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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

(Fire and Police --Compulsory Arbitration) NJSA: 34:13A-14a LAWS OF: 1995 CHAPTER: 425 BILL NO: A3296 SPONSOR(S): DiGaetano DATE INTRODUCED: January 4, 1996 ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE: ___ SENATE: ___ AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No DATE OF PASSAGE: **ASSEMBLY:** January 4, 1996 SENATE: January 9, 1996 DATE OF APPROVAL: January 10, 1996 FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE: SPONSOR STATEMENT: Yes COMMITTEE STATEMENT: **ASSEMBLY:** No SENATE: No FISCAL NOTE: No **VETO MESSAGE:** No 't MESSAGE ON SIGNING: No FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED: **REPORTS:** No **HEARINGS:** No

See newsoaoer clippings--attached:
"Governor signs bill to alter police, fire contract negotiations," 1-11-96,
 <u>The Record.</u>
"Whitman OKs arbitration reform," 1-11-96, <u>Asbury Park Press.</u>

KBP:pp

\$1-C.34:13A-14a \$\$4-9 -C.34:13A-16.1 to 34:13A-16.6 \$10-Repealer \$11-Note to \$\$2-10

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P.L.1995, CHAPTER 425, approved January 10, 1996 1995 Assembly No. 3296

I AN ACT concerning compulsory arbitration for public fire and 2 police departments, amending and supplementing P.L.1977, c.85, and repealing section 7 of P.L.1977, c.85. 3 4 5 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the 6 State of New Jersev: 7 1. (New section) This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Police and Fire Public Interest Arbitration Reform Act." 8 9 2. Section 1 of P.L.1977, c.85 (C.34:13A-14) is amended to 10 read as follows: 11 1. [It] The Legislature finds and declares: a. Recognizing the unique and essential duties which law 12 enforcement officers and firefighters perform for the benetit and 13 protection of the people of this State, cognizant of the life 14 15 threatening dangers these public servants regularly confront in the daily pursuit of their public mission, and fully conscious of 16 the fact that these public employees, by legal and moral precept, 17 18 do not enjoy the right to strike, it is the public policy of this 19 State that [in public fire and police departments, where public 20 employees do not enjoy the right to strike,] it is requisite to the 21 high morale of such employees [and], the efficient operation of 22 such departments, and to the general well-being and benefit of the citizens of this State to afford an alternate, expeditious, 23 24 effective and binding procedure for the resolution of disputes[,]; and [to] 25 26 b. It also is the public policy of this State to ensure that the 27 procedure so established fairly and adequately recognizes and 28 gives all due consideration to the interests and welfare of the 29 taxpaying public; and c. Further, it is the public policy of this State to prescribe the 30 31 scope of the authority delegated for the purposes of this reform 32 act; to provide that the authority so delegated be statutorily 33 limited, reasonable, and infused with stringent safeguards, while 34 at the same time affording arbitrators the decision making 35 authority necessary to protect the public good; and to mandate 36 that in exercising the authority delegated under this reform act, 37 arbitrators fully recognize and consider the public interest and 38 the impact that their decisions have on the public welfare, and 39 fairly and reasonably perform their statutory responsibilities to 40 the end that labor peace between the public employer and its employees will be stabilized and promoted, and that the general 41 public interest and welfare shall be preserved; and, therefor, 42

EXPLANATION--Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

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d. To that end the provisions of this reform act, providing for compulsory arbitration, shall be liberally construed. 2

3 (cf: P.L.1977, c.85, s.1)

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3. Section 3 of P.L.1977, c.85 (C.34:13A-16) is amended to 4 5 read as follows:

6 3. a. [Whenever] (1) Negotiations between a public fire or police department and an exclusive representative concerning the 7 8 terms and conditions of employment shall begin at least 120 days prior to the day on which their collective negotiation agreement 9 10 is to expire. The parties shall meet at least three times during that 120 day period. The first of those three meetings shall take 11 place no later than the 90th day prior to the day on which their 12 collective negotiation agreement is to expire. By mutual 13 consent, the parties may agree to extend the period during which 14 15 the second and third meetings are required to take place beyond the day on which their collective negotiation agreement is to 16 expire. A violation of this paragraph shall constitute an unfair 17 practice and the violator shall be subject to the penalties 18 19 prescribed by the commission pursuant to rule and regulation.

(2) Whenever those negotiations [between a public fire or 20 21 police department and an exclusive representativel concerning the terms and conditions of employment shall reach an impasse, 22 23 the commission, through the Division of Public Employment Relations shall, upon the request of either party, or upon its own 24 25 motion take such steps, including the assignment of a mediator, as it may deem expedient to effect a voluntary resolution of the 26 27 impasse. [The cost of mediation shall be borne by the commission.] 28

b. (1) In the event of a failure to resolve the impasse by 29 mediation, the Division of Public Employment Relations, at the 30 31 request of either party, shall invoke factfinding with recommendation for settlement of all issues in dispute unless the 32 33 parties reach a voluntary settlement prior to the issuance of the 34 [factfinders] factfinder's report and recommended terms of settlement. Factfindings shall be limited to those issues that are 35 e by means of the procedure set forth [above] in this paragraph, 36 37 and notwithstanding the fact that such procedures have not been exhausted, the parties shall notify the commission [60 days prior 38 39 to the required budget submission date of the public employer], at a time and in a manner prescribed by the commission, as to 40 41 whether or not they have agreed upon a terminal procedure for 42 resolving the issues in dispute. Any terminal procedure mutually agreed upon by the parties shall be reduced to writing, provide 43 for finality in resolving the issues in dispute, and shall be 44 45 submitted to the commission for approval.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2) of 46 47 subsection a. of this section or paragraph (1) of this subsection, 48 either party may petition the commission for arbitration on or 49 after the date on which their collective negotiation agreement 50 expires. The petition shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the commission. The party filing the petition shall 51 52 notify the other party of its action. The notice shall be given in a manner and form prescribed by the commission. 53 Within 10 days of the receipt of the notice by the 54

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non-petitioning party, the parties shall notify the commission as 1 to whether or not they have agreed upon a terminal procedure for 2 3 resolving the issues in dispute. Any terminal procedure mutually agreed upon by the parties shall be reduced to writing, provide 4 5 for finality in resolving the issues in dispute, and shall be submitted to the commission for approval. If the parties fail to 6 7 agree on a terminal procedure, they shall be subject to the 8 provisions of subsection d. of this section.

9 c. Terminal procedures that are approvable include, but shall 10 not be limited to the following:

(1) Conventional arbitration of all unsettled items.

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(2) Arbitration under which the award by an arbitrator or panel
of arbitrators is confined to a choice between (a) the last offer of
the employer and (b) the last offer of the employees'
representative, as a single package.

(3) Arbitration under which the award is confined to a choice
between (a) the last offer of the employer and (b) the last offer
of the employees' representative, on each issue in dispute, with
the decision on an issue-by-issue basis.

(4) If there is a factfinder's report with recommendations on
the issues in dispute, the parties may agree to arbitration under
which the award would be confined to a choice among three
positions: (a) the last offer of the employer as a single package,
(b) the last offer of the employees' representative as a single
package, or (c) the factfinder's recommendations as a single
package.

(5) If there is a factfinder's report with a recommendation on
each of the issues in dispute, the parties may agree to arbitration
under which the award would be confined to a choice on each
issue from among three positions: (a) the last offer of the
employer on the issue, (b) the employee representative's last
offer on the issue, or (c) the factfinder's recommendation on the
issue.

34 (6) Arbitration under which the award on the economic issues in dispute is confined to a choice between (a) the last offer of the 35 36 employer on the economic issues as a single package and (b) the 37 employee representative's last offer on the economic issues as a 38 single package; and, on any noneconomic issues in dispute, the 39 award is confined to a choice between (a) the last offer of the 40 employer on each issue in dispute and (b) the employee 41 representative's last offer on that issue.

d. The following procedure shall be utilized if parties fail to
agree on a terminal procedure for the settlement of an impasse
dispute:

45 (1) In the event of a failure of the parties to agree upon an 46 acceptable terminal procedure [50 days prior to the public 47 employer's budget-submission date, no later than the aforesaid time] the parties shall separately so notify the commission in 48 writing, indicating all issues in dispute and the reasons for their 49 50 inability to agree on the procedure. The substance of a written notification shall not provide the basis for any delay in 51 52 effectuating the provisions of this subsection.

(2) Upon receipt of such notification from either party or on the commission's own motion, the procedure to provide finality

for the resolution of issues in dispute shall be binding arbitration 1 2 under which the award (on the economic issues in dispute shall be confined to a choice between: (a) the last offer of the employer 3 on such issues as a single package and (b) the employee 5 representative's last offer, on such issues, as a single package; and, on the noneconomic issues in dispute, the award shall be 6 confined to a choice between: (a) the last offer of the employer 7 8 on each issue in dispute and (b) the employee representative's last offer on such issue] on the unsettled issues is determined by g conventional arbitration. The arbitrator shall separately 10 11 determine whether the total net annual economic changes for 12 each year of the agreement are reasonable under the eight 13 statutory criteria set forth in subsection g. of this section.

e. (1) The commission shall take measures to assure the 14 impartial selection of an arbitrator or arbitrators from its special 16 panel of arbitrators. Unless the parties, in a time and manner prescribed by the commission, mutually agree upon the selection of an arbitrator from the commission's special panel of arbitrators and so notify the commission in writing of that selection, the assignment of any arbitrator for the purposes of this act shall be the responsibility of the commission, independent of and without any participation by either of the parties. The commission shall select the arbitrator for assignment by lot.

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24 In any proceeding where an arbitrator selected by mutual 25 agreement is unable to serve, the two parties shall be afforded an 26 opportunity to select a replacement. If the two parties are 27 unable to mutually agree upon the selection of a replacement within a time period prescribed by the commission, the 28 29 commission shall select the replacement in the manner 30 hereinafter provided.

In any proceeding where an assigned arbitrator is unable to 32 serve or, pursuant to the preceding paragraph, the two parties are 33 unable to mutually agree upon a replacement, the commission 34 shall assign a replacement arbitrator. The assignment shall be 35 the responsibility of the commission, independent of and without any participation by either of the parties. The commission shall select the replacement arbitrator for assignment by lot.

38 [2] Appointment [of an arbitrator] to the commission's special panel of arbitrators shall be for a [3-year] three-year term, with 39 40 reappointment contingent upon a screening process similar to 41 that used for determining initial appointments.

The commission may suspend, remove, or otherwise discipline 4Z 43 an arbitrator for a violation of P.L. 1977, c.85 (C.34:13A-14 et 44 seq.), section 4 of P.L.)(now pending before the <u>, C.</u> <u>(C.</u> Legislature as this bill) or for good cause. 45

f. (1) [Prior to the arbitration proceedings] At a time 46 47 prescribed by the commission, the parties shall submit to the 48 arbitrator or tripartite panel of arbitrators [, pursuant to rules and procedures established by the commission.] their final offers 49 50 (in two separate parts: (a) a single package containing all the economic issues in dispute and (b) the individual issues in dispute 51 52 not included in the economic package, each set forth separately 53 by issue] on each economic and non-economic issue in dispute.

The offers submitted pursuant to this section shall be used by the 1 2 arbitrator for the purposes of determining an award pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection d. of this section. The commission 3 shall promulgate rules and procedures governing the submission of 4 5 the offers required under this paragraph, including when those offers shall be deemed final, binding and irreversible. 6 7 (2) In the event of a dispute, the commission shall have the 8 power to decide which issues are economic issues. Economic issues include those items which have a direct relation to 9 employee income including wages, salaries, hours in relation to 10 11 earnings, and other forms of compensation such as paid vacation, 12 paid holidays, health and medical insurance, and other economic 13 benefits to employees. 14 (3) Throughout formal arbitration proceedings the chosen arbitrator or panel of arbitrators may mediate or assist the 15 16 parties in reaching a mutually agreeable settlement. (4) Arbitration shall be limited to those subjects that are 17 18 within the required scope of collective negotiations, except that the parties may agree to submit to arbitration one or more 19 20 permissive subjects of negotiation. (5) The decision of an arbitrator or panel of a bitrators shall 21 22 include an opinion and an award, [which] and shall be rendered 23 within 120 days of the selection of the arbitrator by the mutual 24 agreement of both parties or the commission's assignment of 25 that arbitrator or panel of arbitrators, as the case may be, 26 pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection e. of this section; 27 provided, however, the arbitrator or panel of arbitrators, for good 28 cause, may petition the commission for an extension of not more 29 than 60 days. The two parties, by mutual consent, may agree to an extension. The parties shall notify the arbitrator and the 30 31 commission of any such agreement in writing. The notice shall 32 set forth the specific date on which the extension shall expire. 33 Any arbitrator or panel of arbitrators violating the provisions of this paragraph may be subject to the commission's powers under 34 35 paragraph (2) of subsection e. of this section. The decision shall 36 be final and binding upon the parties and shall be irreversible, except [where there is submitted to the court extrinsic evidence 37 38 upon which the court may vacate, modify or correct such award 39 pursuant to N.J.S.2A:24-7 et seq. or for failure to apply the facts 40 specified in subsection g. below] : 41 (a) Within 14 days of receiving an award, an aggrieved party 42 may file notice of an appeal of an award to the commission on 43 the grounds that the arbitrator failed to apply the criteria 44 specified in subsection g. of this section or violated the standards 45 set forth in N.J.S.2A:24-8 or N.J.S.2A:24-9. The appeal shall be 46 filed in a form and manner prescribed by the commission. In 47 deciding an appeal, the commission, pursuant to rule and 48 regulation and upon petition, may afford the parties the 49 opportunity to present oral arguments. The commission may

affirm, modify, correct or vacate the award or may, at its

discretion, remand the award to the same arbitrator or to another

arbitrator, selected by lot, for reconsideration. An aggrieved

party may appeal a decision of the commission to the Appellate

Division of the Superior Court.

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1 (b) An award that is not appealed to the commission shall be 2 implemented immediately. An award that is appealed and not set 3 aside by the commission shall be implemented within 14 days of 4 the receipt of the commission's decision absent a stay.

(6) The parties shall bear the costs of arbitration subject to a fee schedule approved by the commission.

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g. The arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall decide the 7 8 dispute based on a reasonable determination of the issues, giving due weight to those factors listed below that are judged relevant 9 10 for the resolution of the specific dispute. In the award, the arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall indicate which of the 11 factors are deemed relevant, satisfactorily explain why the 12 13 others are not relevant, and provide an analysis of the evidence 14 on each relevant factor:

(1) The interests and welfare of the public. Among the items 15 16 the arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall assess when considering this factor are the limitations imposed upon the 18 employer by P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).

(2) Comparison of the wages, salaries, hours, and conditions of 19 20 employment of the employees involved in the arbitration proceedings with the wages, hours, and conditions of employment 21 22 of other employees performing the same or similar services and 23 with other employees generally:

24 (a) In private employment in general; provided, however, each 25 party shall have the right to submit additional evidence for the 26 arbitrator's consideration.

(b) In public employment in general; provided, however, each 28 party shall have the right to submit additional evidence for the arbitrator's consideration.

(c) In public employment in the same or similar comparable jurisdictions, as determined in accordance with section 5 of (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this P.L. , c. bill); provided, however, that each party shall have the right to submit additional evidence concerning the comparability of jurisdictions for the arbitrator's consideration.

((b) In comparable private employment.

(c) In public and private employment in general.]

The overall compensation presently received by the (3) employees, inclusive of direct wages, salary, vacations, holidays, excused leaves, insurance and pensions, medical and hospitalization benefits, and all other economic benefits received. (4) Stipulations of the parties.

(5) The lawful authority of the employer. Among the items the arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall assess when considering this factor are the limitations imposed upon the employer by P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).

47 (6) The financial impact on the governing unit, its residents 48 and taxpayers. When considering this factor in a dispute in which 49 the public employer is a county or a municipality, the arbitrator 50 or panel of arbitrators shall take into account, to the extent that 51 evidence is introduced, how the award will affect the municipal 52 or county purposes element, as the case may be, of the local property tax; a comparison of the percentage of the municipal 53 54 purposes element or, in the case of a county, the county purposes

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element, required to fund the employees' contract in the 1 2 preceding local budget year with that required under the award 3 for the current local budget year; the impact of the award for 4 each income sector of the property taxpayers of the local unit; 5 the impact of the award on the ability of the governing body to 6 (a) maintain existing local programs and services, (b) expand 7 existing local programs and services for which public moneys 8 have been designated by the governing body in a proposed local g budget, or (c) initiate any new programs and services for which 10 public moneys have been designated by the governing body in a 11 proposed local budget.

(7) The cost of living.

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(8) The continuity and stability of employment including
seniority rights and such other factors not confined to the
foregoing which are ordinarily or traditionally considered in the
determination of wages, hours, and conditions of employment
through collective negotiations and collective bargaining between
the parties in the public service and in private employment.

h. A mediator, factfinder, or arbitrator while functioning in a 19 mediatory capacity shall not be required to disclose any files, 20 records, reports, documents, or other papers classified as 21 22 confidential received or prepared by him or to testify with regard to mediation, conducted by him under this act on behalf of any 23 party to any cause pending in any type of proceeding under this 24 25 act. Nothing contained herein shall exempt such an individual from disclosing information relating to the commission of a crime. 26 27 (cf: P.L.1977, c.85, s.3)

28 4. (New section) The commission shall establish an annual 29 continuing education program for the arbitrators appointed to its 30 special panel of arbitrators. The program shall include sessions 31 or seminars on topics and issues of relevance and importance to arbitrators serving on the commission's special panel of 32 arbitrators, such as public employer budgeting and finance, public 33 34 management and administration, employment trends and labor 35 costs in the public sector, pertinent court decisions, employment 36 issues relating to law enforcement officers and firefighters, and 37 such other topics as the commission shall deem appropriate and necessary. In preparing the curriculum for the annual education 38 39 program required under this section, the commission shall solicit suggestions from employees' representatives and public 40 employers concerning the topics and issues each of those parties 41 42 deem relevant and important.

43 Every arbitrator shall be required to participate in the 44 commission's continuing education program. If a mediator or an 45 arbitrator in any year fails to participate, the commission may 46 remove that person from its special panel of arbitrators. If an 47 arbitrator fails to participate in the continuing education 48 program for two consecutive years, the commission shall 49 immediately remove that individual from the special panel.

50 5. (New section) a. The commission shall promulgate 51 guidelines for determining the comparability of jurisdictions for 52 the purposes of paragraph (2) of subsection g. of section 3 of 53 P.L.1977, c.85 (C.34:13A-16).

b. The commission shall review the guidelines promulgated

A3296 7 under this section at least once every four years and may modify
 or amend them as is deemed necessary; provided, however, that
 the commission shall review and modify those guidelines in each
 year in which a federal decennial census becomes effective
 pursuant to R.S.52:4-1.

6 6. (New section) The commission may establish a fee schedule 7 to cover the costs of effectuating the 9rovisions of P.L.1977, c.85 8 (C.34:13A-14 et seq.), as amended and supplemented; provided, 9 however, that the fees so assessed shall not exceed the 10 commission's actual cost of effectuating those provisions.

11 7. (New section) The commission shall submit biennial reports to the Governor and the Legislature on the effects of this 12 amendatory and supplementary act on the negotiations and 13 14 settlements between local governmental units and their public police departments and public fire departments and to include 15 with that report any recommendations it may have for changes in 16 the law. The reports required under this section shall be 17 18 submitted in January of even numbered years.

8. (New section) The commission, in accordance with the
provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968,
c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall promulgate rules and regulations
to effectuate the purposes of this act.

23 9. (New section) Beginning on the July 1 next following the 24 enactment of P.L. , C. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) and each July 1 thereafter, the New 25 Jersey Public Employment Relations Commission shall perform, 26 27 or cause to be performed, a survey of private sector wage increases for use by all interested parties in public sector wage 28 29 negotiations. The survey shall include information on a Statewide and countywide basis. The survey shall be completed by 30 September 1 next following enactment and by September 1 of 31 32 each year thereafter. The survey shall be a public document and the commission shall make it available to all interested parties at 33 a cost not exceeding the actual cost of producing the survey. 34

10. Section 7 of P.L.1977, c.85 (C.34:13A-20) is repealed.

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36 11. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to 37 all collective negotiations between public fire and police departments and the exclusive representatives of their public 38 39 employers except those formal arbitration proceedings in which 40 the arbitrator has, prior to the effective date of this act, taken 41 testimony from the parties; provided, however, in any r ective 42 negotiation where there has occurred prior to the effe e date 43 of this act mediation, factfinding, the selection of an arbitrator, or agreement of a terminal procedure, those actions shall remain 44 valid and in force for the remainder of the collective 45 46 negotiations, which shall be subject to the provisions of this act; 47 and further provided, the commission may modify or waive the 48 mandatory meeting requirement set forth in subsection a. of 49 section 3 of P.L.1977, c.85 (C.34:13A-16) if this act takes effect less than 120 days immediately preceding the expiration of a 50 51 collective negotiation agreement.

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STATEMENT

This bill revises P.L.1977, c.85 (C.34:13A-14 et seq.), the statute that provides for the compulsory arbitration of labor disputes involving public employers and their police and fire departments. The revisions reflect recent decisions by the New Jersey Supreme Court and the Appellate Division of the Superior Court.

Among the key revisions are:

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The bill requires that the public employer and the unions
meet at least three times during the 120 day period immediately
prior to the termination of their collective bargaining agreement.

Although mediation and factfinding are available to the
parties, the bill permits either party to petition for arbitration
once their collective bargaining agreement expires.

• The bill mandates that arbitrators explain which factors they consider relevant and which they did not when making an award. The bill also directs arbitrators to consider the implications of P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.) (the local cap law) when making an award and the effect of the award on local property taxes, taxpayers, and the ability of the local unit to maintain existing programs and services.

• The bill authorizes the Public Employment Relations Commission to develop guidelines for determining the comparability of jurisdictions that may be used by an arbitrator as one of the factors considered when determining an award.

• The bill requires that the arbitrator issue his award within 120 days of the beginning of the arbitration process, but does permit the parties, by mutual agreement, to extend the proceedings beyond that 120 days.

The bill establishes an aggrieved party's right to appeal an
award to the commission. The commission may affirm, modify,
correct, or vacate an award, or may remand it for
reconsideration. A decision of the commission may be directly
appealed to the Appellate Division of the Superior Court.

• The bill provides that beginning with the July 1 following enactment, and each July 1 thereafter, the commission shall prepare, or have prepared, a survey of private sector salaried wage increases to be used in public sector wage negotiations. The survey is to be completed by September 1st each year and be available, as a public document, to interested parties at a cost not exceeding the actual cost of producing the survey.

• The bill specifies that arbitrators be selected by lot (but permits the parties to select an arbitrator by mutual agreement), mandates a continuing education program for arbitrators and grants the commission greater oversight and disciplinary powers with regard to arbitrators.

• The bill authorizes the commission to assess public employers and public employees for the costs incurred by the commission in resolving disputes. The bill specifies, however, that the fees charged may not exceed the actual costs the commission incurs in providing mediation, factfinding, arbitration and any other services.

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• The bill establishes conventional arbitration as the terminal procedure to be utilized when a local governing body and the bargaining unit for its police or fire department are at impasse and unable to reach a new collective agreement (contract).

5 Finally, the effective date specifies that the bill's revisions 6 and provisions apply to all collective negotiations between public 7 fire and police departments and their public employers except 8 those where the parties are engaged in formal arbitration 9 proceedings in which the arbitrator has, prior to the effective There is, however, one 10 date of the act, taken testimony. 11 qualification to that exception: In those cases where the two parties have begun negotiations and, prior to the effective date 12 13 of the act, there has occurred mediation, factfinding, the selection of an arbitrator, or an agreement as to a terminal 14 15 procedure, those actions are to remain valid and in force, but the remainder of the negotiating process is to be subject to the 16 17 revisions and provisions of the act.

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Revises law governing compulsory arbitration for public fire andpolice departments.