18A:17-14.1

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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NJSA:

18A:17-14.1

(School superintendants--sharing)

111

LAWS OF:

1996

CHAPTER:

BILL NO:

A1397

SPONSOR(S):

Bagger

DATE INTRODUCED:

Pre-filed

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY:

SENATE:

Education Education

Yes

Amendments during passage

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:
Third reprint enacted

denoted by superscript numbers

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASS

ASSEMBLY:

May 6, 1996

SENATE:

June 27, 1996

DATE OF APPROVAL:

August 29, 1996

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

Yes

Also attached: statement,

adopted 3-28-96 with

floor amendments

,

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

Yes

SENATE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

きんろう

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

**HEARINGS:** 

No

974.90

New Jersey. Commission on Business Efficiency of the Public

S372

Schools.

.1995a

Finding opportunities for improvement: ideas on

regionalization and shared services recommendations. December,

1995, Trenton, 1995.

974.90

New Jersey. Dept. of Education, Commissioner's Consolidation of

S372 Services Task Force.

1995

Consolidation of services school districts survey. Trenton,

1995.

[see Recommendations pp 17-18]

974.90

1994c

New Jersey. Commission of Business Efficiency of the Public

S372 Schools. H

Schools. Regionalization Consortium.

Meeting, held 3-11-94, Trenton, 1994.

See newspaper clippings--attached:

"School sharing bill inked." 8-29-96. Trenton Times.

KBP:pp

# [Third Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1397



### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1996 SESSION

## By Assemblymen BAGGER, BLEE, Bateman, Assemblywomen Heck and Murphy

1 AN ACT concerning the sharing of certain personnel by school boards, amending various sections of the New Jersey Statutes and 2 supplementing chapter 17 1 of Title 18A1 of the New Jersey 3 Statutes. 4 5 6 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey: 8 9 1. N.J.S.18A:17-14.1 is amended to read as follows: 10 18A:17-14.1. A board or the boards of two or more districts may, under rules and regulations prescribed by the state board, appoint a 11 12 school business administrator by a majority vote of all the members of 13 the board, define his duties, which may include serving as secretary of one of the boards, and fix his salary, whenever the necessity for such 14 15 appointment shall have been agreed to by the county superintendent of 16 schools or the county superintendents of schools of the counties in 17 which the districts are situate and approved by the commissioner and the state board. <sup>1</sup> [ No ] A<sup>1</sup> school business administrator shall be 18 appointed [except] in the manner provided in this section \_ [except 19 that however when the boards of education of two or more school 20 21 districts determine to share a school business administrator, the appointment shall '[be made pursuant to] comply with the provisions 22 of section 4 of P.L., c. (C. ) (now pending before the 23 Legislature as this bill). 24 Nothing in 1 [this act] P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the 25 Legislature as this bill) shall prohibit a school district from 26 subcontracting its school business administrator to another school 27 district pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1973, c.208 (C.40:8A-1 et 28 29 seq.) in which case credit toward tenure acquisition shall accrue

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assembly AED committee amendments adopted March 25, 1996.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Assembly floor amendments adopted March 28, 1996.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Senate SED committee amendments adopted June 20, 1996.

- 1 only in the primary district of employment. <sup>1</sup>The provisions of
- 2 P.L., c. (C. ) (now pending before the Legislature as this
- 3 bill) concerning the arrangement to share a school business
- 4 administrator by two or more school districts shall not apply when a
- 5 school district subcontracts its school business administrator to
- 6 another school district. 1
- 7 (cf: N.J.S.18A:17-14.1)

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- 2. N.J.S.18A:17-15 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 18A:17-15. The board of education of a Type I district and of any
- 11 Type II district, now having or hereafter authorized to have a
- 12 superintendent of schools, may, by contract appoint, for a term of not
- 13 less than three nor more than five years and expiring July 1, a
- superintendent of schools by the recorded roll call majority vote of the
- 15 full membership of the board.
- 16 A superintendent of schools may be appointed for a like term also
- 17 in any other Type II district or in any other two or more Type II
- 18 districts as follows:
- 19 Application for the establishment of the office of superintendent of
- 20 schools for [the] a district or for two or more districts which
- 21 determine to share a superintendent shall be made to the county
- 22 superintendent of the county or the county superintendent of each of
- 23 the counties in which such district or districts are situate and if said
- 24 application is agreed to in writing by such county superintendent or
- 25 county superintendents and shall be approved by the commissioner and
- 26 the State board, the board of education of such a district so applying
- 27 may appoint a superintendent of schools for a single district in the
- 28 manner hereinbefore provided [or the commissioner shall appoint,
- 29 subject to the approval of the State board, a superintendent of schools
- 30 for two or more districts making such application and the State board
- 31 shall apportion the expense of maintaining such a superintendent in
- 32 more than one district equitably between the districts or may appoint
- 33 a superintendent for two or more districts in the manner provided by
- 34 section 4 of P.L., c. (C. )(now pending before the Legislature
- 35 as this bill).
- 36 (cf: P.L.1991, c.267, s.1)

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- 38 3. N.J.S.18A:28-5 is amended to read as follows:
- N.J.S.18A:28-5. The services of all teaching staff members
- 40 including all teachers, principals other than administrative principals,
- 41 assistant principals, vice principals, assistant superintendents, and all
- school nurses including school nurse supervisors, head school nurses,
- chief school nurses, school nurse coordinators, and any other nurse performing school nursing services and such other employees as are in
- 45 positions which require them to hold appropriate certificates issued by
- 46 the board of examiners, serving in any school district or under any

board of education, excepting those who are not the holders of proper 1 2 certificates in full force and effect and school business administrators 3 shared by two or more school districts, shall be under tenure during 4 good behavior and efficiency and they shall not be dismissed or reduced in compensation except for inefficiency, incapacity, or 5 6 conduct unbecoming such a teaching staff member or other just cause 7 and then only in the manner prescribed by subarticle B of article 2 of 8 chapter 6 of this Title, after employment in such district or by such 9 board for:

- (a) Three consecutive calendar years, or any shorter period which may be fixed by the employing board for such purpose; or
- (b) Three consecutive academic years, together with employment at the beginning of the next succeeding academic year; or
- (c) The equivalent of more than three academic years within a period of any four consecutive academic years.

16 (cf: P.L.1991, c.267, s.3)

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- 4. (New section) The boards of education of two or more school districts may share a superintendent or a school business administrator, or both. A shared superintendent or business administrator shall be subject to the same rules governing eligibility for employment as are superintendents or business administrators of a single district. <sup>1</sup>The decision to share a school business administrator shall be made jointly by the boards of education of the districts, in consultation with the superintendents of the respective districts <sup>3</sup>. <sup>3</sup> <sup>2</sup> subject to the final approval of the <sup>3</sup> [county superintendent or superintendents <sup>2</sup>] Commissioner of Education <sup>3</sup>. <sup>1</sup> The decision to share a superintendent <sup>1</sup> [or business administrator] <sup>1</sup> shall be made jointly by the <sup>1</sup>boards of education of the <sup>1</sup> districts, subject to the final approval of the <sup>3</sup> [county superintendents,] Commissioner of Education. The procedure shall be <sup>3</sup> as follows:
- a. Should two or more districts, after careful study and <sup>1</sup>[ample]<sup>1</sup> opportunity for community input, decide to share a superintendent <sup>1</sup>[or school business administrator] or 1 school business administrator<sup>3</sup>, the districts shall mutually prepare a report for submission to the county superintendent or county superintendents if the districts are in different counties. The report shall outline the anticipated advantages to the districts and the feasibility of a shared arrangement. The report shall set forth a plan explaining how the shared arrangement will operate, and shall also address such items as community support for the arrangement, effect on services to the respective districts, division of the [business administrator's or] superintendent's 3 or business administrator's time between the districts, availability of administrative backup, likelihood of situations creating conflict of interest, and financial advantages of the arrangement.

b. The county superintendent or superintendents shall <sup>3</sup>[grant approval <sup>1</sup>of a shared superintendent arrangement <sup>1</sup> based on guidelines <sup>2</sup>[to] which may <sup>2</sup> be established by the] <sup>3</sup> <sup>2</sup>[State Board] <sup>3</sup>review the plan and forward a recommendation to the <sup>3</sup> Commissioner <sup>2</sup> of Education <sup>3</sup>who shall approve or disapprove the plan <sup>3</sup>.

- 5. (New section) Any boards obtaining the approval of the <sup>3</sup> [county superintendent or superintendents] Commissioner of Education may contract with one another for the sharing of a superintendent or school business administrator. The contract shall be in writing and shall address the responsibilities of each district under the sharing relationship, including the apportionment of costs. The agreement shall be made contingent upon the districts' mutual agreement on a candidate to fill the shared position and shall be conterminous with the superintendent's or business administrator's employment contract. A candidate for the position of superintendent shall hold the standard certificate of school administrator and a candidate for the position of school business administrator shall hold the standard certificate of school business administrator.
- a. The school districts shall together agree on how the initial costs of sharing a superintendent or business administrator shall be apportioned, which apportionment shall be expressed as a percentage for each district, and shall include the cost of salaries and benefits.

  <sup>1</sup> [The State Board of Education shall adopt guidelines regarding the apportionment of expenses between the sharing districts.]
- b. At least one year prior to the expiration of the first or any subsequent contract between school boards sharing a superintendent or business administrator, a board wishing to terminate the contract shall notify, in writing, the other board or boards and the superintendent or business administrator, that it wishes to terminate the contract.
- c. Should a board give a notice of termination, the contract between the boards shall be terminated at the expiration of that term and the superintendent or business administrator shall not be reappointed by the joint boards at the end of the current term. However, the termination shall not preclude a board from reemploying the superintendent or business administrator on an individual basis.
- <sup>3</sup>d. Upon the expiration of a contract between school boards sharing a superintendent or business administrator, the boards shall submit a report to the county superintendent or superintendents, which shall include an evaluation of the sharing relationship and the feasibility of voluntarily forming a regional district.<sup>3</sup>

6. (New section) The boards of education may, by contract, appoint a shared superintendent or school business administrator for a term of not less than three nor more than five years and expiring

- July 1, by the recorded roll call majority vote of the membership of each board. At the conclusion of the term of the initial contract or of any subsequent contract, the superintendent or business administrator shall be deemed reappointed for another contracted term of the same duration as the previous contract unless either:
  - a. The boards shall together agree to reappoint the person by contract for a different term, which term shall not be less than three nor more than five years in which event reappointments thereafter shall be deemed for the new term unless a different term is again specified;
  - b. At least one year prior to the expiration of the first or any subsequent contract a board shall notify the superintendent or business administrator and the other board or boards in writing that the person will not be reappointed at the end of the current term, in which event the person's employment shall cease at the expiration of that term. The contract between the boards shall also be terminated. However, the termination shall not preclude any board from reemploying the superintendent or business administrator on an individual basis. <sup>1</sup>If a contract between boards of education is terminated because the superintendent or business administrator is not reappointed at the end of the term of employment, and the boards involved in the previous sharing relationship determine to enter into a new contract, the boards shall not be required to prepare and submit a report or receive the approval of the <sup>3</sup>[county superintendent or superintendents of schools Commissioner of Education if the new contract is for the same shared position for which the boards previously received approval.1

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7. (New section) During the term of any employment contract with the board, a shared superintendent or school business administrator shall not be dismissed or reduced in compensation except for inefficiency, incapacity, or conduct unbecoming or other just cause and then only in the manner prescribed by N.J.S.18A:6-9 et seq.

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<sup>1</sup>8. (New section) The position of shared superintendent or shared business administrator shall not be a tenurable position. If two or more boards of education appoint an individual from within one of the school districts to a shared position, the individual shall retain all tenure rights accured in the positions in which he previously served within the district. However, in no event shall the districts be required to appoint a tenured individual from within any of the districts to fill a shared position. <sup>1</sup>

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1 [8.] 9. (New section) The initial terms and conditions of the employment contract between the boards and the superintendent [or

school business administrator] <sup>1</sup> <sup>2</sup>or school business administrator<sup>2</sup>
shall be determined by the boards and the superintendent <sup>1</sup>[or business administrator within guidelines to be set by the State Board of Education] <sup>1</sup> <sup>2</sup>or business administrator <sup>2</sup>. The terms shall be maintained for the life of the contract. <sup>3</sup>[¹The <sup>2</sup>[State Board] Commissioner <sup>2</sup> of Education <sup>2</sup>[shall] may <sup>2</sup> establish guidelines governing the initial terms and conditions of the employment contract

8 between the boards and a superintendent.]<sup>3</sup>

<sup>2</sup>[The initial terms and conditions of the employment contract between the boards and a school business administrator shall be determined by the boards in consultation with the superintendents of the respective districts. <sup>1</sup>]<sup>2</sup>

Boards may mutually agree to provide additional benefits or compensation during the life of the superintendent's or business administrator's contract, but if agreement is not possible, an individual board may do so unilaterally based upon the superintendent's or business administrator's performance and the needs of the district, and the responsibility for the cost of the additional benefits shall rest solely with that individual board.

<sup>1</sup>[9.] 10.<sup>1</sup> (New section) Each district shall ensure that the shared superintendent or school business administrator is evaluated individually in that district, in accordance with statute and regulation.

<sup>1</sup>[10.] 11. <sup>1</sup> (New section) The county superintendent <sup>1</sup>or superintendents if the districts are in different counties <sup>1</sup> shall serve as <sup>1</sup>[an] <sup>3</sup>[ the <sup>1</sup> arbitrator over] a mediator for <sup>3</sup> any disputes arising over the interpretation of the contract between the boards of education sharing a superintendent or a school business administrator.

12. (New section) The provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall govern the sharing of a superintendent or school business administrator by two or more boards of education and shall not be deemed inconsistent with the provisions of P.L. 1973, c.208 (C.40:8A-1 et seq.) insofar as that act may authorize the subcontracting of school district administrative services.

> <sup>1</sup>[11.] 13. This act shall take effect immediately <sup>3</sup>,but the employment of a shared superintendent or school business administrator shall be effective on July 1, 1997 and thereafter <sup>3</sup>.

compensation during the life of the superintendent's or business administrator's contract, but if agreement is not possible, an individual board may do so unilaterally based upon the superintendent's or business administrator's performance and the needs of the district, and the responsibility for the cost of the additional benefits shall rest solely with that individual board.

9. (New section) Each district shall ensure that the shared superintendent or school business administrator is evaluated individually in that district, in accordance with statute and regulation.

10. (New section) The county superintendent shall serve as an arbitrator over any disputes arising over the interpretation of the contract between the boards of education sharing a superintendent or a school business administrator.

11. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill replaces the existing provisions authorizing several boards of education to share one superintendent or school business administrator with more comprehensive procedures. The proposal would give boards of education greater authority to appoint a shared superintendent than they have currently. Under existing law it is the commissioner who appoints a superintendent subject to approval of the State byoard. This bill would allow boards to jointly choose the candidate of their choice.

Under the proposal, the position of shared business administrator, like that of superintendent, would not be a tenurable position. Moreover, the bill would not affect the ability of a school district to subcontract the services of its school business administrator to another school district. The bill makes it clear that should a district choose subcontracting of a school business administrator over sharing, credit toward tenure acquisition accrues only in the primary district of employment.

Boards seeking to share a superintendent or business administrator must receive approval from the county superintendent or superintendents after soliciting community input and presenting a report to the county superintendent or superintendents describing both how the shared relationship would operate and its projected impact on the districts' effective rendering of services. Further, the bill would permit boards to decide between themselves how the costs of the shared relationship will be apportioned, with guidance from the State Board of Education.

Boards obtaining county approval would enter into a written contract with one another prior to making the appointment. The written contract would be contingent upon finding a mutually agreeable candidate, would define the sharing relationship and would include the apportionment of costs between the districts pursuant to guidelines to be established by the State Board of Education. The districts would jointly agree on a superintendent or business administrator and would together enter into an employment contract with the person, which is to be separate from the agreement between the districts to share a superintendent or business administrator.

Upon the recorded roll call majority vote of each board, the districts would be authorized to offer the shared employee a three to five year contract expiring July 1. At the end of the term of the initial contract, the superintendent or business administrator would be deemed reappointed for another term of the same duration unless the boards were to jointly agree to reappoint the person for a different term, or unless at least one year prior to the expiration of the contract either board were to provide written notice of nonrenewal to both the shared employee and the other board. Similarly, the employment would cease if either board, at least one year prior to the expiration of the contract, gave written notice to all parties that it no longer wished to be a party to the contract for the sharing of a superintendent or school business administrator, as appropriate. In either event, the contract between the boards would be conterminous with that of the superintendent's or business administrator's contract. The fact that the shared employee's contract is terminated does not preclude an individual district from offering the employee employment.

The initial terms and conditions of the employment contract between the two boards and the superintendent or school business administrator would be determined by both boards and the superintendent, within guidelines to be set by the State Board of Education. The terms would be maintained for the life of the contract. Boards may mutually agree to provide additional benefits or compensation during the life of the contract, but if agreement is not possible, an individual board could do so, and would bear the sole responsibility for the cost of such additional benefits. Each district would have an individual obligation to evaluate the superintendent. The county superintendent would serve as an arbitrator over any disputes arising over the interpretation of the employment contract.

Provides procedure for school districts which determine to share the services of a superintendent or business administrator.

#### **ASSEMBLY EDUCATION COMMITTEE**

#### STATEMENT TO

#### ASSEMBLY, No. 1397

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: MARCH 25, 1996** 

The Assembly Education Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1397 with committee amendments.

This bill replaces the existing provisions authorizing several boards of education to share one superintendent or school business administrator with more comprehensive procedures. The proposal would give boards of education greater authority to appoint a shared superintendent than they have currently. Under existing law it is the commissioner who appoints a superintendent subject to approval of the State board. This bill would allow boards to jointly choose the candidate of their choice.

Under the proposal, the position of shared business administrator, like that of superintendent, would not be a tenurable position. If two or more boards of education appoint an individual from within one of the school districts to a shared position, the individual would retain all tenure rights accrued in the positions in which he previously served. Also, the bill would not affect the ability of a school district to subcontract the services of its school business administrator to another school district. The bill makes it clear that should a district choose subcontracting of a school business administrator over sharing, credit toward tenure acquisition accrues only in the primary district of employment.

Under the bill's provisions, the decision to share a school business administrator and to seek the approval of the county superintendent or superintendents of schools for the arrangement would be made jointly by the boards of education of the districts, in consultation with the superintendents of the respective districts. Boards which want to share a superintendent must receive approval from the county superintendent or superintendents after soliciting community input and presenting a report to the county superintendent describing both how the shared relationship would operate and its projected impact on the districts' effective rendering of services. The bill would permit boards to decide between themselves how the costs of the shared relationship will be apportioned.

Boards obtaining county approval would enter into a written contract with one another prior to making the appointment. The written contract would be contingent upon finding a mutually agreeable candidate, would define the sharing relationship and would include the apportionment of costs between the districts. The districts would jointly agree on a superintendent or business administrator and would together enter into an employment contract with the person, which is to be separate from the agreement between the districts to share a superintendent or business administrator.

Upon the recorded roll call majority vote of each board, the districts would be authorized to offer the shared employee a three to five year contract expiring July 1. At the end of the term of the initial contract, the superintendent or business administrator would be deemed reappointed for another term of the same duration unless the boards were to jointly agree to reappoint the person for a different term, or unless at least one year prior to the expiration of the contract either board were to provide written notice of nonrenewal to both the shared employee and the other board. Similarly, the employment would cease if either board, at least one year prior to the expiration of the contract, gave written notice to all parties that it no longer wished to be a party to the contract for the sharing of a superintendent or school business administrator, as appropriate. In either event, the contract between the boards would be conterminous with that of the superintendent's or business administrator's contract. The fact that the shared employee's contract is terminated does not preclude an individual district from offering the employee employment.

The initial terms and conditions of the employment contract between the two boards and the school business administrator would be determined by both boards, in consultation with the superintendents of the respective districts. The terms and conditions of the employment contract between the two boards and the superintendent, would be determined by both boards and the superintendent within guidelines to be set by the State Board of Education. The terms would be maintained for the life of the contract. Boards may mutually agree to provide additional benefits or compensation during the life of the contract, but if agreement is not possible, an individual board could do so, and would bear the sole responsibility for the cost of such additional benefits. Each district would have an individual obligation to evaluate the superintendent. The county superintendent would serve as an arbitrator over any disputes arising over the interpretation of the employment contract.

The committee amended the bill to clarify the distinction between a shared service arrangement for a school business administrator and any subcontracting arrangement which may be authorized under the "Interlocal Services Act," P.L.1973, c.208. The amendments also eliminate the requirement that school districts which want to share a school business administrator submit a detailed report the county superintendent of schools prior to his approval of the arrangement. Under the amendments the decision to share a school business administrator would be made jointly by the boards of education of the

districts in consultation with the superintendent of the respective districts.

The amendments also clarify the fact that shared positions are non-tenurable but provide that if an individual from within one of the school districts is appointed to the shared position, he will retain all tenure rights accrued in the positions in which he previously served in the district. Finally, the amendments provide that if a contract between boards of education is terminated because the superintendent or school business administrator will not be reappointed at the end of the term of employment, the boards will not be required to submit a report or receive the approval of the county superintendent if they decide to enter into a new contract for the same shared position for which the boards previously received approval.

#### STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1397

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed By Assemblyman BAGGER)

ADOPTED: MARCH 28, 1996

These amendments clarify that the terms and conditions of the employment contract between boards of education sharing a school business administrator and the business administrator shall be determined by the boards and the business administrator. The amendments also provide that any guidelines which are developed to effectuate the bill's provisions will be developed by the Commissioner of Education as opposed to the State Board of Education.

SENATE EDUCATION COMMITTEE

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STATEMENT TO

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[Second Reprint]
ASSEMBLY, No. 1397

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 20, 1996** 

The Senate Education Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1397 (2R) with committee amendments.

As amended, this bill replaces the existing provisions authorizing several boards of education to share one superintendent or school business administrator with more comprehensive procedures. The proposal would give boards of education greater authority to appoint a shared superintendent than they have currently. Under existing law it is the commissioner who appoints a superintendent, subject to approval of the State board. This bill would allow boards to jointly choose the candidate of their choice.

Under the proposal, the position of shared business administrator, like that of superintendent, would not be a tenurable position. If two or more boards of education appoint an individual from within one of the school districts to a shared position, the individual would retain all tenure rights accrued in the positions which were previously served. Also, the bill would not affect the ability of a school district to subcontract the services of its school business administrator to another school district. The bill makes it clear that should a district choose subcontracting of a school business administrator over sharing, credit toward tenure acquisition accrues only in the primary district of employment.

Under the bill's provisions, if two or more districts, after careful study and opportunity for community input, decide to share a superintendent or school business administrator, the districts would mutually prepare a report for submission to the county superintendent describing both how the shared relationship would operate and its projected impact on the districts' effective rendering of services. The county superintendent would review the plan and forward a recommendation to the Commissioner of Education who would approve or disapprove the plan.

Boards obtaining approval of the commissioner would enter into a written contract with one another prior to making the appointment. The written contract would be contingent upon finding a mutually



agreeable candidate, would define the sharing relationship and would include the apportionment of costs between the districts. The districts would jointly agree on a superintendent or business administrator and would together enter into an employment contract with the person, which is to be separate from the agreement between the districts to share a superintendent or business administrator. Any candidate for a shared position must hold a standard certificate as appropriate.

Upon the recorded roll call majority vote of each board, the districts would be authorized to offer the shared employee a three to five year contract expiring July 1. At the end of the term of the initial contract, the superintendent or business administrator would be deemed reappointed for another term of the same duration unless the boards were to jointly agree to reappoint the person for a different term, or unless at least one year prior to the expiration of the contract, either board were to provide written notice of nonrenewal to both the shared employee and the other board. Similarly, the employment would cease if either board, at least one year prior to the expiration of the contract, gave written notice to all parties that it no longer wished to be a party to the contract for the sharing of a superintendent or school business administrator, as appropriate. In either event, the contract between the boards would be conterminous with that of the superintendent's or business administrator's contract. The fact that the shared employee's contract is terminated does not preclude an individual district from offering the employee employment. Upon the expiration of a contract, the boards would submit a report to the county superintendent evaluating the sharing relationship and the feasibility of voluntary regionalization.

Boards may mutually agree to provide additional benefits or compensation during the life of a contract, but if agreement is not possible, an individual board could do so, and would bear the sole responsibility for the cost of such additional benefits. Each district would have an individual obligation to evaluate the superintendent or business administrator. The county superintendent would serve as a mediator for any disputes arising over the interpretation of the employment contract. Under the bill, the employment of a shared superintendent or school business administrator would be effective on July 1, 1997 and thereafter.

Amendments were adopted which: 1) give the Commissioner of Education, rather than a county superintendent, the authority to approve a shared arrangement; 2) require a candidate for a shared relationship to have a standard certificate; 3) require participating boards to submit a report evaluating the relationship and the feasibility of voluntary regionalization; 4) revise the role of the county superintendent from arbitrator to mediator in case of disputes; and 5) permit the employment of a shared superintendent or school business administrator on July 1, 1997 and thereafter.

As amended, this bill is identical to S-1180 with Senate committee amendments.

974.701 G6



# OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR NEWS RELEASE

CN-001

**CONTACT:** Carl Golden

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TRENTON, NJ 08625

RELEASE: Thurs., Aug. 29, 1996

Gov. Christie Whitman emphasized controlling local costs and increasing efficiency when she signed legislation which promotes the sharing of superintendents or business administrators by school districts.

"This legislation will ensure that school districts that share services will maintain the highest level of service delivery to the students while cutting out unnecessary administrative overhead," said Gov. Whitman.

The bill streamlines the procedure for districts to follow in determining whether or not a shared services situation is appropriate for the district. It allows the local boards from the involved districts to jointly make a decision about shared services and seek the approval of the state Commissioner of Education. The boards are required to solicit community input and present a report to the county superintendent detailing how the shared services arrangement would work and assessing projected impact on the district's delivery of service.

The bill also provides, upon the approval of the commissioner, guidelines for the terms of the written agreement between the districts to implement the arrangement. The first contracts for such shared services may not be entered into until July 1, 1997.

**A-1397/S-1180** was sponsored by Assembly Richard Bagger (R-Middlesex/Morris/Somerset/Union) and Francis Blee (R-Atlantic) and

Senators Joseph Palaia (R-Monmouth) and Jack Ewing (R-Morris/Somerset).

Gov. Whitman also signed legislation that increases the membership of the Shell Fisheries Council from nine to ten members, establishes the Oyster Resource Development Account to replace the existing Oyster Cultch Fund and codifies existing licensing fee regulations for oyster boats.

The legislation also grants the state Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) the discretion to open the oyster harvest season for state seed beds year round. This would allow the DEP to maximize the oyster harvest without compromising the viability of the resource.

**A-2023/S-1159** was sponsored by Assemblyman Nicholas Asselta (R-Cape May/Atlantic/Cumberland) and Steve Corodemus (R-Monmouth) and Senators Joseph Kyrillos (R-Middlesex/Monmouth) and Gerald Cardinale (R-Bergen).