2A: 50-2.3

### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NUSA 2A:50-2.3 (Secondary mortgag	<u>a len</u> ders - a	llow suits fo eclosure)	or debt collec	ction without
LAWS 1981			333	
Bill NoS1409	•	•		
Sponsor(a) Feldman				•
Date Introduced June 26, 1980				
Committee: Assembly Banking and	Insurance			<del>n. v. n q. v. d'n.</del>
Senate Labor, Indust				·
Amended during passage X	Kids	No		
Date of Passage: Assembly Nov	. 30, 1981	·		
Senate June :	29, 1981		S !	
Date of approval Dec. 14, 198				Marya da Sanga
Following statements are attached if	available:			
Sponser statement	Yes	<b>X</b>		10 mg (1-75 100)
Committee Statement: Assembly	Yes	<b>#</b>		
Senate	Yes	<b>M&amp;</b> X		
Fiscal Note	XXX	No		The meaning
Veto Message	Xex	No	3 4	3
Message on signing	Yes	Nax		and with the first
Following were printed:				And the second
Reports	Yex	No		Ö
Hearings	XXX	No	₹ -	

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CHAPTER 333 LAWS OF N. J. 19.8/

### SENATE, No. 1409

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### INTRODUCED JUNE 26, 1980

#### By Senator FELDMAN

Referred to Committee on Labor, Industry and Professions

An Act to amend "An act governing civil actions for the collection of bonds or notes secured by mortgages, amending sections 2A:50-2 to 2A:50-10, inclusive and section 2A:50-22 of the New Jersey Statutes, and supplementing chapter 50 of the New Jersey Statutes," approved January 14, 1980 (P. L. 1979, c. 286).

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:
- 1 1. Section 13 of P. L. 1979, c. 286 (C. 2A:50-2.3) is amended
- 2 to read as follows:
- 3 13. This act shall not apply to proceedings to collect a debt evi-
- 4 denced by a note and secured by a mortgage on real property in
- 5 the following instances:
- 6 a. Where the debt secured is for a business or commercial
- 7 purpose other than a two-family, three-family or four-family
- 8 residence in which the owner or his immediate family resides:
- 9 b. Where the mortgaged property is other than a one-family,
- 10 two-family, three-family or four-family dwelling in which the
- 11 owner or his immediate family resides at the time of institution of
- 12 proceedings to collect the debt;
- 13 c. Where a banking institution, savings and loan association or
- 14 building and loan association, operating pursuant to State or
- 15 Federal law, is the lender or his assignee and the mortgage is not
- 16 the primary security for the debt, as evidenced by (1) the financial
- 17 condition of one or more persons directly or indirectly liable on
- 18 the note, or (2) the giving of collateral in addition to the mortgage
- 19 as security for the debt;
- 20 d. Where a banking institution, savings and loan association,
- 21 [or] building and loan association or licensed secondary mortgage
- 22 lenders, operating pursuant to State or Federal law, is the lender,
- 23 and the mortgage is given to secure payment of a loan evidenced

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 24 by a note, and where the mortgage so given is subject to the lien
- 25 or liens of a prior mortgage or mortgages not held by such insti-
- 26 tution or association or by any holder in which such institution or
- 27 association has an interest or with which such institution or asso-
- 28 ciation has an affiliation.
- 1 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### STATEMENT

This legislation is intended to correct an omission in P. L. 1979, c. 286 which has the effect of requiring licensed secondary mortgage loan licensees to foreclose on a debt secured by a second mortgage loan, which other lenders in a similar position may sue on a mortgage note. This bill gives secondary mortgage loan licensees the same option as other lenders.

51409 (1981)

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STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1409

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 23, 1981.

This legislation would permit licensed secondary mortgage lenders to sue a borrower who is in default on a secondary mortgage loan.

At present, existing law requires secondary mortgage loan licensees to foreclose on a second mortgage rather than sue for the debt, although depository institutions, such as banks and savings and loan associations, are permitted to sue without going through a foreclosure proceeding. This legislation would extend the right to sue to secondary mortgage loan licensees, which would give them parity with the depository institutions.

# SENATE LABOR, INDUSTRY AND PROFESSIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1409

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 25, 1981

This bill provides secondary mortgage loan licensees the option to sue to collect a debt secured by a mortgage on real property.

P. L. 1979, c. 286 (C. 2A:50-2.3) now permits a banking institution, savings and loan association, or building and loan association to sue to collect a debt secured by a mortgage on real property. Secondary mortgage loan licensees, however, must follow the debt collection procedure mandated by N. J. S. 2A:50-2, which requires that all proceedings to collect any debt secured by a mortgage on real property must be by foreclosure of that mortgage. This bill would give secondary mortgage loan licensees parity with other lenders in the collection, by suit rather than foreclosure, of debts secured by a mortgage on real property.

BOB DOWD .

Governor Brendan Byrne today signed the following bills into law:

A-544, sponsored by Assemblyman Dennis Riley (D-Camden), will permit local government to sell surplus property at public auctions rather than by sealed bids. The legislation, however, will continue the practice of sealed bids for any leasing of government property.

A-1518, sponsored by Assemblywoman Jane Burgio (R-Essex), permits child actors to work in dinner theatres where alcoholic beverages are sold.

The bill also makes minor amendments to the Child Labor Law discovered after special legislation was passed to allow Alene Quinn to film the movie "Annie" in Mormouth County.

Although A-1518 allows minors to work in a dinner theatre, the law would continue to prevent minors working in casino stage shows or where the production was "dangerous to life, limb, health or morals of a minor."

The bill makes a knowing violation of the Child Labor Law subject to prosecution as a fourth degree crime, requiring a grand jury indictment. Unknowing violations would be prosecuted as a disorderly persons offense. The law also makes clear that dispite any waivers, a child actor may not be on call, on the set or in performance for more than eight hours per day.

S-413, sponsored by Senator John Russo (D-Ocean), amends the "Sales and Use Tax Act" to exempt the purchase of aircraft, boats and other vessels from the State sales tax if the purchaser is a) a non-resident of the State; b) does not permanently live in the State; c) and is not engaged in business in the State in which the aircraft or boat would be used.

S-1409, sponsored by Senator Matthew Feldman (D-Bergen), allows a holder of a second mortgage to sue on the note or foreclose on the debt, in effect giving the same options as other lenders to recover on defaults. Present law requires secondary mortgage holders to foreclose on the note and the mortgage rather than suing to obtain a judgment on the debt.

Consumers, however, will benefit from the new legislation because the new law allows a mortgage defaultee to pay a money judgment rather than lose thier home.

S-3278, sponsored by Senator Carmen Orechio (D-Essex), authorizes the sale of a 2.6 acre parcel of land owned by the Department of Human Services' Greystone Psychiatric Hospital in Morris Plains, New Jersey. The sale would be held under terms and conditions set by the State House Commission.

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