45:9-41.37 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF:	2021		СНАРТ	ER:	355			
NJSA:	45:9-41.37 (Provide		vides fo	or tempo	orary travel licer	nse to practice cl	hiropract	tic.)
BILL NO:	A1194		(Substituted for S897)					
SPONSOR(S)	Zwicker	, Andrev	w and o	thers				
DATE INTROD	UCED:	1/14/20	020					
COMMITTEE:		ASSEM	BLY:	-	ated Professions priations			
		SENATE	:	Budge	t & Appropriatio	ons		
AMENDED DU	RING PAS	SSAGE:	No					
DATE OF PASSAGE:			ASSEN	IBLY:	5/20/2021			
			SENAT	E:	12/20/2021			
DATE OF APPF	ROVAL:		1/10/2	022				
FOLLOWING A	RE ATTAC	CHED IF	AVAILA	BLE:				
FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Introduced bill enacted) Yes								
A1194	ŀ							
	INTROD	DUCED B	BILL (INC	CLUDES	SPONSOR'S STA	TEMENT):	Yes	
	СОММІ	ITTEE ST	ATEME	NT:		ASSEMBLY:	Yes	Regulated Professions Appropriations
						SENATE:	Yes	Budget & Appropriations
(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, may <i>possibly</i> be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)								
	FLOOR /	AMEND	MENTS	STATEM	IENT:		No	
	LEGISLA	ATIVE FIS	SCAL ES	TIMATE	:	Yes		
S897								
INTRODUCED BILL (INCLUDES S			SPONSOR'S STA	TEMENT):	Yes			
	СОММІ	ITTEE ST	ATEME	NT:		ASSEMBLY:	No	
						SENATE:	Yes	Commerce Budget & Appropriations

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT:	No		
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:	Yes		
VETO MESSAGE:	No		
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	No		
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED: To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or <u>mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org</u>			
REPORTS:	No		
HEARINGS:	No		
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No		

RWH/JA

P.L. 2021, CHAPTER 355, *approved January 10, 2022* Assembly, No. 1194

1 AN ACT concerning the practice of chiropractic and supplementing 2 P.L.1989, c.153 (C.45:9-41.17 et al.). 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 1. a. Any person who has been examined and licensed to 7 8 practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of 9 another state or jurisdiction of the United States having 10 requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent to those required under section 8 of P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5), 11 may, in the discretion of the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, 12 13 be granted, without further examination and upon application and 14 payment of a fee as determined by the board, a temporary travel 15 license to practice chiropractic in this State in order to visit, examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a 16 demonstration of a procedure or clinic, provided that the provision 17 18 of care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are 19 within the scope of practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-20 14.5. 21 b. The board shall issue a temporary travel license to a visiting 22 chiropractor who: 23 (1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is 24 25 licensed; 26 (2) applies for the temporary travel license no less than 60 days 27 prior to a visit in this State; 28 (3) provides to the board the following information: 29 (a) the purpose of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary 30 services or for a fee; (b) the anticipated duration of the visit; 31 32 (c) the chiropractic license numbers in each state or jurisdiction 33 in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; and 34 (4) provides to the board an affidavit stating that the visiting 35 chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in 36 which the visiting chiropractor is licensed. 37 c. Unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual 38 basis, the temporary travel license shall permit a visiting 39 chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for no more than 40 14 days during any calendar year. 41 d. The board may terminate the temporary travel license of any 42 visiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons:

1 (1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or 2 violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the 3 practice of chiropractic;

4 (2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would
5 constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully
6 licensed by the board in this State; or

7 (3) the board receives and validates a complaint indicating that
8 the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has
9 otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.

e. If the board terminates the temporary travel license of a 10 11 visiting chiropractor pursuant to subsection d. of this section, the 12 board shall provide written notification of the termination to the 13 visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon 14 receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting 15 chiropractor shall immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in 16 this State. The board shall provide a copy of the written notification 17 of the termination to the examining or licensing board of each state 18 or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

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20 2. This act shall take effect on the 90th day following 21 enactment.

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26 Provides for temporary travel license to practice chiropractic.

CHAPTER 355

AN ACT concerning the practice of chiropractic and supplementing P.L.1989, c.153 (C.45:9-41.17 et al.).

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

C.45:9-41.37 Granting travel licenses.

1. a. Any person who has been examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of another state or jurisdiction of the United States having requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent to those required under section 8 of P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5), may, in the discretion of the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, be granted, without further examination and upon application and payment of a fee as determined by the board, a temporary travel license to practice chiropractic in this State in order to visit, examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a demonstration of a procedure or clinic, provided that the provision of care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are within the scope of practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-14.5.

b. The board shall issue a temporary travel license to a visiting chiropractor who:

(1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed;

(2) applies for the temporary travel license no less than 60 days prior to a visit in this State;

(3) provides to the board the following information:

(a) the purpose of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary services or for a fee;

(b) the anticipated duration of the visit;

(c) the chiropractic license numbers in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; and

(4) provides to the board an affidavit stating that the visiting chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

c. Unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual basis, the temporary travel license shall permit a visiting chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for no more than 14 days during any calendar year.

d. The board may terminate the temporary travel license of any visiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons:

(1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the practice of chiropractic;

(2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully licensed by the board in this State; or

(3) the board receives and validates a complaint indicating that the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.

e. If the board terminates the temporary travel license of a visiting chiropractor pursuant to subsection d. of this section, the board shall provide written notification of the termination to the visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting chiropractor shall immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in this State. The board shall provide a copy of the written notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

2. This act shall take effect on the 90th day following enactment.

Approved January 10, 2022.

ASSEMBLY, No. 1194 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 219th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2020 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblyman ANDREW ZWICKER District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)

SYNOPSIS

Provides for temporary travel license to practice chiropractic.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



A1194 ZWICKER

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AN ACT concerning the practice of chiropractic and supplementing
 P.L.1989, c.153 (C.45:9-41.17 et al.).

3 4

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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7 1. a. Any person who has been examined and licensed to 8 practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of 9 another state or jurisdiction of the United States having requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent 10 to those required under section 8 of P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5), 11 may, in the discretion of the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, 12 be granted, without further examination and upon application and 13 14 payment of a fee as determined by the board, a temporary travel 15 license to practice chiropractic in this State in order to visit, examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a 16 17 demonstration of a procedure or clinic, provided that the provision 18 of care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are 19 within the scope of practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-20 14.5.

b. The board shall issue a temporary travel license to a visitingchiropractor who:

(1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license
in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is
licensed;

26 (2) applies for the temporary travel license no less than 60 days27 prior to a visit in this State;

(3) provides to the board the following information:

29 (a) the purpose of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary30 services or for a fee;

(b) the anticipated duration of the visit;

32 (c) the chiropractic license numbers in each state or jurisdiction33 in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; and

34 (4) provides to the board an affidavit stating that the visiting
35 chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in
36 which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

c. Unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual
basis, the temporary travel license shall permit a visiting
chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for no more than
14 days during any calendar year.

d. The board may terminate the temporary travel license of anyvisiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons:

43 (1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or
44 violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the
45 practice of chiropractic;

46 (2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would
47 constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully
48 licensed by the board in this State; or

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(3) the board receives and validates a complaint indicating that
 the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has
 otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.
 e. If the board terminates the temporary travel license of a
 visiting chiropractor pursuant to subsection d. of this section, the
 heard shell provide written patification of the termination to the

6 board shall provide written notification of the termination to the 7 visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon 8 receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting 9 chiropractor shall immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in 10 this State. The board shall provide a copy of the written notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board 11 12 of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is 13 licensed.

14

15 2. This act shall take effect on the 90th day following16 enactment.

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STATEMENT

This bill requires the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to 21 22 issue a temporary travel license to any person who has been 23 examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining 24 and licensing board of another state or jurisdiction of the United 25 States having requirements for examination and licensure 26 substantially equivalent to those required under section 8 of 27 P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5). The temporary travel license must 28 be issued without further examination upon application and 29 payment of a license fee, as determined by the board, and will allow 30 the traveling chiropractor to visit, examine, treat, or advise a 31 specific patient or client, or give a demonstration of a procedure or 32 clinic, in this State, provided that the care, consultation, 33 demonstration, clinic, or other services are within the scope of 34 practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-14.5.

35 Under the bill, the board will issue a temporary travel license to36 a visiting chiropractor who:

37 (1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license
38 in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is
39 licensed;

40 (2) applies to the board for the temporary travel license no less41 than 60 days prior to a visit in this State;

(3) provides to the board the following information: the purpose
of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary services or for a
fee; the anticipated duration of the visit; and the chiropractic license
numbers in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting
chiropractor is licensed; and

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(4) provides to the board an affidavit that the visiting
 chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in
 which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

The bill also provides that, unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual basis, the temporary travel license will permit a visiting chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for not more than 14 days during any calendar year.

8 The board may terminate the temporary travel license of any 9 visiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons:

(1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or
violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the
practice of chiropractic;

(2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would
constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully
licensed by the board in this State; or

(3) the board receives and validates a complaint indicating that
the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has
otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.

19 Under the bill, if the board terminates the temporary travel license of a visiting chiropractor, then the board must provide 20 written notification of the termination to the visiting chiropractor 21 22 detailing the basis for the termination. Upon receiving written 23 notification of the termination, the visiting chiropractor must 24 immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in this State. Finally, 25 the bill requires the board to provide a copy of the written 26 notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board 27 of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is 28 licensed.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1194

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 5, 2020

The Assembly Regulated Professions Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1194.

This bill requires the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to issue a temporary travel license to any person who has been examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of another state or jurisdiction of the United States having requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent to those required under section 8 of P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5). The temporary travel license must be issued without further examination upon application and payment of a license fee, as determined by the board, and will allow the traveling chiropractor to visit, examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a demonstration of a procedure or clinic, in this State, provided that the care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are within the scope of practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-14.5.

Under the bill, the board will issue a temporary travel license to a visiting chiropractor who:

(1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed;

(2) applies to the board for the temporary travel license no less than 60 days prior to a visit in this State;

(3) provides to the board the following information: the purpose of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary services or for a fee; the anticipated duration of the visit; and the chiropractic license numbers in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; and

(4) provides to the board an affidavit that the visiting chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

The bill also provides that, unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual basis, the temporary travel license will permit a visiting chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for not more than 14 days during any calendar year.

The board may terminate the temporary travel license of any visiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons:

(1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the practice of chiropractic;

(2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully licensed by the board in this State; or

(3) the board receives and validates a complaint indicating that the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.

Under the bill, if the board terminates the temporary travel license of a visiting chiropractor, then the board must provide written notification of the termination to the visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting chiropractor must immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in this State. Finally, the bill requires the board to provide a copy of the written notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2020-2021 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1194

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 17, 2021

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1194.

This bill requires the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to issue a temporary travel license to any person who has been examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of another state or jurisdiction of the United States having requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent to those required under section 8 of P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5). The temporary travel license must be issued without further examination upon application and payment of a license fee, as determined by the board, and will allow the traveling chiropractor to visit, examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a demonstration of a procedure or clinic, in this State, provided that the care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are within the scope of practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-14.5.

Under the bill, the board will issue a temporary travel license to a visiting chiropractor who:

(1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed;

(2) applies to the board for the temporary travel license no less than 60 days prior to a visit in this State;

(3) provides to the board the following information: the purpose of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary services or for a fee; the anticipated duration of the visit; and the chiropractic license numbers in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; and

(4) provides to the board an affidavit that the visiting chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

The bill also provides that, unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual basis, the temporary travel license will permit a visiting chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for not more than 14 days during any calendar year.

The board may terminate the temporary travel license of any visiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons:

(1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the practice of chiropractic; (2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully licensed by the board in this State; or

(3) the board receives and validates a complaint indicating that the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.

Under the bill, if the board terminates the temporary travel license of a visiting chiropractor, then the board must provide written notification of the termination to the visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting chiropractor must immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in this State. Finally, the bill requires the board to provide a copy of the written notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that the bill will cause indeterminate increases in annual State revenues and expenditures to issue temporary travel licenses to out-of-state chiropractors to practice and treat patients in New Jersey. The OLS, however, cannot assess the net effect of the two increases given the absence of information on the future cost of regulating the temporary travel license program and on future license fee and penalty collections.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1194

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 6, 2021

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1194.

This bill requires the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to issue a temporary travel license to any person who has been examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of another state or jurisdiction of the United States having requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent to those required under section 8 of P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5). The temporary travel license would be issued without further examination upon application and payment of a license fee, as determined by the board, and would allow the traveling chiropractor to visit, examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a demonstration of a procedure or clinic, in this State, provided that the care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are within the scope of practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-14.5.

Under the bill, the board would issue a temporary travel license to a visiting chiropractor who: (1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; (2) applies to the board for the temporary travel license no less than 60 days prior to a visit in this State; (3) provides to the board the following information: the purpose of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary services or for a fee; the anticipated duration of the visit; and the chiropractic license numbers in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; and (4) provides to the board an affidavit that the visiting chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

The bill also provides that, unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual basis, the temporary travel license would permit a visiting chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for not more than 14 days during any calendar year.

The board may terminate the temporary travel license of any visiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons: (1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the practice of chiropractic; (2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully licensed by the board in this State; or (3) the board receives and

validates a complaint indicating that the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.

Under the bill, if the board terminates the temporary travel license of a visiting chiropractor, then the board would be required to provide written notification of the termination to the visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting chiropractor would be required to immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in this State. Finally, the bill requires the board to provide a copy of the written notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

As reported, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 897, as also reported by the committee on this date.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that the bill will cause indeterminate increases in annual State revenues and expenditures to issue temporary travel licenses to out-of-state chiropractors to practice and treat patients in New Jersey. The OLS, however, cannot assess the net effect of the two increases given the absence of information on the future cost of regulating the temporary travel license program and on future license fee and penalty collections.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE ASSEMBLY, No. 1194 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

DATED: MARCH 18, 2021

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Provides for temporary travel license to practice chiropractic.
Type of Impact:	Annual State revenue and expenditure increases.
Agencies Affected:	Department of Law and Public Safety

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost Increase		Indeterminate	
State Revenue Increase		Indeterminate	

• The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that the bill will cause indeterminate increases in annual State revenues and expenditures to issue temporary travel licenses to out-of-state chiropractors to practice and treat patients in New Jersey. The OLS, however, cannot assess the net effect of the two increases given the absence of information on the future cost of regulating the temporary travel license program and on future license fee and penalty collections.

BILL DESCRIPTION

This bill requires the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners in the Division of Consumer Affairs to issue a temporary travel license to any person who has been examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of another state or jurisdiction of the United States having requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent to those required in New Jersey.

The temporary travel license must be issued without further examination upon application and payment of a license fee and will allow the traveling chiropractor to visit, examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a demonstration of a procedure or clinic provided that the care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are within the scope of practice of chiropractic.



Under the bill, the board may issue a temporary travel license for not more than 14 days during any calendar year to a visiting chiropractor who meets specific requirements. The board has the discretion to extend the temporary travel license.

In addition, the bill sets forth certain provisions in which the board may terminate the temporary travel license of any visiting chiropractor at any time. If the board terminates the temporary travel license, then the board must provide written notification of the termination to the visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting chiropractor must immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in this State. Finally, the bill requires the board to provide a copy of the written notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS finds that the bill will cause indeterminate increases in annual State revenues and expenditures to issue temporary travel licenses to out-of-state chiropractors to practice and treat patients in New Jersey. The OLS, however, cannot assess the net effect of the two increases given the absence of information on the future cost of regulating the temporary travel license program and on future license fee and penalty collections. The bill permits the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to charge a reasonable fee for the issuance of the temporary travel license.

The New Jersey Division of Consumer Affairs website indicates that there are over 3,000 active licensed chiropractors in the State. In 2017, the American Chiropractic Association Sports Council indicated that over 34 states issued a variation of a temporary travel or "travel-to-treat" license for chiropractors. In many cases, these chiropractors were providing services for specific athletic and performing arts events.

<u>State Revenue Increases</u>: The bill will increase annual State revenue collections from licensure fees, fines, and penalties by indeterminate amounts.

The OLS cannot quantify the licensure fee payments the board will collect from the temporary travel license because the bill leaves the setting of the specific fee levels to the board's discretion and because the number of future license issuances is unknown.

Additionally, it is unknown how many active out-of-state licensees may have registered differently if these provisions had been previously available. For example, under this bill, if an out-of-state chiropractor paid for a two-year professional license at the established fee and the temporary license fee is set at a lower rate, the chiropractor may change the method of licensure in the State resulting in lower revenue collections from licenses.

Moreover, the OLS anticipates that the State may annually collect indeterminate fine and penalty payments from violations of statutory and regulatory requirements applicable to the established temporary license.

<u>State Expenditure Increase</u>: The State will incur an annual expenditure increase with the establishment of the licensure. The board's regulatory activities may lead to additional, likely marginal, increases in State expenditures. The OLS, however, cannot determine the magnitude of the increase due to uncertainty regarding the number of professionals who will be regulated and the operational decisions the board will make.

Section:Law and Public SafetyAnalyst:Kristin Brunner Santos
Senior Fiscal AnalystApproved:Thomas Koenig
Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

SENATE, No. 897 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 27, 2020

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH P. CRYAN District 20 (Union) Senator PAUL A. SARLO District 36 (Bergen and Passaic)

SYNOPSIS

Provides for temporary travel license to practice chiropractic.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/5/2020)

1 AN ACT concerning the practice of chiropractic and supplementing 2 P.L.1989, c.153 (C.45:9-41.17 et al.). 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. a. Any person who has been examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of 8 9 another state or jurisdiction of the United States having 10 requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent to those required under section 8 of P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5), 11 12 may, in the discretion of the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, 13 be granted, without further examination and upon application and payment of a fee as determined by the board, a temporary travel 14 15 license to practice chiropractic in this State in order to visit, 16 examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a 17 demonstration of a procedure or clinic, provided that the provision 18 of care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are 19 within the scope of practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-20 14.5. 21 b. The board shall issue a temporary travel license to a visiting 22 chiropractor who: 23 (1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license 24 in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is 25 licensed: 26 (2) applies for the temporary travel license no less than 60 days 27 prior to a visit in this State; (3) provides to the board the following information: 28 29 (a) the purpose of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary 30 services or for a fee: 31 (b) the anticipated duration of the visit; 32 (c) the chiropractic license numbers in each state or jurisdiction 33 in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; and 34 (4) provides to the board an affidavit stating that the visiting 35 chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed. 36 37 c. Unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual basis, the temporary travel license shall permit a visiting 38 39 chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for no more than 40 14 days during any calendar year. 41 d. The board may terminate the temporary travel license of any 42 visiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons: (1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or 43 44 violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the 45 practice of chiropractic; 46 (2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would 47 constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully 48 licensed by the board in this State; or

1 (3) the board receives and validates a complaint indicating that 2 the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has 3 otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.

4 e. If the board terminates the temporary travel license of a 5 visiting chiropractor pursuant to subsection d. of this section, the board shall provide written notification of the termination to the 6 7 visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon 8 receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting 9 chiropractor shall immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in 10 The board shall provide a copy of the written this State. notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board 11 12 of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is 13 licensed.

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15 2. This act shall take effect on the 90th day following 16 enactment.

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STATEMENT

21 This bill requires the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to 22 issue a temporary travel license to any person who has been 23 examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining 24 and licensing board of another state or jurisdiction of the United 25 States having requirements for examination and licensure 26 substantially equivalent to those required under section 8 of 27 P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5). The temporary travel license must be issued without further examination upon application and 28 29 payment of a license fee, as determined by the board, and will allow 30 the traveling chiropractor to visit, examine, treat, or advise a 31 specific patient or client, or give a demonstration of a procedure or clinic, in this State, provided that the care, consultation, 32 33 demonstration, clinic, or other services are within the scope of 34 practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-14.5.

35 Under the bill, the board will issue a temporary travel license to 36 a visiting chiropractor who:

37 (1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license 38 in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is 39 licensed;

40 (2) applies to the board for the temporary travel license no less 41 than 60 days prior to a visit in this State;

42 (3) provides to the board the following information: the purpose of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary services or for a 43 44 fee; the anticipated duration of the visit; and the chiropractic license 45 numbers in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting 46 chiropractor is licensed; and

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1 (4) provides to the board an affidavit that the visiting 2 chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in 3 which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

The bill also provides that, unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual basis, the temporary travel license will permit a visiting chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for not more than 14 days during any calendar year.

8 The board may terminate the temporary travel license of any 9 visiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons:

(1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or
violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the
practice of chiropractic;

(2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would
constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully
licensed by the board in this State; or

(3) the board receives and validates a complaint indicating that
the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has
otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.

19 Under the bill, if the board terminates the temporary travel 20 license of a visiting chiropractor, then the board must provide written notification of the termination to the visiting chiropractor 21 22 detailing the basis for the termination. Upon receiving written 23 notification of the termination, the visiting chiropractor must 24 immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in this State. Finally, 25 the bill requires the board to provide a copy of the written 26 notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board 27 of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is 28 licensed.

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 897

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 27, 2020

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 897.

This bill requires the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to issue a temporary travel license to any person who has been examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of another state or jurisdiction of the United States having requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent to those required under section 8 of P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5). The temporary travel license must be issued without further examination upon application and payment of a license fee, as determined by the board, and will allow the traveling chiropractor to visit, examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a demonstration of a procedure or clinic, in this State, provided that the care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are within the scope of practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-14.5.

Under the bill, the board will issue a temporary travel license to a visiting chiropractor who:

(1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed;

(2) applies to the board for the temporary travel license no less than 60 days prior to a visit in this State;

(3) provides to the board the following information: the purpose of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary services or for a fee; the anticipated duration of the visit; and the chiropractic license numbers in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; and

(4) provides to the board an affidavit that the visiting chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

The bill also provides that, unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual basis, the temporary travel license will permit a visiting chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for not more than 14 days during any calendar year.

The board may terminate the temporary travel license of any visiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons:

(1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the practice of chiropractic;

(2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully licensed by the board in this State; or

(3) the board receives and validates a complaint indicating that the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.

Under the bill, if the board terminates the temporary travel license of a visiting chiropractor, then the board must provide written notification of the termination to the visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting chiropractor must immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in this State. Finally, the bill requires the board to provide a copy of the written notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 897

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 6, 2021

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 897.

This bill requires the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to issue a temporary travel license to any person who has been examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of another state or jurisdiction of the United States having requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent to those required under section 8 of P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.5). The temporary travel license would be issued without further examination upon application and payment of a license fee, as determined by the board, and would allow the traveling chiropractor to visit, examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a demonstration of a procedure or clinic, in this State, provided that the care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are within the scope of practice of chiropractic as defined in R.S.45:9-14.5.

Under the bill, the board would issue a temporary travel license to a visiting chiropractor who: (1) is in good standing and possesses an unencumbered license in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; (2) applies to the board for the temporary travel license no less than 60 days prior to a visit in this State; (3) provides to the board the following information: the purpose of the visit and whether the visit is for voluntary services or for a fee; the anticipated duration of the visit; and the chiropractic license numbers in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed; and (4) provides to the board an affidavit that the visiting chiropractor is in good standing in each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

The bill also provides that, unless otherwise determined by the board on an individual basis, the temporary travel license would permit a visiting chiropractor to practice chiropractic in this State for not more than 14 days during any calendar year.

The board may terminate the temporary travel license of any visiting chiropractor at any time for any of the following reasons: (1) the visiting chiropractor failed to materially comply with or violated a provision of the laws, rules or regulations governing the practice of chiropractic; (2) the visiting chiropractor committed an act that would constitute grounds for discipline if committed by a person fully licensed by the board in this State; or (3) the board receives and

validates a complaint indicating that the temporary licensee is unfit to practice chiropractic or has otherwise endangered the health and safety of the general public.

Under the bill, if the board terminates the temporary travel license of a visiting chiropractor, then the board would be required to provide written notification of the termination to the visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting chiropractor would be required to immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in this State. Finally, the bill requires the board to provide a copy of the written notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

As reported, this bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 1194, as also reported by the committee on this date.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that the bill will cause indeterminate increases in annual State revenues and expenditures to issue temporary travel licenses to out-of-state chiropractors to practice and treat patients in New Jersey. The OLS, however, cannot assess the net effect of the two increases given the absence of information on the future cost of regulating the temporary travel license program and on future license fee and penalty collections.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 897 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

DATED: FEBRUARY 13, 2020

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Provides for temporary travel license to practice chiropractic.
Type of Impact:	Annual State revenue and expenditure increases.
Agencies Affected:	Department of Law and Public Safety

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost Increase		Indeterminate	
State Revenue Increase		Indeterminate	

• The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that the bill will cause indeterminate increases in annual State revenues and expenditures to issue temporary travel licenses to out-of-state chiropractors to practice and treat patients in New Jersey. The OLS, however, cannot assess the net effect of the two increases given the absence of information on the future cost of regulating the temporary travel license program and on future license fee and penalty collections.

BILL DESCRIPTION

This bill requires the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners in the Division of Consumer Affairs to issue a temporary travel license to any person who has been examined and licensed to practice chiropractic by the examining and licensing board of another state or jurisdiction of the United States having requirements for examination and licensure substantially equivalent to those required in New Jersey.

The temporary travel license must be issued without further examination upon application and payment of a license fee and will allow the traveling chiropractor to visit, examine, treat, or advise a specific patient or client, or give a demonstration of a procedure or clinic provided that the care, consultation, demonstration, clinic, or other services are within the scope of practice of chiropractic.



Under the bill, the board may issue a temporary travel license for not more than 14 days during any calendar year to a visiting chiropractor who meets specific requirements. The board has the discretion to extend the temporary travel license.

In addition, the bill sets forth certain provisions in which the board may terminate the temporary travel license of any visiting chiropractor at any time. If the board terminates the temporary travel license, then the board must provide written notification of the termination to the visiting chiropractor detailing the basis for the termination. Upon receiving written notification of the termination, the visiting chiropractor must immediately cease the practice of chiropractic in this State. Finally, the bill requires the board to provide a copy of the written notification of the termination to the examining or licensing board of each state or jurisdiction in which the visiting chiropractor is licensed.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS finds that the bill will cause indeterminate increases in annual State revenues and expenditures to issue temporary travel licenses to out-of-state chiropractors to practice and treat patients in New Jersey. The OLS, however, cannot assess the net effect of the two increases given the absence of information on the future cost of regulating the temporary travel license program and on future license fee and penalty collections. The bill permits the State Board of Chiropractic Examiners to charge a reasonable fee for the issuance of the temporary travel license.

The New Jersey Division of Consumer Affairs website indicates that there are over 3,000 active licensed chiropractors in the State. In 2017, the American Chiropractic Association Sports Council indicated that over 34 states issued a variation of a temporary travel or "travel-to-treat" license for chiropractors. In many cases, these chiropractors were providing services for specific athletic and performing arts events.

<u>State Revenue Increases</u>: The bill will increase annual State revenue collections from licensure fees, fines, and penalties by indeterminate amounts.

The OLS cannot quantify the licensure fee payments the board will collect from the temporary travel license because the bill leaves the setting of the specific fee levels to the board's discretion and because the number of future license issuances is unknown.

Additionally, it is unknown how many active out-of-state licensees may have registered differently if these provisions had been previously available. For example, under this bill if an out-of-state chiropractor paid for a two-year professional license at the established fee and the temporary license fee is set at a lower rate, the chiropractor may change the method of licensure in the State resulting in lower revenue collections from licenses.

Moreover, the OLS anticipates that the State may annually collect indeterminate fine and penalty payments from violations of statutory and regulatory requirements applicable to the established temporary license.

<u>State Expenditure Increase</u>: The State will incur an annual expenditure increase with the establishment of the licensure. The board's regulatory activities may lead to additional, likely marginal, increases in State expenditures. The OLS, however, cannot determine the magnitude of

the increase due to uncertainty regarding the number of professionals who will be regulated and the operational decisions the board will make.

Section:	Law and Public Safety
Analyst:	Kristin Brunner Santos Senior Fiscal Analyst
Approved:	Frank W. Haines III Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).