#### 40A:5- 23

## LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

(Courts--fines)

NJSA:

40A:5-23

LAWS OF:

1995

CHAPTER:

325

BILL NO:

S1384

SPONSOR(S):

Matheussen and others

DATE INTRODUCED:

September 19, 1994

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY

Judiciary

SENATE:

Judiciary

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:
Third reprint enacted

Yes

Amendments during passage

denoted by superscript numbers

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

December 18, 1995

SENATE:

May 25, 1995

DATE OF APPROVAL:

January 5, 1996

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE:

Yes

Yes

FISCAL NOTE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

HEARINGS:

No

See newspaper clipping--attached:

"Credit card acceptance approved by Assembly," 12-19-95, Asbury Park Press.

KBP:pp

# [THIRD REPRINT] SENATE, No. 1384

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 19, 1994

By Senators MATHEUSSEN, McGreevey, Assemblywoman Murphy, Assemblymen DeCroce and Felice

AN ACT <sup>1</sup>[authorizing the judiciary to accept payment of fines and other judicially imposed financial obligations by credit card and supplementing] concerning card and other electronic based payments for obligations and fines owed local units and courts and supplementing chapter 5 of Title 40A and <sup>1</sup> Title 2B of the New Jersey Statutes.

## BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- <sup>1</sup>[1. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the Superior Court, the Tax Court and the various municipal and joint municipal courts are hereby authorized to establish systems to accept the payment of fines, penalties and other judicially imposed financial obligations by credit card or any other method deemed feasible by the court.
- b. Any court establishing a system whereby fines, penalties and other judicially imposed financial obligations may be paid by credit card may assess a person choosing to pay by that method any service fee charged by the issuer of the credit card as the result of that transaction.
- c. The Supreme Court of the State of New Jersey shall adopt Rules of Court appropriate or necessary to effectuate the purpose of this  ${\rm act.} {\it l}^1$ 
  - <sup>1</sup>[2. This act shall take effect immediately.]<sup>1</sup>
- <sup>1</sup>1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Government Electronic Payment Acceptance Act." <sup>1</sup>
  - <sup>1</sup>2. As used in this act:
- <sup>2</sup>"Association" means an organization whose members are issuers.<sup>2</sup>
- "Cardholder" means the person or organization named on the face of a credit card or debit card to whom or for whose benefit the credit card or debit card is issued by an issuer.
- "Card based payment" means a monetary obligation tendered by the user of a credit card or debit card.
- "Card payment system" means a technical procedure by which
   obligations owed a local unit or court may be paid by credit card
   or debit card.
- "Credit card" means any instrument or device linked to an
  established line of credit, whether known as a credit card, charge
  card, credit plate, or by any other name, issued with or without
  fee by an issuer for the use of the cardholder in satisfying
  outstanding financial obligations, obtaining money, goods,
- 43 services or anything else of value on credit.

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

"Debit card" means any instrument or device, whether known as a debit card, automated teller machine card, or by any other name, issued with or without fee by an issuer for the use of the cardholder in obtaining money, goods, services or anything else of value through the electronic authorization of a financial institution to debit the cardholder's account.

"Director" means the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs.

"Electronic funds transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, that is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephone, or computer or magnetic tape for the purpose of ordering, instructing or authorizing a financial institution to debit or credit an account.

"Electronic funds transfer system" means a technical procedure by which obligations owed to or collected by the Supreme Court, the Superior Court, Tax Court or a local unit may be paid by an electronic transaction between the financial institution of the person or organization owing the obligation and the financial institution of the governmental entity.

"Issuer" means the <sup>2</sup>[business organization or]<sup>2</sup> <sup>3</sup>business organization or <sup>3</sup> financial institution which issues a credit card or debit card, or its duly authorized agent.

"Local unit" means any unit of government subject to the provisions of chapters 5 or 5A of Title 40A of the New Jersey Statutes, and the constituent parts of those units, including but not limited to independent local authorities, public libraries, municipal courts and joint municipal courts.

"Service charge" means a fee charged by the Supreme Court, the Superior Court, Tax Court or local unit in excess of the total obligation owed by a person or organization to offset processing charges or discount fees for the use of a card payment system or an electronic funds transfer system.<sup>1</sup>

- 13. Subject to the provisions of sections 5 and 6 of P.L., c. (C. ) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), a local unit may establish a card payment system or electronic funds transfer system upon passage of a resolution of the governing body. The resolution shall specify those types of charges, taxes, fees, assessments, fines, or other obligations approved for card based or electronic funds transfer payment, except that credit card payment shall not be authorized for the payment of delinquent local unit obligations or for the redemption of local unit liens. 1
- <sup>1</sup>4. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary and if not legally prohibited <sup>2</sup>by an association or <sup>2</sup> by an issuer, local units are authorized to assess and collect service charges related to obligations owed to or collected by the local unit when credit cards, debit cards or electronic funds transfer systems are utilized. <sup>1</sup>
- <sup>1</sup>5. The director, in accordance with the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act, "P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to effectuate the purposes of sections 2 through 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill). <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>6. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the Supreme Court, the Superior Court and the Tax Court, and the various municipal and joint municipal courts when permitted by resolution of the appropriate municipal governing bodies, are authorized to establish systems to accept the payment of <sup>2</sup>civil and criminal<sup>2</sup> fines <sup>2</sup>[,] and<sup>2</sup> penalties and other judicially imposed financial obligations by card based payment, electronic funds transfer, or any other method deemed feasible by the <sup>2</sup>[court] Supreme Court<sup>2</sup>.

b. No person or organization <sup>2</sup>that is a defendant in a criminal matter<sup>2</sup> shall be entitled to <sup>2</sup>[have outstanding on any credit card or credit cards a balance of more than \$500 in the aggregate for any and all criminal fines, criminal penalties or bail obligations] offer a credit card for the payment of bail or for the payment of fines or penalties related to the imposition of a sentence, for a crime of the first, second or third degree under Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes<sup>2</sup>.

c. If not legally prohibited <sup>2</sup>by an association or <sup>2</sup>by an issuer, any court is authorized to assess and collect service charges related to obligations owed to or collected by the court when credit cards, debit cards or electronic funds transfer systems are util <sup>2</sup>zed.

d The Supreme Court of the State of New Jersey shall adopt
Rules of Court appropriate or necessary to effectuate the
pureoses of this section. 1

17. This act shall take effect immediately except for section 3, which shall take effect upon the adoption of the rules and regulations required in section 5 of this act, and section 6, which shall take effect upon the adoption of the Rules of Court required to implement that section. 1

Authorizes local units and courts to permit payment of taxes, fines, penalties and other financial obligations by credit and debit

37 cards and electronic funds transfer.

## **SENATE, No. 1384**

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 19, 1994

#### By Senator MATHEUSSEN

AN ACT authorizing the judiciary to accept payment of	fines	and
other judicially imposed financial obligations by credit	card	and
supplementing Title 2B of the New Jersey Statutes.		

## BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the Superior Court, the Tax Court and the various municipal and joint municipal courts are hereby authorized to establish systems to accept the payment of fines, penalties and other judicially imposed financial obligations by credit card or any other method deemed feasible by the court.
- b. Any court establishing a system whereby fines, penalties and other judicially imposed financial obligations may be paid by credit card may assess a person choosing to pay by that method any service fee charged by the issuer of the credit card as the result of that transaction.
- c. The Supreme Court of the State of New Jersey shall adopt Rules of Court appropriate or necessary to effectuate the purpose of this act.
  - 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill would authorize New Jersey's courts, including the municipal courts, to establish systems whereby fines, penalties and other judicially imposed obligations may be paid by credit card. Under this bill, if a person chooses to pay a judicially imposed penalty or obligation by credit card, the court would be authorized to assess that person any service fee charged by the issuer of the credit card as the result of that transaction.

Authorizes the payment of court imposed fines, penalties and other financial obligations by credit card.

#### ASSEMBLY LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

## SENATE, No. 1384

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 4, 1995

The Assembly Local Government Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 1384, with committee amendments.

Senate Bill No. 1384, as amended by the committee, would authorize local units of government and the courts in New Jersey to accept credit cards, debit cards and electronic funds transfers for the payment of property taxes, water bills, parking fines, other local obligations, criminal fines and penalties, bail, and other judicially imposed obligations. The bill, as amended, is permissive. The governing body of a local unit would be required to pass a resolution authorizing card based payments and electronic funds transfers for those local obligations specifically set forth in the resolution. Delinquent local obligations and redemption of local liens would not be permitted by credit card. Further, the amendments to the bill would not permit a person to maintain a balance on that person's credit cards of more than \$500 in the aggregate for criminal fines, penalties and bail obligations. The amendments define "local unit" to include counties, municipalities, independent local authorities, public libraries, municipal courts, and joint municipal courts.

The bill, as amended, would permit the courts and local units to pass—on any service charges to the payor only if not legally prohibited from doing so by the card—issuing company. Currently, by contract, virtually all "credit card" companies prohibit merchants, including units of government, from passing—on service charges.

The bill, as amended, would require the adoption of rules and regulations by the Department of Community Affairs before acceptance of card based and electronic funds transfer payments could be implemented by a local unit.

The original bill was applicable only to the court system and the committee amended the bill to expand card and electronic transfer acceptance privileges to local those local units of government subject to the provisions of chapters 5 and 5A of the New Jersey Statutes.

The bill, as amended, is identical to the Assembly committee substitute for Assembly Bill No. 2489, also released by the committee this date.

# SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE STATEMENT TO

## SENATE, No. 1384

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 8, 1994

The Senate Judiciary Committee reports favorably Senate, No. 1384.

This bill would authorize New Jersey's courts, including the municipal courts, to establish systems whereby fines, penalties and other judicially imposed obligations may be paid by credit card. Under the bill if a person chooses to pay a judicially imposed penalty or obligation by credit card, the court would be authorized to assess that person any service fee charged by the issuer of the credit card as the result of that transaction.