<sup>3</sup>

3[21.] 23.<sup>3</sup> This act shall take effect <sup>1</sup>[immediately] on the <sup>3</sup>[90th] 120th<sup>3</sup> day after enactment and shall apply to any complaint for adoption filed on or after the effective date<sup>1</sup>.

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12 Revises and updates the law concerning adoption.

pregnancy and for a period not to exceed one week after the termination of the pregnancy by birth or otherwise. These payments may be made directly to the birth mother or on the mother's behalf to the supplier of the goods or services, or

(3) The reasonable and customary fees and expenses of a foreign agency or attorney for the care or representation of the child during the period of foster or institutional care in the child's country of origin, or

(4) The reasonable, customary and necessary attorney fees and costs for services related to the placement of the child for adoption including fees and costs payable for providing legal advice and counseling to or representation before a court of any party to the adoption action including a birth parent, but shall not include any fees or costs for placing or participating in the placement of the child for adoption.

19. (New section) The Commissioner of Human Services shall, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), adopt rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

 Sections 3 and 18 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-39 and C.9:3-54) are repealed.

21. This act shall take effect immediately.

SPENSORS STATEMENT

This bill revises and updates P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-37 et seq.), the law concerning adoption.

The amendatory sections of the bill:

• Provide that before a surrender of a child is executed, the adoption agency must make known to the person surrendering the child that the surrender is a surrender of parental rights and means the permanent end of the relationship between the parent and child. The bill provides that a surrender of a child for adoption is valid in this State if valid in the state or country where it was executed. Additionally, a parent may surrender a child to be adopted by a person specified by the parent. The bill provides, however, that a surrender is not valid if taken before the birth of the child or within 72 hours of the birth of the child.

• Clarify that an action for adoption may be instituted in either the county (1) where the child resides prior to placement, (2) where the child was born, if under three months of age or (3) where the approved agency has an office if the child has already been placed with a prospective parent.

Provide that if a child is received into a prospective parent's home other than from an approved agency, a complaint for adoption must be filed within 45 days after receipt of the child. The bill prohibits a refusal of adoption based on the failure to timely file a complaint, but requires an affidavit setting forth the reasons for the delay to be filed with the delayed complaint.

 Clarify that failure to respond to a notice of intention to place a child and object to the placement shall constitute a waiver of all notice to any subsequent proceedings with respect to the child including proceedings for adoption or termination of

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- Provide that a judgment of adoption shall not be entered over the objection of a parent unless the court finds that (1) the parent has substantially failed to perform the regular and expected parental functions of care and support of the child, although able to do so, or (2) that the parent is unable to perform the regular and expected parental functions of care and support of the child and that the parent's inability to perform those functions is unlikely to change in the immediate future.
- Clarify that if a child to be adopted has been received by a prospective parent from an approved agency, a complaint may be filed and a hearing scheduled to resolve all matters except finalization of the adoption without waiting the required six months. However, the adoption shall not be final until the child has been in the adoptive parent's home for at least six months.
- Provide that the report required to be filed by the approved agency prior to the adoption hearing must include a criminal history record background check of the proposed adoptive parent and any member of the parent's household 18 years of age or older. All costs associated with the background check shall be borne by the person checked.
- Clarify that the judgment of adoption shall terminate all parental rights of the former parent, all rights of inheritance through the parent and all rights of inheritance through the child.
- Provides that the order for adoption may provide for visitation or other communication with the child after the adoption by a person who had a relationship or was related to the child, with the consent of the adopting parent.

The new section of the bill:

- Authorizes the private placement of a child for adoption as long as the adoptive parent has been approved for placement by an approved agency home study. The home study shall consist of the agency's formal assessment of the capacity and readiness of the prospective adoptive parents to adopt a child, including the agency's written report and recommendations conducted in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of the Division of Youth and Family Services; and
- Permits a parent of the child to be adopted to receive medical, hospital or similar expenses; reasonable living expenses of the mother of the child during pregnancy; reasonable fees and expenses for any foster or institutional care of the child in its country of origin; or reasonable attorney fees and costs related to the placement of the child for adoption.

Finally, the bill repeals sections 3 and 18 of P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-39 and C.9:3-54) regarding persons authorized to place children for adoption and payments for expenses of adoption. The provisions contained in these sections were incorporated in the new section 18 of the bill.

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Revises and updates the law concerning adoption.

# ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY, LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

## ASSEMBLY, No. 1418

with Assembly committee amendments

#### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 23, 1992

The Assembly Judiciary, Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 1418.

This bill primarily revises and updates P.L.1977, c.367 (C.9:3-37 et seq.), the law concerning adoption.

The amendatory sections of the bill:

- Provide that before a surrender of a child is executed, the adoption agency must make known to the person surrendering the child that the surrender is a surrender of parental rights and means the permanent end of the relationship between the parent and child. The bill provides that a surrender of a child for adoption is valid in this State if valid in the state or country where it was executed. Additionally, a parent may surrender a child to be adopted by a person specified by the parent. The bill provides, however, that a surrender is not valid if taken before the birth of the child or, within 72 hours of the birth of the child.
- Clarify that an action for adoption may be instituted in either the county (1) where the child resides prior to placement, (2) where the child was born, if under three months of age or (3) where the approved agency has an office if the child has already been placed with a prospective parent.
- Provide that if a child is received into a prospective parent's home other than from an approved agency, a complaint for adoption must be filed within 45 days after receipt of the child. The bill prohibits a refusal of adoption based on the failure to timely file a complaint, but requires an affidavit setting forth the reasons for the delay to be filed with the delayed complaint.
- Clarify that failure to respond to a notice of intention to place a child and object to the placement shall constitute a waiver of all notice to any subsequent proceedings with respect to the child including proceedings for adoption or termination of parental rights.
- Provide that a judgment of adoption shall not be entered over the objection of a parent unless the court finds that (1) the parent has substantially failed to perform the regular and expected parental functions of care and support of the child, although able to do so, or (2) that the parent is unable to perform the regular and expected parental functions of care and support of the child and that the parent's inability to perform those functions is unlikely to change in the immediate future.
- Clarify that if a child to be adopted has been received by a prospective parent from an approved agency, a complaint may be filed and a hearing scheduled to resolve all matters except finalization of the adoption without waiting the required six months. However, the adoption shall not be final until the child has been in the adoptive parent's home for at least six months.

• Provide that the report required to be filed by the approved agency prior to the adoption hearing must include a criminal history record background check of the proposed adoptive parent and any member of the parent's household 18 years of age or older. All costs associated with the background check shall be borne by the person checked.

#### COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

Section 1. The amendments make changes in the definitional section. The definition of "legal services" is amended and definitions for "home study" and "intermediary" are included. Throughout the bill references to "natural parent" are changed to "birth parent".

Section 2. The language is amended to read the same as section 2 of Senate Bill No. 685 of 1992.

Section 3. Requires approved agencies to offer counseling to a parent prior to surrender and for the approved agency to advise the parent that surrender constitutes a relinquishment of rights.

Section 7. Adds language concerning a person receiving a child who has previously been approved for such placement notifying the agency which granted such approval.

Section 8. Deletes statutory language at the last sentence of subsection a, of N.J.S.A. 9:3-45.

Section 11. Makes changes in what information is included in the written report submitted to the court when the child to be adopted has not been received from an approved agency. including information on fees paid and an evaluation of any other person residing in the prospective home.

Section 13. Provides that the court may order counseling for the adopting parents.

Section 17. Changes "natural" father to "birth" father.

Section 18. Makes several changes in this new section including adding the costs of religious, psychological, vocational or similar counseling services for the birth mother during the pregnancy and four weeks thereafter. The permitted payments include:

 medical, hospital, counseling or other similar expenses incurred in connection with the birth or any illness of the child, or

the reasonable living expenses of the mother of the child during her pregnancy or

- (2) where the child is from a foreign country, reasonable and customary fees and expenses of a foreign agency or attorney for the care or representation of the child during any period of foster or institutional care in the child's country of origin, or
  - (3) reasonable attorney fees and costs for legal services.

Provides that written notice shall be given to the birth mother and the adoptive parents that payment by the adoptive parents of costs for the birth mother are not refundable if the birth mother changes her decision to place the child for adoption.

Section 21. Delays the effective date to permit time for rule-making.

# [CORRECTED COPY] SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

(FIRST REPRINT)
ASSEMBLY, No. 1418

with Senate committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: MARCH 18, 1993** 

The Senate Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly No. 1418 (1R).

This bill proposes to revise and update New Jersey's present laws governing adoption (P.L.1971, c.367 (C.9:3-37 et seq.). The bill would authorize the private placement of a child for adoption as long as the adoptive parent has been approved for placement by an approved agency home study. Under present New Jersey law, only approved agencies may place children for adoption. In order to facilitate private adoptions, the bill would permit intermediaries to act for and between prospective parents and the parent of a child. Intermediaries could not receive payment for their services as intermediaries.

This bill would also permit a parent of the child to be adopted to receive medical, hospital or similar expenses; reasonable living expenses of the mother of the child during pregnancy; reasonable fees and expenses for any foster or institutional care of the child in its country of origin; and reasonable attorney fees and the costs of legal services related to the placement of the child for adoption. The bill would also allow for the reimbursement for the costs of religious, psychological, vocational or similar counseling services. In addition, the bill provides that expenses could be provided to the child's mother during the course of the pregnancy and up to four weeks after the child's birth. Present New Jersey law generally prohibits the giving or receiving of consideration in connection with an adoption except for the fees charged by the approved agency. Present law does, however, permit the mother to be reimbursed for medical expenses.

Other provisions of the bill would:

- 1. Provide that before a surrender of a child is executed, the adoption agency must make known to the person surrendering the child that the surrender is a surrender of parental rights and means the permanent end of the relationship between the parent and child. The bill provides that a surrender of a child for adoption is valid in this State if valid in the state or country where it was executed. Additionally, a parent may surrender a child to be adopted by a person specified by the parent. The bill provides, however, that a surrender is not valid if taken before the birth of the child or within 72 hours of the birth of the child.
- 2. Clarify that an action for adoption may be instituted in either the county (1) where the child resides prior to placement. (2) where the child was born, if under three months of age or (3) where the approved agency has an office if the child has already been placed with a prospective parent.

- 3. Provide that if a child is received into a prospective parent's home other than from an approved agency, a complaint for adoption must be filed within 45 days after receipt of the child. The bill prohibits a refusal of adoption based on the failure to timely file a complaint, but requires an affidavit setting forth the reasons for the delay to be filed with the delayed complaint.
- 4. Clarify that failure to respond to a notice of intention to place a child and object to the placement shall constitute a waiver of all notice to any subsequent proceedings with respect to the child including proceedings for adoption or termination of parental rights.
- 5. Provide that a judgment of adoption shall not be entered over the objection of a parent unless the court finds that (1) the parent has substantially failed to perform the regular and expected parental functions of care and support of the child, although able to do so, or 2) that the parent is unable to perform the regular and expected parental functions of care and support of the child and that the parent's inability to perform those functions is unlikely to change in the immediate future.
- 6. Clarify that if a child to be adopted has been received by a prospective parent from an approved agency, a complaint may be filed and a hearing scheduled to resolve all matters except finalization of the adoption without waiting the required six months. However, the adoption shall not be final until the child has been in the adoptive parent's home for at least six months.
- 7. Provide that the report required to be filed by the approved agency prior to the adoption hearing must include a criminal history record background check of the proposed adoptive parent and any member of the parent's household 18 years of age or older. All costs associated with the background check shall be borne by the person checked.
- 8. Repeal N.J.S.A.9:3-39 (limiting adoption placements to approved agencies) and N.J.S.A.9:3-54 (regulates the payment of consideration in connection with adoption).

#### COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The amendments adopted by the committee:

- Add language indicating that the surrender of a child for adoption may be revoked on proof or fraud, duress or misrepresentation by the adoption agency.
- Clarify that the bill's provisions dealing with surrender of a child apply to both birth parents.
- Add language that information concerning the child provided to the adoptive parents at the time of the adoption may be supplemented if new information becomes available to the adoption agency.
- 4. Restore language requiring that in an adoption proceeding notification be given to the birth mother's husband and the alleged father of the child.
- Clarify that in the case of a foreign adoption, approval by federal immigration authorities is sufficient to waive notice upon birth parents.

6. Restore language requiring that in an adoption proceeding the identity of any intermediary be disclosed to the court.

7. Add language requiring pre-placement counseling in a private

adoptions as well as agency placements. 8. Add language requiring written notice be given to a birth mother indicating that payment by the adoptive parents of costs to the birth mother are not refundable if the birth mother changes her

decision with regard to the adoption.

In addition, the amendments delete language which would have allowed a court to provide, in an adoption order, a visitation schedule or other type of communication between the birth parent and the adopted child. While it is not the intent of the committee in deleting this language to discourage open adoptions, it was felt that the issue of open adoption represents a significant policy issue which should be addressed in separate legislation.

proposed by Senator O'Eornor

(2) Beginning one year after the effective date, at the request of an approved agency, the commissioner or his designee shall conduct a search of the records of the Division of Youth and Family Services regarding referrals of dispositions of child abuse or neglect matters as to the proposed adoptive parent and any member of the parent's household 18 years of age or older, and, if there is information that would raise a question of the suitability of the proposed adoptive parent or member of the parent's household to have guardianship of a child, shall provide that information to the approved agency for its consideration. Information provided to the approved agency pursuant to this paragraph shall be confidential. The commissioner shall establish penalties for disclosure of this confidential information.

EPLACE SECTION 21 TO READ:

<sup>3</sup>[21.] 23.<sup>3</sup> This act shall take effect <sup>1</sup>[immediately] on the <sup>3</sup>[90th] 120th<sup>3</sup> day after enactment and shall apply to any complaint for adoption filed on or after the effective date<sup>1</sup>.

#### STATEMENT

A-1418 (2R) would revise the laws governing adoption. These amendments would clarify the provisions of the bill as follows:

- 1. Clarifies that any out state surrender of a child would only be deemed valid if the surrender occurred more than 72 hours after the birth of the child.
- 2. Clarify that a court, in conducting a hearing on whether the surrender of a child was voluntary, shall determine that the birth parent is aware that surrender permanently ends the relationship between the parent and the child and that no further notice of the adoption proceedings would be provided to the birth parent.
- 3. Clarify that the counseling required by the bill for birth parents may be provided in the case of out of state or foreign adoptions by an agency approved to provide counseling where the birth parent resides.
- 4. Clarify the decision of a birth parent not to place the child for adoption cannot be conditional upon repayment of expenses by the birth parent to the adopting parent.
- 5. Requires DYFS to conduct a study of the use of intermediaries in facilitating adoptions.
- 6. Clarify that pre-adoption investigations must include a criminal history check and beginning one year after the bill's enactment, a check of records for child abuse.
- 7. Provide that the bill shall take effect 120 days rather than 90 days after enactment.

4 V.