LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

(Investments--fiduciaries)

NJSA:

3B:20-1

LAWS OF:

1995

CHAPTER: 48

BILL NO:

S712

SPONSOR (S):

Singer

DATE INTRODUCED:

March 3, 1994

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY:

SENATE:

State Management

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:

Yes

Amendments during passage

denoted by superscript numbers

First reprint enacted

ASSEMBLY:

February 6, 1994

SENATE:

December 15, 1994

TATE OF APPROVAL:

DATE OF PASSAGE:

March 17, 1995

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

No

SENATE:

Yes

FISCAL NOTE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

HEARINGS:

No

KBG:pp

P.L.1995, CHAPTER 48, approved March 17, 1995 1994 Senate No. 712 (First Reprint)

AN ACT concerning investments by fiduciaries and amending N.J.S.3B:20-1 and N.J.S.3B:20-13.

3

5

6

8

Q

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34 35

36 37

38

39

40

41

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. N.J.S.3B:20-1 is amended to read as follows:

3B:20-1. Definitions. As used in this chapter:

- a. "Trust instrument" means and includes a will, deed, agreement, court order or other instrument pursuant to which money or other property is entrusted to a fiduciary;
- b. "Fiduciary" means an individual or corporation that is authorized to act as or acts as a trustee, personal representative, conservator, guardian, and every other person or corporation charged with the duty of administering a trust estate;
- c. "Trust estate" means money or other property entrusted to a fiduciary pursuant to a trust instrument, will, estate of an intestate decedent or the estate of a minor or mentally incompetent person being administered by a guardian;
- d. "Investments" means and includes property of every nature, real, personal and mixed, tangible and intangible, [which persons of ordinary prudence and reasonable discretion acquire for the purpose of preserving capital and of realizing income;] and specifically includes, solely by way of description and not by way of limitation, bonds, debentures and other corporate obligations. 1[real estate, mortgages] direct and indirect investment in equity real estate mortgages and other direct or indirect interests in real estate or investments secured by real estate1, capital stocks. common stocks, preferred stocks, diversified pools of venture capital 1which otherwise could be made consistently with the standard of care required by N.J.S.3B:20-131, common trust funds as defined in and regulated by article 9, "Common Trust Funds," P.L.1948, c.67 (C.17:9A-36 et seq.), <u>repurchase</u> agreements, 1 securities loan transactions secured by cash, securities issued by the United States government or its agencies, irrevocable bank letters of credit, whether directly or through a bank or similar financial institution acting as agent or trustee, 1 mutual funds, and (securities of any open-end or closed-end management type] any other security issued by an investment company or investment trust, whether managed or not by third parties, registered [pursuant to the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940,] under the "Investment Company Act of 1940,"

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-fact! brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is now matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: • Senate SSM committee amendments adopted October 17, 1994.

S712 [1R]

2

15 U.S.C.\$800-1 et seq., as from time to time amended. ¹No investment that is otherwise permissible under this subsection shall be considered to be unlawful solely because the investment is made indirectly through a partnership, trust, or other legal entity. ¹

(cf: P.L.1983, c.192, s.2)

2. N.J.S.3B:20-13 is amended to read as follows:

3B:20-13. Standard of care required of fiduciary. In investing and reinvesting money and property of a trust and in acquiring, retaining, selling, exchanging and managing investments, a fiduciary shall exercise [care and judgment under the circumstances then prevailing, which persons of ordinary prudence and reasonable discretion exercise in the management of and dealing with the property and affairs of another, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of capital) the care, skill, prudence and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims. In making each investment, a fiduciary may, depending on the nature and objectives of the portfolio, consider the whole portfolio, provided that, in making each investment, a fiduciary shall act with the reasonable expectation that the return on each investment shall be commensurate with the risk associated with each investment. If the fiduciary has special skills or is named as the fiduciary on the basis of representations of special skills or expertise, he is under a duty to exercise those skills. The fiduciary shall be under a duty to manage and invest the portfolio solely in the interests of the trust beneficiaries and for the exclusive purpose of providing financial benefits to trust participants.

(cf: N.J.S.3B:20-13)

This act shall take effect immediately.

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21 22

23 24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

38 Increases authorized investments and modifies standard of care 39 for fiduciaries.

SENATE, No. 712

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MARCH 3, 1994

By Senators SINGER and McGREEVEY

AN ACT concerning investments by fiduciaries and amending N.J.S.3B:20-1 and N.J.S.3B:20-13.

2 3

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33 34

35

36

37 38

39

40

41 42 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. N.J.S.3B:20-1 is amended to read as follows:

3B:20-1. Definitions. As used in this chapter:

- a. "Trust instrument" means and includes a will, deed, agreement, court order or other instrument pursuant to which money or other property is entrusted to a fiduciary;
- b. "Fiduciary" means an individual or corporation that is authorized to act as or acts as a trustee, personal representative, conservator, guardian, and every other person or corporation charged with the duty of administering a trust estate;
- c. "Trust estate" means money or other property entrusted to a fiduciary pursuant to a trust instrument, will, estate of an intestate decedent or the estate of a minor or mentally incompetent person being administered by a guardian;
- d. "Investments" means and includes property of every nature, real, personal and mixed, tangible and intangible, [which persons of ordinary prudence and reasonable discretion acquire for the purpose of preserving capital and of realizing income;] and specifically includes, solely by way of description and not by way of limitation, bonds, debentures and other corporate obligations, real estate, mortgages, capital stocks, common stocks, preferred stocks, diversified pools of venture capital, common trust funds as defined in and regulated by article 9, "Common Trust Funds," P.L.1948, c.67 (C.17:9A-36 et seq.), repurchase agreements, mutual funds, and [securities of any open-end or closed-end management typel any other security issued by an investment company or investment trust, whether managed or not by third parties, registered (pursuant to the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940,] under the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 15 U.S.C. §800-1 et seq., as from time to time amended.

O

- (cf: P.L.1983, c.192, s.2)
 - 2. N.J.S.3B:20-13 is amended to 1.ad as follows:
- 3B:20-13. Standard of care required of fiduciary. In investing and reinvesting money and property of a trust and in acquiring, retaining, selling, exchanging and managing investments, a fiduciary shall exercise [care and judgment under the circumstances then prevailing, which persons of ordinary prudence and reasonable discretion exercise in the management

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

of and dealing with the property and affairs of another, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of capital] the care, skill, prudence and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with like aims. In making each investment, a fiduciary may, depending on the nature and objectives of the portfolio, consider the whole portfolio, provided that, in making each investment, a fiduciary shall act with the reasonable expectation that the return on each investment shall be commensurate with the risk associated with each investment. If the fiduciary has special skills or is named as the fiduciary on the basis of representations of special skills or expertise, he is under a duty to exercise those skills. The fiduciary shall be under a duty to manage and invest the portfolio solely in the interests of the trust beneficiaries and for the exclusive purpose of providing financial benefits to trust participants.

(cf: N. J.S.3B:20-13)

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

21 22

STATEMENT

23 24 25

26

27

28

29 30

31

32 33 34

35

36 37

38

39 40

41

42

43

44 45

46

47 48

49 50

51

52

53

3

4

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

The bill would make the following changes in the law governing investments by fiduciaries:

1. This bill would expand the list of acceptable investments in which a fiduciary is authorized to invest trust funds to include: mortgages, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, and diversified pools of venture capital and securities or any other security issued by an investment company or investment trust registered under the federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", 15 U.S.C. \$800-1 et seq.

Currently, in managing trust funds a fiduciary is required to exercise:

"care and judgment under the circumstances then prevailing, which persons of ordinary prudence and reasonable discretion exercise in the management of and dealing with the property and affairs of another, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of capital."

>

This bill would substitute language indicating that a fiduciary shall exercise:

"the care, skill, prudence and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of like character and with like aims."

- 3. The bill would permit a fiduciary to consider the nature and objectives of the whole portfolio in making an investment, provided that there is a reasonable expectation that the return on each investment is commensurate with the risk associated with that investment.
- 4. This bill also provides that a fiduciary has a duty to manage a trust portfolio solely in the interests of the trust beneficiaries

Ci

and for the exclusive purpose of providing financial benefits to
trust participants.

Pursuant to P.L.1959, c.17 (C.52:18A-88.1), the Director of the Division of Investment in the Department Treasury is subject to the "Prudent Investment Law," N.J.S.A. 3B:20-12 et seq. Thus, this bill would also change the standard of care governing the investment of State pension funds.

11
12 Increases authorized investments and modifies standard of care
13 for fiduciaries.

SENATE STATE MANAGEMENT, INVESTMENTS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 712

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 17, 1994

The Senate State Management, Investments and Financial Institutions Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate, No. 712.

This bill makes the following changes in the law governing investments by fiduciaries:

- 1. It expands the list of acceptable investments in which a fiduciary is authorized to invest trust funds to include: direct and indirect investment in equity real estate mortgages and other direct or indirect interests in real estate or investments secured by real estate, diversified pools of venture capital which otherwise could be made consistently with the standard of care required by law, repurchase agreements, securities loan transactions secured by cash, securities issued by the United States government or its agencies, irrevocable bank letters of credit, mutual funds, and any other security issued by an investment company or investment trust, whether managed or not by third parties, registered under the federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", 15 U.S.C.§800-1 et seq. The bill specifies that no permissible investment shall be considered to be unlawful solely because the investment is made indirectly through a partnership, trust or other legal entity.
- 2. Currently, in managing trust funds a fiduciary is required to exercise:

"care and judgment under the circumstances then prevailing, which persons of ordinary prudence and reasonable discretion exercise in the management of and dealing with the property and affairs of another, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of capital."

The bill substitutes language stating that a fiduciary shall exercise:

"the care, skill, prudence and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of like character and with like aims. In making each investment, a fiduciary may, depending on the nature and objectives of the portfolio, consider the whole portfolio, provided that, in making each investment, a fiduciary shall act with the reasonable expectation that the return on each investment shall be commensurate with the risk associated with each investment."

3. The bill provides that a fiduciary has a duty to manage a trust portfolio solely in the interests of the trust beneficiaries and for the exclusive purpose of providing financial benefits to trust participants.

Pursuant to P.L.1959, c.17 (C.52:18A-88.1), the Director of the Division of Investment in the Department Treasury is subject to the "Prudent Investment Law," N.J.S.A.3B:20-12 et seq. Thus, this bill would also change the standard of care governing the investment of State pension funds.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amended the bill to:

- (1) replace the terms "real estate" and "mortgages" with "direct and indirect investment in equity real estate mortgages and other direct or indirect interests in real estate or investments secured by real estate" under the definition of investments;
- (2) specify that investments in diversified pools of venture capital be made consistently with the standard of care required by law:
- (3) include securities loan transactions secured by cash, securities issued by the United States government or its agencies, and irrevocable bank letters of credit under the definition of investments; and
- (4) specify that no permissible investment shall be considered to be unlawful solely because the investment is made indirectly through a partnership, trust or other legal entity.