4:1-49 to 4:1-52 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF:	2021	CHAPTE	R:	117		
NJSA:	4:1-49 to 4:1	-52 (Establish	ies "N	J One Health Tas	k Force.")	
BILL NO:	S347	(Substitut	ted for	A1992 (1R))		
SPONSOR(S)	Bob Smith a	nd others				
DATE INTRODUCED: 1/14/2020						
COMMITTEE:	ASS	EMBLY:				
	SEN	IATE: H	lealth,	Human Services	& Senior Citizer	าร
AMENDED DU	AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes					
DATE OF PAS	SAGE:	ASSEMB	BLY:	6/21/2021		
		SENATE:	:	6/21/2021		
DATE OF APP	ROVAL:	6/24/2021	1			
	ARE ATTACH	ED IF AVAIL	ABLE	:		
FINAL	TEXT OF BIL	L (Second Re	eprint e	enacted)		Yes
S347						N
	INTRODUCI		LUDE	S SPONSOR'S	STATEMENT):	Yes
	COMMITTE	E STATEMEN	NT:		ASSEMBLY:	No
					SENATE:	Yes

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT:	No
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:	No

A1992 (1R)

INTRODUCED BILL (INCLUDES SPONSOR'S	STATEMENT):	Yes
COMMITTEE STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	Yes
	SENATE:	No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT:	No
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:	No

VETO MESSAGE:	Yes
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	Yes
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED: To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or <u>mailto:refdes</u>	sk@njstatelib.org
REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

Title 4. Chapter 1. Article 11. (New) New Jersey One Health Task Force §§1-4 C.4:1-49 to 4:1-52

P.L. 2021, CHAPTER 117, approved June 24, 2021 Senate, No. 347 (Second Reprint)

AN ACT establishing the "New Jersey One Health Task Force," and 1 supplementing Title 2 [26] $\underline{4}^{2}$ of the Revised Statutes. 2 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 The Legislature finds and declares that: 1. 8 The term "One Health" reflects the interconnectedness of a. 9 human health, animal health, and the environment; 10 b. The strong connections and interdependency between 11 human, companion animal, livestock, and ecosystem health are 12 recognized in the One Health initiative framework, which facilitates addressing complex, multi-disciplinary issues such as zoonotic 13 14 diseases, vector-borne diseases, and antimicrobial resistance; 15 c. Existing One Health initiatives at the federal level include the One Health Office established by the ¹federal¹ Centers for 16 17 Disease Control and Prevention and the One Health Coordination ¹[center] <u>Center</u>¹ established by the United States Department of 18 Agriculture's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, and 19 20 worldwide more than 950 prominent scientists, physicians, and 21 veterinarians have endorsed the One Health initiative; 22 d. Awareness and collaboration among disciplines will help protect the environment, the health of all species, save lives in 23 24 present and future generations, and increase quality of life, physical 25 and mental health, and productivity; 26 e. The term "One Health" recognizes that the health of people is connected to the health of animals and the environment and is 27 described as a collaborative, multi-sector, and transdisciplinary 28 29 approach, working at the local, regional, national, and global levels, 30 with the goal of achieving optimal health outcomes recognizing the 31 interconnection between people, animals, plants, and their shared 32 environment;

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹Senate SHH committee amendments adopted September 14, 2020. ²Senate amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's recommendations June 3, 2021.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

f. One Health is not a new concept, but it has become
increasingly important in recent years as many factors have changed
interactions between people, animals, and the environment, leading
to the emergence or reemergence of many diseases;

5 g. A One Health approach is important because: six out of 6 every 10 infectious diseases in humans are spread from animals; 7 animals can sometimes serve as early warning signs of potential 8 illness in people; and public health preparedness depends on 9 agriculture in a variety of ways, including the cultivation of a wide-10 range of vaccines in poultry eggs; and

h. It is, therefore, in the public interest for the State to establish
a permanent New Jersey One Health Task Force to promote the
health and wellness of New Jersey's residents, animals, including
pets, livestock, and wildlife, and natural resources by encouraging
the collaborative efforts of experts and leveraging knowledge and
resources effectively.

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a. There is established the "New Jersey One Health Task
 Force" in the Department of ²[Health] <u>Agriculture</u>². The purpose
 of the task force shall be to develop a strategic plan to promote
 inter-disciplinary communication and collaboration between
 physicians, veterinarians, and other scientific professionals and
 State agencies, with the goal of promoting the health and well-being
 of the State's residents, animals, and environment.

b. The goals and responsibilities of the task force shall include,but are not limited to:

(1) development of a plan to promote inter-disciplinary
communication and collaboration between human, animal, and
environment health professionals;

30 (2) development of protocols for the response to, and recovery31 from, zoonotic disease outbreaks in animals and humans;

32 (3) development of better diagnostic tests for zoonotic, vector-33 borne, and environmental diseases;

34 (4) collaboration among disciplines for development of effective
35 xenosurveillance to identify genetic signatures of pathogens in
36 vertebrates;

37 (5) promotion of and education concerning judicious antibiotic38 use by human, veterinary, and agriculture health professionals;

(6) investigation of antibiotic alternatives, such as bacteriophagetherapy;

41 (7) coordination and collaboration among appropriate entities to
42 develop new approaches to reduce hazards to human and animal
43 health and to address public health threats in a manner that prevents
44 duplication; and

(8) educational and outreach initiatives to promote the One
Health approach across State government agencies, the State's
academic and research institutions, nongovernmental organizations,
and private entities.

c. In executing its responsibilities, the task force shall identify 1 2 and partner with academic institutions and nongovernmental 3 organizations in the State and consult with associations, organizations, and individuals who are knowledgeable ¹[with] 4 about¹ the One Health initiative. 5 6 7 3. a. The New Jersey One Health Task Force shall consist of 8 13 members as follows: (1) the Secretary of Agriculture, or the secretary's designee, 9 10 who shall serve ex officio; (2) the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, or the 11 commissioner's designee, who shall serve ex officio; 12 13 (3) the Commissioner of Health, or the commissioner's 14 designee, who shall serve ex officio; 15 (4) 10 public members to be appointed by the Governor, ¹[with the advice and consent of the Senate, $]^1$ as follows: 16 (a) one person representing the medical community, who is a 17 18 medical practitioner licensed to practice in the State; 19 (b) two people who are veterinarians licensed or approved to 20 practice in the State by the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, one of whom shall have ¹expertise,¹ knowledge, 21 ¹[competence, or] <u>and</u>¹ experience with farm animals; 22 (c) one person with ¹<u>expertise</u>,¹ knowledge, ¹[competence, or] 23 and¹ experience in medical research; 24 (d) one person with ¹<u>expertise</u>,¹ knowledge, ¹[competence, or] 25 and¹ experience in zoonotic diseases; 26 (e) two people with expertise, knowledge, and experience in 27 28 epidemiology or biomedical sciences; and 29 (f) three people representing the State's academic community 30 with expertise, knowledge, and experience in public health, 31 ecology, natural resources, or environmental and biological 32 sciences. 33 b. Each public member of the task force shall serve for a term of four years, except that, of the members first appointed, two 34 35 appointees shall serve for terms of four years, three appointees shall 36 serve for terms of three years, three appointees shall serve for terms 37 of two years, and two appointees shall serve for terms of one year. 38 Each member shall hold office for the term of appointment, and 39 until ¹[their] the member's¹ successor is appointed and qualified. Any vacancy in the task force membership shall be filled for the 40 41 unexpired term, in the same manner provided for the original 42 appointment. Members are eligible for reappointment to the task 43 force. 44 The task force shall organize as soon as practicable after the c. 45 appointment of a majority of its members, and shall select a 46 chairperson and a vice-chairperson from among its members, as 47 well as a secretary who need not be a member of the task force. A

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majority of the membership of the task force shall constitute a 1 2 quorum for the transaction of task force business. The task force 3 may meet and hold hearings at the place or places as it shall 4 designate. d. The members of the task force shall serve without 5 compensation, but may be reimbursed for travel and other necessary 6 7 expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, within the 8 limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the task 9 force for its purposes. e. The Department of ²[Health] <u>Agriculture</u>² shall provide 10

professional and clerical staff to the task force as may be necessary for the task force's purposes. The task force shall also be entitled to call upon the services of any State, county, or municipal department, board, commission, or agency, as may be available to it for its purposes.

f. The task force may solicit and receive grants and other funds
that are made available for the task force's purposes by any
governmental, public, private, not-for-profit, or for-profit agency,
including funds that are made available under any federal or State
law, regulation, or program.

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22 4. Within 12 months after the task force's organizational 23 meeting, and at least biennially thereafter, the task force shall 24 submit a written report to the Governor, and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature $\frac{1}{2}$ 25 summarizing its work in the prior year, ¹[and] <u>which report</u>¹ may 26 include any recommendations for legislative or regulatory action to 27 28 improve, promote, and protect the health and well-being of the 29 State's residents, animals, and environment. Reports issued 30 pursuant to this section shall be posted on the Internet website of 31 the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Environmental 32 Protection, and the Department of Health.

- 34 5. This act shall take effect immediately.
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- 39 Establishes "NJ One Health Task Force."

SENATE, No. 347 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 219th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2020 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator BOB SMITH District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset) Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex)

SYNOPSIS

Establishes "NJ One Health Task Force."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



S347 B.SMITH, VITALE

AN ACT establishing the "New Jersey One Health Task Force," and
 supplementing Title 26 of the Revised Statutes.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
of New Jersey:

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1. The Legislature finds and declares that:

8 a. The term "One Health" reflects the interconnectedness of9 human health, animal health, and the environment;

b. The strong connections and interdependency between
human, companion animal, livestock, and ecosystem health are
recognized in the One Health initiative framework, which facilitates
addressing complex, multi-disciplinary issues such as zoonotic
diseases, vector-borne diseases, and antimicrobial resistance;

c. Existing One Health initiatives at the federal level include the One Health Office established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the One Health Coordination center established by the United States Department of Agriculture's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, and worldwide more than 950 prominent scientists, physicians, and veterinarians have endorsed the One Health initiative;

d. Awareness and collaboration among disciplines will help
protect the environment, the health of all species, save lives in
present and future generations, and increase quality of life, physical
and mental health, and productivity;

e. The term "One Health" recognizes that the health of people is connected to the health of animals and the environment and is described as a collaborative, multi-sector, and transdisciplinary approach, working at the local, regional, national, and global levels, with the goal of achieving optimal health outcomes recognizing the interconnection between people, animals, plants, and their shared environment;

f. One Health is not a new concept, but it has become
increasingly important in recent years as many factors have changed
interactions between people, animals, and the environment, leading
to the emergence or reemergence of many diseases;

g. A One Health approach is important because: six out of
every 10 infectious diseases in humans are spread from animals;
animals can sometimes serve as early warning signs of potential
illness in people; and public health preparedness depends on
agriculture in a variety of ways, including the cultivation of a widerange of vaccines in poultry eggs; and

h. It is, therefore, in the public interest for the State to establish
a permanent New Jersey One Health Task Force to promote the
health and wellness of New Jersey's residents, animals, including
pets, livestock, and wildlife, and natural resources by encouraging
the collaborative efforts of experts and leveraging knowledge and
resources effectively.

2. a. There is established the "New Jersey One Health Task 1 2 Force" in the Department of Health. The purpose of the task force 3 shall be to develop a strategic plan to promote inter-disciplinary 4 communication and collaboration between physicians, 5 veterinarians, and other scientific professionals and State agencies, 6 with the goal of promoting the health and well-being of the State's 7 residents, animals, and environment. 8 b. The goals and responsibilities of the task force shall include, 9 but are not limited to:

(1) development of a plan to promote inter-disciplinary
communication and collaboration between human, animal, and
environment health professionals;

(2) development of protocols for the response to, and recoveryfrom, zoonotic disease outbreaks in animals and humans;

(3) development of better diagnostic tests for zoonotic, vector-borne, and environmental diseases;

(4) collaboration among disciplines for development of effective
xenosurveillance to identify genetic signatures of pathogens in
vertebrates;

(5) promotion of and education concerning judicious antibiotic
use by human, veterinary, and agriculture health professionals;

(6) investigation of antibiotic alternatives, such as bacteriophagetherapy;

(7) coordination and collaboration among appropriate entities to
develop new approaches to reduce hazards to human and animal
health and to address public health threats in a manner that prevents
duplication; and

(8) educational and outreach initiatives to promote the One
Health approach across State government agencies, the State's
academic and research institutions, nongovernmental organizations,
and private entities.

c. In executing its responsibilities, the task force shall identify
and partner with academic institutions and nongovernmental
organizations in the State and consult with associations,
organizations, and individuals who are knowledgeable with the One
Health initiative.

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38 3. a. The New Jersey One Health Task Force shall consist of39 13 members as follows:

40 (1) the Secretary of Agriculture, or the secretary's designee,41 who shall serve ex officio;

42 (2) the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, or the43 commissioner's designee, who shall serve ex officio;

44 (3) the Commissioner of Health, or the commissioner's45 designee, who shall serve ex officio;

46 (4) 10 public members to be appointed by the Governor, with47 the advice and consent of the Senate, as follows:

(a) one person representing the medical community, who is a 1 2 medical practitioner licensed to practice in the State; 3 (b) two people who are veterinarians licensed or approved to 4 practice in the State by the State Board of Veterinary Medical 5 Examiners, one of whom shall have knowledge, competence, or 6 experience with farm animals; 7 (c) one person with knowledge, competence, or experience in 8 medical research; 9 (d) one person with knowledge, competence, or experience in 10 zoonotic diseases; (e) two people with expertise, knowledge, and experience in 11 12 epidemiology or biomedical sciences; and 13 (f) three people representing the State's academic community 14 with expertise, knowledge, and experience in public health, ecology, natural resources, or environmental and biological 15 16 sciences. 17 b. Each public member of the task force shall serve for a term 18 of four years, except that, of the members first appointed, two 19 appointees shall serve for terms of four years, three appointees shall serve for terms of three years, three appointees shall serve for terms 20 of two years, and two appointees shall serve for terms of one year. 21 22 Each member shall hold office for the term of appointment, and 23 until their successor is appointed and qualified. 24 Any vacancy in the task force membership shall be filled for the unexpired term, in the same manner provided for the original 25 26 appointment. Members are eligible for reappointment to the task 27 force. 28 c. The task force shall organize as soon as practicable after the 29 appointment of a majority of its members, and shall select a 30 chairperson and a vice-chairperson from among its members, as well as a secretary who need not be a member of the task force. A 31 32 majority of the membership of the task force shall constitute a 33 quorum for the transaction of task force business. The task force 34 may meet and hold hearings at the place or places as it shall 35 designate. 36 d. The members of the task force shall serve without 37 compensation, but may be reimbursed for travel and other necessary 38 expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, within the 39 limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the task 40 force for its purposes. 41 The Department of Health shall provide professional and e. 42 clerical staff to the task force as may be necessary for the task 43 force's purposes. The task force shall also be entitled to call upon 44 the services of any State, county, or municipal department, board, 45 commission, or agency, as may be available to it for its purposes. 46 The task force may solicit and receive grants and other funds f. 47 that are made available for the task force's purposes by any 48 governmental, public, private, not-for-profit, or for-profit agency,

S347 B.SMITH, VITALE

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including funds that are made available under any federal or State
 law, regulation, or program.

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4. Within 12 months after the task force's organizational 4 5 meeting, and at least biennially thereafter, the task force shall submit a written report to the Governor, and, pursuant to section 2 6 7 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature summarizing 8 its work in the prior year, and may include any recommendations 9 for legislative or regulatory action to improve, promote, and protect 10 the health and well-being of the State's residents, animals, and 11 Reports issued pursuant to this section shall be environment. 12 posted on the Internet website of the Department of Agriculture, the 13 Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of 14 Health.

- 15 16
- 5. This act shall take effect immediately.
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STATEMENT

21 This bill would establish a "New Jersey One Health Task Force" 22 in the Department of Health. The task force is charged with 23 developing a strategic plan to promote inter-disciplinary 24 communication and collaboration between physicians, 25 veterinarians, and other scientific professionals and State agencies, 26 with the goal of promoting the health and well-being of the State's 27 residents, animals, and environment.

28 The task force would consist of the following members: the 29 Secretary of Agriculture, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, and the Commissioner of Health, or their respective 30 31 designees; and 10 members appointed by the Governor, with the 32 advice and consent of the Senate, as follows: one person 33 representing the medical community, who is a medical practitioner 34 licensed to practice in the State; two people who are veterinarians 35 licensed or approved to practice in the State by the State Board of 36 Veterinary Medical Examiners, one of whom has knowledge, 37 competence, or experience with farm animals; one person with 38 knowledge, competence, or experience in medical research; one 39 person with knowledge, competence, or experience in zoonotic 40 diseases; two people with expertise, knowledge, and experience in 41 epidemiology or biomedical sciences; and three people representing 42 the State's academic community with expertise, knowledge, and 43 experience in public health, ecology, natural resources, or 44 environmental and biological sciences.

45 "One Health" recognizes that the health of people is connected to
46 the health of animals and the environment. One Health is not a new
47 concept, but it has become increasingly important in recent years, as
48 many factors have changed interactions between people, animals,

S347 B.SMITH, VITALE

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and the environment, leading to the emergence or reemergence of 1 2 many diseases. A One Health approach encourages collaborative 3 efforts of experts working across human, animal, and environmental 4 health to improve the health of people and animals, including pets, 5 livestock, and wildlife. The federal Centers for Disease Control and 6 Prevention established a One Health Office, recognizing that the 7 health of people is connected to the health of animals and the shared 8 environment. 9 This bill would ensure that this collaborative effort also occurs at 10 the State level.

SENATE HEALTH, HUMAN SERVICES AND SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 347

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 14, 2020

The Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 347.

This bill establishes a "New Jersey One Health Task Force" in the Department of Health. The task force will be charged with developing a strategic plan to promote inter-disciplinary communication and collaboration between physicians, veterinarians, and other scientific professionals and State agencies, with the goal of promoting the health and well-being of the State's residents, animals, and environment.

"One Health" is a term used to describe the interconnectedness of human, animal, and environmental health factors. This interconnectedness can be used to predict how changes in one factor can affect the others, improve conditions among the various groups, and help prevent the spread of zoonotic diseases between species. A One Health approach encourages collaborative efforts of experts working across the human, animal, and environmental health fields to improve the health of people and animals, including pets, livestock, and wildlife.

The task force will consist of the following members: the Secretary of Agriculture, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, and the Commissioner of Health, or their respective designees; and 10 members appointed by the Governor, as follows: one person representing the medical community, who is a medical practitioner licensed to practice in the State; two people who are veterinarians licensed or approved to practice in the State by the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, one of whom has expertise, knowledge, and experience with farm animals; one person with expertise, knowledge, and experience in medical research; one person with expertise, knowledge, and experience in zoonotic diseases; two people with expertise, knowledge, and experience in epidemiology or biomedical sciences; and three people representing the State's academic community with expertise, knowledge, and experience in public health, ecology, natural resources, or environmental and biological sciences.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2020-2021 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amendments revise the qualification criteria for the public members of the task force to harmonize the requirement that they have "expertise, knowledge, and experience" in certain various areas; as introduced, some members were required to have "knowledge, competence, or experience" while others were required to have "expertise, knowledge, and experience."

The committee amendments remove a requirement that the Senate advise and consent to the appointment of public members by the Governor.

The committee amendments make various technical changes involving grammar and syntax.

ASSEMBLY, No. 1992 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 219th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2020 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblywoman NANCY J. PINKIN District 18 (Middlesex) Assemblyman HERB CONAWAY, JR. District 7 (Burlington) Assemblyman ERIC HOUGHTALING District 11 (Monmouth)

SYNOPSIS

Establishes "NJ One Health Task Force."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



A1992 PINKIN, CONAWAY

2

AN ACT establishing the "New Jersey One Health Task Force," and 1 2 supplementing Title 26 of the Revised Statutes. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 The Legislature finds and declares that: 1. 8 The term "One Health" reflects the interconnectedness of a 9 human health, animal health, and the environment; 10 b. The strong connections and interdependency between human, companion animal, livestock, and ecosystem health are recognized 11 12 in the One Health initiative framework, which facilitates addressing 13 complex, multi-disciplinary issues such as zoonotic diseases, 14 vector-borne diseases, and antimicrobial resistance; 15 c. Existing One Health initiatives at the federal level include the One Health Office established by the Centers for Disease Control 16 17 and Prevention and the One Health Coordination center established by the United States Department of Agriculture's Animal and Plant 18 19 Health Inspection Service, and worldwide more than 950 prominent 20 scientists, physicians, and veterinarians have endorsed the One 21 Health initiative: 22 d. Awareness and collaboration among disciplines will help 23 protect the environment, the health of all species, save lives in 24 present and future generations, and increase quality of life, physical 25 and mental health, and productivity; 26 e. The term "One Health" recognizes that the health of people is 27 connected to the health of animals and the environment and is 28 described as a collaborative, multi-sector, and transdisciplinary 29 approach, working at the local, regional, national, and global levels, 30 with the goal of achieving optimal health outcomes recognizing the 31 interconnection between people, animals, plants, and their shared 32 environment; 33 f. One Health is not a new concept, but it has become 34 increasingly important in recent years as many factors have changed 35 interactions between people, animals, and the environment, leading 36 to the emergence or reemergence of many diseases; 37 g. A One Health approach is important because: six out of every 38 10 infectious diseases in humans are spread from animals; animals 39 can sometimes serve as early warning signs of potential illness in 40 people; and public health preparedness depends on agriculture in a variety of ways, including the cultivation of a wide-range of 41 42 vaccines in poultry eggs; and 43 h. It is, therefore, in the public interest for the State to establish 44 a permanent New Jersey One Health Task Force to promote the 45 health and wellness of New Jersey's residents, animals, including 46 pets, livestock, and wildlife, and natural resources by encouraging 47 the collaborative efforts of experts and leveraging knowledge and 48 resources effectively.

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(2) development of protocols for the response to, and recoveryfrom, zoonotic disease outbreaks in animals and humans;

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xenosurveillance to identify genetic signatures of pathogens in
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Health approach across State government agencies, the State's
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and private entities.

c. In executing its responsibilities, the task force shall identify
and partner with academic institutions and nongovernmental
organizations in the State and consult with associations,
organizations, and individuals who are knowledgeable with the One
Health initiative.

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38 3. a. The New Jersey One Health Task Force shall consist of39 13 members as follows:

40 (1) the Secretary of Agriculture, or the secretary's designee,41 who shall serve ex officio;

42 (2) the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, or the43 commissioner's designee, who shall serve ex officio;

44 (3) the Commissioner of Health, or the commissioner's45 designee, who shall serve ex officio;

46 (4) 10 public members to be appointed by the Governor, with47 the advice and consent of the Senate, as follows:

4

(a) one person representing the medical community, who is a
 medical practitioner licensed to practice in the State;
 (b) two people who are veterinarians licensed or approved to
 practice in the State by the State Board of Veterinary Medical

5 Examiners, one of whom shall have knowledge, competence, or6 experience with farm animals;

7 (c) one person with knowledge, competence, or experience in8 medical research;

9 (d) one person with knowledge, competence, or experience in 10 zoonotic diseases;

(e) two people with expertise, knowledge, and experience inepidemiology or biomedical sciences; and

(f) three people representing the State's academic community
with expertise, knowledge, and experience in public health,
ecology, natural resources, or environmental and biological
sciences.

b. Each public member of the task force shall serve for a term
of four years, except that, of the members first appointed, two
appointees shall serve for terms of four years, three appointees shall
serve for terms of three years, three appointees shall serve for terms
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Each member shall hold office for the term of appointment, and
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28 c. The task force shall organize as soon as practicable after the 29 appointment of a majority of its members, and shall select a 30 chairperson and a vice-chairperson from among its members, as well as a secretary who need not be a member of the task force. A 31 32 majority of the membership of the task force shall constitute a 33 quorum for the transaction of task force business. The task force 34 may meet and hold hearings at the place or places as it shall 35 designate.

d. The members of the task force shall serve without
compensation, but may be reimbursed for travel and other necessary
expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, within the
limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the task
force for its purposes.

e. The Department of Health shall provide professional and
clerical staff to the task force as may be necessary for the task
force's purposes. The task force shall also be entitled to call upon
the services of any State, county, or municipal department, board,
commission, or agency, as may be available to it for its purposes.

f. The task force may solicit and receive grants and other funds
that are made available for the task force's purposes by any
governmental, public, private, not-for-profit, or for-profit agency,

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including funds that are made available under any federal or State
 law, regulation, or program.

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4. Within 12 months after the task force's organizational 4 5 meeting, and at least biennially thereafter, the task force shall submit a written report to the Governor, and, pursuant to section 2 6 7 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature summarizing 8 its work in the prior year, and may include any recommendations 9 for legislative or regulatory action to improve, promote, and protect 10 the health and well-being of the State's residents, animals, and 11 Reports issued pursuant to this section shall be environment. 12 posted on the Internet website of the Department of Agriculture, the 13 Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of 14 Health.

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5. This act shall take effect immed	iately
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STATEMENT

21 This bill would establish a "New Jersey One Health Task Force" 22 in the Department of Health. The task force is charged with 23 developing a strategic plan to promote inter-disciplinary 24 communication and collaboration between physicians, 25 veterinarians, and other scientific professionals and State agencies, 26 with the goal of promoting the health and well-being of the State's 27 residents, animals, and environment.

28 The task force would consist of the following members: the 29 Secretary of Agriculture, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, and the Commissioner of Health, or their respective 30 31 designees; and 10 members appointed by the Governor, with the 32 advice and consent of the Senate, as follows: one person 33 representing the medical community, who is a medical practitioner 34 licensed to practice in the State; two people who are veterinarians 35 licensed or approved to practice in the State by the State Board of 36 Veterinary Medical Examiners, one of whom has knowledge, 37 competence, or experience with farm animals; one person with 38 knowledge, competence, or experience in medical research; one 39 person with knowledge, competence, or experience in zoonotic 40 diseases; two people with expertise, knowledge, and experience in 41 epidemiology or biomedical sciences; and three people representing 42 the State's academic community with expertise, knowledge, and 43 experience in public health, ecology, natural resources, or 44 environmental and biological sciences.

"One Health" recognizes that the health of people is connected to
the health of animals and the environment. One Health is not a new
concept, but it has become increasingly important in recent years, as
many factors have changed interactions between people, animals,

A1992 PINKIN, CONAWAY

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and the environment, leading to the emergence or reemergence of 1 2 many diseases. A One Health approach encourages collaborative 3 efforts of experts working across human, animal, and environmental 4 health to improve the health of people and animals, including pets, 5 livestock, and wildlife. The federal Centers for Disease Control and 6 Prevention established a One Health Office, recognizing that the 7 health of people is connected to the health of animals and the shared 8 environment. 9 This bill would ensure that this collaborative effort also occurs at

10 the State level.

ASSEMBLY HEALTH COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1992

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 10, 2020

The Assembly Health Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 1992.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill establishes a "New Jersey One Health Task Force" in the Department of Health. The task force will be charged with developing a strategic plan to promote inter-disciplinary communication and collaboration between physicians, veterinarians, and other scientific professionals and State agencies, with the goal of promoting the health and well-being of the State's residents, animals, and environment.

"One Health" is a term used to describe the interconnectedness of human, animal, and environmental health factors. This interconnectedness can be used to predict how changes in one factor can affect the others, improve conditions among the various groups, and help prevent the spread of zoonotic diseases between species. A One Health approach encourages collaborative efforts of experts working across the human, animal, and environmental health fields to improve the health of people and animals, including pets, livestock, and wildlife.

The task force will consist of the following members: the Secretary of Agriculture, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, and the Commissioner of Health, or their respective designees; and 10 members appointed by the Governor, as follows: one person representing the medical community, who is a medical practitioner licensed to practice in the State; two people who are veterinarians licensed or approved to practice in the State by the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, one of whom has expertise, knowledge, and experience with farm animals; one person with expertise, knowledge, and experience in medical research; one person with expertise, knowledge, and experience in zoonotic diseases; two people with expertise, knowledge, and experience in epidemiology or biomedical sciences; and three people representing the State's academic community with expertise, knowledge, and experience in public health, ecology, natural resources, or environmental and biological sciences.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2020-2021 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amendments revise the qualification criteria for the public members of the task force to harmonize the requirement that they have "expertise, knowledge, and experience" in certain various areas; as introduced, some members were required to have "knowledge, competence, or experience" while others were required to have "expertise, knowledge, and experience."

The committee amendments remove a requirement that the Senate advise and consent to the appointment of public members by the Governor.

The committee amendments make various technical changes involving grammar and syntax.

To the Senate:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the New Jersey Constitution, I herewith return Senate Bill No. 347 (First Reprint) with my recommendations for reconsideration.

This bill would establish a "New Jersey One Health Task Force" in the Department of Health ("DOH"). The task force will be charged with developing a strategic plan to promote interdisciplinary communication and collaboration between physicians, veterinarians, and other scientific professionals and State agencies, with the goal of promoting the health and well-being of the State's residents, animals, and environment.

I commend the sponsors of the bill for advancing a comprehensive approach that prioritizes public health through cooperative efforts to prevent and contain public health crises. It is generally understood that the majority of novel, emergent infectious diseases are zoonotic, in that they are spread between animals and humans. Of these, most originate in animals. The growing influence of human activity on our ecosystem is a factor in the emergence of these diseases, and changes in land use, agriculture, and travel have all contributed to their prevalence. If we are to stem the tide of these diseases and avoid the threats they pose to our public health and economy, we must commit to a collaborative approach that recognizes the integral role of each discipline involved.

Against the backdrop of growing populations, changes in food supply, and increased demand for animal and agronomic products, it is evident that our response in the area of agriculture will be critical to our success. Consequently, while I believe that this bill sets forth a solid framework for achieving optimal health outcomes, I am recommending changes that place responsibility with the Department of Agriculture, rather than the DOH, for leading this initiative.

Accordingly, I herewith return Senate Bill No. 347 (First Reprint) and recommend that it be amended as follows: Delete "26" and insert "4" Page 2, Title, Line 2: Page 3, Section 2, Line 7: Delete "Health" and insert "Agriculture" Page 4, Section 3, Line 45: Delete "Health" and insert "Agriculture" Respectfully, [seal] /s/ Philip D. Murphy Governor

Attest:

/s/ Parimal Garg

Chief Counsel to the Governor

SENATE BILL NO. 347 (First Reprint)

To the Senate:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the New Jersey Constitution, I herewith return Senate Bill No. 347 (First Reprint) with my recommendations for reconsideration.

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Attest:

/s/ Parimal Garg

Chief Counsel to the Governor

Governor Murphy Takes Action on Legislation

04/19/2021

TRENTON - Today, Governor Phil Murphy signed the following bills and resolutions into law: **SJR-93/AJR-180 (Lagana, Cunningham, Pou/Wimberly, Reynolds-Jackson, Quijano)** Designates February 14 of each year as Frederick Douglass Day in NJ.

S-275/A-2142 (Kean, Cruz-Perez/Tully, Swain, Dancer) Provides resident tuition rate to certain nonresident dependent children of United States military personnel attending public institutions of higher education.

S-551/A-1057 (Codey, Bucco/Jasey, McKeon, Dunn) Permits appointment of nonresident municipal emergency management coordinators in municipalities with populations under 5,000 persons in certain circumstances.

S-699/A-5245 (Ruiz, Singleton/Sumter, Reynolds-Jackson, Stanley) Requires training for DOE arbitrators to include issues related to cultural diversity and bias.

S-1017/A-2562 (Gopal, Lagana/DeAngelo, Dancer, Chaparro) Provides retirement allowance after 20 years of service regardless of age for current members of PFRS who retire within two years.

S-1851/A-4407 (Ruiz, Cryan/Jasey, Moriarty) Eliminates eligibility of postsecondary students and other individuals for State student assistance, training, and employment services if school or training provider requires student to consent to arbitration agreement or proceeding or to waive certain rights.

S-2323/A-3869 (Gopal, Bucco/Armato, Vainieri Huttle, Verrelli) Requires opioid antidote prescriptions for certain patients.

S-2476/A-3998 (Singleton, Addiego/Murphy, Giblin, Verrelli) Concerns certain workers' compensation supplemental benefits for surviving dependents of essential employees who die in course of employment.

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S-2831/A-4783 (Ruiz, Beach/Quijano, Lampitt, Jasey) Requires DOE to establish Alternate Route Interstate Reciprocity Pilot Program

S-2973/A-4895 (Beach/Armato) Creates office of deputy superintendent of elections in counties of fifth class.

S-3004/A-4947 (Sarlo, Pou/Johnson, Wirths, Reynolds-Jackson) Establishes retroactive date for provisions of P.L.2018, c.165, which clarifies provisions of "Predatory Towing Prevention Act."

Governor Murphy vetoed the following bills:

S-347/A-1992 (Smith, Vitale/Stanley, Conaway, Houghtaling) - CONDITIONAL - Establishes "NJ One Health Task Force."

Copy of Statement

S-619/A-1635 (O'Scanlon/Lampitt, Downey) - CONDITIONAL - Permits use of telemedicine and telehealth to authorize patients for medical cannabis and to issue written instructions for dispensing medical cannabis.

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Office of the Governor | Governor Murphy Takes Action on Legislation

S-2725/A-4473 (Gopal/Houghtaling, Downey) - CONDITIONAL - Concerns assessment of real property in counties operating under "Real Property Assessment Demonstration Program."

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SENATE BILL NO. 347 (First Reprint)

To the Senate:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the New Jersey Constitution, I herewith return Senate Bill No. 347 (First Reprint) with my recommendations for reconsideration.

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Against the backdrop of growing populations, changes in food supply, and increased demand for animal and agronomic products, it is evident that our response in the area of agriculture will be critical to our success. Consequently, while I believe that this bill sets forth a solid framework for achieving optimal health outcomes, I am recommending changes that place responsibility with the Department of Agriculture, rather than the DOH, for leading this initiative.

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Attest:

/s/ Parimal Garg

Chief Counsel to the Governor

Governor Murphy Takes Action On Legislation

06/24/2021

TRENTON - Today, Governor Phil Murphy signed the following bills into law:

A-2116/S-2009 w/GR (Tully, Swain, Armato/Lagana) Requires State Treasurer to submit report to Legislature every six months identifying deadlines for applications for federal funds by State agencies.

A-4745/S3277 (Armato, Chaparro, Danielsen/Bucco, Singleton, Doherty) Raises from 45 to 57 maximum eligibility age for exempt fireman certificates and membership in New Jersey State Fireman's Association.

A-5590/S-3819 (Mazzeo, Armato, Greenwald/Sweeney, Beach) Extends period of municipal stabilization and recovery, with certain modifications, under "Municipal Stabilization and Recovery Act."

S-347/A-1992 w/GR (Smith, Vitale/Stanley, Conaway, Houghtaling) Establishes "NJ One Health Task Force."

S-619/A1635 w/GR (O'Scanlon/Lampitt, Downey) Permits use of telemedicine and telehealth to authorize patients for medical cannabis and to issue written instructions for dispensing medical cannabis. *

S-853/A-5064 w/GR (Sweeney, Beach/Verrelli, Giblin, Danielsen) "New Jersey Buy American Act"; requires certain State agency highway and bridge construction contracts to include iron and steel products made in U.S.

S-890/A-1061 w/GR (Pou, Codey/Jasey, Johnson, Verrelli) Requires DOH and DHS to identify and take appropriate steps to secure federal sources of funding to support maternal mental health.

S-3686/A-5540 (Sweeney/ Burzichelli, Freiman) Supplements Department of Transportation language provisions in FY 2021 Appropriations Act to provide flexibility for debt service payments.

Governor Murphy conditionally vetoed the following bill:

S-2682/A-4016 (Gopal, Kean/Dancer, Benson, Verrelli) – CONDITIONAL - Establishes the New Jersey Rare Disease Advisory Council.

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Governor Murphy will deliver the following conditional veto to the Senate on Monday, June 28:

S-3658/A-5641 (Cunningham, Scutari/ Chiaravalloti, Mukherji, Carter) – CONDITIONAL - Eliminates mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment determined by Legislature to be of non-violent nature.

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