34:15-64

## LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

(Medical witnesses)

NJSA:

34:15-64

LAWS OF:

1995

CHAPTER:

303

BILL NO:

A206

SPONSOR(S):

Solomon and Catania

DATE INTRODUCED:

Pre-filed

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY

Labor; Business & Industry

SENATE:

Commerce

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:

Yes

Amendments during passage

Senate Committee Substitute (1R) enacted

denoted by superscript

numbers

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

June 12, 1995

SENATE:

October 19, 1995

DATE OF APPROVAL:

January 5, 1996

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

Yes 2-7-94 & 11-20-95

SENATE:

Yes

FISCAL NOTE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

HEARINGS:

No

KBP:pp

### [FIRST REPRINT]

## ASSEMBLY, No. 206

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### ADOPTED SEPTEMBER 28, 1995

Sponsored by Assemblymen SOLOMON, CATANIA and Foley

AN ACT	concerning	medical	witnesses	in	workers'	compensation
cases a	ınd amendin	g R.S.34:	15-64.			

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.34:15-64 is amended to read as follows:
- 34:15-64. <u>a.</u> The commissioner, director and the judges of compensation may make such rules and regulations for the conduct of the hearing not inconsistent with the provisions of thus chapter as may, in the commissioner's judgment, be necessary. The official conducting any hearing under this chapter may allow to the party in whose favor judgment is entered, costs of witness fees and a reasonable attorney fee, not exceeding 20% of the judgment; and a reasonable fee not exceeding \$250 for any one witness, [but not more than \$150 for a medical witness who does not appear in court but prepares a written report or \$750 in any one case, for medical witnesses residing in the State] except that the following fees may be allowed for a medical witness:
- (1) (a) A fee of not more than \$200 paid to an evaluating physician for an opinion regarding the need for medical treatment or for an estimation of permanent disability, if the physician provides the opinion or estimation in a written report; and
- (b) An additional fee of not more than \$250 paid to the evaluating physician who makes a court appearance to give testimony; or
- (2) (a) A fee of not more than \$250 paid to a treating physician for the preparation and submission of a report including the entire record of treatment, medical history, opinions regarding diagnosis, prognosis, causal relationships between the treated condition and the claim, the claimant's ability to return to work with or without restrictions, what, if any, restrictions are appropriate, and the anticipated date of return to work, and any recommendations for further treatment; and
- (b) (i) An additional fee of not more than \$250 per hour, with the total amount not to exceed \$1,500, paid to the treating physician who gives testimony concerning causal relationship, ability to work or the need for treatment; or
- (ii) An additional fee of not more than \$250 per hour, with the total amount not to exceed \$750, paid to the treating physician who gives a deposition concerning causal relationship, ability to work or the need for treatment.

EXPLANATION—-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- b. (1) No fee for an evaluating physician pursuant to this section shall be contingent on whether a judgment or award is or is not made in favor of the petitioner.
- (2) No evaluating or treating physician shall charge any fee  $^{1}$ [in excess of the amount permitted] $^{1}$  for a report, testimony or deposition  $^{1}$ [provided] in excess of the amount permitted $^{1}$  pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- c. A fee shall be allowed at the discretion of the judge of compensation when, in the official's judgment, the services of an attorney and medical witnesses [were] are necessary for the proper presentation of the case. In determining a reasonable fee for medical witnesses, the official shall consider [(a)] (1) the time, personnel, and other cost factors required to conduct the examination; [(b)] (2) the extent, adequacy and completeness of the medical evaluation; [(c)] (3) the objective measurement of bodily function and the avoidance of the use of subjective complaints; and [(d)] (4) the necessity of a court appearance of the medical witness. When, however, at a reasonable time, prior to any hearing compensation has been offered and the amount then due has been tendered in good faith or paid within 26 weeks from the date of the notification to the employer of an accident or an occupational disease or the employee's final active medical treatment or within 26 weeks after the employee's return to work whichever is later or within 26 weeks after employer's notification of the employee's death, the reasonable allowance for attorney fee shall be based upon only that part of the judgment or award in excess of the amount of compensation, theretofore offered, tendered in good faith or paid. When the amount of the judgment, or when that part of the judgment or award in excess of compensation, offered, tendered in good faith or paid as aforesaid, is less than \$200, an attorney fee may be allowed not in excess of \$50.
- <u>d.</u> All counsel fees of claimants' attorneys for services performed in matters before the Division of Workers' Compensation, whether or not allowed as part of a judgment, shall be first approved by the [division] judge of compensation before payment. Whenever a judgment or award is made in favor of a petitioner, the judges of compensation or referees of formal hearings shall direct amounts to be deducted for the petitioner's expenses and to be paid directly to the persons entitled to the same, the remainder to be paid directly to the petitioner.
- (cf: P.L.1981, c.414, s.1)
  - 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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Increases fees for medical witnesses in workers' compensation cases.

pulmonary function studies or urinalysis. No evaluating or treating physician shall charge any fee in excess of the amount permitted for a report, testimony or deposition provided pursuant the provisions of this section.

c. A fee shall be allowed at the discretion of the court when, in the official's judgment, the services of an attorney and medical witnesses [were] are necessary for the proper presentation of the case. In determining a reasonable fee for medical witnesses, the official shall consider (1) the time, personnel, and other cost factors required to conduct the examination; (2) the extent, adequacy and completeness of the medical evaluation; (3) the objective measurement of bodily function and the avoidance of the use of subjective complaints; and (4) the necessity of a court appearance of the medical witness. When, however, at a reasonable time, prior to any hearing compensation has been offered and the amount then due has been tendered in good faith or paid within 26 weeks from the date of the notification to the employer of an accident or an occupational disease or the employee's final active medical treatment or within 26 weeks after the employee's return to work whichever is later or within 26 weeks after employer's notification of the employee's death, the reasonable allowance for attorney fee shall be based upon only that part of the judgment or award in excess of the amount of compensation, theretofore offered, tendered in good faith or paid. When the amount of the judgment, or when that part of the judgment or award in excess of compensation, offered, tendered in good faith or paid as aforesaid, is less than \$200, an attorney fee may be allowed not in excess of \$50.

<u>d.</u> All counsel fees of claimants' attorneys for services performed in matters before the Division of Workers' Compensation, whether or not allowed as part of a judgment, shall be first approved by the division before payment. Whenever a judgment or award is made in favor of a petitioner, the judges of compensation or referees of formal hearings shall direct amounts to be deducted for the petitioner's expenses and to be paid directly to the persons entitled to the same, the remainder to be paid directly to the petitioner.

(cf: P.L.1981, c.414, s.1)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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### **STATEMENT**

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This bill amends R.S.34:15-64 to increase the fees which may be allowed for medical witnesses in workers' compensation cases. Under the present law, a judge conducting a workers' compensation hearing may allow a fee not exceeding \$150 for a written report by a medical witness or \$750 for a court appearance by a medical witness. This bill would permit, at the discretion of the court, the following fees for medical witnesses who reside in this State:

1. A fee of not more than \$250 for a written report by an evaluating physician; an additional fee of not more than \$1,000 for a court appearance and testimony by an evaluating physician

and an additional fee of not more than \$750 if an evaluating physician gives a deposition.

2. A fee of not more than \$500 for a written report by a treating physician; an additional fee of not more than \$2,500 if the treating physician appears in court and testifies and an additional fee of not more than \$1,000 if the treating physician gives a deposition.

By establishing this fee structure, this bill attemps to distinguish between fees paid to those medical witnesses who regularly conduct evaluation examinations and appear in workers' compensation cases from those paid to physicians who provide treatment in particular cases.

The purpose of the bill is to enable a petitioner to obtain competent medical evidence in the form of reports or testimony on a more equitable basis by providing for reasonable fees for the petitioner's medical witnesses. By raising the fees, the bill recognizes current economic realities and equalizes access to medical expertise, which was previously unaffordable to many petitioners, without altering the present practice regarding the apportionment of fees for a petitioner's medical witness between the petitioner and the respondent.

In addition, this bill prohibits an evaluating physician from charging fees in excess of the permitted amount and limits the charges the physician may make at the time of examination.

The maximum fee amount set by present law has not been changed since 1979.

Increases fees for medical witnesses in workers' compensation cases.

### ASSEMBLY LABOR COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

## ASSEMBLY, No. 206 STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## DATED: FEBRUARY 7, 1994

The Assembly Labor Committee reports favorably Assembly, No. 206.

This bill amends R.S.34:15-64 to increase the fees which may be allowed to the party in whose favor judgment is entered for medical witnesses in workers' compensation cases. Under the present law, a judge conducting a workers' compensation hearing may allow a fee not exceeding \$150 for a written report by a medical witness or \$750 for a court appearance by a medical witness. This bill would permit, at the discretion of the court, the following fees for medical witnesses who reside in this State:

- 1. A fee of not more than \$250 for a written report by an evaluating physician; and an additional fee of not more than \$750 for a court appearance and testimony or a deposition by an evaluating physician.
- 2. A fee of not more than \$500 for a written report by a treating physician; and an additional fee of not more than \$2,000 for a court appearance and testimony by the treating physician or an additional fee of not more than \$1.000 for a deposition given by the treating physician.

By establishing this fee structure, this bill distinguishes between fees paid to those medical witnesses who regularly conduct evaluation examinations and appear in workers' compensation cases from those paid to physicians who provide treatment in particular cases.

The purpose of the bill is to enable a petitioner to obtain competent medical evidence in the form of reports or testimony on a more equitable basis by providing for reasonable fees for the petitioner's medical witnesses. By raising the fees, the bill recognizes current economic realities and equalizes access to medical expertise, which was previously unaffordable to many petitioners, without altering the present practice regarding the apportionment of fees for a petitioner's medical witness between the petitioner and the respondent.

In addition, this bill prohibits an evaluating physician from charging fees in excess of the permitted amount and limits the charges the physician may make at the time of examination.

The maximum fee amount set by present law has not been changed since 1979.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 1994 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.

### ASSEMBLY LABOR, BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

## ASSEMBLY, No. 206

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 20, 1995

The Assembly Labor, Bussiness and Industry Committee reports favorably Assembly, No. 206(SCS) with committee amendments.

As amended, this bill, amends the workers' compensation law, R.S.34:15-1 et seq., to increase the fees which may be allowed for medical witnesses in workers' compensation cases. Under the present law, a judge conducting a workers' compensation hearing may allow a fee not exceeding \$150 for a written report by a medical witness or \$750 for a court appearance by a medical witness. This bill permits, at the discretion of the court, the following fees for medical witnesses:

- a. A fee of not more than \$200 for a written report by an evaluating physician; and an additional fee of not more than \$250 for a court appearance to give testimony by an evaluating physician.
- b. A fee of not more than \$250 for a written report by a treating physician; and an additional fee of not more than \$250 per hour, with the total amount not to exceed \$1,500, for a court appearance to give testimony by the treating physician or an additional fee of not more than \$250 per hour, with the total amount not to exceed \$750, for a deposition given by the treating physician.

In addition, this bill, as amended, prohibits the fees of an evaluating physician from being contingent on the outcome of the workers' compensation case and provides that no evaluating or treating physician may charge a fee in excess of the amount permitted for a report, testimony or deposition provided pursuant to the provisions of this bill. The committee amendements clarify that this prohibition of excess fees applies only to fees charged for those reports, testimony, or depositions made under provisions of the bill.

The maximum medical witness fees set by current law have not been changed since 1979.

#### SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

## SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 206

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 28, 1995

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably Senate Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 206.

This bill, Senate Committee Substitute for Assembly, No. 206, amends the workers' compensation law, R.S.34:15-1 et seq., to increase the fees which may be allowed for medical witnesses in workers' compensation cases. Under the present law, a judge conducting a workers' compensation hearing may allow a fee not exceeding \$150 for a written report by a medical witness or \$750 for a court appearance by a medical witness. This bill permits, at the discretion of the court, the following fees for medical witnesses:

- a. A fee of not more than \$200 for a written report by an evaluating physician; and an additional fee of not more than \$250 for a court appearance to give testimony by an evaluating physician.
- b. A fee of not more than \$250 for a written report by a treating physician; and an additional fee of not more than \$250 per hour, with the total amount not to exceed \$1,500, for a court appearance to give testimony by the treating physician or an additional fee of not more than \$250 per hour, with the total amount not to exceed \$750, for a deposition given by the treating physician.

In addition, this bill prohibits the fees of an evaluating physician from being contingent on the outcome of the workers' compensation case and provides that no evaluating or treating physician may charge a fee in excess of the amount permitted for a report, testimony or deposition provided pursuant to the provisions of this bill.

The maximum medical witness fees set by current law have not been changed since 1979.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 206

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1994 SESSION

### By Assemblymen SOLOMON and CATANIA

AN ACT concerning medical witnesses in workers' compensation cases and amending R.S.34:15-64.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. R.S.34:15-64 is amended to read as follows:

34:15-64. a. The commissioner, director and the judges of compensation may make such rules and regulations for the conduct of the hearing not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter as may, in the commissioner's judgment, be necessary. The official conducting any hearing under this chapter may allow to the party in whose favor judgment is entered, costs of witness fees and a reasonable attorney fee, not exceeding 20% of the judgment; and a reasonable fee not exceeding \$250 for any one witness, [but not more than \$150 for a medical witness who does not appear in court but prepares a written report or \$750 in any one case, for medical witnesses residing in the State] except that the following fees may be allowed for a medical witness:

- (1) (a) A fee of not more than \$250 paid to an evaluating physician for an opinion regarding the need for medical treatment or for an estimation of permanent disability, if the physician provides the opinion or estimation in a written report; and
- An additional fee of not more than \$750 paid to the evaluating physician, if the physician resides in the State and makes a court appearance to give testimony or provides a deposition in lieu of an appearance; or
- (2) (a) A fee of not more than \$500 paid to a treating physician for the preparation and submission of a report including the entire record of treatment, medical history, opinions regarding diagnosis, prognosis, causal relationships between the treated condition and the claim, the claimant's ability to return to work with or without restrictions, what, if any, restrictions are appropriate, and the anticipated date of return to work, and any recommendations for further treatment; and
- (b) (i) An additional fee of not more than \$2,000 paid to the treating physician, if the physician resides in the State and makes an appearance to give testimony; or
- (ii) An additional fee of not more than \$1,000 paid to the tracting physician if the physician resides in the State and present a deposition.
- b. An evaluating physician shall not charge a fee at the time of examination except for the payment for blood work, x-rays,

EXPLANATION---Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.