39:3-46

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST
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(Wipers--headlights)

NJSA:

39:3-46

LAWS OF:

1995

CHAPTER:

305

BILL NO:

S329

SPONSOR(S):

McNamara

DATE INTRODUCED:

Pre-filed

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY

SENATE:

Law & Public Safety

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:

Senate Committee Substitute

(1R) enacted

Yes

Amendments during passage

denoted by superscript

numbers

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

December 18, 1995

SENATE:

March 2, 1995

DATE OF APPROVAL:

January 5, 1995

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

No

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

Yes

Yes

SENATE:

No

FISCAL NOTE: VETO MESSAGE:

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No -

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

HEARINGS:

No

See newspaper clipping--attached:

"Bill: turn lights on along with wipers," 12-19-95, Home News.

KBP:pp

#### [FIRST REPRINT]

## SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

# SENATE, Nos. 329 and 150

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### ADOPTED JUNE 6, 1994

#### Sponsored by Senators McNAMARA and MARTIN

AN ACT concerning the use of headlights on motor vehicles and amending R.S.39:3-46 <sup>1</sup>and R.S. 39:3-47 <sup>1</sup>.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. R.S.39:3-46 is amended to read as follows:

39:3-46. As used in this article, unless the context requires another or different construction:

"Approved" means approved by the commissioner of motor vehicles and when applied to lamps and other illuminating devices means that such lamps and devices must be in good working order and capable of operating at least 50% of their designed efficiency.

"Vehicle" means every device in, upon or by which a person or property is or may be transported upon a highway, excepting devices moved by human power or used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks.

"When lighted lamps are required" means at any time from a half-hour after sunset to a half-hour before sunrise; whenever rain, mist, snow or other precipitation or atmospheric moisture requires the use of windshield wipers by motorists; and during any time when, due to [rain,] smoke, fog, unfavorable atmospheric conditions or for any other cause there is not sufficient light to render clearly discernible persons and vehicles on the highway at a distance of 500 feet ahead. <sup>1</sup>[For purposes of this definition, "lamp" shall mean "headlamp."]<sup>1</sup>

"Headlamp" means a major lighting device capable of providing general illumination ahead of a vehicle.

"Auxiliary driving lamp" means an additional lighting device on a motor vehicle used primarily to supplement the headlamps in providing general illumination ahead of a vehicle.

"Single beam headlamps" [mean] <u>means</u> headlamps or similar devices arranged so as to permit the driver of the vehicle to use but one distribution of light on the road.

"Multiple-beam headlamps" [mean] means headlamps or similar devices arranged so as to permit the driver of the vehicle to use one of two or more distributions of light on the road.

"Asymmetric headlamps" [mean] means headlamps or similar devices arranged so as to permit the driver of the vehicle to use one of several distributions of light on the road, at least one of which is asymmetric about the median vertical axis.

"Clear road beam" means the beam from multiple-beam headlamps designed to be used when not approaching other

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

vehicles and designed to provide sufficient candlepower ahead to reveal obstacles at a safe distance ahead under ordinary conditions of road contour and of vehicle loading.

"Meeting beam" means the beam from multiple beam or asymmetric headlamps designed to be used when other vehicles are approaching within 500 feet or when signalled and designed so that the illumination on the left side of the road is reduced sufficiently to avoid dangerous glare for the approaching driver.

"Lower beam" means the beam from multiple beam or asymmetric headlamps designed to be directed low enough to avoid dangerous glare on both sides of the roadway.

"Reflector" means an approved device designed and used to give an indication by reflected light.

(cf: P.L. 1983, c.285 s.1)

 12. R.S.39:3-47 is amended to read as follows:

39:3-47. No person shall drive, move, park or be in custody of any vehicle or combination of vehicles on any street or highway unless such vehicle or combination of vehicles is equipped with lamps and illuminating devices as hereinafter in this article respectively required for different classes of vehicles.

- a. No person shall drive, move, park or be in custody of any vehicle or combination of vehicles on any street or highway during the times when lighted lamps are required unless such vehicle or combination of vehicles displays lighted lamps and illuminating devices as hereinafter in this article required. Failure to use lighted lamps when lighted lamps are required may result in a fine not to exceed \$50.00. In no case shall motor vehicle points or automobile insurance eligibility points pursuant to section 26 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C:17:33B-14) be assessed against any person for a violation of this subsection. A person who is fined under this subsection for a violation of this subsection shall not be subject to a surcharge under the New Jersey Merit Rating Plan as provided in section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C:17:29A-35).
- <u>b.</u> No person shall use on any vehicle any approved electric lamp or similar device unless the light source of such lamp or device complies with the conditions of approval as to focus and rated candlepower.
- $\underline{c}$ . No person shall alter the equipment or performance of equipment of any vehicle which has been approved at an official inspection station designated by the commissioner with intent to defeat the purpose of such inspection, and no person shall drive or use any vehicle with equipment so altered.<sup>1</sup>

(cf: R.S. 39:3-47)

<sup>1</sup>[2.]3.<sup>1</sup> This act shall take effect immediately.

Requires the use of headlights on motor vehicles whenever windshield wipers are used.

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(cf: P.L.1983, c.285, s.1)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### **STATEMENT**

The purpose of this bill is to require the use of headlights when weather conditions require the use of windshield wipers to clean rain, snow or other moisture from the windshield. Unfavorable weather conditions which blur or block visibility through a motor vehicle windshield make for hazardous driving situations. The use of headlights illuminate a roadway and make the other vehicles on the road more visible, thereby reducing the risk of accidents and increasing the safety on our roadways.

Requires the use of headlights on motor vehicles whenever windshield wipers are used.

## SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

# SENATE, Nos. 329 and 150

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 6, 1994** 

The Senate Law and Public Safety Committee favorably reports the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 329 and 150.

This committee substitute requires the use of headlights when weather conditions require the use of windshield wipers to clean rain, snow or other moisture from the windshield of a motor vehicle.

Unfavorable weather conditions which blur or block visibility through a motor vehicle windshield create hazardous driving situations. The use of headlights illuminates a roadway and makes other vehicles more visible, thereby reducing the risk of accidents and increasing safety.

# SENATE, No. 329

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1994 SESSION

## By Senator McNAMARA

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"When lighted lamps are required" means at any time from a half-hour after sunset to a half-hour before sunrise; whenever rain, mist, snow or other precipitation or atmospheric moisture requires the constant use of windshield wipers by motorists; and during any time when, due to [rain,] smoke, fog, unfavorable atmospheric conditions or for any other cause there is not sufficient light to render clearly discernible persons and vehicles on the highway at a distance of 500 feet ahead.

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