5 8:12A-1 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library					
	• (Water suppliesdrinking water)				
NJSA:	58:12A-1				
LAWS OF:	1997	CHAP	TER:	314	
BILL NO:	A2160				
Sponsor(S):	Steele				
DATE INTRODUCED: June 17, 1996					
COMMITTEE:	ASSEMBLY:	Environme	nt		
	SENATE :	Health			
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes First reprint enacted			Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers		
DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 5, 1997					
	SENATE :	Dece	mber 18 199	97	
DATE OF APPROVA	AL: January 8	, 1998			
FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:					
COMMITTEE STATE	Ement: Asse	MBLY:	Yes	* & '	
	SENA	TE:	Yes	91 5	
FISCAL NOTE:			No	6. C C	
VETO MESSAGE:			No		
MESSAGE ON SIG	NING:		No	¥	
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED: REPORTS: NO					
HEARINGS:			No		

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KBP:pp

§1 C. 58:12A-8.1

P.L. 1997, CHAPTER 314, approved January 8, 1998 Assembly, No. 2160 (First Reprint)

1	AN ACT concerning the testing of drinking water and supplementing
2	P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.).
3	
4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5	of New Jersey:
6	
7	1. Any supplier of water required to test the water supplied from
8	a public water system pursuant to federal or State law shall annually
9	notify ¹ <u>in writing by mail</u> ¹ each of the customers that receive water
10	from the supplier of the results of the required water testing. The
11	document reporting the results of the tests shall also include a list of
12	contaminants found in the water and acceptable levels of these
13	contaminants.
14	
15	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	Requires suppliers of water to notify customers of required water test
21	results annually.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

- Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹ Assembly AES committee amendments adopted May 12, 1997.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2160

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STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED JUNE 17, 1996

By Assemblyman STEELE

1	AN ACT concerning the testing of drinking water and supplementing
2	P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.).
3	
4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5	of New Jersey:
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7	1. Any supplier of water required to test the water supplied from
8	a public water system pursuant to federal or State law shall annually
9	notify each of the customers that receive water from the supplier of
10	the results of the required water testing. The document reporting the
11	results of the tests shall also include a list of contaminants found in
12	the water and acceptable levels of these contaminants.
13	
14	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
15	
16	
17	STATEMENT
18	
19	This bill requires any supplier of water in the State required by
20	federal or State law to test the water supplied from public water
21	systems to annually notify each of the customers supplied with water
22	of the results of the required testing and provide the customers with
23	a list of contaminants found in water and acceptable levels of these
24	contaminants. The term "supplier of water" is defined in the "Safe
25 26	Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), as a person who owns or operates a public water system. A public water
20 27	system is defined under the law as a system for the provision of piped
28	water for human consumption with at least 15 service connections or
29	regularly serving at least 25 individuals.
30	Similar legislation requiring notification of water test results has
31	been introduced in Congress.
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36	Requires suppliers of water to notify customers of required water test
37	results annually.

[Passed Both Houses]

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[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 2160

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED JUNE 17, 1996

By Assemblymen STEELE, BODINE, Assemblywoman Pou, Senators Scott, Kosco, Bubba and LaRossa

1	AN ACT concerning the testing of drinking water and supplementing
2	P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.).
3	
4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5	of New Jersey:
6	
7	1. Any supplier of water required to test the water supplied from
8	a public water system pursuant to federal or State law shall annually
9	notify ¹ <u>in writing by mail</u> ¹ each of the customers that receive water
10	from the supplier of the results of the required water testing. The
11	document reporting the results of the tests shall also include a list of
12	contaminants found in the water and acceptable levels of these
13	contaminants.
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15	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
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20	Requires suppliers of water to notify customers of required water test
21	results annually.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹ Assembly AES committee amendments adopted May 12, 1997.

ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENT, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2160

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 12, 1997

The Assembly Environment, Science and Technology Committee favorably reports Assembly Bill No. 2160 with committee amendments.

This bill requires any supplier of water in the State required by federal or State law to test the water supplied from public water systems to annually notify each of the customers supplied with water of the results of the required testing and provide the customers with a list of contaminants found in water and acceptable levels of these contaminants. The term "supplier of water" is defined in the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), as a person who owns or operates a public water system. A public water system is defined under the law as a system for the provision of piped water for human consumption with at least 15 service connections or regularly serving at least 25 individuals.

The committee amendments would clarify that notification should be made in writing by mail.

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STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 2160

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 11, 1997

The Senate Health Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2160 (1R).

This bill requires any supplier of water in the State required by federal or State law to test the water supplied from public water systems to annually notify, in writing by mail, each of the customers supplied with water of the results of the required testing and provide the customers with a list of contaminants found in water and acceptable levels of these contaminants. The term "supplier of water" is defined in the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), as a person who owns or operates a public water system. A public water system is defined under the law as a system for the provision of piped water for human consumption with at least 15 service connections or regularly serving at least 25 individuals.

This bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 1779 SCA (Scott/Kosco), which the committee also reported favorably on this date.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 2160

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 11, 1997

Assembly Bill No. 2160 (1R) of 1996 requires owners or operators of public water systems who periodically test the water from these systems for contaminants, pursuant to federal or State law, to annually notify their customers, by mail, of the results of these tests. Such written notification should include a list of the contaminants found in the water and the acceptable levels of these contaminants. According to the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), a public water system is defined as a system for the provision of piped water for human consumption with at least 15 service connections or regularly serving at least 25 individuals.

The Office of Legislative Services estimates that the bill's enactment would have no fiscal impact on the State Budget. The Department of Environmental Protection, which would be responsible for enforcing the bill's provisions, should incur no additional costs because existing staff should be able to handle this responsibility within the normal course of their duties. With respect to municipalities that own public water systems, they should incur only nominal expenses in providing the required information to their customers, which could be included in periodic billing statements.

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.