13:96-1 to 13:96-4

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

(Wetlands establish state/

county program)

NJSA:

13:9C-1 to 13:9C-4

LAWS OF:

1993

CHAPTER: 298

BILL NO:

S651

SPONSOR (S)

Cafiero

DATE INTRODUCED:

March 30, 1992

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY:

Environment

SENATE:

Environment

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:

Fifth reprint enacted

Yes Amendments during passage

denoted by superscript numbers

O

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

November 15, 1993

SENATE:

December 14, 1992

DATE OF APPROVAL:

December 23, 1993

Fifth reprint

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

Yes

SENATE:

Yes

FISCAL NOTE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

HEARINGS:

No

SENATE, No. 651

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MARCH 30, 1992

By Senator CAFIERO

1 AN ACT concerning wetlands ¹[mitigation] <u>creation</u> ³, 2 <u>enhancement, ³ or restoration</u> ¹ ²[and] , ² ¹ <u>amending</u> ²[and ¹] 3 supplementing ¹² P.L.1987, c.156 ², and supplementing Title 13 4 of the Revised Statutes ².

 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. (New section) As used in this act:

²"Council" means the Wetlands Mitigation Council established pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-14).

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection.²

"Wetlands" means ¹[those lands] <u>freshwater wetlands as</u> ¹ defined [as wetlands] pursuant to P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), ²[and] <u>or</u> ² ¹[those lands regulated by the Department of Environmental Protection under] <u>coastal wetlands as defined pursuant to</u> ¹ P.L.1970, c.272 (C.13:9A-1 et seq.) ¹[and P.L.1973, c.185 (C.13:19-1 et seq.)] ¹.

 3 ["Wetlands permit" means a permit approved and issued by the department for activities regulated pursuant to P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.) 1 [,] 2 [and 1] 2 P.L.1970, c.272 (C.13:9A-1 et seq.) 1 [and P.L.1973, c.185 (C.13:19-1 et seq.)] 1 .]

"Wetlands ¹[mitigation"] <u>creation</u> ³, <u>enhancement</u>, ³ <u>or restoration</u> ¹ ³" ³ means those activities or techniques designed to ¹[diminish or eliminate adverse environmental impacts to wetland areas, restore or replace vegetation, habitats, and land and water features therein, prevent sedimentation and erosion thereof, minimize wetland disturbance and insure compliance with section 404 of the "Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972" as amended by the "Clean Water Act of 1977" (33 U.S.C. §1344) and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto] <u>create</u> ²[a wetland] wetlands² or ³enhance or ³ restore ²[a]² degraded ²[wetland¹] wetlands².

³"Wetlands permit" means a permit approved and issued by the department for activities regulated pursuant to P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.) or P.L.1970, c.272 (C.13:9A-1 et seq.).³

2. (New section) a. The ²[Wetlands Mitigation Council created pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-14) shall] Department of Environmental Protection², in addition to its responsibilities under P.L.1987, c.156 ²(C.13:9B-1 et seq.) and P.L.1970, c.272 (C.13:9A-1 et seq.)², and pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1

EXPLANATION——Matter end sed in bold—faced brackets [thus] in the anove by a cool charter of in intended to be united in the law.

March confosed is insist number, has been ado, its follows a Senate SEN committee ame prents adopted June 15, 1992. Senate floor amendments adopted October 9, 1993 senate floor amendments adopted fivenier 30, 1992. Assembly AEN committee amendments adopted May 6, 1993.

et seq.), $^2\underline{\text{shall}}^2$ adopt $^2\underline{\text{, within six months of the effective date}}$ of this act, rules and 2 regulations $^2\underline{\text{[which will]}}$ to 2 assist counties in identifying areas suitable for wetlands $^1\underline{\text{[mitigation]}}$ creation $^3\underline{\text{, enhancement,}}^3$ or restoration $^1\underline{\text{, and which }}^2\underline{\text{[will]}}$ shall 2 be used by the $^2\underline{\text{[council]}}$ Wetlands Mitigation Council 2 to approve or disapprove areas so identified by the governing body of $^2\underline{\text{[the]}}$ a 2 county.

- b. If the governing body of a county submits \$^1\$to the \$^2\$[Wetlands Mitigation Council\$^1\$] council\$^2\$ a map \$^2\$[, and such supporting material as may be required,]\$^2\$ of areas proposed for use in wetlands \$^1\$[mitigation] creation \$^3\$, enhancement,\$^3\$ or restoration \$^1\$2, and any supporting documents or information that the council may require\$^2\$, the council shall review and approve or disapprove the submittal within 120 days of \$^3\$[the submittal] receipt thereof \$^3\$ \$^1\$[, causing to be conducted such]. The council may conduct \$^3\$ site visits and evaluations as may be necessary within that time to confirm the suitability \$^1\$for wetlands creation \$^3\$, enhancement, \$^3\$ or restoration \$^1\$ of the areas being proposed. The council may approve some of the areas identified by the county while disapproving other areas, stating the reasons for the disapproval of areas in writing.
- c. ¹[Upon approval, whenever,] Whenever¹ the department issues a wetlands permit within ¹[that] a¹ county ¹with an approved list of areas suitable for wetlands creation ³, enhancement, ³ or restoration ¹ and ¹the department ¹ is requiring ¹[mitigation it shall] wetlands creation ³, enhancement, ³ or restoration of the permit, the department may ¹ utilize the list of sites approved by the council for that county in identifying the areas wherein the ¹[mitigation] wetlands creation ³, enhancement, ³ or restoration ¹ activities are to take place ¹[in addition to any other sites recommended by the county governing body but not yet submitted to the council for approval] ¹.
- 3. (New section) a. The governing body of a county may, in consultation with the municipalities within its territorial jurisdiction, identify and inventory areas within the county that it deems suitable for use in wetlands ¹[mitigation] <u>creation</u> ³, <u>enhancement, ³ or restoration ¹ in the event a wetlands permit is issued by the Department of Environmental Protection and the department requires the creation ³, <u>enhancement, ³ or restoration of wetlands ² as a condition of the permit ².</u></u>
- b. Upon identification, the governing body shall forward to the ²[Wetlands Mitigation Council] <u>council</u>² a map of the areas and any supporting documents or information that the council may require in order to ³review and ³ approve ³or disapprove ³ the use of those areas for ¹[mitigation] <u>wetlands creation</u> ³, enhancement, ³ or restoration ¹ purposes.
- 14. (New section) 3a.3 Nothing in this act shall be construed to discourage or prevent the creation 3, enhancement,3 or restoration of 2[a wetland] wetlands2 on the site of the approved regulated activity or to discourage or prevent the use of any area suitable for the creation 3, enhancement,3 or restoration of 2[a wetland which] wetlands because the2 area was not previously approved by the council pursuant in section 2 of this act.1

³b. No State, regional, county, or local governmental entity,

agency, or authority may deny or disapprove a permit, approval, or other authorization, which is required pursuant to law, rule, regulation, or local resolution or ordinance in order to develop a parcel or engage in any other activities thereon, because the parcel is located within an area approved by the council pursuant to section 2 of this act as being suitable for wetlands creation, enhancement, or restoration.³

- ¹5. Section 13 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-13) is amended to read as follows:
- 13. a. The department shall require as a condition of a freshwater wetlands permit that all appropriate measures have been carried out to mitigate adverse environmental impacts, restore vegetation, habitats, and land and water features, prevent sedimentation and erosion, minimize the area of freshwater wetland disturbance and insure compliance with the Federal Act and implementing regulations.
- b. The department may require the creation ³, enhancement, ³ or restoration of an area of freshwater wetlands of equal ecological value to those which will be lost, and shall determine whether the creation ³, enhancement, ³ or restoration of freshwater wetlands is conducted onsite or offsite. The department shall accept and evaluate a proposal to create ³, enhance, ³ or restore an area of freshwater wetlands only after the department has evaluated the permit application for which the proposal is made, and shall evaluate the proposal to create ³, enhance, ³ or restore an area of freshwater wetlands independently of the permit application. The department's evaluation of a proposal to create ³, enhance, ³ or restore an area of freshwater wetlands shall be conducted in consultation with the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- c. If the department determines that the creation 3, enhancement, 3 or restoration of freshwater wetlands onsite is not feasible, the department, in consultation with the United States Environmental Protection Agency, may consider the option of permitting 2:2 the creation of freshwater wetlands or the ³enhancement or ³ restoration of degraded freshwater wetlands offsite on private property 2[, or in the case of a public entity, offsite on private]² 4[or public property,]⁴ with the restriction on these ²freshwater² wetlands of any future development ²[,]; the protection of transition areas or upland areas offsite, on private property 4[or public property]4, that are deemed by the department to be valuable for the protection of a freshwater wetlands ecosystem, with the restriction on these areas of any future development;2 or the making of a contribution to the Wetlands Mitigation Bank. The contribution shall be equivalent to the lesser of the following costs: (1) purchasing 3^3 and ³enhancing or³ restoring ³,³ existing degraded freshwater wetlands, resulting in preservation of freshwater wetlands of equal ecological value to those which are being lost; or (2) purchase of property and the cost of creation of freshwater wetlands of equal ecological value to those which are being lost. The applicant may also donate land as part of the contribution if the Wetlands Mitigation Council determines that the donated land has potential to be a valuable component of the freshwater

wetlands ecosystem. The department shall permit the donation of land as a part of the contribution to the Wetlands Mitigation Bank only after determining that all alternatives to the donation are not practicable or feasible. 1

(cf: P.L.1987, c.156, s.13)

- 2 6. Section 15 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-15) is amended to read as follows:
- 15. a. The Wetlands Mitigation Council shall be responsible for disbursements of funds from the bank to finance mitigation projects. The council shall have the power to purchase land to provide areas for the ⁵[creation of freshwater wetlands or the]⁵ ³enhancement or ³ restoration of degraded freshwater wetlands, to engage in ⁵[the ³creation of freshwater wetlands or]⁵ the enhancement or³ restoration of degraded freshwater wetlands on any public lands, including public lands other than those acquired by the bank, and to preserve freshwater wetlands and transition areas determined to be of critical importance in protecting freshwater wetlands. [The council shall not engage in the restoration of degraded freshwater wetlands on public lands, except those lands which are acquired by the bank. The council shall assist the department in preparing the portions of the report required pursuant to section 29 of this act which pertain to mitigation.
- b. The council may contract with nonprofit organizations, the Division of Fish, Game and Wildlife in the department, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, and other appropriate agencies to carry out its responsibilities, and may aggregate mitigation actions to achieve economies of scale. Any contract proposed by the council pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to review and approval by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- c. The council ⁴, in consultation with the United States Environmental Protection Agency, ⁴ may transfer any funds or lands restricted by deed, easement or other appropriate means to mitigation and freshwater wetlands conservation purposes, to a state or federal conservation agency that consents to the transfer, to expand or provide for:
 - (1) Freshwater wetlands preserves;
- (2) Transition areas around existing freshwater wetlands to preserve freshwater wetland quality;
- (3) Future mitigation sites for freshwater wetlands ${}^5[^3\underline{\text{creation}},]^5\underline{\text{enhancement}},^3$ restoration 3, or other mitigation efforts 3 ; or
- (4) Research to enhance the practice of mitigation.² (cf: P.L.1987, c.156, s.15)
- ${}^{1}[4.]$ ${}^{2}[\underline{6.}^{1}]$ $\underline{7.}^{2}$ This act shall take effect immediately.

 Authorizes counties to establish inventories of sites suitable for wetlands creation, enhancement, or restoration.

- 3. a. The governing body of a county may, in consultation with the municipalities within its territorial jurisdiction, identify and inventory areas within the county that it deems suitable for use in wetlands mitigation in the event a wetlands permit is issued by the Department of Environmental Protection and the department requires the creation or restoration of wetlands.
- b. Upon identification, the governing body shall forward to the Wetlands Mitigation Council a map of the areas and any supporting documents or information that the council may require in order to approve the use of those areas for mitigation purposes.
 - 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

 This bill would authorize counties to develop inventories of wetlands within their territorial jurisdiction which, after approval by the Wetlands Mitigation Council created pursuant to P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), could be used by a person to whom a permit for activities for coastal or freshwater wetlands has been issued for mitigation purposes. Current federal and State law requires the mitigation of adverse effects on wetlands by construction activities when those activities are permitted. Frequently that mitigation takes the form of replacement or restoration. This bill would facilitate wetlands mitigation by identifying the sites appropriate for replacement or restoration prior to the actual permit process, and would involve counties in the identification of appropriate sites.

A county would submit maps and other support material to the Wetlands Mitigation Council for review for suitability. The council would approve or disapprove the sites within 120 days of submittal. Any disapproval would be accompanied with written reasons therefor. Upon approval the county would maintain a list of these sites and the department would select sites from the inventory when requiring mitigation.

Authorizes counties to establish inventories of sites suitable for wetlands mitigation.

ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[CORRECTED COPY] [THIRD REPRINT] SENATE, No. 651

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 6, 1993

The Assembly Environment Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 651 [3R] (Corrected Copy) with Assembly committee amendments.

This bill would require the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to adopt, within six months of the effective date of the bill, rules and regulations to assist counties in identifying areas suitable for the creation, enhancement, or restoration of freshwater wetlands or coastal wetlands. These rules and regulations would be used by the Wetlands Mitigation Council (WMC) to approve or disapprove areas so identified by the governing body of a county.

Under the bill, if the governing body of a county, after consulting with the municipalities within its territorial jurisdiction, submits to the WMC a map of areas proposed for use in wetlands creation, enhancement, or restoration, and any supporting documents or information that the WMC may require, the WMC would be required to review and approve or disapprove the submittal within 120 days of receipt thereof. The WMC may conduct site visits and evaluations as may be necessary within that time period to confirm the suitability for wetlands creation, enhancement, or restoration of the areas being proposed. The WMC may approve some of the areas identified by the county while disapproving other areas, stating the reasons for the disapproval of areas in writing.

Also under the bill, whenever the DEP issues a wetlands permit within a county with an approved list of areas suitable for wetlands creation, enhancement, or restoration and the DEP is requiring wetlands creation, enhancement, or restoration as a condition of the permit, the DEP may utilize the list of sites approved by the WMC for that county in identifying the areas wherein the wetlands creation, enhancement, or restoration activities are to take place.

The bill provides that it should not be construed to discourage or prevent the creation, enhancement, or restoration of wetlands on the site of the approved regulated activity or to discourage or prevent the use of any area suitable for the creation, enhancement, or restoration of wetlands because the area was not previously approved by the WMC. The bill also provides that no State, regional, county, or local governmental entity, agency, or authority may deny or disapprove a permit, approval, or other authorization, which is required pursuant to law, rule, regulation, or local resolution or ordinance in order to develop a parcel or engage in any other activities thereon because the parcel - located within an area approved by the WMC as being suitable for wetlands creation, enhancement, or restoration

The bill also makes several changes to provisions concerning wetlands mitigation in the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," as follows:

- (1) allows enhancement of existing freshwater wetlands as a mitigation option for wetlands mitigation efforts;
- (2) allows freshwater wetlands mitigation efforts to be conducted on public property;
- (3) allows as a mitigation option the protection of transition areas or upland areas offsite, on private property or public property, that are deemed by the DEP to be valuable for the protection of a freshwater wetlands ecosystem, with the restriction on these areas of any future development;
- (4) allows the WMC to, among other things, disburse funds from the Wetlands Mitigation Bank to purchase land to provide areas for the creation or enhancement (in addition to restoration) of freshwater wetlands, and to engage in the creation of freshwater wetlands or the enhancement or restoration of freshwater wetlands on any public lands, including public lands other than those acquired by the bank;
- (5) deletes the provision that the WMC shall not engage in the restoration of degraded freshwater wetlands on public lands other than those acquired by the Wetlands Mitigation Bank.

The committee amended the bill to (1) delete certain references that allowed mitigation efforts on public property, and (2) to require the WMC to consult with the United States Environmental Protection Agency before making certain transfers involving the Wetlands Mitigation Bank.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill is identical to the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 796 of 1992, which was also reported by the committee.

SENATE ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 651

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 15, 1992

The Senate Environment Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 651 with committee amendments.

Senate Bill No. 651, as amended, would authorize counties to develop inventories of areas within their territorial jurisdiction which would be suitable for use in wetland creation or restoration. Under current federal and State law, the creation of a new wetland or the restoration of a degraded wetland may be required when construction activities are permitted in certain wetlands. Wetland creation or restoration may occur either onsite or offsite. When offsite creation or restoration measures are allowed, the applicant is delayed until he finds suitable areas to conduct these measures. This bill would facilitate wetlands creation or restoration by identifying and cataloging the areas appropriate for creation or restoration prior to the actual permit process.

The bill provides that a county, in consultation with its constituent municipalities, may, on a voluntary basis, submit maps and other support material identifying areas suitable for wetlands creation or restoration to the Wetlands Mitigation Council for review. The council would approve or disapprove the areas within 120 days of submittal. Any disapproval would be accompanied with written reasons therefor. Upon approval the department would use the list of those areas to assist it and a permit applicant in selecting an area appropriate for wetlands creation or restoration.

The committee amended the bill to:

- (1) clarify that the definition of wetlands applies only to freshwater wetlands regulated under the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act" and coastal wetlands regulated under "The Wetlands Act of 1970";
- (2) clarify that the bill applies to wetlands creation and restoration activities, and not other mitigation measures;
- (3) provide that areas not approved by the council, either onsite or offsite, may be utilized by the department in the selection of areas suitable for wetlands creation or restoration; and
- (4) allow governmental entities to perform wetlands creation or restoration on public lands.