40:14A-3; 40:14A-7 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

(Sewerage authorities--acquire or

40:14A-3; 40:14A-7; 40:14B-3; 40:14B-20	construct on-site systems located on private property)		
LAIS OF	CHAPTER_	77	
2111 No. <u>\$1206</u>	•		
Sponsor(s)		Annaham terment confessions (miles or principle)	
Date Introduced April 17, 1980			
Committee: Assembly			· ·
SenateCounty and Municit	al Govern	nent	
Amended during passage Yes		xx Substituted for A1514	
Gate of Passage: Assembly June 26, 1	icly June 26, 1930		(not attached since identical to S1006).
SenateJune 26, 1	L980	_	Amendments during passage denoted by asterisks.
Date of approval July 24, 3	T380		
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Committee Statement: Assembly *	22	Po	
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New Jersey standards cited in sponsor's statement:

N.J.A.C. 7:9-2.1 et seq.

CHAPTER 77 7-24-80 7-24-80

[OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT] SENATE No. 1206

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED APRIL 17, 1980

By Senator DUMONT

Referred to Committee on County and Municipal Government

An Act to amend *["An act relating to the authorization, acquisition, financing and operation of sewage disposal systems and compensating reservoirs by or on behalf of any county or any one or more municipalities, providing for the creation of sewerage authorities to undertake the same, for the issuance of bonds and other obligations therefor, and for service charges to meet the expense thereof, repealing article 3 of chapter 63 of Title 40 (sections 40:63–140 et seq.) of the Revised Statutes, and supplementing Title 40 of the Revised Statutes," approved April 23, 1946 (P. L. 1946, c. 138), as said Title was amended by P. L. 1953, c. 177. * *the "Sewerage Authorities Law," approved April 23, 1946 (P. L. 1946, c. 138) and the "Municipal Utilities Authorities Law," approved August 22, 1957 (P. L. 1957, c. 183).*

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:
- 1 1. Section 3 of P. L. 1946, c. 138 (C. 40:14A-3) is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 3. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears
- 4 from the context:
- 5 (1) "Municipality" shall mean any city of any class, any
- 6 borough, village, town, township, or any other municipality other
- 7 than a county or a school district, and except when used in sections
- 8 4 or 21 of this act, any agency thereof or any two or more thereof
- 9 acting jointly or any joint meeting or other agency of any two or
- 10 more thereof;
- 11 (2) "County" shall mean any county of any class;
- 12 (3) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the
- 13 board of chosen freeholders, or in the case of those counties orga-
- 14 nized pursuant to the provisions of the "Optional County Charter
- 15 Law" (P. L. 1972, c. 154; C. 40:41A-1 et seq.), the board of chosen
- 16 freeholders and the county executive, the county supervisor or the EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 17 county manager, as appropriate, and, in the case of a municipality,
- 18 the commission, council, board or body, by whatever name it may
- 19 be known, having charge of the finances of the municipality;
- 20 (4) "Person" shall mean any person, association, corporation, 21 nation, State or any agency or subdivision thereof, other than a
- 22 county or municipality of the State or a sewerage authority;
- 23 (5) "Sewerage authority" shall mean a public body created 24 pursuant to section 4 of this act;
- 25 (6) Subject to the exceptions provided in section 4 of this act, 26 "district" shall mean the area within the territorial boundaries of 27 the county, or of the municipality or municipalities, which created 28 or joined in the creation of a sewerage authority;

- (7) "Local unit" shall mean the county, or any municipality, which created or joined in the creation of a sewerage authority;
- (8) "Sewerage system" shall mean the plants, structures, onsite wastewater systems, and other real and personal property
 acquired, constructed, maintained or operated or to be acquired,
 constructed, maintained or operated by a sewerage authority for
 the purposes of the sewerage authority, including sewers, conduits,
 pipe lines, mains, pumping and ventilating stations, sewage treatment or disposal systems, plants and works, connections, and
 outfalls, compensating reservoirs, and other plants, structures,
 boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, and
 rights therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection, treatment, purification or disposal in a
 sanitary manner of any sewage, liquid or solid wastes, night soil or
 industrial wastes;
- (9) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations thereof, the cost of acquisition or construction of all or any part of a sewerage system and of all or any property, rights, easements, privileges, agreements and franchises deemed by the sewerage authority to be necessary or useful and convenient therefor or in connection therewith, including interest or discount on bonds, cost of issuance of bonds, engineering and ispection costs and legal expenses, costs of financial, professional and other estimates and advice, organization, administrative, operating and other expenses of the sewerage authority prior to and during such acquisition or construction, and all such other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing, acquisition, construction and completion of said sewerage system or part thereof and the placing of the same in operation, and also such provision or reserves for working capital, operating, maintenance or replacement expenses or for

- 59 payment or security of principal of or interest on bonds during or
- 60 after such acquisition or construction as the sewerage authority
- 61 may determine, and also reimbursements to the sewerage authority
- 62 or any county, municipality or other person of any moneys thereto-
- 63 fore expended for the purposes of the sewerage authority or to any
- 64 county or municipality of any moneys theretofore expended for in
- 65 connection with sanitation facilities;
- 66 (10) "Real property" shall mean lands both within and without
- 67 the State, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any rights or
- 68 interests therein;
- 69 (11) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include
- 70 acts of construction, reconstruction, replacement, extension, im-
- 71 provement and betterment of a sewerage system;
- 72 (12) "Industrial wastes" shall mean liquid or other wastes
- 73 resulting from any processes of industry, manufacture, trade or
- 74 business or from the development of any natural resource;
- 75 (13) "Sewage" shall mean the water-carried wastes created in
- 76 and carried, or to be carried, away from, or to be processed by
- 77 on-site wastewater systems, residences, hotels, apartments, schools,
- 78 hospitals, industrial establishments, or any other public or private
- 79 building, together with such surface or ground water and industrial
- 80 wastes as may be present;
- 81 (14) "On-site wastewater system*" means any of several works,
- 82 facilities, septic tanks or other devices, used to collect, treat,
- 83 reclaim, or dispose of wastewater or sewage on or adjacent to the
- 84 property on which the wastewater or sewage is produced, or to
- 85 convey such wastewater or sewage from said property to such
- 86 facilities as the authority may establish for its disposal;
- 87 **[**(14)**]** (15) "Pollution" means the condition of water resulting
- 88 from the introduction therein of substances of a kind and in
- 89 quantities rendering it detrimental or immediately or potentially
- 90 dangerous to the public health, or unfit for public or commercial
- 91 use:
- 92 [(15)] (16) "Ordinance" means a written act of the governing
- 93 body of a municipality adopted and otherwise approved and pub-
- 94 lished in the manner or mode of procedure prescribed for ordi-
- 95 nances tending to obligate such municipality pecuniarily;
- 96 [(16)] (17) "Resolution" means a written act of the governing
- 97 body of a local unit adopted and otherwise approved in the manner
- 98 or mode of procedure prescribed for resolutions tending to obligate
- 99 such local unit pecuniarily;
- 100 [(17)] (18) "Bonds" shall mean bonds or other obligations
- 101 issued pursuant to this act; and

- 102 **[**(18)**]** (19) "Compensating reservoir" shall mean the structures, facilities and appurtenances for the impounding, transportation and release of water for the replenishment in periods of 105 drought or at other necessary times of all or a part of waters in or 106 bordering the State diverted into a sewer, sewage treatment or 107 sewage disposal system operated by the sewerage authority.
- 2. Section 7 of P. L. 1946, c. 138 (C. 40:14A-7) is amended as follows:
- 7. Every sewerage authority shall be a public body politic and corporate constituting a political subdivision of the State estab-
- 5 lished as an instrumentality exercising public and essential govern-
- 6 mental functions to provide for the public health and welfare and
- 7 shall have perpetual succession and have the following powers:
- 8 (1) To adopt and have a common seal and to alter the same 9 at pleasure;
- 10 (2) To sue and to be sued;
- 11 (3) In the name of the sewerage authority and on its behalf, to 12 acquire, hold, use and dispose of its service charges and other 13 revenues and other moneys;
- 14-17 (4) In the name of the sewerage authority but for the local unit 18 or units, to acquire, hold, use and dispose of other personal property for the purposes of the sewerage authority;
- 20 (5) In the name of the sewerage authority but for the local unit 21 or units, to acquire by purchase, gift, condemnation or otherwise, 22 real property and easements therein, necessary or useful and 23 convenient for the purposes of the sewerage authority, and subject 24 to mortgages, deeds of trust or other liens, or otherwise, and to 25 hold and to use the same, and to dispose of property so acquired 26 no longer necessary for the purposes of the sewerage authority;
- 27 (6) To provide for and secure the payment of any bonds and the 28 rights of the holders thereof, and to purchase, hold and dispose of 29 any bonds;
- 30 (7) To accept gifts or grants of real or personal property, money, 31 material, labor or supplies for the purposes of the sewerage author-32 ity, and to make and perform such agreements and contracts as 33 may be necessary or convenient in connection with the procuring, 34 acceptance or disposition of such gifts or grants;
- 35 (8) To enter on any lands, waters or premises for the purpose 36 of making surveys, borings, soundings and examinations for the 37 purposes of the sewerage authority, and whenever the operation 38 of a septic tank or other component of an on-site wastewater system 39 shall result in the creation of pollution or contamination source on

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private property such that under the provisions of R. S. 26:3-49*,*
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    a local board of health would have the authority to notify the owner
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    and require said owner to abate the same, representatives of an
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    authority shall have the power to enter, at all reasonable times, any
    premises on which such pollution or contamination source shall
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    exist, for the purpose of inspecting, rehabilitating, securing samples
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    of any discharges, improving, repairing, replacing, or upgrading
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    such septic tank or other component of an on-site wastewater
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    system;
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- **4**9 (9) To establish an inspection program to be performed *Inot **5**0 less frequently than ** at least* once every 3 years on all on-site wastewater systems installed within its district which inspection 51program shall contain the following minimum notice provisions: 52(i) not less than 30 days prior to the date of the inspection of an 53 on-site wastewater system as described herein, the authority shall 55-65 notify the owner and resident of the property that the inspection will occur; and (ii) not less than 60 days prior to the date of the performance of any work other than an inspection, the sewerage 67authority shall provide notice to the owner and resident of the 68 property on which the work will be performed. The notice to be 69 provided to such owner and resident under this subsection shall in-70 clude a description of the deficiency which necessitates the work 71and the proposed remedial action, and the proposed date for be-72 ginning and duration of the contemplated remedial action; 73
- 74 (10) To prepare and file in the office of the sewerage authority 75 records of all inspections, rehabilitation, maintenance, and work, 76 performed with respect to on-site wastewater disposal systems;
- [(9)] (11) To make and enforce bylaws or rules and regulations for the management and regulation of its business and affairs and for the use, maintenance and operation of the sewerage system and any other of its properties, and to amend the same;
- [(10)] (12) To do and perform any acts and things authorized by this act under, through or by means of its own officers, agents and employees, or by contracts with any persons;
- [(11)] (13) To enter into any and all contracts, execute any and all instruments, and do and perform any and all acts or things necessary, convenient or desirable for the purposes of the sewerage authority or to carry out any power expressly given in this act subject to P. L. 1971, c. 198 "Local Public Contracts Law" (C. 40A:11-1 et seq.); and
- 90 **[**(12)**]** (14) To enter into any and all lease agreements with 91 sewerage authorities, and municipalities, and counties operating

- 92 sewerage systems, for the rental of equipment owned by authority
- 93 and municipality and/or county, together with the personnel to
- 94 operate said equipment.
 - *3. Section 3 of P. L. 1957, c. 183 (C. 40:14B-3) is amended
 - 2 to read as follows:
 - 3. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears
 - 4 from the context:
 - 5 (1) "Municipality" shall mean any city of any class, any bor-
 - 6 ough, village, town, township, or any other municipality other than
 - 7 a county or a school district, and except when used in sections 4, 5,
 - 8 6, 11, 12, 13, 42 or 45 of this act, any agency thereof or any two
 - 9 or more thereof acting jointly or any joint meeting or other agency
- 10 of any two or more thereof;
- 11 (2) "County" shall mean any county of any class;
- 12 (3) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the
- 13 board of chosen freeholders, or in the case of those counties
- 14 organized pursuant to the provisions of the "Optional County
- 15 Charter Law" (P. L. 1972, c. 154; C. 40:41A-1 et seq.), the board
- 16 of chosen freeholders and the county executive, the county super-
- 17 visor or the county manager, as appropriate, and, in the case of a
- 18 municipality, the commission, council, board or body, by whatever
- 19 name it may be known, having charge of the finances of the
- 20 municipality;
- 21 (4) "Person" shall mean any person, association, corporation,
- 22 nation, state or any agency or subdivision thereof, other than a
- 23 county or municipality of the State or a municipal authority;
- 24 (5) "Municipal authority" shall mean a public body created or
- 25 organized pursuant to section 4, 5 or 6 of this act and shall include
- 26 a municipal utilities authority created by one or more munici-
- 27 palities and a county utilities authority created by a county;
- 28 (6) Subject to the exceptions provided in section 10, 11 or 12 of
- 29 this act, "district" shall mean the area within the territorial
- 30 boundaries of the county, or of the municipality or municipalities,
- 31 which created or joined in or caused the creation or organization of
- 32 a municipal authority;
- 33 (7) "Local unit" shall mean the county, or any municipality,
- 34 which created or joined in or caused the creation or organization
- 35 of a municipal authority;
- 36 (8) "Water system" shall mean the plants, structures and other
- 37 real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or
- 38 to be acquired, constructed or operated by a municipal authority
- 39 for the purposes of the municipal authority, including reservoirs,

40 basins, dams, canals, aqueducts, standpipes, conduits, pipelines, 41 mains, pumping stations, water distribution systems, compensating 42reservoirs, waterworks or sources of water supply, wells, purifica-43 tion or filtration plants or other plants and works, connections, rights of flowage or division, and other plants, structures, boats, 44 conveyances, and other real and personal property, and rights 45 46 therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for 47 the accumulation, supply or distribution of water;

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- (9) "Sewerage system" shall mean the plants, structures, on-site wastewater systems and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed, maintained or operated by a municipal authority for the purposes of the municipal authority, including sewers, conduits, pipelines, mains, pumping and ventilating stations, sewage treatment or disposal systems, plants and works, connections, outfalls, compensating reservoirs, and other plants, structures, boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, and rights therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection, treatment, purification or disposal in a sanitary manner of any sewage, liquid or solid wastes, night soil or industrial wastes;
- (10) "Utility system" shall mean a water system, solid waste system, sewerage system, or a hydroelectric system or any combination of such systems, acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by a municipal authority;
- 64 (11) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations 65 thereof, the cost of acquisition or construction of all or any part 66 of a utility system and of all or any property, rights, easements, privileges, agreements and franchises deemed by the municipal 67 authority to be necessary or useful and convenient therefor or in 68 69 connection therewith, including interest or discount on bonds, cost 70 of issuance of bonds, engineering and inspection costs and legal 71 expenses, cost of financial, professional and other estimates and 72 advice, organization, administrative, operating and other expenses of the municipal authority prior to and during such acquisition or 73 74 construction, and all such other expenses as may be necessary or 75 incident to the financing, acquisition, construction and completion 76 of said utility system or part thereof and the placing of the same in 77 operation, and also such provision or reserves for working capital, operating, maintenance or replacement expenses or for payment or 78 79 security of principal of or interest on bonds during or after such 80 acquisition or construction as the municipal authority may deter-81 mine, and also reimbursements to the municipal authority or any county, municipality or other person of any moneys theretofore 82

- 83 expended for the purposes of the municipal authority or to any
- 84 county or municipality of any moneys theretofore expended for or
- 85 in connection with water supply, solid waste, water distribution,
- 86 sanitation or hydroelectric facilities;
- 87 (12) "Real property" shall mean lands both within or without
- 88 the State, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any rights or
- 89 interests therein:
- 90 (13) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include
- 91 acts of construction, reconstruction, replacement, extension, im-
- 92 provement and betterment of a utility system;
- 93 (14) "Industrial wastes" shall mean liquid or other wastes
- 94 resulting from any processes of industry, manufacture, trade or
- 95 business or from the development of any natural resource, and
- 96 shall include any chemical wastes or hazardous wastes;
- 97 (15) "Sewage" shall mean the water-carried wastes created in
- 98 and carried, or to be carried, away from, or to be processed by on-
- 99 site wastewater systems, residences, hotels, apartments, schools,
- 100 hospitals, industrial establishments, or any other public or private
- 101 building, together with such surface or ground water and indus-
- 102 trial wastes and leachate as may be present:
- 103 (16) "On-site wastewater system" means any of several facili-
- 104 ties, septic tanks or other devices, used to collect, treat, reclaim, or
- 105 dispose of wastewater or sewage on or adjacent to the property on
- 106 which the wastewater or sewage is produced, or to convey such
- 107 wastewater or sewage from said property to such facilities as the
- 108 authority may establish for its disposal;
- 109 [(16)] (17) "Pollution" means the condition of water resulting
- 110 from the introduction therein of substances of a kind and in quanti-
- 111 ties rendering it detrimental or immediately or potentially danger-
- 112 ous to the public health, or unfit for public or commercial use;
- 113 [(17)] (18) "Bonds" shall mean bonds or other obligations issued
- 114 pursuant to this act;
- 115 [(18)] (19) "Service charges" shall mean water service charges,
- 116 solid waste service charges, sewer service charges, hydroelectric
- 117 service charges or any combination of such charges, as said terms
- 118 are defined in section 21 or 22 of this act or in section 7 of this
- 119 amendatory and supplementary act:
- 120 [(19)] (20) "Compensating reservoir" shall mean the structures,
- 121 facilities and appurtenances for the impounding, transportation
- 122 and release of water for the replenishment in periods of drought
- 123 or at other necessary times of all or a part of waters in or border-
- 124 ing the State diverted into a utility system operated by a muncipal
- 125 authority;

- 126 [(20)] (21) "Sewage authority" shall mean a public body created
- 127 pursuant to the Sewerage Authorities Law (P. I. 1946, c. 138) or
- 128 the acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto;
- 129 [(21)] (22) "County sewer authority" shall mean a sanitary
- 130 sewer district authority created pursuant to the act entitled "An
- 131 act relating to the establishment of sewerage districts in first- and
- 132 second-class counties, the creation of Sanitary Sewer District
- 133 Authorities by the establishing of such districts, prescribing the
- 134 powers and duties of any such authority and of other public bodies
- 135 in connection with the construction of sewers and sewage disposal
- 136 facilities in any such district, and providing the ways and means
- 137 for paying the costs of construction and operation thereof,"
- 138 approved April 23, 1946 (P. L. 1946, c. 123), or the acts amendatory
- 139 thereof or supplemental thereto;
- 140 [(22)] (23) "Chemical waste" shall mean a material normally
- 141 generated by or used in chemical, petrochemical, plastic, pharma-
- 142 ceutical, biochemical or microbiological manufacturing processes
- 143 or petroleum refining processes, which has been selected for waste
- 144 disposal and which is known to hydrolize, ionize or decompose,
- 145 which is soluble, burns or oxidizes, or which may react with any of
- 146 the waste materials which are introduced into the landfill, or which
- 147 is buoyant on water, or which has a viscosity less than that of water
- 148 or which produces a foul odor. Chemical waste may be either
- 149 hazardous or nonhazardous;
- 150 [(23)] (24) "Effluent" shall mean liquids which are treated in
- 151 and discharged by sewage treatment plants;
- 152 [(24)] (25) "Hazardous wastes" shall mean any waste or com-
- 153 bination of waste which poses a present or potential threat to human
- 154 health, living organisms or the environment. "Hazardous waste"
- 155 shall include, but not be limited to, waste material that is toxic,
- 156 corrosive, irritating, sensitizing, radioactive, biologically infectious,
- 157 explosive or flammable;
- 158 [(25)] (26) "Leachate" shall mean a liquid that has been in con-
- 159 tact with solid waste and contains dissolved or suspended materials
- 160 from that solid waste;
- 161 [(26)] (27) "Recycling" shall mean the separation, collection,
- 162 processing or recovery of metals, glass, paper and other materials
- 163 for reuse or for energy production and shall include resource re-
- 164 covery;
- 165 [(27)] (28) "Sludge" shall mean any solid, semisolid, or liquid
- 166 waste generated from a municipal, industrial or other sewage
- 167 treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution

- 168 control facility, or any other such waste having similar charac-
- 169 teristics and effects; "sludge" shall not include effluent;
- 170 [(28)] (29) "Solid waste" shall mean garbage, refuse, and other
- 171 discarded materials resulting from industrial, commercial and agri-
- 172 cultural operations, and from domestic and community activities,
- 173 and shall include all other waste materials including sludge, chem-
- 174 ical waste, hazardous wastes and liquids, except for liquids which
- 175 are treated in public sewage treatment plants and except for solid
- 176 animal and vegetable wastes collected by swine producers licensed
- 177 by the State Department of Agriculture to collect, prepare and
- 178 feed such wastes to swine on their own farms;
- 179 [(29)] (30) "Solid waste system" shall mean and include the
- 180 plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired,
- 181 constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated
- 182 by an authority pursuant to the provisions of this act, including
- 183 transfer stations, incinerators, recycling facilities, sanitary land-
- 184 fill facilities or other property or plants for the collection, recycling
- 185 or disposal of solid waste and all vehicles, equipment and other real
- 186 and personal property and rights thereon and appurtenances
- 187 necessary or useful and convenient for the collection, recycling, or
- 188 disposal of solid waste in a sanitary manner;
- 189 [(30)] (31) "Hydroelectric system" shall mean the plants, struc-
- 190 tures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed
- 191 or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by an au-
- 192 thority pursuant to the provisions of this act, including all that
- 193 which is necessary or useful and convenient for the generation,
- 194 transmission and sale of hydroelectric power at wholesale;
- 195 [(31)] (32) "Hydroelectric power" shall mean the production of
- 196 electric current by the energy of moving water;
- 197 [(32)] (33) "Sale of hydroelectric power at wholesale" shall
- 198 mean any sale of hydroelectric power to any person for purposes 199 of resale of such power.
- 4. Section 20 of P. L. 1957, c. 183 (C. 40:14B-20) is amended
- 2 to read as follows:
- 3 20. Every municipal authority shall be a public body politic and
- 4 corporate constituting a political subdivision of the State estab-
- 5 lished as an instrumentality exercising public and essential govern-
- 6 mental functions to provide for the public health and welfare and
- 7 shall have perpetual succession and have the following powers:
- 8 (1) To adopt and have a common seal and to alter the same at
- 9 pleasure;
- 10 (2) To sue and be sued;

- 11 (3) In the name of the municipal authority and on its behalf, to 12 acquire, hold, use and dispose of its service charges and other 13 revenues and other moneys;
- 14 (4) In the name of the municipal authority but for the local unit 15 or units, to acquire, rent, hold, use and dispose of other personal 16 property for the purposes of the municipal authority;

- (5) In the name of the municipal authority but for the local unit or units and subject to the limitations of this act, to acquire by purchase, gift, condemnation or otherwise, or lease as lessee, real property and easements therein, necessary or useful and convenient for the purposes of the municipal authority, and subject to mortgages, deeds of trusts or other liens, or otherwise, and to hold and to use the same, and to dispose of property so acquired no longer necessary for the purposes of the municipal authority;
- (6) To produce, develop, purchase, accumulate, distribute and sell water and water services, facilities and products within or without the district, provided that no water shall be sold at retail in any municipality without the district unless the governing body of such municipality shall have adopted a resolution requesting the municipal authority to sell water at retail in such municipality, and the board of public utility commissioners shall have approved such resolution as necessary and proper for the public convenience;
- (7) To provide for and secure the payment of any bonds and the rights of the holders thereof, and to purchase, hold and dispose of any bonds;
- (8) To accept gifts or grants of real or personal property, money, material, labor or supplies for the purposes of the municipal authority, and to make and perform such agreements and contracts as may be necessary or convenient in connection with the procuring, acceptance or disposition of such gifts or grants;
- (9) To enter on any lands, waters or premises for the purpose of making surveys, borings, soundings and examinations for the purposes of the municipal authority, and whenever the operation of a septic tank or other component of an on-site wastewater system shall result in the creation of pollution or contamination source on private property such that under the provisions of R. S. 26:3-49, a local board of health would have the authority to notify the owner and require said owner to abate the same, representatives of an authority shall have the power to enter, at all reasonable times, any premises on which such pollution or contamination source shall exist, for the purpose of inspecting, rehabilitating, securing samples of any discharges, improving, repairing, replacing, or upgrad-

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53 ing such septic tank or other component of an on-site wastewater 54 system;
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55 (10) To establish an inspection program to be performed at least 56 once every 3 years on all on-site wastewater systems installed within its district which inspection program shall contain the fol-57 lowing minimum notice provisions: (i) not less than 30 days prior 58 to the date of the inspection of an on-site wastewater system as 59 60 described herein, the authority shall notify the owner and resident of the property that the inspection will occur; and (ii) not less 6162 than 60 days prior to the date of the performance of any work other than an inspection, the municipal authority shall provide notice to 63 the owner and resident of the property in which the work will be 64 performed. The notice to be provided to such owner and resident 65 66 under this subsection shall include a description of the deficiency which necessitates the work and the proposed remedial action, and 67 68 the proposed date for beginning and duration of the contemplated 69remedial action;

- 70 (11) To prepare and file in the office of the municipal authority 71 records of all inspections, rehabilitation, maintenance, and work, 72 performed with respect to on-site wastewater disposal systems;
- 73 **[**(10)**]** (12) To make and enforce bylaws or rules and regula-74 tions for the management and regulation of its business and affairs 75 and for the use, maintenance and operation of the utility system 76 and any other of its properties, and to amend the same;
- 77 **[**(11)**]** (13) To do and perform any acts and things authorized by this act under, through or by means of its own officers, agents and employees, or by contracts with any person; and
- 80 **[**(12)**]** (14) To enter into any and all contracts, execute any and 81 all instruments, and do and perform any and all acts or things 82 necessary, convenient or desirable for the purposes of the municipal 83 authority or to carry out any power expressly given in this act 84 subject to P. L. 1971, c. 198 "Local Public Contracts Law" 85 (C. 40A:11-1 et seq.).*
- 1 *[3.]* *5.* This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

The purpose of this bill is to clarify the powers of sewerage authorities to acquire, operate, construct, repair, rehabilitate, replace, and maintain on-site wastewater systems located on private property, including existing and newly acquired and installed septic tank systems.

Recent State and Federal guidelines with respect to the construction of new sewerage systems have stressed the utilization of alternatives to conventional gravity sewerage systems including a combination of on-site wastewater systems and small diameter septic tank effluent sewers, and the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection has indicated that it will provide funding preferences for projects utilizing such types of innovative or alternative technology.

51206 (1980)

SENATE COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1206

with Senate committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 26, 1980

Senate Bill No. 1206, as amended by committee, makes explicit that sewerage authorities and municipal utilities authorities, shall be permitted to inspect, rehabilitate or repair septic tanks on private property in two specific circumstances:

- 1. When the septic tank is a source of pollution or contamination such that the local health board under R. S. 26:3-49 calls for abatement of the nuisance; or,
- 2. When the sewerage authority has instituted a regular septic tank inspection program, as provided for in this bill, requiring the inspection of all septic tanks within the sewerage district at least once every 3 years. Under this bill no such regular inspection may be undertaken unless the owner has been given at least 30 days notice by the authority and at least 60 days notice of the work to be done, including a description of the deficiency which necessitates the work, the proposed remedial action, the date for beginning the work, and an estimate of how long the work will take.

Although existing legislation, R. S. 26:3–49, grants to local health boards the authority to abate septic tank nuisances, the sewerage authorities currently have no such explicit authority, notwithstanding that a malfunctioning septic tank may be a significant source of pollution. Because conventional sewer systems are excessively expensive or inappropriate in many areas, sewerage authorities, with the active assistance of State and Federal officials, have begun to stress that on-site wastewater systems and septic tanks may be useful alternatives. To ensure that such on-site wastewater facilities are maintained at the necessary levels, sewerage authorities suggest that the proposed legislation will be helpful.

This bill comes at the particular request of the Ringwood Sewerage Authority.

The committee amendments, proposed by the sponsor, make the bill applicable to "Municipal Utilities Authorities" which in certain cases, exercise much the same functions as sewerage authorities. The committee amendments are the same as those made to Assembly Bill No. 1514, an identical measure.

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE JULY 24, 1980

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION JOE SANTANGELO

Governor Brendan Byrne today signed the following bills:

S-1035, sponsored by Senator William J. Hamilton, Jr., (D-Middlesex), which will require the Department of Education to conduct a six-month study of the effectiveness of existing programs which provide special education for autistic children.

At the end of the study the department is to submit a report along with recommendations and any proposed bills to the legislature and the Governor.

S-1206, sponsored by Senator Wayne Dumont, Jr., (R-Warren), which provides explicit authority for sewerage authorities and municipal utility authorities to acquire, operate, construct, repair, rehabilitate, replace and maintain on-site wastewater systems such as septic tanks located on private property.

The bill will provide local sewerage authorities with the legal powers to manage septic tanks within their districts.

Under the bill a local Authority can enter private property to sample repair or improve an on-site wastewater system that is creating pollution.

The bill also allows an authority to establish an inspection program of at least once every three years on all septic systems within its district. The statute requires specific notice be given persons to be inspected and any remedial work be performed as a result of an inspection.

Currently, local sewerage and municipal utilities have the authorization to charge and collect rents, fees, rates, and charges for direct or indirect servicing of sewerage systems. This bill will amend the definition of "sewerage systems" to include on-site waste water system.

Historically, sewerage authorities and municipal utility authorities have provided for the treatment of sewerage by means of collection systems, intercepter sewers and sewerage treatment plants that empty into surface waters

This bill provides an alternative to having all households tied into regional sewerage systems, by allowing local authorities to engage in innovative approaches of sewerage treatment while still accomplishing the goal of preventine water pollution.

Because of the bill the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has agreed to provide 85% runding instead of the usual 75% funding to the Ringwood Sewerag Authority.

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