54A: 7.4

## LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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(Gross income tax--withholding)

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54A:7-4

LAWS OF:

1995

CHAPTER:

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BILL NO:

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SPONSOR(S):

J. Smith

DATE INTRODUCED:

May 22, 1995

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY:

Appropriations

SENATE:

Budget

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: First reprint enacted

Yes

Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

June 12, 1995

SENATE:

June 26, 1995

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June 30, 1995

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

Yes

SENATE:

Yes

FISCAL NOTE:

No

**VETO MESSAGE:** 

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

**HEARINGS:** 

No

KBG:pp

# [FIRST REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 2899

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 1995

By Assemblywoman J. SMITH

AN ACT concerning employer returns and payments of gross income tax withholding and the payment of taxes by electronic funds transfer, amending N. J.S.54A:7-4 and P.L.1992, c.140.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. N.J.S.54A:7-4 is amended to read as follows:

54A:7-4. Employer's or other payor's return and payment of withheld taxes.

(a) General. -- Every employer or payor of a pension or annuity required to deduct and withhold tax under this act shall, for each calendar month, on or before the 15th day of the month following the close of such calendar month, file a withholding return as prescribed by the director and pay over to the director or to a depository designated by the director the taxes so required to be deducted and withheld. [Where the aggregate amount required to be deducted and withheld by any employer or payor of a pension or annuity is less than \$25.00 in a calendar month and the aggregate for the semiannual period ending on June 30 and December 31 can reasonably be expected to be less than \$150.00, the director may by regulation permit an employer or payor of a pension or annuity to file a return on or before July 31 for the semiannual period ending on June 30 and on or before January 31 for the semiannual period ending on December 31. Where the aggregate amount to be deducted and withheld by any employer or payor of a pension or annuity is \$200.00 or less in each month of a calendar quarter and where the total amount to be deducted and withheld in said calendar quarter can reasonably be expected to be less than \$600.00, the director may by regulation permit an employer or payor of a pension or annuity to file quarterly returns on or before the 15th day of the month following the close of a calendar quarter. If in any such month during a calendar quarter the amount to be deducted and withheld exceeds \$200.00, the employer or payor of a pension or annuity shall, on or before the 15th day of the month following the close of such month, file a withholding return as prescribed by the director and pay over to the director or to a depository designated by the director all the taxes so required to be deducted and withheld for all of said month or months during said calendar quarter. This section shall not be applicable to businesses operating seasonally.] Any return due with respect to the last quarter of a calendar year shall be filed and the amount of the withholding shall be paid on or before January 31 next

EXPLANATION--Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

following. The director may, if [he] the director believes such 1 2 action necessary for the protection of the revenues, require any 3 employer or payor of a pension or annuity to make such return 4 and pay to [him] the director the tax deducted and withheld at 5 any time, or from time to time. Where the amount of wages paid 6 by an employer is not sufficient under this act to require the 7 withholding of tax from the wages of any of [his] that employer's 8 employees, the director may, by regulation, permit such employer 9 to file an annual return on or before February 28 of the following 10 calendar year.

The director may, by regulation, require the filing and payment of withholding returns and taxes on a semimonthly or more frequent basis [where he] or require the filing of returns on a quarterly basis, with payments of the taxes withheld on a monthly or more frequent basis, if the director deems such action in the best interest of the State.

(b) Deposit in trust for director. --Whenever any employer or payor of a pension or annuity fails to collect, truthfully account for, pay over the tax, or make returns of the tax as required in this section, the director may serve a notice requiring such employer or payor to collect the taxes which become collectible after service of such notice, to deposit such taxes in a bank approved by the director in a separate account, in trust for and payable to the State of New Jersey and keep the amount of such tax in such account until payment over to the director. Such notice shall remain in effect until a notice of cancellation is served by the director.

(cf: P.L.1989, c.328, s.4)

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- 2. Section 1 of P.L.1992, c.140 (C.54:48-4.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. All tax payments described in subsection b. of this section, other than those payments enumerated in subsection c. of this section, shall be made by electronic funds transfer to such depositories as the State Treasurer shall designate pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1956, c.174 (C.52:18-16.1). A payment by electronic funds transfer shall be deemed to be made on the date the payment is received by the designated depository. The acceptable method of transfer; the method, form and content of the electronic funds transfer message, giving due regard to developing uniform standards for formats among the several states; the circumstances under which an electronic funds transfer shall serve as a substitute for the filing of another form of return; and the means, if any, by which taxpayers will be provided with acknowledgements of payments shall be as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, persons required to make payments by electronic funds transfer pursuant to subsection b. of this section shall make payments by electronic funds transfer no more frequently than <sup>1</sup>[twice] once<sup>1</sup> per week. The director may, by regulation, provide for less frequent payments if the director deems such action in the best interest of the State.
- b. Payments subject to the electronic funds transfer requirement of subsection a. of this section are:

- (1) those payments due in the first twelve calendar months for which this section is operative made by a taxpayer that had a prior year liability of \$200,000 or more;
- (2) those payments due in the thirteenth through twenty-fourth calendar months for which this section is operative made by a taxpayer that had a prior year liability of \$100,000 or more:
- (3) those payments due in the twenty-fifth through the thirty-sixth calendar months for which this section is operative made by a taxpayer that had a prior year liability of \$50,000 or more; and
- (4) those payments due in the thirty-seventh calendar month for which this section is operative and thereafter made by a taxpayer that had a prior year liability of \$20,000 or more.
- c. Subsection a. of this section shall not apply to a payment of estimated tax made pursuant to N.J.S.54A:8-5 or a payment of final taxpayer liability pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq.; provided however, that the restriction of this subsection shall not apply to payment over to the director of taxes withheld pursuant to N.J.S.54A:7-1 or section 1 of P.L.1989, c.328 (C.54A:7-1.1). Subsection a. of this section shall not apply to a payment of the transfer inheritance tax imposed pursuant to R.S.54:33-1 et seq. or to a payment of the estate tax imposed pursuant to R.S.54:38-1 et seq.
- d. If the availability of funds in payment of tax required to be made through electronic funds transfer is delayed, and the delay of availability is explained to the satisfaction of the director to be due to reasons beyond the control of the taxpayer, the director shall, notwithstanding any provision of R.S.54:49-11 to the contrary, abate up to the entire amount of penalty or interest that would otherwise be assessed.

## e. As used in this section:

"Electronic funds transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, that is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephone, or computer or magnetic tape for the purpose of ordering, instructing or authorizing a financial institution to debit or credit an account.

"Prior year liability" means the total liability for any tax imposed on, collected by or withheld by the taxpayer in the calendar year or the fiscal or calendar privilege period, as determined under the specific law regarding that tax, ending before the calendar year or fiscal or calendar privilege period for which an electronic funds transfer payment is to be determined to be required pursuant to subsection b. of this section.

(cf: P.L.1992, c.140, s.1)

3. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to tax liabilities incurred after January 1, 1996.

Concerns frequency of returns and payments of gross income tax withholding; limits frequency of electronic funds transfer payments to once a week maximum.

- (1) those payments due in the first twelve calendar months for which this section is operative made by a taxpayer that had a prior year liability of \$200,000 or more;
- (2) those payments due in the thirteenth through twenty-fourth calendar months for which this section is operative made by a taxpayer that had a prior year liability of \$100,000 or more:
- (3) those payments due in the twenty-fifth through the thirty-sixth calendar months for which this section is operative made by a taxpayer that had a prior year liability of \$50,000 or more; and
- (4) those payments due in the thirty-seventh calendar month for which this section is operative and thereafter made by a taxpayer that had a prior year liability of \$20,000 or more.
- c. Subsection a. of this section shall not apply to a payment of estimated tax made pursuant to N.J.S.54A:8-5 or a payment of final taxpayer liability pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq.; provided however, that the restriction of this subsection shall not apply to payment over to the director of taxes withheld pursuant to N.J.S.54A:7-1 or section 1 of P.L.1989, c.328 (C.54A:7-1.1). Subsection a. of this section shall not apply to a payment of the transfer inheritance tax imposed pursuant to R.S.54:33-1 et seq. or to a payment of the estate tax imposed pursuant to R.S.54:38-1 et seq.
- d. If the availability of funds in payment of tax required to be made through electronic funds transfer is delayed, and the delay of availability is explained to the satisfaction of the director to be due to reasons beyond the control of the taxpayer, the director shall, notwithstanding any provision of R.S.54:49-11 to the contrary, abate up to the entire amount of penalty or interest that would otherwise be assessed.

## e. As used in this section:

"Electronic funds transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, that is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephone, or computer or magnetic tape for the purpose of ordering, instructing or authorizing a financial institution to debit or credit an account.

"Prior year liability" means the total liability for any tax imposed on, collected by or withheld by the taxpayer in the calendar year or the fiscal or calendar privilege period, as determined under the specific law regarding that tax, ending before the calendar year or fiscal or calendar privilege period for which an electronic funds transfer payment is to be determined to be required pursuant to subsection b. of this section.

(cf: P.L.1992, c.140, s.1)

3. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to tax liabilities incurred after January 1, 1996.

**STATEMENT** 

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> This bill allows the Director of the Division of Taxation to require, by regulation, quarterly employer filings of gross income tax withholding with monthly or more frequent payment of the

taxes withheld if that is in the best interest of the State. The bill also limits the maximum frequency of electronic funds transfer tax payments to twice-weekly, but allows the Director of the Division of Taxation to provide for less frequent payments if that is in the best interest of the State.

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Concerns frequency of returns and payments of gross income tax withholding; limits frequency of electronic funds transfer payments to twice-weekly maximum.

#### ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2899

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 1, 1995

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2899.

Assembly Bill No. 2899 allows the Director of the Division of Taxation to require, by regulation, quarterly employer filings of gross income tax withholding with monthly or more frequent payment of the taxes withheld and limits the maximum frequency of electronic funds transfer tax payments to twice-weekly.

The bill authorizes a gross income tax withholding deposit system that parallels the federal "monthly or semiweekly" income tax withholder deposit system, which requires certain federal taxpayers to make payments of tax withheld on a semiweekly basis but make returns quarterly. Effective March 1, 1995, New Jersey taxpayers with prior year liability in excess of \$50,000 became subject to electronic funds transfer payment requirements; the New Jersey Department of the Treasury anticipates that such taxpayers should become semiweekly State withholding payers by electronic funds transfer.

## FISCAL IMPACT:

The Department of Treasury has estimated that the increased frequency of deposit will make funds available for investment by the State more quickly, to generate an additional \$2.5 million annually to the State cash management funds.

## SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2899

with Senate committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 22, 1995

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2899 with amendments.

Assembly Bill No. 2899, as amended, allows the Director of the Division of Taxation to require, by regulation, quarterly employer filings of gross income tax withholding with monthly or more frequent payment of the taxes withheld and limits the maximum frequency of electronic funds transfer tax payments to once per week.

As amended and reported, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 2139 of 1995 (Martin) as amended and reported by this committee on June 22, 1995.

## **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS**

The committee amended the bill to limit the maximum frequency of electronic funds transfer tax payments to once per week.

#### FISCAL IMPACT

The Department of Treasury has estimated that the increased frequency of deposit will make funds available for investment by the State more quickly and this will generate an additional \$2.5 million annually to the State cash management funds.