26:2H-12.87a LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF:	2021	СНАРТ	ER:	277			
NJSA:	26:2H-12.87a (Requires DOH to develop Statewide plan for infection control and prevention infrastructure improvements in nursing homes.)						
BILL NO:	S3032	(Substi	tuted for	r A4855)			
SPONSOR(S)	Sweeney, Step	Sweeney, Stephen M. and others					
DATE INTROD	DUCED: 10/19/2	2020					
COMMITTEE:	ASSEI	MBLY:	Approp	oriations			
	SENA	ſE:		, Human Service t & Appropriatior		ens	
AMENDED DU	IRING PASSAG	E:	No				
DATE OF PAS	SAGE:	ASSEM	IBLY:	5/20/2021			
		SENAT	E:	3/25/2021			
DATE OF APP	ROVAL:	11/8/20	21				
FOLLOWING	ARE ATTACHEI) if ava	ILABLI	E:			
FINAL	FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Introduced bill enacted) Yes						
S3032 INTRODUCED BILL (INCLUDES SPONSOR'S STATEMENT): Yes							
	COMMITTEE	STATEM	ENT:		ASSEMBLY:	Yes	Appropriations
					SENATE:	Yes	Health, Human Services & Senior Citizens Budget & Appropriations
(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, may possibly be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)							
	FLOOR AMEN	DMENT	STATE	MENT:		No	
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL	ESTIM	ATE:		Yes	
A4855							
	INTRODUCED	BILL (IN		ES SPONSOR'S	STATEMENT):	Yes	
	COMMITTEE	STATEM	ENT:		ASSEMBLY:	Yes	Aging & Senior Services Appropriations
					SENATE:	No	

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

NT STATEMENT: No
AL ESTIMATE: Yes
No
N SIGNING: Yes
No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
	No

RWH/JA

P.L. 2021, CHAPTER 277, *approved November 8, 2021* Senate, No. 3032

1 AN ACT concerning nursing homes and supplementing Title 26 of 2 the Revised Statutes. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 The Department of Health shall conduct a Statewide 7 1. a. 8 nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure 9 assessment, which assessment shall include, at a minimum: 10 (1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in 11 nursing homes, a determination as to what percentage of the total number of authorized nursing home beds in New Jersey are utilized 12 13 in single-resident rooms, and a review of the ability of nursing 14 homes to convert multiple-resident rooms to single-resident rooms 15 or otherwise expand the number of single-resident rooms; 16 (2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, air 17 conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes; 18 (3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and 19 other physical plant features that are designed or may be implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability 20 21 in nursing homes; and 22 (4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or 23 prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by 24 the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety 25 established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88. No later than 30 days after the effective date of this act, the Department of Health shall request 26 that the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and 27 28 Safety provide the department with recommendations for 29 infrastructure-related infection control and prevention considerations to be assessed pursuant to this section, which 30 recommendations shall be provided by the task force to the 31 32 department no later than 30 days after the date of the request. 33 The assessment required under subsection a. of this section b. 34 shall be completed no later than one year after the effective date of 35 this act. 36 c. No later than 180 days after completing the assessment 37 required pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the department 38 shall develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and 39 prevention infrastructure improvement plan, which plan shall: 40 (1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to 41 the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and 42 prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused 43 on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

1 (2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home 2 industry in New Jersey to ensure the system is primarily focused on 3 resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, 4 which strategy shall include design and construction standards for 5 new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications; 6 (3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in 7 place in other states; and 8 (4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, 9 which shall take into account the age of the facilities, the 10 availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of 11 improvements, and the authorizations that would be required. 12 In developing the Statewide nursing home infection control and 13 prevention infrastructure improvement plan pursuant to this subsection, the department shall consult with representatives from 14 15 the nursing home industry, including representatives from for-profit 16 and non-profit facilities, groups representing nursing home workers, 17 including both direct care providers and support staff, resident 18 advocates, and the families of residents. 19

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

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This bill requires the Department of Health to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment and, based on that assessment, develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan.

At a minimum, the assessment will include: (1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in nursing homes in the State and the percentage of total nursing home beds that are utilized in single-resident rooms, as well as a review of the ability of nursing homes to expand single-resident room capacity;

35 (2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, air
 36 conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes;

(3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and
other physical plant features that are designed or may be
implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability
in nursing homes; and

(4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or
prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by
the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety
established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88. The bill expressly requires
the department to request recommendations from the task force.

46 The assessment is to be completed within one year after the47 effective date of the bill.

1 No later than 180 days after the assessment is completed, the 2 department will be required to develop a Statewide nursing home 3 infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan, 4 which plan is to:

5 (1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to 6 the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and 7 prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused 8 on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

9 (2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home 10 industry in New Jersey to ensure the industry is primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, 11 12 which strategy will include design and construction standards for 13 new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications;

14 (3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in 15 place in other states; and

16 (4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, 17 which will take into account the age of the facilities, the availability 18 of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of 19 improvements, and the authorizations that would be required.

20 In developing the Statewide plan, the department will be required 21 to consult with representatives from the nursing home industry, 22 including representatives from for-profit and non-profit facilities, 23 groups representing both direct care providers and support staff in 24 nursing homes, resident advocates, and the families of residents.

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29 Requires DOH to develop Statewide plan for infection control and prevention infrastructure improvements in nursing homes.

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SENATE, No. 3032 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 19, 2020

Sponsored by: Senator STEPHEN M. SWEENEY District 3 (Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem) Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex) Assemblyman DANIEL R. BENSON District 14 (Mercer and Middlesex) Assemblywoman VALERIE VAINIERI HUTTLE District 37 (Bergen) Assemblyman NICHOLAS CHIARAVALLOTI District 31 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Pou, O'Scanlon, Greenstein, Ruiz, Weinberg, Assemblymen Verrelli, Dancer, McClellan, Caputo, Simonsen, Assemblywoman McKnight, Assemblyman Danielsen, Assemblywoman Downey, Assemblymen Space, Assemblywomen Wirths, Jasey, Tucker, Assemblymen Johnson, Mejia, Assemblywomen DiMaso, Swain and **Assemblyman Tully**

SYNOPSIS

Requires DOH to develop Statewide plan for infection control and prevention infrastructure improvements in nursing homes.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/20/2021)

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AN ACT concerning nursing homes and supplementing Title 26 of
 the Revised Statutes.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

6

1. a. The Department of Health shall conduct a Statewide
nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure
assessment, which assessment shall include, at a minimum:

(1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in
nursing homes, a determination as to what percentage of the total
number of authorized nursing home beds in New Jersey are utilized
in single-resident rooms, and a review of the ability of nursing
homes to convert multiple-resident rooms to single-resident rooms
or otherwise expand the number of single-resident rooms;

(2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, airconditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes;

(3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and
other physical plant features that are designed or may be
implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability
in nursing homes; and

22 (4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or 23 prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by 24 the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety 25 established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88. No later than 30 days after 26 the effective date of this act, the Department of Health shall request 27 that the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and 28 Safety provide the department with recommendations for 29 infrastructure-related infection control and prevention considerations to be assessed pursuant to this section, which 30 31 recommendations shall be provided by the task force to the department no later than 30 days after the date of the request. 32

b. The assessment required under subsection a. of this section
shall be completed no later than one year after the effective date of
this act.

c. No later than 180 days after completing the assessment
required pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the department
shall develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and
prevention infrastructure improvement plan, which plan shall:

(1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to
the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and
prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused
on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

(2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home
industry in New Jersey to ensure the system is primarily focused on
resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents,
which strategy shall include design and construction standards for
new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications;

1 (3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in 2 place in other states; and 3 (4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, which shall take into account the age of the facilities, the 4 5 availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of improvements, and the authorizations that would be required. 6 7 In developing the Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan pursuant to this 8 9 subsection, the department shall consult with representatives from 10 the nursing home industry, including representatives from for-profit 11 and non-profit facilities, groups representing nursing home workers, 12 including both direct care providers and support staff, resident advocates, and the families of residents. 13 14 15 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 16 17 18 **STATEMENT** 19 20 This bill requires the Department of Health to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention 21 22 infrastructure assessment and, based on that assessment, develop a 23 Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention 24 infrastructure improvement plan. 25 At a minimum, the assessment will include: (1) a count of the 26 total number of single-resident rooms in nursing homes in the State 27 and the percentage of total nursing home beds that are utilized in single-resident rooms, as well as a review of the ability of nursing 28 29 homes to expand single-resident room capacity; 30 (2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, air 31 conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes; 32 (3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and other physical plant features that are designed or may be 33 34 implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability 35 in nursing homes; and 36 (4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or 37 prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by 38 the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety 39 established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88. The bill expressly requires 40 the department to request recommendations from the task force. 41 The assessment is to be completed within one year after the 42 effective date of the bill. No later than 180 days after the assessment is completed, the 43 44 department will be required to develop a Statewide nursing home 45 infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan, 46 which plan is to: 47 (1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to 48 the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and

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1 prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused 2 on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents; 3 (2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home 4 industry in New Jersey to ensure the industry is primarily focused 5 on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, which strategy will include design and construction standards for 6 7 new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications; 8 (3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in 9 place in other states; and 10 (4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, 11 which will take into account the age of the facilities, the availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of 12 improvements, and the authorizations that would be required. 13 14 In developing the Statewide plan, the department will be required 15 to consult with representatives from the nursing home industry, 16 including representatives from for-profit and non-profit facilities,

17 groups representing both direct care providers and support staff in

18 nursing homes, resident advocates, and the families of residents.

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 3032

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 18, 2021

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 3032.

This bill requires the Department of Health to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment and, based on that assessment, develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan.

At a minimum, the assessment will include:

(1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in nursing homes in the State and the percentage of total nursing home beds that are utilized in single-resident rooms, as well as a review of the ability of nursing homes to expand single-resident room capacity;

(2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes;

(3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and other physical plant features that are designed or may be implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability in nursing homes; and

(4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88. The bill expressly requires the department to request recommendations from the task force.

The assessment is to be completed within one year after the effective date of the bill.

No later than 180 days after the assessment is completed, the department will be required to develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan, which plan is to:

(1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

(2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home industry in New Jersey to ensure the industry is primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, which strategy will include design and construction standards for new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications; (3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in place in other states; and

(4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, which will take into account the age of the facilities, the availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of improvements, and the authorizations that would be required.

In developing the Statewide plan, the department will be required to consult with representatives from the nursing home industry, including representatives from for-profit and non-profit facilities, groups representing both direct care providers and support staff in nursing homes, resident advocates, and the families of residents.

As reported by the committee, Senate Bill No. 3032 is identical to Assembly Bill No. 4855, which also was reported by the committee on this date.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that this bill would increase State expenditures from the General Fund by an indeterminate amount over a two-year period, in order for the Department of Health (DOH) to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment, and develop a strategic plan to address gaps in facilities' infection control and prevention infrastructure.

To the extent that the DOH can adapt the Infection Control Assessment and Response (ICAR) tool, utilized by the department's Communicable Disease Service (CDS) to reduce the number of healthcare associated infections in nursing homes, State costs could be reduced.

The DOH would incur additional costs to develop a strategic plan to improve infection control and prevention infrastructure in New Jersey nursing homes. To the extent that the DOH is able to consult with CDS staff regarding steps to improve facilities' infection control and prevention protocols, or incorporate best practices utilized in other states, costs to meet this requirement could be limited.

SENATE HEALTH, HUMAN SERVICES AND SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 3032

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 14, 2021

The Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 3032.

This bill requires the Department of Health to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment and, based on that assessment, develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan.

At a minimum, the assessment will include: (1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in nursing homes in the State and the percentage of total nursing home beds that are utilized in singleresident rooms, as well as a review of the ability of nursing homes to expand single-resident room capacity;

(2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes;

(3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and other physical plant features that are designed or may be implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability in nursing homes; and

(4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88. The bill expressly requires the department to request recommendations from the task force.

The assessment is to be completed within one year after the effective date of the bill.

No later than 180 days after the assessment is completed, the department will be required to develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan, which plan is to:

(1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

(2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home industry in New Jersey to ensure the industry is primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, which strategy will include design and construction standards for new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications;

(3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in place in other states; and

(4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, which will take into account the age of the facilities, the availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of improvements, and the authorizations that would be required.

In developing the Statewide plan, the department will be required to consult with representatives from the nursing home industry, including representatives from for-profit and non-profit facilities, groups representing both direct care providers and support staff in nursing homes, resident advocates, and the families of residents.

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 3032

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 22, 2021

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 3032.

This bill requires the Department of Health to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment and, based on that assessment, develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan.

At a minimum, the assessment will include: (1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in nursing homes in the State and the percentage of total nursing home beds that are utilized in single-resident rooms, as well as a review of the ability of nursing homes to expand single-resident room capacity; (2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes; (3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and other physical plant features that are designed or may be implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability in nursing homes; and (4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88.

The bill expressly requires the department to request recommendations from the task force. The assessment is to be completed within one year after the effective date of the bill.

No later than 180 days after the assessment is completed, the department will be required to develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan, which plan is to:

(1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

(2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home industry in New Jersey to ensure the industry is primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, which strategy will include design and construction standards for new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications;

(3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in place in other states; and

(4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, which will take into account the age of the facilities, the availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of improvements, and the authorizations that would be required.

In developing the Statewide plan, the department will be required to consult with representatives from the nursing home industry, including representatives from for-profit and non-profit facilities, groups representing both direct care providers and support staff in nursing homes, resident advocates, and the families of residents.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services finds that this bill would increase State expenditures from the General Fund by an indeterminate amount over a two-year period, in order for the Department of Health (DOH) to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment and develop a strategic plan to address gaps in facilities' infection control and prevention infrastructure.

To the extent that the DOH can adapt the Infection Control Assessment and Response tool, utilized by the department's Communicable Disease Service (CDS) to reduce the number of healthcare associated infections in nursing homes, State costs could be reduced.

The DOH would incur additional costs to develop a strategic plan to improve infection control and prevention infrastructure in New Jersey nursing homes. To the extent that the DOH is able to consult with CDS staff regarding steps to improve facilities' infection control and prevention protocols, or incorporate best practices utilized in other states, costs to meet this requirement could be limited.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 3032 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

DATED: MARCH 10, 2021

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Requires DOH to develop Statewide plan for infection control and prevention infrastructure improvements in nursing homes.
Type of Impact:	Two-year increase in State expenditures.
Agencies Affected:	Department of Health.

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>
State Cost Increase	Indeterminate	Indeterminate

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that this bill would increase State expenditures from the General Fund by an indeterminate amount over a two-year period, in order for the Department of Health (DOH) to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment and develop a strategic plan to address gaps in facilities' infection control and prevention infrastructure.
- To the extent that the DOH can adapt the Infection Control Assessment and Response (ICAR) tool, utilized by the department's Communicable Disease Service (CDS) to reduce the number of healthcare associated infections in nursing homes, State costs could be reduced.
- The DOH would incur additional costs to develop a strategic plan to improve infection control and prevention infrastructure in New Jersey nursing homes. To the extent that the DOH is able to consult with CDS staff regarding steps to improve facilities' infection control and prevention protocols, or incorporate best practices utilized in other states, costs to meet this requirement could be limited.

BILL DESCRIPTION

This bill would require the DOH to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment and, based on that assessment, develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan.

At a minimum, the assessment is to include:



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(1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in nursing homes in the State, the percentage of total nursing home beds that are utilized in single-resident rooms, and a review of the ability of nursing homes to expand single-resident room capacity;

(2) a survey of the maintenance of the heating, ventilation, air conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes;

(3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and other physical plant features that may be used to increase infection control and prevention capability in nursing homes; and

(4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or prevention considerations recommended for assessment by the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety. The bill expressly requires the department to request recommendations from the task force.

The assessment is to be completed within one year after the effective date of the bill.

No later than 180 days after the assessment is completed, the department will be required to develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan, which plan is to:

(1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

(2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home industry in New Jersey to ensure the industry is primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, which strategy will include design and construction standards for new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications;

(3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in place in other states; and

(4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, which will take into account the age of the facilities, the availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of improvements, and the authorizations that would be required.

In developing the Statewide plan, the department will be required to consult with representatives from the nursing home industry, including representatives from for-profit and nonprofit facilities, groups representing both direct care providers and support staff in nursing homes, resident advocates, and the families of residents.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS finds that this bill would increase State expenditures from the General Fund by an indeterminate amount in order for the DOH to conduct the Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment, and develop a strategic plan to address gaps in facilities' infection control and prevention infrastructure. For context, the OLS calculates that there are 377 nursing homes in the State that would come under the purview of this bill.

Currently, the CDS within the DOH has a team of epidemiologists and infection preventionists that conducts voluntary infection control and prevention assessments of nursing homes and other healthcare facilities, utilizing the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) ICAR tool. The CDS utilizes the ICAR tool, as part of a cooperative agreement with the CDC, to help nursing homes reduce the number of healthcare associated infections.

However, assessments conducted by the ICAR team are non-regulatory in nature, meaning that results from the ICAR assessments are not reported to the DOH, unless the team observes an egregious violation. Specifically, the ICAR team will: survey a nursing home's infection control and prevention practices, identify areas for improvement in a facility's infection prevention practices, share local and national best practices with a facility's leadership team, provide resources to support outbreak response and reporting preparedness, and provide post-assessment follow-up resources. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the CDC adapted its ICAR tool to assess infection control and prevention protocols related to COVID-19; the revised ICAR tool includes a section pertaining to a nursing home's infrastructure. To the extent that the DOH can adapt the ICAR tool to meet the requirements established under this bill, costs to the State may be somewhat reduced.

The bill additionally requires the DOH to develop a strategic plan to address infrastructure improvements that nursing homes may need to make in order to facilitate infection control and prevention. The strategic plan is additionally to include: design and construction standards to improve infection control capabilities at nursing homes; best practices utilized in other states; and specific infection control benchmarks, along with timelines for the nursing home industry to meet these benchmarks. To the extent that the DOH can consult with, and obtain recommendations from the ICAR team in formulating the required strategic plan, State costs could be reduced. In addition, the DOH could consult with the Health Care Association of New Jersey, which represents both for-profit and non-profit nursing homes, or LeadingAge New Jersey and Delaware, which represents non-profit nursing homes, to develop specific design and construction protocols and best practice standards as part of the long-term strategic plan.

Section:	Human Services
Analyst:	Anne Cappabianca Assistant Fiscal Analyst
Approved:	Thomas Koenig Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

ASSEMBLY, No. 4855 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 19, 2020

Sponsored by: Assemblyman DANIEL R. BENSON District 14 (Mercer and Middlesex) Assemblywoman VALERIE VAINIERI HUTTLE District 37 (Bergen) Assemblyman NICHOLAS CHIARAVALLOTI District 31 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblymen Verrelli, Dancer, McClellan, Simonsen, Caputo, Assemblywoman McKnight, Assemblyman Danielsen, Assemblywoman Downey, Assemblymen Wirths, Space, Assemblywomen Jasey, Tucker, Assemblymen Johnson, Mejia, Assemblywomen DiMaso, Swain and Assemblyman Tully

SYNOPSIS

Requires DOH to develop Statewide plan for infection control and prevention infrastructure improvements in nursing homes.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/20/2021)

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AN ACT concerning nursing homes and supplementing Title 26 of
 the Revised Statutes.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

5 6

1. a. The Department of Health shall conduct a Statewide
nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure
assessment, which assessment shall include, at a minimum:

10 (1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in 11 nursing homes, a determination as to what percentage of the total 12 number of authorized nursing home beds in New Jersey are utilized 13 in single-resident rooms, and a review of the ability of nursing 14 homes to convert multiple-resident rooms to single-resident rooms 15 or otherwise expand the number of single-resident rooms;

(2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, airconditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes;

(3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and
other physical plant features that are designed or may be
implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability
in nursing homes; and

22 (4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or 23 prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by 24 the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety 25 established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88. No later than 30 days after 26 the effective date of this act, the Department of Health shall request 27 that the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and 28 Safety provide the department with recommendations for 29 infrastructure-related infection control and prevention considerations to be assessed pursuant to this section, which 30 31 recommendations shall be provided by the task force to the 32 department no later than 30 days after the date of the request.

b. The assessment required under subsection a. of this section
shall be completed no later than one year after the effective date of
this act.

c. No later than 180 days after completing the assessment
required pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the department
shall develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and
prevention infrastructure improvement plan, which plan shall:

(1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to
the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and
prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused
on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

(2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home
industry in New Jersey to ensure the system is primarily focused on
resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents,
which strategy shall include design and construction standards for
new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications;

1 (3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in 2 place in other states; and 3 (4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, which shall take into account the age of the facilities, the 4 5 availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of improvements, and the authorizations that would be required. 6 7 In developing the Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan pursuant to this 8 9 subsection, the department shall consult with representatives from 10 the nursing home industry, including representatives from for-profit 11 and non-profit facilities, groups representing nursing home workers, 12 including both direct care providers and support staff, resident advocates, and the families of residents. 13 14 15 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 16 17 18 **STATEMENT** 19 20 This bill requires the Department of Health to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention 21 22 infrastructure assessment and, based on that assessment, develop a 23 Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention 24 infrastructure improvement plan. 25 At a minimum, the assessment will include: (1) a count of the 26 total number of single-resident rooms in nursing homes in the State 27 and the percentage of total nursing home beds that are utilized in 28 single-resident rooms, as well as a review of the ability of nursing 29 homes to expand single-resident room capacity; 30 (2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, air 31 conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes; 32 (3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and other physical plant features that are designed or may be 33 34 implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability 35 in nursing homes; and 36 (4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or 37 prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by 38 the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety 39 established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88. The bill expressly requires 40 the department to request recommendations from the task force. 41 The assessment is to be completed within one year after the 42 effective date of the bill. 43 No later than 180 days after the assessment is completed, the 44 department will be required to develop a Statewide nursing home 45 infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan, 46 which plan is to: 47 (1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to 48 the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and

A4855 BENSON, VAINIERI HUTTLE

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1 prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents; 2 3 (2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home 4 industry in New Jersey to ensure the industry is primarily focused 5 on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, which strategy will include design and construction standards for 6 7 new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications; 8 (3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in 9 place in other states; and 10 (4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, 11 which will take into account the age of the facilities, the availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of 12 improvements, and the authorizations that would be required. 13 14 In developing the Statewide plan, the department will be required 15 to consult with representatives from the nursing home industry, 16 including representatives from for-profit and non-profit facilities, 17 groups representing both direct care providers and support staff in

18 nursing homes, resident advocates, and the families of residents.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 4855

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 7, 2020

The Assembly Aging and Senior Services Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 4855.

This bill requires the Department of Health to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment and, based on that assessment, develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan.

At a minimum, the assessment will include:

(1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in nursing homes in the State and the percentage of total nursing home beds that are utilized in single-resident rooms, as well as a review of the ability of nursing homes to expand single-resident room capacity;

(2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes;

(3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and other physical plant features that are designed or may be implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability in nursing homes; and

(4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88. The bill expressly requires the department to request recommendations from the task force.

The assessment is to be completed within one year after the effective date of the bill.

No later than 180 days after the assessment is completed, the department will be required to develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan, which plan is to:

(1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

(2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home industry in New Jersey to ensure the industry is primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, which strategy will include design and construction standards for new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications; (3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in place in other states; and

(4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, which will take into account the age of the facilities, the availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of improvements, and the authorizations that would be required.

In developing the Statewide plan, the department will be required to consult with representatives from the nursing home industry, including representatives from for-profit and non-profit facilities, groups representing both direct care providers and support staff in nursing homes, resident advocates, and the families of residents.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 4855

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 18, 2021

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 4855.

This bill requires the Department of Health to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment and, based on that assessment, develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan.

At a minimum, the assessment will include:

(1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in nursing homes in the State and the percentage of total nursing home beds that are utilized in single-resident rooms, as well as a review of the ability of nursing homes to expand single-resident room capacity;

(2) a survey of the maintenance status of heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes;

(3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and other physical plant features that are designed or may be implemented to increase infection control and prevention capability in nursing homes; and

(4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or prevention considerations as are recommended for assessment by the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety established pursuant to P.L.2020, c.88. The bill expressly requires the department to request recommendations from the task force.

The assessment is to be completed within one year after the effective date of the bill.

No later than 180 days after the assessment is completed, the department will be required to develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan, which plan is to:

(1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

(2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home industry in New Jersey to ensure the industry is primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, which strategy will include design and construction standards for new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications; (3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in place in other states; and

(4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, which will take into account the age of the facilities, the availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of improvements, and the authorizations that would be required.

In developing the Statewide plan, the department will be required to consult with representatives from the nursing home industry, including representatives from for-profit and non-profit facilities, groups representing both direct care providers and support staff in nursing homes, resident advocates, and the families of residents.

As reported by the committee, Assembly Bill No. 4855 is identical to Senate Bill No. 3032, which also was reported by the committee on this date.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that this bill would increase State expenditures from the General Fund by an indeterminate amount over a two-year period, in order for the Department of Health (DOH) to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment, and develop a strategic plan to address gaps in facilities' infection control and prevention infrastructure.

To the extent that the DOH can adapt the Infection Control Assessment and Response (ICAR) tool, utilized by the department's Communicable Disease Service (CDS) to reduce the number of healthcare associated infections in nursing homes, State costs could be reduced.

The DOH would incur additional costs to develop a strategic plan to improve infection control and prevention infrastructure in New Jersey nursing homes. To the extent that the DOH is able to consult with CDS staff regarding steps to improve facilities' infection control and prevention protocols, or incorporate best practices utilized in other states, costs to meet this requirement could be limited.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE ASSEMBLY, No. 4855 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

DATED: MAY 20, 2021

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Requires DOH to develop Statewide plan for infection control and prevention infrastructure improvements in nursing homes.
Type of Impact:	Indeterminate increase in State expenditures, General Fund.
Agencies Affected:	Department of Health, Communicable Disease Service.

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>
State Cost	Indeterminate Increase	Indeterminate Increase

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that this bill would increase State expenditures from the General Fund by an indeterminate amount over a two-year period, in order for the Department of Health (DOH) to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment, and develop a strategic plan to address gaps in facilities' infection control and prevention infrastructure.
- To the extent that the DOH can adapt the Infection Control Assessment and Response (ICAR) tool, utilized by the department's Communicable Disease Service (CDS) to reduce the number of healthcare associated infections in nursing homes, State costs could be reduced.
- The DOH would incur additional costs to develop a strategic plan to improve infection control and prevention infrastructure in New Jersey nursing homes. To the extent that the DOH is able to consult with CDS staff regarding steps to improve facilities' infection control and prevention protocols, or incorporate best practices utilized in other states, costs to meet this requirement could be limited.

BILL DESCRIPTION

This bill would require the DOH to conduct a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment and, based on that assessment, develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan.

At a minimum, the assessment is to include:



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(1) a count of the total number of single-resident rooms in nursing homes in the State, the percentage of total nursing home beds that are utilized in single-resident rooms, and a review of the ability of nursing homes to expand single-resident room capacity;

(2) a survey of the maintenance of the heating, ventilation, air conditioning, and refrigeration systems in nursing homes;

(3) a study of the utilization of negative pressure rooms and other physical plant features that may be used to increase infection control and prevention capability in nursing homes; and

(4) any other infrastructure-related infection control or prevention considerations recommended for assessment by the New Jersey Task Force on Long-Term Care Quality and Safety. The bill expressly requires the department to request recommendations from the task force.

The assessment is to be completed within one year after the effective date of the bill.

No later than 180 days after the assessment is completed, the department will be required to develop a Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure improvement plan, which plan is to:

(1) establish standards and requirements for improvements to the infrastructure in nursing homes to improve infection control and prevention and to ensure the nursing homes are primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents;

(2) establish a long-term strategy to redesign the nursing home industry in New Jersey to ensure the industry is primarily focused on resident safety and the quality of services provided to residents, which strategy will include design and construction standards for new facilities and facilities undergoing significant modifications;

(3) review and seek to incorporate best practice standards in place in other states; and

(4) establish specific goals and timelines for improvements, which will take into account the age of the facilities, the availability of land for expansion or new construction, the costs of improvements, and the authorizations that would be required.

In developing the Statewide plan, the department will be required to consult with representatives from the nursing home industry, including representatives from for-profit and non-profit facilities, groups representing both direct care providers and support staff in nursing homes, resident advocates, and the families of residents.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS finds that this bill would increase State expenditures from the General Fund by an indeterminate amount in order for the DOH to conduct the Statewide nursing home infection control and prevention infrastructure assessment, and develop a strategic plan to address gaps in facilities' infection control and prevention infrastructure. For context, the OLS calculates that there are 377 nursing homes in the State that would come under the purview of this bill.

Currently, the CDS within the DOH has team of epidemiologists and infection preventionists that conducts voluntary infection control and prevention assessments of nursing homes and other healthcare facilities, utilizing the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC)

ICAR tool. The CDS utilizes the ICAR tool, as part of a cooperative agreement with the CDC, to help nursing homes reduce the number of healthcare associated infections.

However, assessments conducted by the ICAR team are non-regulatory in nature, meaning that results from the ICAR assessments are not reported to the DOH, unless the team observes an egregious violation. Specifically, the ICAR team will: survey a nursing home's infection control and prevention practices, identify areas for improvement in a facility's infection prevention practices, share local and national best practices with a facility's leadership team, provide resources to support outbreak response and reporting preparedness, and provide post-assessment follow up resources. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the CDC adapted its ICAR tool to assess infection control and prevention protocols related to COVID-19; the revised ICAR tool includes a section pertaining to a nursing home's infrastructure. To the extent that the DOH can adapt the ICAR tool to meet the requirements established under this bill, costs to the State may be somewhat reduced.

. The bill additionally requires the DOH to develop a strategic plan to address infrastructure improvements that nursing homes may need to make in order to facilitate infection control and prevention. The strategic plan is additionally to include: design and construction standards to improve infection control capabilities at nursing homes; best practices utilized in other states; and, specific infection control benchmarks, along with timelines for the nursing home industry to meet these benchmarks. To the extent that the DOH can consult with, and obtain recommendations from, the ICAR team in formulating the required strategic plan, State costs could be reduced. In addition, the DOH could consult with the Health Care Association of New Jersey, which represents both for-profit and non-profit nursing homes, or LeadingAge New Jersey and Delaware, which represents non-profit nursing homes, to develop specific design and construction protocols and best practice standards as part of the long-term strategic plan.

Section:	Human Services
Analyst:	Anne Cappabianca Associate Fiscal Analyst
Approved:	Thomas Koenig Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

Governor Murphy Takes Action on Legislation

11/8/2021

TRENTON - Today, Governor Murphy signed the following bills into law:

S-249/A-1259 (Singleton, Turner/Schaer, DeCroce, Vainieri Huttle) – Requires pharmacy benefits manager providing services within Medicaid program to disclose certain information to DHS

S-324/A-3533 (Diegnan, A.M. Bucco/Benson, Freiman, DeCroce) – Authorizes operators of motor vehicles to display electronic proof of registration; requires MVC to send application for registration renewal to lessee of leased vehicle

SCS for S-399 and 1645/ACS for A-869 and 1380 (Lagana, Weinberg, Stack, Turner, Cunningham/Chiaravalloti, Holley) – Requires residential landlords to install covers on steam radiators upon request of tenant

S-537/A-3110 (Codey/McKeon, Verrelli, Vainieri Huttle) – Establishes certain minimum and maximum temperatures in rooming and boarding houses, dementia care homes, and certain nursing homes and residential health care facilities

S-550/A-1616 (Codey, Pennacchio/Lampitt, Conaway, Vainieri Huttle) – Requires certain student identification cards to contain telephone number for suicide prevention hotline

SCS for S-647/A-4825 (Greenstein, Singleton/McKeon, Karabinchak, Stanley) – Revises cybersecurity, asset management, and related reporting requirements in "Water Quality Accountability Act"

S-828/A-2101 (Lagana, Greenstein/Swain, Tully, Verrelli) – Requires public utilities and local units to provide notice prior to initiating certain infrastructure projects

S-829/A-2135 (Lagana, Singleton/Tully, Swain, Murphy) – Requires property condition disclosure statement to indicate presence of lead plumbing in residential property

S-830/A-2134 (Lagana, Greenstein/Tully, Swain, Conaway) – Requires public water systems to offer drinking water tests to customers in certain circumstances

S-894/A-3874 (Pou, Greenstein/Lopez, Vainieri Huttle) – Prohibits sale of paint or coating removal products that contain methylene chloride unless purchaser meets certain safety standards for use

S-1010/A-2103 (Lagana, Turner/Swain, Tully, Johnson) – Permits counties and municipalities to bond for alternative fuel vehicles

S-1047/A-1712 (Cryan, Pou/Burzichelli, Karabinchak, Giblin) – Concerns disclosure of certain information prior to sale of real estate

S-1148/A-1221 (Ruiz, Pou/Chaparro, Speight, Wimberly) – Requires emergency contact information and access instructions for social services hotline to be provided to tenants of multiple dwellings

S-1239/A-5131 (Codey/McKeon, Danielsen, Jasey) – Authorizes imposition of fee for connection to municipal electric distribution system

S-1259/A-2628 (Singleton/Murphy) - Concerns labor contractors

S-1726/A-795 (Lagana, Pou/Verrelli, Swain, Zwicker) – Prohibits sale of cosmetic products that have been tested on animals

S-2727/A-4775 (Pennacchio, Pou/Vainieri Huttle, Jasey, McKnight) – Establishes Multigenerational Family Housing Continuity Commission; provides municipal guidance to periodically analyze local advancement of commission's senior citizen housing recommendations

S-2861/A-5390 (Singleton, Addiego/Quijano, McKnight, Speight) – Concerns certain restrictive covenants on real property

S-2996/A-5019 (Testa, Sweeney/McClellan, Taliaferro, Johnson) – Allows Board of Cosmetology and Hairstyling licensees to operate mobile facilities when providing services

S-3000/A-4688 (Weinberg, Greenstein/Benson, Verrelli, Vainieri Huttle) – Codifies and establishes certain network adequacy standards for pediatric primary and specialty care in Medicaid program

S-3032/A-4855 (Sweeney, Vitale/Benson, Vainieri Huttle, Chiaravalloti) – Requires DOH to develop Statewide plan for infection control and prevention infrastructure improvements in nursing homes

S-3091/A-4933 (Addiego, Bateman/Burzichelli, Benson, Mukherji) – Requires builders to offer unit concrete products that utilize carbon footprint-reducing technology as option in new construction; establishes tax incentives, and State and local purchasing requirements, for unit concrete products that utilize carbon footprint-reducing technology

S-3253/A-2619 (Singleton, Ruiz/Murphy, Speight, Mukherji) – Establishes alternate route to expedite certification of teachers at early college high school programs

S-3318/A-5893 (Sweeney, Pou/Vainieri Huttle, Caputo, Karabinchak) – Provides for voluntary contributions by taxpayers on gross income tax returns for Special Olympics New Jersey

S-3590/A-5536 (Diegnan, Turner/Burzichelli, Giblin) – Allows formation of limited liability companies by real estate salespersons and broker-salespersons to receive commission income and requires certain disclosures on promotions

S-3811/A-5769 (Sweeney, Scutari/Reynolds-Jackson, Quijano, Carter) – Establishes Kean University as public urban research university

S-3948/A-5896 (Addiego, Gopal/Houghtaling, Downey) – Authorizes supplemental State aid to school districts receiving certain federal Impact Aid; makes appropriation

SJR-41/AJR-33 (Cruz-Perez, Addiego/Lopez, McKnight) – Designates June 2 of each year as "Gun Violence Awareness Day"

SJR-109/AJR-208 (Weinberg, Pou/McKnight, Benson, Vainieri Huttle) – Condemns hate and violent extremism and commits to defense of safe and just democracy

A-637/S-2670 (Caputo, Dancer, Houghtaling/Beach) – Revises permit and license processes for sports pools operators and online sports pool operators; revises definitions of certain sports events; allows for transactional waiver for sports wagering lounge

A-853/S-797 (Chiaravalloti, Karabinchak, McKnight/Cunningham, Doherty) – Prohibits municipal licensure of children operating temporary businesses

A-2311/S-356 (Calabrese, Jasey/Cryan, Codey) – Establishes study commission to examine development of mutually beneficial relationships between institutions of higher education and municipalities

A-3027/S-793 (Lampitt, Jasey, Houghtaling/Cunningham, Singleton) – Commits \$3 million from Supplemental Workforce Fund for Basic Skill to NJ Community College Consortium for Workforce and Economic Development

ACS for A-3352/S-3504 (Kennedy, Stanley, Calabrese/Smith) – Requires certain newly constructed warehouses to be solar-ready buildings

A-3897/S-3263 (Armato, Mazzeo, DiMaso/Beach, Gopal) – Increases fee for New Jersey Waterfowl Stamps

A-4138/S-2701 (Vainieri Huttle, Benson, Giblin/Gopal, Codey) – Requires Department of Human Services to develop public emergency response plan for licensed providers of services to individuals with developmental disabilities

A-4367/S-2794 (Mukherji, Sumter, Taliaferro/Pou, Scutari) – Provides that AOC shall administer program for municipal courts allowing defendants to engage in online plea negotiations, entry of guilty plea, and payment of fine or penalty

A-4484/S-3153 (McKnight, Kennedy, Mukherji, Gove/Pou, Vitale) – Requires State Long-Term Care Ombudsman to establish long-term care advocacy and educational training program

A-4538/S-3131 (Lampitt, Quijano/Pou, A.M. Bucco) – Requires dental insurers to provide credits for reduced usage during coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic

A-4544/S-3150 (Caputo, Jasey, Murphy/Pou, Codey) – Permits school nurse who is retired from TPAF to return to employment for up to two years without reenrollment in TPAF

A-4633/S-2856 (Giblin, DeCroce/Pou) – Permits certain nonresident Certified Public Accountants to provide attest services

A-4831/S-3953 (Chaparro, Kennedy, Murphy/Scutari) – Clarifies classification in this State of criminal offenses committed in other states or under federal law

A-4836/S-3313 (Giblin, Benson, Downey/Pou, Turner) – Establishes task force to evaluate quality, efficacy, costs, and educational outcomes of online courses offered by public and independent institutions of higher education and degree-granting proprietary institutions during COVID-19 pandemic

A-4861/S-3041 (Vainieri Huttle, Armato, Verrelli/Vitale, Gopal) – Requires DOH to publish total number of COVID-19 deaths and cases in long-term care facilities

A-4869/S-2414 (Wirths, Verrelli, Space/Singleton, Madden) – Requires certain bidders for prevailing wage public work to provide proof that prevailing wage will be paid

A-5059/S-3031 (Conaway, Vainieri Huttle, Benson/Sweeney, Vitale) – Requires DOH to establish certain nursing education and professional advancement programs

A-5212/S-3638 (Conaway, Verrelli, Karabinchak/Turner, Diegnan) – Permits dentists to administer vaccines under certain circumstances

A-5751/S-3823 (Swain, Timberlake, Carter, Johnson/Weinberg, Gopal) – Expands State corrections officers training to include topics contributing to their core mission of treating inmates with dignity, fairness, and respect

A-5817/S-3852 (Tully, Swain, Benson/Lagana, Diegnan) – Revises violation and fines for approving or assigning unauthorized individuals as school bus drivers

A-5818/S-3849 (Tully, Swain, Benson/Lagana, Diegnan) – Provides for debarment of school bus contractors for certain violations; requires certain information in pupil transportation contract bid

AJR-204/SJR-105 (Jasey, Benson, Reynolds-Jackson/Cunningham, T. Kean) – Designates April of each year as "Educational Opportunity Fund (EOF) Month" in New Jersey

AJR-238/SJR-123 (Burzichelli/Sweeney, Singleton) – Urges U.S. President and EPA to take appropriate action, through waivers and other reforms, to allow blending of renewable fuels under the federal "Clean Air Act"

Governor Murphy conditionally vetoed the following bills:

S-108/A-169 (Gill, Turner/Caputo, Wirths) – **CONDITIONAL -** Concerns speech rights of student journalists at public schools and public institutions of higher education

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S-2078/A-5008 (Weinberg, Addiego/Lampitt, Benson, Vainieri Huttle) – **CONDITIONAL -** Establishes "Stillbirth Resource Center" and regional Fetal and Infant Mortality Review Committee, and programs for the prevention and reduction of incidences of stillbirth; expands list of professionals authorized to provide stillbirth-related care

Copy of Statement

S-2160/A-5701 (Sweeney, Oroho, Singer/Carter, Lampitt, Jasey) – CONDITIONAL - Creates special education unit within the Office of Administrative Law; requires annual report

Copy of Statement

S-2525/A-4274 (Rice, Singleton, Turner/Conaway, Sumter, Stanley) – CONDITIONAL - Expands powers and duties of State Chief Diversity Officer to promote diversity in State government and public contracting

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S-2559/ACS for A-4179 and 4200 (Gopal, Gill/Downey, Conaway, Benson, Houghtaling, Karabinchak) – CONDITIONAL - Revises requirements for health insurance providers and Medicaid to cover services provided using telemedicine and telehealth; appropriates \$5 million

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S-2834/A-5312 (Ruiz, Cunningham/Quijano, Lampitt, McKnight) – CONDITIONAL - Mandates training on culturally responsive teaching for all candidates for teaching certification

Copy of Statement

S-2953/A-4785 (Sweeney, Cunningham/Quijano, Verrelli, Mukherji) – CONDITIONAL - Expands scope of inmate reentry assistance and benefits

Copy of Statement

S-3238/A-5213 (Ruiz, Pou/Verrelli, McKnight, McKeon) – CONDITIONAL - Establishes New Jersey Easy Enrollment Health Insurance Program

Copy of Statement

S-3488/A-5537 (Sweeney, Gopal, O'Scanlon/Burzichelli, Dancer, Spearman) – **CONDITIONAL -** Modifies certain procedures pertaining to school district regionalization; establishes grant program for cost reimbursement of conducting regionalization feasibility studies; and provides financial incentives for regionalization

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S-3867/A-5868 (Addiego, Singleton/Benson, Verrelli, Vainieri Huttle) – **CONDITIONAL -** Establishes Opioid Recovery and Remediation Fund and Opioid Recovery and Remediation Fund Advisory Council; provides for funds received from opioid settlements to support substance use disorder prevention and treatment programs

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S-3955/A-5905 (Ruiz/Timberlake, Speight, Spearman) – **CONDITIONAL -** Establishes "Rental Assistance Navigation Program" in DCA; makes appropriation

Copy of Statement

A-1533/S-3321 (Spearman, Reynolds-Jackson, Schaer/Stack, Turner) – CONDITIONAL - Requires reservation of portion of tenant-based vouchers under State rental assistance program for persons displaced due to redevelopment of an affordable housing development; provides displaced persons with affordable housing priority status

Copy of Statement

A-2455/S-2204 (Benson, Vainieri Huttle, DeAngelo/Greenstein, Oroho) – CONDITIONAL - Establishes pilot program in DOE to support FIRST Robotics Programs in school districts

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A-3062/S-1196 (Pintor Marin, Moen, Reynolds-Jackson/Pou, Cruz-Perez) - CONDITIONAL

- Establishes three year Financial Empowerment Pilot Program

Copy of Statement

A-4002/S-2257 (Caputo, Dancer, Murphy/Gopal, Sarlo) – CONDITIONAL - Allows deduction of promotional gaming credit from gross revenue on sports wagering

Copy of Statement

A-4433/S-2715 (Greenwald, Mukherji, Lampitt/Beach, Corrado) – CONDITIONAL - Creates grant program to encourage school districts to partner with institutions of higher education in training school-based mental health services providers

Copy of Statement

A-4435/S-2717 (Verrelli, Greenwald, Speight, Lampitt/Beach, Corrado) – CONDITIONAL - Requires DCF to give priority to certain school districts with student mental health counseling centers in awarding grants under School Based Youth Services Program

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A-4630/S-577 (Burzichelli/Madden, Singleton) – CONDITIONAL - Concerns labor harmony agreements in retail and distribution center projects

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A-4746/S-3947 (Mosquera, Lopez, Chaparro, Dunn/Vitale, Turner) – CONDITIONAL - Requires that certain provider subsidy payments for child care services be based on enrollment

Copy of Statement

A-4834/S-3474 (Mazzeo, Quijano, Downey/Pou, Turner) – CONDITIONAL - Requires disclosure letter be included with mail falsely implying State government connection

Copy of Statement

A-4850/S-3095 (Karabinchak, Freiman, Calabrese, Greenwald/Diegnan) – CONDITIONAL - Establishes expedited construction inspection program

Copy of Statement

A-5033/S-3279 (Benson, Dancer, Verrelli/Gopal) – CONDITIONAL - Authorizes motor vehicle dealers to sell motor vehicles online and obtain electronic signatures for motor vehicle transactions

Copy of Statement

A-5353/S-3421 (Conaway, Vainieri Huttle, Benson/Madden, Turner) – CONDITIONAL - Provides for certification of temporary nurse aides

Copy of Statement

A-5599/S-3916 (Chiaravalloti, Vainieri Huttle, McKnight/Scutari, Gill) – CONDITIONAL - Establishes order of protection for current or former judge; upgrades and clarifies harassment against current or former judge; bars firearms possession by persons against whom current or former judge order of protection is entered

Copy of Statement

A-5864/S-3939 (Speight, Pintor Marin, Chaparro, McKnight, DeAngelo, Bergen/Gopal, Cryan) – CONDITIONAL - Allows law enforcement officers to review body worn camera recordings prior to creating initial report

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Governor Murphy absolute vetoed the following bills:

S-415/A-4685 (Turner/Quijano, Verrelli) – **ABSOLUTE -** Requires reentry assistance to be provided to certain inmates who have served their maximum sentence

Copy of Statement

S-969/ACS for A-2687 (Ruiz, Turner/Mazzeo, Lampitt, Moen) – CONDITIONAL - Establishes loan redemption program for teachers in certain fields to redeem loan amounts received under New Jersey College Loans to Assist State Students Loan Program through employment in certain low performing schools

Copy of Statement

S-2261/A-4265 (Singleton/Conaway) – ABSOLUTE - Revises law relating to common interest communities

Copy of Statement

S-2347/A-4030 (Sweeney, Greenstein, T. Kean/Mukherji, Benson, Murphy) – **ABSOLUTE -** Establishes Employment and Business-Related Tax Deferral Assistance Program in EDA to allow small businesses to defer the payment and remittance of certain employment and business-related taxes during COVID-19 public health emergency

Copy of Statement

S-3093/A-4910 (Gopal, Sweeney, Singleton/Burzichelli, Johnson, Danielsen) – ABSOLUTE - Establishes county-based mitigation plan to allow businesses to operate during pandemic

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S-3505/A-5371 (Scutari, Weinberg/Mukherji, Johnson, Quijano) – ABSOLUTE - Requires assignment of unemployment claims handlers to legislative districts and partisan offices during COVID-19 pandemic state of emergency; appropriates \$1.8 million

Copy of Statement

S-3868/A-5895 (Sarlo/Giblin) - ABSOLUTE - Concerns construction code enforcing agency fee revenue

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A-2722/S-1862 (Mukherji/Gopal, Oroho) – ABSOLUTE - Requires Commissioner of Corrections to institute 30-minute shift overlap in State correctional facilities

Copy of Statement

A-4297/S-2631 (Houghtaling, Downey, Space/Gopal, Oroho) – ABSOLUTE - Permits conduct of bingos and raffles remotely; permits online sale of tickets for all bingos and raffles

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A-5231/S-3806 (Lopez, Coughlin, Freiman/Vitale) – ABSOLUTE - Allows county or municipal governing body to enter into revenue sharing agreement for alcoholic beverage sales by concessionaire permit holder

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