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#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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(Paging Devices)

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LAWS OF:

1996

CHAPTER:

94

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SPONSOR(S):

Stuhltrager

DATE INTRODUCED: Pre-filed

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY:

Law & Public Safety

SENATE:

Law & Public Safety

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:

No

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

May 30, 1996

ACS (1R) A1364/A889

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SENATE:

June 20, 1996

DATE OF APPROVAL:

July 26, 1996

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

Yes

Attached: statement with floor amendments adopted

3-28-96

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

Yes

SENATE:

Yes

FISCAL NOTE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

**HEARINGS:** 

No

KBP:pp

## [First Reprint]

# ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos. 1364 and 889

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

ADOPTED FEBRUARY 15, 1996

# Sponsored by Assemblymen STUHLTRAGER, GARRETT, Steele and DeCroce

1 AN ACT concerning paging devices, amending P.L.1989, c.232 and repealing section 1 of P.L.1989, c.232.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 2 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C.2C:33-19) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. [Any] No person enrolled as a student of an elementary or secondary school, [who] knowingly and without the express written permission of the school board, its delegated authority, or any school principal, [brings or possesses] shall bring or possess any remotely activated paging device on any property used for school purposes, at any time and regardless of whether school is in session or other persons are present[, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense]. A violation of this section shall be a disorderly persons offense. No permission to bring or possess any remotely activated paging device on school property shall be granted unless and until a student [or parent] shall have established to the satisfaction of the school authorities a reasonable basis for the possession of the device on school property.

This section shall not apply to any student who is an active member in good standing of a volunteer fire company or first aid, ambulance or rescue squad provided that (1) the student is required to respond to an emergency and (2) a copy of the statement by the chief executive officer of the volunteer fire company or first aid, ambulance or rescue squad authorizing the possession of the paging device is in the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assembly floor amendments adopted March 28, 1996.

## [1R] ACS for A1364

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possession of the student at all times while that student is in 1 2 possession of the remotely activated paging device. <sup>1</sup> No student shall be denied permission by school officials to 3 possess a remotely activated paging device on school property if the 4 5 student's parent or guardian notifies the school officials in writing that 6 the student has the permission of the parent or guardian to possess the 7 paging device. ]<sup>1</sup> (cf: P.L.1989, c.232, s.2) 8 9 10 2. Section 1 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C.2C:33-18) is repealed. 11 12 3. This act shall take effect immediately. 13 14 15 16 17 Regulates possession of paging devices by students in schools; repeals prohibition on provision of paging devices to persons under 18. 18

## ASSEMBLY, No. 1364

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1996 SESSION

#### By Assemblyman STUHLTRAGER

1	AN ACT	concerning	paging	devices	and	amending	P.L.1989,	c.232.
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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C.2C:33-18) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. A person shall not sell, lease, give or otherwise provide a remotely activated paging device to a person under 18 years of age, except as permitted in subsection b. of this section. A person who knowingly violates this subsection shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
- b. Subsection a. shall not apply if a remotely activated paging device is sold, leased, given or otherwise provided to a person under 18 years of age who is authorized to possess a paging device (1) by a physician or surgeon licensed pursuant to P.L.1938, c.277 (C.45:9-1 et seq.) during a course of a medical treatment or care [or], (2) by an owner or operator of a legal commercial enterprise during the hours of employment or (3) by the chief executive officer of a volunteer fire company or first aid, ambulance or rescue squad during the hours the person is required to respond to an emergency. A copy of a statement by the licensed physician or surgeon [or the], owner or operator of the legal commercial enterprise, or chief executive officer of the volunteer fire company or first aid, ambulance or rescue squad authorizing the possession of the paging device shall be in the possession of the person who is under 18 years of age at all times while that person is in possession of the remotely activated paging device pursuant to the exemptions in this subsection.

The person selling, leasing, giving or otherwise providing a remotely activated paging device to a person under 18 years of age, who is not the employer of that person, shall at that time acquire and retain a copy of a statement by the licensed physician or surgeon [or

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

the **]**, operator of the legal commercial enterprise, or chief executive officer of the volunteer fire company or first aid, ambulance or rescue squad authorizing the possession of the remotely activated paging device by the person who is under 18 years of age.

Any paging device possessed in violation of this subsection may be seized by the State or any law enforcement officer and shall be subject to forfeiture pursuant to the provisions of N.J.S.2C:64-1 et seq.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit the parent or guardian of a person under 18 years of age from giving or otherwise providing a paging device to that person.

(cf: P.L.1989, c.232, s.1)

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C.2C:33-19) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. [Any] No person enrolled as a student of an elementary or secondary school, [who] knowingly and without the express written permission of the school board, its delegated authority, or any school principal, [brings or possesses] shall bring or possess any remotely activated paging device on any property used for school purposes, at any time and regardless of whether school is in session or other persons are present[, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense]. A violation of this section shall be a disorderly persons offense. No permission to bring or possess any remotely activated paging device on school property shall be granted unless and until a student [or parent] shall have established to the satisfaction of the school authorities a reasonable basis for the possession of the device on school property.

This section shall not apply to any person who is under 18 years of age and is an active member in good standing of a volunteer fire company or first aid, ambulance or rescue squad provided that (1) the person is required to respond an emergency and (2) a copy of the statement by the chief executive officer of the volunteer fire company or first aid, ambulance or rescue squad authorizing the possession of the paging device is in the possession of the person at all times while that person is in possession of the remotely activated paging device.

No student shall be denied permission by school officials to possess a remotely activated paging device on school property if the student's parent or guardian notifies the school officials in writing that the student has the permission of the parent or guardian to possess the paging device.

41 (cf: P.L.1989, c.232, s.2)

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill amends section 1 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C.2C:33-18) which prohibits selling or giving a remotely activated paging device to minors unless the minor is authorized to possess that device by a physician for health reasons or unless the minor is authorized by his employer to possess a paging device during business hours. This bill permits the sale, lease, giving or provision of a remotely activated paging device to an active member in good standing of a volunteer fire company or first aid, ambulance or rescue squad who is under 18 years of age when the use of the device has been authorized by the chief executive officer of that organization during the hours the person is required to respond to an emergency. The bill also clarifies that this section does not prohibit a parent or guardian from providing a minor with a paging device.

This bill also amends section 2 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C.2C:33-19) which prohibits an elementary or secondary school student from bringing a paging device onto school property without the permission of the school board or school principal. It provides an exception for a student who is an active member in good standing of a volunteer fire company or first aid, ambulance or rescue squad provided that the student is required to respond to an emergency and carries a copy of the statement by the chief executive officer of that organization authorizing the possession of the paging device. This bill also provides that authority to possess a paging device on school grounds could not be denied by school officials if the parent or guardian of a student has notified school officials in writing that the student has permission to possess a paging device.

Permits provision and possession of paging devices to and by certain persons under age 18.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 889

# **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel

## PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1996 SESSION

## By Assemblyman GARRETT

1 2 3	AN ACT concerning paging devices and repealing Section 1 of P.L.1989, c.232.							
4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State							
5	of New Jersey:							
6								
7	1. Section 1 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C.2C:33-18) is repealed.							
8	, , , ,							
9	2. This act shall take effect immediately.							
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2	STATEMENT							
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4	This bill repeals the 1989 law that made it a disorderly persons							
5	offense for any person to provide a remote paging device to any							
6	person under the age of 18 unless it is necessary for medical reasons							
7	or for the legitimate business purposes of the youth's lawful employer.							
8	The law also permits the seizure of these devices when possessed in							
9	violation of the law.							
0.	Though intended to limit the availability and use of such devices in							
21	illegal activity, such as drug trafficking, this law is so broadly written							
22	that parents who use these devices to keep track of their children may							
23	be charged under its provisions. Statutes which prohibit pagers on							
4	school property without the permission of the school authorities and							
25	which make their use illegal in connection with certain crimes would							
6	be retained.							
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1	Reneals prohibition on provision of pagers to persons under 18							

### ASSEMBLY LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos. 1364 and 889

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 15, 1996

The Assembly Law and Public Safety Committee favorably reports an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 1364 and 889.

The substitute repeals section 1 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C.2C:33-18), which prohibited the sale or transfer of remotely activated paging devices to persons under 18 years of age, unless that minor was authorized to possess such a device by a physician for health reasons or an employer during the time he is working.

The substitute also amends section 2 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C.2C:33-19), which prohibits an elementary or secondary school student from bringing a paging device onto school property without the permission of the school board or school principal. The substitute would permit a student who is an active member in good standing of a volunteer fire company or a volunteer first aid, ambulance or rescue squad to possess a paging device on school property if the chief executive officer of that company or squad states that the student is required to respond to emergencies.

Finally, the substitute clarifies that school officials may not prohibit a student from possessing a remotely activated paging device while on school property if that student's parent or guardian notifies the school in writing that the student has permission to possess such a device.

### SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

## [First Reprint]

# ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos. 1364 and 889

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 13, 1996** 

The Senate Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably the Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos.1364 and 889.

This substitute bill repeals section 1 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C:2C:33-18), which prohibited the sale or transfer of remotely activated paging devices to persons under 18 years of age, unless authorized by a physician for medical reasons or by the minor's lawful employer for legitimate business purposes. A violation of that section is a disorderly person's offense.

The substitute bill also permits a student who is an active member in good standing of a volunteer fire company or a volunteer first aid, ambulance or rescue squad to possess a paging device on school property if the chief executive officer of that company or squad states that the student is required to respond to emergencies. Currently, section 2 of P.L.1989, c.232 (C.2C:33-19) prohibits an elementary or secondary school student from bringing a paging device onto school property without the permission of the school board or school principal.

It is the committee's understanding that the current law is intended to limit the availability and use of such devices in illegal activity such as drug trafficking, but is so broadly written that parents who use these devices to keep track of their children may be charged under its provisions.

This substitute bill is identical to the Senate Bill No.534, which was released by the committee on May 9, 1996.

### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos. 1364 and 889

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed By Assemblyman STUHLTRAGER)

ADOPTED: MARCH 28, 1996

The substitute amends N.J.S.2C:33-19, concerning paging devices on school property, to permit a student who is an active member in good standing of a volunteer fire company or a volunteer first aid, ambulance or rescue squad to possess a paging device on school property if the chief executive officer of that company or squad states that the student is required to respond to emergencies.

This floor amendment would remove the provision of the bill which provided that school officials may not prohibit a student from possessing a remotely activated paging device while on school property if that student's parent or guardian notifies the school in writing that the student has permission to possess such a device.