19:27 A-1

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(Recall of Governor or Legislator -- establish procedure)

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LAWS OF:

1995

CHAPTER:

105

BILL NO:

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SPONSOR(S):

Haytaian and LoBiondo

DATE INTRODUCED:

Pre-filed

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY:

State Government

SENATE:

State Government

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:

Yes

Assembly Committee substitute

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DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

June 27, 1994

SENATE:

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May 17, 1995

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

163

SENATE:

Yes

FISCAL NOTE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

Yes

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

Yes

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

HEARINGS:

No

See newspaper clippings--attached:

"N.J. voters finally have the last word," 5-19-95, <u>Asbury Park Press.</u>
"This time, Whitman signs recall legislation in State law," 5-19-95, <u>Philadelphia Inquirer.</u>

"Recall measure signed into law," 5-19-95, Atlantic City Press.

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. Assembly. State Government Committee. E38 Public hearing...recall on ACR 6 and ACR 118 of 1990, held

1992a 7-20-92, Trenton, 1992.

974.90 New Jersey. Senate. State Government Committee.

E38 Public hearing on SCR 51 to provide for recall election

1992b held 6-15-92, Trenton, 1992.

KBG:pp

[FOURTH REPRINT]

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY, Nos. 25 and 1207

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

ADOPTED JUNE 9, 1994

Sponsored by Assemblymen HAYTAIAN and LoBIONDO

AN ACT concerning the recall of elected officials³[,] and³ supplementing Title 19 of the Revised Statutes³[, and repealing various parts of the statutory law]³.

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> BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Uniform Recall Election Law."
- 2. Pursuant to Article I, paragraph 2b. of the New Jersey Constitution, the people of this State shall have the power to recall, after at least one year of service in the person's current term of office, any United States Senator or Representative elected from this State or any State or local elected official in the manner provided herein.
 - 3. As used in this act:

"circulator" means an individual, whether paid or unpaid, who solicits signatures for a recall petition;

"elected official" means any person holding the office of United States Senator or member of the United States House of Representatives elected from this State, or any person holding a State or local government office which, under the State Constitution or by law, is filled by the registered voters of a jurisdiction at an election, including a person appointed, selected or otherwise designated to fill a vacancy in such office, but does not mean an official of a political party;

"jurisdiction" means the electoral jurisdiction, including but not limited to the State, or any county or municipality thereof, within which the voters reside who are qualified to vote for an elected official who is sought to be recalled;

"notice of intention" means the notice filed with the recall election official by a recall committee for the purpose of initiating a recall effort;

"recall committee" means a committee formed by persons sponsoring the recall of an elected official which represents the sponsors and signers of a recall petition in matters relating to the

"recall election" means an election held for the purpose of allowing the voters of a jurisdiction to decide whether an elected

EXPLANATION--Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: Senate SSG committee amendments adopted October 17, 1994.

Senate floor amendments adopted October 27, 1994.

Senate floor amendments adopted February 9, 1995.

Assembly amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's recommendations May 1, 1995.

official shall be recalled from office:

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"recall election official" means the official authorized by law to receive nominating petitions for an elective office, except that with respect to the recall of the county clerk, it means the Secretary of State:

"recall petition" means a petition prepared and circulated by a recall committee as provided by this act for the purpose of gathering a sufficient number of valid signatures of registered voters to cause a recall election to be called; and

'sponsors' means the proponents of a recall effort who establish a recall committee.

4. a. An elected official shall be recalled from office upon the affirmative vote of a majority of those voting on the question of recall at a recall election which shall have been held after the officeholder shall have served one year of the term of office from which the person is sought to be recalled. A person serving to fill a vacancy in the term of an elective office shall be subject to recall at such an election after one year of such service. No election to recall an elected official shall be held ²[at an election to fill the office held by that official for a new term.] after the date occurring six months prior to the general election or regular election for that office, as appropriate, in the final year of the official's term².

No statement of reasons or grounds for the holding of a recall election or for the recall at such an election of an elected official shall be required in connection with the preparation or circulation of a recall petition, with the transmittal of any notice required under the provisions of this act, with the submission to the voters of the question of the recall of an elected official, or with any other action or procedure relating to such a recall, and to the extent that any such statement of reasons or grounds is offered by the sponsors of a recall petition or by any other person, the sufficiency of that statement shall be a political rather than a judicial question.

- b. The procedures established in this act to initiate the calling of a recall election may be commenced not earlier than the 50th day preceding the completion of the first year of the term of office by the official sought to be recalled. In the case of an official serving to fill a vacancy in the term of an elective office, the procedures established in this act to initiate the calling of a recall election may be commenced not earlier than the 50th day preceding the completion of the first year of such service. However, the recall election itself shall not be held until after the official has completed one year of such term or service, as appropriate.
- 5. A recall petition demanding that an election be held for the purpose of deciding whether an elected official shall be recalled from office shall be signed by a number of registered voters of the jurisdiction of the official sought to be recalled equal to at least 25% of the persons registered to vote in that jurisdiction on the date of the general election preceding the date on which the sponsors of the petition file a notice of intention pursuant to section 6 of this act. A recall petition shall be filed with the appropriate recall election official. No recall petition shall

demand the holding of an election to recall more than one elected official.

- 6. Prior to collecting any signatures, the sponsors of a recall petition shall file a notice of intention with the appropriate recall election official. The notice of intention shall contain the following information:
- a. the name and office of the elected official sought to be recalled:
- b. the name and business or residence address of ³[between five and 15] at least three³ sponsors of the recall petition who shall constitute a recall committee which shall represent the sponsors and signers of the recall petition in matters relating to the recall effort, provided that no recall committee shall sponsor the recall of more than one officeholder ⁴and, if a recall effort fails at the ballot, the sponsoring recall committee and the members thereof shall not again sponsor, nor shall the recall committee again finance, an effort to recall the targeted officeholder during the same term of office in which the failed recall effort was attempted⁴:
- c. 3the name of the recall committee, which shall be expressed in the following form: "COMMITTEE TO RECALL [name of the official sought to be recalled] FROM THE OFFICE OF [name of the office]";
- <u>d.</u>³ a statement certified by each member of the recall committee that the member is registered to vote in the jurisdiction of the official sought to be recalled and that the member supports the recall of the named official and accepts the responsibilities associated with serving on the recall committee; ¹[and]¹
- ³[d.] <u>e.</u>³ at the option of the recall committee, a statement, not in excess of 200 words, of the reasons for the recall ¹; and
- ³[e.] f.³ a statement as to whether the recall election shall be held at the next general election or regular election, as appropriate, or at a special election, as provided in section 13 of this act¹.
- 7. a. Upon receiving a notice of intention, the recall election official shall review it for compliance with the provisions of section 6 of this act. If the notice of intention is found to be in compliance, the recall election official shall imprint on the face of that notice a statement of the official's approval thereof, which statement shall identify the public office held by the official and include the signature of the official and the date on which the approval was given, and shall, within three business days of receiving the notice, return a certified copy of the ³If the recall approved notice to the recall committee. committee has requested that the recall election be held at a special election, the recall election official shall also prepare, within that same three-day period, an estimate of the cost of conducting the recall election which shall be added to the notice of intention and printed on the first page of each section of the petition as required by section 8 of this act. 3 The official shall retain, and shall hold available for public inspection and copying, the original notice so approved for a period of not less than five years from the date of such approval. If the notice of intention is

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found not to be in compliance, the recall election official shall, within that period of three business days, return the notice, together with a written statement indicating the reasons for that finding, to the recall committee, which shall have the opportunity to file a corrected notice of intention.

b. Within five business days of approving a notice of intention. the recall election official shall serve a copy of the approved notice of intention on the official sought to be recalled by personal delivery or certified mail, and within two weeks of approving the notice of intention shall cause a copy thereof to be printed in a newspaper published in the jurisdiction or, if none exists, in a newspaper generally circulated within the jurisdiction, and affix to the approved notice of intention previously filed an affidavit of the time and manner of service and proof of ³The copy of the notice of intention which is publication. published shall be abbreviated to include information on only three members of the recall committee who shall be designated for that purpose by the committee. 3 The recall election official shall retain on file the affidavit and proof for so long as the approved notice of intention is retained.

c. Within five business days of being served with a notice of intention, the official sought to be recalled may file an answer to the proposed recall, not to exceed 200 words, with the recall election official ³[. An official may file an answer regardless of whether or not lif3 the notice of intention contained a statement of the reasons for the recall. An answer shall be used solely to provide information to the voters 3 and shall be printed on the first page of each section of the petition in the manner provided by section 8 of this act. If the notice of intention did not contain a statement of the reasons for the recall or the official sought to be recalled chooses not to file an answer, that official shall instead provide the recall election official with a written acknowledgement of receipt of a copy of the notice of intention³ . Within two business days of the filing of such an answer ³or acknowledgement³, the recall election official shall by personal delivery or certified mail serve a copy of that answer ³[to the proposed recall] or acknowledgement³ on the recall committee. If no such answer ³or acknowledgement³ is filed within the period of time allowed therefor, the recall election official, within two business days of the expiration of that time period, shall by personal delivery or certified mail transmit to the recall committee a signed statement in writing that no such answer ³or acknowledgement³ was timely filed with the recall election official.

- 8. a. No signature appearing on any document other than a recall petition prepared in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be counted among the signatures required under section 5 of this act to determine whether a recall election shall be held.
- b. A recall petition shall be prepared by the recall committee in accordance with a format, consistent with the provisions of this act, which shall have been approved for such purpose by the Secretary of State. A petition may consist of any number of separate sections which shall be identical except with respect to

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information required to be entered thereon by the signers and circulators ³[and the name of the county in which all signers of that petition section are registered] and as otherwise provided herein³. ²[Each section shall consist of a sheet of white paper 28 inches in length and 8½ inches in width; this sheet shall be folded in half widthwise to create four separate pages, each page measuring 14 inches from top to bottom and 8½ inches from side to side and upon which signatures shall be entered.]² ³The size of the paper used in a recall petition and the number of pages included in each section thereof shall be determined by the recall committee. The back and the front of a piece of paper shall each constitute a page and signatures may be affixed to each such page.³

- c. Each page of ³each section of ³ a recall petition ³shall be sequentially numbered and shall include, printed in bold letters in at least 10-point type, the heading "PETITION FOR THE RECALL OF [name of the official sought to be recalled] FROM THE OFFICE OF [name of the office] " $^{3}[.]^{3}$ and 3 , where appropriate, the information required by subsection e. of this section. The first page of each section also³ shall bear, in type of uniform size but not less than 8-point type, (1) the information contained in the notice of intention, including ³any cost estimate prepared and the statement of the reasons for the recall, if one was provided, or a declaration that no such statement of reasons was provided 3, except that information on only three members of the recall committee need be listed³; and (2) a copy of the answer provided by the official sought to be recalled, if one was provided, or a declaration that no such answer was provided 3, except that no such answer or declaration shall be included if a statement of the reasons for the recall was not provided³.
- d. Each page of a recall petition shall be arranged so that each signer of the petition shall personally affix the signer's signature; printed name and residence address, including street and number, or a designation of residence which is adequate to readily determine location; the municipality of residence; and the date on which the signer signed the petition. A space at least one inch wide shall be left blank after each name for use ³[by the authorized recall official]³ in verifying signatures ³when appropriate, as provided by this act. A box shall be provided after each name for the signer to indicate that the signer has had the opportunity to review the information on the first page of that section of the petition³.
- e. ³[At the top of each page of every section of a recall petition, there shall be printed, in not less than 16-point type, the name of the county of residence of the signers to that section. The same county name shall appear at the top of all four pages of any section of the petition. Whenever the jurisdiction of the elected official sought to be recalled is situated in more than one county, separate sections of the petition shall be prepared for use by signers registered to vote in each county. A signer shall not affix the signer's signature to any page of any section of a recall petition other than a page bearing the name of the county in which the signer is registered to vote. A section shall bear on each page thereof the statement, "Only persons residing

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in ______ (name of county) County shall sign this page." This statement shall be printed in at least 10-point type, except that the name of the county shall be printed in not less than 16-point type.l (1) Whenever the official sought to be recalled is the Governor or a United States Senator, separate sections of the petition shall be prepared for use by signers registered to vote in each county. Each page of a section shall bear in not less than 10-point type the name of the county in which that section is to be used and the statement. Only eligible persons residing in ______ (name of county) County shall sign this page." A signer shall not affix the signer s signature to any page of any section unless it bears the name of the county in which the signer is registered to vote.

- (2) Whenever the official sought to be recalled is a member of the Legislature or a member of the United States House of Representatives and the official's jurisdiction includes parts of more than one county, separate sections of the petition shall be prepared for use by signers registered to vote in each county included within the member's jurisdiction. Each page of a section shall bear in not less than 10-point type the name of the county in which that section is to be used and the statement, "Only eligible persons residing in (name of county) County shall sign this page." A signer shall not affix the signer's signature to any page of any section unless it bears the name of the county in which the signer is registered to vote.
- (3)³ The signature of any person to a page of a recall petition bearing the name of a county in which the person is not registered to vote shall be invalid, but the invalidity of such a signature shall not invalidate or otherwise impair the section wherein or page whereon that signature appears, nor shall it invalidate or otherwise impair any other signature to that or any other section of the petition.
- f. Prior to use, the sections of a recall petition shall be reviewed by the recall election official for compliance with the provisions of this act. The recall election official shall complete the review of the petition within three business days of receipt. No section of a recall petition shall be used to solicit signatures unless it has been so approved and a statement of such approval, signed by the recall election official, has been printed on the first page of that section.
- g. No obstruction shall be placed over any portion of a page of a petition section at the time that page is presented to a voter to be signed.
- h. Every member of a recall committee circulating a recall petition and every circulator of that petition shall sign the petition. If any member of the committee shall fail to sign the petition, the petition shall be deemed void. In the event that the signature to the petition of a member of the recall committee shall be deemed invalid, then notwithstanding the provisions of subsection e. of this section, the petition shall be deemed void.
- i. If a solicitation for signatures to a recall petition is presented to prospective petition signers by a paid print advertisement or paid mailing, or if a recall petition is presented to such a prospective signer by a paid circulator, the solicitation

or petition, respectively, shall disclose prominently in a statement printed in at least 10-point type (1) the identity of the person paying for the printed or personal solicitation, and (2) that the circulator is paid. The ¹[Attorney General] Election Law Enforcement Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to implement the provisions and effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

- j. No person who is ineligible to sign a recall petition shall, with knowledge of that ineligibility, sign such a petition. No person shall offer to pay or pay another to sign or to refrain from signing a recall petition or to vote or to refrain from voting in a recall election. A person who violates any of the foregoing provisions of this subsection is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 9. a. No person shall act as the circulator of a petition who is not a registered voter in the jurisdiction from which the official sought to be recalled was elected.
- b. Each completed page of any section of a recall petition which is filed with the recall election official shall include at the bottom of that page an affidavit signed by the circulator of that section which sets forth the following:
 - (1) the printed name of the circulator;
 - (2) the address of the circulator;

- (3) a statement that the circulator assumed responsibility for circulating that section, that the circulator witnessed the signing of that page by each person whose signature appears thereon, that, to the best information and belief of the circulator, the signers are legal residents of the State and of the county in which the section was circulated, and that the section was circulated in absolute good faith for the purpose of causing the recall of the elected official named in the petition;
- (4) the dates between which all signatures to that page were collected; and
- (5) a statement, signed by the circulator, as to the truth and correctness of the aforesaid information.
- 10. a. A recall committee shall collect the required number of signatures and file a completed petition with the recall election official within the following time periods calculated from the date that ³[an answer to the notice of intention was received from the official sought to be recalled or, if no answer was filed, from the deadline for such filing as provided in subsection c. of section 7 of this act] the recall petition receives final approval for circulation from the recall election official³:
- (1) 2 [120] 4 [180 2] 320^{4} days, when the Governor or a United States Senator is sought to be recalled; and
- (2) 2 [60] 4 [90 2] 160 4 days, when any other elected official is sought to be recalled.
- b. If a completed petition is not filed within the applicable time period, the petition shall be void. No part of a void petition shall be used in connection with any other recall effort.
- c. If the official sought to be recalled resigns from office, the collection of signatures shall cease and the petition shall be void.
- 11. All sections of a completed recall petition shall be filed with the recall election official at the same time. When a

petition is presented for filing, the recall election official³, within 10 business days,³ shall determine the total number of signatures affixed thereto and whether the completed petition complies with the other provisions of this act. A petition which contains an insufficient number of signatures or otherwise fails to comply with the provisions of this act shall be void. ³[If the recall election official determines that the petition contains the required number of signatures and otherwise complies with the provisions of this act, the official shall have 30 calendar days in which to verify the signatures on the petition if the elected official sought to be recalled is the Governor or a United States Senator and 20 calendar days to verify the signatures on the petition if the elected official sought to be recalled holds any other office.]³

12. ³[a. (1) Except as provided by paragraph (2) of this subsection, the validity of signatures as signatures of a sufficient number of registered voters shall, in the first instance, be verified by random sample. The Secretary of State shall design and promulgate, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules establishing a random sampling procedure for use by any recall election official, with rules of decision on the basis of which it may be determined that the number of valid signatures in the sample indicates that the number of valid signatures to all sections of the petition submitted is sufficient or insufficient. In designing the procedure and decision rules, the Secretary shall employ the theory, assumptions and methods of standard statistical analysis.

In performing random sample verification under this section, the recall election official shall randomly select from the total number of signatures filed a 10% sample, but not fewer than 100 signatures, which shall be drawn in a manner to ensure that every signature shall have an equal chance of being included in the sample. The verification of the validity of signatures shall be performed against county registration records. The recall election official shall then determine the number of valid signatures in the sample.

If the number of sampled signatures determined to be valid indicates, under the rules of decision established as hereinabove provided, that it cannot be statistically determined whether the number of valid signatures to all copies of the petition is either sufficient or insufficient to qualify the petition, the recall election official shall verify all signatures to that petition.

- (2) In the case of any petition to which the total number of signatures is 100 or fewer, the recall election official shall verify every signature to the petition.
- (3) Upon the determination by a recall election official under paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) of this subsection that a petition shall have been signed by a sufficient number of registered voters, the recall election official shall, not later than the close of business on the last day of the period of time allowed under section 11 of this act to make that determination, transmit by personal delivery or certified mail to the recall committee and to the official sought to be recalled a certified statement of that

determination, signed by the recall election official.

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b. An elected official who has received a certified statement under paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section of a determination that a petition proposing that an election be held to recall that official contains a sufficient number of signatures shall be entitled to challenge that determination within three business days of receiving the certified statement by filing with the commissioner of registration in the appropriate county or counties a request that the commissioner reverify the sufficiency of the signatures. The commissioner or commissioners shall perform such a reverification of all of those signatures and shall, within 15 business days of receiving the request, certify to the official and to the recall election official the results of that reverification. If the reverification confirms the original determination that the petition contains a sufficient number of signatures, the elected official shall be liable for the cost to the commissioner or the several commissioners of the reverification.]

The determination of the recall election official as to whether a recall petition is signed by a sufficient number of registered voters and otherwise complies with the provisions of this act may, within 10 business days of issuance, be challenged by the official sought to be recalled or by the recall committee by filing a written objection thereto with the recall election official. Upon the request of either of those parties, the recall election official shall provide the party with a duly certified copy of the recall petition and shall allow examination of the original recall petition during regular business hours. The recall election official shall pass upon the validity of an objection in an expedited manner. The decision of the recall election official may be contested, within 10 business days, by filing an action in the Superior Court, which shall hear the matter on an expedited basis and issue an order or determination as soon as possible after filing of the action. Whenever the decision of a recall election official with respect to a recall petition requiring more than 1,000 names is challenged by the official sought to be recalled or by a recall committee, the parties shall be permitted to introduce evidence that, under a random sample method which employs the theory, assumptions and methods of standard statistical analysis, the petition contains either a sufficient or an insufficient number of signatures. The introduction of such evidence shall create a rebuttable presumption that a petition is valid or invalid, as the case may be.3

13. a. $^3(1)^3$ If the recall election official determines that a petition contains the required number of $^3[\text{valid}]^3$ signatures and otherwise complies with the provisions of this act and if the official sought to be recalled makes no timely challenge to that determination, or if the official makes such a challenge but the $^3[\text{reverification of the signatures confirms the results of the original verification thereof] original determination is confirmed by the recall election official or the court <math>^3$, the recall election official shall $^3[$, within five business days of making the original determination or of receiving notice of the confirmation of that determination,] forthwith issue a certificate as to the sufficiency of the petition to the recall committee. A copy of

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53 54 the certificate shall be served by the recall election official on the elected official sought to be recalled by personal service or certified mail. If, within five business days of service of the certification, the official has not resigned from office, the recall election official shall order and fix ³[a date for] the³ holding ³of³ a recall election 3 on the date indicated in the certificate 3 1 [at the next general election to be held at least 55 days following the fifth business day after service of the certification or, in the case of an office filled at an election other than the general election, at the next such election to be held in the jurisdiction at least 55 days following that fifth business day, except that if that next general election or other election will not occur within six months of the certification of the petition, then the recall election shall be held at a special election to be held on the next Tuesday occurring during the period beginning with the 55th day and ending on the 61st day following the fifth business day after service of the certification of the petition or, if that Tuesday falls during the 18-day period before or after a day on which any election is to be held or shall have been held within all or any part of the jurisdiction, then on the first Tuesday thereafter which does not fall within such an 18-day period. The date for a recall election shall not be fixed, and a recall election shall not be held, after the tenth day preceding the deadline established in R.S.19:23-14 for filing a petition to be a candidate in the primary election for the general election to serve the next term in the office held by the official sought to be recalled].

³(2)³ In the case of an office which is ordinarily filled at the general election, a recall election shall be held at the next general election occurring at least 55 days following the fifth business day after service of the certification, unless it was indicated in the notice of intention that the recall election shall be held at a special election in which case the recall election official shall order and fix the date for holding the recall election to be the next Tuesday occurring during the period beginning with the 55th day and ending on the 61st day following the fifth business day after service of the certification of the petition or, if that Tuesday falls 3on, or during the 4[18-day] 28-day4 period before or after 3,3 a day on which any 3general, primary, nonpartisan municipal, school district or other recall³ election is to be held or shall have been held within all or any part of the jurisdiction, then the first Tuesday thereafter which does not fall within such ³[18-day]³ period. In the case of an office which is ordinarily filled at an election other than the general election, a recall election_shall be held at the next general election or the next regular election for that office occurring at least 55 days following the fifth business day after service of the certification, unless it was indicated in the notice of intention that the recall election shall be held at a special election in which case the recall election official shall order and fix the date for holding the recall election to be the next Tuesday occurring during the period beginning with the 55th day and ending on the 61st day following the fifth business day after service of the certification of the petition or, if that Tuesday falls 3on, or 3 during the 4[18-day] 28-day 4 period before or after 3,3 a day on which any 3general,

primary, nonpartisan municipal, school district or other recall³ 1 election is to be held or shall have been held within all or any 2 part of the jurisdiction, then the first Tuesday thereafter which 3 does not fall within such 3[18-day]3 period. A recall election to 4 be held at a special election shall not be scheduled on the same 5 6 day as a primary election¹. ²The date for a recall election shall 7 not be fixed, and no recall election shall be held, after the date 8 occurring six months prior to the general election or regular 9 election for the office, as appropriate, in the final year of an official's term.2 10

 $3(3)^3$ A vacancy in an elective office resulting from the resignation of an elective official sought to be recalled prior to the expiration of the five-day period shall be filled in the manner provided by law for filling vacancies in that office.

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- b. The certificate issued by the recall election official shall contain:
 - (1) the name and office of the official sought to be recalled;
- (2) the number of signatures required by law to cause a recall election to be held for that office;
- (3) a statement to the effect that a valid recall petition, determined to contain the required number of ³[valid]³ signatures, has been filed with the recall election official and that a recall election will be held; and
- (4) the date and time 3 [of] when 3 the election 3 will be held if the official does not resign 3 .
- c. The recall election official shall transmit a copy of the certificate to the officer or public body designated by law to be responsible for publishing notice of any other election to be held in the jurisdiction on the same day as the recall election, and that officer or body shall cause notice of the recall election, including all of the information contained in the certificate as prescribed by subsection b. of this section, to be printed in a newspaper published in the jurisdiction of the official sought to be recalled or, if none exists, in a newspaper generally circulated in the jurisdiction. The notice of the recall election shall appear on the same schedule applicable to the notice of such other election. In the event that the recall election is to be held as a special election, the recall election official shall transmit a copy of the certificate to the county board or boards of elections, and the county board or boards shall cause notice of the recall election to be printed, in the manner hereinbefore prescribed, once during the 30 days next preceding the day fixed for the closing of the registration books for the recall election and once during the calendar week next preceding the week in which the recall election is held.
- 14. A recall election shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Title 19 of the Revised Statutes which apply to all elections, except that in the case of an election to recall a member of the governing body of a municipality operating under the provisions of the "Uniform Nonpartisan Elections Law", P.L.1981, c.379 (C.40:45-5 et seq.), or a member of the school board in a Type II school district, or any other elected official elected under the provisions of another title, the election shall be conducted in accordance with the appropriate provisions of that

other title to the extent not inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

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Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, for any election at which the question of the recall of an elected official is submitted to the voters, the county clerk or other appropriate officer shall cause samples of the entire ballot to be voted upon at that election to be printed and distributed to the voters of the jurisdiction wherein the recall election is to be held in the same manner as prescribed for the printing and distribution of sample ballots at the general election as provided by article 2 of chapter 14 of Title 19 of the Revised Statutes, except that in the case of an election other than the general election, any period of time calculated under the provisions of that article from the date of the general election shall be calculated instead from the date on which such other election is to be held.

15. a. Whenever the elected official sought to be recalled is the Governor or a member of the Legislature, the question of whether or not the Governor or member of the Legislature shall be recalled shall appear on the ballot but no candidates to succeed the Governor or member of the Legislature in the event the recall is successful shall be listed thereon. A vacancy in the office of Governor resulting from a recall election shall be filled pursuant to Article V. Section I of the State Constitution in the same manner as any other vacancy occurring in that office. A vacancy in the office of member of the Legislature resulting from a recall election shall be filled pursuant to Article IV, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the State Constitution in the same manner as any other vacancy occurring in that office 3, except that no member who is recalled shall be eligible to be selected to fill the vacancy created as a result of the recall³.

b. Whenever the elected official sought to be recalled is other than the Governor or member of the Legislature, candidates to succeed the elected official in the event the recall is successful may be nominated within nine days after the fifth business day following service of the certification of the petition by each political party in the manner prescribed in R.S.19:13-20 for selecting candidates fill to vacancies among candidates nominated at primary elections. Candidates may also be nominated within that time period by petition in a manner similar to that used for direct nomination by petition for a general In the case of offices in nonpartisan units of government, nomination shall be by petition. 3[No] An3 elected official who is the subject of a recall election shall be eligible to be ³[nominated or]³ elected as that ³[person's] official's³ own successor in the event that the election results in the ³[person's] official's³ recall.

c. The ballot used at a recall election shall pose the following question to the voters: "Shall [insert name of elected official sought to be recalled] be recalled from the office of [insert title of office]?" To the right of the question, the words "Yes" and "No" shall appear and each voter shall indicate the voter's choice of one. A recall election ³sample³ ballot ³, but not the actual ballot, ³ shall ³[also]³ contain the statement of the reasons

for the recall prepared by the recall committee and the answer thereto, if any, which appeared on the petition. 3[If no statement of reasons for the recall appeared on the petition, the recall committee may, not later than the 54th day preceding the day of the recall election, submit such a statement to the appropriate officer for inclusion on the recall election ballot; that officer shall, not later than the next day following receipt of such a statement, cause a copy of the statement to be personally delivered to the official sought to be recalled. If no such answer appeared on the petition, or if under this subsection a recall committee shall have submitted a statement for inclusion on the ballot and the official sought to be recalled to whom a copy of that statement has been delivered determines that the answer that did appear on the petition is not adequately responsive to that statement, the official sought to be recalled may, not later than the 50th day preceding the day of the recall election, submit such an answer to the appropriate officer for inclusion on the recall election ballot.]3

d. Whenever a successor is to be chosen at a recall election in the event the recall is successful, the ballot shall indicate: "Nominees for successor to [insert name and title of the elected official sought to be recalled] in the event he (or she) is recalled." The names of all persons nominated as successors shall appear immediately thereafter in such manner as will allow each voter to vote for one.

- 16. a. If a majority of votes cast on the question of the recall of an elected official are in the affirmative, the term of office of the elected official shall terminate upon the certification of the election results. Where nominees to succeed the recalled official are voted on at the same election, the successor receiving the greatest number of votes shall succeed to the office of the recalled official upon certification of the election results and shall serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- b. If a majority of votes cast on the question of recall of an elected official are in the negative, the official shall continue in office as if no recall election had been held and the vote for the successor of such officer shall be void.
- c. An elected official sought to be recalled who is not recalled as the result of a recall election shall not again be subject to recall until after having served one year of a term calculated from the date of the recall election.
- 17. a. Except as ³otherwise³ provided in ³[subsection c. of]³ this section. a recall committee shall be treated as a candidate committee for the purposes of "The New Jersey Campaign Contributions and Expenditures Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.) ², except that all contributions received by a recall committee shall be used only for (1) the payment of campaign expenses incurred in the course of and directly related to the committee's effort to promote the recall or the passage of the question of recall at the recall election, (2) the payment of overhead and administrative expenses related to the operation of the committee, or (3) the pro-rata repayment of contributors².
 - b. Except as provided in subsection c. of this section:
- 54 (1) an elected official sought to be recalled who receives

contributions and makes expenditures for the purpose of opposing 1 a recall effort shall establish a "recall defense committee", 2 which shall be separate from, but subject to the same 3 organizational and filing requirements and limitations on the 4 receipt of contributions applicable to, any candidate committee 5 6 under 'The New Jersey Campaign Contributions and Expenditures Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.), except that 7 8 a recall defense committee shall be permitted to receive without limit contributions from the candidate committee or joint 9 candidates committee of the elected official sought to be 10 11 recalled. ²A recall defense committee, for all purposes relating to campaign finance, shall be in addition to any candidate 12 13 committee or joint candidates committee which an official sought to be recalled may by law establish. If an elected official 14 15 sought to be recalled transfers funds from the official's candidate committee or joint candidates committee to the 16 17 official's recall defense committee, a new election cycle shall be deemed to begin with respect to the candidate committee or joint 18 19 candidates committee after the recall election is held or the 20 recall effort fails and such official shall be permitted to solicit 21 and receive contributions thereto, including contributions from prior contributors, up to the limits imposed by P.L.1973, c.83 22 23 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.). A recall defense committee may be formed at any time after an official sought to be recalled is served with 24 either form of notice provided for by subsection e. of this 25 All contributions received by a recall defense section.2 26 committee shall be used only for (a) the payment of campaign 27 28 expenses incurred in the course of and directly related to the 29 committee's effort to oppose the recall effort or the passage of 30 the question of recall at the recall election, (b) the payment of 31 the overhead and administrative expenses related to the operation of the committee, or (c) the pro-rata repayment of 32 33 contributors; and 34

(2) any nominee to succeed that elected official shall be treated as a candidate for the purposes of "The New Jersey Campaign Contributions and Expenditures Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.).

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- c. The limits on contributions established by 2 U.S.C.441a shall apply to a federal elected official sought to be recalled, a candidate to succeed such an official and a recall committee seeking to recall a federal elected official.
- d. A Governor who is sought to be recalled shall not be entitled to public support pursuant to P.L.1974, c.26 (C.19:44A-27 et seq.) for the purpose of opposing the recall effort.
- ¹e. Neither a recall committee nor a recall defense committee shall solicit or accept contributions in connection with a recall effort until after ²either: (1) the recall committee serves written notice of the recall effort on the official sought to be recalled by personal service or certified mail, with a copy thereof filed with the recall election official; or (2)² a copy of an approved notice of intention is served on the official sought to be recalled as provided in subsection b. of section 7 of this act.¹ ²If a recall committee notifies an official sought to be recalled of its

intention to initiate a recall effort by the method described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, it must file a notice of intention within 30 days of the date the notice is served on the official or cease the solicitation, acceptance and expenditure of funds.

- f. Contributions to a recall committee by a candidate committee or [a]³ joint candidates committee of a candidate who was defeated by the official sought to be recalled at the last election for that office shall be subject to the limits on contributions established by 'The New Jersey Campaign Contributions and Expenditures Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.).²
- ³g. A recall committee shall submit, at the time of its initial filing with the Election Law Enforcement Commission, in addition to its depository account registration information, a registration statement which includes:
- (1) the complete name or identifying title of the committee and the general category of entity or entities, including but not limited to business organizations, labor organizations, professional or trade associations, candidates for or holders of public offices, political parties, ideological groups or civic associations, the interests of which are shared by the leadership, members, or financial supporters of the committee;
- (2) the mailing address of the committee and the name and resident address of a resident of this State who shall have been designated by the committee as its agent to accept service of process; and
- (3) a descriptive statement prepared by the organizers or officers of the committee that identifies:
- (a) the names and mailing addresses of the persons having control over the affairs of the committee, including but not limited to persons in whose name or at whose direction or suggestion the committee solicits funds;
- (b) the name and mailing address of any person not included among the persons identified under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph who, directly or through an agent, participated in the initial organization of the committee;
- (c) in the case of any person identified under subparagraph (a) or subparagraph (b) who is an individual, the occupation of that individual, the individual's home address, and the name and mailing address of the individual's employer, or, in the case of any such person which is a corporation, partnership, unincorporated association, or other organization, the name and mailing address of the organization; and
- (d) any other information which the Election Law Enforcement Commission may, under such regulations as it shall adopt pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), require as being material to the fullest possible disclosure of the economic, political and other particular interests and objectives which the committee has been organized to or does advance. The commission shall be informed, in writing, of any change in the information required by this paragraph within three days of the occurrence of the change.
- h. In accordance with the Election Law Enforcement

Commission's regular reporting schedule, the commission may, by regulation, require a recall committee or a recall defense committee to file during any calendar year one or more additional cumulative reports of such contributions received and expenditures made to ensure that no more than three months shall elapse between the last day of a period covered by one such report and the last day of the period covered by the next such report.³

18. ³[The following are repealed:] On the effective date of this act, ³ sections 88 through 98 of P.L. 1972, c.154 (C.40:41A-88 et seq.); sections 17-19 through 17-29 of P.L.1950, c.210 (C.40:69A-168 et seq.); R.S.40:75-25 through R.S.40:75-44; R.S.40:81-6; and R.S.40:84-12 through R.S.40:84-19 ³ shall become inoperative and shall have no force or effect unless a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final order invalidating the provisions of Article I, paragraph 2b. of the New Jersey Constitution, providing for the recall of elected officials, and the provisions of this act which permit the recall of county or municipal officials, in which case the aforesaid laws shall again become operative and shall have full force and effect as of the date of the court's ruling³.

¹[19. No petition of direct nomination of a person for the office of United States Senator or member of the United States House of Representatives shall be deemed to have been properly filed with the Secretary of State unless there shall also have been filed with the Secretary the following statement, signed by the person nominated in the petition:

"In the event that I, [name of the person nominated by the petition], am elected to the office of [United States Senator or member of the United States House of Representatives, as appropriate], I hereby waive/do not waive [cross out one of these alternatives] any right or standing to object, on grounds based upon the Constitution or laws of the United States, to the institution or maintenance under the "Uniform Recall Election Law" of an effort to place on the ballot the question of whether or not I shall be recalled from such office, to the performance by any public officer or employee of any responsibility assigned to that officer or employee under the "Uniform Recall Election Law", or to the conduct or the results of any recall election held in accordance with the "Uniform Recall Election Law". In the event that I am recalled from the office of [United States Senator or member of the United States House of Representatives, as appropriate] at such a recall election, I hereby resign/decline to resign [cross out one of these alternatives] that office effective upon certification of the results of that election."

[signature of person nominated by petition]

The statement when filed shall be opened under proper regulations for public inspection in the same manner as the petition of direct nomination.] 1

¹[20. No petition nominating a candidate to be voted for by the voters of a political party at a primary election for the office of United States Senator or member of the United States House of Representatives shall be deemed to have been properly filed with the Secretary of State unless there shall also have been filed with the Secretary the following statement, signed by the person nominated in the petition:

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"In the event that I, [name of the person nominated by the petition], am elected to the office of [United States Senator or member of the United States House of Representatives, as appropriate], I hereby waive/do not waive [cross out one of these alternatives] any right or standing to object. on grounds based upon the Constitution or laws of the United States, to the institution or maintenance under the "Uniform Recall Election Law" of an effort to place on the ballot the question of whether or not I shall be recalled from such office, to the performance by any public officer or employee of any responsibility assigned to that officer or employee under the "Uniform Recall Election Law", or to the conduct or the results of any recall election held in accordance with the "Uniform Recall Election Law". In the event that I am recalled from the office of [United States Senator or member of the United States House of Representatives, as appropriate] at such a recall election, I hereby resign/decline to resign [cross out one of these alternatives] that office effective upon certification of the results of that election.

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[signature of person nominated by petition]

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The statement when filed shall be opened under proper regulations for public inspection in the same manner as the petition nominating the candidate. 1

¹[21.] 19.¹ This act shall take effect immediately ⁴. except that the provisions of this act rendering existing recall statutes inoperative and of no force and effect shall not apply to any recall effort undertaken pursuant to said statutes if said effort shall have been commenced on or before this act's effective date. Any such recall efforts shall be completed under the provisions of statutory law under which they were commenced, the provisions of this act to the contrary notwithstanding⁴.

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The "Uniform Recall Election Law"; implements constitutional amendment granting the power to recall elected officials to the people.

ASSEMBLY, No. 25

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel
PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1994 SESSION

By Assemblymen HAYTAIAN and LoBIONDO

AN ACT concerning the recall of the Governor or a member of the Legislature and supplementing Title 19 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. a. Any person holding the office of Governor or member of the Legislature shall be subject to recall from such office on the grounds of lack of physical or mental fitness, incompetence, violation of the oath of office, corruption, neglect of duties or official misconduct.
- b. The number of legally qualified voters who reside within the State necessary to petition the recall of the Governor shall be equal to at least 25 percent of the total number of ballots cast at the general election held at which the Governor was elected whose recall is sought, except that when the recall of the Governor is sought for acts committed by the Governor in a prior term, the number of legally qualified voters who reside within the State necessary to petition the recall shall be equal to at least 25 percent of the total number of ballots cast at the general election held to elect the Governor to the term in which the grounds for recall occurred.
- c. The number of legally qualified voters who reside within a legislative district necessary to petition the recall of a member of the Legislature representing that district shall be equal to 25 percent of the total number of ballots cast in that legislative district at the general election at which the member of the Legislature was elected whose recall is sought, except that when the recall of a member of the Legislature representing that district is sought for acts committed by the legislator during a prior term, the number of legally qualified voters who reside within the legislative district necessary to petition the recall shall be equal to 25 percent of the total number of ballots cast in that legislative district at the general election held to elect the member of the Legislature to the term in which the grounds for recall occurred.
- d. No recall petition shall demand the recall of more than one public official.
- 2. a. An application for a recall petition for the Governor or a member of the Legislature shall be made with the Secretary of State. No application for a recall petition for the office of Governor shall be filed during the first 120 calendar days of the first term of a Governor or the last 120 calendar days of a term of office of a Governor. No application for a recall petition for a member of the Legislature shall be filed during the first 120

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calendar days after the Legislature convenes its first annual session of a two-year legislative term or during the last 120 calendar days prior to the conclusion of a two-year legislative term.

- b. An application form for a recall petition may be obtained from the office of the Secretary of State. The application forms shall be printed and issued by the office of the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall assign a separate number to each application. Such number shall appear on the face of every page of each application issued, together with date of issuance.
- c. For the purposes of circulation, an application form shall be prepared by the Secretary of State in a manner reasonably calculated to allow full circulation throughout the State, in the case of a Governor sought to be recalled, or the legislative district, in the case of a member of the Legislature sought to be recalled. When an application form is circulated in more than one county, each sheet of that application form shall bear the name of the county in which it is circulated, and only legally qualified voters of the designated county may sign such application form.
 - d. A completed application for a recall petition shall include:
 - (1) the name and office of the person to be recalled;
 - (2) the printed name, residence address, county of residence, signature and date of signature of the official sponsors, who, in the case of recall of the Governor, shall be legally qualified voters of the State whose total number shall equal at least 1,000, or who, in the case of a member of the Legislature, shall be legally qualified voters of the legislative district whose total number shall equal at least 100:
 - (3) the designation of three of the sponsors as the recall petition committee who shall represent the sponsors on all matters pertaining to the recall application and petition; and
 - (4) a statement of no more than 200 words as follows:
 - "_____ (name and office), while holding office, _____ (state the appropriate ground or grounds for recall as set forth in subsection a. of section 1 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill)." Such statement shall be typed on the face of every page of each application issued.
- e. Each application form shall be approximately 8 $1/2 \times 13$ inches. The forms shall be ruled with a horizontal line 1 1/2 inches from the top thereof. The space above such line shall remain blank and shall be for the purpose of binding.
- 3. a. Those persons who circulate a recall petition application shall have 10 calendar days from the date of issuance by the Secretary of State to collect the required number of official sponsor signatures.
- b. No person shall be authorized to apply for, circulate or sign a recall petition application form unless the person is a legally qualified voter of the State, in the case of recall of the Governor, or of the legislative district, in the case of recall of a member of the Legislature. A person circulating such a recall application form shall make a written oath before a notary public that the

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application is made in good faith and that the person saw all the signatures made thereto and believes that the signers are duly qualified voters. Such an oath shall be on the reverse side of every page of each application form.

- c. If a legally qualified voter is incapable of signing the application by reason of blindness or other disability, the voter shall make a cross, which shall be followed by the writing of the words 'His or Her mark," as the case may be, by the person circulating the application. The person who is circulating the application shall print the name, address of the voter and date the mark was made in the space provided therefor and shall sign the full name of the circulator next to the printed name of the voter.
- 4. a. At any time prior to the date that the application for a recall petition is received by the Secretary of State a legally qualified voter who has signed the application as an official sponsor may request the withdrawal of his signature from the application by executing and filing with the Secretary of State an affidavit signed and sworn to before a notary public.
 - b. The affidavit shall be substantially in the following form: AFFIDAVIT OF SIGNATURE WITHDRAWAL

23	State of New Jersey
24	
25	County of
26	
27	I (Name as it appears on the application), being first
28	duly sworn, say that I am a registered voter of(county) in which the
29	recall election is to be conducted.
3 0	
31	That my residence address is(Number and street or
32	route) (City)
33	
34	That I signed or caused to be signed the application for the recall
35	of (Name and office of person sought to be recalled) and that the
36	recall application has been assigned number by the Secretary of State.
37	
38	That it is my intention by signing and filing of this affidavit to
39	withdraw my signature therefrom.
40	
41	
42	Signature of voter
43	
44	Subscribed and sworn to
45	before me this
46	day of 19
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49	Notary public
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51	My commission expires on the day of, 19
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c. Upon the receipt of an affidavit of signature withdrawal,

the Secretary of State shall notify the person or persons

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submitting the application that the affidavit has been filed with the office of the Secretary of State.

- 5. a. A recall petition application shall not be accepted for signature, name and address verification if:
 - (1) it fails to contain a statement of no more than 200 words stating the reasons for the recall:
 - (2) it does not list the names of the required number of official petition sponsors;
 - (3) it does not list the names of three persons who shall represent all sponsors and subscribers in matters relating to the recall:
 - (4) in the case of recall of the Governor, it is filed during the first 120 calendar days of the first term of a Governor or the last 120 calendar days of the term of office of a Governor, or, in the case of recall of a member of the Legislature, it is filed during the first 120 days after the Legislature convenes its first annual session of a two-year legislative term or during the last 120 calendar days prior to the conclusion of a two-year legislative term; or
 - (5) it is filed with the office of the Secretary of State later than the first business day after the 10-day period for the collection of signatures.
- b. Within two business days after the acceptance of the recall petition application, the Secretary of State shall transmit the recall petition application for name, address and signature verification to the commissioners of registration in counties having a superintendent of elections, and the county boards in all other counties, in the case of a Governor whose recall is being sought, or the commissioners of registration in counties having a superintendent of elections, and the county boards in all other counties, of each county which comprises in whole or part the legislative district where the recall is being sought, in the case of a member of the Legislature. The Secretary of State shall transmit each sheet of the recall application for verification to the appropriate commissioner of registration or county board of the county wherein that sheet was circulated.
- c. The commissioners of registration or the county boards, as appropriate, shall have 10 business days in the case of the Governor and five business days in the case of a member of the Legislature to verify the names, addresses and signatures on the recall petition application. No later than the first business day after that 10-day or five-day period, as the case may be, the commissioners of registration or the county boards, as appropriate, shall notify the Secretary of State of the verification results.
- d. In the case of an application that contains the mark of a legally qualified voter who is blind or suffers some other disability, both the name and address of the voter and the name, address and signature of the circulator shall be verified by the commissioner of registration or the county board, as appropriate.
- e. If, based upon the verification results provided by the commissioners of registration or the county boards, as appropriate, the Secretary of State is not reasonably able to certify that a signature is that of a qualified voter eligible to sign

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the recall application, such signature shall not be counted in determining whether the application contains a sufficient number of signatures as required by law. The nullification of a signature on any form of a recall application shall not affect the validity of other signatures contained on such forms.

- f. An otherwise valid signature shall be nullified if a legally qualified voter signs an application form which bears the name of a county that is not the county wherein the voter is registered to vote.
- g. If the application is not accepted for signature verification or does not contain the appropriate number of legally qualified sponsor signatures, the application shall not be certified by the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall notify the person or persons submitting the recall application that the application shall not be certified and the reason for the denial of such certification. The person or persons submitting the application shall have the opportunity to re-apply for a recall petition application.
- 6. a. Upon the certification of the recall petition application, the Secretary of State shall notify in writing the public officer named for recall in the application that the application has been certified and that a recall petition will be issued for circulation.
- b. When the application is certified, the Secretary of State shall immediately file the certificate of the application and issue the official recall petition forms. The Secretary of State shall assign a separate number to each recall petition, which number shall appear on every page of the petition form, and issue that number to the sponsors. A record of each petition, including the date of its receipt and the number assigned and issued to the sponsors, shall be maintained by the Secretary of State.
- c. For the purposes of circulation, a petition shall be prepared by the Secretary of State in a manner reasonably calculated to allow full circulation throughout the State, in the case of a Governor sought to be recalled, or the legislative district, in the case of a member of the Legislature sought to be recalled. When a petition is circulated in more than one county, each sheet of the petition shall bear the name of the county in which it is circulated, and only legally qualified voters of the designated county may sign such sheet.
- 7. a. The official recall petition forms shall be printed by the office of the Secretary of State in the following form:

RECALL PETITION (Official petition no.) (County) To the Honorable ____, Secretary of State of the State of New lersey: We, the undersigned legally qualified voters of the State of New Jersey (or name of the appropriate legislative district) respectfully petition that an election be held as provided by law on the question of whether _____, holding the office of _____, should be recalled for the following reasons: (Statement of the appropriate ground or grounds

for recall as set forth in subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.	, C.	(C.) (now
pending before the Legislature as this bill.)		

Address

(Name (print) signature)

Date_

(Name (print) signature)

(Number and street or route)

b. The following statements shall be printed on each petition and shall be read by or to each signer:

(1)

Name

Warning

Any person who knowingly signs a name other than his own to this petition or who signs his name more than once upon a petition to recall the same officer at one election or who is not, at the time he signs this petition, a legally qualified voter of the State of New Jersey entitled to vote for the successor of the elected officer to be recalled shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

- (2) If (insert appropriate number) the legally qualified voters of (this State) (the ____ Legislative district) legally qualified voters sign this petition, there shall be an election at which a majority of legally qualified voters therein shall determine whether the above-named official shall be removed from office.
- c. The signatures on each petition shall be placed on sheets of paper known as circulation sheets. Each circulation sheet shall be approximately 8 1/2 x 13 inches. The circulation sheets shall be ruled with a horizontal line 1 1/2 inches from the top thereof. The space above such line shall remain blank and shall be for the purpose of binding.
- 8. a. All signers of a recall petition for the Governor shall be legally qualified voters who reside in the State. All signers of a recall petition for a member of the Legislature shall be legally qualified voters who reside in the legislative district of the member of the Legislature sought to be recalled.
- b. A legally qualified voter who signs a recall petition shall sign his name as it appears on the permanent voter registration register and shall print his name and address in the space provided therefor. The signer shall also date his signature in the space provided.
- c. Every legally qualified voter who signs a recall petition shall do so in the presence of the person circulating the petition. A person circulating a petition shall make a written oath before a notary public that the petition is made in good faith and that the person saw all the signatures made thereto and believes that the signers were duly qualified voters. Such an oath shall be on the reverse side of every page of every petition circulation sheet.
- d. If a legally qualified voter is incapable of signing the petition by reason of blindness or other disability, the voter shall make a cross, which shall be followed by the writing of the words "His or Her mark," as the case may be, by the person circulating the petition. The person who is the circulator of the petition shall print the name, address and date the mark was made in the space provided therefor and shall sign the full name of the circulator next to the printed name of the voter.
- 9. a. At any time prior to the date that the petition is received by the Secretary of State a legally qualified voter who has signed the petition

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1 2	may request the withdrawal of his signature from the petition by executing and filing with the Secretary of State an affidavit signed and
3	sworn to before an notary public.
4	b. The affidavit shall be substantially in the following form:
5	AFFIDAVIT OF SIGNATURE WITHDRAWAL
6	
7	State of New Jersey
8	
9	County of
.0	
.1	I, (Name as it appears on the application) being first duly
2	sworn, say that I am a registered voter of (county).
3	
1	That my residence address is
	(Number and street or route) (City)
,	That I signed or caused to be signed the petition for the recall
	of (Name and office of person sought to be recalled).
	(********************************
	That it is my intention by signing and filing of this affidavit to
	withdraw my signature therefrom.
	Signature of voter
	Subscribed and sworn to
	before me this
	day of, 19
	
	Notes and multip
	Notary public
	My commission expires on the day of, 19
	c. Upon the receipt of an affidavit of signature withdrawal.
	the Secretary of State shall notify the recall petition committee
	that the affidavit has been filed with the Secretary of State.
	10. a. The recall petition may be circulated by an official
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	sponsor or a legally qualified voter designated by an official
	sponsor as one who is entitled to circulate a petition. Each
	official sponsor who designates a person as one who is entitled to
	circulate a petition shall notify the recall petition committee
	that such a designation has been made. Upon the filing of the
	recall petition with the Secretary of State, the recall committee
	•
	shall submit a list of those persons entitled to circulate the
	petitions.
	b. The sponsors and their designees shall have 120 calendar
	days from the date on which the Secretary of State issues the
	official recall petition forms to collect the signatures of legally
	qualified voters.
	c. When the recall committee determines that it has obtained
	the appropriate number of signatures, the committee shall file
	the petition with the Secretary of State.
	d. A recall petition shall not be accepted for name, address

and signature verification:

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- (1) if the petition is filed later than the first business day after the 120-day period for the collection of signatures; or
- (2) if it is determined that the signatures on the petitions were collected by persons other than official sponsors or their designees.
- e. Within two business days after the acceptance of a petition, the Secretary of State shall transmit the petition for name. address and signature verification to the commissioners of registration in counties having a superintendent of elections, and the county boards in all other counties, in the case of the Governor whose recall is sought, or the commissioners of registration or the county boards, as appropriate, of each county which comprises in whole or part the legislative district where the recall is being sought, in the case of a member of the Legislature. The Secretary of State shall transmit each sheet of recall petition for verification the to appropriate commissioner of registration or county board of the county wherein that petition was circulated.
- f. The commissioners of registration or the county boards, as appropriate, shall have 20 business days in the case of the Governor and 10 business days in the case of a member of the Legislature to verify the names, addresses and signatures on the petition. No later than the first business day after that 20-day or 10-day period, as the case may be, the commissioners of registration or the county boards, as appropriate, shall notify the Secretary of State of the verification results.
- g. In the case of a petition that contains the mark of a legally qualified voter who is blind or suffers some other disability, both the name and address of the voter and the name, address and signature of the circulator shall be verified by the commissioner of registration or the county board, as appropriate.
- h. If more than one recall petition is subject to review for verification at the same time, the commissioners of registration or the county boards, as appropriate, shall have 30 business days to verify the information on the petitions.
- 11. a. If, based upon the verification results provided by the commissioners of registration or the county boards, appropriate, the Secretary of State is not reasonably able to certify that a signature is that of a qualified voter eligible to sign the recall petition, such signature shall not be counted in determining whether the petition contains a sufficient number of signatures as required by law. The nullification of a signature on any sheet of the recall petition shall not affect the validity of other signatures contained on such sheet.
- b. An otherwise valid signature shall be nullified if a legally qualified voter signs a circulation sheet which bears the name of a county that is not the county wherein the voter is registered to vote.
- c. Should the Secretary of State not certify a petition because the verification process established that the appropriate number of signatures of legally qualified voters were not on the petition or because the petition was not accepted for verification, the recall committee shall have 20 calendar days to amend the

petition.

- d. Within one business day after the re-submission the Secretary of State shall transmit the amended petition for name, address and signature verification to the commissioners of registration and the county boards, as appropriate, in the case of the Governor whose recall is sought, or the commissioners of registration and the county boards, as appropriate, of each county which comprises in whole or part the legislative district where the recall is being sought, in the case of a member of the Legislature.
- e. The commissioners of registration and the county boards, as appropriate, shall have 10 business days in the case of the Governor and five business days in the case of a member of the Legislature upon the acceptance of the amended petition to verify the amended information, except that the commissioners of registration and the county boards, as appropriate, shall have 20 business days in the case of the Governor and 10 business days in the case of a member of the Legislature to verify an amended recall petition that was initially rejected for name, address and signature verification. No later than the first business day after that 20-day or 10-day period, as the case may be, the commissioners of registration and the county boards, as appropriate, shall notify the Secretary of State of the verification results.
- f. If the amended petition cannot be accepted for verification or should the Secretary of State make a determination based upon the verification results of the amended petition that the amended petition is not certifiable, the Secretary of State shall certify the petition as insufficient.
- g. Upon the certification of a petition as sufficient, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the Attorney General of New Jersey, the members of the recall petition committee and the officeholder in writing of the results and officially file the certification of the petition.
- h. If an officeholder resigns prior to the holding of a recall election, no recall election shall be conducted. If an officeholder chooses to stand for the recall election, the officeholder shall have the opportunity to prepare and have printed on the ballot for that election a statement of no more than 200 words stating the reasons why the person should not be recalled from office. No such statement of justification shall be printed on the ballot if the statement is not filed with the office of the Secretary of State within five business days of the certification of the recall petition.
- 12. a. Within five business days after certification of the sufficiency of the recall petition by the Secretary of State, a recall election shall be called by the Attorney General and shall be conducted on a Tuesday, not less than 60 calendar days nor more than 90 calendar days after such call, except that if the 95th day after the date of certification falls within the 30 days before or the 30 days after a primary or general election, the recall election shall be conducted on the date of that primary or general election.
 - b. If the dates of two or more recall elections fall within the

same 60 to 90-day period, the elections shall be held on the same day.

- c. The official call for such election shall be published at least one time within 15 days of the certification of the petition as follows:
- (1) in the newspaper or newspapers of general circulation which singly or in combination, have general circulation throughout the State, if the election is for the office of the Governor;
- (2) in the newspaper of general circulation in the legislative district, if the election is for a member of the Legislature.
- 13. a. It shall be the duty of the appropriate official authorized by law to conduct elections to hold and conduct the recall election and to declare and certify the results. The ballot for the recall election shall state the name and office of the person whose recall has be petitioned. The ballot shall have written or printed thereon the following:

() YES or () NO"

"Shall ____ (name of officeholder), be recalled from ____ (name the office) and removed from that officeon the grounds that ____ (name of officeholder), while holding public office, acted in a manner which adversely affected the rights and interests of the public and on the ground(s) that ___ (name of officeholder) ___ (State the appropriate ground or grounds for recall as set forth in subsection a. of section 1. of P.L.19 , c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill))?"

- b. Those persons desiring to vote in favor of recall shall vote "Yes," and those persons desiring to vote against recall shall vote "No." If a majority of the votes cast on the question of recall favor the removal of the officer, the Secretary of State shall so certify and the office shall be deemed acant on the day after the date of certification. Otherwise, the public official named in the recall petition shall continue in office.
- c. If more than one public officer is subject to a recall election in the same voting district, the Secretary of State shall direct the county clerk of each county affected by the recall election to prepare a recall ballot so as to include on a single ballot separate recall questions for each of the officers sought to be recalled.
- d. A vacancy in the office of the Governor or member of the Legislature caused by recall shall be filled as a vacancy in such office caused by any other means is filled.
- 14. a. After a recall election, no further recall petition application shall be filed against the same officer until at least six months have elapsed from the date of the previous recall election. Any other recall petitions against that officer outstanding on the date of the recall election shall be void.

b. If the Secretary of State finds that a recall petition is insufficient and so certifies the petition, no further application for a recall petition shall be filed against the same officer until at least six months have elapsed from the date of the denial of such recall petition.

15. This act shall take effect immediately but shall remain inoperative until a constitutional amendment providing for the recall of the Governor or a member of the Legislature has been adopted and has taken effect.

STATEMENT

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This bill establishes the procedures by which a Governor or a member of the Legislature may be recalled from that office. Grounds for recall are lack of physical or mental fitness, incompetence, violation of the oath of office, corruption, neglect of duties or official misconduct.

Persons who are legally qualified voters and who wish to initiate a recall petition for the Governor or a member of the Legislature must apply to the Secretary of State for a recall petition application. Upon receipt of this request, the Secretary of State shall issue an application form which shall be used by the applicants to gather signatures of official petition sponsors.

The applicants must obtain, within 10 calendar days of the issuance of the application forms, the signatures of at least 1,000 legally qualified voters of the State in the case of recall of the Governor, or in the case of recall of a member of the Legislature, the signatures of at least 100 legally qualified voters of the legislative district represented by the member of the Legislature. Those persons who sign the application shall be the official sponsors of the petition. The applicants shall designate three of these sponsors to act as the recall petition committee. The committee shall represent the sponsors on all matters pertaining to the recall application and petition.

Upon receipt of this application, the Secretary of State, in conjunction with the commissioners of registration or the county boards of elections in all counties affected by the petition application, shall verify and certify the information on the recall petition application and shall issue the recall petition forms.

A voter who signs a recall petition shall sign his name as it appears on the permanent voter registration register and shall print his name and address in the space provided therefor. The signer shall also date his signature in the space provided.

The recall petition may be circulated by an official sponsor or a person designated by an official sponsor as one who is entitled to circulate a petition. The sponsors and their designees shall have 120 calendar days from the date on which the Secretary of State issues the petition forms to collect the necessary signatures.

When the recall committee determines that it has obtained the appropriate number of signatures, the committee shall file the petition with the Secretary of State who, in conjunction with the commissioners of registration or the county boards in all counties affected by the recall petition, shall verify the signature, name

and address of each signer of the petition.

Should the Secretary of State not certify a petition for any reason, the recall committee shall have 20 calendar days to amend and re-file the petition.

If the Secretary of State determines for any reason that the amended petition is not certifiable, the Secretary of State shall certify the petition as insufficient.

Upon the certification of a sufficient recall petition, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the Attorney General of New Jersey, the recall petition chairmen and the officeholder in writing of the results and officially file the certification of the petition.

If an officeholder resigns prior to the holding of a recall election, no recall election shall be conducted.

Within five business days after certification of sufficiency of the recall petition by the Secretary of State, a recall election shall be called by the Attorney General and shall be conducted not less than 60 calendar days nor more than 90 calendar days after such call, except that if the 95th day after the date of certification falls within the 30 days before or the 30 days after a primary or general election, the recall election shall be conducted on the date of that primary or general election.

A vacancy caused by recall shall be filled as a vacancy caused by any other means is filled.

After a recall election, no further recall petition application shall be filed against the same officer until at least six months have elapsed from the date of the previous recall election, and any other recall petitions against that officer outstanding on the date of the recall election shall be void.

If the Secretary of State finds that a recall petition is insufficient and so certifies the petition, no further application for a recall petition shall be filed against the same officer until at least six months have elapsed from the date of the denial of such recall petition.

Provides for recall of Governor or member of the Legislature.

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ASSEMBLY, No. 1207

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 7, 1994

By Assemblymen MORAN and CONNORS

	AN	ACT	establishing	a	procedure	for	the	recall	of	elected
officials and supplementing Title 19 of the Revised Statues.										

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Recall Election Act."
 - 2. Pursuant to Article I, paragraph 2b. of the New Jersey Constitution, the people of this State shall have the power to recall any United States Senator or Representative elected from this State or any State or local elected official in the manner provided herein.
 - 3. As used in this act:

"circulator" means an individual, whether paid or unpaid, who solicits signatures for a recall petition;

"elected official" means any United States Senator or Representative elected from this State or any person holding a State or local government office which, under the State Constitution or by law, is filled by the registered voters of an electoral district at an election, including a person appointed to fill a vacancy in such office, but does not mean an official of a political party;

"electoral district" means the district within which the voters reside who are qualified to vote for an elected official who is sought to be recalled;

"notice of intention" means the notice filed with the recall election official by a recall committee for the purpose of initiating a recall effort;

"recall committee" means a committee formed by persons sponsoring the recall of an elected official which represents the sponsors and signers of a recall petition in matters relating to the recall effort;

"recall election" means an election held for the purpose of allowing the voters of an electoral district to decide whether an elected official shall be recalled from office;

"recall election official" means the official authorized by law to receive nominating petitions for an elective office;

"recall petition" means a petition prepared and circulated by a recall committee for the purpose of guillouing a committee for the guillouing a committee for the

"sponsors" means the proponents of a recall effort who establish a recall committee.

4. a. A United States Senator or Representative or a State or local elected official shall be recalled from office for any reason,

after having served one year of a term, upon the affirmative vote of a majority of those voting on the question of recall at a recall election. A person appointed to fill a vacancy in an elective office shall be subject to recall after one year of service in that office.

- b. The procedures established in this act which trigger a recall election may be commenced after the official sought to be recalled has completed at least 270 days of the first year of a term, or 270 days of the first year of service in the case of an official appointed to fill a vacancy, provided that the recall election itself shall not be held until after the official has completed one year of a term or of service, as appropriate.
- 5. A recall petition demanding the removal of an elected official shall be signed by a number of registered voters of the electoral district of the official sought to be recalled equal to at least 25% of the persons registered to vote in that district on the date the sponsors of the petition file a notice of intention pursuant to section 6 of this act. A recall petition shall be filed with the official authorized by law to receive nominating petitions for the office of the official sought to be recalled, hereinafter the "recall election official." A petition shall demand the recall of not more than one elected official.
- 6. Prior to collecting any signatures, the sponsors of a recall petition shall file a notice of intention with the appropriate recall election official. The notice of intention shall contain the following information:
- a. the name and office and the business or residence address of the elected official sought to be recalled;
- b. the name and business or residence address of between five and 15 sponsors of the recall petition who shall constitute a recall committee which shall represent the sponsors and signers of the recall petition in matters relating to the recall effort;
- c. a statement certified by each member of the recall committee that the member is registered to vote in the electoral district of the official sought to be recalled and that the member supports the recall of the named official and accepts the responsibilities associated with serving on the recall committee;
- d. a statement as to whether the recall election shall be held at the next general election or at a special election; and
- e. at the option of the recall committee, a statement, not in excess of 200 words, of the reasons for the recall.
- 7. a. Within three business days of receiving a notice of intention, the recall election official shall review it for compliance with the provisions of this act. If the notice of intention is found to be in compliance, the recall election official shall indicate the official's approval thereof and return the petition to the recall committee. If the recall committee has requested that the recall election shall be held at a special election, the recall election official shall also prepare an estimate of the cost of conducting the recall election which shall be added to the approved notice of intention and printed on each page of the recall petition in the manner provided by section 8 of this act. If the notice of intention is found not to be in compliance, the recall election official shall indicate the reasons

for that finding to the recall committee which shall have the opportunity to file a corrected notice of intention.

- b. Within five business days of receiving approval of a notice of intention, a recall committee shall serve a copy of the approved notice of intention on the official sought to be recalled by personal delivery or certified mail and shall cause a copy thereof to be printed in a newspaper published in the electoral district or, if none exists, in a newspaper generally circulated within the district. A recall committee shall thereafter promptly file a copy of the notice of intention along with an affidavit of the time and manner of service and proof of publication with the recall election official.
- c. Within five business days of being served with a notice of intention, the official sought to be recalled may file an answer to the proposed recall, not to exceed 200 words, with the recall election official. An official may file an answer regardless of whether or not the notice of intention contained a statement of the reasons for the recall. If the official sought to be recalled chooses to provide an answer, he shall also serve a copy of the answer by personal delivery or certified mail on the recall committee. An answer shall be used solely to provide information to the voters.
- 8. a. A recall petition shall be prepared by the recall election committee pursuant to a format approved for such purpose by the Secretary of State. A petition may consist of any number of separate sections which shall be identical except with respect to information required to be affixed thereto by the signers and circulators and the name of the county in which a section is circulated. Each section shall consist of separate pages. A page shall consist of each side of a sheet of paper on which signatures appear.
- b. Each page of a recall petition shall bear, in no less than 6-point type, a copy of the notice of intention, including the statement of the reasons for the recall if one was provided, and a copy of the answer provided by the official sought to be recalled, if one was provided. If either a statement of the reasons for the recall or an answer was not provided, the petition shall state that fact. If the recall committee has requested in its notice of intention that the recall election shall be held at a special election, the notice of intention printed on each page of the petition shall include the statement of the estimated cost of the special election prepared by the recall election official pursuant to section 7 of this act.
- c. Each page of a recall petition shall be arranged so that each signer of the petition shall personally affix the signer's signature; minted name and residence addition. This street and number, or a designation of residence which is adequate to readily determine location; and the municipality, county and electoral district of residence. A space at least one inch wide shall be left blank after each name for use by the authorized recall official in verifying signatures.
- d. Whenever the electoral district of the elected official sought to be recalled is situated in more than one county, separate sections of the petition shall be prepared for use by

- 1 signers registered to vote in each county. A section shall bear in 2 not less than 6-point type the name of the county in which it is to 3 be circulated. A signer shall not affix the signer's signature to a 4 section other than a section bearing the name of the county in which the signer is registered to vote. 5
 - e. Prior to use, the sections of a recall petition shall be reviewed by the recall election official for compliance with the provisions of this act. No section of a recall petition shall be used to solicit signatures unless it has been so approved.
 - 9. Each completed section of a recall petition which is filed with the recall election official shall have attached to it a certification signed by the circulator of that section which sets forth the following:
 - a. the printed name of the circulator;
 - b. the address of the circulator;

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- c. a statement that the circulator circulated that section and saw the appended signatures being written and that, to the best information and belief of the circulator, each signature is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be;
- d. the dates between which all signatures to that section were collected; and
- e. a certification, signed by the circulator, as to the truth and correctness of the aforesaid information.
- 10. a. A recall committee shall collect the required number of signatures and file a completed petition with the recall election official within the following time periods calculated from the date that an answer to the notice of intention was received from the official sought to be recalled or, if no answer was filed, from the deadline for such filing as provided in subsection c. of section 7 of this act:
- (1) one year, when a United States Senator or Representative or the Governor is sought to be recalled;
- (2) 180 days, when a member of the Legislature or an elected official of a county, municipality or school district is sought to be recalled; and
- (3) 60 days, when any other elected official is sought to be recalled.
- b. If a completed petition is not filed within the applicable time period, the petition shall be void. No part of a void petition shall be used in connection with any other recall effort.
- 11. All sections of a completed recall petition shall be filed with the recall election official at the same time. When a 42 petition is presented for filing, the recall election official shall 43 44 determine the total number of signatures affixed thereto and whether the completed petition complies with the other 45 provisions of this act. A person amon contains as incollicions 40 number of signatures or otherwise fails to comply with the 47 provisions of this act shall be void. If the official determines 48 that the petition contains the required number of signatures and 49 otherwise complies with the provisions of this act, the official 50 shall, in conjunction with the superintendents of election or the 51 county boards of elections of the relevant counties, have 45 52 calendar days in which to verify the signatures on the petition if 53 the elected official sought to be recalled is the Governor or a 54

United States Senator and 30 days to verify the signatures on the petition if the elected official sought to be recalled holds any other office.

12. The validity of signatures as signatures of a sufficient number of registered voters shall, in the first instance, be verified by random sample. The Secretary of State shall design and promulgate, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules establishing a random sampling procedure for use by any recall election official, with rules of decision on the basis of which it may be determined that the number of valid signatures in the sample indicates that the number of valid signatures to all copies of the petitions submitted is sufficient or insufficient. In designing the procedure and decision rules, the Secretary shall employ the theory, assumptions and methods of standard statistical analysis.

In performing random sample verification under this section, the recall election official shall randomly select from the total number of signatures filed a 10% sample, which shall be drawn in a manner to insure that every signature shall have an equal chance of being included in the sample. The verification of the validity of signatures shall be performed against county registration records. The recall election official shall then determine the number of valid of signatures in the sample.

If the number of sampled signatures determined to be valid indicates, under the rules of decision established as hereinabove provided, that it cannot be statistically determined whether the number of valid signatures to all copies of the petition is either sufficient or insufficient to qualify the petition, the recall election official shall verify all signatures to that petition.

13. a. If the recall election official determines that a petition contains the required number of valid signatures and otherwise complies with the provisions of this act, the recall election official shall issue a certificate as to the sufficiency of the petition to the recall committee. A copy of the certificate shall be served by the recall election official on the elected official sought to be recalled by personal service or certified mail. If, within five business days of service of the certification, the official has not resigned from office, the recall election official shall order and fix a date for holding a recall election at the next general election or regular election, as appropriate, to be held not less than 60 days thereafter. However, if the recall committee has indicated in its notice of intention that the recall election shall be held at a special election, the recall election official shall order and fix a date for holding the recall election at a special election to be held not less than ob days nor more than 90 days thereafter. A vacancy in an elective office resulting from the resignation of an elective official sought to be recalled prior to the expiration of the five-day period shall be filled in the manner provided by law for filling vacancies in that

- b. The certificate issued by the recall election official shall contain:
 - (1) the name and office of the official sought to be recalled;

(2) the number of signatures required by law to cause a recall election to be held for that office;

- (3) the number of valid signatures and the number of invalid signatures on the petition; and
- (4) a statement to the effect that a valid recall petition having the required number of valid signatures has been filed with the recall election official and that a recall election will be held.
- c. The recall election official shall cause a copy of the certificate to be printed in a newspaper published in the electoral district of the official sought to be recall or, if none exists, in a newspaper generally circulated in the electoral district.
- 14. A recall election, whether held at a special election or at a general election or regular election, shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Title 19 of the Revised Statutes which apply to all elections
- 15. a. Whenever the elected official sought to be recalled is the Governor, the question of whether or not the Governor shall be recalled shall appear on the ballot but no candidates to succeed the Governor in the event the recall is successful shall be listed thereon. A vacancy in the office of Governor resulting from a recall election shall be filled pursuant to N.J. Const. Art. V, Sec. 1 in the same manner as any other vacancy occurring in that office.
- b. Whenever the elected official sought to be recalled is other than the Governor, candidates to succeed the elected official in the event the recall is successful may be nominated within 30 days of the certification of the petition by each political party in the manner prescribed in R.S.19:13-20 for selecting candidates to fill vacancies among candidates and primary elections. Candidates may also be nominated within that time period by petition in a manner similar to that used for direct nomination by petition for a general election. In the case of offices in nonpartisan units of government, nomination shall be by petition.
- c. The ballot used at a recall election shall pose the following question to the voters: "Shall [insert name of elected official sought to be recalled] be recalled from the office of [insert title of office]?" To the right of the question, the words "Yes" and "No" shall appear and each voter shall indicate the voter's choice of one. A recall election ballot shall also contain the statement of the reasons for the recall prepared by the recall committee and the answer thereto, if any, which appeared on the petition.
- d. Whenever a successor is to be chosen at a recall election in the event the recall is successful, the ballot shall indicate: "Nominees for successor to [insert name and title of the elected official sour! he recalled in the event he (or she) is recalled." The names of all persons nominated as successors shall appear immediately thereafter in such manner as will allow each voter to vote for one.
- 16. a. If a majority of votes cast on the question of the recall of an elected official are in the affirmative, the term of office of the elected official shall terminate upon the certification of the election results. Where nominees to succeed the recalled official are voted on at the same election, the successor receiving the

greatest number of votes shall succeed to the office of the recalled official upon certification of the election results and shall serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.

- b. If a majority of votes cast on the question of recall of an elected official are in the negative, the official shall continue in office as if no recall election had been held and the vote for the successor of such officer shall be void,
- c. An elected official sought to be recalled shall be eligible to be listed as a nominee to succeed himself or herself.
- d. An elected official sought to be recalled who is not recalled as the result of a recall election shall not again be the subject to recall until after having served one year of a term calculated from the date of the recall election.
- 17. a. Except as provided in subsection c. of this section, a recall committee shall be treated as a candidate committee for the purposes of "The New Jersey Campaign Contributions and Expenditure Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.).
- b. Except as provided in subsection c. of this section, an elected official sought to be recalled who receives contributions and makes expenditures for the purpose of opposing a recall effort and any nominee to succeed that elected official shall be treated as a candidate for the purposes of "The New Jersey Campaign Contributions and Expenditures Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.).
- c. The limits on contributions established by 2 U.S.C. 441a shall apply to a federal elected official sought to be recalled, a candidate to succeed such an official and a recall committee seeking to recall a federal elected official.
- d. A Governor who is sought to be recalled shall not be entitled to public support pursuant to P.L.1974, c.26 (C.19:44A-27 et seq.) for the purpose of opposing the recall effort.
- 18. In the event that any part of this act shall be, for any reason, adjudged invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such judgment shall not impair the remainder thereof, but shall be confined strictly in its operation to the particular part held to be invalid.
- 19. The provisions of this act shall not apply to the recall of any local elected official in a unit of local government in which the voters, on the effective date of this act, already have the right of recall pursuant to any of the following laws: sections 88 through 98 of P.L.1972, c.154 (C.40:41A-88 et seq.); sections 17-19 through 17-29 of P.L.1950, c.210 (C.40:69A-168 et seq.); R.S.40:75-25 through R.S.40:75-44; R.S.40:81-6; or R.S.40:84-12 through R.S.40:84-19. These laws shall continue in full force and provisions of any such law is inconsistent with the provisions of subparagraph b. of paragraph 2 of Article 2 of the New Jersey Constitution, the minimum criteria established in that subparagraph shall apply to the recall of a local official in a unit of government covered by that law.
 - 20. This act shall take effect immediately.

SPONSORS' STATEMENT

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This bill would implement the amendment to the State Constitution, approved by the voters on November 2, 1993, which provides that the people of this State shall have the power to recall a United States Senator or Representative elected from this State or any State or local elected official, who has served one year of a term. In order to allow an official the benefit of a reasonable period of time in office without having to defend recall effort, and without expenseassociated with such defense, none of the steps involved in the recall process could occur until after the official has served for 270 days in office. After that time the procedures which precede a recall election may occur but the actual recall election could not be held until after the official has served one

The recall process would be commenced by the filing of a notice of intention by the sponsors of the recall effort with the official authorized by law to receive nominating petitions for the office of the official sought to be recalled. The notice of intention would designate between five and 15 sponsors as a recall election committee to represent the sponsors and signers of the recall petition in matters relating to the recall effort. At the option of the recall committee, the notice of intention may contain a statement, not in excess of 200 words, of the reasons for the recall. The notice of intention shall indicate whether the recall committee desires that the recall election shall be conducted at the next general election or regular election, as appropriate, or as a special election. If the committee indicates that the recall election is to be conducted at a special election, the recall election official shall prepare an estimate of the cost of conducting the special election which shall be added to the approved notice of intention. The notice of intention would be served on the official sought to be recalled and printed in at least one newspaper. The official sought to be recalled would have the opportunity to file an answer, not in excess of 200 words, to the proposed recall.

A recall committee would be responsible for preparing and circulating a petition. Each page of the petition must include a copy of the notice of intention and the incumbent's answer thereto and, where appropriate, the estimated cost of conducting the recall election as a special election prepared by the recall election official. A petition would have to be signed by at least 25% of the registered voters of the incumbent's electoral district in order for a recall election to be called. The bill contains requirements applicable to signers and circulators which are intended to ensure the validity of signatures. A procedure is established for verifying signatures.

A recall election would be held at the next general election or regular election, as appropriate, occurring not less than 60 days after the petition is certified. However, if the petition sponsors have requested that the recall election shall be held at a special election, the date for a special election will be fixed not less than 60 days nor more than 90 days after certification of the petition.

1 A vacancy in the office of Governor resulting from a recall election would be filled in the same manner provided in the State Constitution for vacancies in that office resulting from other 3 4 causes. Other offices vacated as the result of a recall election 5 would be filled through the election of a successor at the recall The provisions of "The New Jersey Campaign 6 7 Contributions and Expenditures Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.) would apply to a recall election, except that 8 the contribution limits established by federal law would apply 9 10 when a federal elected official is sought to be recalled. Public funding would not be provided in the context of a gubernatorial 11 12 recall effort.

The bill expressly preserves existing laws which currently allow certain counties and municipalities to conduct recall elections but requires these units of government to comply with the minimum criteria concerning recall established in the State Constitution.

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The "Recall Election Act"; implements amendment to State Constitution granting to the people the power to recall elected officials.

SENATE Amendments to ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR ASSEMBLY, NOS. 25 AND 1207(1R)

committee shall be used only for (a) the payment of campaign expenses incurred in the course of and directly related to the committee's effort to oppose the recall effort or the passage of the question of recall at the recall election, (b) the payment of the overhead and administrative expenses related to the operation of the committee, or (c) the pro-rata repayment of contributors; and

(2) any nominee to succeed that elected official shall be treated as a candidate for the purposes of "The New Jersey Campaign Contributions and Expenditures Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.).

- c. The limits on contributions established by 2 U.S.C. 441a shall apply to a federal elected official sought to be recalled, a candidate to succeed such an official and a recall committee seeking to recall a federal elected official.
- d. A Governor who is sought to be recalled shall not be entitled to public support pursuant to P.L.1974, c.26 (C.19:44A-27 et seq.) for the purpose of opposing the recall effort.

1e. Neither a recall committee nor a recall defense committee shall solicit or accept contributions in connection with a recall effort until after ²either: (1) the recall committee serves written notice of the recall effort on the official sought to be recalled by personal service or certified mail, with a copy thereof filed with the recall election official; or (2)² a copy of an approved notice of intention is served on the official sought to be recalled as provided in subsection b. of section 7 of this act. 1 2If a recall committee notifies an official sought to be recalled of its intention to initiate a recall effort by the method described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, it must file a notice of intention within 30 days of the date the notice is served on the official or cease the solicitation, acceptance and expenditure of funds.

Contributions to a recall committee by a candidate committee or a joint candidates committee of a candidate who was defeated by the official sought to be recalled at the last election for that office shall be subject to the limits on contributions established by "The New Jersey Campaign Contributions and Expenditures Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.).²

STATEMENT

This amendment: 1) eliminates provisions which specify the size of the paper to be used in a recall petition; 2) increases the time period for circulating a recall petition from 120 days to 180 days in the case of recall of the Governor or a United States Senator and from 60 days to 90 days in the case of any other elected official; 3) provides that a recall election shall not be held after the date occurring 6 months prior to the general

Statement attached to Senate Amendments 1st reprint)

SENATE Amendments to ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, NOS. 25 AND 1207(1R)
Page 8

election in the final year of an official's term; 4) limits the use of contributions by a recall committee to promoting the recall effort, paying overhead and administrative expenses and the pro-rate repayment of contributors; 5) clarifies that a recall defense committee shall be in addition to any candidate committee or joint candidates committee established by an incumbent; 6) clarifies that contributions to a recall committee by a candidate or joint candidates committee of a defeated candidate are subject to the limits on campaign contributions established by law; ?) allows a fundraising activities in connection with a recall effort to be conducted for up to 30 days prior to service of the notice of intention on the official sought to be recalled if written notice of the recall effort is served on the targeted official; and 8) provides that when an official transfers funds from a candidate committee or joint candidates committee to the official's regall defense committee that a new election cycle begins with respect to fundraising for the candidate committee or joint candidate committee upon conclusion of the Amendments to Assembly Committee Substitute (2R) Statement attached to Senate Amendments
(2d reprint) for ASSEMBLY NOS, 25 and 1207

REPLACE SECTION 18 TO READ:

3[The following are repealed:] On the effective date of this 18. act.³ sections 88 through 98 of P.L. 1972, c.154 (C.40:41A-88 et seq.); sections 17-19 through 17-29 of P.L.1950, c.210 (C.40:69A-168 et seq.); R.S.40:75-25 through R.S.40:75-44; R.S.40:81-6; and R.S.40:84-12 through R.S.40:84-19 3shall become inoperative and shall have no force or effect unless a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final order invalidating the provisions of Article I, paragraph 2b. of the New Jersey Constitution, providing for the recall of elected officials, and the provisions of this act which permit the recall of county or municipal officials, in which case the aforesaid laws shall again become operative and shall have full force and effect as of the date of the court's ruling3.

STATEMENT

This amendment: 1) provides that a recall committee shall consist of at least three petition sponsors, instead of between five and 15 sponsors as is currently provided by the bill; 2) requires the recall election official to prepare an estimate of the cost of holding the recall election when the petition sponsors have requested that the recall election be held at a special election: 3) provides that the copy of the notice of intention which is published shall be abbreviated to include information on only three members of the recall committee designated by the committee; 4) provides that the pages of each section of a recall petition shall be sequentially numbered with the first page thereof bearing the contents of the notice of intention, including any cost estimate prepared by the recall election official, except that information on only three members of the recall committee need be reproduced on that first page, and with each subsequent page of a section bearing the name and office of the targeted official and, where appropriate, the name of the county in which the section is to be circulated, lines for signatures and other signer information, and the circulator's declaration at the bottom of the page: 5) provides that a targeted official's answer to a notice of intention will be printed on the first page of each petition section if the recall committee provided a statement of the reasons for the recall and that both the statement of reasons and the answer thereto will appear on a recall election sample ballot but not on the actual ballot; 6) eliminates the routine verification of signatures on a recall petition but provides a procedure for challenging the decision of the recall election official with respect to the validity or invalidity of the petition which includes the use of a random sample method: 7) provides that a recall election which is to be held at a special election shall not be scheduled in proximity to certain major elections (the bill currently prohibits holding a recall election in proximity to any other election): 8) requires a recall committee to report certain information to the Election Law Enforcement Commission (ELEC); 9) authorizes ELEC to require a recall recall defense

Amendments to Assembly Committee Substitute (2R) for ASSEMBLY NOS. 28 and 1207
Page 15

to submit additional cumulative reports; 10) provides that instead of being repealed, the existing statutes which provide for recall in certain counties and municipalities would become inoperative and would be of no force or effect unless a court issues a final order invalidating the recall provisions of the State Constitution and the provisions of this bill which allow the recall of county and municipal officials, in which case the inoperative laws would again become operative and 11) allows an elected official (other than the Governor and member of the Legislature) to run to succeed himself at a recall election and provides that a member of the Legislature would be ineligible to be selected to fill the vacancy created by a successful recall effort.

(SR) ACS to MA

or line of the Belle court of the performance of any visual election law. In the performance of any visual election law. In the performance of any visual election law. In the power that I show the results of saw visual election law. In the power that I am recalled from the office of [United States constor or member of the United States House of the matter of the United States House of the performance of the United States House of the appropriate) at such a recall election. I hereby resign/decline to resign [cross out one of these alternatives] that office effective upon certification of the results of that election."

[signature of person nominated by petition]

The statement when filed shall be opened under proper regulations for public inspection in the same manner as the petition nominating the candidate.] 1

1[21.] 19.1 This act shall take effect immediately.

Statement attached to Senate Amenon ents

(3rd Reprint)

The "Uniform Recall Election Law"; implements constitutional amendment granting the power to recall elected officials to the people.

ASSEMBLY STATE GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, Nos. 25 and 1207

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 9, 1994

The Assembly State Government Committee reports favorably a committee substitute for Assembly, Nos. 25 and 1207.

This bill would implement the amendment to the State Constitution, approved by the voters on November 2, 1993, which provides that the people of this State shall have the power to recall a United States Senator or Representative elected from this State or any State or local elected official, who has served one year of a term. The procedures which trigger a recall election may be commenced not earlier than the 50th day preceding the completion of the first year of a term (one year of service in the case of a person appointed to fill a vacancy) by the official sought to be recalled. However, the recall election itself would not be held until after the official has completed one year of a term or of service, as appropriate.

The recall process would be commenced by the filing of a notice of intention by the sponsors of the recall effort with the official authorized by law to receive nominating petitions for the office of the official sought to be recalled. The petition would designate between five and 15 sponsors as a recall election committee to represent the sponsors and signers of the recall petition in matters relating to the recall effort. At the option of the recall committee, the notice of intention may contain a statement, not in excess of 200 words, of the reasons for the recall. The notice of intention would be served on the official sought to be recalled and printed in at least one newspaper. The official sought to be recalled would have the opportunity to file an answer, not in excess of 200 words, to the proposed recall.

A recall committee would be responsible for preparing and circulating a petition. Each page of the petition must include a copy of the notice of intention and the incumbent's answer thereto. A petition would have to be signed by at least 25% of the registered voters of the jurisdiction from which the incumbent had been elected in order for a recall election to be called. The bill contains requirements applicable to signers and circulators which are intended to ensure the validity of signatures and, in the event that paid circulators are used to solicit signatures to the petition, disclosure of that fact. A procedure is established for verifying signatures.

A recall election would be held at the next general election to be held at least 55 days following the fifth business day after service of the certification or, in the case of an office filled at an election other than the general election, at the next such election to be held in the electoral district at least 55 days following that

fifth business day except that if that next general election or other election will not occur within six months of the certification of the petition, then the recall election shall be held at a special election to be held on the next Tuesday occurring during the period beginning with the 55th day and ending on the 61st day following the fifth business day after service of the certification of the petition or, if that Tuesday falls during the 18-day period before or after a day on which any election is to be held or shall have been held within all or any part of the electoral district, then on the first Tuesday thereafter which does not fall within such an 18-day period. A vacancy in the office of Governor or member of the Legislature resulting from a recall election would be filled in the same manner provided in the State Constitution for vacancies in those offices resulting from other causes. Other offices vacated as the result of a recall election would be filled through the election of a successor at the recall election. The provisions of "The New Jersey Campaign Contributions and Expenditures Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.) would apply to a recall election, except that the contribution limits established by federal law would apply when a federal elected official is sought to be recalled. Public funding would not be provided in the context of a gubernatorial recall effort.

The bill repeals and replaces existing laws which authorize some counties and municipalities to conduct recall elections.

SENATE STATE GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY Nos. 25 and 1207

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 17, 1994

The Senate State Government Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly, Nos. 25 and 1207.

This bill would implement the amendment to the State Constitution, approved by the voters on November 2, 1993, which provides that the people of this State shall have the power to recall a United States Senator or Representative elected from this State or any State or local elected official, who has served one year of a term. The procedures which trigger a recall election may be commenced not earlier than the 30th day preceding the completion of the first year of a term (one year of service in the case of a person appointed to fill a vacancy) by the official sought to be recalled. However, the recall election itself would not be held until after the official has completed one year of a term or of service, as appropriate.

The recall process would be commenced by the filing of a notice of intention by the sponsors of the recall effort with the official authorized by law to receive nominating petitions for the office of the official sought to be recalled. The petition would designate between five and 15 sponsors as a recall election committee to represent the sponsors and signers of the recall petition in matters relating to the recall effort. At the option of the recall committee, the notice of intention may contain a statement, not in excess of 200 words, of the reasons for the recall. The sponsors shall determine whether the recall election will be held at the next general election or regular election, as appropriate, or at a special election and a statement to this effect shall be included in the notice of intention. The notice of intention would be served on the official sought to be recalled and printed in at least one newspaper. The official sought to be recalled would have the opportunity to file an answer, not in excess of 200 words, to the proposed recall.

A recall committee would be responsible for preparing and circulating a petition. Each page of the petition must include a copy of the notice of intention and the incumbent's answer thereto. A petition would have to be signed by at least 25% of the registered voters of the jurisdiction from which the incumbent had been elected in order for a recall election to be called. The bill contains requirements applicable to signers and circulators which are intended to ensure the validity of signatures and, in the event that paid circulators are used to solicit signatures to the petition, disclosure of that fact. A procedure is established for verifying signatures.

In the case of an office which is ordinarily filled at the general election, a recall election shall be held at the next general election occurring at least 55 days following the fifth business day after service of the certification, unless it was indicated in the notice of intention that the recall election shall be held at a special election in which case the recall election official shall order and fix a date for holding the recall election at a special election. In the case of an office which is ordinarily filled at an election other than the general election, a recall election shall be held at the next general election or the next regular election for that office occurring at least 55 days following the fifth business day after service of the certification, unless it was indicated in the notice of intention that the recall election shall be held at a special election in which case the recall election official shall order and fix a date for holding the recall election at a special election. Whenever a recall election is to be held at a special election, it shall be scheduled for the next Tuesday occurring during the period beginning with the 55th day and ending on the 61st day following the fifth business day after service of the certification of the petition or, if that Tuesday falls during the 18-day period before or after a day on which any election, including a primary election, is to be held or shall have been held within all or any part of the jurisdiction, then the first Tuesday thereafter which does not fall within such 18-day period. A vacancy in the office of Governor or member of the Legislature resulting from a recall election would be filled in the same manner provided in the State Constitution for vacancies in those offices resulting from other causes. Other offices vacated as the result of a recall election would be filled through the election of a successor at the recall election. The provisions of The New Jersey and Campaign Contributions Expenditures Reporting Act," P.L.1973, c.83 (C.19:44A-1 et seq.) would apply to a recall election, except that the contribution limits established by federal law would apply when a federal elected official is sought to be recalled. Public funding would not be provided in the context of a gubernatorial recall effort.

The bill also provides that neither a recall committee nor a recall defense committee shall solicit or accept contributions in connection with a recall effort until after a copy of an approved notice of intention is served on the official sought to be recalled.

The bill repeals and replaces existing laws which authorize some counties and municipalities to conduct recall elections.

COMMMITTEE AMENDMENT

The committee amended the committee substitute to:

1) provide that a recall election shall be held at a general election or at a special election if a special election was requested in the notice of intention; in the case of an office which is ordinarily filled at an election other than the general election, a recall election may also be held at the next regular election for that office; a recall election shall not coincide with a primary election;

- 2) prohibit a recall committee or a recall defense committee from soliciting or accepting contributions in connection with a recall effort until after an approved notice of intention is served on the official sought to be recalled;
- 3) vest responsibility for promulgating rules and regulations concerning the solicitation of signatures by paid advertisement, paid mailing or by paid circulators in the Election Law Enforcement Commission instead of in the Attorney General; and
- 4) eliminate provisions requiring a candidate for federal office to complete a statement waiving or refusing to waive the candidate's right under federal law to be free from recall.



OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR NEWS RELEASE

CN-001 Contact:

CARL GOLDEN 609-777-2205 TRENTON, N.J. 08625
Release: INCEDIATE
MAY 1, 1995

Gov. Christie Whitman-today recommended that the permissible time period to gather signatures on a petition to recall public officials be extended to 320 days for statewide officeholders and 160 days for all others.

The Governor's recommendation for legislative changes were contained in a conditional veto message delivered to the Assembly today of λ -25, sponsored by Speaker Garabed Haytaian, R-Warren.

"The bill's provisions concerning the time period allowed for gathering signatures on a recall petition simply provide too little time for citizen organisations to gather the requisite number of properly obtained signatures from 25 per cent of the registered voters," Whitman said.

The Governor also recommended that the bill be amended to provide that no recall committee or individual may sponsor more than one recall election against the same officeholder in any single term.

The legislation implements the 1993 Constitutional amendment providing a recall mechanism.

A COPY OF THE CONDITIONAL VETO MESSAGE IS ATTACHED

May 1, 1995

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE for
ASSEMBLY BILL NOS. 25 and 1207
(Third Reprint)

To the General Assembly:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the New Jersey Constitution, I am returning Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 25 and 1207 (Third Reprint) with my recommendations for reconsideration.

A. Summary of the Bill

Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 25 and 1207 (Third Reprint) would implement the 1993 constitutional amendment which reserves the right to remove elected public officials from office unto the people. Among other things, the bill details the process, requirements and campaign finance reporting required for a recall petition drive and a recall election. The bill also details the process for filling vacancies caused by a successful recall effort. Further, the bill renders inoperative all existing recall statutes in favor of the bill's uniform procedure for so long as the uniform procedure remains available for the people to use in the several election jurisdictions in which the people already have statutory authority to demand a recall election.

B. Recommended Action

Only three of the bill's provisions are constitutionally mandated: the provision that makes the sufficiency of the statement of reasons for a recall petition a political rather than a judicial question; the requirement that the officeholder sought to be recalled shall have served for at least one year; and the requirement that before a recall question may be placed

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on the ballot, at least 25 percent of registered voters in the election jurisdiction must sign a petition calling for a recall election. The Legislature is not free to change those constitutional requirements in this bill.

While these three provisions are required by the

Constitution, the rest of the bill's provisions are not. It is
some of these provisions which the Legislature should reconsider
and amend in its effort to fully implement the will of the

people. I would be remiss, however, if I did not recognize and
commend the Legislature, and especially the bill's sponsors, for

working throughout the legislative process to constantly improve
the bill. Among other things, the amendments have made the

bill's requirements concerning petitions and signature gathering
less onerous while increasing public disclosure about the costs
and financing of a recall effort and maintaining adequate

protections from election fraud.

Nonetheless, a key issue that remains is the proper balance between the amount of time allotted for gathering petition signatures and the right of the people to have government operate free from the possible disruption which may be engendered by a recall effort. That balance should be struck in favor of giving petition gatherers more time than is currently authorized under the bill to complete their task. Despite the counterbalancing public policy of avoiding undue and excessive disruption or government, the bill's provisions concerning the time period allowed for gathering signatures on a recall petition simply provide too little time for citizen organizations to gather the requisite number of properly obtained signatures from 25 percent

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of the registered voters. Accordingly, the proper balance would fix the number of days allowed for gathering signatures at approximately eleven months for Statewide officeholders and at approximately five and one-half months for all other officeholders. In further consideration of the need to avoid unreasonable disruption of government associated with a recall effort, I am recommending that no recall committee or individual member of a recall committee shall be able to sponsor, and that no recall committee shall be able to finance, more than one recall election against the same officeholder in any single term.

Additionally, I am advised by the Office of the Attorney

General that the 18-day periods immediately before and after a regularly scheduled election, during which a recall election may not be held, do not adequately account for existing statutory rights concerning the recount of an election result, and the logistics of transporting and inspecting voting machines before an election. I am advised that, at a minimum, a period of 28 days is required to account for these variables. I am also advised by the Office of the Attorney General that a statutorily authorized recall effort is currently in progress in at least one jurisdiction and that the bill does not make allowances for that and other similar efforts. I therefore recommend that the bill be amended to postpone the effective date of the bill in any invisdiction in which the first is ubdarwa; pure the existing statutory law.

Therefore, I herewith return Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 25 and 1207 (Third Reprint) and recommend

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that it be amended as follows:

Page 3. Section 6. Line 14:

After "officeholder" insert "and, if a recall effort fails at the ballot, the sponsoring recall committee and the members thereof shall not again sponsor, nor shall the recall committee again finance an effort to recall the targeted officeholder during the same term of office in which the failed recall effort was attempted"

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Page 7. Section 10. Line 39: Delete "180" and insert "320"

Page 7. Section 10. Line 41: Delete "90" and insert "160"

Page 10. Section 13. Line 32: Delete "18-day" and insert "28-day"

Page 10. Section 13. Line 48: Delete "18-day" and insert "28-day"

Page 17. Section 19. Line 25: After "immediately" insert "except

that the provisions of this act rendering existing recall statutes inoperative and of no force and effect shall not apply to any recall effort undertaken pursuant to said statutes if said effort shall have been commenced on or before this Act's effective date. Any such recall efforts shall be completed under the provisions of statutory law under which they were commenced, the provisions of this act to the contrary notwithstanding"

Respectfully,

/s/ Christine Todd Whitman
GOVERNOR

[seal]

Attest:

/s/ Margaret M. Foti

Chief Counsel to the Governor

97.4.901



OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR NEWS RELEASE

CN-001 Contact:

CARL GOLDEN 609-777-2205

TRENTON, N.J. 08625

Release:

IMMEDIATE
MAY 18, 1995

Gov. Christie Whitman yesterday signed legislation to implement an amendment to the State Constitution giving New Jersey its first statewide procedure to recall elected public officials.

The Governor signed the bill after the Legislature accepted her recommendations for changes, primarily in the time frames allotted to gather the required number of signatures on a recall petition.

Under the legislation, 320 days are allotted to gather signatures to recall an official elected on a statewide basis, and 160 days are allotted for all other public officials elected at the local level.

It provides, further, that no more than one recall effort can be directed at a particular officeholder during any single term.

"This legislation strikes a proper and fair balance between the need to afford citizens groups sufficient time to collect signatures and the need for the subject of the recall to be able to respond to it within a specific time frame," Whitman said.