30:4D-6s et al LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2021 **CHAPTER**: 376

NJSA: 30:4D-6s et al (Expands requirement of health insurers and Medicaid program to cover prescriptions for

contraceptives for up to 12 months)

BILL NO: S413 (Substituted for A4698 (1R))

SPONSOR(S) Turner, Shirley K. and others

DATE INTRODUCED: 1/14/2020

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Health

Appropriations

SENATE: Commerce

Budget & Appropriations

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: 1/10/2022

SENATE: 1/10/2022

DATE OF APPROVAL: 1/13/2022

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL

(Senate Committee Substitute (First Reprint) enacted)
Yes

S413

INTRODUCED BILL (INCLUDES SPONSOR'S STATEMENT): Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Health

Appropriations

SENATE: Yes Commerce

Budget & Appropriations

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

A4698 (1R)

INTRODUCED BILL (INCLUDES SPONSOR'S STATEMENT): Yes

(Audio archived recordings of the copossibly be found at www.njleg.sta	<u> </u>	sponding to the date of the committed	e statement, <i>may</i>	
FLOOR AMENDME	NT STATEMENT:	No		
LEGISLATIVE FISCA	L ESTIMATE:	Yes		
VETO MESSAGE:		No		
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON S	IGNING:	Yes		
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED: To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org				
REPORTS:		No		
HEARINGS:		No		
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:		Yes		

Susan K. Livio and Brent Johnson - For The Star-Ledger, 'Murphy signs law protecting abortion rights in N.J. Measure follows up on 1982 state Supreme Court decision and precedes possible loss of federal safeguard.', *Star-Ledger, The*(online), 14 Jan 2022

ASSEMBLY:

SENATE:

Health

Appropriations

Yes

No

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

RWH/JA

P.L. 2021, CHAPTER 376, *approved January 13*, 2022 Senate Committee Substitute (*First Reprint*) for Senate, No. 413

AN ACT concerning insurance and Medicaid program coverage for prescribed contraceptives, amending P.L.2005, c.251, and supplementing P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.).

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 1 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48-6ee) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. A hospital service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
 - (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
 - (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
 - (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- 36 (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of 37 drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, 38 including but not limited to:

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 (a) Management of side effects;

- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
 - (c) Device insertion and removal;
- 4 (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or 5 products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the 6 subscriber's health care provider; and
 - (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - (2) <u>up to</u> a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a sixmonth period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract**]** at one time.
 - c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
 - (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
 - d. This section shall apply to those contracts in which the hospital service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.
 - e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

(cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.1)

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48A-7bb) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. A medical service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act,

- for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
 - (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
 - (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
 - (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
 - (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;

- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) up to a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a sixmonth period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract **]** at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract,

except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-2 sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.

- (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. This section shall apply to those contracts in which the medical service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.
- Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional 11 12 preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health 13 14 Resources and Services Administration of the United States 15 Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13. 16

(cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.2)

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- 3. Section 3 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48E-35.29) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. a. A health service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
- 46 (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.

- 1 (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of 2 drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, 3 including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;

- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- 7 (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or 8 products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the 9 subscriber's health care provider; and
 - (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - (2) <u>up to</u> a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract**]** at one time.
 - c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
 - (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
 - d. This section shall apply to those contracts in which the health service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.
 - e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.3)

- 45 4. Section 4 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27-46.1ee) is amended 46 to read as follows:
- 47 4. a. A group health insurer that provides hospital or medical 48 expense benefits shall provide coverage under every policy

- delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
 - (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
 - (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
 - (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
 - (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;

- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) <u>up to</u> a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a sixmonth period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract**]** at one time.

- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the policy, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
 - (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
 - This section shall apply to those policies in which the insurer has reserved the right to change the premium.
- 13 Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional 14 preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the 15 United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States 16 17 Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the 18 provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13. 19
 - (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.4)

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- 5. Section 5 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:26-2.1y) is amended to
- a. An individual health insurer that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every policy delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- 47 (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.

- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of 1 2 drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, 3 including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;

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- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- (1) [a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and [(Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) up to a [six-month] 12-month period [for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a sixmonth period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract 1 at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the policy, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. This section shall apply to those policies in which the insurer has reserved the right to change the premium.
- Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

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(cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.5)

- 44 6. Section 6 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.26:2J-4.30) is amended to 45 read as follows:
- 46 6. a. A certificate of authority to establish and operate a health 47 maintenance organization in this State shall not be issued or continued on or after the effective date of this act for a health

maintenance organization, unless the health maintenance organization provides health care services for prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:

- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;

- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- (1) [a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and] (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) <u>up to</u> a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a sixmonth period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract**]** at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the health care services shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the

- contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any 2 other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
 - (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
 - d. The provisions of this section shall apply to those contracts for health care services by health maintenance organizations under which the right to change the schedule of charges for enrollee coverage is reserved.
 - e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

18 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.6)

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- 7. Section 7 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27A-7.12) is amended to read as follows:
 - 7. a. An individual health benefits plan required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1992, c.161 (C.17B:27A-4) shall provide coverage for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
 - (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
 - (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
 - (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- 45 (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of 46 drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, 47 including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;

- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- 2 (c) Device insertion and removal;

- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) <u>up to</u> a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract**]** at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the health benefits plan, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. This section shall apply to all individual health benefits plans in which the carrier has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.7)

- 41 8. Section 8 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27A-19.15) is amended 42 to read as follows:
- 8. a. A small employer health benefits plan required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-19) shall provide coverage for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:

- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
 - (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
 - (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
 - (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;

- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) <u>up to</u> a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract**]** at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the health benefits plan, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest

- deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
 - d. This section shall apply to all small employer health benefits plans in which the carrier has reserved the right to change the premium.
 - e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

13 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.8)

- 9. Section 9 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48F-13.2) is amended to read as follows:
 - 9. a. A prepaid prescription service organization shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis as determined to be required to be covered by the commissioner pursuant to subsection b. of this section.
 - b. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall determine, in the commissioner's discretion, which provisions of the coverage requirements applicable to insurers pursuant to P.L.2019, c.361 shall apply to prepaid prescription organizations, and shall adopt regulations in accordance with the commissioner's determination.
 - c. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - (2) <u>up to</u> a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract**]** at one time.
 - d. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.

- (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
 - e. This section shall apply to those prepaid prescription contracts in which the prepaid prescription service organization has reserved the right to change the premium.
- 9 f. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional 10 preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the 11 United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health 12 Resources and Services Administration of the United States 13 Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the 14 provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

15 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.9)

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- 10. Section 10 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.52:14-17.29j) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. a. The State Health Benefits Commission shall ensure that every contract purchased by the commission on or after the effective date of this act shall provide benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
- (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- 43 (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of 44 drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, 45 including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- 48 (c) Device insertion and removal;

- 1 (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or 2 products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the 3 subscriber's health care provider; and
 - (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - (2) up to a [six-month] 12-month period [for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract] at one time.
 - c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the contract shall specify that no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement may be imposed on the coverage required pursuant to this section.
 - (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
 - d. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

33 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.10)

11. (New Section) Coverage for family planning services under the State Medicaid program shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for up to a 12-month period at one time. The Commissioner of Human Services shall apply for such State plan amendments or waivers as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this section and to secure federal financial participation for State Medicare expenditures under the federal Medicaid program.

 12. This act shall take effect on the 90th day next following enactment and shall apply to policies and contracts delivered, issued, executed or renewed on or after ¹[the effective date of this act] January 1, 2023¹.

[1R] SCS for **S413**

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3	Expands requirements for health insurers and Medicaid program
1	to cover prescriptions for contraceptives for up to 12 months.

CHAPTER 376

AN ACT concerning insurance and Medicaid program coverage for prescribed contraceptives, amending P.L.2005, c.251, and supplementing P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.).

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 1 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48-6ee) is amended to read as follows:

C.17:48-6ee Hospital service corporation, coverage for contraceptives.

- 1. a. A hospital service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
 - (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.376)
 - (2) up to a 12-month period at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high-deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high-deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).

- d. This section shall apply to those contracts in which the hospital service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
 - 2. Section 2 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48A-7bb) is amended to read as follows:

C.17:48A-7bb Medical service corporation, coverage for contraceptives.

- 2. a. A medical service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
 - (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.376)
 - (2) up to a 12-month period at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high-deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for

a high-deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).

- d. This section shall apply to those contracts in which the medical service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
 - 3. Section 3 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48E-35.29) is amended to read as follows:

C.17:48E-35.29 Health service corporation, coverage for contraceptives.

- 3. a. A health service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
 - (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.376)
 - (2) up to a 12-month period at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.

- (2) In the case of a high-deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high-deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. This section shall apply to those contracts in which the health service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
 - 4. Section 4 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27-46.1ee) is amended to read as follows:

C.17B:27-46.1ee Group health insurers, coverage for contraceptives.

- 4. a. A group health insurer that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every policy delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an innetwork basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
 - (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.376)
 - (2) up to a 12-month period at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the policy,

except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.

- (2) In the case of a high-deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high-deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. This section shall apply to those policies in which the insurer has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
 - 5. Section 5 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:26-2.1y) is amended to read as follows:

C.17B:26-2.1y Individual health insurer, coverage for contraceptives.

- 5. a. An individual health insurer that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every policy delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
 - (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.376)
 - (2) up to a 12-month period at one time.

- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the policy, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high-deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high-deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. This section shall apply to those policies in which the insurer has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
 - 6. Section 6 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.26:2J-4.30) is amended to read as follows:

C.26:2J-4.30 Health maintenance organization, coverage for contraceptives.

- 6. a. A certificate of authority to establish and operate a health maintenance organization in this State shall not be issued or continued on or after the effective date of this act for a health maintenance organization, unless the health maintenance organization provides health care services for prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
 - (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.376)

- (2) up to a 12-month period at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the health care services shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high-deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high-deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. The provisions of this section shall apply to those contracts for health care services by health maintenance organizations under which the right to change the schedule of charges for enrollee coverage is reserved.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
 - 7. Section 7 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27A-7.12) is amended to read as follows:

C.17B:27A-7.12 Individual health benefits plan, coverage for contraceptives.

- 7. a. An individual health benefits plan required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1992, c.161 (C.17B:27A-4) shall provide coverage for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
 - (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:

- (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.376)
- (2) up to a 12-month period at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the health benefits plan, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high-deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high-deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. This section shall apply to all individual health benefits plans in which the carrier has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
 - 8. Section 8 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27A-19.15) is amended to read as follows:

C.17B:27A-19.15 Small employer health benefits plan, coverage for contraceptives.

- 8. a. A small employer health benefits plan required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-19) shall provide coverage for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
 - (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:

- (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.376)
- (2) up to a 12-month period at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the health benefits plan, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high-deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high-deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. This section shall apply to all small employer health benefits plans in which the carrier has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
 - 9. Section 9 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48F-13.2) is amended to read as follows:

C.17:48F-13.2 Prepaid prescription service organization; coverage for contraceptives.

- 9. a. A prepaid prescription service organization shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis as determined to be required to be covered by the commissioner pursuant to subsection b. of this section.
- b. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall determine, in the commissioner's discretion, which provisions of the coverage requirements applicable to insurers pursuant to P.L.2019, c.361 shall apply to prepaid prescription organizations, and shall adopt regulations in accordance with the commissioner's determination.
 - c. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.376)
 - (2) up to a 12-month period at one time.
- d. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high-deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high-deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- e. This section shall apply to those prepaid prescription contracts in which the prepaid prescription service organization has reserved the right to change the premium.
- f. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

10. Section 10 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.52:14-17.29j) is amended to read as follows:

C.52:14-17.29j SHBC, coverage for contraceptives.

- 10. a. The State Health Benefits Commission shall ensure that every contract purchased by the commission on or after the effective date of this act shall provide benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
 - (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.376)
 - (2) up to a 12-month period at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the contract shall specify that no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement may be imposed on the coverage required pursuant to this section.
- (2) In the case of a high-deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high-deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

C.30:4D-6s State Medicaid program, coverage for family planning services.

11. Coverage for family planning services under the State Medicaid program shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for up to a 12-month period at one time. The

P.L. 2021, CHAPTER 376

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Commissioner of Human Services shall apply for such State plan amendments or waivers as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this section and to secure federal financial participation for State Medicare expenditures under the federal Medicaid program.

12. This act shall take effect on the 90th day next following enactment and shall apply to policies and contracts delivered, issued, executed or renewed on or after January 1, 2023.

Approved January 13, 2022.

SENATE, No. 413

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

219th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2020 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Senator SHIRLEY K. TURNER District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer)

Senator M. TERESA RUIZ

District 29 (Essex)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Greenstein

SYNOPSIS

Expands requirement for health insurers to cover prescriptions for contraceptives to 12 months.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



AN ACT concerning insurance coverage for prescribed contraceptives and amending P.L.2005, c.251.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 1 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48-6ee) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. A hospital service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of outpatient prescription drugs under a contract shall provide coverage under every such contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives. For the purposes of this section, "prescription female contraceptives" means any drug or device used for contraception by a female, which is approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for that purpose, that can only be purchased in this State with a prescription written by a health care professional licensed or authorized to write prescriptions, and includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills and diaphragms. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - a. a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and
 - b. a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period, if a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period would extend beyond the term of the contract.

A religious employer may request, and a hospital service corporation shall grant, an exclusion under the contract for the coverage required by this section if the required coverage conflicts with the religious employer's bona fide religious beliefs and practices. A religious employer that obtains such an exclusion shall provide written notice thereof to prospective subscribers and subscribers. The provisions of this section shall not be construed as authorizing a hospital service corporation to exclude coverage for prescription drugs that are prescribed for reasons other than contraceptive purposes or for prescription female contraceptives that are necessary to preserve the life or health of a subscriber. For the purposes of this section, "religious employer" means an

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

employer that is a church, convention or association of churches or an elementary or secondary school that is controlled, operated or principally supported by a church or by a convention or association of churches as defined in 26 U.S.C.s.3121(w)(3)(A), and that qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under 26 U.S.C.s.501(c)(3).

The benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other outpatient prescription drug under the contract.

This section shall apply to those contracts in which the hospital service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium. (cf: P.L.2017, c.241, s.1)

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- 2. Section 2 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48A-7bb) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. A medical service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of outpatient prescription drugs under a contract shall provide coverage under every such contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives. For the purposes of this section, "prescription female contraceptives" means any drug or device used for contraception by a female, which is approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for that purpose, that can only be purchased in this State with a prescription written by a health care professional licensed or authorized to write prescriptions, and includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills and diaphragms. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- 30 a. a three-month period for the first dispensing of the 31 contraceptive; and
 - b. a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period, if a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period would extend beyond the term of the contract.

A religious employer may request, and a medical service corporation shall grant, an exclusion under the contract for the coverage required by this section if the required coverage conflicts with the religious employer's bona fide religious beliefs and practices. A religious employer that obtains such an exclusion shall provide written notice thereof to prospective subscribers and subscribers. The provisions of this section shall not be construed as authorizing a medical service corporation to exclude coverage for prescription drugs that are prescribed for reasons other than contraceptive purposes or for prescription female contraceptives

that are necessary to preserve the life or health of a subscriber. For the purposes of this section, "religious employer" means an employer that is a church, convention or association of churches or an elementary or secondary school that is controlled, operated or principally supported by a church or by a convention or association of churches as defined in 26 U.S.C.s.3121(w)(3)(A), and that qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under 26 U.S.C.s.501(c)(3).

The benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other outpatient prescription drug under the contract.

This section shall apply to those contracts in which the medical service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.

(cf: P.L.2017, c.241, s.2)

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- 3. Section 3 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48E-35.29) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. A health service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of outpatient prescription drugs under a contract shall provide coverage under every such contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives. For the purposes of this section, "prescription female contraceptives" means any drug or device used for contraception by a female, which is approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for that purpose, that can only be purchased in this State with a prescription written by a health care professional licensed or authorized to write prescriptions, and includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills and diaphragms. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- a. a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and
- b. a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period, if a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period would extend beyond the term of the contract.

A religious employer may request, and a health service corporation shall grant, an exclusion under the contract for the coverage required by this section if the required coverage conflicts with the religious employer's bona fide religious beliefs and practices. A religious employer that obtains such an exclusion shall provide written notice thereof to prospective subscribers and subscribers. The provisions of this section shall not be construed as authorizing a health service corporation to exclude coverage for

prescription drugs that are prescribed for reasons other than 1 2 contraceptive purposes or for prescription female contraceptives 3 that are necessary to preserve the life or health of a subscriber. For 4 the purposes of this section, "religious employer" means an 5 employer that is a church, convention or association of churches or 6 an elementary or secondary school that is controlled, operated or principally supported by a church or by a convention or association 7 8 of churches as defined in 26 U.S.C.s.3121(w)(3)(A), and that 9 qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under 26 U.S.C.s.501(c)(3).

The benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other outpatient prescription drug under the contract.

This section shall apply to those contracts in which the health service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.

(cf: P.L.2017 c.241, s.3)

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- 4. Section 4 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27-46.1ee) is amended to read as follows:
- 17 18 4. A group health insurer that provides hospital or medical 19 expense benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of outpatient 20 prescription drugs under a policy shall provide coverage under every such policy delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this 21 22 State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the 23 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective 24 date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of 25 prescription female contraceptives. For the purposes of this section, 26 "prescription female contraceptives" means any drug or device used 27 for contraception by a female, which is approved by the federal 28 Food and Drug Administration for that purpose, that can only be 29 purchased in this State with a prescription written by a health care 30 professional licensed or authorized to write prescriptions, and 31 includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills and diaphragms. 32 The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing 33 contraceptives for:
 - a. a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and
 - b. a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the policy was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period, if a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period would extend beyond the term of the contract.

A religious employer may request, and an insurer shall grant, an exclusion under the policy for the coverage required by this section if the required coverage conflicts with the religious employer's bona fide religious beliefs and practices. A religious employer that obtains such an exclusion shall provide written notice thereof to prospective insureds and insureds. The provisions of this section

1 shall not be construed as authorizing an insurer to exclude coverage 2 for prescription drugs that are prescribed for reasons other than 3 contraceptive purposes or for prescription female contraceptives 4 that are necessary to preserve the life or health of an insured. For 5 the purposes of this section, "religious employer" means an 6 employer that is a church, convention or association of churches or 7 an elementary or secondary school that is controlled, operated or 8 principally supported by a church or by a convention or association 9 of churches as defined in 26 U.S.C.s.3121(w)(3)(A), and that 10 qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under 26 U.S.C.s.501(c)(3).

The benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other outpatient prescription drug under the policy.

This section shall apply to those policies in which the insurer has reserved the right to change the premium.

(cf: P.L.2017, c.241, s.4)

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- 5. Section 5 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:26-2.1y) is amended to read as follows:
- 5. An individual health insurer that provides hospital or medical expense benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of outpatient prescription drugs under a policy shall provide coverage under every such policy delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives. For the purposes of this section, "prescription female contraceptives" means any drug or device used for contraception by a female, which is approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for that purpose, that can only be purchased in this State with a prescription written by a health care professional licensed or authorized to write prescriptions, and includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills and diaphragms. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- a. a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and
- b. a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the policy was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period, if a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period would extend beyond the term of the contract.

A religious employer may request, and an insurer shall grant, an exclusion under the policy for the coverage required by this section if the required coverage conflicts with the religious employer's bona fide religious beliefs and practices. A religious employer that obtains such an exclusion shall provide written notice thereof to

prospective insureds and insureds. The provisions of this section shall not be construed as authorizing an insurer to exclude coverage for prescription drugs that are prescribed for reasons other than contraceptive purposes or for prescription female contraceptives that are necessary to preserve the life or health of an insured. For the purposes of this section, "religious employer" means an employer that is a church, convention or association of churches or an elementary or secondary school that is controlled, operated or principally supported by a church or by a convention or association of churches as defined in 26 U.S.C.s.3121(w)(3)(A), and that qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under 26 U.S.C.s.501(c)(3).

The benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other outpatient prescription drug under the policy.

This section shall apply to those policies in which the insurer has reserved the right to change the premium.

(cf: P.L.2017, c.241, s.5)

- 6. Section 6 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.26:2J-4.30) is amended to read as follows:
- 6. A certificate of authority to establish and operate a health maintenance organization in this State shall not be issued or continued on or after the effective date of this act for a health maintenance organization that provides health care services for outpatient prescription drugs under a contract, unless the health maintenance organization also provides health care services for prescription female contraceptives. For the purposes of this section, "prescription female contraceptives" means any drug or device used for contraception by a female, which is approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for that purpose, that can only be purchased in this State with a prescription written by a health care professional licensed or authorized to write prescriptions, and includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills and diaphragms. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- a. a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and
- b. a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period, if a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period would extend beyond the term of the contract.

A religious employer may request, and a health maintenance organization shall grant, an exclusion under the contract for the health care services required by this section if the required health care services conflict with the religious employer's bona fide religious beliefs and practices. A religious employer that obtains

such an exclusion shall provide written notice thereof to prospective enrollees and enrollees. The provisions of this section shall not be construed as authorizing a health maintenance organization to exclude health care services for prescription drugs that are prescribed for reasons other than contraceptive purposes or for prescription female contraceptives that are necessary to preserve the life or health of an enrollee. For the purposes of this section, "religious employer" means an employer that is a church, convention or association of churches or an elementary or secondary school that is controlled, operated or principally supported by a church or by a convention or association of churches as defined in 26 U.S.C.s.3121(w)(3)(A), and that qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under 26 U.S.C.s.501(c)(3).

The health care services shall be provided to the same extent as for any other outpatient prescription drug under the contract.

The provisions of this section shall apply to those contracts for health care services by health maintenance organizations under which the right to change the schedule of charges for enrollee coverage is reserved.

(cf: P.L.2017, c.241, s.6)

- 7. Section 7 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27A-7.12) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. An individual health benefits plan required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1992, c.161 (C.17B:27A-4) that provides benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of outpatient prescription drugs shall provide coverage for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives. For the purposes of this section, "prescription female contraceptives" means any drug or device used for contraception by a female, which is approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for that purpose, that can only be purchased in this State with a prescription written by a health care professional licensed or authorized to write prescriptions, and includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills and diaphragms. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- a. a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and
- b. a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the plan was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period, if a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period would extend beyond the term of the contract.

A religious employer may request, and a carrier shall grant, an exclusion under the health benefits plan for the coverage required by this section if the required coverage conflicts with the religious

employer's bona fide religious beliefs and practices. A religious employer that obtains such an exclusion shall provide written notice thereof to prospective covered persons and covered persons. The provisions of this section shall not be construed as authorizing a carrier to exclude coverage for prescription drugs that are prescribed for reasons other than contraceptive purposes or for prescription female contraceptives that are necessary to preserve the life or health of a covered person. For the purposes of this section, "religious employer" means an employer that is a church, convention or association of churches or an elementary or secondary school that is controlled, operated or principally supported by a church or by a convention or association of churches as defined in 26 U.S.C.s.3121(w)(3)(A), and that qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under 26 U.S.C.s.501(c)(3).

The benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other outpatient prescription drug under the health benefits plan.

This section shall apply to all individual health benefits plans in which the carrier has reserved the right to change the premium.

(cf: P.L.2017, c.241, s.7)

- 8. Section 8 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27A-19.15) is amended to read as follows:
- 8. A small employer health benefits plan required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-19) that provides benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of outpatient prescription drugs shall provide coverage for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives. For the purposes of this section, "prescription female contraceptives" means any drug or device used for contraception by a female, which is approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for that purpose, that can only be purchased in this State with a prescription written by a health care professional licensed or authorized to write prescriptions, and includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills and diaphragms. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- a. a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and
- b. a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the plan was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period, if a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period would extend beyond the term of the contract.

A religious employer may request, and a carrier shall grant, an exclusion under the health benefits plan for the coverage required by this section if the required coverage conflicts with the religious employer's bona fide religious beliefs and practices. A religious

employer that obtains such an exclusion shall provide written notice 1 2 thereof to prospective covered persons and covered persons. The 3 provisions of this section shall not be construed as authorizing a 4 carrier to exclude coverage for prescription drugs that are 5 prescribed for reasons other than contraceptive purposes or for 6 prescription female contraceptives that are necessary to preserve the 7 life or health of a covered person. For the purposes of this section, 8 "religious employer" means an employer that is a church, 9 convention or association of churches or an elementary or 10 secondary school that is controlled, operated or principally 11 supported by a church or by a convention or association of churches 12 as defined in 26 U.S.C.s.3121(w)(3)(A), and that qualifies as a tax-13 exempt organization under 26 U.S.C.s.501(c)(3).

The benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other outpatient prescription drug under the health benefits plan.

This section shall apply to all small employer health benefits plans in which the carrier has reserved the right to change the premium.

(cf: P.L.2017, c.241, s.8)

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- 9. Section 9 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48F-13.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 23 9. A prepaid prescription service organization that provides 24 benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of outpatient 25 prescription drugs under a contract shall provide coverage under 26 every such contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this 27 State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the 28 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of 29 30 prescription female contraceptives. For the purposes of this section, 31 "prescription female contraceptives" means any drug or device used 32 for contraception by a female, which is approved by the federal 33 Food and Drug Administration for that purpose, that can only be 34 purchased in this State with a prescription written by a health care 35 professional licensed or authorized to write prescriptions, and 36 includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills and diaphragms. 37 The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing 38 contraceptives for: 39
 - a. a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and
 - b. a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period, if a **[**six-month**]** <u>12-month</u> period would extend beyond the term of the contract.

1 A religious employer may request, and a prepaid prescription 2 service organization shall grant, an exclusion under the contract for 3 the coverage required by this section if the required coverage 4 conflicts with the religious employer's bona fide religious beliefs 5 and practices. A religious employer that obtains such an exclusion 6 shall provide written notice thereof to prospective enrollees and 7 enrollees. The provisions of this section shall not be construed as 8 authorizing a prepaid prescription service organization to exclude 9 coverage for prescription drugs that are prescribed for reasons other 10 contraceptive purposes or for prescription 11 contraceptives that are necessary to preserve the life or health of an 12 enrollee. For the purposes of this section, "religious employer" means an employer that is a church, convention or association of 13 14 churches or an elementary or secondary school that is controlled, 15 operated or principally supported by a church or by a convention or 16 association of churches as defined in 26 U.S.C.s.3121(w)(3)(A), 17 and that qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under 26 18 U.S.C.s.501(c)(3).

The benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other outpatient prescription drug under the contract.

This section shall apply to those prepaid prescription contracts in which the prepaid prescription service organization has reserved the right to change the premium.

(cf: P.L.2017, c.241, s.9)

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- 10. Section 10 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.52:14-17.29j) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. The State Health Benefits Commission shall ensure that every contract purchased by the commission on or after the effective date of this act that provides benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of outpatient prescription drugs shall provide benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives.

For the purposes of this section, "prescription female contraceptives" means any drug or device used for contraception by a female, which is approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for that purpose, that can only be purchased in this State with a prescription written by a health care professional licensed or authorized to write prescriptions, and includes, but is not limited to, birth control pills and diaphragms. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:

- a. a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and
- b. a [six-month] 12-month period for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide

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1 coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-2 month 12-month period, if a six-month 12-month period would 3 extend beyond the term of the contract. 4 (cf: P.L.2017, c.241, s.10) 5 11. This act shall take effect on the 90th day next following 6 7 enactment and shall apply to policies and contracts delivered, 8 issued, executed or renewed on or after the effective date of this act. 9 10 **STATEMENT** 11 12 This bill amends P.L.2005, c.251, the statute requiring health 13 14 insurers that provide coverage for outpatient prescription drugs to 15 cover prescription female contraceptives, to increase the 16 requirement for coverage of dispensing contraceptives from up to 17 six months to up to 12 months. 18 Current law, pursuant to P.L.2017, c.241, requires health insurers 19 that provide coverage for outpatient prescription drugs to cover 20 dispensing of prescription female contraceptives for up to six 21 This bill would increase that requirement to 12 months. 22 Under the bill, the coverage provided shall include prescriptions 23 for dispensing contraceptives for: (1) a three-month period for the 24 first dispensing of the contraceptive; and (2) a 12-month period for 25 any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under that policy or contract was in effect at the 26 27 time of the first dispensing. 28 These amendments apply to hospital, medical, and health service corporations, commercial, individual, small employer and group 29

insurers, health maintenance organizations, prepaid

prescription service organizations, and the State Health Benefits

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Program.

ASSEMBLY HEALTH COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 413

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 3, 2022

The Assembly Health Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 413 (SCS).

As amended by the committee, this bill requires health insurers and the State Medicaid program to provide coverage for the dispensing of prescription contraceptives for to up to 12 months at one time. The bill applies to hospital, medical, and health service corporations, commercial, individual, small employer and group health insurers, health maintenance organizations, prepaid prescription service organizations, the State Health Benefits Program, and the State Medicaid program. With respect to the Medicaid program, the bill requires the Commissioner of Human Services to apply for any necessary waivers from the federal government to secure federal financial participation to implement the bill.

As amended, the provisions of this bill will apply to policies and contracts delivered, issued, executed, or renewed on or after January 1, 2023.

As reported by the committee with amendments, Senate Bill No. 413 (SCS) is identical to Assembly Bill No. 4698 which was also amended and reported by the committee on this date.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amendments provide that the provisions of this bill will apply to policies and contracts delivered, issued, executed, or renewed on or after January 1, 2023.

The committee amendments make a technical change to the synopsis concerning grammar.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 413

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 6, 2022

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Committee Substitute for Bill No. 413 (1R).

This bill requires health insurers and the State Medicaid program to provide coverage for the dispensing of prescription contraceptives for to up to 12 months at one time. The bill applies to hospital, medical, and health service corporations, commercial, individual, small employer and group health insurers, health maintenance organizations, prepaid prescription service organizations, the State Health Benefits Program, and the State Medicaid program. With respect to the Medicaid program, the bill requires the Commissioner of Human Services to apply for any necessary waivers from the federal government to secure federal financial participation to implement the bill.

The provisions of this bill will apply to policies and contracts delivered, issued, executed, or renewed on or after January 1, 2023.

As reported by the committee, Senate Bill No. 413 (SCS/1R) is identical to Assembly Bill No. 4698 (1R), which also was reported by the committee on this date.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) notes that current law requires health insurers, the State Health Benefits Program, and the School Employees' Health Benefits Program who provide coverage for prescription female contraceptives to dispense prescription female contraceptives on a three-month basis for the initial prescription and on a six-month basis thereafter.

According to the Division of Pensions and Benefits at the March 18, 2016 Pension and Health Benefits Review Commission meeting, dispensing contraceptive prescription drugs in batches of 12-months at a time may result in incurred "spillage/waste" costs, because a plan participant could stop using contraceptives prior to the end of the 12-month prescription period leaving a quantity of pills unused.

SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 413

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 6, 2021

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 413.

This committee substitute requires health insurers and the State Medicaid program to provide coverage for the dispensing of prescription contraceptives for to up to 12 months at one time. The bill applies to hospital, medical, and health service corporations, commercial, individual, small employer and group health insurers, health maintenance organizations, prepaid prescription service organizations, the State Health Benefits Program, and the State Medicaid program. With respect to the Medicaid program, the bill requires the Commissioner of Human Services to apply for any necessary waivers from the federal government to secure federal financial participation to implement the bill.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 413

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 16, 2021

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 413 (SCS).

This bill requires health insurers and the State Medicaid program to provide coverage for the dispensing of prescription contraceptives for to up to 12 months at one time. The bill applies to hospital, medical, and health service corporations, commercial, individual, small employer and group health insurers, health maintenance organizations, prepaid prescription service organizations, the State Health Benefits Program, and the State Medicaid program. With respect to the Medicaid program, the bill requires the Commissioner of Human Services to apply for any necessary waivers from the federal government to secure federal financial participation to implement the bill.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Fiscal information for this bill is currently unavailable.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE, No. 413

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JANUARY 18, 2022

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Expands requirements for health insurers and Medicaid program to

cover prescriptions for contraceptives to 12 months.

Type of Impact: Impact on State General Fund expenditures, local government

funds.

Agencies Affected: Division of Pensions and Benefits in the Department of the

Treasury; local government entities.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1 and Thereafter
State Impact	Marginal
Local Impact	Marginal

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) notes that current law requires health insurers, the State Health Benefits Program, and the School Employees' Health Benefits Program who provide coverage for prescription female contraceptives to dispense prescription female contraceptives on a three-month basis for the initial prescription and on a six-month basis thereafter. The Medicaid State Plan provides that all initial prescriptions and refills, which would include contraceptives are limited to a 34-day supply or 100 unit doses, whichever is greater.
- According to the Division of Pensions and Benefits at the March 18, 2016 Pension and Health Benefits Review Commission meeting, dispensing contraceptive prescription drugs in batches of 12-months at a time may result in incurred "spillage/waste" costs to the State Health Benefits Program and the School Employees' Health Benefits Program, because a plan participant could stop using contraceptives prior to the end of the 12-month prescription period leaving a quantity of pills unused. Savings from the reduction in unintended pregnancies is indeterminate.



• The OLS notes that according to an article published by the New Jersey Health Care Quality Institute, a May 2019 report issued by the New Jersey Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission stated that the change to dispensing contraceptives on a 12-months at a time basis "would actually 'result in a net cost savings to insurers, employers, and consumers in New Jersey.' The report, which was based on 2019 legislation that proposed the same expansion of coverage, estimated \$1.2 million to \$2.7 million in net savings for the state's health care market and system in just the first year. The savings would be the result of reduced costs associated with unintended pregnancies and takes into account the potential for waste if an individual stops or changes their contraceptive. These estimates do not include extending this policy to the state's Medicaid program — which, if included, could result in more savings to the state."

BILL DESCRIPTION

This bill would require health insurers, the State Health Benefits Program and the School Employees' Health Benefits Program, and the State's Medicaid program to dispense prescription female contraceptives for up to 12 months at one time.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

Current law requires health insurers, the State Health Benefits Program, and the School Employees' Health Benefits Program who provide coverage for prescription female contraceptives to dispense prescription female contraceptives on a three-month basis for the initial prescription and on a six-month basis thereafter. Optum Rx currently dispenses female oral contraceptives on a three-month basis. This bill would require health insurers, the State Health Benefits Program and the School Employees' Health Benefits Program, and the State's Medicaid Program to dispense prescription female contraceptives for up to 12 months at one time.

According to the Division of Pensions and Benefits at the March 18, 2016 Pension and Health Benefits Review Commission meeting, dispensing contraceptive prescription drugs in batches of 12-months at time may result in incurred "spillage/waste" costs, because a plan participant could stop using contraceptives prior to the end of the 12-month prescription period leaving a quantity of pills unused.

The OLS notes that according to an article published by the New Jersey Health Care Quality Institute, a May 2019 report issued by the New Jersey Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission stated that the change to dispensing contraceptives on a 12-months at a time basis "would actually 'result in a net cost savings to insurers, employers, and consumers in New Jersey.' The report, which was based on 2019 legislation that proposed the same expansion of coverage, estimated \$1.2 million to \$2.7 million in net savings for the state's health care market and system in just the first year. The savings would be the result of reduced costs associated with unintended pregnancies and takes into account the potential for waste if an individual stops or changes their contraceptive. These estimates do not include extending this policy to the state's Medicaid

program — which, if included, could result in more savings to the state." The OLS notes that according to the Medicaid State Plan, all initial prescriptions and refills are limited to a 34-day supply or 100 unit doses, whichever is greater.

The OLS also notes that in September 2016, California enacted the "Female Contraceptive Act" to allow, beginning in 2017, 12-month prescriptions for female contraceptives. University of California medical researchers estimated that the bill could save employers, consumers, and government agencies a combined \$42.8 million a year by reducing the number of unanticipated pregnancies that occur as a result of inconsistent dosing due to delays in patients' diligence and barriers to access in filling their prescriptions. Barriers to access include "women who have financial constraints that make transportation, taking time off, and child care issues" difficult to get to the pharmacy to fill prescriptions regularly.

In an article in the March 2011 Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology published by the United States Library of Medicine, National Institute of Health, researchers found that dispensing a one-year supply of contraceptives reduced unanticipated pregnancies by 30 percent compared to dispensing on a 30-day or 90-day basis. The researchers concluded that "making oral contraceptives more accessible may reduce the incidence of unintended pregnancy and abortion. Health insurance programs and public health programs may avert costly unintended pregnancies by increasing dispensing limits on oral contraceptives to a one-year supply."

In addition to California, Oregon and the District of Columbia (D.C.) have enacted laws to allow women access to 12-month prescriptions for contraceptives. Oregon was the first state to enact such a law in 2015. According to the Oregon Legislative Fiscal Office, the legislation was determined to have a "minimal expenditure impact on state or local government."

In 2015, the Council of the District of Columbia enacted the "Access to Contraceptive Amendment Act of 2015" to allow women access to 12-month prescriptions. According to the National Women's Law Center, quoted in an article published on September 25, 2015 in Kaiser Health News, "this law 'is going to make a difference for D.C., there's a high teen pregnancy rate, and pharmacies are not well located for low-income areas." The Associate Commissioner of the District of Columbia Department of Insurance, Securities and Banking testified that "the bill would not have any effect on the cost of health insurance premiums."

According to the Kaiser Foundation in a 2016 report, 11 states dispensed contraceptives on a 12-month basis.

Section: Legislative Budget and Finance Office

Analyst: Kimberly M. Clemmensen

Assistant Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

ASSEMBLY, No. 4698

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 21, 2020

Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman VALERIE VAINIERI HUTTLE District 37 (Bergen) Assemblywoman MILA M. JASEY District 27 (Essex and Morris) Assemblyman RAJ MUKHERJI

District 33 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblyman Benson, Assemblywomen Reynolds-Jackson and Jimenez

SYNOPSIS

Expands requirements for health insurers and Medicaid program to cover prescriptions for contraceptives for up to 12 months.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/3/2022)

AN ACT concerning insurance and Medicaid program coverage for prescribed contraceptives, amending P.L.2005, c.251, and supplementing P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.).

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 1 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48-6ee) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. A hospital service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- 41 (c) Device insertion and removal;
- 42 (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or 43 products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the 44 subscriber's health care provider; and
 - (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as

- 1 a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for
 dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - (2) up to a [six-month] 12 month period [for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract] at one time.
 - c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
 - (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
 - d. This section shall apply to those contracts in which the hospital service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.
 - e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

33 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.1)

- 35 2. Section 2 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48A-7bb) is amended to read as follows:
 - 2. a. A medical service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
 - (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:

- 1 (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, 2 device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug 3 Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested 4 contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic 5 equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
 - (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
 - (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;

- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) up to a [six-month] 12 month period [for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract] at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).

- d. This section shall apply to those contracts in which the medical service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the
- 9 provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

10 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.2)

- 3. Section 3 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48E-35.29) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. a. A health service corporation that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- 40 (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of 41 drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, 42 including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- 45 (c) Device insertion and removal;
- 46 (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or 47 products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the 48 subscriber's health care provider; and

- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - (2) up to a [six-month] 12 month period [for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract] at one time.
 - c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
 - (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
 - d. This section shall apply to those contracts in which the health service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
- 34 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.3)

4. Section 4 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27-46.1ee) is amended to read as follows:

- 4. a. A group health insurer that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every policy delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:

- 1 (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, 2 device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug 3 Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested 4 contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic 5 equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
 - (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
 - (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;

- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) up to a [six-month] 12 month period [for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract] at one time.
- of the contract at one time.

 c. (1) Except as provide
 - c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the policy, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
 - (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).

- d. This section shall apply to those policies in which the insurer has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health
- 6 Resources and Services Administration of the United States
- 7 Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the
- 8 provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
- 9 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.4)

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- 5. Section 5 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:26-2.1y) is amended to read as follows:
- 5. a. An individual health insurer that provides hospital or medical expense benefits shall provide coverage under every policy delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be
- subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- 38 (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- 40 (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of 41 drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, 42 including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- 45 (c) Device insertion and removal;
- 46 (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or 47 products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the 48 subscriber's health care provider; and

- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
 - b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - (2) <u>up to</u> a **[**six-month**]** <u>12 month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract**]** at one time.
 - c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the policy, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
 - (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
 - d. This section shall apply to those policies in which the insurer has reserved the right to change the premium.
 - e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

33 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.5)

- 6. Section 6 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.26:2J-4.30) is amended to read as follows:
- 6. a. A certificate of authority to establish and operate a health maintenance organization in this State shall not be issued or continued on or after the effective date of this act for a health maintenance organization, unless the health maintenance organization provides health care services for prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- 47 (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, 48 device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug

- Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
 - (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
 - (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- 19 (c) Device insertion and removal;

- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) up to a [six-month] 12 month period [for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract] at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the health care services shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. The provisions of this section shall apply to those contracts for health care services by health maintenance organizations under

- which the right to change the schedule of charges for enrollee coverage is reserved.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the
- 5 United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health
- 6 Resources and Services Administration of the United States
- 7 Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the
- 8 provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
- 9 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.6)

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- 7. Section 7 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27A-7.12) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. a. An individual health benefits plan required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1992, c.161 (C.17B:27A-4) shall provide coverage for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
- (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- 42 (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or 43 products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the 44 subscriber's health care provider; and
 - (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:

- (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) <u>up to</u> a **[**six-month**]** <u>12 month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a sixmonth period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract**]** at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the health benefits plan, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. This section shall apply to all individual health benefits plans in which the carrier has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

30 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.7)

- 32 8. Section 8 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17B:27A-19.15) is amended 33 to read as follows:
 - 8. a. A small employer health benefits plan required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-19) shall provide coverage for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
 - (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- 42 (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, 43 device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug 44 Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested 45 contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic 46 equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.

- (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;

- (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
- (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) up to a [six-month] 12 month period [for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract] at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the health benefits plan, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. This section shall apply to all small employer health benefits plans in which the carrier has reserved the right to change the premium.
- e. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the

- 1 United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health
- 2 Resources and Services Administration of the United States
- 3 Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the
- 4 provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.
- 5 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.8)

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- 9. Section 9 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.17:48F-13.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 9 9. a. A prepaid prescription service organization shall provide 10 coverage under every contract delivered, issued, executed or 11 renewed in this State or approved for issuance or renewal in this 12 State by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, on or after 13 the effective date of this act, for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the services, drugs, 14 devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis as 15 16 determined to be required to be covered by the commissioner 17 pursuant to subsection b. of this section.
 - b. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall determine, in the commissioner's discretion, which provisions of the coverage requirements applicable to insurers pursuant to P.L.2019, c.361 shall apply to prepaid prescription organizations, and shall adopt regulations in accordance with the commissioner's determination.
 - c. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:
 - (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - (2) <u>up to</u> a **[**six-month**]** <u>12 month</u> period **[**for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a sixmonth period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract**]** at one time.
 - d. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other service, drug, device, product, or procedure under the contract, except no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement on the coverage shall be imposed.
 - (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- e. This section shall apply to those prepaid prescription contracts in which the prepaid prescription service organization has reserved the right to change the premium.

- f. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States
- 5 Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the

6 provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

7 (cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.9)

- 10. Section 10 of P.L.2005, c.251 (C.52:14-17.29j) is amended to read as follows:
 - 10. a. The State Health Benefits Commission shall ensure that every contract purchased by the commission on or after the effective date of this act shall provide benefits for expenses incurred in the purchase of prescription female contraceptives, and the following services, drugs, devices, products, and procedures on an in-network basis:
 - (1) Any contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, which coverage shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
 - (a) If there is a therapeutic equivalent of a contraceptive drug, device or product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, coverage shall be provided for either the requested contraceptive drug, device or product or for one or more therapeutic equivalents of the requested drug, device or product.
 - (b) Coverage shall be provided without a prescription for all contraceptive drugs available for over-the-counter sale that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (c) Coverage shall be provided without any infringement upon a subscriber's choice of contraception and medical necessity shall be determined by the provider for covered contraceptive drugs, devices or other products approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
 - (2) Voluntary male and female sterilization.
 - (3) Patient education and counseling on contraception.
- (4) Services related to the administration and monitoring of drugs, devices, products and services required under this section, including but not limited to:
 - (a) Management of side effects;
 - (b) Counseling for continued adherence to a prescribed regimen;
- (c) Device insertion and removal;
- (d) Provision of alternative contraceptive drugs, devices or products deemed medically appropriate in the judgment of the subscriber's health care provider; and
- (e) Diagnosis and treatment services provided pursuant to, or as a follow-up to, a service required under this section.
- b. The coverage provided shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for:

A4698 VAINIERI HUTTLE, JASEY

- (1) **[**a three-month period for the first dispensing of the contraceptive; and **]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- (2) up to a [six-month] 12 month period [for any subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive, regardless of whether coverage under the contract was in effect at the time of the first dispensing, except that an entity subject to this section may provide coverage for a supply of contraceptives that is for less than a six-month period, if a six-month period would extend beyond the term of the contract] at one time.
- c. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the contract shall specify that no deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or any other cost-sharing requirement may be imposed on the coverage required pursuant to this section.
- (2) In the case of a high deductible health plan, benefits for male sterilization or male contraceptives shall be provided at the lowest deductible and other cost-sharing permitted for a high deductible health plan under section 223(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.223).
- d. Nothing in this section shall limit coverage of any additional preventive service for women, as identified or recommended by the United States Preventive Services Task Force or the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. 300gg-13.

(cf: P.L.2019, c.361, s.10)

11. (New Section) Coverage for family planning services under the State Medicaid program shall include prescriptions for dispensing contraceptives for up to a 12-month period at one time. The Commissioner of Human Services shall apply for such State plan amendments or waivers as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this section and to secure federal financial participation for State Medicare expenditures under the federal Medicaid program.

12. This act shall take effect on the 90th day next following enactment and shall apply to policies and contracts delivered, issued, executed or renewed on or after the effective date of this act.

STATEMENT

 This bill, as amended, requires health insurers and the State Medicaid program to provide coverage for the dispensing of prescription contraceptives for to up to 12 months at one time. The bill applies to hospital, medical, and health service corporations, commercial, individual, small employer and group health insurers,

A4698 VAINIERI HUTTLE, JASEY

- 1 health maintenance organizations, prepaid prescription service
- 2 organizations, the State Health Benefits Program, and the State
- 3 Medicaid program. With respect to the Medicaid program, the bill
- 4 requires the Commissioner of Human Services to apply for any
- 5 necessary waivers from the federal government to secure federal
- 6 financial participation to implement the bill.

ASSEMBLY HEALTH COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 4698

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 3, 2022

The Assembly Health Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 4698.

As amended by committee, this bill requires health insurers and the State Medicaid program to provide coverage for the dispensing of prescription contraceptives for to up to 12 months at one time. The bill applies to hospital, medical, and health service corporations, commercial, individual, small employer and group health insurers, health maintenance organizations, prepaid prescription service organizations, the State Health Benefits Program, and the State Medicaid program. With respect to the Medicaid program, the bill requires the Commissioner of Human Services to apply for any necessary waivers from the federal government to secure federal financial participation to implement the bill.

As amended, the provisions of this bill will apply to policies and contracts delivered, issued, executed, or renewed on or after January 1, 2023.

As reported by the committee with amendments, Assembly Bill No. 4698 is identical to Senate Bill No. 413 (SCS) which was also amended and reported by the committee on this date.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amendments provide that the provisions of this bill will apply to policies and contracts delivered, issued, executed, or renewed on or after January 1, 2023.

The committee amendments make technical changes concerning style and usage.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY, No. 4698 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JANUARY 10, 2022

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Expands requirements for health insurers and Medicaid program to

cover prescriptions for contraceptives to 12 months.

Type of Impact: Increase in State General Fund expenditures, local government

funds.

Agencies Affected: Division of Pensions and Benefits in the Department of the

Treasury; local government entities.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1 and Thereafter
State Cost Increase	Marginal
Local Cost Increase	Marginal

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) notes that current law requires health insurers, the State Health Benefits Program, and the School Employees' Health Benefits Program who provide coverage for prescription female contraceptives to dispense prescription female contraceptives on a three-month basis for the initial prescription and on a six-month basis thereafter.
- According to the Division of Pensions and Benefits at the March 18, 2016 Pension and Health Benefits Review Commission meeting, dispensing contraceptive prescription drugs in batches of 12-months at a time may result in incurred "spillage/waste" costs, because a plan participant could stop using contraceptives prior to the end of the 12-month prescription period leaving a quantity of pills unused.

BILL DESCRIPTION

This bill would require the State Health Benefits Program and the School Employees' Health Benefits Program to dispense prescription female contraceptives for up to 12 months at one time.



FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

Current law requires health insurers, the State Health Benefits Program, and the School Employees' Health Benefits Program who provide coverage for prescription female contraceptives to dispense prescription female contraceptives on a three-month basis for the initial prescription and on a six-month basis thereafter. Optum Rx currently dispenses female oral contraceptives on a three-month basis. This bill would require the State Health Benefits Program and the School Employees' Health Benefits Program to dispense prescription female contraceptives for up to 12 months at one time.

According to the Division of Pensions and Benefits at the March 18, 2016 Pension and Health Benefits Review Commission meeting, dispensing contraceptive prescription drugs in batches of 12-months at time may result in incurred "spillage/waste" costs, because a plan participant could stop using contraceptives prior to the end of the 12-month prescription period leaving a quantity of pills unused.

The OLS notes that in September 2016, California enacted the "Female Contraceptive Act" to allow, beginning in 2017, 12-month prescriptions for female contraceptives. University of California medical researchers estimated that the bill could save employers, consumers, and government agencies a combined \$42.8 million a year by reducing the number of unanticipated pregnancies that occur as a result of inconsistent dosing due to delays in patients' diligence and barriers to access in filling their prescriptions. Barriers to access include "women who have financial constraints that make transportation, taking time off, and child care issues" difficult to get to the pharmacy to fill prescriptions regularly.

In an article in the March 2011 Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology published by the United States Library of Medicine, National Institute of Health, researchers found that dispensing a one-year supply of contraceptives reduced unanticipated pregnancies by 30 percent compared to dispensing on a 30-day or 90-day basis. The researchers concluded that "making oral contraceptives more accessible may reduce the incidence of unintended pregnancy and abortion. Health insurance programs and public health programs may avert costly unintended pregnancies by increasing dispensing limits on oral contraceptives to a one-year supply."

In addition to California, Oregon and the District of Columbia (D.C.) have enacted laws to allow women access to 12-month prescriptions for contraceptives. Oregon was the first state to enact such a law in 2015. According to the Oregon Legislative Fiscal Office, the legislation was determined to have a "minimal expenditure impact on state or local government."

In 2015, the Council of the District of Columbia enacted the "Access to Contraceptive Amendment Act of 2015" to allow women access to 12-month prescriptions. According to the National Women's Law Center, quoted in an article published on September 25, 2015 in Kaiser Health News, "this law 'is going to make a difference for D.C., there's a high teen pregnancy rate, and pharmacies are not well located for low-income areas." The Associate Commissioner of the District of Columbia Department of Insurance, Securities and Banking testified that "the bill would not have any effect on the cost of health insurance premiums."

FE to A4698 [1R]

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Section: Legislative Budget and Finance Office

Analyst: Kimberly M. Clemmensen

Assistant Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

Governor Murphy Signs Historic Legislation to Expand and Protect Reproductive Freedom in New Jersey

01/13/2022

Freedom of Reproductive Choice Act Codifies Reproductive Choice into State Law

TEANECK – Governor Phil Murphy, alongside Lieutenant Governor Sheila Oliver, former Senate Majority Leader Loretta Weinberg, Senate President Nicholas Scutari, former Assemblywoman Valerie Vainieri Huttle, and Alexis McGill Johnson, President of the Planned Parenthood Action Fund, and many other legislative sponsors and advocates, today signed the historic Freedom of Reproductive Choice Act (S49/A6260), which codifies the constitutional right to freedom of reproductive choice in New Jersey. Governor Murphy also signed S413/A4698, which expands the contraception coverage required under private insurance and Medicaid from a 6-month supply to a 12-month supply.

These laws expand and protect reproductive freedom in New Jersey at a time when the U.S. Supreme Court considers whether to limit or overturn the ruling in *Roe v. Wade*. With this legislation, if *Roe v. Wade* were overturned, the right to reproductive choice would be protected in New Jersey.

"In New Jersey, we trust each individual person to make their reproductive choices for themselves," **said Governor Murphy.** "With *Roe v. Wade* under attack, today's historic legislation makes clear that New Jersey's position in supporting the right to reproductive choice remains protected. Together, with expanding contraception coverage, these two pieces of legislation serve to meaningfully and tangibly increase access to reproductive health care, and ensure that New Jersey residents are now, and will remain, in control of their reproductive choices."

"Reproductive health and the ability for women to make medical decisions about their own bodies are fundamental rights that should never be taken away. Today, we are codifying those rights into law in New Jersey," said Lt. Governor Sheila Oliver. "I want to thank the legislators who have championed this bill and Governor Murphy for signing it into law. Women's rights are human rights and will always be respected and protected in New Jersey."

"Today is a historic day for reproductive health in the Garden State," said Alexis McGill Johnson, president of Planned Parenthood Action Fund. "By ensuring that reproductive health decisions — about birth control, abortion, and pregnancy — are protected in state law, New Jersey has taken an important step forward for reproductive freedom. We are grateful for the constant advocacy by the governor, legislative champions, Planned Parenthood Action Fund of New Jersey, the Thrive New Jersey Coalition, and more to ensure the state met the moment and secured access to essential health care in the state. At a time when access to reproductive health care is under attack across the country, New Jersey has shown what it means to stand up for its residents. Planned Parenthood is eager to continue working to ensure that abortion is not only a right, but accessible for all New Jerseyans, regardless of their immigration status, insurance coverage, or income."

Primary sponsors for S49/A6260 include former Senate Majority Leader Weinberg, former Senate President Steve Sweeney, and Senators Greenstein and Gopal. Assembly sponsors include former Assemblywoman Valerie Vainieri Huttle, and Assemblymembers Mila Jasey and Raj Mukherji.

"With a woman's right to choose under *Roe v. Wade* under attack in the U.S. Supreme Court, it is critical that we have enacted legislation rooted in the New Jersey Constitution that clearly and unequivocally protects freedom of reproductive choice, including the right to access contraception, the right to terminate a pregnancy, and the right to carry a pregnancy to term," **said former Senate Majority Leader Loretta Weinberg, who was the lead sponsor of the bill.**

"January 22nd is the 49th anniversary of *Roe v. Wade*. With the enactment of S49 into law, the Legislature and the Governor are sending a clear message to the nation that in New Jersey, a woman's right to choose is, and will remain, a fundamental right," said former Senate President Steve Sweeney, a prime sponsor of the bill. "I was proud to join Senator Weinberg in fighting to ensure that the Freedom of Reproductive Choice Act would become law."

"Enacting the Freedom of Reproductive Choice Act into statute will help protect the reproductive rights of women in New Jersey against the potential reversal by the United States Supreme Court. It is rooted in the State Constitution, consistent with decisions by the New Jersey Supreme Court and written to safeguard the fundamental right of women to make their own decisions on reproductive care. We will not allow these rights to be lost to forces outside the state that run counter to the core beliefs of the people of New Jersey, including the principle of equal treatment for women by insurance companies. Coverage for contraceptives should be granted the same level of importance as other prescriptions. These laws enshrine protections and make progress for women in New Jersey," said Senate President Nicholas Scutari.

"The Freedom of Reproductive Choice Act is a comprehensive bill that guarantees women will continue to have the right to make their own personal decisions on their reproductive care, regardless of how the U.S. Supreme Court rules," said Senator Linda Greenstein.

"A person's right of reproductive choice, in effect a right of control over one's own body, remains a fundamental right enshrined in our Constitution," **said Senator Vin Gopal.** "This law, the Freedom of Reproductive Choice Act, will protect this basic freedom under New Jersey statute and ensure individual choice on when and whether to have children in a time and place that is compatible with their lifestyles and beliefs. Self-determination is one of the founding principles of this state and this nation. That principle should and must extend to any person in New Jersey regarding reproductive rights."

"Everyone has the right to reproductive choice, yet there have been far too many attempts throughout our country to control the decisions a person can make in that regard. Legal challenges to the reproductive rights of Americans, which have steadily increased in recent years, threaten to limit access to family planning services. This act will promote the health and well-being of the people in our state while showing the country that New Jersey stands for compassion, dignity and freedom," said Assemblymembers Vainieri Huttle, Jasey, and Mukherji.

Primary sponsors for S413/A4698 include Senators Shirley Turner and Teresa Ruiz, as well as former Assemblywoman Valerie Vainieri Huttle, and Assemblymembers Mila Jasey and Raj Mukherji.

"With a woman's right to safely choose to end an unwanted pregnancy now being threatened, we must counter that threat by putting the policies in place that help to protect the health of women," **said Senator Shirley Turner**. "This law will make it easier for women to access contraceptives to prevent pregnancy from happening in the first place, which is one of the best ways to help women maintain control over their own bodies and their lives."

"Many other medications are available to order long term supplies to ensure individuals are able to take them without interruption. Unfortunately, insurance companies are not always willing to cover a 12-month supply of birth control," **said Senate Majority Leader M. Teresa Ruiz.** "There is no reason contraceptives should not be granted the same level of importance as other prescriptions. This law will ensure residents are able to get their medication in a manner that is conducive to their schedule."

"Prescription contraceptives safeguard the mental and physical health of countless women by giving them more control over their lives," said former Assemblywoman Valerie Vainieri Huttle,

Assemblywoman Mila Jasey and Assemblyman Raj Mukherji. "Ensuring coverage of these prescriptions for up to 12 months will allow more New Jerseyans to prepare ahead. Making it easier and more likely for women to access birth control is a crucial component of the family planning services our state is taking steps to protect."

"Access to reproductive health care and a woman's right to choose are fundamental rights in New Jersey," said New Jersey Department of Health Commissioner Judith Persichilli. "Now more than ever, the Freedom of Reproductive Choice Act is crucial."

"Today's historic legislation affirms the dignity and bodily autonomy of every New Jerseyan," **said First Lady Tammy Murphy**. "Further, expanding access to and affordability of reproductive health care, including contraception, is an essential part of our efforts to solve our state's maternal health crisis. I am incredibly proud to see New Jersey take this important step forward."

"With Governor Murphy's signature today, New Jersey reaffirmed and protected the right to abortion," said **ACLU-NJ Executive Director Amol Sinha.** "In light of ongoing attacks on reproductive rights across the country, codifying a declaration of strong, unwavering rights is crucial. However, far too many New Jerseyans remain unable to access this fundamental right. We urge our state's leaders, through legislation and regulatory action, to not only affirm reproductive freedom, but make it truly accessible by lifting financial barriers to ensure we do not leave any communities behind."

"Planned Parenthood Action Fund of New Jersey applauds the strong declaration of reproductive rights in S49/A6260, as well as the expansion of birth control access through S413/A4698," said Kaitlyn Wojtowicz, Vice President of Public Affairs, Planned Parenthood Action Fund of New Jersey. "This new legislation ensures decisions about contraception, abortion, and carrying a pregnancy to term are protected in state statute. This is a day of celebration in New Jersey. The work is far from over, and we look forward to continuing our advocacy alongside Governor Murphy to ensure that every New Jerseyan can access the reproductive health care they need."

"If we are to achieve equality of the sexes, we must trust women and allow them to control their reproductive cycles without governmental interference," said Anjali Mehrotra, President, National Organization for Women of New Jersey. "Access to comprehensive reproductive health care allows women to plan out their lives, enabling them to pursue education and career opportunities, which leads to increased workforce attachment and wages over time. The codification of the right to abortion in statute is good for women, it is good for families, it is good for business, it is good for New Jersey."

"Abortion care is just as much about economic justice as it is about reproductive freedom," said **Sheila Reynertson, Senior Policy Analyst, New Jersey Policy Perspective.** "The reality is that, for far too many families, carrying an unplanned pregnancy can have devastating financial consequences. One's future plans are put at risk, like going to college or building a career. It's no surprise that those who cannot access this time-sensitive care are more likely to live in poverty, raise children alone, and struggle to afford basic needs. We thank Governor Murphy and the bill sponsors for taking a stand in support of reproductive autonomy, and we look forward to working with the administration on ways to improve access to abortion care for all."

"BlueWaveNJ celebrates New Jersey's passage of the Freedom of Reproductive Choice Act," said Marcia Marley, President of BlueWave. "It is a strong statement guaranteeing the full range of reproductive rights, including abortion, passed at a time when other states are eliminating or threatening these rights. We are deeply grateful to Governor Murphy, his staff, and legislators --particularly Senator Loretta Weinberg-- for their tenacity in the negotiations. Does this bill have everything New Jersey needs? No, but it represents an important and essential foundation we can build on. BlueWaveNJ looks forward to continuing to work with the administration and the legislature to ensure that everyone in our state can access and afford all reproductive services."

"The National Council of Jewish Women, New Jersey Sections, (NCJW-NJ) applaud the passage of S49/A6260, Freedom of Reproductive Choice Act, which codifies in statute the full array of reproductive rights, including abortion, and thanks Governor Murphy for his steadfast support," **said the National Council of Jewish Women, New Jersey Sections.** "While personal autonomy and decision-making is a priority, so is the care of others to ensure that their access to these rights is unimpeded. To this end, NCJW- NJ looks forward to working with the Governor and all legislators to pass needed equity and access provisions."

"As independent abortion providers who have served our community for over forty years, and now, through a pandemic, Cherry Hill Women's Center recognizes that the passage of the Freedom of Reproductive Choice Act is a historic moment for the people in our state, the patients who we care for every day. Today, New Jerseyans who can become pregnant will no longer question our right to make fundamental decisions about our health, our lives, and our futures," said Roxanne Sutocky, Director of Community Engagement for Cherry Hill Women's Center. "Every day our fierce and fearless team of dedicated caregivers provides excellent abortion services and are called to guide our patients as they navigate the financial and logistical barriers blocking their ability to exercise their reproductive rights. We appreciate the efforts of the legislature and the Governor to pass this historic legislation and we call on these representatives to do more to eliminate the remaining barriers which fall hardest on people working to make ends meet, people living in rural areas, undocumented people, and LGBTQIA+ and BIPOC communities disproportionately impacted by systemic racism and reproductive oppression."