5-8:118-6

### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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(Wastewater Treatment Trust-suspend Dept. ceiling for one year)

**NJSA:** 58:11B-6

**LAWS OF:** 1993

CHAPTER: 194

BILL NO: A2804

**SPONSOR(S)** Azzolina

DATE INTRODUCED: June 17, 1993

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: ---

SENATE: ---

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 21, 1993

**SENATE:** June 21, 1993

DATE OF APPROVAL: July 22, 1993

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SENATE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT: Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

FISCAL NOTE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS: No

**HEARINGS:** No

See newspaper clipping--attached.

"Gov. Florio signs 2 bills for finance utilities projects," 7-23-93, <u>Home News.</u>"

No

"Florio OKs sewer funds, doubts foes' judgement," 7-23-93, Asbury park Press.

KBG:pp

### P.L.1993, CHAPTER 194, approved July 22, 1993 1993 Assembly No. 2804

AN ACT concerning the bonded indebtedness of the New Jersey Wastewater Treatment Trust, and amending P.L.1985, c.334.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 6 of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-6) is amended to read as follows:
- 6. a. Except as may be otherwise expressly provided in [this act] the provisions of P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.), the trust may from time to time issue its bonds, notes or other obligations in any principal amounts as in the judgment of the trust shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for any of its corporate purposes, including the payment, funding or refunding of the principal of, or interest or redemption premiums on, any bonds, notes or other obligations issued by it, whether the bonds, notes or other obligations or the interest or redemption premiums thereon to be funded or refunded have or have not become due, the establishment or increase of reserves or other funds to secure or to pay the bonds, notes or other obligations or interest thereon and all other costs or expenses of the trust incident to and necessary to carry out its corporate purposes and powers.
- b. Whether or not the bonds, notes or other obligations of the trust are of a form and character as to be negotiable instruments under the terms of Title 12A of the New Jersey Statutes, the bonds, notes and other obligations are made negotiable instruments within the meaning of and for the purposes of Title 12A, subject only to the provisions of the bonds, notes and other obligations for registration.
- c. Bonds, notes or other obligations of the trust shall be authorized by a resolution or resolutions of the trust and may be issued in one or more series and shall bear any date or dates, mature at any time or times, bear interest at any rate or rates of interest per annum, be in any denomination or denominations, be in any form, either coupon, registered or book entry, carry any conversion or registration privileges, have any rank or priority, be executed in any manner, be payable in any coin or currency of the United States which at the time of payment is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts, at any place or places within or without the State, and be subject to any terms of redemption by the trust or the holders thereof, with or without premium, as the resolution or resolutions may provide. A resolution of the trust authorizing the issuance of bonds, notes or other obligations may provide that the bonds, notes or other

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets (thus) in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be umitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

obligations be secured by a trust indenture between the trust and a trustee, vesting in the trustee any property, rights, powers and duties in trust consistent with the provisions of [this act] P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.) as the trust may determine.

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52 53 d. Bonds, notes or other obligations of the trust may be sold at any price or prices and in any manner as the trust may determine. Each bond, note or other obligation shall mature and be paid not later than 20 years from the effective date thereof, or the certified useful life of the project or projects to be financed by the bonds, whichever is less.

All bonds of the trust shall be sold at such price or prices and in such manner as the trust shall determine, after notice of sale, published at least three times in at least three newspapers published in the State of New Jersey, and at least once in a publication carrying municipal bond notices and devoted primarily to financial news, published in New Jersey or the city of New York, the first notice to be at least five days prior to the day of bidding. The notice of sale may contain a provision to the effect that any or all bids made in pursuance thereof may be rejected. In the event of such rejection or of failure to receive any acceptable bid, the trust, at any time within 60 days from the date of such advertised sale, may sell such bonds at private sale upon terms not less favorable to the State than the terms offered by any rejected bid. The trust may sell all or part of the bonds of any series as issued to any State fund or to the federal government or any agency thereof, at private sale, without advertisement.

e. Bonds, notes or other obligations of the trust may be issued under the provisions of [this act] P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.) without obtaining the consent of any department, division, board, bureau or agency of the State, and without any other proceedings or the happening of any other conditions or things, other than those consents, proceedings, conditions or things which are specifically required by [this act] P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.).

f. Bonds, notes or other obligations of the trust issued under the provisions of [this act] P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.) shall not be a debt or liability of the State or of any political subdivision thereof other than the trust and shall not create or constitute any indebtedness, liability or obligation of the State or any political subdivision, but all these bonds, notes and other obligations, unless funded or refunded by bonds, notes or other obligations, shall be payable solely from revenues or funds pledged or available for their payment as authorized in [this act] P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.). Each bond, note and obligation shall contain on its face a statement to the effect that the trust is obligated to pay the principal thereof or the interest thereon only from its revenues, receipts or funds pledged or available for their payment as authorized in [this act] P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-1 et seq.) and that neither the State, nor any political subdivision thereof, is obligated to pay the principal or interest and that neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State, or any political subdivision thereof, is pledged to the payment of the principal of or the interest on the bonds,

notes or other obligations.

g. The aggregate principal amount of bonds, notes or other obligations, including subordinated indebtedness of the trust, shall not exceed \$600,000,000.00, except that, for the purpose of implementing the Fiscal Year 1994 Financial Plan as approved by the Legislature pursuant to SCR No. 118 of 1993 and ACR No. 138 of 1993, the trust may exceed the foregoing limitations. In computing the foregoing limitations there shall be excluded all the bonds, notes or other obligations, including subordinated indebtedness of the trust, which shall be issued for refunding purposes, whenever the refunding shall be determined to result in a debt service savings, as hereinafter provided:

- (1) Upon the decision by the trust to issue refunding bonds, and prior to the sale of those bonds, the trust shall transmit to the Joint Appropriations Committee's Subcommittee on Transfers, or its successor, a report that a decision has been made, reciting the basis on which the decision was made, including an estimate of the debt service savings to be achieved and the calculations upon which the trust relied when making the decision to issue refunding bonds. The report shall also disclose the intent of the trust to issue and sell the refunding bonds at public sale and the reasons therefor.
- (2) The Joint Appropriations Committee's Subcommittee on Transfers shall have the authority to approve or disapprove the sales of refunding bonds as included in each report submitted in accordance with paragraph (1) of this subsection. The subcommittee shall notify the trust in writing of the approval or disapproval as expeditiously as possible.
- (3) No refunding bonds shall be issued unless the report has been submitted to and approved by the Joint Appropriations Committee's Subcommittee on Transfers as set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection.
- (4) Within 30 days after the sale of the refunding bonds, the trust shall notify the Subcommittee on Transfers of the result of that sale, including the prices and terms, conditions and regulations concerning the refunding bonds, the actual amount of debt service savings to be realized as a result of the sale of refunding bonds, and the intended use of the proceeds from the sale of those bonds.
- (5) The subcommittee shall review all information and reports submitted in accordance with this subsection and may, on its own initiative, make observations to the trust, or to the Legislature, or both, as it deems appropriate.
- h. Each issue of bonds, notes or other obligations of the trust may, if it is determined by the trust, be general obligations thereof payable out of any revenues, receipts or funds of the trust, or special obligations thereof payable out of particular revenues, receipts or funds, subject only to any agreements with the holders of bonds, notes or other obligations, and may be secured by one or more of the following:
- (1) Pledge of revenues and other receipts to be derived from the payment of the interest on and principal of notes, bonds or other obligations issued to the trust by one or more local government units, and any other payment made to the trust

pursuant to agreements with any local government units, or a pledge or assignment of any notes, bonds or other obligations of any local government unit and the rights and interest of the trust therein:

- (2) Pledge of rentals, receipts and other revenues to be derived from leases or other contractual arrangements with any person or entity, public or private, including one or more local government units, or a pledge or assignment of those leases or other contractual arrangements and the rights and interest of the trust therein:
- (3) Pledge of all moneys, funds, accounts, securities and other funds, including the proceeds of the bonds, notes or other obligations;
- (4) Pledge of the receipts to be derived from the payments of State aid, payable to the trust pursuant to section 12 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.334 (C.58:11B-12);
- (5) A mortgage on all or any part of the property, real or personal, of the trust then owned or thereafter to be acquired, or a pledge or assignment of mortgages made to the trust by any person or entity, public or private, including one or more local government units and the rights and interest of the trust therein.
- i. The trust shall not issue any bonds, notes or other obligations, or otherwise incur any additional indebtedness, on or after [20 years from the effective date of this act] November 5, 2005.

(cf: P.L.1985, c.336, s.1)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill would suspend for one year the debt ceiling established under P.L.1985, c.334, which limits the aggregate principal amount of bonded indebtedness, including subordinated indebtedness, that the New Jersey Wastewater Treatment Trust may incur to \$600,000,000.000.

Specifically, this bill would authorize the Trust to incur bonded indebtedness in excess of the current debt ceiling in order to implement the Trust's Fiscal Year 1994 Financial Plan as approved by the Legislature pursuant to SCR No. 118 of 1993 and ACR No. 138, and as embodied in Senate Bill Nos. 1930 and 1926 of 1993 and Assembly Bill Nos. 2614 and 2615 of 1993. Under the Fiscal Year 1994 Financial Plan, the Trust and the Department of Environmental Protection would make loans to local governments for the construction of eligible wastewater treatment system projects.

Senate Bill No. 1930 of 1993 and Assembly Bill No. 2614 of 1993 would authorize the New Jersey Wastewater Treatment Trust to expend up to \$75,000,000, and any unexpended balances from the authorizations made by P.L.1988, c.132, P.L.1989, c.190, P.L.1990, c.97, P.L.1991, c.324 and P.L.1992, c.37 to provide loans with an interest rate at or below the prevailing market rate to local government units for up to 50% of the costs of eligible wastewater treatment system projects. The eligible

projects are those included in the "State Fiscal \ear 1994 Project Priority List" and nine projects that received loans in the past and each of which now require a supplemental loan in order to meet actual costs.

A companion bill (Senate Bill No. 1926 of 1993 and Assembly Bill No. 2615 of 1993) would appropriate up to \$120,000,000 in federal moneys received pursuant to the federal "Water Quality Act of 1987," and from fees and penalties from the federal "Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act of 1972," to the Department of Environmental Protection. The department is to use these moneys to provide zero interest loans to local governments for the remaining 50% of eligible project costs or for the supplemental costs of nine existing projects. These bills together provide loan financing for 100% of the eligible cost of a wastewater treatment system project: one-half of the loan amount from the Trust with interest at or below the prevailing market rate and one-half from a zero interest loan from the department.

By suspending for one year the debt ceiling imposed by P.L.1985, c.334, this bill would permit the Trust to issue bonds in order to implement the Fiscal Year 1994 Financial Plan.

Suspends for one year the debt ceiling on the amount of bonded indebtedness that the New Jersey Wastewater Treatment Trust may incur.

pursuant to agreements with any local government units, or a pledge or assignment of any notes, bonds or other obligations of any local government unit and the rights and interest of the trust therein;

- (2) Pledge of rentals, receipts and other revenues to be derived from leases or other contractual arrangements with any person or entity, public or private, including one or more local government units, or a pledge or assignment of those leases or other contractual arrangements and the rights and interest of the trust therein:
- (3) Pledge of all moneys, funds, accounts, securities and other funds, including the proceeds of the bonds, notes or other obligations;
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•	DATE:	
☐ Asbury Park Press	Philadelphia Inquirer	☐ Star-Ledger
☐ Courier-Post	☐ The Press	☐ Trenton Times
M Home News	$\square$ The Record	☐ The Trentonian
☐ New York Times		

## Blue Cross decides to selffive bare-bones policies

The Associated Press

TRENTON — Facing pressure from legislators, Blue Cross and Blue Shield of New Jersey reversed itself yesterday and decided to offer five newly designed policies for people who buy their own insurance.

John Petillo, president and chief executive of the Blues, said the decision was made after discussions with Sen. Louis Bassano, R-Union, and Assemblyman Nicholas Felice, R-Bergen.

Legislators and consumer activists had criticized the Blues for only planning to offer a health maintenance organization-type policy, HMO Blue, which restricts customers to using a preapproved network of doctors and hospitals.

Prices for the comprehensive HMO coverage range from \$3,140 a year for individuals to \$8,415 for families A law passed in November designed to open up the health-insurance market to the more than 800,000 uninsured state residents called for five standard traditional policies to be developed and marketed by Aug. 1, including a "bare bones" policy:

The bare-bones plan, which experts said should cost between \$1,000 and \$1,300, would office 30 days of hospitalization per admission with a \$1,000 deductible and 20 percent copayment. Patients also would have to pay half the cost of doctors' visits.

The Blues, the largest insurer of individuals with more than 200,000 customers, decided not to market any of the five plans.

Instead, the company said it planned to steer all existing customers into managed-care policies, in which patients would have to pay more for uning provide ers outside the Blues' setswork of 5,800 dectors and 56 hospitals.

# Gov. Florio signs two bills to finance utilities' projects

By JOHN MCKEBGAN
Home News Trenton Bureau

TRENTON — Gov. Jim Florio yesterday signed two bills that offer cheap loans for upgrading water and sewer systems across the state, including those in Middlesex County.

The first bill allocates up to \$75 million from the New Jersey Wastewater Treatment Trust Pund to loan money at low interest to local governments. The second bill spends up to \$120 million to provide zero-interest loans to towns and counties.

The two funds will be combined so that half the money for each of the 21 projects comes from low-interest loans and half from zero-interest loans, said Janice Newman, a communications specialist with the Department of Environmental Protection and En-

ergy

The Middlesex County Utilities Authority, the Old Bridge Utilities Authority, and Manville Borough are among the entities that will receive loans. The MCUA project is expected to cost \$14.2 million, the Old Bridge project \$2 million and the Manville project \$1.3 million.

"We're getting rid of old oxygenation equipment in our oxygenation tanks that have been there since the beginning of time," said Helen Pettit, administrative coordinator for the MCUA.

The money also will help install odor-control systems on the sludge-thickening tanks, she said.

Newman said the Old Bridge and Manville projects both involve the rehabilitation of old sewers collection systems that have cracked and broken lines.

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	•	DATE:
Asbury Park Press	□ Philadelphia Inquirer	☐ Star-Ledger
☐ Courier-Post	$\square$ The Press	☐ Trenton Times
☐ Home News	$\square$ The Record	☐ The Trentonian
□ New York Times		

# Florio OKs sewer funds, doubts foe's judgment

By MARK J. MAGYAR PRESS STATEHOUSE BUREAU

LONG BRANCH — Surrounded by more bathing suits than business suits, Gov. Florio yesterday signed legislation to provide \$195 million for wastewater treatment projects, then sharply criticized his Republican opponent for hiring the creator of the infamous Willie Horton ad.

"Clean water means jobs — good jobs for men and women all across our state, in everything from tourism that depends on a sparkling ocean, to such water-intensive industries as pharmaceuticals and food processing," Florio said.

The ceremony took place on the boardwalk in Seven Presidents Park, or erlooking a crowded beach the governor chose to symbolize the state's \$18 billion tourism industry.

Florio signed two bills sponsored by:
Sen. Joseph Azzolina, R-Monmouth,
Assemblywoman Joann Smith, R-Middlesex, and other Republicans that will
provide \$195 million to pay the full
costs of upgrading wastewater treatment.

Among the projects receiving fund-



ing are the Bayshore Regional Sewerage Authority, Union Beach, \$13,894,614; Wall Township, \$6,588,135; the Old Bridge Munici-

pal Utilities Authority, \$2,047,730; and the Middlesex County Utilities Authority, \$14,268,754.

Florio accepted a yellow lifeguard shirt from Michael Fowler of Neptune, the park's lifeguard supervisor, and stopped for a roast beef sub at Faccone's West End Sub Shop, whose owners are vocal supporters.

As he has increasingly in recent

months, Florio combined government business with politics, traveling to both Long Branch and Morris County to sign legislation that two years ago he might very well have handled at his desk in Trenton.

"Jim Florio's been using the power of the incumbency to conduct his campaign," noted Carl Golden, press secretary for his GOP rival, Christine Todd Whitman.

"Every hill signing is now a public event. Every allocation of money is now a public check presentation. But that's no surprise," said Golden, wise watched GOP Gov. Thomas H. Kean do the same thing in his 1935 race when he was Kean's press secretary.

when he was Kean's press secretary.

The governor used his impression press conference to attack whitman whiring of Larry McCarthy, the mediat consultant who made the 1988 White Horton commercial for George Base a presidential campaign.

McCarthy was appointed Tuesday at the signed Wednesday after New Jersey black leaders complained about the ad, which many considered racist. Several sources said yesterday that the Whitman campaign let McCarthy know he should leave.

"If someone (Whitman) doesn't understand the significance of Willie Horton as a metaphor for insensitivity and a philosophic propensity to divide people, rather than bring people together," Florio said, it raises questions about her ability to lead the state.

Sweeping his hand over the racial and ethnic mix of bathers on the Long Branch beach, Florio said "the Willie Horton sense of values is the very opposite of what people want. It's colossally insensitive."

Whitman said Wednesday she thought Roger Ailes was more responsible for the ads, which lambasted Bush's opponent, former Massachusetts Gov. Michael Dukakis for allowing a black rapist — Horton — out on

furlough, after which he committed a

McCarthy said he, not Ailes, did the controversial Willie Horton ad, and Jon Kraushaer of Ailes Communications Inc., New York, said the "revolving door" prison furlough ad that Ailes did never mentioned Horton at all.

Whitman doubted the hiring would be a major issue for voters in November.

Whitman, who campaigned in Bergen County last night, is leaving this weekend on a nine-day mountain bike vacation in Idaho with her husband and two teen-agera-

Jo Astrid Glading, Florio's campaign spokeswomen, celebrated the Whitmann' vacation by putting a tape of the B-52's song "Private Idaho" on the campaign's radio phone line. The song ends, "Get out, out, out, out/ Get out of that state/ Get out of that state/ You're living in your own private Idaho."

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