58: 4A-4.29

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

(Well drilling)

JSA:

58:4A-4.2a

LAWS OF:

1995

CHAPTER:

312

BILL NO:

S743

SPONSOR(S):

Bennett

DATE INTRODUCED:

March 3, 1994

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY

Environment & Energy; Appropriations

SENATE:

Natural Resources; Budget & Appropriations

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: First reprint enacted

Yes

Amendments during passage

denoted by superscript numbers

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

December 11, 1995

SENATE:

February 9, 1995

DATE OF APPROVAL:

January 5, 1996

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

Yes

Yes 5-8-95 & 11-27-95

SENATE:

ASSEMBLY:

Yes

3-21-94 & 11-21-94

FISCAL NOTE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

HEARINGS:

No

KBP:pp

\$\$4.5-C.58:4A-4.2a & 58:4A-4.2b \$15-C.58:4A-14.1 \$24-C.58:4A-29 \$25-Repealer \$26- Note to \$8

P.L.1995, CHAPTER 312, approved January 5, 1996 1994 Senate No. 743 (Second Reprint)

AN ACT concerning well drillers and pump installers, establishing a "well sealing fund," lamending the title and amending and supplementing the body of P.L.1947, c.377, amending P.L.1979, c.398, amending and supplementing [P.L.1947, c.377 and] P.L.1951, c.193, and repealing parts of the statutory law.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. The title of P.L. 1947, c.377 is amended to read as follows:

AN ACT to conserve certain natural resources of the State and to protect the public health; to provide for the licensing of well drillers and pump installers; to establish standards for the construction and installation of wells and the installation of pumps; to fix fees [therefor]; and to provide penalties for violations [thereof].

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.1)

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1951 c.193 (C.58:4A-4.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. The owner of any well shall [, upon abandonment of any existing well or test hole, so notify the department and shall effectively seal and fill such wells and test holes be responsible for having the well sealed in accordance with the rules and regulations of the department if the well is not in use or if it endangers or threatens the subsurface or percolating waters by the intrusion of salt water or from any other cause, or if it endangers life. Notwithstanding the well owner's responsibility to seal a well, the drilling contractor is also and primarily responsible for sealing ²[an abandoned] a² borehole or ²[any incomplete]2 well 2[if the borehole or well presents an imminent danger to the environment or to public safety as provided by rules and regulations of the department] that is abandoned during construction or is not completed or constructed in accordance with rules and regulations in effect at the time of construction². [A well not in operation for 3 or more years or improperly maintained to prevent contamination may be deemed to have been abandoned.] Any person who ¹[shall violate] violates ¹ the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a [misdemeanor] disorderly persons offense and shall be subject to the penalty provisions and other remedies set forth in section 20 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-24). Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of the owner of a well [from seeking] to seek1 indemnification, contribution, or other civil damages from the

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Senate SNI committee amendments adopted March 21, 1994.

Senate SBA committee amendments adopted Movember 21, 1994.

drilling contractor as may be authorized pursuant to any other statutory or common law.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.21)

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- 3. Section 3 of P.L.1951, c.193 (C.58:4A-4.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The department shall have the power to [order] direct the sealing of any [such abandoned] abandoned borehole or well not in use, or any well when, in its judgment, the condition of the well endangers or threatens [to endanger] the subsurface or percolating waters by the intrusion of salt water or from any other [causes] cause, or if it endangers life. The department may, when it determines that an emergency condition exists, direct the prompt sealing of an abandoned borehole or well. ¹[The] An¹ owner or drilling contractor of any abandoned borehole or well 1[,11 who is responsible 1[to have] for having1 that borehole or well sealed pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1951, c.193 (C.58:4A-4.1) 1, who shall fail or refuse] but fails or refuses to seal it in the time and manner [ordered] 1[as]1 directed by the department shall be subject to [a penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each and every violation, and further penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each day during which such violation shall continuel the penalty provisions and other remedies set forth in section 20 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-24). (cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.22)
- 4. (New section) If a well is not in use, or if a well is found by the department to endanger or threaten the subsurface or percolating waters by the intrusion of salt water or from any other cause, or if it endangers life, or if an abandoned borehole exists, and the responsible party cannot be found or refuses to seal the borehole or well as directed by the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1951, c.193 (C.58:4A-4.2), the department may, in its discretion, act to seal the borehole or well. A responsible party who fails to comply with a directive to seal a borehole or well shall be liable to the department in an amount equal to three times the cost of sealing the borehole or well. The amount shall be assessed and recovered in accordance with section 20 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-24), and the amount collected shall be deposited in the "well sealing fund" established pursuant to section 5 of P.L., c. (C.)(pending in the Legislature as this bill).
- 5. (New section) There is established in the Department of Environmental Protection a nonlapsing, revolving fund, to be known as the "well sealing fund." All penalties collected by the department for violations of sections 2 and 3 of P.L.1951, c.193 (C.58:4A-4.1 and C.58:4A-4.2), and all monies recovered by the department pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c., (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill), shall be deposited into the "well sealing fund." The fund shall be utilized solely for the purpose of administering and conducting a well sealing program as provided in section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).
- 6. Section 1 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5) is amended to read as follows:
 - 1. The [Commissioner of the Department of Environmental

Protection, hereinafter called] commissioner [, in furtherance of his general powers of supervision over the natural resources of the State and their conservation for public use, is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to make effective the provisions of this act and to adopt and effectuate, such] shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), [rules and regulations as may be proper for this purpose and for the administration of the provisions of this act. The commissioner may adopt rules and regulations to carry out the purposes of this act] as may be necessary to effectuate the provisions of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.), including construction and other standards applicable to engaging in well drilling and pump installing.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.2)

- 7. Section 2 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-6) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. 1a.1 No person, partnership or corporation shall [hereafter] engage in well drilling or pump installation in this State except as provided in section 20 [hereof unless he, if an individual, or a member of the firm, if a partnership, or an executive officer, if a corporation, shall be licensed as a well driller or pump installer] of P.L.1947, C.377 (C.58:4A-24) 2[1:
- (1)¹], ² unless that ¹[person, if an individual, or a member of a firm, if a partnership, or an] individual, if a person, or member of the firm, if a partnership, or ¹ executive officer, if a corporation ²[,]:
- (1)² possesses a valid New Jersey license of the proper class ¹[,]; ¹ or
- ¹(2)¹ ²[without securing] secures² the services of a person possessing a valid New [ersey license] of the proper class [, as provided in this act].
- The department shall establish, by regulation, classes of licenses required for all well drilling and pump installing activities.
- 1b.1 No person, partnership, or corporation shall employ more than three other well drillers in well drilling in this State unless [said] the well drillers' supervisor is qualified as a master well driller pursuant to the criteria established therefor under the rules and regulations of the [commissioner] department.
- 1c.1 No other agency or [civil division] <u>political subdivision</u> of the State [shall be empowered] <u>is authorized</u> to license or to establish standards, requirements, or specifications for [engaging in the trade, business or calling of] well drilling or pump installation [which shall be applicable to any person licensed under this act] <u>regulated pursuant to P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.).</u>
- (cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.3)
- 8. Section 3 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-7) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. A board of [9] nine well driller and pump installer examiners is [hereby] created, to be appointed by the [Commissioner of Environmental Protection] commissioner, which shall function as an examining board of well drillers and pump installers, and as an

advisory board to the [commissioner and shall be hereinafter referred to as the board department. [Three] The board shall be constituted as follows: three members of the board shall be employees of the department; one member shall be a person not employed by the State or pecuniarily involved in well drilling or pump installing [shall be appointed by the commissioner] 2; one member shall be licensed as a well driller in any classification established by the department²; one member shall [have the qualification to qualifyl be licensed as a pump installer; and the remaining [4] ²[four] three² members shall [have the qualifications to qualify] be licensed as master well drillers. Members of the board shall be appointed for terms of [3] three years. A quorum of the board shall consist of [7] five members, except that a quorum shall not exist unless at least three of the members present are the licensed well driller or pump installer members. No action may be approved by the board except upon the approval of a majority of the members present. All persons appointed to [said] the board shall be citizens of the United States and residents of the State of New Jersey. The commissioner may remove any member of the board, after hearing, for misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or for any other sufficient cause.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.4)

- 9. Section 4 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-8) is amended to read as follows:
- 4. [Said] <u>The</u> board so appointed shall be designated and known as the "State Well Drillers and Pump Installers Examining and Advisory Board."

Each member of the board, except those who are employees of the department, shall receive actual and necessary expenses, such charges to be approved by the commissioner and paid from [general funds of the State within the limits of appropriations to the department.] monies in the "Environmental Services Fund" established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1975, c.232 (C.13:1D-33), as are appropriated to the department for this purpose.

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36 (cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.5)

- 10. Section 6 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-10) is amended to read as follow:
- The board shall be vested with the following powers and duties:
 - [(a)] a. It shall be the duty of the board to [examine as to their experience and qualifications all persons applying for licenses as well drillers or pump installers, and to certify the results thereof within 10 days to the commissioner of the department. Such examinations] recommend and consent to examination questions, review applications to ascertain the experience and qualifications of persons applying for a license, review examination results, and recommend to the department when licenses should be issued or denied. A board recommendation that a license be issued or denied shall be adopted at the next scheduled meeting following completion of the examination therefor. Examinations may be oral or written, and [shall be of a practical nature.] may include observation of applicants for any license in the field, or any combination thereof, and shall cover the proper methods and

regulatory procedures of well drilling and pump installation.

[(b)] b. It shall, by a majority of all its members, formulate and recommend to the [commissioner] department rules, regulations, and standards, including construction standards for engaging in [the trade, business or calling of] well drilling or pump installing which shall be applicable to any person licensed under this act.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.6)

- 11. Section 7 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-11) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. 2a.2 The [commissioner] department shall, upon recommendation of the board and payment of the required fee, issue licenses to [such] persons [as have by said examination shown themselves competent and qualified] to engage in [the business, trade or calling of] well [driller] drilling or pump [installer] installing.
- 2b. The department shall adopt various classifications of well driller licenses to reflect the different well drilling disciplines. Beginning eighteen months after the effective date of P.L. . c. (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill), the department:
- (1) Shall issue a new well driller license only for the classification of well driller for which an applicant qualifies, based upon passing a licensing examination for that classification; and
- (2) Shall issue a new master well driller license only to an applicant who has passed the examination for each classification of well driller established by the department pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5).²

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.7)

- 12. Section 8 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-12) is amended to read as follows:
- 8. The board may, after [public] conducting a hearing, recommend [to the commissioner that he] that the commissioner revoke[,] indefinitely or suspend [for any period less than 1 year] for a period of less than one year the license of any well driller or pump installer, if the [same] license was obtained through error or fraud, or if the board shall find [him] the well driller or pump installer guilty of gross neglect, incompetency, or misconduct in the practice of well drilling or pump installing or if the holder thereof has [a second time] willfully violated any [of the provisions of this law] provision of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.) or of P.L.1951, c.193 (C.58:4A-4.1 et seq.), or any [of the rules and regulations prescribed by the commissioner] rule or regulation adopted 1[in accordance therewith] pursuant thereto1 The recommendation of the board shall be made in writing and shall be accompanied by all documentation resulting from the hearing held by the board. Any person whose license has been revoked may, after the expiration of [1] one 1 year from the date of (such) revocation, apply for a new license. Any person whose license has been suspended may, after expiration of the period of suspension, be reinstated upon review and approval by the board.

The charges against any well driller or pump installer (of) against whom complaint is made shall be in writing and sworn to

by the complainant, and filed with the board.

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Such charges, unless dismissed by the board as unfounded or trivial, shall be heard and determined by the board within [3] three months after the date on which they are preferred unless the board shall determine that good cause exists for further delay. The board shall have the power at any such proceeding to require the attendance of witnesses before it, and the production of such books, papers and documents as it may require, and to issue or authorize the issuance of subpoena therefor.

The time and place of the hearing, which may be adjourned from time to time, shall be fixed by the board. A copy of the charges, together with a notice of the time and place of hearing, shall be served on the accused by the board personally or by certified mail, addressed to his last known place of residence [in this State,] at least 30 days before the day fixed for the hearing. At [such] the hearing the accused shall have the right to appear personally or by counsel and to cross-examine witnesses against him and to produce evidence in his defense.

The commissioner may accept, reject, or modify the recommendation of the board. A decision of the commissioner shall represent final agency action for the purposes of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L. 1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).

24 (cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.8)

- 13. Section 9 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-13) is amended to read as follows:
- 9. a. Any operation on the drilling, boring, coring, driving, jetting, digging, sealing or other construction or repair of wells shall be under the immediate on-site supervision of a licensed well driller of the proper class, and the name of the [owner] well drilling contractor shall be displayed on the equipment used by such driller.
- b. Any installation, removal, alteration, or repair of well pumping equipment or appurtenances shall be under the immediate on-site supervision of a licensed pump installer or a licensed well driller, and the name of the pump installing contractor or well drilling contractor shall be displayed on the equipment used in the installation, removal, alteration or repair.
- c. Nothing in [this act] P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.) shall be construed as applying to the drilling of blast holes in quarries or mines[, or any operation on the installation, construction, or repair of a water system, including water pumps, water tanks, and water conditioners under the direct responsibility of a licensed professional engineer]; or to persons licensed pursuant to, and acting in accordance with, P.L.1968, c.362 (C.45:14C-1 et seq.); or to excavations that do not endanger or threaten subsurface or percolating waters or endanger life and that are not defined as a well pursuant to section 19 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-23), including, but not limited to, septic system installations, wetlands determinations, and site suitability studies.
- 52 (cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.9)
 - 14. Section 10 of P.L.1947 c.377 (C.58:4A-14) is amended to read as follows:

 10. a. ²(1)² Except in the case of an emergency ²or a general² permit, [No] no well requiring a permit shall be [drilled] constructed until a permit [therefor where required by the provisions of this act,] has been [secured from the said] issued therefor by the department. Application for [each such] a permit shall be made upon forms prescribed and supplied by the department, and the applicant [for a permit] shall give such information pertaining to the proposed well as the [commissioner] department shall require. [Each permit application under 70 gallons per minute shall be accompanied by a fee of \$10.00. Each permit application of over 70 gallons per minute shall be accompanied by a fee of \$25.00.] ²The department may issue a site-wide permit for the construction of multiple wells at a site, subject to standards adopted by the department by regulation.

(2) The department shall adopt, by regulation, a general permit for the construction of certain categories of wells up to a depth of 50 feet and a maximum diameter to be set by the department to protect public health and safety.²

b. The department shall adopt and periodically revise, by regulation, well permit requirements, including emergency permits, and regulations establishing a fee schedule setting forth reasonable application and permit fees to cover the costs of administering permit and permit enforcement programs. Permit fees shall not include the cost to the department of operating well drilling equipment, except when the department seals a well. The department may allocate a portion of the permit fees to local health agencies certified pursuant to P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-21 et seq.) for administration and enforcement of permits issued pursuant to this act. Upon adoption of a fee schedule pursuant to this subsection, the fees set forth in the fee schedule shall supercede the fees set forth in subsection d. of this section.

c. As a further condition to the issuance of [such] a permit, the [commissioner] department may require that accurate samples of the materials encountered in [sinking] constructing the proposed well shall be preserved and delivered to the department. Within [60] 90 days of the completion of the [drilling] construction of any permitted well, a [report] well record, on forms prescribed and supplied by the department, shall be filed by the driller with the department giving the [lot] log (i.e. description of materials penetrated), the size and depth of the well, the diameters and lengths of casing and screen installed therein, the static and pumping levels and the yield of the well, and such other information pertaining to the construction or operation of the well as the department may require.

d. Pending adoption by regulation of a permit fee schedule by the department in accordance with subsection b. of this section, the following permit fees shall be required: (1) a fee of \$50 for each permit for a well with a pumping capacity of under 70 gallons per minute; ²[and]² (2) a fee of \$125 for each permit for a well with a pumping capacity of 70 gallons or more per minute ²; and (3) a fee of \$100 for each site-wide permit². Payment of the fee shall accompany each permit application.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.10)

²15. (New section) a. The department shall establish an expedited permit processing service for well permit applications. This service shall accept properly completed permit applications by electronic media, including but not limited to telefax machines. The department may establish, by regulation, an additional fee not to exceed the cost of maintaining this expedited service.

b. There is established within the department a special dedicated non-lapsing account into which any person licensed pursuant to P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.) may deposit and maintain such funds as shall be sufficient to cover permit or license renewal fees that the licensee may accrue from permit or license renewal applications. Upon authorization of the licensee, the department may withdraw from this account permit application or license renewal fees for any well permit or license renewal application.²

²16. Section 12 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-16) is amended to read as follows:

12. The department may license without examination, upon payment of the required license fee, applicants who are duly licensed under the laws of any other state having requirements deemed by the [said board] department to be at least equivalent to those of this State.²

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.11)

²[15.] <u>17.</u>² Section 14 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-18) is amended to read as follows:

14. A license once issued, unless revoked or suspended, may be renewed at any time within $^1[1]$ one 1 year $^1[from]^1$ before its [effective] expiration date on application therefor and payment of the required renewal fee, and any such renewal shall become effective on and after July 1 next following the date of [such] renewal [, and shall expire on June 30 next following such effective date]. [Any] A license [which shall not have been] not renewed prior to its expiration date may be reinstated within [3 years] $^1[\underline{6}]$ \underline{six}^1 months of [its said] the expiration date by payment of the [cumulative] license renewal [fees for each year, or fraction thereof, during which the license has lapsed] fee.

After the [said 3-year] six-month period, renewal shall require [prior certification by the board or] the [taking and] passing of [a re-examination in the form and manner] an examination prescribed by the [board] department 2pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-11)2 for applicants for new licenses.

43 (cf: P.L.1968, c.308, s.10)

 2 [16.] $^{18.2}$ Section 15 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-19) is amended to read as follows:

15. [The] a. Pending adoption by regulation of a fee schedule by the department pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the following fees shall be required for licenses and renewals:

49	Master well driller's license	[\$25.00] \$75
50	Journeyman well driller's license	[\$10.00] \$30
51	Renewal of master well driller's license	[\$25.00] \$75
52	Renewal of journeyman well driller's license	[\$10.00] \$30
53	Pump installer's license	(\$10.00) \$30
54	Renewal of pump installer's license	

b. The department shall adopt, and may periodically amend, by regulation, a fee schedule setting forth reasonable fees for license applications and examinations, and for issuance and renewal of any license in amounts adequate to cover the costs of administering all licensing and license enforcement programs. Upon adoption of a fee schedule pursuant to this subsection, the fees set forth in the fee schedule shall supersede the fees set forth in subsection a. of this section.

All revenues derived from [such fees or from fees contained in] this section ²[and], ² section 10 [hereof] of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-14) ², and section 15 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) ² shall be deposited in the ["environmental services fund"] "Environmental Services Fund" established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1975, c.232 (C.13:1D-33), and shall be used for the administration of well [water] programs pursuant to P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.).

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.12)

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²[17.] <u>19.</u>² Section 16 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-20) is amended to read as follows:

16. The [said commissioner, or any authorized representative of the commissioner,] <u>department</u> shall have the power to make such inspections and take such samples as may be deemed necessary for the investigation of the construction, <u>sealing</u>, and repair of wells throughout the State. ¹[They] <u>The department</u> shall also have the right to enter upon any and all property for the purpose of obtaining information about wells, whether idle, in use or abandoned.

28 (cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.13)

²[18.] <u>20.</u>² Section 16 of P.L.1979, c.398 (C.58:4A-20.1) is amended to read as follows:

16. A master well driller shall have the authority to certify that the well, including well pumping equipment and appurtenances thereto, has been constructed to meet the standards promulgated pursuant to P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.) [concerning well drilling and pump installation. Before any master well drillers license is granted, the applicant shall file a bond in an amount fixed by the commissioner, but not less than \$5,000.00, with good and sufficient surety, and conditioned for the faithful performance by the applicant of the provisions of the act to which this act is supplementary and any and all rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

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Any master well driller licensed under the provisions of the act to which this act is supplementary who violates any rule or regulation of the department or any provision of this act, may, in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, be deprived of his license for a period not to exceed 1 year], P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), and P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.).

48 (cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.16)

 2 [19.] $^{21.2}$ Section 19 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-23) is amended to read as follows:

19. As used in this act:

52 2"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Environmental
53 Protection.2

[A "well" is any] "Well" means a hole or excavation [whether]

larger than a minimum diameter and depth established by department regulations pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5) that is drilled, bored [or], cored, [for water, oil or gas, or in exploration for water, oil or gas, or for the storage or disposal thereof. Any excavation that is less in its diameter than its depth is a well] driven, jetted, dug, or otherwise constructed for the purpose of removal or emplacement of, or investigation of, or exploration for, fluids, water, oil, gas, minerals, soil, or rock, or for the installation of an elevator shaft.

"Well drilling" means the drilling, digging, driving, boring, coring, sealing, jetting, or other construction or repair of any well.

[A "well driller" is anyl "Well driller" means a person possessing a New Jersey license as a well driller of the proper class 2, including but not limited to test borers and such other classifications as the department establishes by regulation, 2 who engages in [drilling, digging, driving, boring, coring, constructing, altering or repairing any well or engages in the installation and repair of pumps and appurtenances] well drilling or pump installing.

[A "master well driller" is any person] "Master well driller" means a well driller possessing a New Jersey master well driller's license who has at least five years experience in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling, including at least two years of experience as a licensed journeyman well driller in this State, and is skilled in the planning, superintending, and practical construction of wells, and the installation and repair of well pumping equipment [, who has been engaged in well drilling for at least 5 years, and who has been licensed as such by the board] and appurtenances thereto.

[A "journeyman well driller" is any person, other than a master well driller, skilled in the practical construction of wells, or who engages in the installation and repair of pumps and appurtenances, who has had at least 3 years' experience in such work, and who has been licensed as such by the board! "Journeyman well driller" means a well driller possessing a New Jersey journeyman well driller's license who has at least three years of experience under the supervision of a New Jersey licensed well driller in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling, with concentration in the practical construction of wells, and the installation and repair of well pumping equipment and appurtenances thereto, or who satisfies equivalent experience and other requirements as prescribed by the department.

[A "pump" is] "Pump" means a mechanical [equipment or a] device used to remove or emplace gases, water or fluids from or into a well.

[A "pump installer" is any] "Pump installer" means a person possessing a New Jersey license as a pump installer who has at least one year 1of1 experience under the supervision of a New Jersey licensed well driller or a New Jersey licensed pump installer, and is qualified to engage in [the installation, removal, alteration or repair of water pumps and appurtenances in connection with any water well including water lines between well and storage tank and licensed as such by the board] pump

installing.

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"Pump installing" means the installation, removal, alteration, or repair of well pumping equipment and appurtenances thereto in connection with any well including connecting lines between a well and storage tank or appurtenance thereto.

[The "examining board", the board of examiners, the advisory board or the board of advisors] "Board" means the "State Well Drillers and Pump Installers Examining and Advisory Board."

[The "department" is] "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection.

"License of the proper class" or "license" means a document issued to a person pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-11) authorizing the individual to engage and perform work in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling, or pump installing.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.14)

²[20.] <u>22.</u>² Section 20 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-24) is amended to read as follows:

20. a. Any person who shall engage in the trade, business, or calling of a well driller, or who shall operate a well drilling machine without having a New Jersey license, except in the presence and under the immediate on-site supervision of a New Jersey licensed [master or journeyman] well driller of the proper class, or any person, partnership, or corporation ²[who, or which, shall engage] that engages2 in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling without employing a New Jersey licensed well driller to operate [his, their or its] a well drilling machine, or ²[who shall engage] that engages² in the trade, business, or calling of pump installing without employing a New Jersey licensed pump installer or New Jersey licensed well driller, for the work or the immediate on-site supervision of the actual work, or ²[who shall operate] that operates2 without a permit as provided in this act, or ²[who shall] that² negligently ²[aid or abet] aids or abets² in the commission of [such] any violation, [or who shall refuse to perform any duty or obey any direction lawfully enjoined upon him by this act or by the department or said commissioner shall be liable to a penalty of not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$250.00 for each and every such violation, which may be collected and enforced in an action by the State or any subdivision thereof in the name of the State in a court of competent jurisdiction in summary proceedings pursuant to the Penalty Enforcement Law N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq. All penalties and costs collected in such actions shall be payable to the municipality in which the offense occurred. Each day such violation shall continue shall constitute a separate offense. The acceptance by any person, partnership or corporation of any money or other consideration for the construction of any well by anyone other than a licensed driller of the proper class as provided by this act, shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the violation of this act.] or ²[who shall violate] that violates² any provision of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.), any rule or regulation adopted, or order or directive issued, pursuant thereto, shall be subject to, as applicable, any or all of the following:

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(1) A civil administrative penalty imposed pursuant to

subsection c. of this section;

- (2) A civil penalty collected, as provided in subsection d. of this section, in an action by the department, or a political subdivision of the State, in a court of competent jurisdiction in a summary proceeding pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law," (N.1.S.2A:58-1 et seq.);
- (3) A civil action in accordance with subsection b. of this section; or
- (4) An order by the department requiring a violator to comply with the provisions of this act or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto in accordance with subsection e. of this section.

Use of any remedy available pursuant to this subsection shall not preclude the use of any other remedy available thereunder, except that not more than one monetary penalty may be assessed for any single violation. Any penalties or costs collected in an action brought by a political subdivision pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be payable to that political subdivision.

Acceptance by any person, partnership, or corporation of any money or other consideration of value for the construction of any well or installation or repair of a pump by anyone other than a licensed well driller of the proper class or licensed pump installer, shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the violation of this act.

- b. The department may institute an action or proceeding in the Superior Court for injunctive and other relief for any violation of P.L.1947, c.377 or of any rule, regulation, order, or directive issued pursuant thereto, and the court may proceed in the action in a summary manner. Such relief may include, singly or in combination:
- (1) Assessment of the reasonable costs of any investigation, inspection or monitoring survey that led to the establishment of the violation, and for the reasonable costs of preparing and litigating the case under this subsection;
- (2) Assessment of the reasonable cost incurred by the State in terminating any adverse effects of a violation on water quality or other elements of the environment;
- (3) Assessment of compensatory damages for any loss or destruction of wildlife, fish or other aquatic life, or other natural resources, and for any other actual damages;
- (4) The recovery of the costs of sealing a well as may be required pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill; and
 - (5) A temporary or permanent injunction.

Compensatory damages collected pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection shall be paid to the General Fund, except that compensatory damages shall be paid by specific order of the court to any persons who have been aggrieved by the violation. Recovery of assessments pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection shall be paid into the "well sealing fund" established pursuant to section 5 of P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill).

c. The department may assess, in accordance with a uniform policy adopted therefor, a civil administrative penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each violation ²directly related to the

construction of a well, and a civil administrative penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation that is not construction-related, and each day during which a violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct offense.

Any amount assessed under this subsection shall fall within a range established by regulation by the department for violations of a similar type, seriousness, and duration.

In adopting rules for a uniform civil administrative penalty policy for determining the amount of a civil administrative penalty to be assessed, the department shall take into account the type, seriousness, extent and frequency of a violation, the harm to the public health or the environment resulting from the violation, the econor a benefits from the violation gained by the violator, the degree of cooperation or recalcitrance of the violator in remedying the violation, any measures taken by the violator to avoid a repetition of the violation, and any other pertinent factors that the department determines measure the seriousness or frequency of the violation, or conduct of the violator.

No civil administrative penalty shall be levied pursuant to this subsection until after the violator has been notified by certified mail or personal service. The notice shall include a reference to the section of the statute, rule, regulation, or order or directive violated; a concise statement of the facts alleged to constitute a violation; a statement of the amount of the civil administrative penalties to be imposed; and a statement of the party's right to a hearing. The party shall have twenty days from the receipt of the notice within which to deliver to the commissioner a written request for a hearing. After the hearing and upon finding that a violation has occurred, the department may issue a final order assessing a penalty up to the amount of the penalty specified in the order. If no hearing is requested, the notice shall become a final order on the twenty-first day after receipt of the notice. Payment of the assessment is due when a final order is issued, or the notice becomes a final order.

d. Any person who violates the provisions of P.L.1947, c.377, or any rule or regulation adopted, or order or directive issued pursuant thereto, or a court order issued pursuant to subsection b. of this section, or who fails to pay a civil administrative penalty in full pursuant to subsection c. of this section, shall be subject, upon order of a court, to a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each violation ²directly related to the construction of a well, and a civil administrative penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation that is not construction-related², and each day the violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and district offense.

Any civil action to impose a penalty pursuant to this subsection may be commenced in the Superior Court or in the municipal court and that penalty may be enforced and collected with costs in a summary proceeding pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.

e. Whenever the department finds that a person has violated any provision of P.L.1947, c.377, or any rule or regulation

adopted, or order or directive issued pursuant thereto, the department, may issue an order specifying the provision or provisions of P.L.1947, c.377, or the rule, regulation, or order or directive issued, pursuant thereto, of which the person is in violation, citing the action which constituted the violation, ordering abatement of the violation, and giving notice to the person of the right to a hearing on the matters contained in the order. The ordered party shall have 20 calendar days from receipt of the order within which to deliver to the department a written request for a hearing. Such order shall be effective upon receipt and any person to whom such order is directed shall comply with the order immediately. A request for hearing shall not automatically stay the effect of the order.

f. The department may compromise any remedy and settle any claim for a penalty under this section in the amount in the discretion of the department as may appear appropriate and equitable under all of the circumstances.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.15)

²[21.] <u>23.</u>² Section 13 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-17) is amended to read as follows:

13. Every license issued under the authority of ²[this act] P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.)², unless sooner revoked, shall expire [in] on the thirtieth day of June three years following the date of issuance of such license, except that any license issued prior to the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall expire on the thirtieth day of June next following the date of issuance of such license.

28 (cf: P.L.1947, c.377, s.13)

²[22.] <u>24.</u>² (New section) Within 18 months of the effective date of ²[this act] <u>P.L.</u>, <u>c.</u> (<u>C.</u>) (now before the Legislature as this bill)², the department shall adopt, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

 $^{2}[23.]$ $^{2}5.^{2}$ Section 4 of P.L.1951, c.193 (C.58:4A-4.3), and sections $^{2}[12,]^{2}$ 17 and 18 of P.L.1947, c.377 ($^{2}[C.58:4A-16, 58:4A-21]$ C.58:4A-21² and 58:4A-22), are repealed.

²[24.] <u>26.</u>² This act shall take effect immediately ², except that section 8 shall take effect upon the first expiration after the effective date of a term of one of the master well driller members².

Revises the laws on well drilling, construction and sealing, and the licensing of well drillers and pump installers; establishes a well sealing fund.

- 21. Section 13 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-17) is amended to read as follows:
- 13. Every license issued under the authority of this act, unless sooner revoked, shall expire [in] on the thirtieth day of June three years following the date of issuance of such license , except that any license issued prior to the effective date of P.L. , c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) shall expire on the thirtieth day of June next following the date of issuance of such license.

(cf: P.L.1947, c.377, s.13)

- 22. (New section) Within 18 months of the effective date of this act, the department shall adopt, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act.
- 23. Section 4 of P.L.1951, c.193 (C.58:4A-4.3), and sections 12, 17 and 18 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-16, 58:4A-21 and 58:4A-22), are repealed.
 - 24. This act shall take effect immediately.

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STATEMENT

 This bill would expand and clarify the Department of Environmental Protection and Energy's authority to regulate well drilling and well pumping installation. The bill also would expand the department's authority to order an abandoned borehole or a well sealed if a threat to groundwater or public health exists, hold the drilling contractor liable for borehole or well closures in certain situations, and authorize the department to seal a well and recover treble damages where necessary. The bill also establishes a well closure fund which the department may use to pay for well closures.

Other major provisions of the bill would allow the department to increase fees for well permits and for licenses, clarify the department's authority to regulate construction and standards for well drilling and pump installation, increase the penalties for noncompliance to penalties of not more than \$5,000 for each violation, and clarify that well sealing activities are only to be conducted by licensed well drillers. The bill also makes various technical amendments to clarify and update the law.

The bill clarifies that both the owner of a well and the drilling contractor are liable for well closures in certain situations, provides that licenses are to be issued for terms of three years rather than one year, and allows the department to adopt regulations for well construction and pumping standards.

More specifically, the bill provides as follows:

Section 2 of the bill provides that an owner of a well is responsible to have it sealed, not only when it is abandoned, but also when it poses an environmental or health threat. The bill makes the drilling contractor additionally and primarily to seal an abandoned borehole or incomplete well. The owner of the well maintains all other civil options that may exist to bring an action against the contractor. Penalties are provided for noncompliance.

 Section 3 of the bill provides that the department may direct a borehole or well be sealed by the responsible party. Penalties are provided for noncompliance.

Section 4 provides that if the responsible party does not act to seal a borehole or well when directed, the department may seal the well or borehole and collect treble damages from the responsible parties.

Section 5 establishes a well sealing fund to support the department's well and borehole sealing activities. The fund is to be funded with cost recoveries and penalties collected from sections 2 and 3 above.

Section 6 clarifies the department's authority to adopt regulations concerning well construction standards and well drilling and pump installation standards and licenses.

Section 7 clarifies that only licensed persons can engage in well drilling and pump installing.

Section 8 provides that the master well drillers and pump installers on the "State Well Drillers and Pump Installers Examining and Advisory Board" must be licensed. The section also lowers the number of a quorum of the board from seven to five and specifies that at least three licensed members are needed for a quorum.

Section 9 provides that board members are to be paid from monies in the "Environmental Services Fund" rather than from the General Fund. Permit and license fees for well drilling and licenses are deposited into the "Environmental Services Fund" pursuant to existing law.

Section 10 clarifies the role the board has in examining and recommending persons to be licensed well drillers or pump installers. The board is also authorized to make recommendations on well construction standards.

Section 11 clarifies that the department is to issue a license upon recommendation of the board and the payment of the applicable fee.

Section 12 clarifies the procedure in which the board is to hear complaints of misconduct or incompetence by licensed persons, the process for recommending if those persons should have their licenses suspended or revoked, and the powers of the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to act on those recommendations.

Section 13 describes those activities that must be performed by licensed well drillers or pump installers. Well sealing is added to the list of activities that must be performed by licensed well drillers. This section also provides that licensed plumbers may still perform any of the work that their license entitles them to without the necessity of obtaining an additional license. Additionally, certain excavations are specifically excluded from the provisions of the bill.

Section 14 allows the department to revise by regulation the statutorily prescribed fees for obtaining well drilling permits. This section also extends the time period from 60 to 90 days in which a person drilling a well must submit the written well record. Also, the section clarifies the department's authority to issue emergency permits.

Sections 15 and 21 provide that licenses are to be issued for three year terms rather than the current one year term.

Section 16 triples the current license fees to reflect the increase in the length of the license term. This section also authorizes the department to increase the statutorily provided license fees by regulation. The license fees are to be set at levels sufficient to cover the costs of the licensing and enforcement programs.

Section 17 makes a technical correction to the law.

Section 18 provides that a master well driller may certify that wells and pumping equipment have been constructed in accordance with this act and the "Safe Drinking Water Act," in addition to "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)." This section also removes the current requirement that a master well driller post bond as a condition of the license.

Section 19 clarifies the definitions used in the act and adds several new definitions for purposes of clarity.

Section 20 clarifies the actions that would constitute a violation of the act and increases penalties from an amount not exceeding \$250 to an amount not exceeding \$5,000. This section also authorizes the department to take certain civil and administrative action to stop violations, impose penalties, and recover costs. These powers are identical to those given the department in numerous other environmental statutes.

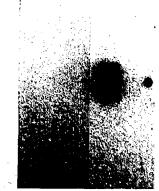
Section 22 provides that the department is to adopt any necessary regulations to implement this bill within 18 months of its enactment.

Section 23 repeals now unnecessary and conflicting provisions of law. This section also repeals a law that currently allows certain persons licensed in other states to obtain licenses in this State without an examination.

Section 24 provides that the act is to take effect immediately.

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Revises the laws on well drilling, construction and sealing, and the licensing of well drillers and pump installers; establishes a well sealing fund.



ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[SECOND REPRINT] SENATE, No. 743

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 8, 1995

The Assembly Environment and Energy Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 743 (2R).

This bill expands and clarifies the authority of the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to regulate well drilling and well pumping installations. The bill provides for the full funding of the well drilling and pump installer license and permit programs, as administered by the DEP, by increasing existing permit fee levels and authorizing the increase of license fees. (The bill triples current license fees but only to reflect the increase in the length of the license term from one to three years). The DEP may increase permit and license fees in the future so that revenues will be sufficient to cover the costs of the licensing and enforcement programs. These permit and license fees are currently deposited into the "Environmental Services Fund," established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1975, c.232 (C.13:1D-33).

The bill also increases current maximum penalties for failure to properly install a well, seal a well or comply with reporting and other DEP requirements. Penalties for violations of provisions concerning abandoned or dangerous wells are to be deposited in a "well sealing fund" established in the bill for use by the DEP for its well and borehole sealing activities.

Other provisions of the bill allow the department to revise by regulation the statutorily prescribed fees for obtaining well drilling permits; expand the DEP's authority to order a borehole or a well sealed and hold a drilling contractor liable for borehole or well closures under certain circumstances; authorize the DEP to seal a well and recover treble damages when necessary; clarify the DEP's authority to regulate the construction and standards for well drilling and pump installation; and clarify that well sealing activities are to be conducted only by licensed well drillers. It is the express intent of the Assembly Environment and Energy Committee and of the sponsor of this bill that the DEP shall justify any increase in fees authorized pursuant to this legislation through a showing of a comparable increase in costs incurred by the department in connection with administering this legislation.

As reported by the committee, this bill is identical to the Assembly committee substitute for Assembly Bill No. 1692 of 1994 as also reported by the committee.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[SECOND REPRINT] SENATE, No. 743

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 27, 1995

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 743 [2R].

Senate Bill No. 743 [2R] expands and clarifies the authority of the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to regulate well drilling and well pumping installations. The bill provides for the full funding of the well drilling and pump installer license and permit programs, as administered by the DEP, by increasing existing permit fee levels and authorizing the increase of license fees. (The bill triples current license fees but only to reflect the increase in the length of the license term from one to three years). The DEP may increase permit and license fees in the future so that revenues will be sufficient to cover the costs of the licensing and enforcement programs. These permit and license fees are currently deposited into the "Environmental Services Fund," established pursuant to section 5 of P.L. 1975, c.232 (C.13:1D-33).

The bill also increases current maximum penalties for failure to properly install a well, seal a well or comply with reporting and other DEP requirements. Penalties for violations of provisions concerning abandoned or dangerous wells are to be deposited in a "well sealing fund" established in the bill for use by the DEP for its well and borehole sealing activities.

Other provisions allow the DEP to revise by regulation the statutorily prescribed fees for obtaining well drilling permits; expand the DEP's authority to order a borehole or a well sealed and hold a drilling contractor liable for borehole or well closures under certain circumstances; authorize the DEP to seal a well and recover treble damages when necessary; clarify the DEP's authority to regulate the construction and standards for well drilling and pump installation; and clarify that well sealing activities are to be conducted only by licensed well drillers.

It is also the Legislature intent that pursuant to this bill the DEP will develop regulations which recognize the distinct differences between the work of test borers and well drillers.

This bill as reported is identical to Assembly Bill No. 1692 (Acs) also as reported by this committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

According to the Department of Environmental Protection, the permit and license fee amounts set forth in this bill will generate sufficient revenues to meet the operating costs of DEP's well drilling regulatory and enforcement program. It is anticipated that revenues from well permits for Fiscal Year 1995 would be \$240,000; this bill will increase those revenues to approximately \$1.2 million annually.

The bill increases permit fees, but does not increase license fees. The DEP is authorized to increase both these fees in the future to fully support program and enforcement activities. The DEP estimates that the bill would not significantly affect existing program costs and that permit and license fees may not have to be increased beyond the amounts set in the bill during the next two to three fiscal years.

In addition, the bill establishes a "well sealing fund" into which will be deposited all penalties collected by DEP for failures to seal boreholes or wells, and all costs and assessments collected from responsible parties after DEP acts to seal boreholes and wells. The fund will be used by DEP for the well sealing program. Amounts to be deposited into the fund cannot be ascertained at this time.

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES, TRADE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 743

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 21, 1994

The Senate Natural Resources, Trade and Economic Development Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 743, with Senate committee amendments.

Senate Bill No. 743, as amended, expands and clarifies the authority of the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to regulate well drilling and well pumping installations. The bill provides for the full funding of the well drilling and pump installer license and permit programs, as administered by the DEP, by increasing existing permit fee levels and authorizing the increase of license fees. (The bill triples current license fees but only to reflect the increase in the length of the license term from one to three years). The DEP may increase permit and license fees in the future so that revenues will be sufficient to cover the costs of the licensing and enforcement programs. These permit and license fees are currently deposited into the "Environmental Services Fund," established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1975, c.232 (C.13:1D-33).

The bill also increases current maximum penalties for failure to properly install a well, seal a well or comply with reporting and other DEP requirements. Penalties for violations of provisions concerning abandoned or dangerous wells are to be deposited in a "Well Sealing Fund" established in the bill for use by the DEP for its well and borehole sealing activities.

Other provisions of the bill allow the department to revise by regulation the statutorily prescribed fees for obtaining well drilling permits; expand the DEP's authority to order an abandoned borehole or a well sealed and hold a drilling contractor liable for borehole or well closures under certain circumstances; authorize the DEP to seal a well and recover treble damages when necessary; clarify the DEP's authority to regulate the construction and standards for well drilling and pump installation; and clarify that well sealing activities are to be conducted only by licensed well drillers.

In developing the regulations that will determine those activities that are to be regulated as wells, the DEP will maximize those activities that do not require a well permit. These activities are to include activities routinely performed on construction sites for various purposes including, but not limited to: soil logs and profile pits used for site evaluation for use of septic systems; soil borings for determinations of wetlands and of the depth of seasonal high water table excavations for septic tanks; excavations for utility lines and poles, and excavations and drilling for building foundation piles. The DEP will also identify additional activities that pose a minimal risk to the State's

groundwaters and public safety and that can qualify for a permit by rule for which an application form and fee will not be required, provided the applicant complies with certain criteria.

The committee amendments are technical in nature and clarify the intent of the sponsor.

STATEMENT TO

(FIRST REPRINT) SENATE, No. 743

with Senate committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 21, 1994

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 743 (1R), with committee amendments.

Senate Bill No. 743 (1R), as amended, expands and clarifies the authority of the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to regulate well drilling and well pumping installations. The bill provides for the full funding of the well drilling and pump installer license and permit programs, as administered by the DEP, by increasing existing permit fee levels and authorizing the increase of license fees. (The bill triples current license fees but only to reflect the increase in the length of the license term from one to three years). The DEP may increase permit and license fees in the future so that revenues will be sufficient to cover the costs of the licensing and enforcement programs. These permit and license fees are currently deposited into the "Environmental Services Fund," established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1975, c.232 (C.13:1D-33).

The bill also increases current maximum penalties for failure to properly install a well, seal a well or comply with reporting and other DEP requirements. Penalties for violations of provisions concerning abandoned or dangerous wells are to be deposited in a "Well Sealing Fund" established in the bill for use by the DEP for its well and borehole sealing activities.

Other provisions of the bill allow the department to revise by regulation the statutorily prescribed fees for obtaining well drilling permits: expand the DEP's authority to order a borehole or a well sealed and hold a drilling contractor liable for borehole or well closures under certain circumstances; authorize the DEP to seal a well and recover treble damages when necessary; clarify the DEP's authority to regulate the construction and standards for well drilling and pump installation; and clarify that well sealing activities are to be conducted only by licensed well drillers.

It is also the Legislature intent that pursuant to this bill the DEP will develop regulations which recognize the distinct differences between the work of test borers and well drillers.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amended the bill to:

- * Require the sealing of any borehole or well abandoned during construction:
- * Add a licensed well driller, other than a master well driller. to the well driller and pump installer board of examiners;
- * Require DEP to adopt various classifications of well driller licenses:
- * Permit DEP to issue one permit for the construction of multiple wells at one site for a fee of \$100 or a general State-wide permit for the construction of certain wells. including test borings. no deeper than 50 feet and with certain maximum diameters;

- * Require DEP to establish an expedited permit processing service for an additional fee; and
- * Designate separate monetary penalties for violations directly related to the construction of a well and for violations not construction-related.

Additional amendments are technical or clarifying in nature.

FISCAL IMPACT

According to the Department of Environmental Protection, the permit and license fee amounts set forth in this bill will generate sufficient revenues to meet the operating costs of DEP's well drilling regulatory and enforcement program. It is anticipated that revenues from well permits for Fiscal Year 1995 will be \$240,000; this bill will increase those revenues to approximately \$1.2 million annually.

The bill increases permit fees, but does not increase license fees. The DEP is authorized to increase both these fees in the future to fully support program and enforcement activities. The DEP estimates that the bill would not significantly affect existing program costs and that permit and license fees may not have to be increased beyond the amounts set in the bill during the next two to three fiscal years.

In addition, the bill establishes a "well sealing fund" into which will be deposited all penalties collected by DEP for failures to seal boreholes or wells, and all costs and assessments collected from responsible parties after DEP acts to seal boreholes and wells. The fund will be used by DEP for the well sealing program. Amounts to be deposited into the fund cannot be ascertained at this time.

SENATE SNT COMMITTEE

AMENDMENTS

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SENATE, No 743 (Sponsored by Senator Bennett)

REPLACE THE TITLE TO READ:

AN ACT concerning well drillers and pump installers, establishing a "well sealing fund," ¹amending the title and amending and supplementing the body of P.L.1947, c.377, ¹ amending P.L.1979, c.398, amending and supplementing ¹[P.L.1947, c.377 and] ¹P.L.1951, c.193, and repealing parts of the statutory law.

REPLACE SECTION 2 TO READ:

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1951 c.193 (C.58:4A-4.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. The owner of any well shall [, upon abandonment of any existing well or test hole, so notify the department and shall effectively seal and fill such wells and test holes] be responsible for having the well sealed in accordance with the rules and regulations of the department if the well is not in use or if it endangers or threatens the subsurface or percolating waters by the intrusion of salt water or from any other cause. or if it endangers life. Notwithstanding the well owner's responsibility to seal a well, the drilling contractor is also and primarily responsible for sealing an abandoned borehole or any incomplete well if the borehole or well presents an imminent danger to the environment or to public safety as provided by rules and regulations of the department. [A well not in operation for 3 or more years or improperly maintained to prevent contamination may be deemed to have been abandoned.] Any person who 1[shall violate] violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a [misdemeanor] disorderly persons offense and shall be subject to the penalty provisions and other remedies set forth in section 20 of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-24). Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of the owner of a well 1[from seeking] to seek1 indemnification, contribution, or other civil damages from the drilling contractor as may be authorized pursuant to any other statutory or common law.

(cf: P.L.1979. c.398, s.21)



REPLACE SECTION 3 TO READ:

- 3. Section 3 of P.L.1951, c.193 (C.58:4A-4.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The department shall have the power to [order] direct the sealing of any [such abandoned] abandoned borehole or well not in use, or any well when, in its judgment, the condition of the well endangers or threatens [to endanger] the subsurface or percolating waters by the intrusion of salt water or from any other [causes] cause, or if it endangers life. The department may, when it determines that an emergency condition exists. direct the prompt sealing of an abandoned borehole or well. ¹[The] An¹ owner or drilling contractor of any abandoned borehole or well 1[,]1 who is responsible 1[to have] for having1 that borehole or well sealed pursuant to section 2 of P.L. 1951. c.193 (C.58:4A-4.1) 1[, who shall fail or refuse] but fails or refuses to seal it in the time and manner [ordered] 1[as]1 directed by the department shall be subject to [a penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each and every violation, and further penalty of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each day during which such violation shall continuel the penalty provisions and other remedies set forth in section 20 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-24). (cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.22)

REPLACE SECTION 7 TO READ:

- 7. Section 2 of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-6) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. ¹a.¹ No person, partnership or corporation shall [hereafter] engage in well drilling or pump installation in this State _ except as provided in section 20 [hereof unless he, if an individual, or a member of the firm, if a partnership, or an executive officer, if a corporation, shall be licensed as a well driller or pump installer] of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-24) ¹:
- (1)¹ unless that ¹[person, if an individual, or a member of a firm, if a partnership, or an] individual, if a person, or member of the firm, if a partnership, or ¹ executive officer, if a corporation, possesses a valid New Jersey license of the proper class ¹[,]: ¹ or
- ¹(2)¹ without securing the services of a person possessing a valid New Jersey license of the proper class [, as provided in this act].
- The department shall establish by regulation classes of licenses required for all well drilling and pump installing activities.
- 1b.1 No person, partnership, or corporation shall employ more than three other well drillers in well drilling in this State unless [said] the well drillers' supervisor is qualified as a master well driller pursuant to the criteria established therefor under the rules and regulations of the [commissioner] department.
- 1c.1 No other agency or [civil division] political subdivision of the State [shall be empowered] is authorized to license or to establish standards, requirements or specifications for [engaging in the trade, business or calling of] well drilling or pump installation [which shall be applicable to any person licensed under this act] regulated pursuant to P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.).

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.3)

REPLACE SECTION 12 TO READ:

- 12. Section 8 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-12) is amended to read as follows:
- 8. The board may, after [public] conducting a hearing, recommend [to the commissioner that he] that the commissioner revoke[,] indefinitely or suspend [for any period less than 1 year] for a period of less than one year the license of any well driller or pump installer, if the [same] license was obtained through error or fraud, or if the board shall find [him] the well driller or pump installer guilty of gross neglect, incompetency, or misconduct in the practice of well drilling or pump installing or if the holder thereof has [a second time] willfully violated any [of the provisions of this law] provision of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.) or of P.L. 1951. c.193 (C.58:4A-4.1 et seq.), or any [of the rules and regulations prescribed by the commissioner] rule or adopted in accordance therewith regulation recommendation of the board shall be made in writing and shall be accompanied by all documentation resulting from the hearing held by the board. Any person whose license has been revoked may, after the expiration of ¹[1] one ¹ year from the date of (such) revocation, apply for a new license. Any person whose license has been suspended may, after expiration of the period of suspension, be reinstated upon review and approval by the board.

The charges against any well driller or pump installer [of] against whom complaint is made shall be in writing and sworn to by the complainant, and filed with the board.

Such charges, unless dismissed by the board as unfounded or trivial, shall be heard and determined by the board within [3] three months after the date on which they are preferred unless the board shall determine that good cause exists for further delay. The board shall have the power at any such proceeding to require the attendance of witnesses before it, and the production of such books, papers and documents as it may require, and to issue or authorize the issuance of subpoena therefor.

The time and place of the hearing, which may be adjourned from time to time, shall be fixed by the board. A copy of the charges, together with a notice of the time and place of hearing, shall be served on the accused by the board personally or by certified mail, addressed to his last known place of residence [in this State.] at least 30 days before the day fixed for the hearing. At [such] the hearing the accused shall have the right to appear personally or by counsel and to cross-examine witnesses against him and to produce evidence in his defense.

The commissioner may accept. reject. or modify the recommendation of the board. A decision of the commissioner shall represent final agency action for the purposes of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L. 1968. c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.8)

· pursuant thereto

REPLACE SECTION 15 TO READ:

- 15. Section 14 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-18) is amended to read as follows:
- 14. A license once issued, unless revoked or suspended, may be renewed at any time within $^1[1]$ one 1 year $^1[from]^1$ before its [effective] expiration date on application therefor and payment of the required renewal fee, and any such renewal shall become effective on and after July 1 next following the date of [such] renewal [, and shall expire on June 30 next following such the effective date]. [Any] A license [which shall not have been] not renewed prior to its expiration date may be reinstated within [3 years] $^1[6]$ six 1 months of [its said] the expiration date by payment of the [cumulative] license renewal [fees for each year, or fraction thereof, during which the license has lapsed] fee.

After the [said 3-year] six-month period, renewal shall require [prior certification by the board or] the [taking and] passing of [a re-examination in the form and manner] an examination prescribed by the [board] department for applicants for new licenses.

(cf: P.L.1968, c.308, s.10)

REPLACE SECTION 17 TO READ:

- 17. Section 16 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-20) is amended to read as follows:
- of the commissioner.] department shall have the power to make such inspections and take such samples as may be deemed necessary for the investigation of the construction . sealing, and repair of wells throughout the State. ¹[They] The department shall also have the right to enter upon any and all property for the purpose of obtaining information about wells, whether idle, in use or abandoned.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.13)

REPLACE SECTION 19 TO READ:

- 19. Section 19 of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-23) is amended to read as follows:
 - 19. As used in this act:
- [A "well" is any] "Well" means a hole or excavation [whether] larger than a minimum diameter and depth established by department regulations pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1947. c.377 [C.58:4A-5] that is drilled, bored [or], cored, [for water, oil or gas, or in exploration for water, oil or gas, or for the storage or disposal thereof. Any excavation that is less in its diameter than its depth is a well] driven, jetted, dug, or otherwise constructed for the purpose of removal or emplacement of, or investigation of, or exploration for, fluids, water, oil, gas, minerals, soil, or rock, or for the installation of an elevator shaft.

"Well drilling" means the drilling, digging, driving, boring, coring, sealing, jetting, or other construction or repair of any well.

[A "well driller" is any] "Well driller" means a person possessing a New Jersey license as a well driller of the proper class who engages in [drilling, digging, driving, boring, coring, constructing, altering or repairing any well or engages in the installation and repair of pumpsand appurtenances] well drilling or pump installing.

[A "master well driller" is any person] "Master well driller" means a well driller possessing a New Jersey master well driller's license who has at least five years experience in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling, including at least two years of experience as a licensed journeyman well driller in this State.

1 and is 1 skilled in the planning, superintending, and practical construction of wells, and the installation and repair of well pumping equipment [, who has been engaged in well drilling for at least 5 years, and who has been licensed as such by the board] and appurtenances thereto.

[A journeyman well driller" is any person, other than a master well driller, skilled in the practical construction of wells, or who engages in the installation and repair of pumps and appurtenances, who has had at least 3 years' experience in such work, and who has been licensed as such by the board] "Journeyman well driller" means a well driller possessing a New Jersey journeyman well driller's license who has at least three years of experience under the supervision of a New Jersey licensed well driller in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling, with concentration in the practical construction of wells, and the installation and repair of well pumping equipment and appurtenances thereto, or who satisfies equivalent experience and other requirements as prescribed by the department.

[A "pump" is] "Pump" means a mechanical [equipment or a] device used to remove or emplace gases, water or fluids from or into a well.

[A "pump installer" is any] "Pump installer" means a person possessing a New Jersey license as a pump installer who has at least one year \(^{1}\)of 1 experience under the supervision of a New Jersey licensed well driller or a New Jersey licensed pump installer, and is qualified to engage in [the installation, removal, alteration or repair of water pumps and appurtenances in connection with any water well including water lines between well and storage tank and licensed as such by the board] pump installing.

"Pump installing" means the installation, removal, alteration, or repair of well pumping equipment and appurtenances thereto in connection with any well including connecting lines between a well and storage tank or appurtenance thereto.

[The "examining board", the board of examiners, the advisory board or the board of advisors] "Board" means the "State Well Drillers and Pump Installers Examining and Advisory Board."

[The "department" is] "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection.

"License of the proper class" or "license" means a document issued to a person pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-11) authorizing the individual to engage and perform work in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling, or pump installing.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.14)



Senate SBA Committee

<u>AMENDMENTS</u>

to

SENATE NO. 743 (Sponsored by Senator Bennett)

REPLACE SECTION 2 TO READ:

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1951 c.193 (C.58:4A-4.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. The owner of any well shall [, upon abandonment of any existing well or test hole, so notify the department and shall effectively seal and fill such wells and test holes] be responsible for having the well sealed in accordance with the rules and regulations of the department if the well is not in use or if it endangers or threatens the subsurface or percolating waters by the intrusion of salt water or from any other cause, or if it endangers life. Notwithstanding the well owner's responsibility to seal a well, the drilling contractor is also and primarily responsible for sealing 2[an abandoned] a2 borehole or 2[any incomplete]2 well 2[if the borehole or well presents an imminent danger to the environment or to public safety as provided by rules and regulations of the department) that is abandoned during construction or is not completed or constructed in accordance with rules and regulations in effect at the time of construction² . [A well not in operation for 3 or more years or improperly maintained to prevent contamination may be deemed to have been abandoned.] Any person who 1[shall violate] violates1 the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a [misdemeanor] disorderly persons offense and shall be subject to the penalty provisions and other remedies set forth in section 20 of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-24). Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of the owner of a well [from seeking] to seek1 indemnification, contribution, or other civil damages from the drilling contractor as may be authorized pursuant to any other statutory or common law.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.21)

EXPLANATION--Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Hatter underlined thus is new matter.





REPLACE SECTION 7 TO READ:

- 7. Section 2 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-6) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. ¹a. ¹ No person, partnership or corporation shall [hereafter] engage in well drilling or pump installation in this State _ except as provided in section 20 [hereof unless he, if an individual, or a member of the firm, if a partnership, or an executive officer, if a corporation, shall be licensed as a well driller or pump installer] of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-24) ²[¹]:
- [1] 1 2 unless that ¹[person, if an individual, or a member of a firm, if a partnership, or an] individual, if a person, or member of the firm, if a partnership, or ¹ executive officer, if a corporation ²[,]:
- [1]² possesses a valid New Jersey license of the proper class 1[,]; 1 or
- ¹(2)¹ ²[without securing] secures² the services of a person possessing a valid New Jersey license of the proper class [, as provided in this act].

The department shall establish by regulation, classes of licenses required for all well drilling and pump installing activities.

- 1<u>b.</u>1 No person, partnership, or corporation shall employ more than three other well drillers in well drilling in this State unless [said] the well drillers' supervisor is qualified as a master well driller pursuant to the criteria established therefor under the rules and regulations of the [commissioner] department.
- 1c.1 No other agency or [civil division] political subdivision of the State [shall be empowered] is authorized to license or to establish standards, requirements, or specifications for [engaging in the trade, business or calling of] well drilling or pump installation [which shall be applicable to any person licensed under this act] regulated pursuant to P.L.1947, c.377 [C.58:4A-5] et seq.].

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.3)

REPLACE SECTION 8 TO READ:

- 8. Section 3 of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-7) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. A board of [9] nine well driller and pump installer examiners is [hereby] created, to be appointed by the [Commissioner of Environmental Protection) commissioner, which shall function as an examining board of well drillers and pump installers, and as an advisory board to the [commissioner and shall be hereinafter referred to as the board] department. [Three] The board shall be constituted as follows: three members of the board shall be employees of the department; one member shall be a person not employed by the State or pecuniarily involved in well drilling or pump installing [shall be appointed by the commissioner] 2; one member shall be licensed as a well driller in any classification established by the department²; one member shall [have the qualification to qualify] be licensed as a pump installer; and the remaining [4] ²[four] three² members shall (have the qualifications to qualify) be licensed as master well drillers. Members of the board shall be appointed for terms of [3] three years. A quorum of the board shall consist of [7] five members , except that a quorum shall not exist unless at least three of the members present are the licensed well driller or pump installer

of Lead Mile Market

members. No action may be approved by the board except upon the approval of a majority of the members present. All persons appointed to [said] the board shall be citizens of the United States and residents of the State of New Jersey. The commissioner may remove any member of the board, after hearing, for misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or for any other sufficient cause.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.4)

REPLACE SECTION 11 TO READ:

- 11. Section 7 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-11) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. 2a.2 The [commissioner] <u>department</u> shall, upon <u>recommendation of the board and payment of the required fee, issue licenses to [such] persons [as have by said examination shown themselves competent and qualified] to engage in [the business, trade or calling of] well [driller] <u>drilling</u> or pump [installer] <u>installing</u>.</u>
- 2b. The department shall adopt various classifications of well driller licenses to reflect the different well drilling disciplines. Beginning eighteen months after the effective date of P.L. c. (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill), the department:
- (1) Shall issue a new well driller license only for the classification of well driller for which an applicant qualifies. based upon passing a licensing examination for that classification: and
- (2) Shall issue a new master well driller license only to an applicant who has passed the examination for each classification of well driller established by the department pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-5).²

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.7)

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REPLACE SECTION 14 TO READ:

- 14. Section 10 of P.L.1947 c.377 (C.58.4A-14) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. a. ²[1]² Except in the case of an emergency ²or a general² permit. [No] no well requiring a permit shall be [drilled] constructed until a permit [therefor where required by the provisions of this act.] has been [secured from the said] issued therefor by the department. Application for [each such] a permit shall be made upon forms prescribed and supplied by the department, and the applicant [for a permit] shall give such information pertaining to the proposed well as the [commissioner] department shall require. [Each permit application under 70 gallons per minute shall be accompanied by a fee of \$10.00. Each permit application of over 70 gallons per minute shall be accompanied by a fee of \$25.00.] ²The department may issue a site-wide permit for the construction of multiple wells at a site. subject to standards adopted by the department by regulation.
- (2) The department shall adopt, by regulation, a general permit for the construction of certain categories of wells up to a depth of 50 feet and a maximum diameter to be set by the department to protect public health and safety.²
- b. The department shall adopt and periodically revise, by regulation, well permit requirements, including emergency permits, and regulations establishing a fee schedule setting forth reasonable application and permit fees to cover the costs of

administering permit and permit enforcement programs. Permit fees shall not include the cost to the department of operating well drilling equipment, except when the department scals a well. The department may allocate a portion of the permit fees to local health agencies certified pursuant to P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-21 et seq.) for administration and enforcement of permits issued pursuant to this act. Upon adoption of a fee schedule pursuant to this subsection, the fees set forth in the fee schedule shall supercede the fees set forth in subsection d. of this section.

- c. As a further condition to the issuance of [such] a permit, the [commissioner] department may require that accurate samples of the materials encountered in [sinking] constructing the proposed well shall be preserved and delivered to the department. Within [60] 90 days of the completion of the [drilling] construction of any permitted well, a [report] well record, on forms prescribed and supplied by the department, shall be filed by the driller with the department giving the [lot] log (i.e. description of materials penetrated), the size and depth of the well, the diameters and lengths of casing and screen installed therein, the static and pumping levels and the yield of the well, and such other information pertaining to the construction or operation of the well as the department may require.
- d. Pending adoption by regulation of a permit fee schedule by the department in accordance with subsection b. of this section. the following permit fees shall be required: (1) a fee of \$50 for each permit for a well with a pumping capacity of under 70 gallons per minute: ²[and]² (2) a fee of \$125 for each permit for a well with a pumping capacity of 70 gallons or more per minute ²: and (3) a fee of \$100 for each site-wide permit ². Payment of the fee shall accompany each permit application.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.10)

INSERT NEW SECTION 15 TO READ:

- ²15. (New section) a. The department shall establish an expedited permit processing service for well permit applications. This service shall accept properly completed permit applications by electronic media, including but not limited to telefax machines. The department may establish, by regulation, an additional fee not to exceed the cost of maintaining this expedited service.
- b. There is established within the department a special dedicated non-lapsing account into which any person licensed pursuant to P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.) may deposit and maintain such funds as shall be sufficient to cover permit or license renewal fees that the licensee may accrue from permit or license renewal applications. Upon authorization of the licensee. the department may withdraw from this account permit application or license renewal fees for any well permit or license renewal application.²

INSERT NEW SECTION 15 TO READ:

- ²16. Section 12 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-16) is amended to read as follows:
- 12. The department may license without examination, upon payment of the required license fee, applicants who are duly

licensed under the laws of any other state having requirements deemed by the [said board] <u>department to be</u> at least equivalent to those of this State.²

(cf: P.L.1979, c. 398, s.11)

REPLACE SECTION 15 TO READ:

²[15.] <u>17.</u>² Section 14 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-18) is amended to read as follows:

14. A license once issued, unless revoked or suspended, may be renewed at any time within $^1[1]$ one 1 year $^1[from]^1$ before its [effective] expiration date on application therefor and payment of the required renewal fee, and any such renewal shall become effective on and after July 1 next following the date of [such] renewal [, and shall expire on June 30 next following such effective date]. [Any] A license [which shall not have been] not renewed prior to its expiration date may be reinstated within [3 years] $^1[6]$ six 1 months of [its said] the expiration date by payment of the [cumulative] license renewal [fees for each year, or fraction thereof, during which the license has lapsed] fee.

After the [said 3-year] six-month period, renewal shall require [prior certification by the board or] the [taking and] passing of [a re-examination in the form and manner] an examination prescribed by the [board] department ²pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-11)² for applicants for new licenses.

(cf: P.L.1968, c.308, s.10)

REPLACE SECTION 16 TO READ:

²[16.] <u>18.</u>² Section 15 of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-19) is amended to read as follows:

15. [The] a. Pending adoption by regulation of a fee schedule by the department pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the following fees shall be required for licenses and renewals:

All revenues derived from [such fees or from fees contained in] this section 2[and] 2 section 10 [hereof] of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-14) 2, and section 15 of P.L. . c. (C.) [now before the Legislature as this bill] 2 shall be deposited in the ["environmental services fund"] "Environmental Services Fund" established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1975, c.232 (C.13:1D-33), and shall be used for the administration of well [water] programs pursuant to P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.).

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.12)

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RENUMBER SECTIONS 17 AND 18 AS SECTIONS 19 AND 20 REPLACE SECTION 19 TO READ:

- ²[19.] 21.² Section 19 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-23) is amended to read as follows:
 - 19. As used in this act:
- ²"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Environmental Protection.²
- [A "well" is any] "Well" means a hole or excavation [whether] larger than a minimum diameter and depth established by department regulations pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1947, c.377 [C.58:4A-5] that is drilled, bored [or], cored, [for water, oil or gas, or in exploration for water, oil or gas, or for the storage or disposal thereof. Any excavation that is less in its diameter than its depth is a well driven, jetted, dug, or otherwise constructed for the purpose of removal or emplacement of, or investigation of, or exploration for, fluids, water, oil, gas, minerals, soil, or rock, or for the installation of an elevator shaft.

"Well drilling" means the drilling, digging, driving, boring, coring, sealing, jetting, or other construction or repair of any well.

[A "well driller" is any] "Well driller" means a person possessing a New Jersey license as a well driller of the proper class 2, including but not limited to test borers and such other classifications as the department establishes by regulation. who engages in [drilling, digging, driving, boring, coring, constructing, altering or repairing any well or engages in the installation and repair of pumps and appurtenances] well drilling or pump installing.

[A "master well driller" is any person] "Master well driller" means a well driller possessing a New Jersey master well driller slicense who has at least five years experience in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling, including at least two years of experience as a licensed journeyman well driller in this State. and is skilled in the planning, superintending, and practical construction of wells, and the installation and repair of well pumping equipment [, who has been engaged in well drilling for at least 5 years, and who has been been beened as such by the board] and appurtenances thereto.

[A "journeyman well driller" is any person, other than a master well driller, skilled in the practical construction of wells, or who engages in the installation and repair of pumps and appurtenances, who has had at least 3 years' experience in such work, and who has been licensed as such by the board. "Journeyman well driller" means a well driller possessing a New Jersey journeyman well driller's license who has at least three years of experience under the supervision of a New Jersey licensed well driller in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling, with concentration in the practical construction of wells, and the installation and repair of well pumping equipment and appurtenances thereto, or who satisfies equivalent experience and other requirements as prescribed by the department.

[A "pump" is) "Pump" means a mechanical [equipment or a] device used to remove or emplace gases, water or fluids from or into a well.

[A "pump installer" is any] "Pump installer" means a person possessing a New Jersey license as a pump installer who has at least one year lofl experience under the supervision of a New Jersey licensed well driller or a New Jersey licensed pump installer, and is qualified to engage in [the installation, removal, alteration or repair of water pumps and appurtenances in connection with any water well including water lines between well and storage tank and licensed as such by the board] pump installing.

"Pump installing" means the installation, removal, alteration, or repair of well pumping equipment and appurtenances thereto in connection with any well including connecting lines between a well and storage tank or appurtenance thereto.

[The "examining board", the board of examiners, the advisory board or the board of advisors] "Board" means the "State Well Drillers and Pump Installers Examining and Advisory Board."

[The "department" is] "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection.

"License of the proper class" or "license" means a document issued to a person pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-11) authorizing the individual to engage and perform work in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling, or pump installing.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.14)

REPLACE SECTION 20 TO READ:

²[20.] <u>22.</u>² Section 20 of P.L.1947, c.377 (C.58:4A-24) is amended to read as follows:

20. a. Any person who shall engage in the trade, business, or calling of a well driller, or who shall operate a well drilling machine without having a New Jersey license, except in the presence and under the immediate on-site supervision of a New Jersey licensed [master or journeyman] well driller of the proper class, or any person, partnership, or corporation 2[who, or which, shall engage] that engages2 in the trade, business, or calling of well drilling without employing a New Jersey licensed well driller to operate [his. their or its] a well drilling machine, or 2[who shall engagel that engages² in the trade, business, or calling of pump installing without employing a New Jersey licensed pump installer or New Jersey licensed well driller, for the work or the immediate on-site supervision of the actual work, or 2[who shall operate] that operates² without a permit as provided in this act, or ²[who shall] that ² negligently ²[aid or abet] aids or abets ² in the commission of [such] any violation, [or who shall refuse to perform any duty or obey any direction lawfully enjoined upon him by this act or by the department or said commissioner shall be liable to a penalty of not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$250.00 for each and every such violation, which may be collected and enforced in an action by the State or any subdivision thereof in the name of the State in a court of competent jurisdiction in summary proceedings pursuant to the Penalty Enforcement Law N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq. All penalties and costs collected in such actions shall be payable to the municipality in which the offense occurred. Each day such violation shall continue shall constitute a separate offense. The acceptance рл any

person, partnership or corporation of any money or other consideration for the construction of any well by anyone other than a licensed driller of the proper class as provided by this act, shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the violation of this act.] or ²[who shall violate] that violates any provision of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.), any rule or regulation dopid, or order or directive issued, pursuant thereto, shall be subject to, as applicable, any or all of the following:

- (1) A civil administrative penalty imposed pursuant to subsection c. of this section;
- (2) A civil penalty collected, as provided in subsection d. of this section, in an action by the department, or a political subdivision of the State, in a court of competent jurisdiction in a summary proceeding pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law," (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.):
- [3] A civil action in accordance with subsection b. of this section; or
- (4) An order by the department requiring a violator to comply with the provisions of this act or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto in accordance with subsection e. of this section.

Use of any remedy available pursuant to this subsection shall not preclude the use of any other remedy available thereunder. except that not more than one monetary penalty may be assessed for any single violation. Any penalties or costs collected in an action brought by a political subdivision pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be payable to that political subdivision.

Acceptance by any person, partnership, or corporation of any money or other consideration of value for the construction of any well or installation or repair of a pump by anyone other than a licensed well driller of the proper class or licensed pump installer, shall be deemed prima facie evidence of the violation of this act.

- b. The department may institute an action or proceeding in the Superior Court for injunctive and other relief for any violation of P.L. 1947. c.377 or of any rule, regulation, order, or directive issued pursuant thereto, and the court may proceed in the action in a summary manner. Such relief may include, singly or in combination:
- (1) Assessment of the reasonable costs of any investigation, inspection or monitoring survey that led to the establishment of the violation, and for the reasonable costs of preparing and litigating the case under this subsection:
- (2) Assessment of the reasonable cost incurred by the State in terminating any adverse effects of a violation on water quality or other elements of the environment:
- (3) Assessment of compensatory damages for any loss or destruction of wildlife, fish or other aquatic life, or other natural resources, and for any other actual damages:
- (4) The recovery of the costs of sealing a well as may be required pursuant to section 4 of P.L. . c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill; and
 - (5) A temporary or permanent injunction.

Compensatory damages collected pursuant to paragraph (3) of this subsection shall be paid to the General Fund, except that compensatory damages shall be paid by specific order of the court to any persons who have been

aggrieved by the violation. Recovery of assessments pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection shall be paid into the "well sealing fund" established pursuant to section 5 of P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill).

c. The department may assess, in accordance with a uniform policy adopted therefor, a civil administrative penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each violation administrative penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation that is not construction-related, and each day during which a violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate and distinct offense.

Any amount assessed under this subsection shall fall within a range established by regulation by the department for violations of a similar type, seriousness, and duration.

In adopting rules for a uniform civil administrative penalty policy for determining the amount of a civil administrative penalty to be assessed, the department shall take into account the type, seriousness, extent and frequency of a violation, the harm to the public health or the environment resulting from the violation, the economic benefits from the violation gained by the violator, the degree of cooperation or recalcitrance of the violator in remedying the violation, any measures taken by the violator to avoid a repetition of the violation, and any other pertinent factors that the department determines measure the seriousness or frequency of the violation, or conduct of the violator.

No civil administrative penalty shall be levied pursuant to this subsection until after the violator has been notified by certified mail or personal service. The notice shall include a reference to the section of the statute, rule, regulation, or order or directive violated: a concise statement of the facts alleged to constitute a violation; a statement of the amount of the civil administrative penalties to be imposed: and a statement of the party's right to a hearing. The party shall have twenty days from the receipt of the notice within which to deliver to the commissioner a written request for a hearing. After the hearing and upon finding that a violation has occurred, the department may issue a final order assessing a penalty up to the amount of the penalty specified in the order. If no hearing is requested, the notice shall become a final order on the twenty-first day after receipt of the notice. Payment of the assessment is due when a final order is issued, or the notice becomes a final order.

d. Any person who violates the provisions of P.L.1947, c.377. or any rule or regulation adopted, or order or directive issued pursuant thereto, or a court order issued pursuant to subsection b. of this section, or who fails to pay a civil administrative penalty in full pursuant to subsection c. of this section, shall be subject, upon order of a court, to a civil penalty of not more than \$5.000 for each violation ²directly related to the construction of a well, and a civil administrative penalty of not more than \$1.000 for each violation that is not construction-related ², and each day the violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and district offense.

Any civil action to impose a penalty pursuant to this subsection may be commenced in the Superior Court or in the municipal court and that penalty may be enforced and collected with costs in a summary proceeding pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law." N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.

- e. Whenever the department finds that a person has violated any provision of P.L.1947, c.377, or any rule or regulation adopted, or order or directive issued pursuant thereto, the department, may issue an order specifying the provision or provisions of P.L.1947, c.377, or the rule, regulation, or order or directive issued, pursuant thereto, of which the person is in violation, citing the action which constituted the violation, ordering abatement of the violation, and giving notice to the person of the right to a hearing on the matters contained in the order. The ordered party shall have 20 calendar days from receipt of the order within which to deliver to the department a written request for a hearing. Such order shall be effective upon receipt and any person to whom such order is directed shall comply with the order immediately. A request for hearing shall not automatically stay the effect of the order.
- f. The department may compromise any remedy and settle any claim for a penalty under this section in the amount in the discretion of the department as may appear appropriate and equitable under all of the circumstances.

(cf: P.L.1979, c.398, s.15)

REPLACE SECTION 21 TO READ:

- ²[21.] 23.² Section 13 of P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-17) is amended to read as follows:
- 13. Every license issued under the authority of ²[this act] P.L.1947. c.377 (C.58:4A-5 et seq.]², unless sooner revoked, shall expire [in] on the thirtieth day of June three years following the date of issuance of such license, except that any license issued prior to the effective date of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) shall expire on the thirtieth day of June next following the date of issuance of such license.

(cf: P.L.1947, c.377, s.13)

REPLACE SECTION 22 TO READ:

²[22.] ^{24.2} (New section) Within 18 months of the effective date of ²[this act] P.L. c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill)², the department shall adopt, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

REPLACE SECTION 23 TO READ:

 2 [23.] 2 5.2 Section 4 of P.L.1951, c.193 (C.58:4A-4.3), and sections 2 [12,]2 17 and 18 of P.L.1947, c.377 (2 [C.58:4A-16, 58:4A-21] 2 5.58:4A-21 2 6.58:4A-21 2 7.58:4A-21 2 8.60 Section 4 of P.L.1947, c.377 (2 8.61 Section 5.1947).

REPLACE SECTION 24 TO READ:

²[24.] 26.² This act shall take effect immediately ². except that section 8 shall take effect upon the first expiration after the effective date of a term of one of the master well driller members².

