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SPONSOR(S):	Rice	
DATE INTRODUCE	ED: October 3, 1996	
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	SENATE: Law &	Public Safety
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See newspaper clippingattached: "Newark eligible for housing cops," 8-19-97, <u>Star Ledger.</u>		

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[Second Reprint]

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SENATE, No. 1536

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 3, 1996

By Senator RICE

1 AN ACT concerning the establishing of housing authority police forces 2 in certain municipalities, supplementing chapter 14 of Title 40A of 3 the New Jersey Statutes and amending N.J.S.2C:39-6. 4 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of 5 6 New Jersey: 7 8 1. (New section) The governing body of every city of the first class having a population of more than 270,000 inhabitants, according to the 9 10 1990 federal decennial census, may, by ordinance, establish a housing authority police force to patrol the grounds, buildings, and other areas 11 and facilities of the municipal housing authority. 12 13 The ordinance shall provide for the maintenance, regulation and control of the force either as a separate department or as a division or 14 15 unit of the municipal police force; a line of authority relating to the force's police function; the promulgation and adoption of rules and 16 17 regulations by the appropriate authority designated in 18 N.J.S.40A:14-118 for the government of the force and the discipline 19 of its members; the appointment of such members, officers and personnel as the governing body may deem necessary; the fixing of 20 21 their compensation; the prescription of their powers, functions and 22 duties; and such other matters as the governing body shall deem 23 necessary for the effective government and operation of the force. If 24 the housing authority police force is established as a separate 25 department, the appropriate authority for the force shall be the same as the appropriate authority designated for the police force established 26 27 pursuant to N.J.S.40A:14-118. 28 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, housing authority police officers appointed pursuant to this act shall ²[not]² 29 be deemed regular ²[police] <u>law enforcement</u>² officers. 30

31 The funding for the establishment and maintenance of a housing

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SLP committee amendments adopted November 7, 1996.

² Senate floor amendments adopted November 25, 1996.

1 authority police force in accordance with an ordinance enacted 2 pursuant to this section shall be provided by the municipal housing 3 authority. The housing authority may request from the governing body of the municipality reimbursement for a portion of the costs 4 associated with appointing, training, and compensating a housing 5 6 authority police force established under the provisions of this section. The governing body may decide, but shall not be required, to 7 8 reimburse the housing authority in the amount requested or in any 9 other lesser amount the governing body may choose.

10

11 2. (New section) No person may be appointed as a housing
12 authority police officer pursuant to section 1 of P.L..., c.... (C......)
13 (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) unless that person:

14 a. Is a resident of this State;

b. Is able to read, write and speak the English language and has ahigh school diploma or its equivalent;

17 c. Is sound in body and of good health;

d. Is of good moral character and has not been convicted of any
offense involving dishonesty or which would make him unfit to
perform the duties of the office; and

e. Has successfully undergone the same psychological testing thatis required of all full-time police officers in the municipality.

23

24 3. (New section) a. A person appointed as a police officer for a 25 housing authority police force pursuant to section 1 of P.L...., c.... 26 (C.....)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall within 27 one year of the date of his appointment successfully complete a basic 28 police training course at a school approved and authorized by Police 29 Training Commission. The training requirements set forth in this 30 subsection may be waived by the Police Training Commission for a 31 person appointed as a housing authority police officer who 32 demonstrates to the commission's satisfaction that the person has 33 successfully completed a police training course conducted by any 34 federal, State or other public or private agency the requirements of 35 which are substantially equivalent to the requirements of that at a 36 school approved by the commission.

b. A housing authority police officer, who shall have successfully completed the basic police training course for police officers at a school approved by the Police Training Commission, shall have all the powers conferred by law on police officers in the enforcement of the laws of this State or municipal ordinances, including the power to apprehend offenders.

c. Any person appointed as a housing authority police officer, who
at any time prior to his appointment had served as a duly qualified,
fully-trained, full-time law enforcement officer in any municipality of
this State and who was separated from that prior service in good

standing, shall be eligible to serve as a housing authority police officer consistent with guidelines promulgated by the Police Training Commission. The training requirements set forth in subsection a. of this section may be waived by the commission with regard to any person described in this subsection who is appointed as a housing authority police officer.

7

4. (New section) Each housing authority police officer, when on
duty, except when employed as a detective, shall wear in plain view a
name plate and a metallic shield or device, in a style prescribed by the
municipality, with the words: "(Name of municipality) Housing
Authority Police."

13

²5. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, housing authority police officers appointed pursuant to this act shall have all the immunities from tort liability and shall have all the pension, relief, disability, workers' compensation, insurance and other benefits enjoyed by regular law enforcement officers while performing their duties.²

20

21 2 [5.] <u>6</u>, 2 N.J.S.2C:39-6 is amended to read as follows:

2C:39-6. a. Provided a person complies with the requirements of
subsection j. of this section, N.J.S.2C:39-5 does not apply to:

(1) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States or of the
National Guard while actually on duty, or while traveling between
places of duty and carrying authorized weapons in the manner
prescribed by the appropriate military authorities;

(2) Federal law enforcement officers, and any other federal officers
and employees required to carry firearms in the performance of their
official duties;

31 (3) Members of the State Police and, under conditions prescribed by
32 the superintendent, members of the Marine Law Enforcement Bureau
33 of the Division of State Police;

34 (4) A sheriff, undersheriff, sheriff's officer, county prosecutor, 35 assistant prosecutor, prosecutor's detective or investigator, deputy attorney general or State investigator employed by the Division of 36 37 Criminal Justice of the Department of Law and Public Safety, investigator employed by the State Commission of Investigation, 38 inspector of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Enforcement Bureau of 39 40 the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public 41 Safety authorized to carry such weapons by the Superintendent of 42 State Police, State park ranger, or State conservation officer;

43 (5) A prison or jail warden of any penal institution in this State or
44 his deputies, or an employee of the Department of Corrections
45 engaged in the interstate transportation of convicted offenders, while
46 in the performance of his duties, and when required to possess the

weapon by his superior officer, or a correction officer or keeper of a
 penal institution in this State at all times while in the State of New
 Jersey, provided he annually passes an examination approved by the
 superintendent testing his proficiency in the handling of firearms;

5 (6) A civilian employee of the United States Government under the 6 supervision of the commanding officer of any post, camp, station, base 7 or other military or naval installation located in this State who is 8 required, in the performance of his official duties, to carry firearms, 9 and who is authorized to carry such firearms by said commanding 10 officer, while in the actual performance of his official duties;

(7) (a) A regularly employed member, including a detective, of the
police department of any county or municipality, or of any State,
interstate, municipal or county park police force or boulevard police
force, at all times while in the State of New Jersey;

(b) A special law enforcement officer authorized to carry a weapon
as provided in subsection b. of section 7 of P.L.1985, c.439
(C.40A:14-146.14);

(c) An airport security officer or a special law enforcement officer
appointed by the governing body of any county or municipality, except
as provided in subsection b. of this section, or by the commission,
board or other body having control of a county park or airport or
boulevard police force, while engaged in the actual performance of his
official duties and when specifically authorized by the governing body
to carry weapons;

25 (8) A full-time, paid member of a paid or part-paid fire department 26 or force of any municipality who is assigned full-time or part-time to 27 an arson investigation unit created pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1981, 28 c.409 (C.40A:14-7.1) or to the county arson investigation unit in the 29 county prosecutor's office, while either engaged in the actual 30 performance of arson investigation duties or while actually on call to 31 perform arson investigation duties and when specifically authorized by 32 the governing body or the county prosecutor, as the case may be, to 33 carry weapons. Prior to being permitted to carry a firearm, such a 34 member shall take and successfully complete a firearms training course 35 administered by the Police Training Commission pursuant to P.L.1961, 36 c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a 37 revolver or similar weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm; 38 (9) A juvenile corrections officer in the employment of the Juvenile 39 Justice Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, 40 c.284 (C.52:17B-170) subject to the regulations promulgated by the 41 commission.

b. Subsections a., b. and c. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to:
(1) A law enforcement officer employed by a governmental agency

44 outside of the State of New Jersey while actually engaged in his 45 official duties, provided, however, that he has first notified the 46 superintendent or the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality

1 or the prosecutor of the county in which he is engaged; or 2 (2) A licensed dealer in firearms and his registered employees during 3 the course of their normal business while traveling to and from their place of business and other places for the purpose of demonstration, 4 5 exhibition or delivery in connection with a sale, provided, however, that the weapon is carried in the manner specified in subsection g. of 6 7 this section. 8 c. Provided a person complies with the requirements of subsection j. of this section, subsections b. and c. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply 9 10 to: (1) A special agent of the Division of Taxation who has passed an 11 12 examination in an approved police training program testing proficiency 13 in the handling of any firearm which he may be required to carry, while 14 in the actual performance of his official duties and while going to or 15 from his place of duty, or any other police officer, while in the actual 16 performance of his official duties; (2) A State deputy conservation officer or a full-time employee of 17 18 the Division of Parks and Forestry having the power of arrest and 19 authorized to carry weapons, while in the actual performance of his 20 official duties; 21 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1986, c.150.) 22 (4) A court attendant serving as such under appointment by the 23 sheriff of the county or by the judge of any municipal court or other 24 court of this State, while in the actual performance of his official 25 duties; 26 (5) A guard in the employ of any railway express company, banking or building and loan or savings and loan institution of this State, while 27 28 in the actual performance of his official duties; 29 (6) A member of a legally recognized military organization while 30 actually under orders or while going to or from the prescribed place 31 of meeting and carrying the weapons prescribed for drill, exercise or 32 parade; 33 (7) An officer of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to 34 Animals, while in the actual performance of his duties; 35 (8) An employee of a public utilities corporation actually engaged 36 in the transportation of explosives; 37 (9) A railway policeman, except a transit police officer of the New 38 Jersey Transit Police Department, at all times while in the State of New Jersey, provided that he has passed an approved police academy 39 40 training program consisting of at least 280 hours. The training 41 program shall include, but need not be limited to, the handling of 42 firearms, community relations, and juvenile relations; 43 (10) A campus police officer appointed under P.L.1970, c.211 44 (C.18A:6-4.2 et seq.) at all times. Prior to being permitted to carry a 45 firearm, a campus police officer shall take and successfully complete 46 a firearms training course administered by the Police Training

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Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et seq.), and 1 2 shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weapon prior 3 to being permitted to carry a firearm; 4 (11) A person who has not been convicted of a crime under the laws 5 of this State or under the laws of another state or the United States, and who is employed as a full-time security guard for a nuclear power 6 7 plant under the license of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, while 8 in the actual performance of his official duties; 9 (12) A transit police officer of the New Jersey Transit Police 10 Department, at all times while in the State of New Jersey, provided the 11 officer has satisfied the training requirements of the Police Training 12 Commission, pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of P.L.1989, c.291 13 (C.27:25-15.1); 14 (13) A parole officer employed by the Bureau of Parole in the Department of Corrections at all times. Prior to being permitted to 15 16 carry a firearm, a parole officer shall take and successfully complete 17 a basic course for regular police officer training administered by the 18 Police Training Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 19 et seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar 20 weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm; 21 (14) A Human Services police officer at all times while in the State 22 of New Jersey, as authorized by the Commissioner of Human Services; '[or]' 23 24 (15) A person or employee of any person who, pursuant to and as 25 required by a contract with a governmental entity, supervises or transports persons charged with or convicted of an offense¹[.]: or¹ 26 (16) A housing authority police officer appointed under P.L., c. 27 (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill), ¹[while going 28 29 to and from his place of duty and while in the course of performing official duties] at all times while in the State of New Jersey.¹ 30 31 d. (1) Subsections c. and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to 32 antique firearms, provided that such antique firearms are unloaded or are being fired for the purposes of exhibition or demonstration at an 33 34 authorized target range or in such other manner as has been approved 35 in writing by the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in 36 which the exhibition or demonstration is held, or if not held on 37 property under the control of a particular municipality, the 38 superintendent. 39 Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of (2) 40 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to an antique cannon that is capable of 41 being fired but that is unloaded and immobile, provided that the 42 antique cannon is possessed by (a) a scholastic institution, a museum,

a municipality, a county or the State, or (b) a person who obtained a
firearms purchaser identification card as specified in N.J.S.2C:58-3.

45 (3) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 46 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to an unloaded antique cannon that is being transported by one eligible to possess it, in compliance with
 regulations the superintendent may promulgate, between its permanent
 location and place of purchase or repair.

4 (4) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 5 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to antique cannons that are being loaded 6 or fired by one eligible to possess an antique cannon, for purposes of 7 exhibition or demonstration at an authorized target range or in the 8 manner as has been approved in writing by the chief law enforcement 9 officer of the municipality in which the exhibition or demonstration is 10 held, or if not held on property under the control of a particular municipality, the superintendent, provided that performer has given at 11 12 least 30 days' notice to the superintendent.

13 Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of (5) 14 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to the transportation of unloaded antique 15 cannons directly to or from exhibitions or demonstrations authorized 16 under paragraph (4) of subsection d. of this section, provided that the 17 transportation is in compliance with safety regulations the 18 superintendent may promulgate. Nor do those subsections apply to 19 transportation directly to or from exhibitions or demonstrations 20 authorized under the law of another jurisdiction, provided that the superintendent has been given 30 days' notice and that the 21 transportation is in compliance with safety regulations the 22 23 superintendent may promulgate.

24 e. Nothing in subsections b., c. and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be 25 construed to prevent a person keeping or carrying about his place of business, residence, premises or other land owned or possessed by 26 27 him, any firearm, or from carrying the same, in the manner specified 28 in subsection g. of this section, from any place of purchase to his 29 residence or place of business, between his dwelling and his place of 30 business, between one place of business or residence and another when 31 moving, or between his dwelling or place of business and place where 32 such firearms are repaired, for the purpose of repair. For the purposes 33 of this section, a place of business shall be deemed to be a fixed 34 location.

f. Nothing in subsections b., c. and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent:

37 (1) A member of any rifle or pistol club organized in accordance 38 with the rules prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion of 39 Rifle Practice, in going to or from a place of target practice, carrying such firearms as are necessary for said target practice, provided that 40 41 the club has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent and 42 annually submits a list of its members to the superintendent and 43 provided further that the firearms are carried in the manner specified 44 in subsection g. of this section;

45 (2) A person carrying a firearm or knife in the woods or fields or 46 upon the waters of this State for the purpose of hunting, target practice or fishing, provided that the firearm or knife is legal and appropriate for hunting or fishing purposes in this State and he has in his possession a valid hunting license, or, with respect to fresh water fishing, a valid fishing license;

(3) A person transporting any firearm or knife while traveling:

5

6 (a) Directly to or from any place for the purpose of hunting or
7 fishing, provided the person has in his possession a valid hunting or
8 fishing license; or

9 (b) Directly to or from any target range, or other authorized place 10 for the purpose of practice, match, target, trap or skeet shooting 11 exhibitions, provided in all cases that during the course of the travel 12 all firearms are carried in the manner specified in subsection g. of this 13 section and the person has complied with all the provisions and 14 requirements of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes and any amendments 15 thereto and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder; or

16 (c) In the case of a firearm, directly to or from any exhibition or 17 display of firearms which is sponsored by any law enforcement agency, 18 any rifle or pistol club, or any firearms collectors club, for the purpose 19 of displaying the firearms to the public or to the members of the 20 organization or club, provided, however, that not less than 30 days 21 prior to the exhibition or display, notice of the exhibition or display 22 shall be given to the Superintendent of the State Police by the 23 sponsoring organization or club, and the sponsor has complied with 24 such reasonable safety regulations as the superintendent may 25 promulgate. Any firearms transported pursuant to this section shall be 26 transported in the manner specified in subsection g. of this section;

(4) A person from keeping or carrying about a private or
commercial aircraft or any boat, or from transporting to or from such
vessel for the purpose of installation or repair a visual distress
signalling device approved by the United States Coast Guard.

g. All weapons being transported under paragraph (2) of subsection b., subsection e., or paragraph (1) or (3) of subsection f. of this section shall be carried unloaded and contained in a closed and fastened case, gunbox, securely tied package, or locked in the trunk of the automobile in which it is being transported, and in the course of travel shall include only such deviations as are reasonably necessary under the circumstances.

38 h. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent any employee of a public utility, as defined in R.S.48:2-13, 39 40 doing business in this State or any United States Postal Service 41 employee, while in the actual performance of duties which specifically 42 require regular and frequent visits to private premises, from 43 possessing, carrying or using any device which projects, releases or 44 emits any substance specified as being noninjurious to canines or other 45 animals by the Commissioner of Health and which immobilizes only on 46 a temporary basis and produces only temporary physical discomfort

through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in the air for the sole
 purpose of repelling canine or other animal attacks.

The device shall be used solely to repel only those canine or other animal attacks when the canines or other animals are not restrained in a fashion sufficient to allow the employee to properly perform his duties.

Any device used pursuant to this act shall be selected from a list of
products, which consist of active and inert ingredients, permitted by
the Commissioner of Health.

i. Nothing in N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent any person 10 11 who is 18 years of age or older and who has not been convicted of a 12 felony, from possession for the purpose of personal self-defense of one 13 pocket-sized device which contains and releases not more than three-quarters of an ounce of chemical substance not ordinarily 14 15 capable of lethal use or of inflicting serious bodily injury, but rather, 16 is intended to produce temporary physical discomfort or disability 17 through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in the air. Any person 18 in possession of any device in violation of this subsection shall be 19 deemed and adjudged to be a disorderly person, and upon conviction 20 thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100.00.

j. A person shall qualify for an exemption from the provisions of
N.J.S.2C:39-5, as specified under subsections a. and c. of this section,
if the person has satisfactorily completed a firearms training course
approved by the Police Training Commission.

25 Such exempt person shall not possess or carry a firearm until the 26 person has satisfactorily completed a firearms training course and shall 27 annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weapon. For purposes of this subsection, a "firearms training course" means a 28 29 course of instruction in the safe use, maintenance and storage of 30 firearms which is approved by the Police Training Commission. The 31 commission shall approve a firearms training course if the requirements of the course are substantially equivalent to the 32 33 requirements for firearms training provided by police training courses 34 which are certified under section 6 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-71). 35 A person who is specified in paragraph (1), (2), (3) or (6) of 36 subsection a. of this section shall be exempt from the requirements of 37 this subsection.

k. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to
prevent any financial institution, or any duly authorized personnel of
the institution, from possessing, carrying or using for the protection of
money or property, any device which projects, releases or emits tear
gas or other substances intended to produce temporary physical
discomfort or temporary identification.

- 44 (cf: P.L.1995, c.280, s.21)
- 45

46 ²[6.] <u>7.</u>² This act shall take effect immediately.

1 i. Nothing in N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent any person 2 who is 18 years of age or older and who has not been convicted of a 3 felony, from possession for the purpose of personal self-defense of one 4 pocket-sized device which contains and releases not more than 5 three-quarters of an ounce of chemical substance not ordinarily capable of lethal use or of inflicting serious bodily injury, but rather, 6 7 is intended to produce temporary physical discomfort or disability 8 through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in the air. Any person 9 in possession of any device in violation of this subsection shall be 10 deemed and adjudged to be a disorderly person, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100.00. 11

j. A person shall qualify for an exemption from the provisions of
N.J.S.2C:39-5, as specified under subsections a. and c. of this section,
if the person has satisfactorily completed a firearms training course
approved by the Police Training Commission.

16 Such exempt person shall not possess or carry a firearm until the 17 person has satisfactorily completed a firearms training course and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weapon. For 18 19 purposes of this subsection, a "firearms training course" means a 20 course of instruction in the safe use, maintenance and storage of firearms which is approved by the Police Training Commission. The 21 22 commission shall approve a firearms training course if the 23 requirements of the course are substantially equivalent to the 24 requirements for firearms training provided by police training courses 25 which are certified under section 6 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-71). A person who is specified in paragraph (1), (2), (3) or (6) of 26 27 subsection a. of this section shall be exempt from the requirements of 28 this subsection.

k. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to
prevent any financial institution, or any duly authorized personnel of
the institution, from possessing, carrying or using for the protection of
money or property, any device which projects, releases or emits tear
gas or other substances intended to produce temporary physical
discomfort or temporary identification.

- 35 (cf: P.L.1995, c.280, s.21)
- 36

37 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

38 39

40 41

STATEMENT

This bill permits the governing body of a municipality of the first class with a population of more than 270,000 persons, according to the 1990 federal decennial census, to establish, by ordinance, a housing authority police force to patrol housing authority grounds, buildings, facilities and other areas. The ordinance is to provide for S1536 10

1 the maintenance, regulation, compensation and control of the force 2 either as a separate department or as a division or unit of the municipal 3 police force; however, the officers of the housing authority police 4 force will not be deemed regular municipal police officers. If the 5 housing authority police force is established as a separate municipal 6 department, the appropriate authority for the force is to be the same 7 as the appropriate authority for the municipal police force. 8 A person appointed as a housing authority police officer must meet 9 the same qualification standards and training requirements that 10 municipal law enforcement officers are statutorily required to meet. After successful completion of the training requirements, a housing 11 authority police officer will be granted general police powers and may 12 13 carry a weapon while on-duty. 14 The municipal housing authority would be responsible for the funding of the police force. However, the housing authority may 15 request of the governing body of the municipality reimbursement for 16 17 a portion of the costs associated with the appointment, training, and compensation of housing authority police officers. 18 19 20 21 22 23 Permits certain municipalities to establish housing authority police

24 force.

ASSEMBLY HOUSING COMMITTEE

.

STATEMENT TO

[Second Reprint] SENATE, No. 1536

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 1, 1997

The Assembly Housing Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1536 (2R).

Senate Bill No. 1536 (2R) permits the governing body of a municipality of the first class with a population of more than 270,000 persons, according to the 1990 federal decennial census, to establish, by ordinance, a housing authority police force to patrol housing authority grounds, buildings, facilities and other areas. The bill also provides that housing authority police officers would be deemed regular law enforcement officers.

The bill also provides that housing authority police officers appointed under the bill's provisions would have all of the immunities from tort liability and all of the pension, relief, disability, workers' compensation, insurance and other benefits enjoyed by regular law enforcement officers while performing their duties.

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1536

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 7, 1996

The Senate Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1536.

This bill permits the governing body of a municipality of the first class with a population of more than 270,000 persons, according to the 1990 federal decennial census, to establish, by ordinance, a housing authority police force to patrol housing authority grounds, buildings, facilities and other areas. The ordinance is to provide for the maintenance, regulation, compensation and control of the force either as a separate department or as a division or unit of the municipal police force; however, the officers of the housing authority police force will not be deemed regular municipal police officers. If the housing authority police force is established as a separate municipal department, the appropriate authority for the force is to be the same as the authority for the municipal police force.

A person appointed as a housing authority police officer must meet the same qualification standards and training requirements that municipal law enforcement officers are statutorily required to meet. After successful completion of the training requirements, a housing authority police officer will be granted general police powers and may carry a weapon at all times while in New Jersey, subject to the training and requalification requirements of N.J.S.2C:39-6.

The municipal housing authority would be responsible for the funding of the police force. However, the housing authority may request of the governing body of the municipality reimbursement for a portion of the costs associated with the appointment, training and compensation of housing authority police officers.

The committee amended the bill to provide that a housing authority police officer may carry a weapon at all times while in this State. As introduced, the bill provided that the officer could carry a weapon while on-duty and going to and from his place of duty.