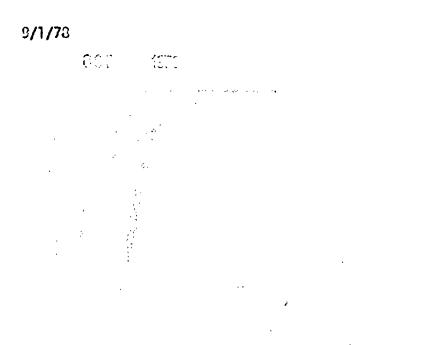
46:8B-3; 46	: 8B-12	.1; 46	; 80-12.2
LEGIS	LATIVE HISTORY	CHECKLIST	
IJSA 46:8B-3, 46:8B-12.1, 40		owners - D	ms - Control of unit uration of management
LAUS OF 1979	CHAP	TER 157	
Bill No. A182			
Sponsor(s) Kozloski, Flynn	and Van Wagn	er	
Date Introduced Pre-filed		*******	
-		and Profos	at one '
Committee: Assembly Commerce			,
Senate <u>County</u>			Amendments during passage
Amended during passage	Yes	XX	denoted by asterisks.
Date of Passage: Assembly Jan	uary 11, 197	9	
SenateA	pril 23, 197	9	
Date of approval July 19, 1	979	-spennenses	
Following statements are attached	ed if available	2:	Do Not
Sponsor statement	Yes	XX	
Committee Statement: Assembly	Yes	ХХ	
Senate	Xex	10	Rei Ca
Fiscal Note	Xee	No	
Veto hessage	XXX	No	
hessage on signing	YES XXX	₿ 6	
Following were printed:			On
Reports	XXX	No	$\vec{r} \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$
Hearings	XES	No	Remove From Librar

.

med



-HAPTER 157 LAWS OF N. J. 19. 79

[OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 182

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1978 SESSION

By Assemblymen KOZLOSKI, FLYNN and VAN WAGNER

AN Act to amend and supplement the "Condominium Act," approved January 7, 1970 (P. L. 1969, c. 257).

1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 2 of New Jersey:

1 1. Section 3 of P. L. 1969, c. 257 (C. 46:8B-3) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 3. Definitions. The following words and phrases as used in this
4 act shall have the meanings set forth in this section unless the
5 context clearly indicates otherwise:

6 a. "Assigns" means any person to whom rights of a unit owner 7 have been validly transferred by lease, mortgage or otherwise.

b. "Association" means the entity responsible for the admin9 istration of a condominium, which entity may be incorporated or
10 unincorporated.

c. "Bylaws" means the governing regulations adopted under
this act for the administration and management of the property.
d. "Common elements" means:

14

(i) the land described in the master deed;

(ii) as to any improvement, the foundations, structural and
bearing parts, supports, main walls, roofs, basements, halls,
corridors, lobbies, stairways, elevators, entrances, exits and
other means of access, excluding any specifically reserved or
limited to a particular unit or group of units;

20 (iii) yards, gardens, walkways, parking areas and drive21 ways, excluding any specifically reserved or limited to a par22 ticular unit or group of units;

(iv) portions of the land or any improvement or appurtenance reserved exclusively for the management, operation or
maintenance of the common elements or of the condominium
property;

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- $\mathbf{2}$ 27 (v) installations of all central services and utilities; (vi) all apparatus and installations existing or intended for 2829 common use; (vii) all other elements of any improvement necessary or 30 31 convenient to the existence, management, operation, mainte-32nance and safety of the condominium property or normally in 33 common use; and 34 (viii) such other elements and facilities as are designated 35 in the master deed as common elements. 36 e. "Common expenses" means expenses for which the unit owners are proportionately liable, including but not limited to: 37 (i) all expenses of administration, maintenance, repair and 38 39 replacement of the common elements; (ii) expenses agreed upon as common by all unit owners; 40 41 and 42(iii) expenses declared common by provisions of this act or 43 by the master deed or by the bylaws. f. "Common receipts" means: 44 (i) rent and other charges derived from leasing or licensing 45 the use of common elements; 46 47 (ii) funds collected from unit owners as common expenses 48 or otherwise; and 49 (iii) receipts designated as common by the provisions of this act or by the master deed or the bylaws. 50 51 g. "Common surplus" means the excess of all common receipts 52over all common expenses. 53 h. "Condominium" means the form of ownership of real property under a master deed providing for ownership by one or more 54 owners of units of improvements together with an undivided in-55 56 terest in common elements appurtenant to each such unit. i. "Condominium property" means the land covered by the 57master deed, whether or not contiguous and all improvements 58 59 thereon, all owned either in fee simple or under lease, and all easements, rights and appurtenances belonging thereto or intended for 60 the benefit thereof. 61 62 j. "Developer" means the person or persons who create a condominium or * [offer a condominium for sale or lease]* *lease, sell 63
 - 63 dominium or "Loffer a condominium for sale or lease]" "lease, sell
 64 or offer to lease or sell a condominium or units of a condominium"
 65 in the ordinary course of business, but does not include an owner or
 65 lessee of a unit who has acquired his unit for his own occupancy.
 66 [j.] k. "Limited common elements" means those common ele67 ments which are for the use of one or more specified units to the
 68 exclusion of other units.

[k.] l. "Majority" or "majority of the unit owners" means 69 70the owners of more than 50% of the aggregate in interest of the undivided ownership of the common elements as specified in the 71master deed. If a different percentage of unit owners is required 72to be determined under this act or under the master deed or bylaws 73for any purpose, such different percentage of owners shall mean 74the owners of an equal percentage of the aggregate in interest of 7576the undivided ownership of the common elements as so specified. 77[1.] m. "Master deed" means the master deed recorded under 78the terms of section 8 of this act, as such master deed may be 79amended or supplemented from time to time, being the instrument by which the owner in fee simple or lessee of the property submits 80 it to the provisions of this chapter. 81

[m.] n. "Person" means an individual, firm, corporation, partnership, association, trust or other legal entity, or any combination
thereof.

85 [n.] o. "Unit" means a part of the condominium property designed or intended for any type of independent use, having a direct 86 87 exit to a public street or way or to a common element or common 88 elements leading to a public street or way or to an easement or right of way leading to a public street or way, and includes the 89 proportionate undivided interest in the common elements and in 90 any limited common elements assigned thereto in the master deed 91 92or any amendment thereof.

93 [o.] p. "Unit deed" means a deed of conveyance of a unit in 94 recordable form.

95 [p.] q. "Unit owner" means the person or persons owning a 96 unit in fee simple.

2. (New section) a. * When unit owners other than the developer 1 own 15% or more of the units in a condominium that will be op- $\mathbf{2}$ erated ultimately by an association, the unit owners other than 3 the developer shall be entitled to elect not less than one-third of 4 the members of the board of administration of the association. $\mathbf{5}$ Unit owners other than the developer are entitled to elect not less 6 than a majority of the members of the board of administration of 7 an association: 8

9 (1) Three years after 50% of the units that will be operated ultimately by the association have been conveyed to purchasers; 10 (2) Three months after 90% of the units that will be operated 11 ultimately by the association have been conveyed to purchasers; 1213(3) When all the units that will be operated ultimately by the association have been completed, some of them have been conveyed 14 to purchasers, and none of the others are being offered for sale 1516by the developer in the ordinary course of business; or

17 (4) When some of the units have been conveyed to purchasers
18 and none of the others are being constructed or offered for sale
19 by the developer in the ordinary course of business,

20whichever occurs first. The developer is entitled to elect at least 21one member of the governing body of an association as long as 22the developer holds for sale in the ordinary course of business 23any unit in a condominium operated by the association.]* *When 23A unit owners other than the developer own 25% or more of the units 23B in a condominium that will be operated ultimately by an associa-23c tion, the unit owners other than the developer shall be entitled to 23D elect not less than 25% of the members of the governing board or 23E other form of administration of the association. Unit owners other 23F than the developer shall be entitled to elect not less than 40% of 23g the members of the governing board or other form of administra-23H tion upon the conveyance of 50% of the units in a condominium. 231 Unit owners other than the developer shall be entitled to elect all 235 of the members of the governing board or other form of administra- 23κ tion upon the conveyance of 75% of the units in a condominium. 23L However, when some of the units of a condominium have been 23M conveyed to purchasers and none of the others are being con-23N structed or offered for sale by the developer in the ordinary course 230 of business, the unit owners other than the developer shall be 23P entitled to elect all of the members of the governing board or other 23q form of administration.

23B Notwithstanding any of the provisions of subsection a of this 23S section, the developer shall be entitled to elect at least one member 23T of the governing board or other form of administration of an 23U association as long as the developer holds for sale in the ordinary 23V course of business one or more units in a condominium operated 23W by the association.*

b. Within * [60] * *30* days after the unit owners other than the $\mathbf{24}$ 25developer are entitled to elect a member or members of the governing "Tbody" *board or other form of administration* of an 26association, the association shall call, and give not less than *[30]* 2728*20* days' *[or]* *nor* more than *[40]* *30* days' notice of, a meeting of the unit owners to elect the members of the *[board of 29 administration]* *governing board or other form of administra-30 30A tion*. The meeting may be called and the notice given by any unit 30B owner if the association fails to do so.

c. If a developer holds *one or more* units for sale in the
ordinary course of business, none of the following actions may be
taken without approval in writing by the developer:

34 (1) Assessment of the developer as a unit owner for capital35 improvements.



36 (2) Any action by the association that would be detrimental to
37 the sales of units by the developer. However, an increase in as38 sessments for common expenses without discrimination against
39 the developer shall not be deemed to be detrimental to the sales
40 of units.

41 d. Prior to, or not more than 60 days after, the time that unit owners other than the developer elect a majority of the members 42of the "[board of administration]" * governing board or other form 43of administration* of an association, the developer shall relinquish 44 control of the association, and the unit owners shall accept control. 45Simultaneously, the developer shall deliver to the association all 46property of the unit owners and of the association held or con-47trolled by the developer, including, but not limited to, the following $\mathbf{48}$ 49items, if applicable, as to each condominium operated by the $49_{\rm A}$ association:

(1) A photocopy of the master deed and all amendments thereto,
certified by affidavit of the developer, or an officer or agent of the
developer, as being a complete copy of the actual master deed.

53 (2) A certified copy of the association's articles of incorporation,
54 or if not incorporated, then copies of the documents creating the
55 association.

56 (3) A copy of the bylaws.

57 (4) The minute books, including all minutes, and other books 58 and records of the association, if any.

59 (5) Any house rules and regulations which have been promul-60 gated.

61 (6) Resignations of officers and members of the * board of ad-62 ministration]* * governing board or other form of administration* 63 who are required to resign because the developer is required to 63A relinquish control of the association.

64 (7) An accounting for all association funds, including capital65 accounts and contributions.

66 (8) Association funds or control thereof.

67 (9) All tangible personal property that is property of the as68 sociation, represented by the developer to be part of the common
69 elements or ostensibly part of the common elements, and an in70 ventory of that property.

(10) A copy of the plans and specifications utilized in the construction or remodeling of improvements and the supplying of equipment to the condominium and in the construction and installation of all mechanical components serving the improvements and the site, with a certificate in affidavit form of the developer, his agent, or an architect or engineer authorized to practice in this 77 State that such plans and specifications represent, to the best of 78their knowledge and belief, the actual plans and specifications utilized in the construction and improvement of the condominium 7980 property and for the construction and installation of the mechanical components serving the improvements. If the condominium prop-81 erty has been declared a condominium more than 3 years after the 8283 completion of construction or remodeling of the improvements, the requirements of this paragraph shall not apply. 84

85 (11) Insurance policies.

86 (12) Copies of any certificates of occupancy which may have87 been issued for the condominium property.

(13) Any other permits issued by governmental bodies applicable to the condominium property in force or issued within 1 year
prior to the date the unit owners other than the developer take
control of the association.

92 (14) All written warranties of the contractor, subcontractors,93 suppliers, and manufacturers, if any, that are still effective.

94 (15) A roster of unit owners and their addresses and telephone95 numbers, if known, as shown on the developer's records.

96 (16) Leases of the common elements and other leases to which97 the association is a party.

98 (17) Employment contracts "[or]", management contracts, 99 maintenance contracts, contracts for the supply of equipment or 100 materials, and" service contracts in which the association is one 101 of the contracting parties "[or]" *and maintenance contracts and" 102 service contracts in which the association or the unit owners have 102A an obligation or responsibility, directly or indirectly to pay some 102B or all of the fee or charge of the person or persons performing 102C the service.

103 (18) All other contracts to which the association is a party.

3. (New section) Any management *[or]* *,* employment*, 1 service or maintenance* contract*[,]* or *contract for the supply $\mathbf{2}$ of equipment or material* * [lease of recreational or parking areas 3 or facilities]*, which is directly or indirectly made by or on behalf 4 of the association, prior to the unit owners * [being entitled to elect 5 a majority]* *having elected at least 75%* of the members of the 6 governing *[body]* *board or other form of administration* of 7 the association, shall not be entered into for a period in excess of 8 2 years. Any such contract or lease may not be renewed or *[ex-9 tendedd]* *extended* for periods in excess of 2 years and at the 10 end of any 2-year period, the association may terminate any further 11 renewals or extensions thereof. 12

1 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

6

98 (17) Employment contracts or service contracts in which the 99 association is one of the contracting parties or service contracts 100 in which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or 101 responsibility, directly or indirectly to pay some or all of the fee 102 or charge of the person or persons performing the service.

103 (18) All other contracts to which the association is a party.

3. (New section) Any management or employment contract, or 1 lease of recreational or parking areas or facilities, which is di- $\mathbf{2}$ rectly or indirectly made by or on behalf of the association, prior 3 $\mathbf{4}$ to the unit owners being entitled to elect a majority of the members of the governing body of the association, shall not be entered $\mathbf{5}$ into for a period in excess of 2 years. Any such contract or lease 6 may not be renewed or extendedd for periods in excess of 2 years 7 and at the end of any 2-year period, the association may terminate 8 any further renewals or extensions thereof. 9

1 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

Sponsors statement

Management of condominium common areas and recreational facilities is the function of the condominium association, control of which often remains in the hands of the condominium developer long after the condominium complex has been started and many individual units have been sold. This situation allows developers to enter into long-term management and other service-related contracts unfavorable to the unit owners which are binding on the association even after control of that association passes to the unit owners. In order to improve the rights of condominium owners in this regard, this bill would specify when control of the condominium association must pass to the unit owners and prohibit management contracts of longer than 2 years duration prior to such passage.

A182 (1979)

ASSEMBLY COMMERCE, INDUSTRY AND PROFESSIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 182

with Assembly committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 4, 1978

This bill specifies when the control of the governing board of a condominium must pass to the unit owners and limits the duration of management and service contracts of a condominium to two years if the unit owners have not elected at least 75% of the governing board.

The committee amended section 2 of the bill to provide that the unit owners would be entitled to elect at least 25% of the membership of the governing board of a condominium when they own 25% of the units; at least 40% of the membership of the governing board when they own 50% of the units; and all of the membership of the governing board when they own 75% of the units. If the developer stops construction of the condominium or discontinues the sale of the remaining units, the unit owners would be entitled to elect all of the members of the governing board. As long as the developer has one or more units for sale in the ordinary course of business, the developer would be entitled to elect at least one board member. Elections would have to be held within 60 days. The provisions of this section conform to and are not in conflict with the regulations on the administration and control of real estate developments that were promulgated by the Department of Community Affairs pursuant to "The Planned Real Estate Development Full Disclosure Act" (P. L. 1977, c. 419).

The committee amended section 3 to add service and maintenance contracts and contracts for the supply of equipment or material to the management and employment contracts already limited to a two year duration under the bill. Leases on recreational and parking areas or facilities were deleted from this section because they are adequately provided for in Assembly Bill No. 176 which was released from committee at the same time as this bill.

Governors Statement

- that he has served three years as an apprentice dispenser and during that time completed the requisite number of school hours of Board-approved courses in opthalmic science.

- Lin

7. .. 10 1979

Under prior law, candidates could only qualify for licensure by serving a minimum of four years an an apprentice opthalmic dispenser.

The bill also sets forth the requirements for a three-year apprenticeship, and empowers the Board to require all dispensers to take Board-approved refresher courses in the profession or maintain proficiency in some other Board-approved manner in order to qualify for license renewal.

<u>S-3231</u>, also sponsored by Senator Bedell, which authorizes the Commissioner of Banking to permit state-chartered banks to charge the same interest rate as federally chartered banks on non-mortgage loans of less than \$50,000.

A-182, sponsored by Assemblyman Walter Kozloski (D-Monmouth), which amends the Condominium Act of 1970 regarding the election of members of the governing boards of condominium associations.

The bill specifies the time at which control of the governing board of the associations must pass to the unit owners and limits the duration of the management and service contracts to two years if the unit owners have not elected 75 per cent of the members of the governing board.

Under the measure, unit owners will be entitled to elect at least 25 per cent of the members of the association board if they own 25 per cent of the units, at least 40 per cent of the members if they own 50 per cent of the units, and all the members when they own at least 75 per cent of the units.

However, as long as the developer has one or more units for sale in the ordinary course of business, he will be entitled to elect one member of the board.

Under prior law, a developer was able to maintain control of a condominium association long after the complex had been started and many units sold.

(13056)