56:10-6.1

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2009 **CHAPTER:** 63

NJSA: 56:10-6.1 (Concerns franchisors' assignment of interest relating to franchisees engaged in the retail

sale of motor fuel)

BILL NO: S2553 (Substituted for A3726)

SPONSOR(S): Cardinale and others

DATE INTRODUCED: February 9, 2009

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Appropriations

SENATE: Commerce

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: May 21, 2009

SENATE: May 21, 2009

DATE OF APPROVAL: June 10, 2009

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Second reprint enacted)

S2553

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: Yes

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A3726

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Transportation 3-12-09

Appropriations 5-18-09

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

(continued)

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LAW/IS 10/7/09

[Second Reprint] SENATE, No. 2553

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

213th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 9, 2009

Sponsored by:

Senator GERALD CARDINALE

District 39 (Bergen)

Senator PAUL A. SARLO

District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)

Assemblyman PATRICK J. DIEGNAN, JR.

District 18 (Middlesex)

Assemblyman JON M. BRAMNICK

District 21 (Essex, Morris, Somerset and Union)

Assemblyman UPENDRA J. CHIVUKULA

District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

Assemblyman RUBEN J. RAMOS, JR.

District 33 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblyman Prieto, Assemblywomen Rodriguez, Vainieri Huttle, Assemblymen Johnson, Vas and Burzichelli

SYNOPSIS

Concerns franchisors' assignment of interest relating to franchisees engaged in the retail sale of motor fuel.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Appropriations Committee on May 18, 2009, with amendments.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/22/2009)

1 AN ACT concerning the assignment of certain franchise interests 2 and supplementing P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1 et seq.).

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. It shall be a violation of the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1 et seq.):
- a. For a franchisor to transfer, assign ², ² or sell an interest in 9 one or more franchise premises '[that is a retail dealer, as defined 10 by section 101 of P.L.1938, c.163 (C.56:6-1), engaged 2 where which² a franchisee ²who purchases motor fuels and² engages¹ in 12 the 'retail' sale 2[of motor fuel, and that 1[a] the franchisee] 13 thereof² has occupied under a lease ¹[, sublease or other grant of 14 15 authority] agreement or agreements for a period of at least three consecutive years, or ²[has] occupies under ² a lease agreement for 16 17 a term of at least three years¹, unless the franchisor:
 - (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign ², or sell to the franchisee all of the franchisor's interest in the 'franchise' premises, ²[for]² which ²offer² the franchisee shall have 60 days ²[in which]2 to accept or reject 2[the offer]2; and
 - (2) ²[¹(a)¹]² if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer 1 for the transfer, assignment, or sale of the franchise premises¹ presented by another person acceptable to the franchisor as a successor to the franchisor's interest, ²[for]² which ²offer² the franchisee shall have 60 days ²[in which]² to accept or reject ²[the franchisor's offer]². ¹If the franchisee accepts an offer by the franchisor made pursuant to this paragraph, the franchisor, as a condition for entering into the contract for the accepted offer, may request as a good faith acknowledgement of the contract, a deposit by the franchisee of up to 10% ²[on] of the total amount payable under the terms of the contract, which shall be non-refundable if the franchisee willfully defaults on the contract. A franchisor shall not be prohibited from exercising other contractual provisions, and nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to hinder the rights of the franchisor to recover additional damages as provided under the ²[(b)]² Any modification of the offer presented to the franchisor by the other person acceptable to the franchisor as a successor shall require that offer, as modified, 2to2 be resubmitted to the franchisee in accordance with ²[subparagraph (a)] the foregoing provisions² of this paragraph ²;

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Senate SCM committee amendments adopted February 26, 2009.

²Assembly AAP committee amendments adopted May 18, 2009.

- 1 except that nothing contained herein shall require the franchisor,
- 2 having made a bona fide offer or offer under a right of first refusal
- 3 to transfer, assign, or sell to the franchisee the franchisor's interest
- 4 in the premises pursuant to paragraph (1) or paragraph (2),
- 5 respectively, of this subsection, which offer the franchisee has
- 6 rejected or failed to accept timely, to make a new offer upon the
- 7 occurrence of a legitimate subsequent change at closing².¹
- 8 b. For any successor owner, following a transfer, assignment
- 9 2,2 or sale subsequent to the franchisee's rejection of 2[offers], or
- 10 failure to accept timely, an offer² made by the franchisor pursuant
- 11 to ²[paragraphs] paragraph² (1) ²[and] or paragraph² (2) of
- 12 subsection a. ²of this section²:
- 13 (1) not to maintain the requirements of the franchise
- ² arrangement² in effect at the time of the transfer, assignment ², ² or sale for each premises, unless ² that arrangement is ² changed only
- by mutual agreement of the franchisee and the successor owner;
- 17 (2) not to renew, at the expiration of the franchise [agreement]
- 18 arrangement in effect at the time of the transfer, assignment, or
- sale, the franchise '[agreement] arrangement' of the franchisee for
- 20 the same number of years as the franchise '[agreement]
- 21 <u>arrangement</u> in effect at the time of the transfer, assignment ², ² or
- sale, provided the renewal shall not exceed five years; and
 - (3) to require the franchisee to:
 - (a) participate in promotional campaigns of the successor owner's products;
 - (b) meet sales quotas;

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- (c) sell any product at a price suggested by the successor owner
- or successor owner's supplier;
 - (d) keep the premises open and operating during hours which are documented by the franchisee to be unprofitable to the franchisee; or
- franchisee; or

 (e) disclose to the successor owner or successor owner's supplier any financial records of the operation of the franchisee's premises which are not related or necessary to the franchisee's
- obligations under the franchise '[agreement] arrangement'.
- Nothing in this subsection shall affect the successor owner's
- 37 ability to terminate, cancel 2,2 or fail to renew a franchise
- 38 ²arrangement² for good cause shown in accordance with the
- 39 provisions of the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356
- 40 (C.56:10-1 et seq.).
- 41 c. For any successor owner, as set forth in subsection b. of this
- section, to transfer, assign ², ² or sell an interest in a single franchise
- premises '[that is a retail dealer] where a franchisee has' engaged
- 44 in the 'retail' sale of motor fuel that is not part of two or more
- 45 franchise premises '[retail dealers]', presented by the successor
- owner as a package to transfer, assign ², ² or sell, and that ¹[a] the ¹

S2553 [2R] CARDINALE, SARLO

franchisee has occupied under a lease ¹[, sublease or other grant of authority] agreement or agreements for a period of three consecutive years, or ²[has] occupies under ² a lease agreement for a term of at least three years¹, unless the successor owner makes an offer to transfer, assign 2,2 or sell to the franchisee the successor owner's interest, or offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on an offer presented by another person acceptable to the successor owner as a new successor to the interest, in accordance with the provisions of subsection a. of this section.

²2. The provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) pertaining to franchisors shall not apply to any distributor which owns or otherwise controls through lease, fewer than 40 premises. For purposes of this section, "distributor" means any person, including any affiliate of such person, who: (1) purchases motor fuel for sale, consignment, or distribution to another; or (2) receives motor fuel for consignment or distribution to the person's or affiliate's own motor fuel accounts, but shall not include a person who merely serves as a common carrier providing transportation services for another. ²

²3. The provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall not apply to the sale, transfer, or assignment of one or more franchise premises from one family member to another family member. For the purposes of this section, "family member" means a spouse, child, parent, sibling, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin, grandparent, grandchild, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister, whether the individual is related by blood, marriage, or adoption.²

²4. If any provision of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) or the application of any such provision to any person or circumstance should be held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) and the application of its provisions to persons or circumstances other than those with respect to whom or which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby.²

²[2.] 5.² This act shall take effect ²[on the first day of the first month next following] upon² enactment, and shall apply to ¹any¹ franchise ¹[agreements entered into] arrangement in effect¹ on ¹[or after]¹ ²[that effective date and shall also apply to any franchise]² ¹[agreement] ²[arrangement¹ entered into]² ¹[prior

S2553 [2R] CARDINALE, SARLO 5

- to] ²[on or after the effective date] February 2, 2009 or becoming 1
- effective thereafter².

Nothing in this subsection shall affect the successor owner's ability to terminate, cancel or fail to renew a franchise for good cause shown in accordance with the provisions of the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1 et seq.).

c. For any successor owner, as set forth in subsection b. of this section, to transfer, assign or sell an interest in a single franchise premises that is a retail dealer engaged in the sale of motor fuel that is not part of two or more franchise premises retail dealers, presented by the successor owner as a package to transfer, assign or sell, and that a franchisee has occupied under a lease, sublease or other grant of authority, unless the successor owner makes an offer to transfer, assign or sell to the franchisee the successor owner's interest, or offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on an offer presented by another person acceptable to the successor owner as a new successor to the interest, in accordance with the provisions of subsection a of this section.

2. This act shall take effect on the first day of the first month next following enactment, and shall apply to franchise agreements entered into on or after that effective date and shall also apply to any franchise agreement entered into prior to the effective date.

SPONSORS STATEMENT

This bill establishes certain limitations on a franchisor's assignment of interest relating to franchisees engaged in the retail sale of motor fuel.

The first limitation set forth under the bill prevents a franchisor from transferring, assigning or selling an interest in one or more franchise premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease, sublease or other grant of authority, unless the franchisor: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign or sell the interest to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the franchisor to the interest. In both cases, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer.

The next limitation concerns successor owners. Any successor owner, following a transfer, assignment or sale: shall maintain the requirements of the franchise in effect at the time of the transfer, assignment or sale, unless changed by mutual agreement of the franchisee and successor owner; shall renew the franchise agreement at its expiration for the same number of years as the previously effective agreement, provided the renewal shall not exceed five years; and shall not require the franchisee to adhere to certain business practices, such as sales quotas, selling products at the successor owner's suggested prices, and keeping the premises open and operating during hours documented to be unprofitable.

S2553 CARDINALE, SARLO

The final limitation prevents the above described successor owner from then transferring, assigning or selling an interest in a single premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease, sublease or other grant of authority, unless the successor owner: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign or sell the interest to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the successor owner to the interest. In both cases, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer.

A violation of these limitations is declared under the bill to be a violation of the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1), thus permitting a franchisee to bring an action in Superior Court to recover damages sustained, injunctive relief where appropriate, and entitlement to costs of suit and reasonable attorney's fees.

The bill is intended to take effect on the first day of the first month next following enactment and apply to franchise agreements entered into on or after the effective date, and shall additionally apply retroactively to any franchise agreement entered into prior to the bill taking effect.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] SENATE, No. 2553

with Assembly committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 18, 2009

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2553 (1R), with committee amendments.

The bill, as amended, establishes certain limitations on a franchisor's sale or assignment of an interest in one or more franchise premises where a franchisee buys motor fuels and sells them at retail.

The bill prohibits a franchisor from transferring, assigning, or selling an interest in one or more franchise premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease agreement or agreements for a period of at least three consecutive years, or occupies under a lease agreement for a term of at least three years, unless the franchisor: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign, or sell the interest in the franchise premises to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the franchisor to the interest. In either case, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer. If the franchisee accepts a franchisor's offer under the right of first refusal, the franchisor, as a condition for entering into the contract for the accepted offer, may request as a good faith acknowledgement of the contract, a deposit by the franchisee of up to 10% on the total amount payable under the terms of the contract. This deposit shall be non-refundable if the franchisee willfully defaults on the contract.

The bill also imposes limitations on successor owners. Any successor owner, following a transfer, assignment, or sale: (1) shall maintain the requirements of the franchise arrangement in effect at the time of the transfer, assignment, or sale, unless that arrangement is changed by mutual agreement of the franchisee and successor owner; (2) shall renew the franchise arrangement at its expiration for the same term of years as the previously effective arrangement, not exceeding five years; and (3) may not require the franchisee to adhere to certain business practices, such as sales quotas, selling products at the successor owner's suggested prices, and keeping the premises open and operating during hours documented to be unprofitable.

Finally, the bill prohibits the successor owner from transferring, assigning, or selling an interest in a single premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease agreement or agreements for a period of three consecutive years, or occupies under a lease agreement for a term of at least three years, unless the successor owner: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign, or sell the interest to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the successor owner to the interest. In both cases, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer.

A violation of these limitations is declared under the bill to be a violation of the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1 et seq.), thus permitting a franchisee to bring an action in Superior Court to recover damages sustained, injunctive relief where appropriate, and entitlement to costs of suit and reasonable attorney's fees.

The bill's restrictions on franchisors would not apply to any distributor owning or controlling fewer than 40 premises. Its provisions would also be inapplicable to the sale, transfer, or assignment of retail motor fuel franchise premises to a "family member" as defined under the legislation. The bill includes a "severability clause" limiting the effect of a court decision invalidating any of its provisions to the specific provision invalidated, and the scope of such invalidation to the persons and circumstances with respect to whom or which the holding was issued.

The bill is to take effect upon enactment and apply to any franchise arrangements in effect on February 2, 2009, or becoming effective thereafter.

This bill, as amended and reported, is identical to Assembly Bill No. 3726 (1R), as amended and reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The bill was not certified as requiring a fiscal note; and the amendments would have no immediate fiscal implications.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

Committee amendments to the bill: (1) require a franchisee to be a buyer, as well as a retail seller, of motor fuels at the franchise premises in order to qualify for the bill's protections; (2) specify that the provisions for the initial bona fide offer, and for the "first refusal" right of preemption, for the sale of franchise premises should not be construed to require the franchisor to make a new offer upon the occurrence of a legitimate subsequent change at closing; (3) add the exemptions for distributors and intra-family sales from coverage under the legislation and insert the "severability clause"; (4) provide for the bill to take effect immediately, rather than on the first day of the month following enactment, and to apply retroactively to franchise

arrangements in effect on February 2, 2009; and (5) make various clarifications and editorial changes.

SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2553

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 26, 2009

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 2553

This bill, as amended, establishes certain limitations on a franchisor's assignment of interest in one or more franchise premises where a franchisee engages in the retail sale of motor fuel.

The first limitation set forth under the bill prevents a franchisor from transferring, assigning or selling an interest in one or more franchise premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease agreement or agreements for a period of at least three years, or has a lease agreement for a term of at least three years, unless the franchisor: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign or sell the interest in the franchise premises to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the franchisor to the interest. In both cases, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer.

If the franchisee accepts a franchisor's offer by exercising a right of first refusal, the franchisor, as a condition for entering into the contract for the accepted offer, may request as a good faith acknowledgement of the contract, a deposit by the franchisee of up to 10% on the total amount payable under the terms of the contract. This deposit shall be non-refundable if the franchisee willfully defaults on the contract.

The next limitation concerns successor owners. Any successor owner, following a transfer, assignment or sale: shall maintain the requirements of the franchise arrangement in effect at the time of the transfer, assignment or sale, unless changed by mutual agreement of the franchisee and successor owner; shall renew the franchise arrangement at its expiration for the same number of years as the previously effective arrangement, provided the renewal shall not exceed five years; and shall not require the franchisee to adhere to certain business practices, such as sales quotas, selling products at the successor owner's suggested prices, and keeping the premises open and operating during hours documented to be unprofitable.

The final limitation prevents the above described successor owner from then transferring, assigning or selling an interest in a single premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease agreement or agreements for a period of three consecutive years, or has a lease agreement for a term of at least three years, unless the successor owner: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign or sell the interest to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the successor owner to the interest. In both cases, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer.

A violation of these limitations is declared under the bill to be a violation of the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1), thus permitting a franchisee to bring an action in Superior Court to recover damages sustained, injunctive relief where appropriate, and entitlement to costs of suit and reasonable attorney's fees.

The bill is intended to take effect on the first day of the first month next following enactment and apply to all current franchise agreements in existence on the effective date, and any new franchise agreements entered into on or after the effective date.

The committee amendments to the bill:

- clarify that the general intent of the bill is to address the transfer, assignment, or sale of an interest in franchise premises where a franchisee has engaged in the retail sale of motor fuel, and has occupied the premises under a lease agreement or agreements for a period of at least three years, or has a lease agreement for a term of at least three years;
- eliminate the term "retail dealer" throughout the bill, and the cross-reference to its definition in section 101 of P.L.1938, c.163 (C.56:6-1);
- require, regarding a franchisee's right of first refusal, that any offer presented by a third party to a franchisor that is subsequently modified be resubmitted to the franchisee for consideration as a new offer:
- provide, if the franchisee accepts an offer by exercising a right of first refusal, the franchisor, as a condition for entering the contract for the accepted offer, may request as a good faith acknowledgement of the contract, a deposit by the franchisee of up to 10% on the total amount payable under the terms of the contract, which shall be non-refundable if the franchisee willfully defaults on the contract; and
- clarify the application of the bill to any franchise arrangement in effect on the bill's effective date, and to any franchise arrangement entered into on or after that date.

Nothing in this subsection shall affect the successor owner's ability to terminate, cancel or fail to renew a franchise for good cause shown in accordance with the provisions of the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1 et seq.).

c. For any successor owner, as set forth in subsection b. of this section, to transfer, assign or sell an interest in a single franchise premises that is a retail dealer engaged in the sale of motor fuel that is not part of two or more franchise premises retail dealers, presented by the successor owner as a package to transfer, assign or sell, and that a franchisee has occupied under a lease, sublease or other grant of authority, unless the successor owner makes an offer to transfer, assign or sell to the franchisee the successor owner's interest, or offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on an offer presented by another person acceptable to the successor owner as a new successor to the interest, in accordance with the provisions of subsection a. of this section.

2. This act shall take effect on the first day of the first month next following enactment, and shall apply to franchise agreements entered into on or after that effective date and shall also apply to any franchise agreement entered into prior to the effective date.

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT

This bill establishes certain limitations on a franchisor's assignment of interest relating to franchisees engaged in the retail sale of motor fuel.

The first limitation set forth under the bill prevents a franchisor from transferring, assigning or selling an interest in one or more franchise premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease, sublease or other grant of authority, unless the franchisor: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign or sell the interest to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the franchisor to the interest. In both cases, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer.

The next limitation concerns successor owners. Any successor owner, following a transfer, assignment or sale: shall maintain the requirements of the franchise in effect at the time of the transfer, assignment or sale, unless changed by mutual agreement of the franchisee and successor owner; shall renew the franchise agreement at its expiration for the same number of years as the previously effective agreement, provided the renewal shall not exceed five years; and shall not require the franchisee to adhere to certain business practices, such as sales quotas, selling products at the successor owner's suggested prices, and keeping the premises open and operating during hours documented to be unprofitable.

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The final limitation prevents the above described successor owner from then transferring, assigning or selling an interest in a single premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease, sublease or other grant of authority, unless the successor owner: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign or sell the interest to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the successor owner to the interest. In both cases, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer.

A violation of these limitations is declared under the bill to be a violation of the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1), thus permitting a franchisee to bring an action in Superior Court to recover damages sustained, injunctive relief where appropriate, and entitlement to costs of suit and reasonable attorney's fees.

The bill is intended to take effect on the first day of the first month next following enactment and apply to franchise agreements entered into on or after the effective date, and shall additionally apply retroactively to any franchise agreement entered into prior to the bill taking effect.

ASSEMBLY TRANSPORTATION, PUBLIC WORKS AND INDEPENDENT AUTHORITIES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3726

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 12, 2009

The Assembly Transportation, Public Works and Independent Authorities Committee reports favorably and with amendments Assembly Bill No. 3726.

As reported, this amended bill establishes certain limitations on a franchisor's assignment of interest in one or more franchise premises where a franchisee engages in the retail sale of motor fuel.

The first limitation set forth under the amended bill prevents a franchisor from transferring, assigning, or selling an interest in one or more franchise premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease agreement or agreements for a period of at least three years, or has a lease agreement for a term of at least three years, unless the franchisor: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign, or sell the interest in the franchise premises to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the franchisor to the interest. In both cases, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer.

If the franchisee accepts a franchisor's offer by exercising the right of first refusal, the franchisor, as a condition for entering into the contract for the accepted offer, may request as a good faith acknowledgement of the contract, a deposit by the franchisee of up to 10% on the total amount payable under the terms of the contract. This deposit shall be non-refundable if the franchisee willfully defaults on the contract.

The next limitation concerns successor owners. Any successor owner, following a transfer, assignment, or sale: shall maintain the requirements of the franchise arrangement in effect at the time of the transfer, assignment, or sale, unless changed by mutual agreement of the franchisee and successor owner; shall renew the franchise arrangement at its expiration for the same number of years as the previously effective arrangement, provided the renewal shall not exceed five years; and shall not require the franchisee to adhere to certain business practices, such as sales quotas, selling products at the

successor owner's suggested prices, and keeping the premises open and operating during hours documented to be unprofitable.

The final limitation prevents the above described successor owner from then transferring, assigning, or selling an interest in a single premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease agreement or agreements for a period of three consecutive years, or has a lease agreement for a term of at least three years, unless the successor owner: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign, or sell the interest to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the successor owner to the interest. In both cases, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer.

A violation of these limitations is declared under the bill to be a violation of the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1 et seq.), thus permitting a franchisee to bring an action in Superior Court to recover damages sustained, injunctive relief where appropriate, and entitlement to costs of suit and reasonable attorney's fees.

The amended bill shall take effect on the first day of the first month next following enactment and apply to all current franchise agreements in existence on the effective date, and any new franchise agreements entered into on or after the effective date.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amendments clarify that the general intent of the bill is to address the transfer, assignment, or sale of an interest in franchise premises where a franchisee has engaged in the retail sale of motor fuel, and has occupied the premises under a lease agreement or agreements for a period of at least three years, or has a lease agreement for a term of at least three years.

The amendments require, regarding a franchisee's right of first refusal, that any offer presented by a third party to a franchisor that is subsequently modified be resubmitted to the franchisee for consideration as a new offer. The amendments also provide that if the franchisee accepts an offer by exercising a right of first refusal, the franchisor, as a condition for entering the contract for the accepted offer, may request as a good faith acknowledgement of the contract, a deposit by the franchisee of up to 10% on the total amount payable under the terms of the contract, which shall be non-refundable if the franchisee willfully defaults on the contract.

The amendments eliminate the term "retail dealer" throughout the bill, and the cross-reference to its definition in section 101 of P.L.1938, c.163 (C.56:6-1).

The amendments clarify the application of the bill to any franchise arrangement in effect on the bill's effective date, and to any franchise arrangement entered into on or after that date.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3726

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 18, 2009

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3726 (1R), with committee amendments.

The bill, as amended, establishes certain limitations on a franchisor's sale or assignment of an interest in one or more franchise premises where a franchisee buys motor fuels and sells them at retail.

The bill prohibits a franchisor from transferring, assigning, or selling an interest in one or more franchise premises that a franchisee has occupied under a lease agreement or agreements for a period of at least three consecutive years, or occupies under a lease agreement for a term of at least three years, unless the franchisor: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign, or sell the interest in the franchise premises to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the franchisor to the interest. In either case, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer. If the franchisee accepts a franchisor's offer under the right of first refusal, the franchisor, as a condition for entering into the contract for the accepted offer, may request as a good faith acknowledgement of the contract, a deposit by the franchisee of up to 10% on the total amount payable under the terms of the contract. This deposit shall be non-refundable if the franchisee willfully defaults on the contract.

The bill also imposes limitations on successor owners. Any successor owner, following a transfer, assignment, or sale: (1) shall maintain the requirements of the franchise arrangement in effect at the time of the transfer, assignment, or sale, unless that arrangement is changed by mutual agreement of the franchisee and successor owner; (2) shall renew the franchise arrangement at its expiration for the same term of years as the previously effective arrangement, not exceeding five years; and (3) may not require the franchisee to adhere to certain business practices, such as sales quotas, selling products at the successor owner's suggested prices, and keeping the premises open and operating during hours documented to be unprofitable.

Finally, the bill prohibits the successor owner from transferring, assigning, or selling an interest in a single premises that a franchisee

has occupied under a lease agreement or agreements for a period of three consecutive years, or occupies under a lease agreement for a term of at least three years, unless the successor owner: (1) makes a bona fide offer to transfer, assign, or sell the interest to the franchisee; and (2) if applicable, offers the franchisee a right of first refusal on any offer presented by another person acceptable to succeed the successor owner to the interest. In both cases, the franchisee shall have 60 days in which to accept or reject the offer.

A violation of these limitations is declared under the bill to be a violation of the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1 et seq.), thus permitting a franchisee to bring an action in Superior Court to recover damages sustained, injunctive relief where appropriate, and entitlement to costs of suit and reasonable attorney's fees.

The bill's restrictions on franchisors would not apply to any distributor owning or controlling fewer than 40 premises. Its provisions would also be inapplicable to the sale, transfer, or assignment of retail motor fuel franchise premises to a "family member" as defined under the legislation. The bill includes a "severability clause" limiting the effect of a court decision invalidating any of its provisions to the specific provision invalidated, and the scope of such invalidation to the persons and circumstances with respect to whom or which the holding was issued.

The bill is to take effect upon enactment and apply to any franchise arrangements in effect on February 2, 2009, or becoming effective thereafter.

This bill, as amended and reported, is identical to Senate Bill No. 2553 (1R), as amended and also reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The bill was not certified as requiring a fiscal note; and the amendments would have no immediate fiscal implications.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

Committee amendments to the bill: (1) require a franchisee to be a buyer, as well as a retail seller, of motor fuels at the franchise premises in order to qualify for the bill's protections; (2) specify that the provisions for the initial bona fide offer, and for the "first refusal" right of preemption, for the sale of franchise premises should not be construed to require the franchisor to make a new offer upon the occurrence of a legitimate subsequent change at closing; (3) add the exemptions for distributors and intra-family sales from coverage under the legislation and insert the "severability clause"; (4) provide for the bill to take effect immediately, rather than on the first day of the month following enactment, and to apply retroactively to franchise arrangements in effect on February 2, 2009; and (5) make various clarifications and editorial changes.