#### 30:4D-3, 30:4G-16, Sec.3 Temporary & Executed

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF: 2021 CHAPTER: 344** 

NJSA: 30:4D-3, 30:4G-16, Sec.3 Temporary & Executed (Revises eligibility requirements for NJ Workability

Program and Personal Assistance Services Program.)

BILL NO: S3455 (Substituted for A5262 (2R))

SPONSOR(S) Madden, Fred H. and others

DATE INTRODUCED: 2/16/2021

**COMMITTEE:** ASSEMBLY: Appropriations

**SENATE:** Health, Human Services & Senior Citizens

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: 12/20/2021

**SENATE**: 12/2/2021

DATE OF APPROVAL: 1/10/2022

**FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** 

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (First Reprint enacted)

Yes

S3455

INTRODUCED BILL (INCLUDES SPONSOR'S STATEMENT): Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Appropriations

**SENATE:** Yes Health, Human Services &

Senior Citizens

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes 12/2/2021

A5262 (2R)

INTRODUCED BILL (INCLUDES SPONSOR'S STATEMENT): Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Human Services

Appropriations

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes 11/12/2021

12/20/2021

VETO MESSAGE:	No
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	No
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:  To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 c	
REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

#### P.L. 2021, CHAPTER 344, approved January 10, 2022 Senate, No. 3455 (First Reprint)

AN ACT concerning medical and support services provided to 1 certain working individuals with disabilities and amending 2

<sup>1</sup>[Title 30 of the Revised Statutes] P.L.1968, c.410 and 3

4 P.L.1987, c.350 $^{1}$ .

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6 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey:

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- 9 1. Section 3 of P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-3) is amended to read 10
- 3. Definitions. As used in P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.), 11 and unless the context otherwise requires: 12
- 13 "Applicant" means any person who has made application for 14 purposes of becoming a "qualified applicant."
  - b. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.
- "Department" means the Department of Human Services, 17 which is herein designated as the single State agency to administer 18 19 the provisions of this act.
- 20 d. "Director" means the Director of the Division of Medical 21 Assistance and Health Services.
- "Division" means the Division of Medical Assistance and 22 23 Health Services.
  - "Medicaid" means the New Jersey Medical Assistance and Health Services Program.
- "Medical assistance" means payments on behalf of recipients 26 27 to providers for medical care and services authorized under 28 P.L.1968, c.413.
- h. "Provider" means any person, public or private institution, agency, or business concern approved by the division lawfully 30 31 providing medical care, services, goods, and supplies authorized 32 under P.L.1968, c.413, holding, where applicable, a current valid 33 license to provide such services or to dispense such goods or 34 supplies.
- 35 i. "Qualified applicant" means a person who is a resident of 36 this State, and either a citizen of the United States or an eligible alien, and is determined to need medical care and services as 37 provided under P.L.1968, c.413, with respect to whom the period 38

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

for which eligibility to be a recipient is determined shall be the maximum period permitted under federal law, and who:

- (1) Is a dependent child or parent or caretaker relative of a dependent child who would be, except for resources, eligible for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996;
- (2) Is a recipient of Supplemental Security Income for the Aged, Blind and Disabled under Title XVI of the Social Security Act;
- (3) Is an "ineligible spouse" of a recipient of Supplemental Security Income for the Aged, Blind and Disabled under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as defined by the federal Social Security Administration;
- (4) Would be eligible to receive Supplemental Security Income under Title XVI of the federal Social Security Act or, without regard to resources, would be eligible for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996, except for failure to meet an eligibility condition or requirement imposed under such State program which is prohibited under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act such as a durational residency requirement, relative responsibility, consent to imposition of a lien;
  - (5) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2000, c.71).
- (6) Is an individual under 21 years of age who, without regard to resources, would be, except for dependent child requirements, eligible for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996, or groups of such individuals, including but not limited to, children in resource family placement under supervision of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children and Families whose maintenance is being paid in whole or in part from public funds, children placed in a resource family home or institution by a private adoption agency in New Jersey or children in intermediate care facilities, including developmental centers for the developmentally disabled, or in psychiatric hospitals;
- (7) Would be eligible for the Supplemental Security Income program, but is not receiving such assistance and applies for medical assistance only;
- (8) Is determined to be medically needy and meets all the eligibility requirements described below:
- (a) The following individuals are eligible for services, if they are determined to be medically needy:
- 44 (i) Pregnant women;
  - (ii) Dependent children under the age of 21;
- 46 (iii) Individuals who are 65 years of age and older; and
- 47 (iv) Individuals who are blind or disabled pursuant to either 42 48 C.F.R.435.530 et seq. or 42 C.F.R.435.540 et seq., respectively.

(b) The following income standard shall be used to determine medically needy eligibility:

- (i) For one person and two person households, the income standard shall be the maximum allowable under federal law, but shall not exceed 133 1/3% of the State's payment level to two person households under the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act in effect as of July 16, 1996; and
- (ii) For households of three or more persons, the income standard shall be set at 133 1/3% of the State's payment level to similar size households under the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act in effect as of July 16, 1996.
- (c) The following resource standard shall be used to determine medically needy eligibility:
- (i) For one person households, the resource standard shall be 200% of the resource standard for recipients of Supplemental Security Income pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1382(1)(B);
- (ii) For two person households, the resource standard shall be 200% of the resource standard for recipients of Supplemental Security Income pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1382(2)(B);
- (iii) For households of three or more persons, the resource standard in subparagraph (c)(ii) above shall be increased by \$100.00 for each additional person; and
- (iv) The resource standards established in (i), (ii), and (iii) are subject to federal approval and the resource standard may be lower if required by the federal Department of Health and Human Services.
- (d) Individuals whose income exceeds those established in subparagraph (b) of paragraph (8) of this subsection may become medically needy by incurring medical expenses as defined in 42 C.F.R.435.831(c) which will reduce their income to the applicable medically needy income established in subparagraph (b) of paragraph (8) of this subsection.
- (e) A six-month period shall be used to determine whether an individual is medically needy.
  - (f) Eligibility determinations for the medically needy program shall be administered as follows:
- (i) County welfare agencies and other entities designated by the commissioner are responsible for determining and certifying the eligibility of pregnant women and dependent children. The division shall reimburse county welfare agencies for 100% of the reasonable costs of administration which are not reimbursed by the federal government for the first 12 months of this program's operation. Thereafter, 75% of the administrative costs incurred by county welfare agencies which are not reimbursed by the federal government shall be reimbursed by the division;

(ii) The division is responsible for certifying the eligibility of individuals who are 65 years of age and older and individuals who are blind or disabled. The division may enter into contracts with county welfare agencies to determine certain aspects of eligibility. In such instances the division shall provide county welfare agencies with all information the division may have available on the individual.

The division shall notify all eligible recipients of the Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled program, P.L.1975, c.194 (C.30:4D-20 et seq.) on an annual basis of the medically needy program and the program's general requirements. The division shall take all reasonable administrative actions to ensure that Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled recipients, who notify the division that they may be eligible for the program, have their applications processed expeditiously, at times and locations convenient to the recipients; and

- (iii) The division is responsible for certifying incurred medical expenses for all eligible persons who attempt to qualify for the program pursuant to subparagraph (d) of paragraph (8) of this subsection;
- (9) (a) Is a child who is at least one year of age and under 19 years of age and, if older than six years of age but under 19 years of age, is uninsured; and
- (b) Is a member of a family whose income does not exceed 133% of the poverty level and who meets the federal Medicaid eligibility requirements set forth in section 9401 of Pub.L.99-509 (42 U.S.C. s.1396a);
- (10) Is a pregnant woman who is determined by a provider to be presumptively eligible for medical assistance based on criteria established by the commissioner, pursuant to section 9407 of Pub.L.99-509 (42 U.S.C. s.1396a(a));
- (11) Is an individual 65 years of age and older, or an individual who is blind or disabled pursuant to section 301 of Pub.L.92-603 (42 U.S.C. s.1382c), whose income does not exceed 100% of the poverty level, adjusted for family size, and whose resources do not exceed 100% of the resource standard used to determine medically needy eligibility pursuant to paragraph (8) of this subsection;
- (12) Is a qualified disabled and working individual pursuant to section 6408 of Pub.L.101-239 (42 U.S.C. s.1396d) whose income does not exceed 200% of the poverty level and whose resources do not exceed 200% of the resource standard used to determine eligibility under the Supplemental Security Income Program, P.L.1973, c.256 (C.44:7-85 et seq.);
- 44 (13) Is a pregnant woman or is a child who is under one year of 45 age and is a member of a family whose income does not exceed 46 185% of the poverty level and who meets the federal Medicaid 47 eligibility requirements set forth in section 9401 of Pub.L.99-509 48 (42 U.S.C. s.1396a), except that a pregnant woman who is

- determined to be a qualified applicant shall, notwithstanding any change in the income of the family of which she is a member, continue to be deemed a qualified applicant until the end of the 60day period beginning on the last day of her pregnancy;
  - (14) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.272).

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- (15) (a) Is a specified low-income Medicare beneficiary pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1396a(a)10(E)iii whose resources beginning January 1, 1993 do not exceed 200% of the resource standard used to determine eligibility under the Supplemental Security Income program, P.L.1973, c.256 (C.44:7-85 et seq.) and whose income beginning January 1, 1993 does not exceed 110% of the poverty level, and beginning January 1, 1995 does not exceed 120% of the poverty level.
- (b) An individual who has, within 36 months, or within 60 months in the case of funds transferred into a trust, of applying to be a qualified applicant for Medicaid services in a nursing facility or a medical institution, or for home or community-based services under section 1915(c) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396n(c)), disposed of resources or income for less than fair market value shall be ineligible for assistance for nursing facility services, an equivalent level of services in a medical institution, or home or community-based services under section 1915(c) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396n(c)). The period of the ineligibility shall be the number of months resulting from dividing the uncompensated value of the transferred resources or income by the average monthly private payment rate for nursing facility services in the State as determined annually by the commissioner. In the case of multiple resource or income transfers, the resulting penalty periods shall be imposed sequentially. Application of this requirement shall be governed by 42 U.S.C. In accordance with federal law, this provision is s.1396p(c). effective for all transfers of resources or income made on or after August 11, 1993. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection to the contrary, the State eligibility requirements concerning resource or income transfers shall not be more restrictive than those enacted pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1396p(c).
- (c) An individual seeking nursing facility services or home or community-based services and who has a community spouse shall be required to expend those resources which are not protected for the needs of the community spouse in accordance with section 1924(c) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396r-5(c)) on the costs of long-term care, burial arrangements, and any other expense deemed appropriate and authorized by the commissioner. An individual shall be ineligible for Medicaid services in a nursing facility or for home or community-based services under section 1915(c) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396n(c)) if the individual expends funds in violation of this subparagraph. The period of ineligibility shall be the number of months resulting from

- 1 dividing the uncompensated value of transferred resources and
- 2 income by the average monthly private payment rate for nursing
- 3 facility services in the State as determined by the commissioner.
- 4 The period of ineligibility shall begin with the month that the
- 5 individual would otherwise be eligible for Medicaid coverage for
- 6 nursing facility services or home or community-based services.

This subparagraph shall be operative only if all necessary approvals are received from the federal government including, but not limited to, approval of necessary State plan amendments and approval of any waivers;

- (16) Subject to federal approval under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act, is a dependent child, parent or specified caretaker relative of a child who is a qualified applicant, who would be eligible, without regard to resources, for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996, except for the income eligibility requirements of that program, and whose family earned income,
- (a) if a dependent child, does not exceed 133% of the poverty level; and
- (b) if a parent or specified caretaker relative, beginning September 1, 2005 does not exceed 100% of the poverty level, beginning September 1, 2006 does not exceed 115% of the poverty level and beginning September 1, 2007 does not exceed 133% of the poverty level, plus such earned income disregards as shall be determined according to a methodology to be established by regulation of the commissioner;

The commissioner may increase the income eligibility limits for children and parents and specified caretaker relatives, as funding permits;

- (17) Is an individual from 18 through 20 years of age who is not a dependent child and would be eligible for medical assistance pursuant to P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.), without regard to income or resources, who, on the individual's 18th birthday was in resource family care under the care and custody of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children and Families and whose maintenance was being paid in whole or in part from public funds;
- (18) Is a person [between the ages of] 16 years of age or older and [65] who is permanently disabled and working, and [:
- (a) whose income is at or below 250% of the poverty level, plus other established disregards;
- 43 (b) who pays the premium contribution and other cost sharing
  44 as established by the commissioner based solely on the applicant's
  45 earned and unearned income, subject to the limits and conditions of
  46 federal law [; and

(c) whose assets, resources and unearned income do not exceed limitations as established by the commissioner **]**.

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- 3 A qualified applicant pursuant to this paragraph shall: (a) not be 4 subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or 5 unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse; and (b) 6 remain eligible for medical care and services as provided under P.L.1968, c.413 for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of 7 the applicant, a job loss occurs; 8
  - (19) Is an uninsured individual under 65 years of age who:
  - (a) has been screened for breast or cervical cancer under the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention breast and cervical cancer early detection program;
  - (b) requires treatment for breast or cervical cancer based upon criteria established by the commissioner;
  - (c) has an income that does not exceed the income standard established by the commissioner pursuant to federal guidelines;
    - (d) meets all other Medicaid eligibility requirements; and
  - (e) in accordance with Pub.L.106-354, is determined by a qualified entity to be presumptively eligible for medical assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1396a(aa), based upon criteria established by the commissioner pursuant to section 1920B of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396r-1b);
  - (20) Subject to federal approval under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act, is a single adult or couple, without dependent children, whose income in 2006 does not exceed 50% of the poverty level, in 2007 does not exceed 75% of the poverty level and in 2008 and each year thereafter does not exceed 100% of the poverty level; except that a person who is a recipient of Work First New Jersey general public assistance, pursuant to P.L.1947, c.156 (C.44:8-107) et seq.), shall not be a qualified applicant; or
    - (21) is an individual who:
  - (a) has an income that does not exceed the highest income eligibility level for pregnant women established under the State plan under Title XIX or Title XXI of the federal Social Security Act:
  - (b) is not pregnant; and
  - (c) is eligible to receive family planning services provided under the Medicaid program pursuant to subsection k. of section 6 of P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-6) and in accordance with 42 U.S.C.
  - i. "Recipient" means any qualified applicant receiving benefits under this act.
- k. "Resident" means a person who is living in the State 43 44 voluntarily with the intention of making his home here and not for a 45 temporary purpose. Temporary absences from the State, with 46 subsequent returns to the State or intent to return when the purposes 47 of the absences have been accomplished, do not interrupt continuity 48 of residence.

- 1. "State Medicaid Commission" means the Governor, the 2. Commissioner of Human Services, the President of the Senate and 3. the Speaker of the General Assembly, hereby constituted a 4. commission to approve and direct the means and method for the 5. payment of claims pursuant to P.L.1968, c.413.
- m. "Third party" means any person, institution, corporation, 6 7 insurance company, group health plan as defined in section 607(1) 8 of the federal "Employee Retirement and Income Security Act of 9 29 U.S.C. s.1167(1), service benefit plan, health 10 maintenance organization, or other prepaid health plan, or public, 11 private or governmental entity who is or may be liable in contract, 12 tort, or otherwise by law or equity to pay all or part of the medical 13 cost of injury, disease or disability of an applicant for or recipient 14 of medical assistance payable under P.L.1968, c.413.
  - n. "Governmental peer grouping system" means a separate class of skilled nursing and intermediate care facilities administered by the State or county governments, established for the purpose of screening their reported costs and setting reimbursement rates under the Medicaid program that are reasonable and adequate to meet the costs that must be incurred by efficiently and economically operated State or county skilled nursing and intermediate care facilities.
- o. "Comprehensive maternity or pediatric care provider" means any person or public or private health care facility that is a provider and that is approved by the commissioner to provide comprehensive maternity care or comprehensive pediatric care as defined in subsection b. (18) and (19) of section 6 of P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-6).
- p. "Poverty level" means the official poverty level based on family size established and adjusted under Section 673(2) of Subtitle B, the "Community Services Block Grant Act," of Pub.L.97-35 (42 U.S.C. s.9902(2)).
- q. "Eligible alien" means one of the following:
- 33 (1) an alien present in the United States prior to August 22, 34 1996, who is:
  - (a) a lawful permanent resident;

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- 36 (b) a refugee pursuant to section 207 of the federal "Immigration 37 and Nationality Act" (8 U.S.C. s.1157);
- 38 (c) an asylee pursuant to section 208 of the federal 39 "Immigration and Nationality Act" (8 U.S.C. s.1158);
- 40 (d) an alien who has had deportation withheld pursuant to 41 section 243(h) of the federal "Immigration and Nationality Act" (8 42 U.S.C. s.1253 (h));
- 43 (e) an alien who has been granted parole for less than one year 44 by the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services pursuant to 45 section 212(d)(5) of the federal "Immigration and Nationality Act" 46 (8 U.S.C. s.1182(d)(5));

- 1 (f) an alien granted conditional entry pursuant to section 2 203(a)(7) of the federal "Immigration and Nationality Act" (8 3 U.S.C. s.1153(a)(7)) in effect prior to April 1, 1980; or
  - (g) an alien who is honorably discharged from or on active duty in the United States armed forces and the alien's spouse and unmarried dependent child.
  - (2) An alien who entered the United States on or after August 22, 1996, who is:
  - (a) an alien as described in paragraph (1)(b), (c), (d) or (g) of this subsection; or
    - (b) an alien as described in paragraph (1)(a), (e) or (f) of this subsection who entered the United States at least five years ago.
    - (3) A legal alien who is a victim of domestic violence in accordance with criteria specified for eligibility for public benefits as provided in Title V of the federal "Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996" (8 U.S.C. s.1641).

17 (cf: P.L.2018, c.1, s.1)

- 2. Section 4 of P.L.1987, c.350 (C.30:4G-16) is amended to read as follows:
- 4. A person is eligible for the personal assistance services program if:
  - a. The person has a permanent physical disability;
  - b. The person is 18 [through 70] years of age or older;
  - c. The person is a resident of this State;
- d. The person is in need of personal assistance services pursuant to a written plan of service;
  - e. The person is capable of managing and supervising their personal assistance services;
  - f. A relative or other informal caregiver is not available to provide the services that the person needs;
  - g. The person lives or plans to live in a private house or apartment, rooming or boarding house, group home, educational facility or residential health care facility; and the personal assistance services that the person shall receive are supplemental to, and not duplicative of, services provided to the person in the rooming or boarding house, group home, educational facility or residential health care facility pursuant to licensure requirements. A person who resides, or is a patient, in a nursing, assisted living, or intermediate care facility, special hospital or other inpatient medical setting is not eligible for the personal assistance services program;
  - h. The attending physician of the person who shall receive the personal assistance services has confirmed in writing that the person has a permanent physical disability, requires no assistance in the coordination of therapeutic regimes, and that the personal assistance services will be appropriate to meet the person's needs; and

#### **S3455** [1R]

- i. The person receives no more than 40 hours of personal assistance services from this program or any other program per week. The commissioner shall develop rules for individual exceptions to this requirement.
- j. The commissioner shall develop rules for individualexceptions to the age criteria.

(cf: P.L.2009, c.160, s.3)

3. The Commissioner of Human Services shall apply for such State plan amendments or waivers as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this act and to continue to secure federal financial participation for the New Jersey Medicaid program <sup>1</sup>. In applying for State plan amendments or waivers, the commissioner shall seek authorization under the "Balanced Budget Act of 1997," Pub.L.105-33, as may be necessary to ensure the provisions of this act are authorized under the "Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999," Pub.L.106-170, to the extent necessary to enable individuals age 65 and older who are no longer eligible for benefits under the "Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act" to have the opportunity to buy into Medicaid under the NJ WorkAbility Program <sup>1</sup>.

4. The Commissioner of Human <sup>1</sup>[services] Services<sup>1</sup>, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) shall adopt such rules and regulations <sup>1</sup>as are <sup>1</sup> necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

5. This act shall take effect immediately, but shall remain inoperative until the Commissioner of Human Services receives any federal approvals following the submission of <sup>1</sup>applications for <sup>1</sup> State plan amendments or waivers <sup>1</sup>[,] <sup>1</sup> pursuant to section 3 <sup>1</sup>of this act <sup>1</sup>.

Revises eligibility requirements for NJ Workability Program and Personal Assistance Services Program.

## SENATE, No. 3455

# **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

## 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 16, 2021

**Sponsored by:** 

Senator FRED H. MADDEN, JR. District 4 (Camden and Gloucester) Senator ANTHONY M. BUCCO District 25 (Morris and Somerset)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Revises eligibility requirements for NJ Workability Program and Personal Assistance Services Program.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning medical and support services provided to 2 certain working individuals with disabilities and amending Title 3 of the Revised Statutes.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 3 of P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-3) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. Definitions. As used in P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.), and unless the context otherwise requires:
- a. "Applicant" means any person who has made application forpurposes of becoming a "qualified applicant."
- 14 b. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human 15 Services.
- 16 c. "Department" means the Department of Human Services, 17 which is herein designated as the single State agency to administer 18 the provisions of this act.
- d. "Director" means the Director of the Division of MedicalAssistance and Health Services.
- e. "Division" means the Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services.
- f. "Medicaid" means the New Jersey Medical Assistance and Health Services Program.
  - g. "Medical assistance" means payments on behalf of recipients to providers for medical care and services authorized under P.L.1968, c.413.
  - h. "Provider" means any person, public or private institution, agency, or business concern approved by the division lawfully providing medical care, services, goods, and supplies authorized under P.L.1968, c.413, holding, where applicable, a current valid license to provide such services or to dispense such goods or supplies.
    - i. "Qualified applicant" means a person who is a resident of this State, and either a citizen of the United States or an eligible alien, and is determined to need medical care and services as provided under P.L.1968, c.413, with respect to whom the period for which eligibility to be a recipient is determined shall be the maximum period permitted under federal law, and who:
  - (1) Is a dependent child or parent or caretaker relative of a dependent child who would be, except for resources, eligible for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996;
- (2) Is a recipient of Supplemental Security Income for the Aged,
   Blind and Disabled under Title XVI of the Social Security Act;

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- (3) Is an "ineligible spouse" of a recipient of Supplemental Security Income for the Aged, Blind and Disabled under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as defined by the federal Social Security Administration;
- (4) Would be eligible to receive Supplemental Security Income under Title XVI of the federal Social Security Act or, without regard to resources, would be eligible for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996, except for failure to meet an eligibility condition or requirement imposed under such State program which is prohibited under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act such as a durational residency requirement, relative responsibility, consent to imposition of a lien;
  - (5) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2000, c.71).

- (6) Is an individual under 21 years of age who, without regard to resources, would be, except for dependent child requirements, eligible for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996, or groups of such individuals, including but not limited to, children in resource family placement under supervision of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children and Families whose maintenance is being paid in whole or in part from public funds, children placed in a resource family home or institution by a private adoption agency in New Jersey or children in intermediate care facilities, including developmental centers for the developmentally disabled, or in psychiatric hospitals;
- (7) Would be eligible for the Supplemental Security Income program, but is not receiving such assistance and applies for medical assistance only;
- (8) Is determined to be medically needy and meets all the eligibility requirements described below:
- (a) The following individuals are eligible for services, if they are determined to be medically needy:
  - (i) Pregnant women;
- (ii) Dependent children under the age of 21;
- (iii) Individuals who are 65 years of age and older; and
  - (iv) Individuals who are blind or disabled pursuant to either 42 C.F.R.435.530 et seq. or 42 C.F.R.435.540 et seq., respectively.
  - (b) The following income standard shall be used to determine medically needy eligibility:
- 42 (i) For one person and two person households, the income 43 standard shall be the maximum allowable under federal law, but 44 shall not exceed 133 1/3% of the State's payment level to two 45 person households under the aid to families with dependent children 46 program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social 47 Security Act in effect as of July 16, 1996; and

(ii) For households of three or more persons, the income standard shall be set at 133 1/3% of the State's payment level to similar size households under the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act in effect as of July 16, 1996.

- (c) The following resource standard shall be used to determine medically needy eligibility:
- (i) For one person households, the resource standard shall be 200% of the resource standard for recipients of Supplemental Security Income pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1382(1)(B);
- (ii) For two person households, the resource standard shall be 200% of the resource standard for recipients of Supplemental Security Income pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1382(2)(B);
- (iii) For households of three or more persons, the resource standard in subparagraph (c)(ii) above shall be increased by \$100.00 for each additional person; and
- (iv) The resource standards established in (i), (ii), and (iii) are subject to federal approval and the resource standard may be lower if required by the federal Department of Health and Human Services.
- (d) Individuals whose income exceeds those established in subparagraph (b) of paragraph (8) of this subsection may become medically needy by incurring medical expenses as defined in 42 C.F.R.435.831(c) which will reduce their income to the applicable medically needy income established in subparagraph (b) of paragraph (8) of this subsection.
- (e) A six-month period shall be used to determine whether an individual is medically needy.
- (f) Eligibility determinations for the medically needy program shall be administered as follows:
- (i) County welfare agencies and other entities designated by the commissioner are responsible for determining and certifying the eligibility of pregnant women and dependent children. The division shall reimburse county welfare agencies for 100% of the reasonable costs of administration which are not reimbursed by the federal government for the first 12 months of this program's operation. Thereafter, 75% of the administrative costs incurred by county welfare agencies which are not reimbursed by the federal government shall be reimbursed by the division;
- (ii) The division is responsible for certifying the eligibility of individuals who are 65 years of age and older and individuals who are blind or disabled. The division may enter into contracts with county welfare agencies to determine certain aspects of eligibility. In such instances the division shall provide county welfare agencies with all information the division may have available on the individual.

- The division shall notify all eligible recipients of the Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled program, P.L.1975, c.194 (C.30:4D-20 et seq.) on an annual basis of the medically needy program and the program's general requirements. The division shall take all reasonable administrative actions to ensure that Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled recipients, who notify the division that they may be eligible for the program, have their applications processed expeditiously, at times and locations convenient to the recipients; and
  - (iii) The division is responsible for certifying incurred medical expenses for all eligible persons who attempt to qualify for the program pursuant to subparagraph (d) of paragraph (8) of this subsection;

- (9) (a) Is a child who is at least one year of age and under 19 years of age and, if older than six years of age but under 19 years of age, is uninsured; and
- (b) Is a member of a family whose income does not exceed 133% of the poverty level and who meets the federal Medicaid eligibility requirements set forth in section 9401 of Pub.L.99-509 (42 U.S.C. s.1396a);
- (10) Is a pregnant woman who is determined by a provider to be presumptively eligible for medical assistance based on criteria established by the commissioner, pursuant to section 9407 of Pub.L.99-509 (42 U.S.C. s.1396a(a));
- (11) Is an individual 65 years of age and older, or an individual who is blind or disabled pursuant to section 301 of Pub.L.92-603 (42 U.S.C. s.1382c), whose income does not exceed 100% of the poverty level, adjusted for family size, and whose resources do not exceed 100% of the resource standard used to determine medically needy eligibility pursuant to paragraph (8) of this subsection;
- (12) Is a qualified disabled and working individual pursuant to section 6408 of Pub.L.101-239 (42 U.S.C. s.1396d) whose income does not exceed 200% of the poverty level and whose resources do not exceed 200% of the resource standard used to determine eligibility under the Supplemental Security Income Program, P.L.1973, c.256 (C.44:7-85 et seq.);
- (13) Is a pregnant woman or is a child who is under one year of age and is a member of a family whose income does not exceed 185% of the poverty level and who meets the federal Medicaid eligibility requirements set forth in section 9401 of Pub.L.99-509 (42 U.S.C. s.1396a), except that a pregnant woman who is determined to be a qualified applicant shall, notwithstanding any change in the income of the family of which she is a member, continue to be deemed a qualified applicant until the end of the 60-day period beginning on the last day of her pregnancy;
  - (14) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.272).
- 47 (15) (a) Is a specified low-income Medicare beneficiary 48 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1396a(a)10(E)iii whose resources beginning

1 January 1, 1993 do not exceed 200% of the resource standard used 2 to determine eligibility under the Supplemental Security Income 3 program, P.L.1973, c.256 (C.44:7-85 et seq.) and whose income 4 beginning January 1, 1993 does not exceed 110% of the poverty

5 level, and beginning January 1, 1995 does not exceed 120% of the

6 poverty level.

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- 7 (b) An individual who has, within 36 months, or within 60 8 months in the case of funds transferred into a trust, of applying to 9 be a qualified applicant for Medicaid services in a nursing facility 10 or a medical institution, or for home or community-based services 11 under section 1915(c) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 12 s.1396n(c)), disposed of resources or income for less than fair 13 market value shall be ineligible for assistance for nursing facility 14 services, an equivalent level of services in a medical institution, or home or community-based services under section 1915(c) of the 15 16 federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396n(c)). The period of 17 the ineligibility shall be the number of months resulting from 18 dividing the uncompensated value of the transferred resources or 19 income by the average monthly private payment rate for nursing 20 facility services in the State as determined annually by the 21 commissioner. In the case of multiple resource or income transfers, the resulting penalty periods shall be imposed sequentially. 22 23 Application of this requirement shall be governed by 42 U.S.C. 24 In accordance with federal law, this provision is 25 effective for all transfers of resources or income made on or after 26 August 11, 1993. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection 27 to the contrary, the State eligibility requirements concerning 28 resource or income transfers shall not be more restrictive than those 29 enacted pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1396p(c).
- 30 (c) An individual seeking nursing facility services or home or community-based services and who has a community spouse shall be required to expend those resources which are not protected for 32 33 the needs of the community spouse in accordance with section 34 1924(c) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396r-5(c)) 35 on the costs of long-term care, burial arrangements, and any other 36 expense deemed appropriate and authorized by the commissioner. 37 An individual shall be ineligible for Medicaid services in a nursing 38 facility or for home or community-based services under section 39 1915(c) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396n(c)) if 40 the individual expends funds in violation of this subparagraph. The period of ineligibility shall be the number of months resulting from 42 dividing the uncompensated value of transferred resources and 43 income by the average monthly private payment rate for nursing 44 facility services in the State as determined by the commissioner. The period of ineligibility shall begin with the month that the 46 individual would otherwise be eligible for Medicaid coverage for nursing facility services or home or community-based services.

This subparagraph shall be operative only if all necessary approvals are received from the federal government including, but not limited to, approval of necessary State plan amendments and approval of any waivers;

- (16) Subject to federal approval under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act, is a dependent child, parent or specified caretaker relative of a child who is a qualified applicant, who would be eligible, without regard to resources, for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996, except for the income eligibility requirements of that program, and whose family earned income,
- (a) if a dependent child, does not exceed 133% of the poverty level; and
- (b) if a parent or specified caretaker relative, beginning September 1, 2005 does not exceed 100% of the poverty level, beginning September 1, 2006 does not exceed 115% of the poverty level and beginning September 1, 2007 does not exceed 133% of the poverty level, plus such earned income disregards as shall be determined according to a methodology to be established by regulation of the commissioner;

The commissioner may increase the income eligibility limits for children and parents and specified caretaker relatives, as funding permits;

- (17) Is an individual from 18 through 20 years of age who is not a dependent child and would be eligible for medical assistance pursuant to P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.), without regard to income or resources, who, on the individual's 18th birthday was in resource family care under the care and custody of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children and Families and whose maintenance was being paid in whole or in part from public funds;
- (18) Is a person [between the ages of] 16 years of age or older and [65] who is permanently disabled and working, and [:
- (a) whose income is at or below 250% of the poverty level, plus other established disregards;
- (b) who pays the premium contribution and other cost sharing as established by the commissioner <u>based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income</u>, subject to the limits and conditions of federal law [; and
- (c) whose assets, resources and unearned income do not exceed limitations as established by the commissioner <u>1</u>.

A qualified applicant pursuant to this paragraph shall: (a) not be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse; and (b) remain eligible for medical care and services as provided under

- P.L.1968, c.413 for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs;
  - (19) Is an uninsured individual under 65 years of age who:
  - (a) has been screened for breast or cervical cancer under the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention breast and cervical cancer early detection program;
    - (b) requires treatment for breast or cervical cancer based upon criteria established by the commissioner;
  - (c) has an income that does not exceed the income standard established by the commissioner pursuant to federal guidelines;
    - (d) meets all other Medicaid eligibility requirements; and
  - (e) in accordance with Pub.L.106-354, is determined by a qualified entity to be presumptively eligible for medical assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1396a(aa), based upon criteria established by the commissioner pursuant to section 1920B of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396r-1b);
  - (20) Subject to federal approval under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act, is a single adult or couple, without dependent children, whose income in 2006 does not exceed 50% of the poverty level, in 2007 does not exceed 75% of the poverty level and in 2008 and each year thereafter does not exceed 100% of the poverty level; except that a person who is a recipient of Work First New Jersey general public assistance, pursuant to P.L.1947, c.156 (C.44:8-107 et seq.), shall not be a qualified applicant; or
    - (21) is an individual who:

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- (a) has an income that does not exceed the highest income eligibility level for pregnant women established under the State plan under Title XIX or Title XXI of the federal Social Security Act;
  - (b) is not pregnant; and
- 31 (c) is eligible to receive family planning services provided 32 under the Medicaid program pursuant to subsection k. of section 6 33 of P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-6) and in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 34 s.1396a(ii).
- j. "Recipient" means any qualified applicant receiving benefitsunder this act.
- 37 k. "Resident" means a person who is living in the State 38 voluntarily with the intention of making his home here and not for a 39 temporary purpose. Temporary absences from the State, with 40 subsequent returns to the State or intent to return when the purposes 41 of the absences have been accomplished, do not interrupt continuity 42 of residence.
- 1. "State Medicaid Commission" means the Governor, the Commissioner of Human Services, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the General Assembly, hereby constituted a commission to approve and direct the means and method for the payment of claims pursuant to P.L.1968, c.413.

- 1 m. "Third party" means any person, institution, corporation,
- 2 insurance company, group health plan as defined in section 607(1)
- 3 of the federal "Employee Retirement and Income Security Act of
- 4 1974," 29 U.S.C. s.1167(1), service benefit plan, health
- 5 maintenance organization, or other prepaid health plan, or public,
- 6 private or governmental entity who is or may be liable in contract,
- 7 tort, or otherwise by law or equity to pay all or part of the medical
- 8 cost of injury, disease or disability of an applicant for or recipient
- 9 of medical assistance payable under P.L.1968, c.413.
- 10 n. "Governmental peer grouping system" means a separate
- 11 class of skilled nursing and intermediate care facilities administered
- 12 by the State or county governments, established for the purpose of
- 13 screening their reported costs and setting reimbursement rates under
- the Medicaid program that are reasonable and adequate to meet the
- 15 costs that must be incurred by efficiently and economically operated
- 16 State or county skilled nursing and intermediate care facilities.
- o. "Comprehensive maternity or pediatric care provider" means
- any person or public or private health care facility that is a provider
- and that is approved by the commissioner to provide comprehensive
- 20 maternity care or comprehensive pediatric care as defined in
- 21 subsection b. (18) and (19) of section 6 of P.L.1968, c.413
- 22 (C.30:4D-6).
- p. "Poverty level" means the official poverty level based on
- 24 family size established and adjusted under Section 673(2) of
- 25 Subtitle B, the "Community Services Block Grant Act," of
- 26 Pub.L.97-35 (42 U.S.C. s.9902(2)).
- q. "Eligible alien" means one of the following:
- 28 (1) an alien present in the United States prior to August 22,
- 29 1996, who is:
- 30 (a) a lawful permanent resident;
- 31 (b) a refugee pursuant to section 207 of the federal "Immigration
- and Nationality Act" (8 U.S.C. s.1157);
- 33 (c) an asylee pursuant to section 208 of the federal
- 34 "Immigration and Nationality Act" (8 U.S.C. s.1158);
- 35 (d) an alien who has had deportation withheld pursuant to
- 36 section 243(h) of the federal "Immigration and Nationality Act" (8
- 37 U.S.C. s.1253 (h));
- 38 (e) an alien who has been granted parole for less than one year
- 39 by the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services pursuant to
- 40 section 212(d)(5) of the federal "Immigration and Nationality Act"
- 41 (8 U.S.C. s.1182(d)(5));
- 42 (f) an alien granted conditional entry pursuant to section
- 43 203(a)(7) of the federal "Immigration and Nationality Act" (8
- 44 U.S.C. s.1153(a)(7)) in effect prior to April 1, 1980; or
- 45 (g) an alien who is honorably discharged from or on active duty
- 46 in the United States armed forces and the alien's spouse and
- 47 unmarried dependent child.

- 1 (2) An alien who entered the United States on or after August 2 22, 1996, who is:
- 3 (a) an alien as described in paragraph (1)(b), (c), (d) or (g) of 4 this subsection; or
  - (b) an alien as described in paragraph (1)(a), (e) or (f) of this subsection who entered the United States at least five years ago.
- 7 (3) A legal alien who is a victim of domestic violence in 8 accordance with criteria specified for eligibility for public benefits 9 as provided in Title V of the federal "Illegal Immigration Reform 10 and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996" (8 U.S.C. s.1641).

11 (cf: P.L.2018, c.1, s.1)

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- 2. Section 4 of P.L.1987, c.350 (C.30:4G-16) is amended to read as follows:
- 4. A person is eligible for the personal assistance servicesprogram if:
  - a. The person has a permanent physical disability;
    - b. The person is 18 [through 70] years of age or older;
- c. The person is a resident of this State;
- d. The person is in need of personal assistance services pursuant to a written plan of service;
  - e. The person is capable of managing and supervising their personal assistance services;
    - f. A relative or other informal caregiver is not available to provide the services that the person needs;
    - g. The person lives or plans to live in a private house or apartment, rooming or boarding house, group home, educational facility or residential health care facility; and the personal assistance services that the person shall receive are supplemental to, and not duplicative of, services provided to the person in the rooming or boarding house, group home, educational facility or
- 32 residential health care facility pursuant to licensure requirements.
- 33 A person who resides, or is a patient, in a nursing, assisted living,
- 34 or intermediate care facility, special hospital or other inpatient
- 35 medical setting is not eligible for the personal assistance services
- 36 program;
  - h. The attending physician of the person who shall receive the personal assistance services has confirmed in writing that the person has a permanent physical disability, requires no assistance in the coordination of therapeutic regimes, and that the personal assistance services will be appropriate to meet the person's needs; and
- i. The person receives no more than 40 hours of personal assistance services from this program or any other program per week. The commissioner shall develop rules for individual exceptions to this requirement.

#### S3455 MADDEN, A.M.BUCCO

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- j. The commissioner shall develop rules for individual exceptions to the age criteria.
- 3 (cf: P.L.2009, c.160, s.3)

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3. The Commissioner of Human Services shall apply for such State plan amendments or waivers as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this act and to continue to secure federal financial participation for the New Jersey Medicaid program.

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4. The Commissioner of Human services, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) shall adopt such rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

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5. This act shall take effect immediately, but shall remain inoperative until the Commissioner of Human Services receives any federal approvals following the submission of State plan amendments or waivers, pursuant to section 3.

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#### **STATEMENT**

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This bill revises eligibility requirements for the NJ Workability Program and the Personal Assistance Services Program. It is the sponsor's intent that this bill will remove barriers to employment and career advancement for individuals with disabilities.

The NJ Workability Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently-disabled individuals, authorized under the federal "Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999," Pub.L.106-170. The bill expands the eligibility for this program in various ways. First, the bill removes the upper age limit for eligibility, providing that any individual who is older than 16 may qualify. The current age requirement is between 16 and 65 years of age. Second, the bills requires that the premium contribution established by the commissioner is to be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. In doing so, the income of the applicant's spouse cannot be considered in this determination. Third, the bill eliminates the program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level and explicitly provides that a qualified applicant is not to be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse. Finally, the bill permits that an eligible applicant for the program is to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

#### S3455 MADDEN, A.M.BUCCO

1	The Personal Assistance Services Program is a State-funded
2	program that provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical
3	personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent
4	physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or
5	volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month.
6	Currently, only individuals 18 through 70 years of age can qualify
7	for this program. Under the bill, the age cap is removed, providing
8	that anyone over the age of 18 may be eligible for these services.

# SENATE HEALTH, HUMAN SERVICES AND SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### **SENATE, No. 3455**

with committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 9, 2021

The Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 3455.

This bill revises eligibility requirements for the NJ Workability Program and the Personal Assistance Services Program. Workability Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently-disabled individuals, authorized under the federal "Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999," Pub.L.106-170. The bill expands the eligibility for this program in various ways. First, the bill removes the upper age limit for eligibility, providing that any individual who is older than 16 may qualify. The current age requirement is between 16 and 65 years of age. Second, the bill that the premium contribution established by commissioner is to be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. In doing so, the income of the applicant's spouse cannot be considered in this determination. Third, the bill eliminates the program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level and explicitly provides that a qualified applicant is not to be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse. Finally, the bill permits that an eligible applicant for the program is to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

The Personal Assistance Services Program is a State-funded program that provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month. Currently, only individuals 18 through 70 years of age can qualify for this program. Under the bill, the age cap is removed, providing that anyone over the age of 18 may be eligible for these services.

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:**

The committee amendments revise the section of the bill requiring the Commissioner of Human Services to apply for any State plan amendments or waivers as are necessary to ensure federal participation for State expenditures under the Medicaid program to expressly require the requested amendments and waivers to seek authorization under certain relevant federal statutes.

The committee amendments make various technical changes to address a citation issue in the title of the bill and to address issues involving syntax.

#### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

## SENATE, No. 3455 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

DATED: DECEMBER 2, 2021

#### **SUMMARY**

Synopsis: Revises eligibility requirements for NJ Workability Program and

Personal Assistance Services Program.

**Type of Impact:** Annual State expenditure and revenue increases.

**Agencies Affected:** Department of Human Services.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Annual</u>
State Cost Increase	Indeterminate
<b>State Revenue Increase</b>	Marginal

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) determines that this bill would result in additional costs for the Division of Disability Services (DDS) within the Department of Human Services (DHS) to expand eligibility for the NJ WorkAbility Program by lifting the upper age limit and removing the upper income limit for program eligibility, by limiting the income sources that the DDS considers in calculating the premium contributions required of program participants, and by allowing a NJ WorkAbility participant to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to one year if, through no fault of the individual, a job loss occurs.
- The NJ WorkAbility Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently disabled individuals; as such, program expansion not only will raise State Medicaid expenditures, but also will increase State revenues in the form of federal matching funds for qualifying State Medicaid expenditures.
- The bill also increases State expenditures for the Personal Assistance Services Program by removing the age cap on program eligibility. Currently, only individuals with permanent disabilities who are between the ages of 18 and 70, and work, pursue educational advancement, or volunteer at least 20 hours per month are eligible for services under this program.



#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill revises eligibility requirements for the NJ Workability Program and the Personal Assistance Services Program. The NJ Workability Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently disabled individuals, authorized under the federal "Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999," Pub.L.106-170. The bill expands the eligibility for this program in various ways. First, the bill removes the upper age limit for program eligibility, providing that any individual who is older than 16 may qualify. The current age requirement is between 16 and 65 years of age. Second, the bill requires that the premium contribution established by the DHS is to be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. Currently, spousal income, both earned and unearned, is considered as part of a NJ WorkAbility applicant's premium determination. Third, the bill eliminates the program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level, plus established disregards, and explicitly provides that a qualified applicant is not to be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse. Finally, the bill permits that an eligible applicant for the program is to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

The Personal Assistance Services Program is a State-funded program that provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month. Currently, only individuals 18 through 70 years of age can qualify for this program. Under the bill, the age cap is removed, providing that anyone over the age of 18 may be eligible for these services.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS determines that the program expansions effectuated under various provisions of this bill would cumulatively increase expenditures under the NJ WorkAbility Program and the PASP. Specifically, provisions of the bill that remove the upper age limit and eliminate the upper income limit for applicants to the NJ WorkAbility Program, currently set at 250 percent of the FPL plus certain income disregards, would substantively increase State costs under this program. State expenditures for the program would also grow pursuant to a provision that explicitly disregards the earned and unearned income of both an eligible applicant and the applicant's spouse as part of an NJ WorkAbility applicant's income eligibility determination. Under current law, the DHS may take into consideration both earned and unearned spousal income as part of NJ WorkAbility eligibility determinations. State costs also would rise subsequent to the requirement that an eligible applicant's Medicaid premium and cost-sharing contribution be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. Existing State regulations specify that spousal income be factored into such premium determinations. NJ WorkAbility Program costs would increase further under the provision in the bill that allows an eligible program applicant to remain eligible for Medicaid coverage for up to one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

Estimates of incremental State costs for each of these program expansions are hampered by a lack of publicly available NJ WorkAbility participation and per-capita cost data, as well as a dearth of information on the number of permanently-disabled individuals for whom spousal income renders them ineligible for the program. Data concerning the number of individuals participating in the NJ WorkAbility Program are outdated; the most recent data, from 2013, show 9,530 program participants. By way of context, NJ FamilyCare enrollment data for October 2021, displayed on the DHS' FamilyCare Dashboard, report 207,162 disabled individuals enrolled in NJ FamilyCare, with 85 percent of these individuals aged 21 years or older. These NJ FamilyCare enrollment data also include 809 blind enrollees, of whom 94 percent are aged 21 years or older. The percentage of these NJ FamilyCare enrollees who participate in the NJ WorkAbility Program, however, is not reported. Advances in medicine and medical technology, however, have increased the life expectancy and improved the physical capabilities of many individuals with disabilities, thereby increasing the likelihood that the number of individuals eligible to purchase Medicaid coverage through the NJ WorkAbility Program has increased by some magnitude since 2013.

The DDS, which manages the NJ WorkAbility Program, does not report per-participant cost data on its website. The NJ FamilyCare Comprehensive Demonstration renewal proposal, which the DHS submitted to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid services on September 10, 2021, projects that expenditures for Other Aged, Blind, and Disabled NJ FamilyCare beneficiaries will total \$3.3 million in FY 2023.

Since NJ WorkAbility Program is a Medicaid buy-in initiative, greater State expenses for the program will also increase State revenues in the form of federal financial participation for qualifying State expenditures under the Medicaid program. However, without access to updated participation and expenditure data from the division, any estimate of the magnitude of this State revenue increase would be incomplete.

The bill furthermore removes the upper age limit of 70 years that is currently in effect for the PASP. The DDS, which administers the PASP, does not report client data by age; therefore, the OLS concludes that this provision will increase State costs for PASP services by an indeterminate amount. The PASP, which receives State funding via the General Fund and the Casino Revenue Fund, provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month. Eligible individuals may apply for the PASP starting at age 18 years. By way of context, Evaluation Data in the Governor's FY 2022 Budget (page D-203) show that in FY 2020, the PASP served 490 clients at an average cost of \$20,443 per client. In FY 2022, the DDS anticipates that the PASP will serve 510 clients at an average per capita cost of \$21,253, a four percent cost increase over FY 2020 funding levels.

Section: Human Services

Analyst: Anne Hunt Cappabianca

Associate Fiscal Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

#### ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 3455**

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 13, 2021

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 3455 (1R).

This bill revises eligibility requirements for the NJ Workability Program and the Personal Assistance Services Program. Workability Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently-disabled individuals, authorized under the federal "Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999," Pub.L.106-170. The bill expands the eligibility for this program in various ways. First, the bill removes the upper age limit for eligibility, providing that any individual who is older than 16 may qualify. The current age requirement is between 16 and 65 years of age. Second, the bill that the premium contribution established by commissioner is to be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. In doing so, the income of the applicant's spouse cannot be considered in this determination. Third, the bill eliminates the program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level and explicitly provides that a qualified applicant is not to be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse. Finally, the bill permits that an eligible applicant for the program is to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

The Personal Assistance Services Program is a State-funded program that provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month. Currently, only individuals 18 through 70 years of age can qualify for this program. Under the bill, the age cap is removed, providing that anyone over the age of 18 may be eligible for these services.

As reported by the committee, Senate Bill No. 3455 (1R) is identical to Assembly Bill No. 5262 (1R) which was amended and reported by the committee on this date.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) determines that this bill would result in additional costs for the Division of Disability Services

(DDS) within the Department of Human Services to expand eligibility for the NJ WorkAbility Program by lifting the upper age limit and removing the upper income limit for program eligibility, by limiting the income sources that the DDS considers in calculating the premium contributions required for program participants, and by allowing a NJ WorkAbility participant to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to one year, if through no fault of the individual, a job loss occurs.

The NJ WorkAbility Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently disabled individuals; as such, program expansion not only will raise State Medicaid expenditures, but also will increase State revenues in the form of federal matching funds for qualifying State Medicaid expenditures.

The bill also increase State expenditures for the Personal Assistance Services Program by removing the age cap on program eligibility. Currently, only individuals with permanent disabilities who are between the ages of 18 and 70, and work, pursue education advancement, or volunteer at least 20 hours per month are eligible for services under this program.

## ASSEMBLY, No. 5262

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 12, 2021

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblywoman CAROL A. MURPHY
District 7 (Burlington)
Assemblyman ERIC HOUGHTALING
District 11 (Monmouth)
Assemblywoman BRITNEE N. TIMBERLAKE
District 34 (Essex and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by:

**Assemblywomen Chaparro and Vainieri Huttle** 

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Revises eligibility requirements for NJ Workability Program and Personal Assistance Services Program.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/5/2021)

1 AN ACT concerning medical and support services provided to 2 certain working individuals with disabilities and amending Title 3 of the Revised Statutes.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 8 1. Section 3 of P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-3) is amended to read 9 as follows:
- 3. Definitions. As used in P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.), and unless the context otherwise requires:
- a. "Applicant" means any person who has made application forpurposes of becoming a "qualified applicant."
  - b. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.
- 16 c. "Department" means the Department of Human Services, 17 which is herein designated as the single State agency to administer 18 the provisions of this act.
- d. "Director" means the Director of the Division of MedicalAssistance and Health Services.
- e. "Division" means the Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services.
- f. "Medicaid" means the New Jersey Medical Assistance and Health Services Program.
- g. "Medical assistance" means payments on behalf of recipients to providers for medical care and services authorized under P.L.1968, c.413.
  - h. "Provider" means any person, public or private institution, agency, or business concern approved by the division lawfully providing medical care, services, goods, and supplies authorized under P.L.1968, c.413, holding, where applicable, a current valid license to provide such services or to dispense such goods or supplies.
    - i. "Qualified applicant" means a person who is a resident of this State, and either a citizen of the United States or an eligible alien, and is determined to need medical care and services as provided under P.L.1968, c.413, with respect to whom the period for which eligibility to be a recipient is determined shall be the maximum period permitted under federal law, and who:
- 40 (1) Is a dependent child or parent or caretaker relative of a 41 dependent child who would be, except for resources, eligible for the 42 aid to families with dependent children program under the State 43 Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 44 1996;

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

(2) Is a recipient of Supplemental Security Income for the Aged, Blind and Disabled under Title XVI of the Social Security Act;

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- (3) Is an "ineligible spouse" of a recipient of Supplemental Security Income for the Aged, Blind and Disabled under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as defined by the federal Social Security Administration;
- (4) Would be eligible to receive Supplemental Security Income under Title XVI of the federal Social Security Act or, without regard to resources, would be eligible for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996, except for failure to meet an eligibility condition or requirement imposed under such State program which is prohibited under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act such as a durational residency requirement, relative responsibility, consent to imposition of a lien;
  - (5) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2000, c.71).
- (6) Is an individual under 21 years of age who, without regard to resources, would be, except for dependent child requirements, eligible for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996, or groups of such individuals, including but not limited to, children in resource family placement under supervision of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children and Families whose maintenance is being paid in whole or in part from public funds, children placed in a resource family home or institution by a private adoption agency in New Jersey or children in intermediate care facilities, including developmental centers for the developmentally disabled, or in psychiatric hospitals;
- (7) Would be eligible for the Supplemental Security Income program, but is not receiving such assistance and applies for medical assistance only;
- (8) Is determined to be medically needy and meets all the eligibility requirements described below:
- (a) The following individuals are eligible for services, if they are determined to be medically needy:
- (i) Pregnant women;
  - (ii) Dependent children under the age of 21;
  - (iii) Individuals who are 65 years of age and older; and
- 40 (iv) Individuals who are blind or disabled pursuant to either 42 41 C.F.R.435.530 et seq. or 42 C.F.R.435.540 et seq., respectively.
  - (b) The following income standard shall be used to determine medically needy eligibility:
- 44 (i) For one person and two person households, the income 45 standard shall be the maximum allowable under federal law, but 46 shall not exceed 133 1/3% of the State's payment level to two 47 person households under the aid to families with dependent children

program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act in effect as of July 16, 1996; and

- (ii) For households of three or more persons, the income standard shall be set at 133 1/3% of the State's payment level to similar size households under the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act in effect as of July 16, 1996.
- (c) The following resource standard shall be used to determine medically needy eligibility:
- (i) For one person households, the resource standard shall be 200% of the resource standard for recipients of Supplemental Security Income pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1382(1)(B);
- (ii) For two person households, the resource standard shall be 200% of the resource standard for recipients of Supplemental Security Income pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1382(2)(B);
- (iii) For households of three or more persons, the resource standard in subparagraph (c)(ii) above shall be increased by \$100.00 for each additional person; and
- (iv) The resource standards established in (i), (ii), and (iii) are subject to federal approval and the resource standard may be lower if required by the federal Department of Health and Human Services.
- (d) Individuals whose income exceeds those established in subparagraph (b) of paragraph (8) of this subsection may become medically needy by incurring medical expenses as defined in 42 C.F.R.435.831(c) which will reduce their income to the applicable medically needy income established in subparagraph (b) of paragraph (8) of this subsection.
- (e) A six-month period shall be used to determine whether an individual is medically needy.
- (f) Eligibility determinations for the medically needy program shall be administered as follows:
- (i) County welfare agencies and other entities designated by the commissioner are responsible for determining and certifying the eligibility of pregnant women and dependent children. The division shall reimburse county welfare agencies for 100% of the reasonable costs of administration which are not reimbursed by the federal government for the first 12 months of this program's operation. Thereafter, 75% of the administrative costs incurred by county welfare agencies which are not reimbursed by the federal government shall be reimbursed by the division;
- (ii) The division is responsible for certifying the eligibility of individuals who are 65 years of age and older and individuals who are blind or disabled. The division may enter into contracts with county welfare agencies to determine certain aspects of eligibility. In such instances the division shall provide county welfare agencies with all information the division may have available on the individual.

The division shall notify all eligible recipients of the Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled program, P.L.1975, c.194 (C.30:4D-20 et seq.) on an annual basis of the medically needy program and the program's general requirements. The division shall take all reasonable administrative actions to ensure that Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled recipients, who notify the division that they may be eligible for the program, have their applications processed expeditiously, at times

and locations convenient to the recipients; and

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- (iii) The division is responsible for certifying incurred medical expenses for all eligible persons who attempt to qualify for the program pursuant to subparagraph (d) of paragraph (8) of this subsection;
- (9) (a) Is a child who is at least one year of age and under 19 years of age and, if older than six years of age but under 19 years of age, is uninsured; and
- (b) Is a member of a family whose income does not exceed 133% of the poverty level and who meets the federal Medicaid eligibility requirements set forth in section 9401 of Pub.L.99-509 (42 U.S.C. s.1396a);
- (10) Is a pregnant woman who is determined by a provider to be presumptively eligible for medical assistance based on criteria established by the commissioner, pursuant to section 9407 of Pub.L.99-509 (42 U.S.C. s.1396a(a));
- (11) Is an individual 65 years of age and older, or an individual who is blind or disabled pursuant to section 301 of Pub.L.92-603 (42 U.S.C. s.1382c), whose income does not exceed 100% of the poverty level, adjusted for family size, and whose resources do not exceed 100% of the resource standard used to determine medically needy eligibility pursuant to paragraph (8) of this subsection;
- (12) Is a qualified disabled and working individual pursuant to section 6408 of Pub.L.101-239 (42 U.S.C. s.1396d) whose income does not exceed 200% of the poverty level and whose resources do not exceed 200% of the resource standard used to determine eligibility under the Supplemental Security Income Program, P.L.1973, c.256 (C.44:7-85 et seq.);
- (13) Is a pregnant woman or is a child who is under one year of age and is a member of a family whose income does not exceed 185% of the poverty level and who meets the federal Medicaid eligibility requirements set forth in section 9401 of Pub.L.99-509 (42 U.S.C. s.1396a), except that a pregnant woman who is determined to be a qualified applicant shall, notwithstanding any change in the income of the family of which she is a member, continue to be deemed a qualified applicant until the end of the 60-day period beginning on the last day of her pregnancy;
  - (14) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.272).
- 47 (15) (a) Is a specified low-income Medicare beneficiary pursuant 48 to 42 U.S.C. s.1396a(a)10(E)iii whose resources beginning January

1 1, 1993 do not exceed 200% of the resource standard used to 2 determine eligibility under the Supplemental Security Income 3 program, P.L.1973, c.256 (C.44:7-85 et seq.) and whose income 4 beginning January 1, 1993 does not exceed 110% of the poverty 5 level, and beginning January 1, 1995 does not exceed 120% of the 6 poverty level.

- 7 (b) An individual who has, within 36 months, or within 60 8 months in the case of funds transferred into a trust, of applying to 9 be a qualified applicant for Medicaid services in a nursing facility 10 or a medical institution, or for home or community-based services 11 under section 1915(c) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 12 s.1396n(c)), disposed of resources or income for less than fair 13 market value shall be ineligible for assistance for nursing facility 14 services, an equivalent level of services in a medical institution, or 15 home or community-based services under section 1915(c) of the 16 federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396n(c)). The period of 17 the ineligibility shall be the number of months resulting from 18 dividing the uncompensated value of the transferred resources or 19 income by the average monthly private payment rate for nursing 20 facility services in the State as determined annually by the 21 commissioner. In the case of multiple resource or income transfers, 22 the resulting penalty periods shall be imposed sequentially. 23 Application of this requirement shall be governed by 42 U.S.C. 24 In accordance with federal law, this provision is s.1396p(c). 25 effective for all transfers of resources or income made on or after 26 August 11, 1993. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection 27 to the contrary, the State eligibility requirements concerning 28 resource or income transfers shall not be more restrictive than those 29 enacted pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1396p(c).
- 30 (c) An individual seeking nursing facility services or home or 31 community-based services and who has a community spouse shall 32 be required to expend those resources which are not protected for 33 the needs of the community spouse in accordance with section 34 1924(c) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396r-5(c)) 35 on the costs of long-term care, burial arrangements, and any other 36 expense deemed appropriate and authorized by the commissioner. 37 An individual shall be ineligible for Medicaid services in a nursing 38 facility or for home or community-based services under section 39 1915(c) of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396n(c)) if 40 the individual expends funds in violation of this subparagraph. The 41 period of ineligibility shall be the number of months resulting from 42 dividing the uncompensated value of transferred resources and 43 income by the average monthly private payment rate for nursing 44 facility services in the State as determined by the commissioner. 45 The period of ineligibility shall begin with the month that the 46 individual would otherwise be eligible for Medicaid coverage for 47 nursing facility services or home or community-based services.

This subparagraph shall be operative only if all necessary approvals are received from the federal government including, but not limited to, approval of necessary State plan amendments and approval of any waivers;

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- (16) Subject to federal approval under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act, is a dependent child, parent or specified caretaker relative of a child who is a qualified applicant, who would be eligible, without regard to resources, for the aid to families with dependent children program under the State Plan for Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act as of July 16, 1996, except for the income eligibility requirements of that program, and whose family earned income,
- (a) if a dependent child, does not exceed 133% of the poverty level; and
- (b) if a parent or specified caretaker relative, beginning September 1, 2005 does not exceed 100% of the poverty level, beginning September 1, 2006 does not exceed 115% of the poverty level and beginning September 1, 2007 does not exceed 133% of the poverty level, plus such earned income disregards as shall be determined according to a methodology to be established by regulation of the commissioner;

The commissioner may increase the income eligibility limits for children and parents and specified caretaker relatives, as funding permits;

- (17) Is an individual from 18 through 20 years of age who is not a dependent child and would be eligible for medical assistance pursuant to P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.), without regard to income or resources, who, on the individual's 18th birthday was in resource family care under the care and custody of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children and Families and whose maintenance was being paid in whole or in part from public funds;
- (18) Is a person [between the ages of] 16 years of age or older and [65] who is permanently disabled and working, and [:
- (a) whose income is at or below 250% of the poverty level, plus other established disregards;
- (b) who pays the premium contribution and other cost sharing as established by the commissioner based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income, subject to the limits and conditions of federal law [; and
- (c) whose assets, resources and unearned income do not exceed limitations as established by the commissioner <u>1</u>.

A qualified applicant pursuant to this paragraph shall: (a) not be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse; and (b) remain eligible for medical care and services as provided under

- P.L.1968, c.413 for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs;
  - (19) Is an uninsured individual under 65 years of age who:
  - (a) has been screened for breast or cervical cancer under the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention breast and cervical cancer early detection program;
  - (b) requires treatment for breast or cervical cancer based upon criteria established by the commissioner;
  - (c) has an income that does not exceed the income standard established by the commissioner pursuant to federal guidelines;
    - (d) meets all other Medicaid eligibility requirements; and
  - (e) in accordance with Pub.L.106-354, is determined by a qualified entity to be presumptively eligible for medical assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.1396a(aa), based upon criteria established by the commissioner pursuant to section 1920B of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1396r-1b);
  - (20) Subject to federal approval under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act, is a single adult or couple, without dependent children, whose income in 2006 does not exceed 50% of the poverty level, in 2007 does not exceed 75% of the poverty level and in 2008 and each year thereafter does not exceed 100% of the poverty level; except that a person who is a recipient of Work First New Jersey general public assistance, pursuant to P.L.1947, c.156 (C.44:8-107 et seq.), shall not be a qualified applicant; or
    - (21) is an individual who:

- (a) has an income that does not exceed the highest income eligibility level for pregnant women established under the State plan under Title XIX or Title XXI of the federal Social Security Act;
  - (b) is not pregnant; and
- 31 (c) is eligible to receive family planning services provided 32 under the Medicaid program pursuant to subsection k. of section 6 33 of P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-6) and in accordance with 42 U.S.C. 34 s.1396a(ii).
  - j. "Recipient" means any qualified applicant receiving benefits under this act.
    - k. "Resident" means a person who is living in the State voluntarily with the intention of making his home here and not for a temporary purpose. Temporary absences from the State, with subsequent returns to the State or intent to return when the purposes of the absences have been accomplished, do not interrupt continuity of residence.
- 1. "State Medicaid Commission" means the Governor, the Commissioner of Human Services, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the General Assembly, hereby constituted a commission to approve and direct the means and method for the payment of claims pursuant to P.L.1968, c.413.

- 1 m. "Third party" means any person, institution, corporation,
- 2 insurance company, group health plan as defined in section 607(1)
- 3 of the federal "Employee Retirement and Income Security Act of
- 4 1974," 29 U.S.C. s.1167(1), service benefit plan, health
- 5 maintenance organization, or other prepaid health plan, or public,
- 6 private or governmental entity who is or may be liable in contract,
- 7 tort, or otherwise by law or equity to pay all or part of the medical
- 8 cost of injury, disease or disability of an applicant for or recipient
- 9 of medical assistance payable under P.L.1968, c.413.
- 10 n. "Governmental peer grouping system" means a separate
- 11 class of skilled nursing and intermediate care facilities administered
- 12 by the State or county governments, established for the purpose of
- 13 screening their reported costs and setting reimbursement rates under
- the Medicaid program that are reasonable and adequate to meet the
- 15 costs that must be incurred by efficiently and economically operated
- 16 State or county skilled nursing and intermediate care facilities.
- o. "Comprehensive maternity or pediatric care provider" means
- any person or public or private health care facility that is a provider and that is approved by the commissioner to provide comprehensive
- and that is approved by the commissioner to provide comprehensive maternity care or comprehensive pediatric care as defined in
- 21 subsection b. (18) and (19) of section 6 of P.L.1968, c.413
- 22 (C.30:4D-6).

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- p. "Poverty level" means the official poverty level based on
- 24 family size established and adjusted under Section 673(2) of
- 25 Subtitle B, the "Community Services Block Grant Act," of
- 26 Pub.L.97-35 (42 U.S.C. s.9902(2)).
  - q. "Eligible alien" means one of the following:
- 28 (1) an alien present in the United States prior to August 22,
- 29 1996, who is:
- 30 (a) a lawful permanent resident;
- 31 (b) a refugee pursuant to section 207 of the federal "Immigration
- and Nationality Act" (8 U.S.C. s.1157);
- 33 (c) an asylee pursuant to section 208 of the federal
- 34 "Immigration and Nationality Act" (8 U.S.C. s.1158);
- 35 (d) an alien who has had deportation withheld pursuant to
- 36 section 243(h) of the federal "Immigration and Nationality Act" (8
- 37 U.S.C. s.1253 (h));
- 38 (e) an alien who has been granted parole for less than one year
- 39 by the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services pursuant to
- 40 section 212(d)(5) of the federal "Immigration and Nationality Act"
- 41 (8 U.S.C. s.1182(d)(5));
- 42 (f) an alien granted conditional entry pursuant to section
- 43 203(a)(7) of the federal "Immigration and Nationality Act" (8
- 44 U.S.C. s.1153(a)(7)) in effect prior to April 1, 1980; or
- 45 (g) an alien who is honorably discharged from or on active duty
- 46 in the United States armed forces and the alien's spouse and
- 47 unmarried dependent child.

- 1 (2) An alien who entered the United States on or after August 22, 1996, who is:
  - (a) an alien as described in paragraph (1)(b), (c), (d) or (g) of this subsection; or
  - (b) an alien as described in paragraph (1)(a), (e) or (f) of this subsection who entered the United States at least five years ago.
  - (3) A legal alien who is a victim of domestic violence in accordance with criteria specified for eligibility for public benefits as provided in Title V of the federal "Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996" (8 U.S.C. s.1641).

11 (cf: P.L.2018, c.1, s.1)

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- 2. Section 4 of P.L.1987, c.350 (C.30:4G-16) is amended to read as follows:
- 4. A person is eligible for the personal assistance services program if:
  - a. The person has a permanent physical disability;
  - b. The person is 18 [through 70] years of age or older;
- 19 c. The person is a resident of this State;
- d. The person is in need of personal assistance services pursuant to a written plan of service;
  - e. The person is capable of managing and supervising their personal assistance services;
  - f. A relative or other informal caregiver is not available to provide the services that the person needs;
  - g. The person lives or plans to live in a private house or apartment, rooming or boarding house, group home, educational facility or residential health care facility; and the personal assistance services that the person shall receive are supplemental to, and not duplicative of, services provided to the person in the rooming or boarding house, group home, educational facility or residential health care facility pursuant to licensure requirements. A person who resides, or is a patient, in a nursing, assisted living,
- A person who resides, or is a patient, in a nursing, assisted living, or intermediate care facility, special hospital or other inpatient medical setting is not eligible for the personal assistance services program;
- h. The attending physician of the person who shall receive the personal assistance services has confirmed in writing that the person has a permanent physical disability, requires no assistance in the coordination of therapeutic regimes, and that the personal
- assistance services will be appropriate to meet the person's needs; and
- i. The person receives no more than 40 hours of personal assistance services from this program or any other program per week. The commissioner shall develop rules for individual exceptions to this requirement.

#### A5262 MURPHY, HOUGHTALING

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- j. The commissioner shall develop rules for individual exceptions to the age criteria.
- 3 (cf: P.L.2009, c.160, s.3)

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3. The Commissioner of Human Services shall apply for such State plan amendments or waivers as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this act and to continue to secure federal financial participation for the New Jersey Medicaid program.

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4. The Commissioner of Human services, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) shall adopt such rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

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5. This act shall take effect immediately, but shall remain inoperative until the Commissioner of Human Services receives any federal approvals following the submission of State plan amendments or waivers, pursuant to section 3.

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#### **STATEMENT**

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This bill revises eligibility requirements for the NJ Workability Program and the Personal Assistance Services Program. It is the sponsor's intent that this bill will remove barriers to employment and career advancement for individuals with disabilities.

The NJ Workability Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently-disabled individuals, authorized under the federal "Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999," Pub.L.106-170. The bill expands the eligibility for this program in various ways. First, the bill removes the upper age limit for eligibility, providing that any individual who is older than 16 may qualify. The current age requirement is between 16 and 65 years of age. Second, the bills requires that the premium contribution established by the commissioner is to be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. In doing so, the income of the applicant's spouse cannot be considered in this determination. Third, the bill eliminates the program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level and explicitly provides that a qualified applicant is not to be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse. Finally, the bill permits that an eligible applicant for the program is to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

The Personal Assistance Services Program is a State-funded program that provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent

# A5262 MURPHY, HOUGHTALING

- 1 physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or
- 2 volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month.
- 3 Currently, only individuals 18 through 70 years of age can qualify
- 4 for this program. Under the bill, the age cap is removed, providing
- 5 that anyone over the age of 18 may be eligible for these services.

#### ASSEMBLY HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 5262

with committee amendments

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 12, 2021

The Assembly Health Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 5262.

As amended by the committee, this bill revises eligibility requirements for the NJ Workability Program and the Personal Assistance Services Program. The NJ Workability Program is a buy-in option for employed, permanently-disabled individuals, authorized under the federal "Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999," Pub.L.106-170. As amended, the bill expands the eligibility for this program in various ways. First, the bill removes the upper age limit for eligibility, providing that any individual who is older than 16 may qualify. The current age requirement is between 16 and 65 years of age. Second, the bill that the premium contribution established by commissioner is to be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. In doing so, the income of the applicant's spouse cannot be considered in this determination. Third, as amended by the committee, the bill increases the program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level to 450 percent of the federal poverty level, and explicitly provides that a qualified applicant is not to be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse, except when the spouse's earned or unearned income is over \$250,000. Finally, the bill permits that an eligible applicant for the program is to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

The Personal Assistance Services Program is a State-funded program that provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month. Currently, only individuals 18 through 70 years of age can qualify for this program. Under the bill, the age cap is removed, providing that anyone over the age of 18 may be eligible for these services.

### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:**

The committee amendments increase the State's Medicaid program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the

federal poverty level to 450 percent of the federal poverty level, and clarifies that if the earned or unearned income of the spouse of a qualified applicant is over \$250,000, the Commissioner of Human Services may take into account that income when determining eligibility.

Originally, the bill eliminated the program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level and explicitly provided that a qualified applicant is not to be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse.

The committee amendments revise the section of the bill requiring the commissioner to apply for any State plan amendments or waivers as are necessary to ensure federal participation for State expenditures under the Medicaid program to expressly require the requested amendments and waivers to seek authorization under certain relevant federal statutes.

The committee amendments make various technical changes to address a citation issue in the title of the bill and to address issues involving syntax.

### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

# ASSEMBLY, No. 5262 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

DATED: NOVEMBER 12, 2021

#### **SUMMARY**

Synopsis: Revises eligibility requirements for NJ Workability Program and

Personal Assistance Services Program.

**Type of Impact:** Annual State expenditure and revenue increases.

**Agencies Affected:** Department of Human Services.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Annual</u>
State Cost Increase	Indeterminate
State Revenue Increase	Marginal

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) determines that this bill would result in additional costs for the Division of Disability Services (DDS) within the Department of Human Services (DHS) to expand eligibility for the NJ WorkAbility Program by lifting the upper age limit and increasing the upper income limit for program eligibility, by limiting the income sources that the DDS considers in calculating the premium contributions required of program participants, and by allowing a NJ WorkAbility participant to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to one year if, through no fault of the individual, a job loss occurs.
- The NJ WorkAbility Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently disabled individuals; as such, program expansion not only will raise State Medicaid expenditures, but also will increase State revenues in the form of federal matching funds for qualifying State Medicaid expenditures.
- The bill also increases State expenditures for the Personal Assistance Services Program by removing the age cap on program eligibility. Currently, only individuals with permanent disabilities who are between the ages of 18 and 70, and work, pursue educational advancement, or volunteer at least 20 hours per month are eligible for services under this program.



#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill revises eligibility requirements for the NJ WorkAbility Program and the Personal Assistance Services Program (PASP), which operate under the purview of the DDS within the DHS. The NJ WorkAbility Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently disabled individuals, authorized under federal law. Current law limits eligibility for participation in the NJ WorkAbility Program to applicants who are between the ages of 16 and 65 years and have earned income of \$65,196 or less, in the case of an individual, and \$87,900 or less for couples. Program eligibility guidelines, moreover, limit assets to \$20,000 for an eligible individual, and \$30,000 for a couple. However, the NJ WorkAbility Program's asset determination disregards a limited number of applicant assets, including an applicant's primary home, a car necessary for work or medical transportation, and a 401(k) or individual retirement accounts.

Eligibility for the NJ WorkAbility Program is expanded in various ways under the bill. First, the bill removes the upper age limit for program eligibility, providing that any individual aged 16 years or older who meets the program's other requirements may apply. The bill also specifies that the premium contribution required of all NJ WorkAbility applicants, as established by the DHS, is to be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. Spousal income is not to be taken into account in such premium contribution calculations. However, if an applicant's spouse reports over \$250,000 in earned and unearned income combined, the DHS may consider spousal income in determining the premium contribution required of the NJ WorkAbility applicant. Under current law, the earned and unearned income of both the applicant and the applicant's spouse may be considered in determining an applicant's premium contribution.

The bill additionally raises the income eligibility limit for NJ WorkAbility applicants from 250 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL), or \$32,200 for an individual and \$43,550 for a couple, to 450 percent of the FPL, or \$57,960 for a single person and \$78,390 for a couple. The bill, moreover, specifies that an eligible NJ WorkAbility applicant is to remain eligible for Medicaid benefits for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

Finally, the bill removes the age cap for individuals who may qualify for benefits through the PASP, a State-funded program that provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to individuals with permanent physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month. Currently, only individuals 18 through 70 years of age who meet the program's employment, income, and asset criteria may qualify for assistance through this program.

### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS determines that the program expansions effectuated under various provisions of this bill would cumulatively increase expenditures under the NJ WorkAbility Program and the PASP. Specifically, provisions of the bill that remove the upper age limit and raise the upper income limit for applicants to the NJ WorkAbility Program, from 250 percent to 450 percent of the FPL, would substantively increase State costs under this program. State expenditures for the program would also grow pursuant to a provision that disregards the earned and unearned income of an eligible applicant's spouse, up to a spousal income ceiling of \$250,000. After spousal earned and unearned

income surpasses \$250,000, the DHS may take spousal income into consideration in NJ WorkAbility eligibility determinations. NJ WorkAbility Program costs would increase further under the provision in the bill that allows an eligible program applicant to remain eligible for Medicaid coverage for up to one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

Estimates of incremental State costs for each of these program expansions are hampered by a lack of publicly available NJ WorkAbility participation and per-capita cost data, and information on the number of program participants whose spouse has an annual income that exceeds \$250,000. Data concerning the number of individuals participating in the NJ WorkAbility Program are outdated; the most recent data, from 2013, show 9,530 program participants. By way of context, NJ FamilyCare enrollment data for October 2021, displayed on the DHS' FamilyCare Dashboard, report 207,162 disabled individuals enrolled in NJ FamilyCare, with 85 percent of these individuals aged 21 years or older. These NJ FamilyCare enrollment data also include 809 blind enrollees, of whom 94 percent are aged 21 years or older. The percentage of these NJ FamilyCare enrollees who participate in the NJ WorkAbility Program, however, is not reported. Advances in medicine and medical technology, however, have increased the life expectancy and improved the physical capabilities of many individuals with disabilities, thereby increasing the likelihood that the number of individuals eligible to purchase Medicaid coverage through the NJ WorkAbility Program has increased by some magnitude since 2013.

The DDS, which manages the NJ WorkAbility Program, does not report per-participant cost data on its website. The NJ FamilyCare Comprehensive Demonstration renewal proposal, which the DHS submitted to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid services on September 10, 2021, projects that expenditures for Other Aged, Blind, and Disabled NJ FamilyCare beneficiaries will total \$3.3 million in FY 2023.

Since NJ WorkAbility Program is a Medicaid buy-in initiative, greater State expenses for the program will also increase State revenues in the form of federal financial participation for qualifying State expenditures under the Medicaid program. However, without access to updated participation and expenditure data from the division, any estimate of the magnitude of this State revenue increase would be incomplete.

The bill furthermore removes the upper age limit of 70 years that is currently in effect for the PASP. The DDS, which administers the PASP, does not report client data by age; therefore, the OLS concludes that this provision will increase State costs for PASP services by an indeterminate amount. The PASP, which receives State funding via the General Fund and the Casino Revenue Fund, provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month. Eligible individuals may apply for the PASP starting at age 18 years. By way of context, Evaluation Data in the Governor's FY 2022 Budget (page D-203) show that in FY 2020, the PASP served 490 clients at an average cost of \$20,443 per client. In FY 2022, the DDS anticipates that the PASP will serve 510 clients at an average per capita cost of \$21,253, a four percent cost increase over FY 2020 funding levels.

Section: Human Services

Analyst: Anne Cappabianca

Associate Fiscal Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

#### ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 5262

with committee amendments

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 13, 2021

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 5262 (1R).

As amended by the committee, this bill revises eligibility requirements for the NJ Workability Program and the Personal Assistance Services Program. The NJ Workability Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently-disabled individuals, authorized under the federal "Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999," Pub.L.106-170.

As amended, the bill expands the eligibility for this program in various ways. First, the bill removes the upper age limit for eligibility, providing that any individual who is older than 16 may qualify. The current age requirement is between 16 and 65 years of age. Second, the bill requires that the premium contribution established by the commissioner is to be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. In doing so, the income of the applicant's spouse cannot be considered in this determination. Third, as amended by the committee, the bill eliminates the program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level and explicitly provides that a qualified applicant is not to be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse. Finally, the bill provides that an eligible applicant for the program is to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

The Personal Assistance Services Program is a State-funded program that provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month. Currently, only individuals 18 through 70 years of age can qualify for this program. Under the bill, the age cap is removed, providing that anyone over the age of 18 may be eligible for these services.

As amended and reported by the committee, Assembly Bill No. 5262 (1R) is identical to Senate Bill No. 3455 (1R), which also was reported by the committee on this date.

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:**

The committee amendments remove a provision that would increase the State's Medicaid program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level to 450 percent of the federal poverty level and clarifies that if the earned or unearned income of the spouse of a qualified applicant is over \$250,000, the Commissioner of Human Services may take into account that income when determining eligibility.

The committee amendments restore a provision that was in the bill as introduced that eliminated the program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level and explicitly provided that a qualified applicant is not to be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT:**

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) determines that this bill would result in additional costs for the Division of Disability Services (DDS) within the Department of Human Services to expand eligibility for the NJ WorkAbility Program by lifting the upper age limit and removing the upper income limit for program eligibility, by limiting the income sources that the DDS considers in calculating the premium contributions required for program participants, and by allowing a NJ WorkAbility participant to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to one year, if through no fault of the individual, a job loss occurs.

The NJ WorkAbility Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently disabled individuals; as such, program expansion not only will raise State Medicaid expenditures, but also will increase State revenues in the form of federal matching funds for qualifying State Medicaid expenditures.

The bill also increase State expenditures for the Personal Assistance Services Program by removing the age cap on program eligibility. Currently, only individuals with permanent disabilities who are between the ages of 18 and 70, and work, pursue education advancement, or volunteer at least 20 hours per month are eligible for services under this program

# LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[Second Reprint]

# ASSEMBLY, No. 5262 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

DATED: DECEMBER 20, 2021

#### **SUMMARY**

Synopsis: Revises eligibility requirements for NJ Workability Program and

Personal Assistance Services Program.

**Type of Impact:** Annual State expenditure and revenue increases.

**Agencies Affected:** Department of Human Services.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Annual</u>
State Cost Increase	Indeterminate
State Revenue Increase	Indeterminate

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) determines that this bill would result in additional costs for the Division of Disability Services (DDS) within the Department of Human Services (DHS) to expand eligibility for the NJ WorkAbility Program by lifting the upper age limit and removing the upper income limit for program eligibility, by limiting the income sources that the DDS considers in calculating the premium contributions required of program participants, and by allowing a NJ WorkAbility participant to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to one year if, through no fault of the individual, a job loss occurs.
- The NJ WorkAbility Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently disabled individuals; as such, program expansion not only will raise State Medicaid expenditures, but also will increase State revenues in the form of federal matching funds for qualifying State Medicaid expenditures.
- The bill also increases State expenditures for the Personal Assistance Services Program (PASP) by removing the age cap on program eligibility. Currently, only individuals with permanent disabilities who are between the ages of 18 and 70, and work, pursue educational advancement, or volunteer at least 20 hours per month are eligible for services under this program.



#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill revises eligibility requirements for the NJ Workability Program and the PASP. The NJ Workability Program is a Medicaid buy-in option for employed, permanently disabled individuals, authorized under the federal "Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999," Pub.L.106-170. The bill expands the eligibility for this program in various ways. First, the bill removes the upper age limit for program eligibility, providing that any individual who is older than 16 may qualify. The current age requirement is between 16 and 65 years of age. Second, the bill requires that the premium contribution established by the DHS is to be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. Currently, spousal income, both earned and unearned, is considered as part of a NJ WorkAbility applicant's premium determination. Third, the bill eliminates the program's existing income eligibility limit of 250 percent of the federal poverty level, plus established disregards, and explicitly provides that a qualified applicant is not to be subject to any eligibility requirements regarding the earned or unearned income of the applicant or the applicant's spouse. Finally, the bill permits that an eligible applicant for the program is to remain eligible for Medicaid for up to a period of one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

The PASP is a State-funded program that provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month. Currently, only individuals 18 through 70 years of age can qualify for this program. Under the bill, the age cap is removed, providing that anyone over the age of 18 may be eligible for these services.

#### **FISCAL ANALYSIS**

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS determines that the program expansions effectuated under various provisions of this bill would cumulatively increase expenditures under the NJ WorkAbility Program and the PASP. Specifically, provisions of the bill that remove the upper age limit and eliminate the upper income limit for applicants to the NJ WorkAbility Program, currently set at 250 percent of the FPL plus certain income disregards, would substantively increase State costs under this program. State expenditures for the program would also grow pursuant to a provision that explicitly disregards the earned and unearned income of both an eligible applicant and the applicant's spouse as part of an NJ WorkAbility applicant's income eligibility determination. Under current law, the DHS may take into consideration both earned and unearned spousal income as part of NJ WorkAbility eligibility determinations. State costs also would rise subsequent to the requirement that an eligible applicant's Medicaid premium and cost-sharing contribution be based solely on the applicant's earned and unearned income. Existing State regulations specify that spousal income be factored into such premium determinations. NJ WorkAbility Program costs would increase further under the provision in the bill that allows an eligible program applicant to remain eligible for Medicaid coverage for up to one year if, through no fault of the applicant, a job loss occurs.

Estimates of incremental State costs for each of these program expansions are hampered by a lack of publicly available NJ WorkAbility participation and per-capita cost data, as well as a dearth of information on the number of permanently-disabled individuals for whom spousal income renders them ineligible for the program. Data concerning the number of individuals participating in the NJ WorkAbility Program are outdated; the most recent data, from 2013, show 9,530 program participants. By way of context, NJ FamilyCare enrollment data for October 2021, displayed on the DHS' FamilyCare Dashboard, report 207,162 disabled individuals enrolled in NJ FamilyCare, with 85 percent of these individuals aged 21 years or older. These NJ FamilyCare enrollment data also include 809 blind enrollees, of whom 94 percent are aged 21 years or older. The percentage of these NJ FamilyCare enrollees who participate in the NJ WorkAbility Program, however, is not reported. Advances in medicine and medical technology, however, have increased the life expectancy and improved the physical capabilities of many individuals with disabilities, thereby increasing the likelihood that the number of individuals eligible to purchase Medicaid coverage through the NJ WorkAbility Program has increased by some magnitude since 2013.

The DDS, which manages the NJ WorkAbility Program, does not report per-participant cost data on its website. The NJ FamilyCare Comprehensive Demonstration renewal proposal, which the DHS submitted to the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid services on September 10, 2021, projects that expenditures for Other Aged, Blind, and Disabled NJ FamilyCare beneficiaries will total \$3.3 million in FY 2023.

Since NJ WorkAbility Program is a Medicaid buy-in initiative, greater State expenses for the program will also increase State revenues in the form of federal financial participation for qualifying State expenditures under the Medicaid program. However, without access to updated participation and expenditure data from the division, any estimate of the magnitude of this State revenue increase would be incomplete.

The bill furthermore removes the upper age limit of 70 years that is currently in effect for the PASP. The DDS, which administers the PASP, does not report client data by age; therefore, the OLS concludes that this provision will increase State costs for PASP services by an indeterminate amount. The PASP, which receives State funding via the General Fund and the Casino Revenue Fund, provides up to 40 hours per week of non-medical personal care assistance to those individuals with permanent physical disabilities who work, seek educational advancement, or volunteer in the community for a minimum of 20 hours per month. Eligible individuals may apply for the PASP starting at age 18 years. By way of context, Evaluation Data in the Governor's FY 2022 Budget (page D-203) show that in FY 2020, the PASP served 490 clients at an average cost of \$20,443 per client. In FY 2022, the DDS anticipates that the PASP will serve 510 clients at an average per capita cost of \$21,253, a four percent cost increase over FY 2020 funding levels.

Section: Human Services

Analyst: Anne Cappabianca

Associate Fiscal Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

# Bill S3455 Sca (1R)

# Session 2020 - 2021



Revises eligibility requirements for NJ Workability Program and Personal Assistance Services Program.

# Bitts and Joint Resolutions Signed by the Governor

Identical Bill Number: A5262

This bill has been certified by OLS for a fiscal note.

# Primary Sponsor:

Madden, Fred H., Jr.

Bucco, Anthony M.

Sweeney, Stephen M.

Murphy, Carol A.

Houghtaling, Eric

Timberlake, Britnee N.

# Co-Sponsor:

Corrado, Kristin M.

Singer, Robert W.

Vitale, Joseph F.

Pou, Nellie

<u>Diegnan, Patrick J., Jr.</u>

Turner, Shirley K.

<u>Chaparro, Annette</u>

Vainieri Huttle, Valerie

Benson, Daniel R.

Dunn, Aura K.

Zwicker, Andrew

Downey, Joann

#### 2/16/2021

Introduced in the Senate, Referred to Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee

#### 3/9/2021

Reported from Senate Committee with Amendments, 2nd Reading

## 12/2/2021

Passed by the Senate (36-0)

#### 12/6/2021

Received in the Assembly, Referred to Assembly Appropriations Committee

# 12/13/2021

Reported out of Assembly Committee, 2nd Reading

## 12/20/2021

Substituted for A5262 (2R)

# 12/20/2021

Passed Assembly (Passed Both Houses) (69-0-0)

## 1/10/2022

Approved P.L.2021, c.344.

#### Introduced

(12 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

Statement - SHH 3/9/21

(2 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

Fiscal Estimate - 12/2/21; 1R

(5 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

**Statement** - AAP 12/13/21 1R

(2 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

# Reprint

(11 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

#### Advance Law

(10 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

Pamphlet Law - Corrected Copy

(8 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

# Committee Voting:

SHH - 3/9/2021 - r/Sca

Yes: 8 No: 0 Not Voting: 0 Abstain: 0

Roll Call

Vitale, Joseph F. (P) - Yes Madden, Fred H. (V) - Yes Codey, Richard J. - Yes Corrado, Kristin M. - Yes Gopal, Vin - Yes Holzapfel, James W. - Yes Rice, Ronald L. - Yes Singer, Robert W. - Yes

#### ÂÂP - 12/13/2021 - r/favorably

Yes: 10 No: 1 Not Voting: 0 Abstain: 0

#### Roll Call

Burzichelli, John J. (P) - Yes Schaer, Gary S. (V) - Yes Bergen, Brian - No Conaway, Herb - Yes Danielsen, Joe - Yes DeAngelo, Wayne P. - Yes McClellan, Antwan L. - Yes Pintor Marin, Eliana - Yes Rooney, Kevin J. - Yes

Tucker, Cleopatra G. - Yes

Webber, Jay - **Yes** 

# Session Voting:

Asm. 12/20/2021 - SUB FOR A-5262

Yes: 0 No: 0 Not Voting: 80 Abstain: 0 - Voice Vote Passed

Asm. 12/20/2021 - 3RDG FINAL PASSAGE

Yes: 69 No: 0 Not Voting: 11 Abstain: 0

#### Roll Call

Armato, John - **Yes** 

Auth, Robert - Yes

Benson, Daniel R. - Yes

Bergen, Brian - Yes

Bramnick, Jon M. - Not Voting

Burzichelli, John J. - Yes

Calabrese, Clinton - Not Voting

Caputo, Ralph R. - Not Voting

Carter, Linda S. - Yes

Catalano, John - Yes

Chaparro, Annette - Yes

Chiaravalloti, Nicholas - Yes

Clifton, Robert D. - Yes

Conaway, Herb - Yes

Coughlin, Craig J. - Yes

Dancer, Ronald S. - Yes

Danielsen, Joe - Yes

DeAngelo, Wayne P. - Yes

DeCroce, BettyLou - Yes

DeFuccio, DeAnne C. - Yes

DePhillips, Christopher P. - Yes

DiMaio, John - Yes

DiMaso, Serena - Not Voting

Downey, Joann - Yes

Dunn, Aura K. - Yes

Egan, Joseph V. - Yes

Freiman, Roy - Yes

Giblin, Thomas P. - Not Voting

Gove, DiAnne C. - Yes

Greenwald, Louis D. - Yes

Holley, Jamel C. - Yes

Houghtaling, Eric - Yes

Jasey, Mila M. - Yes

Jimenez, Angelica M. - Yes

Johnson, Gordon M. - Yes

Karabinchak, Robert J. - Yes

Kean, Sean T. - Not Voting

Kennedy, James J. - Yes

Lampitt, Pamela R. - Yes

Lopez, Yvonne - Yes

Mazzeo, Vincent - **Yes** 

McClellan, Antwan L. - Yes

McGuckin, Gregory P. - Yes

McKeon, John F. - Yes

McKnight, Angela V. - Yes

Mejia, Pedro - Yes

Moen, William F. - Yes

Moriarty, Paul D. - Yes

Mosquera, Gabriela M. - Yes

Mukherji, Raj - **Yes** 

Munoz, Nancy F. - Not Voting

Murphy, Carol A. - Yes

Peters, Ryan E. - Yes

Peterson, Erik - Yes

Pintor Marin, Eliana - Yes

Quijano, Annette - Not Voting

Reynolds-Jackson, Verlina - Yes

Rooney, Kevin J. - Yes

Rumpf, Brian E. - Yes

Schaer, Gary S. - Yes

Scharfenberger, Gerry - Yes

Simonsen, Erik K. - Yes

Space, Parker - Not Voting

Spearman, William W. - Yes

Speight, Shanique - Yes

Stanfield, Jean - Yes

Stanley, Sterley S. - Yes

Sumter, Shavonda E. - Yes

Swain, Lisa - Yes

Taliaferro, Adam J. - Not Voting

Thomson, Edward H. - Yes

Timberlake, Britnee N. - Yes

Tucker, Cleopatra G. - Yes

Tully, P. Christopher - Yes

Vainieri Huttle, Valerie - Yes

Verrelli, Anthony S. - Yes

Webber, Jay - Yes

Wimberly, Benjie E. - Yes

Wirths, Harold J. - Yes

Zwicker, Andrew - Not Voting

# Sen. 12/02/2021 - 3RDG FINAL PASSAGE

Yes: 36 No: 0 Not Voting: 4

# Roll Call

Addiego, Dawn Marie - Yes

Bateman, Christopher - Yes

Beach, James - Not Voting

Bucco, Anthony M. - Not Voting

Codey, Richard J. - Yes

Connors, Christopher J. - Yes

Corrado, Kristin M. - Yes

Cruz-Perez, Nilsa I. - Yes

Cryan, Joseph P. - Yes

Cunningham, Sandra B. - Yes

Diegnan, Patrick J. - **Yes** 

Doherty, Michael J. - Not Voting

Gill, Nia H. - **Yes** 

Gopal, Vin - Yes

Greenstein, Linda R. - Yes

Holzapfel, James W. - Yes

Kean, Thomas H. - Yes Lagana, Joseph A. - Yes Madden, Fred H. - Yes O'Scanlon, Declan J. - Yes Oroho, Steven V. - Yes Pennacchio, Joseph - Yes Polistina, Vincent J. - Yes Pou, Nellie - Yes Rice, Ronald L. - Not Voting Ruiz, M. Teresa - Yes Sacco, Nicholas J. - Yes Sarlo, Paul A. - Yes Schepisi, Holly T. - Yes Scutari, Nicholas P. - Yes Singer, Robert W. - Yes Singleton, Troy - Yes Smith, Bob - Yes Stack, Brian P.- Yes Sweeney, Stephen M. - Yes Testa, Michael L. - Yes Thompson, Samuel D. - Yes Turner, Shirley K. - Yes Vitale, Joseph F. - Yes Weinberg, Loretta - Yes

\*indicates synopsis was amended

# Bill A5262 AcaAca (2R)

# Session 2020 - 2021



Revises eligibility requirements for NJ Workability Program and Personal Assistance Services Program.

# Substituted by another Bill

Identical Bill Number: S3455

This bill has been certified by OLS for a fiscal note.

# Primary Sponsor:

Murphy, Carol A.

Houghtaling, Eric

Timberlake, Britnee N.

# Co-Sponsor:

Chaparro, Annette

Vainieri Huttle, Valerie

Benson, Daniel R.

Dunn, Aura K.

Zwicker, Andrew

Downey, Joann

# 1/12/2021

Introduced, Referred to Assembly Human Services Committee

# 5/12/2021

Reported out of Asm. Comm. with Amendments, and Referred to Assembly Appropriations Committee

# 12/13/2021

Reported out of Assembly Comm. with Amendments, 2nd Reading

# 12/20/2021

Substituted by S3455 (1R)

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Introduced
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(12 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

Statement - AHU 5/12/21

(2 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

Fiscal Estimate - 11/12/21; 1R

(3 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

Reprint

(11 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

**Statement** - AAP 12/13/21 1R

(2 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

Fiscal Estimate - 12/20/21; 2R

(3 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

Reprint

(11 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

# Committee Voting:

AHU - 5/12/2021 - r/Aca

Yes: 7 No: 0 Not Voting: 0 Abstain: 0

## Roll Call

Downey, Joann (P) - Yes

Chiaravalloti, Nicholas (V) - Yes

Dunn, Aura K. - Yes

Speight, Shanique - Yes

Stanfield, Jean - Yes

Tucker, Cleopatra G. - Yes

Vainieri Huttle, Valerie - Yes

# AAP - 12/13/2021 - r/Aca

Yes: 10 No: 1 Not Voting: 0 Abstain: 0

#### Roll Call

Burzichelli, John J. (P) - Yes

Schaer, Gary S. (V) - Yes

Bergen, Brian - No

Conaway, Herb - Yes

Danielsen, Joe - Yes

DeAngelo, Wayne P. - Yes

McClellan, Antwan L. - Yes

Pintor Marin, Eliana - Yes

Rooney, Kevin J. - Yes

Tucker, Cleopatra G. - **Yes** Webber, Jay - **Yes** 

\*indicates synopsis was amended

§4 C.2A:53A-17.1 §§5-9 C.18A:37-37.1 to 18A:37-37.5 §10 Note

# P.L. 2021, CHAPTER 338, approved January 10, 2022 Senate, No. 1790 (First Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning bullying, <sup>1</sup> [designated as Mallory's Law,]<sup>1</sup>
2 revising various parts of the statutory law, and supplementing Title
3 2A and Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes.

4 5

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 1 of P.L.2013, c.272 (C.2C:33-4.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. A person commits the crime of cyber-harassment if, while making a communication in an online capacity via any electronic device or through a social networking site and with the purpose to harass another, the person:
- (1) threatens to inflict injury or physical harm to any person or the property of any person;
- (2) knowingly sends, posts, comments, requests, suggests, or proposes any lewd, indecent, or obscene material to or about a person with the intent to emotionally harm a reasonable person or place a reasonable person in fear of physical or emotional harm to his person; or
- (3) threatens to commit any crime against the person or the person's property.
- b. Cyber-harassment is a crime of the fourth degree, unless the person is 21 years of age or older at the time of the offense and impersonates a minor for the purpose of cyber-harassing a minor, in which case it is a crime of the third degree.
- c. If a minor under the age of 16 is adjudicated delinquent for cyber-harassment, the court may order as a condition of the sentence that the minor, accompanied by a parent or guardian, complete, in a satisfactory manner, one or both of the following:
- (1) a class or training program intended to reduce the tendency toward cyber-harassment behavior; or
- 33 (2) a class or training program intended to bring awareness to 34 the dangers associated with cyber-harassment.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- d. A parent or guardian who fails to comply with a condition imposed by the court pursuant to subsection c. of this section is a disorderly person and shall be fined not more than [\$25] \$100 for a first offense and not more than [\$100] \$500 for each subsequent offense.
  - e. In addition to any other disposition or condition imposed pursuant to this section, a parent or guardian having legal custody of a minor who demonstrates willful or wanton disregard in the exercise of the supervision and control of the conduct of a minor adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment pursuant to this section may be liable in a civil action pursuant to section 4 of P.L. ,c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). (cf: P.L.2013, c.272, s.1)

- 2. Section 1 of P.L.1982, c.163 (C.18A:17-46) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. Any school employee observing or having direct knowledge from a participant or victim of an act of violence shall, in accordance with standards established by the commissioner, file a report describing the incident to the school principal in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, and copy of same shall be forwarded to the district superintendent.

The principal shall notify the district superintendent of schools of the action taken regarding the incident. Two times each school year, between September 1 and January 1 and between January 1 and June 30, at a public hearing, the superintendent of schools shall report to the board of education all acts of violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying which occurred during the previous reporting period. The report shall include the number of reports of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, the status of all investigations, the nature of the bullying based on one of the protected categories identified in section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), the names of the investigators, the type and nature of any discipline imposed on any student engaged in harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and any other measures imposed, training conducted, or programs implemented, to reduce harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The information shall also be reported once during each reporting period to the Department of Education. The report must include data broken down by the enumerated categories as listed in section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), and data broken down by each school in the district, in addition to district-wide data. It shall be a violation to improperly release any confidential information not authorized by federal or State law for public release.

The report shall be used to grade each school for the purpose of assessing its effort to implement policies and programs consistent with the provisions of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-13 et seq.). The district shall receive a grade determined by averaging the grades of

all the schools in the district. The commissioner shall promulgate guidelines for a program to grade schools for the purposes of this section.

The grade received by a school and the district shall be posted on the homepage of the school's website. The grade for the district and each school of the district shall be posted on the homepage of the district's website. A link to the report shall be available on the district's website. The information shall be posted on the websites within 10 days of the receipt of a grade by the school and district.

If a school district's policy permits a preliminary determination to be made on whether a reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), the superintendent shall also provide annually to the board of education information on the number of times a preliminary determination was made that an incident or complaint was outside the scope of that definition for the purposes of the State's monitoring of the school district.

Verification of the reports on violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be part of the State's monitoring of the school district, and the State Board of Education shall adopt regulations that impose a penalty on a school employee who knowingly falsifies the report. A board of education shall provide ongoing staff training, in cooperation with the Department of Education, in fulfilling the reporting requirements pursuant to this section. The majority representative of the school employees shall have access monthly to the number and disposition of all reported acts of school violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

(cf: P.L.2010, c.122, s.7)

3. Section 3 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-15) is amended to read as follows:

- 3. a. Each school district shall adopt a policy prohibiting harassment, intimidation or bullying on school property, at a school-sponsored function or on a school bus. The school district shall adopt the policy through a process that includes representation of parents or guardians, school employees, volunteers, students, administrators, and community representatives.
- b. A school district shall have local control over the content of the policy, except that the policy shall contain, at a minimum, the following components:
- (1) a statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation or bullying of a student;
- 45 (2) a definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying no less 46 inclusive than that set forth in section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-47 14);

(3) a description of the type of behavior expected from each student;

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(4) consequences and appropriate remedial action for a person who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying. The consequences for a student who commits an act of harassment, intimidation, or bullying may include: for the first act of harassment, intimidation, or bullying committed by a student, a copy of the results of the investigation shall be placed in the student's record and the student may be subject to remedial actions, including the provision of counseling or behavioral intervention services, or discipline, or both, as determined by the principal in consultation with appropriate school staff; for the second act, a copy of the results of the investigation shall be placed in the student's record and the student may be subject to remedial actions, including the provision of counseling or behavioral intervention services, or discipline, or both, as determined by the principal, in consultation with appropriate school staff; and for the third and each subsequent act, a copy of the results of the investigation shall be placed in the student's record, and the principal, in consultation with appropriate school staff, shall develop an individual student intervention plan which shall be approved by the superintendent of schools or the superintendent's designee, and may include remedial actions including counseling or behavioral intervention services, or progressive discipline, or both, and may require the student, accompanied by a parent or guardian, to complete in a satisfactory manner a class or training program to reduce harassment, intimidation or bullying behavior.

The superintendent of schools or the superintendent's designee and the principal shall consult law enforcement, as appropriate, pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform State Memorandum of Agreement Between Education and Law Enforcement Officials, if the student's behavior may constitute a possible violation of the New Jersey Code of Criminal Justice;

(5) a procedure for reporting an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying, including a provision that permits a person to report an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying anonymously; however, this shall not be construed to permit formal disciplinary action solely on the basis of an anonymous report.

All acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be reported verbally to the school principal on the same day when the school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information regarding any such incident. The principal shall inform the parents or guardians of all students involved in the alleged incident, and may discuss, as appropriate, the availability of counseling and other intervention services. The principal shall keep a written record of the date, time, and manner of notification to the parents or guardians. All acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be reported in writing to the school principal within two school days of when the school employee or contracted service provider

witnessed or received reliable information that a student had been subject to harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The written report shall be on a numbered form developed by the Department of Education. A copy of the form shall be submitted <sup>1</sup>[immediately] promptly by the principal to the superintendent of schools 1 and to the board of education no later than the date of the board of education meeting next following the submission of the copy of the form to the superintendent of schools 1. The form shall be completed even if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), and shall be kept on file at the school but shall not be included in any student record, unless the incident results in disciplinary action or is otherwise required to be contained in a student's record under State or federal law. <sup>1</sup>[The superintendent and the members of the board of education shall review the copy of the form and shall each provide a signed statement to the principal attesting to the fact that they have reviewed the copy of the form. The signed statement shall be kept on file at the school with the original written report A redacted copy of the form that removes all student identification information shall be confidentially shared with the board of education after the conclusion of the investigation, if a hearing is requested by a parent or guardian pursuant to subparagraph (d) of paragraph (6) of this subsection<sup>1</sup>. 

The school district shall provide a means for a parent or guardian to complete an online numbered form developed by the Department of Education to confidentially report an incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

 The principal shall report to the "board of education" superintendent if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and the 'board' superintendent may require the principal to conduct an investigation of the incident, if the 'board' superintendent determines that an investigation is necessary because the incident is within the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The superintendent shall notify the principal of this determination in writing;

- (6) a procedure for prompt investigation of reports of violations and complaints, which procedure shall at a minimum provide that:
- (a) the investigation shall be initiated by the principal or the principal's designee within one school day of the report of the incident and shall be conducted by a school anti-bullying specialist. The principal may appoint additional personnel who are not school anti-bullying specialists to assist in the investigation. The investigation shall be completed as soon as possible, but not later than 10 school days from the date of the written report of the incident of harassment,

intimidation, or bullying <sup>1</sup>or from the date of the written notification from the superintendent to the principal to initiate an investigation pursuant to paragraph (5) of this subsection <sup>1</sup>. In the event that there is information relative to the investigation that is anticipated but not yet received by the end of the 10-day period, the school anti-bullying specialist may amend the original report of the results of the investigation to reflect the information;

- (b) the results of the investigation shall be reported to the superintendent of schools within two school days of the completion of the investigation, and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), the superintendent may decide to provide intervention services, establish training programs to reduce harassment, intimidation, or bullying and enhance school climate, impose discipline, order counseling as a result of the findings of the investigation, or take or recommend other appropriate action <sup>1</sup>including seeking further information <sup>1</sup>;
- (c) the results of each investigation shall be reported to the board of education no later than the date of the board of education meeting next following the completion of the investigation, along with information on any services provided, training established, discipline imposed, or other action taken or recommended by the superintendent;
- (d) parents or guardians of the students who are parties to the investigation shall be entitled to receive information about the investigation, in accordance with federal and State law and regulation, including the nature of the investigation, whether the district found evidence of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, or whether discipline was imposed or services provided to address the incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. This information shall be provided in writing within 5 school days after the results of the investigation are reported to the board. A parent or guardian may request a hearing before the board after receiving the information, and the hearing shall be held within 10 days of the request. The board shall meet in executive session for the hearing to protect the confidentiality of the students. At the hearing the board may hear from the school anti-bullying specialist about the incident, recommendations for discipline or services, and any programs instituted to reduce such incidents;
- (e) at the next board of education meeting following its receipt of the report <sup>1</sup>pursuant to subparagraph (c) of paragraph (6) of this subsection <sup>1</sup>, the board shall issue a decision, in writing, to affirm, reject, or modify the superintendent's decision. <sup>1</sup>[In addition, the board may require the investigation to be reopened.] <sup>1</sup> The board's decision may be appealed to the Commissioner of Education, in accordance with the procedures set forth in law and regulation, no later than 90 days after the issuance of the board's decision; and

(f) a parent, student, guardian, or organization may file a complaint with the Division on Civil Rights within 180 days of the occurrence of any incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying based on membership in a protected group as enumerated in the "Law Against Discrimination," P.L.1945, c.169 (C.10:5-1 et seq.);

- (7) the range of ways in which a school will respond once an incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying is identified, which shall be defined by the principal in conjunction with the school antibullying specialist, but shall include an appropriate combination of services that are available within the district such as counseling, support services, intervention services, and other programs, as defined by the commissioner. In the event that the necessary programs and services are not available within the district, the district may apply to the Department of Education for a grant from the "Bullying Prevention Fund" established pursuant to section 25 of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-28) to support the provision of out-of-district programs and services;
  - (8) a statement that prohibits reprisal or retaliation against any person who reports an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying and the consequence and appropriate remedial action for a person who engages in reprisal or retaliation;
  - (9) consequences and appropriate remedial action for a person found to have falsely accused another as a means of retaliation or as a means of harassment, intimidation or bullying;
  - (10) a statement of how the policy is to be publicized, including notice that the policy applies to participation in school-sponsored functions;
  - (11) a requirement that a link to the policy be prominently posted on the home page of the school district's website and distributed annually to parents and guardians who have children enrolled in a school in the school district; <sup>1</sup>[and]<sup>1</sup>
  - (12) a requirement that the name, school phone number, school address and school email address of the district anti-bullying coordinator be listed on the home page of the school district's website and that on the home page of each school's website the name, school phone number, school address and school email address of the school anti-bullying specialist and the district anti-bullying coordinator be listed. The information concerning the district anti-bullying coordinator and the school anti-bullying specialists shall also be maintained on the department's website <sup>1</sup>; and
  - (13) a requirement that the school district and each school in the district with a website post on its homepage the current version of the document, Guidance for Parents on the Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act, developed by the Department of Education. The School Climate State Coordinator shall ensure that this document is updated as needed and then promptly disseminated to all school districts<sup>1</sup>.
- c. A school district shall adopt a policy and transmit a copy of its policy to the appropriate executive county superintendent of schools

- by September 1, 2003. A school district shall annually conduct a re-evaluation, reassessment, and review of its policy, making any necessary revisions and additions. The board shall include input from the school anti-bullying specialists in conducting its re-evaluation, reassessment, and review. The district shall transmit a copy of the revised policy to the appropriate executive county superintendent of schools within 30 school days of the revision. The first revised policy following the effective date of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-13.1 et al.) shall be transmitted to the executive county superintendent of schools by September 1, 2011.
  - d. (1) To assist school districts in developing policies for the prevention of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, the Commissioner of Education shall develop a model policy applicable to grades kindergarten through 12. This model policy shall be issued no later than December 1, 2002.
  - (2) The commissioner shall adopt amendments to the model policy which reflect the provisions of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-13.1 et al.) no later than 90 days after the effective date of that act and shall subsequently update the model policy as the commissioner deems necessary.
  - e. Notice of the school district's policy shall appear in any publication of the school district that sets forth the comprehensive rules, procedures and standards of conduct for schools within the school district, and in any student handbook.
  - f. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a school district from adopting a policy that includes components that are more stringent than the components set forth in this section.

(cf: P.L.2012, c.1, s.1)

4. (New section) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a parent or guardian having legal custody of a minor who demonstrates willful or wanton disregard in the exercise of the supervision and control of the conduct of a minor adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment, pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2013, c.272 (C.2C:33-4.1), or harassment, pursuant to N.J.S.2C:33-4, may be liable in a civil action.

- 5. (New section) There is hereby established within the Department of Education a School Climate State Coordinator to serve as a resource to parents, students, and educators. The duties and responsibilities of the State coordinator shall include:
- a. Identifying and disseminating research and resources, including professional development resources, to promote best practices in student social-emotional learning and the development of a positive, supportive school climate in New Jersey schools;
- b. Providing information regarding the provisions and procedures of the "Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act," P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-13 et seq.), and regulations promulgated thereto,

- relevant provisions of the "Law Against Discrimination," P.L.1945, c.169 (C.10:5-1 et seq.), and other State and federal laws addressing harassment, intimidation, and bullying;
  - c. Reviewing and reporting data collected on harassment, intimidation and bullying pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1982, c.163 (C.18A:17-46) to identify and report to the Department of Education any patterns of harassment, intimidation, or bullying in public schools. The department shall review the information provided by the State coordinator to develop guidance and strategies for public schools, parents, school staff, and other agencies, as appropriate;
    - d. Assisting the Department of Education in creating public information programs that educate parents, educators, and the public concerning the duties of the State coordinator, the issue of harassment, intimidation, and bullying, and the resources available to address and prevent harassment, intimidation, and bullying;
    - e. Working collaboratively with law enforcement, the Department of Education, the Division on Civil Rights in the Department of Law and Public Safety, and the Department of Health to develop a training program on the impact of harassment, intimidation, and bullying on students and schools, that will be available for school districts to use in local anti-bullying programs and intervention plans;
    - f. Working collaboratively with law enforcement, including organizations representing school resource officers, to develop resources and training for law enforcement concerning the impact of harassment, intimidation, and bullying on students and schools, and the appropriate role of law enforcement in such matters pursuant to the Uniform Memorandum of Agreement Between Education and Law Enforcement Officials; and
    - g. Annually providing to the Commissioner of Education, the State Board of Education, and pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1) the Legislature, a report summarizing the activities of the State coordinator, and any specific recommendations concerning school climate best practices and procedures.

6. (New section) The School Climate State Coordinator shall consider communications received in the course of his duties, including personally identifiable information regarding students, parents, and others from whom information is acquired, as confidential and shall not disclose this information, in accordance with State and federal law.

 7. (New section) The Department of Education shall post in a prominent location on the homepage of its Internet website the contact information for the School Climate State Coordinator. Each school district shall post this information on its website at the same

#### **S1790** [1R]

1 location it makes its policy on harassment, intimidation, and 2 bullying available.

8. (New section) The School Climate State Coordinator is authorized to call upon any department, office, division, or agency of the State to supply the State coordinator with data and any other information or assistance available to the department, office, division, or agency as the State coordinator deems necessary to discharge the duties under P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). Each department, office, division, or agency, to the extent not inconsistent with law, shall cooperate fully with the State coordinator within the limits of its statutory authority, and provide such assistance on as timely a basis as is necessary to enable the State coordinator to accomplish his duties pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this act). The State coordinator may consult with experts or other knowledgeable individuals in the public or private sector on any aspect of the State coordinator's mission.

19. (New section). The Legislature shall appropriate such monies as necessary to fund the position of School Climate State Coordinator established pursuant to section 5 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and the "Bullying Prevention Fund" established pursuant to section 25 of P.L. 2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-28), and such other monies as necessary to implement the provisions of this act. 1

<sup>1</sup>[9.] <u>10.</u><sup>1</sup> Sections 1 and 4 of this act shall take effect immediately and the remainder of this act shall take effect on July 1 of the first full school year <sup>1</sup>[next]<sup>1</sup> following the date of enactment <sup>1</sup>, or 180 days following the date of enactment, whichever is later<sup>1</sup>.

Revises provisions required in school district's anti-bullying policy; provides for civil liability of parent of minor adjudicated delinquent for cyber-harassment or harassment; and increases certain fines against parents.

# **SENATE, No. 1790**

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

# 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 13, 2020

**Sponsored by:** 

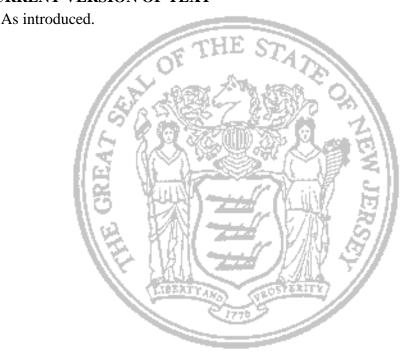
Senator JOSEPH PENNACCHIO District 26 (Essex, Morris and Passaic) Senator PATRICK J. DIEGNAN, JR. District 18 (Middlesex)

**Co-Sponsored by: Senator Turner** 

#### **SYNOPSIS**

"Mallory's Law"; revises provisions required in school district's antibullying policy; provides for civil liability of parent of minor adjudicated delinquent for cyber-harassment or harassment; and increases certain fines against parents.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/19/2020)

AN ACT concerning bullying, designated as Mallory's Law, revising 1 2 various parts of the statutory law, and supplementing Title 2A 3 and Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 1 of P.L.2013, c.272 (C.2C:33-4.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. A person commits the crime of cyber-harassment if, while making a communication in an online capacity via any electronic device or through a social networking site and with the purpose to harass another, the person:
- (1) threatens to inflict injury or physical harm to any person or the property of any person;
- (2) knowingly sends, posts, comments, requests, suggests, or proposes any lewd, indecent, or obscene material to or about a person with the intent to emotionally harm a reasonable person or place a reasonable person in fear of physical or emotional harm to his person; or
- (3) threatens to commit any crime against the person or the person's property.
- b. Cyber-harassment is a crime of the fourth degree, unless the person is 21 years of age or older at the time of the offense and impersonates a minor for the purpose of cyber-harassing a minor, in which case it is a crime of the third degree.
- c. If a minor under the age of 16 is adjudicated delinquent for cyber-harassment, the court may order as a condition of the sentence that the minor, accompanied by a parent or guardian, complete, in a satisfactory manner, one or both of the following:
- (1) a class or training program intended to reduce the tendency toward cyber-harassment behavior; or
- (2) a class or training program intended to bring awareness to the dangers associated with cyber-harassment.
- d. A parent or guardian who fails to comply with a condition imposed by the court pursuant to subsection c. of this section is a disorderly person and shall be fined not more than [\$25] \$100 for a first offense and not more than [\$100] \$500 for each subsequent offense.
- e. In addition to any other disposition or condition imposed pursuant to this section, a parent or guardian having legal custody of a minor who demonstrates willful or wanton disregard in the exercise of the supervision and control of the conduct of a minor adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment pursuant to this section may be liable in a civil action pursuant to section 4 of P.L. ,c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 46 47 (cf: P.L.2013, c.272, s.1)

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

2. Section 1 of P.L.1982, c.163 (C.18A:17-46) is amended to read as follows:

1. Any school employee observing or having direct knowledge from a participant or victim of an act of violence shall, in accordance with standards established by the commissioner, file a report describing the incident to the school principal in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, and copy of same shall be forwarded to the district superintendent.

The principal shall notify the district superintendent of schools of the action taken regarding the incident. Two times each school year, between September 1 and January 1 and between January 1 and June 30, at a public hearing, the superintendent of schools shall report to the board of education all acts of violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying which occurred during the previous reporting period. The report shall include the number of reports of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, the status of all investigations, the nature of the bullying based on one of the protected categories identified in section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), the names of the investigators, the type and nature of any discipline imposed on any student engaged in harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and any other measures imposed, training conducted, or programs implemented, to reduce harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The information shall also be reported once during each reporting period to the Department of Education. The report must include data broken down by the enumerated categories as listed in section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), and data broken down by each school in the district, in addition to district-wide data. It shall be a violation to improperly release any confidential information not authorized by federal or State law for public release.

The report shall be used to grade each school for the purpose of assessing its effort to implement policies and programs consistent with the provisions of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-13 et seq.). The district shall receive a grade determined by averaging the grades of all the schools in the district. The commissioner shall promulgate guidelines for a program to grade schools for the purposes of this section.

The grade received by a school and the district shall be posted on the homepage of the school's website. The grade for the district and each school of the district shall be posted on the homepage of the district's website. A link to the report shall be available on the district's website. The information shall be posted on the websites within 10 days of the receipt of a grade by the school and district.

If a school district's policy permits a preliminary determination to be made on whether a reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), the superintendent shall also provide annually to the board of education

information on the number of times a preliminary determination
was made that an incident or complaint was outside the scope of
that definition for the purposes of the State's monitoring of the
school district.

Verification of the reports on violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be part of the State's monitoring of the school district, and the State Board of Education shall adopt regulations that impose a penalty on a school employee who knowingly falsifies the report. A board of education shall provide ongoing staff training, in cooperation with the Department of Education, in fulfilling the reporting requirements pursuant to this section. The majority representative of the school employees shall have access monthly to the number and disposition of all reported acts of school violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

(cf: P.L.2010, c.122, s.7)

- 3. Section 3 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-15) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. a. Each school district shall adopt a policy prohibiting harassment, intimidation or bullying on school property, at a school-sponsored function or on a school bus. The school district shall adopt the policy through a process that includes representation of parents or guardians, school employees, volunteers, students, administrators, and community representatives.
- b. A school district shall have local control over the content of the policy, except that the policy shall contain, at a minimum, the following components:
- (1) a statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation or bullying of a student;
- (2) a definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying no less inclusive than that set forth in section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14);
- (3) a description of the type of behavior expected from each student;
- (4) consequences and appropriate remedial action for a person who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying. The consequences for a student who commits an act of harassment, intimidation, or bullying may include: for the first act of harassment, intimidation, or bullying committed by a student, a copy of the results of the investigation shall be placed in the student's record and the student may be subject to remedial actions, including the provision of counseling or behavioral intervention services, or discipline, or both, as determined by the principal in consultation with appropriate school staff; for the second act, a copy of the results of the investigation shall be placed in the student's record and the student may be subject to remedial actions, including the provision of counseling or behavioral intervention

1 services, or discipline, or both, as determined by the principal, in 2 consultation with appropriate school staff; and for the third and 3 each subsequent act, a copy of the results of the investigation shall 4 be placed in the student's record, and the principal, in consultation 5 with appropriate school staff, shall develop an individual student 6 intervention plan which shall be approved by the superintendent of 7 schools or the superintendent's designee, and may include remedial 8 actions including counseling or behavioral intervention services, or 9 progressive discipline, or both, and may require the student, 10 accompanied by a parent or guardian, to complete in a satisfactory 11 manner a class or training program to reduce harassment, 12 intimidation or bullying behavior.

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The superintendent of schools or the superintendent's designee and the principal shall consult law enforcement, as appropriate, pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform State Memorandum of Agreement Between Education and Law Enforcement Officials, if the student's behavior may constitute a possible violation of the New Jersey Code of Criminal Justice;

(5) a procedure for reporting an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying, including a provision that permits a person to report an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying anonymously; however, this shall not be construed to permit formal disciplinary action solely on the basis of an anonymous report.

All acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be reported verbally to the school principal on the same day when the school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information regarding any such incident. The principal shall inform the parents or guardians of all students involved in the alleged incident, and may discuss, as appropriate, the availability of counseling and other intervention services. The principal shall keep a written record of the date, time, and manner of notification to the parents or guardians. All acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be reported in writing to the school principal within two school days of when the school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information that a student had been subject to harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The written report shall be on a numbered form developed by the Department of Education. A copy of the form shall be submitted immediately by the principal to the superintendent of schools and to the board of education no later than the date of the board of education meeting next following the submission of the copy of the form to the superintendent of schools. The form shall be completed even if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), and shall be kept on file at the school but shall not be included in any student record, unless the incident results in disciplinary action or is otherwise required to be contained in a student's record under State or federal law. The superintendent and the members of the board of education shall review the copy of the form and shall each provide a signed statement to the principal attesting to the fact that they have reviewed the copy of the form. The signed statement shall be kept on file at the school with the original written report.

The school district shall provide a means for a parent or guardian to complete an online numbered form developed by the Department of Education to confidentially report an incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

The principal shall report to the board of education if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and the board may require the principal to conduct an investigation of the incident, if the board determines that an investigation is necessary;

- (6) a procedure for prompt investigation of reports of violations and complaints, which procedure shall at a minimum provide that:
- (a) the investigation shall be initiated by the principal or the principal's designee within one school day of the report of the incident and shall be conducted by a school anti-bullying specialist. The principal may appoint additional personnel who are not school anti-bullying specialists to assist in the investigation. The investigation shall be completed as soon as possible, but not later than 10 school days from the date of the written report of the incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. In the event that there is information relative to the investigation that is anticipated but not yet received by the end of the 10-day period, the school anti-bullying specialist may amend the original report of the results of the investigation to reflect the information;
- (b) the results of the investigation shall be reported to the superintendent of schools within two school days of the completion of the investigation, and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), the superintendent may decide to provide intervention services, establish training programs to reduce harassment, intimidation, or bullying and enhance school climate, impose discipline, order counseling as a result of the findings of the investigation, or take or recommend other appropriate action;
- (c) the results of each investigation shall be reported to the board of education no later than the date of the board of education meeting next following the completion of the investigation, along with information on any services provided, training established, discipline imposed, or other action taken or recommended by the superintendent;
- (d) parents or guardians of the students who are parties to the investigation shall be entitled to receive information about the

- investigation, in accordance with federal and State law and regulation, including the nature of the investigation, whether the district found evidence of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, or whether discipline was imposed or services provided to address the incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. This information shall be provided in writing within 5 school days after the results of the investigation are reported to the board. A parent or guardian may request a hearing before the board after receiving the information, and the hearing shall be held within 10 days of the request. The board shall meet in executive session for the hearing to protect the confidentiality of the students. At the hearing the board may hear from the school anti-bullying specialist about the incident, recommendations for discipline or services, and any programs instituted to reduce such incidents;
  - (e) at the next board of education meeting following its receipt of the report, the board shall issue a decision, in writing, to affirm, reject, or modify the superintendent's decision. <u>In addition, the board may require the investigation to be reopened.</u> The board's decision may be appealed to the Commissioner of Education, in accordance with the procedures set forth in law and regulation, no later than 90 days after the issuance of the board's decision; and

- (f) a parent, student, guardian, or organization may file a complaint with the Division on Civil Rights within 180 days of the occurrence of any incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying based on membership in a protected group as enumerated in the "Law Against Discrimination," P.L.1945, c.169 (C.10:5-1 et seq.);
- (7) the range of ways in which a school will respond once an incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying is identified, which shall be defined by the principal in conjunction with the school antibullying specialist, but shall include an appropriate combination of services that are available within the district such as counseling, support services, intervention services, and other programs, as defined by the commissioner. In the event that the necessary programs and services are not available within the district, the district may apply to the Department of Education for a grant from the "Bullying Prevention Fund" established pursuant to section 25 of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-28) to support the provision of out-of-district programs and services;
- (8) a statement that prohibits reprisal or retaliation against any person who reports an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying and the consequence and appropriate remedial action for a person who engages in reprisal or retaliation;
- (9) consequences and appropriate remedial action for a person found to have falsely accused another as a means of retaliation or as a means of harassment, intimidation or bullying;
- (10) a statement of how the policy is to be publicized, including notice that the policy applies to participation in school-sponsored functions;

(11) a requirement that a link to the policy be prominently posted on the home page of the school district's website and distributed annually to parents and guardians who have children enrolled in a school in the school district; and

- (12) a requirement that the name, school phone number, school address and school email address of the district anti-bullying coordinator be listed on the home page of the school district's website and that on the home page of each school's website the name, school phone number, school address and school email address of the school anti-bullying specialist and the district anti-bullying coordinator be listed. The information concerning the district anti-bullying coordinator and the school anti-bullying specialists shall also be maintained on the department's website.
- c. A school district shall adopt a policy and transmit a copy of its policy to the appropriate executive county superintendent of schools by September 1, 2003. A school district shall annually conduct a re-evaluation, reassessment, and review of its policy, making any necessary revisions and additions. The board shall include input from the school anti-bullying specialists in conducting its re-evaluation, reassessment, and review. The district shall transmit a copy of the revised policy to the appropriate executive county superintendent of schools within 30 school days of the revision. The first revised policy following the effective date of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-13.1 et al.) shall be transmitted to the executive county superintendent of schools by September 1, 2011.
- d. (1) To assist school districts in developing policies for the prevention of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, the Commissioner of Education shall develop a model policy applicable to grades kindergarten through 12. This model policy shall be issued no later than December 1, 2002.
- (2) The commissioner shall adopt amendments to the model policy which reflect the provisions of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-13.1 et al.) no later than 90 days after the effective date of that act and shall subsequently update the model policy as the commissioner deems necessary.
- e. Notice of the school district's policy shall appear in any publication of the school district that sets forth the comprehensive rules, procedures and standards of conduct for schools within the school district, and in any student handbook.
- f. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a school district from adopting a policy that includes components that are more stringent than the components set forth in this section.

43 (cf: P.L.2012, c.1, s.1)

4. (New section) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a parent or guardian having legal custody of a minor who demonstrates willful or wanton disregard in the exercise of the supervision and control of the conduct of a minor adjudicated

delinquent of cyber-harassment, pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2013, c.272 (C.2C:33-4.1), or harassment, pursuant to N.J.S.2C:33-4, may be liable in a civil action.

- 5. (New section) There is hereby established within the Department of Education a School Climate State Coordinator to serve as a resource to parents, students, and educators. The duties and responsibilities of the State coordinator shall include:
- a. Identifying and disseminating research and resources, including professional development resources, to promote best practices in student social-emotional learning and the development of a positive, supportive school climate in New Jersey schools;
- b. Providing information regarding the provisions and procedures of the "Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act," P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-13 et seq.), and regulations promulgated thereto, relevant provisions of the "Law Against Discrimination," P.L.1945, c.169 (C.10:5-1 et seq.), and other State and federal laws addressing harassment, intimidation, and bullying;
  - c. Reviewing and reporting data collected on harassment, intimidation and bullying pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1982, c.163 (C.18A:17-46) to identify and report to the Department of Education any patterns of harassment, intimidation, or bullying in public schools. The department shall review the information provided by the State coordinator to develop guidance and strategies for public schools, parents, school staff, and other agencies, as appropriate;
  - d. Assisting the Department of Education in creating public information programs that educate parents, educators, and the public concerning the duties of the State coordinator, the issue of harassment, intimidation, and bullying, and the resources available to address and prevent harassment, intimidation, and bullying;
  - e. Working collaboratively with law enforcement, the Department of Education, the Division on Civil Rights in the Department of Law and Public Safety, and the Department of Health to develop a training program on the impact of harassment, intimidation, and bullying on students and schools, that will be available for school districts to use in local anti-bullying programs and intervention plans;
  - f. Working collaboratively with law enforcement, including organizations representing school resource officers, to develop resources and training for law enforcement concerning the impact of harassment, intimidation, and bullying on students and schools, and the appropriate role of law enforcement in such matters pursuant to the Uniform Memorandum of Agreement Between Education and Law Enforcement Officials; and
- g. Annually providing to the Commissioner of Education, the State Board of Education, and pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1) the Legislature, a report summarizing the

#### S1790 PENNACCHIO, DIEGNAN

activities of the State coordinator, and any specific recommendations concerning school climate best practices and procedures.

6. (New section) The School Climate State Coordinator shall consider communications received in the course of his duties, including personally identifiable information regarding students, parents, and others from whom information is acquired, as confidential and shall not disclose this information, in accordance with State and federal law.

7. (New section) The Department of Education shall post in a prominent location on the homepage of its Internet website the contact information for the School Climate State Coordinator. Each school district shall post this information on its website at the same location it makes its policy on harassment, intimidation, and bullying available.

8. (New section) The School Climate State Coordinator is authorized to call upon any department, office, division, or agency of the State to supply the State coordinator with data and any other information or assistance available to the department, office, division, or agency as the State coordinator deems necessary to discharge the duties under P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). Each department, office, division, or agency, to the extent not inconsistent with law, shall cooperate fully with the State coordinator within the limits of its statutory authority, and provide such assistance on as timely a basis as is necessary to enable the State coordinator to accomplish his duties pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this act). The State coordinator may consult with experts or other knowledgeable individuals in the public or private sector on any aspect of the State coordinator's mission.

9. Sections 1 and 4 of this act shall take effect immediately and the remainder of this act shall take effect on July 1 of the first full school year next following the date of enactment.

#### STATEMENT

Under current law, all acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying must be reported in writing to the school principal within two school days of when the school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information that a student had been subject to harassment, intimidation, or bullying. This bill provides that the written report must be on a numbered form developed by the Department of Education (DOE). The principal

will be responsible for immediately submitting the form to the superintendent of schools and to the board of education. Under the provisions of the bill, the form must be completed, even if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying under the "Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act," P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-13 et seq.). The bill requires a school district to provide a means for a parent or guardian to complete an online form to report an incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

Pursuant to the provisions of the bill, the district's anti-bullying policy must include specific consequences for a student who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying. Under the bill, for the first and second acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying committed by a student, a copy of the results of the investigation will be placed in the student's record and the student may be subject to remedial actions, including the provision of counseling or behavioral intervention services, or discipline, or both, as determined by the principal in consultation with appropriate school staff; and for the third and each subsequent act, a copy of the results of the investigation will be placed in the student's record, and the principal, in consultation with appropriate school staff, will develop an individual student intervention plan which will be approved by the superintendent and may include remedial actions and may require the student, accompanied by a parent or guardian, to complete a class or training program to reduce harassment, intimidation, or bullying behavior.

The bill requires that as part of the information provided by the superintendent of schools twice a year to the board of education regarding acts of violence, vandalism, and bullying which occurred during the previous reporting period, the superintendent will provide the board with information on the number of reports that were determined, pursuant to the district's preliminary determination process, not to meet the statutory definition of bullying.

Currently, under the provisions of the cyber-harassment statute, section 1 of P.L.2013, c.272 (C.2C:33-4.1), the court may order a parent or guardian of a minor under the age of 16 who has been adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment to attend classes or training with the minor. Failure to comply with these conditions results in a disorderly persons offense and the imposition of a fine of not more than \$25 for a first offense and not more than \$100 for each subsequent offense.

The bill would increase the monetary penalty against the parent or guardian for failure to comply with the class or training program as follows: (1) the \$25 fine for a first offense would be increased to \$100; and (2) the \$100 fine for each subsequent offense would be increased to \$500.

1 In addition, civil liability may be imposed on a parent or 2 guardian, having legal custody of the minor, who demonstrates a 3 willful or wanton disregard in the exercise of the supervision and control of a minor adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment or 4 5 harassment.

The bill also establishes within the DOE a School Climate State Coordinator. The duties and responsibilities of the State coordinator will include:

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- (1) Identifying and disseminating research and resources to promote best practices in student social-emotional learning and the development of a positive, supportive school climate in schools;
- (2) Providing information regarding the provisions and procedures of the "Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act," and other State and federal laws addressing harassment, intimidation, and bullying;
- (3) Reviewing and reporting data collected on harassment, intimidation and bullying to identify and report to the DOE any patterns of harassment, intimidation, or bullying in public schools;
- (4) Assisting the DOE in creating public information programs that educate parents, educators, and the public concerning the duties of the State coordinator, the issue of harassment, intimidation, and bullying and the resources available to address it;
- (5) Working collaboratively with law enforcement, the DOE, the Division on Civil Rights in the Department of Law and Public Safety, and the Department of Health to develop a training program on the impact of harassment, intimidation, and bullying on students and schools;
- (6) Working collaboratively with law enforcement to develop resources and training for law enforcement concerning the impact of harassment, intimidation, and bullying on students and schools, and the appropriate role of law enforcement in such matters; and
- (7) Annually providing to the Commissioner of Education, the State Board of Education, and the Legislature, a report summarizing the activities of the State coordinator, and any specific recommendations concerning school climate best practices and procedures.
- 37 The bill, named Mallory's Law, is in response to the tragic case 38 of 12-year old Mallory Grossman who was subjected to unrelenting 39 bullying at school and online leading up to her suicide. The bill attempts to address this issue by placing more stringent safeguards in the "Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act."

#### SENATE EDUCATION COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

## **SENATE, No. 1790**

with committee amendments

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 7, 2020

The Senate Education Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 1790 with committee amendments.

As amended, this bill provides that the form that must be provided to the school principal within two school days of when a school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information that a student had been subject to harassment, intimidation, or bullying, must be submitted promptly by the principal to the superintendent of schools.

Under the provisions of the bill, the form must be completed even if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying under the "Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act," P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-13 et seq.). As amended, a redacted copy of this form that removes all student identification information shall be confidentially shared with the board of education after the conclusion of the investigation, if a hearing is requested by a parent or guardian pursuant to the provisions of the bill.

As amended, the bill requires a principal to report to the superintendent if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The superintendent may require the principal to conduct an investigation of the incident, if the superintendent determines that an investigation is necessary, because the incident is within the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The superintendent must notify the principal of this determination in writing.

As amended, an investigation into a violation or complaint of harassment, intimidation, or bullying must be completed as soon as possible, but not later than 10 school days from the date of the written report of the incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying or from the date the principal receives written notification from the superintendent directing the principal to initiate an investigation into an incident preliminarily determined to be outside the scope of the

definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. As amended, the bill provides that the superintendent of schools may seek further information following receipt of the results of an investigation.

As amended, the bill provides that a school district's anti-bullying policy must also include a requirement that the school district and each school in the district with a website post on its homepage the current version of the document, Guidance for Parents on the Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act, developed by the Department of Education. The School Climate State Coordinator, a position created under the bill, will ensure that this document is updated as needed and then promptly disseminated to all school districts.

The bill establishes the position of School Climate State Coordinator within the DOE. As amended, the bill provides that the Legislature will appropriate such monies as necessary to fund the position of School Climate State Coordinator, and the "Bullying Prevention Fund," and such other monies as necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

The bill provides that sections 1 and 4 of this act shall take effect immediately. As amended, the remaining sections of the bill shall take effect on July 1 of the first full school year following the date of enactment, or 180 days following the date of enactment, whichever is later

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:**

The committee amended the bill to remove reference to "Mallory's Law" in the title of the bill.

The committee amended the bill to make numerous changes to the information that must be included in a school district's anti-bullying policy and to certain reporting procedures that must be followed once a report or complaint of harassment, intimidation, or bullying is made. The committee amendments provide that a copy of the written form that must be submitted to a school principal within two school days of when the school employee or contract service provider witnessed or received reliable information that a student had been subject to harassment, intimidation, or bullying, must be promptly submitted by a principal to the superintendent of schools.

The amendments eliminated the requirement that the principal also submit this form to the board of education no later than the date of the board of education meeting next following the submission of the copy of the form to the superintendent of schools.

The committee amended the bill to eliminate the requirements that the superintendent and members of the board of education review a copy of the form, that the superintendent and members of the board of education sign a statement attesting to the fact that they have reviewed such form, and that the signed statement be kept on file at the school with the original report. The amendments provide that a copy of the form that removes all student identification information will be confidentially shared with the board of education after the conclusion of the investigation if a parent or guardian of a student who is a party to the investigation requests a hearing pursuant to provisions of the bill.

The committee amended the bill to provide that the principal will report to the superintendent of schools if a preliminary determination is made that the reported incident or complaint is outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The amendments provide that the superintendent may require the principal to conduct an investigation if the superintendent determines that an investigation is necessary because the incident is within the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The amendments require the superintendent to notify the principal of this determination in writing.

The committee amended the bill to permit the investigation of a report under the district's anti-bullying policy to be completed not later than 10 school days from the date of written notification from the superintendent to the principal to initiate an investigation following a preliminary determination that the reported incident or complaint is outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

The committee amended the bill to allow the superintendent of schools to seek out further information following receipt of the results of the investigation.

The amendments eliminate a provision in the bill allowing a board of education to require an investigation be reopened following its receipt of the report pursuant to the provisions of the bill.

The committee amended the bill to require that a school district's anti-bullying policy include a requirement that the school district and each school in the district with a website post on its homepage the current version of the document, Guidance for Parents on the Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act, developed by the Department of Education. The amendments require the School Climate State Coordinator to ensure this document is updated as needed and then promptly disseminated to all school districts.

The committee amended the bill to require the Legislature to appropriate such monies as necessary to fund the position of School Climate State Coordinator, and the "Bullying Prevention Fund," and such other monies as necessary to implement the provisions of the bill.

The committee amended the effective date to provide that sections 2, 3, and 5 through 9 of the bill will take effect on July 1 of the first full school year following the date of enactment, or 180 days following the date of enactment, whichever is later.

#### ASSEMBLY EDUCATION COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint]

**SENATE, No. 1790** 

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 24, 2021

The Assembly Education Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1790 (1R).

This bill provides for civil liability of the parent of a minor adjudicated delinquent for cyber-harassment or harassment. Currently, under the provisions of the cyber-harassment statute, section 1 of P.L.2013, c.272 (C.2C:33-4.1), the court may order a parent or guardian of a minor under the age of 16 who has been adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment to attend classes or training with the minor. Failure to comply with these conditions results in a disorderly persons offense and the imposition of a fine of not more than \$25 for a first offense and not more than \$100 for each subsequent offense. The bill would increase the monetary penalty against the parent or guardian for failure to comply with the class or training program as follows: (1) the \$25 fine for a first offense would be increased to \$100; and (2) the \$100 fine for each subsequent offense would be increased to \$500. In addition, civil liability may be imposed on a parent or guardian having legal custody of the minor who demonstrates a willful or wanton disregard in the exercise of the supervision and control of a minor adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment or harassment.

The bill requires that as part of the information provided by the superintendent of schools twice a year to the board of education regarding acts of violence, vandalism, and bullying which occurred during the previous reporting period, the superintendent will provide the board with information on the number of reports that were determined, pursuant to the district's preliminary determination process, not to meet the statutory definition of bullying.

Pursuant to the provisions of the bill, the district's anti-bullying policy must include specific consequences for a student who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying. Under the bill, for the first and second acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying committed by a student, a copy of the results of the investigation will be placed in the student's record and the student may be subject to remedial actions, including the provision of counseling or behavioral intervention services, or discipline, or both, as determined by the principal in consultation with appropriate school staff; and for the third

and each subsequent act, a copy of the results of the investigation will be placed in the student's record, and the principal, in consultation with appropriate school staff, will develop an individual student intervention plan which will be approved by the superintendent and may include remedial actions and may require the student, accompanied by a parent or guardian, to complete a class or training program to reduce harassment, intimidation, or bullying behavior.

The bill also provides that the written report that is required under current law to be provided to the school principal within two school days of when a school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information that a student had been subject to harassment, intimidation, or bullying, must be on a numbered form developed by the Department of Education (DOE). The principal will be responsible for promptly submitting a copy of the form to the superintendent of schools.

Under the provisions of the bill, the form must be completed even if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying under the "Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act," P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-13 et seq.). A redacted copy of this form that removes all student identification information would be confidentially shared with the board of education after the conclusion of the investigation, if a hearing is requested by a parent or guardian. The bill requires a school district to provide a means for a parent or guardian to complete an online form to report an incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

The bill requires a principal to report to the superintendent if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The superintendent may require the principal to conduct an investigation of the incident, if the superintendent determines that an investigation is necessary, because the incident is within the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The superintendent must notify the principal of this determination in writing.

Under the bill, an investigation into a violation or complaint of harassment, intimidation, or bullying must be completed as soon as possible, but not later than 10 school days from the date of the written report of the incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying or from the date the principal receives written notification from the superintendent directing the principal to initiate an investigation into an incident preliminarily determined to be outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The bill provides that the superintendent of schools may seek further information following receipt of the results of an investigation.

The bill provides that a school district's anti-bullying policy must also include a requirement that the school district and each school in the district with a website post on its homepage the current version of the document, Guidance for Parents on the Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act, developed by the DOE. The School Climate State Coordinator, a position created under the bill, will ensure that this document is updated as needed and then promptly disseminated to all school districts.

The bill establishes the position of School Climate State Coordinator within the DOE to serve as a resource to parents, students, and educators. The bill provides that the Legislature will appropriate such monies as necessary to fund the position of School Climate State Coordinator, and the "Bullying Prevention Fund," and such other monies as necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

The bill provides that sections 1 and 4 of the bill would take effect immediately. The remaining sections of the bill would take effect on July 1 of the first full school year following the date of enactment, or 180 days following the date of enactment, whichever is later.

As reported by the committee, this bill is identical to the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 1662, which was reported by the committee on this same date.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 1662

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

# 219th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2020 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman ANNETTE QUIJANO
District 20 (Union)
Assemblywoman ANGELICA M. JIMENEZ
District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)
Assemblyman JOE DANIELSEN
District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywomen B.DeCroce, Murphy and Vainieri Huttle

#### **SYNOPSIS**

"Mallory's Law"; revises provisions required in school district's antibullying policy; provides for civil liability of parent of minor adjudicated delinquent for cyber-harassment or harassment; and increases certain fines against parents.

#### CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/27/2020)

1 AN ACT concerning bullying, designated as Mallory's Law, revising 2 various parts of the statutory law, and supplementing Title 2A of 3 the New Jersey Statutes.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 1 of P.L.2013, c.272 (C.2C:33-4.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. A person commits the crime of cyber-harassment if, while making a communication in an online capacity via any electronic device or through a social networking site and with the purpose to harass another, the person:
- (1) threatens to inflict injury or physical harm to any person or the property of any person;
- (2) knowingly sends, posts, comments, requests, suggests, or proposes any lewd, indecent, or obscene material to or about a person with the intent to emotionally harm a reasonable person or place a reasonable person in fear of physical or emotional harm to his person; or
- (3) threatens to commit any crime against the person or the person's property.
- b. Cyber-harassment is a crime of the fourth degree, unless the person is 21 years of age or older at the time of the offense and impersonates a minor for the purpose of cyber-harassing a minor, in which case it is a crime of the third degree.
- c. If a minor under the age of 16 is adjudicated delinquent for cyber-harassment, the court may order as a condition of the sentence that the minor, accompanied by a parent or guardian, complete, in a satisfactory manner, one or both of the following:
- (1) a class or training program intended to reduce the tendency toward cyber-harassment behavior; or
- (2) a class or training program intended to bring awareness to the dangers associated with cyber-harassment.
- d. A parent or guardian who fails to comply with a condition imposed by the court pursuant to subsection c. of this section is a disorderly person and shall be fined not more than [\$25] \$100 for a first offense and not more than [\$100] \$500 for each subsequent offense.
- e. In addition to any other disposition or condition imposed
  pursuant to this section, a parent or guardian having legal custody
  of a minor who demonstrates willful or wonton disregard in the
  exercise of the supervision and control of the conduct of a minor
  adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment pursuant to this section
  may be liable in a civil action pursuant to section 5 of P.L. , c.
- 46 (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 47 (cf: P.L.2013, c.272, s.1)

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

2. Section 1 of P.L.1982, c.163 (C.18A:17-46) is amended to read as follows:

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1. Any school employee observing or having direct knowledge from a participant or victim of an act of violence shall, in accordance with standards established by the commissioner, file a report describing the incident to the school principal in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, and copy of same shall be forwarded to the district superintendent.

The principal shall notify the district superintendent of schools of the action taken regarding the incident. Two times each school year, between September 1 and January 1 and between January 1 and June 30, at a public hearing, the superintendent of schools shall report to the board of education all acts of violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying which occurred during the previous reporting period. The report shall include the number of reports of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, the status of all investigations, the nature of the bullying based on one of the protected categories identified in section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), the names of the investigators, the type and nature of any discipline imposed on any student engaged in harassment, intimidation, or bullying, and any other measures imposed, training conducted, or programs implemented, to reduce harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The information shall also be reported once during each reporting period to the Department of Education. The report must include data broken down by the enumerated categories as listed in section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), and data broken down by each school in the district, in addition to district-wide data. It shall be a violation to improperly release any confidential information not authorized by federal or State law for public release.

The report shall be used to grade each school for the purpose of assessing its effort to implement policies and programs consistent with the provisions of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-13 et seq.). The district shall receive a grade determined by averaging the grades of all the schools in the district. The commissioner shall promulgate guidelines for a program to grade schools for the purposes of this section.

The grade received by a school and the district shall be posted on the homepage of the school's website. The grade for the district and each school of the district shall be posted on the homepage of the district's website. A link to the report shall be available on the district's website. The information shall be posted on the websites within 10 days of the receipt of a grade by the school and district.

If a school district's policy permits a preliminary determination to be made on whether a reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), the superintendent shall also provide to the board of education at the

public hearings information on the number of times a preliminary
 determination was made that an incident or complaint was outside
 the scope of that definition.

Verification of the reports on violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be part of the State's monitoring of the school district, and the State Board of Education shall adopt regulations that impose a penalty on a school employee who knowingly falsifies the report. A board of education shall provide ongoing staff training, in cooperation with the Department of Education, in fulfilling the reporting requirements pursuant to this section. The majority representative of the school employees shall have access monthly to the number and disposition of all reported acts of school violence, vandalism, and harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

(cf: P.L.2010, c.122, s.7)

- 3. Section 3 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-15) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. a. Each school district shall adopt a policy prohibiting harassment, intimidation or bullying on school property, at a school-sponsored function or on a school bus. The school district shall adopt the policy through a process that includes representation of parents or guardians, school employees, volunteers, students, administrators, and community representatives.
- b. A school district shall have local control over the content of the policy, except that the policy shall contain, at a minimum, the following components:
- (1) a statement prohibiting harassment, intimidation or bullying of a student;
- (2) a definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying no less inclusive than that set forth in section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14);
- (3) a description of the type of behavior expected from each student;
- (4) consequences and appropriate remedial action for a person who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying. The consequences for a student who commits an act of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall include: for the first act of harassment, intimidation, or bullying committed by a student, a copy of the results of the investigation shall be placed in the student's record and the student may be subject to discipline imposed by the superintendent of schools pursuant to paragraph (6) of subsection b. of this section; for the second act, a copy of the results of the investigation shall be placed in the student's record and the student shall be subject to a plan of disciplinary action established by the superintendent of schools pursuant to paragraph (6) of subsection b. of this section; and for the third and each subsequent act, a copy of the results of the investigation shall be

1 placed in the student's record, and the executive county 2 superintendent shall be informed and shall impose the appropriate 3 discipline and require the student, accompanied by a parent or 4 guardian, to complete, in a satisfactory manner, a class or training 5 program to reduce the tendency toward harassment, intimidation or 6 bullying behavior, as selected by the executive county 7 superintendent. The executive county superintendent may apply for a court order to compel the participation of the student, parent, or 8 9 guardian in the class or training program and the court may, in its 10 discretion, impose a fine for failure to comply with its order. The 11 executive county superintendent shall also notify the appropriate 12 law enforcement official of a possible violation of the New Jersey 13 Code of Criminal Justice;

(5) a procedure for reporting an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying, including a provision that permits a person to report an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying anonymously; however, this shall not be construed to permit formal disciplinary action solely on the basis of an anonymous report.

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All acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be reported verbally to the school principal on the same day when the school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information regarding any such incident. The principal shall inform the parents or guardians of all students involved in the alleged incident, and may discuss, as appropriate, the availability of counseling and other intervention services. All acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be reported in writing to the school principal within two school days of when the school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information that a student had been subject to harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The written report shall be on a numbered form developed by the Department of Education. The form shall also include information on when each parent or guardian was informed of the alleged incident and the manner in which they were informed. A copy of the form shall be submitted immediately by the principal to the superintendent of schools, the executive county superintendent, and to the parents or guardians of students involved in the alleged incident in accordance with federal and State law and regulation. The form shall be completed even if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-14), and shall be kept on file at the school but shall not be included in any student record. If a school district's policy permits a preliminary determination to be made on a reported incident or complaint, that determination shall be made by a safe schools resource officer if one has been assigned to the school by the board of education.

The school district shall provide a means for a parent or guardian to complete an online numbered form developed by the Department of Education to confidentially report an incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying;

- (6) a procedure for prompt investigation of reports of violations and complaints, which procedure shall at a minimum provide that:
- (a) the investigation shall be initiated by the principal or the principal's designee within one school day of the report of the incident and shall be conducted by a school anti-bullying specialist. The principal may appoint additional personnel who are not school anti-bullying specialists to assist in the investigation. The investigation shall be completed as soon as possible, but not later than 10 school days from the date of the written report of the incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. In the event that there is information relative to the investigation that is anticipated but not yet received by the end of the 10-day period, the school anti-bullying specialist may amend the original report of the results of the investigation to reflect the information;
- (b) the results of the investigation shall be reported to the superintendent of schools within two school days of the completion of the investigation, and in accordance with regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), the superintendent may decide to provide intervention services, establish training programs to reduce harassment, intimidation, or bullying and enhance school climate, impose discipline in accordance with the provisions of this section, order counseling as a result of the findings of the investigation, or take or recommend other appropriate action;
- (c) the results of each investigation shall be reported to the board of education no later than the date of the board of education meeting next following the completion of the investigation, along with information on any services provided, training established, discipline imposed, or other action taken or recommended by the superintendent;
- (d) parents or guardians of the students who are parties to the investigation shall be entitled to receive information about the investigation, in accordance with federal and State law and regulation, including the nature of the investigation, whether the district found evidence of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, or whether discipline was imposed or services provided to address the incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. This information shall be provided in writing within 5 school days after the results of the investigation are reported to the board. A parent or guardian may request a hearing before the board after receiving the information, and the hearing shall be held within 10 days of the request. The board shall meet in executive session for the hearing to protect the confidentiality of the students. At the hearing the

board may hear from the school anti-bullying specialist about the incident, recommendations for discipline or services, and any programs instituted to reduce such incidents;

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- (e) at the next board of education meeting following its receipt of the report, the board shall issue a decision, in writing, to affirm, reject, or modify the superintendent's decision. The board's decision may be appealed to the Commissioner of Education, in accordance with the procedures set forth in law and regulation, no later than 90 days after the issuance of the board's decision; and
- (f) a parent, student, guardian, or organization may file a complaint with the Division on Civil Rights within 180 days of the occurrence of any incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying based on membership in a protected group as enumerated in the "Law Against Discrimination," P.L.1945, c.169 (C.10:5-1 et seq.);
- (7) the range of ways in which a school will respond once an incident of harassment, intimidation or bullying is identified, which shall be defined by the principal in conjunction with the school antibullying specialist, but shall include an appropriate combination of services that are available within the district such as counseling, support services, intervention services, and other programs, as defined by the commissioner. In the event that the necessary programs and services are not available within the district, the district may apply to the Department of Education for a grant from the "Bullying Prevention Fund" established pursuant to section 25 of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-28) to support the provision of out-of-district programs and services;
- (8) a statement that prohibits reprisal or retaliation against any person who reports an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying and the consequence and appropriate remedial action for a person who engages in reprisal or retaliation;
- (9) consequences and appropriate remedial action for a person found to have falsely accused another as a means of retaliation or as a means of harassment, intimidation or bullying;
- (10) a statement of how the policy is to be publicized, including notice that the policy applies to participation in school-sponsored functions;
- (11) a requirement that a link to the policy be prominently posted on the home page of the school district's website and distributed annually to parents and guardians who have children enrolled in a school in the school district; and
- (12) a requirement that the name, school phone number, school address and school email address of the district anti-bullying coordinator be listed on the home page of the school district's website and that on the home page of each school's website the name, school phone number, school address and school email address of the school anti-bullying specialist and the district anti-bullying coordinator be listed. The information concerning the

1 district anti-bullying coordinator and the school anti-bullying 2 specialists shall also be maintained on the department's website.

- c. A school district shall adopt a policy and transmit a copy of its policy to the appropriate executive county superintendent of schools by September 1, 2003. A school district shall annually conduct a re-evaluation, reassessment, and review of its policy, making any necessary revisions and additions. The board shall include input from the school anti-bullying specialists in conducting its re-evaluation, reassessment, and review. The district shall transmit a copy of the revised policy to the appropriate executive county superintendent of schools within 30 school days of the revision. The first revised policy following the effective date of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-13.1 et al.) shall be transmitted to the executive county superintendent of schools by September 1, 2011.
  - d. (1) To assist school districts in developing policies for the prevention of harassment, intimidation, or bullying, the Commissioner of Education shall develop a model policy applicable to grades kindergarten through 12. This model policy shall be issued no later than December 1, 2002.
  - (2) The commissioner shall adopt amendments to the model policy which reflect the provisions of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-13.1 et al.) no later than 90 days after the effective date of that act and shall subsequently update the model policy as the commissioner deems necessary.
  - e. Notice of the school district's policy shall appear in any publication of the school district that sets forth the comprehensive rules, procedures and standards of conduct for schools within the school district, and in any student handbook.
  - f. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a school district from adopting a policy that includes components that are more stringent than the components set forth in this section.
  - (cf: P.L.2012, c.1, s.1)

- 34 4. Section 17 of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-20) is amended to read as follows:
  - 17. a. The principal in each school in a school district shall appoint a school anti-bullying specialist. When a <u>safe schools</u> resource officer has been assigned to the school by the board of education, the principal shall appoint that individual to be the <u>school anti-bullying specialist</u>. If a safe schools resource officer has not been assigned to the school, and a school guidance counselor, school psychologist, or another individual similarly trained is currently employed in the school, the principal shall appoint that individual to be the school anti-bullying specialist. If no individual meeting this criteria is currently employed in the school, the principal shall appoint a school anti-bullying specialist from currently employed school personnel. The school anti-bullying specialist shall:

- 1 (1) chair the school safety team as provided in section 18 of P.L.2010, c.122 (C.18A:37-21);
  - (2) lead the investigation of incidents of harassment, intimidation, and bullying in the school; and
  - (3) act as the primary school official responsible for preventing, identifying, and addressing incidents of harassment, intimidation, and bullying in the school.
  - b. The superintendent of schools shall appoint a district antibullying coordinator. The superintendent shall make every effort to appoint an employee of the school district to this position. The district anti-bullying coordinator shall:
  - (1) be responsible for coordinating and strengthening the school district's policies to prevent, identify, and address harassment, intimidation, and bullying of students;
  - (2) collaborate with school anti-bullying specialists in the district, the board of education, and the superintendent of schools to prevent, identify, and respond to harassment, intimidation, and bullying of students in the district;
  - (3) provide data, in collaboration with the superintendent of schools, to the Department of Education regarding harassment, intimidation, and bullying of students; and
  - (4) execute such other duties related to school harassment, intimidation, and bullying as requested by the superintendent of schools.
  - c. The district anti-bullying coordinator shall meet at least twice a school year with the school anti-bullying specialists in the district to discuss and strengthen procedures and policies to prevent, identify, and address harassment, intimidation, and bullying in the district.
  - (cf: P.L.2010, c.122, s.17)

5. (New section) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a parent or guardian having legal custody of a minor who demonstrates willful or wonton disregard in the exercise of the supervision and control of the conduct of a minor adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment, pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2013, c.272 (C.2C:33-4.1), or harassment, pursuant to N.J.S.2C:33-4, may be liable in a civil action.

6. Sections 1 and 5 of this act shall take effect immediately and the remainder of this act shall take effect on July 1 of the first full school year next following the date of enactment.

#### **STATEMENT**

Under current law, all acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying must be reported in writing to the school principal within two school days of when the school employee or contracted service

provider witnessed or received reliable information that a student 1 2 had been subject to harassment, intimidation, or bullying. This bill 3 provides that the written report must be on a numbered form 4 developed by the Department of Education. The principal will be 5 responsible for immediately submitting the form to 6 superintendent of schools, the executive county superintendent, and 7 to the parents or guardians of students involved in the alleged 8 incident in accordance with federal and State law and regulations. 9 Under the provisions of the bill, the form must be completed, even 10 if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's 11 policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the 12 scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying 13 under the "Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act," P.L.2002, c.83 14 (C.18A:37-13 et seq.). If a school district's policy permits a 15 preliminary determination to be made on a reported incident or 16 complaint, the determination will be required to be made by a safe 17 schools resource officer, if one has been assigned to the school by 18 the board of education. The bill also requires a school district to 19 provide a means for a parent or guardian to complete an online form 20 to report an incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

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Pursuant to the provisions of the bill, the district's anti-bullying policy must include specific consequences for a student who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying. Under the bill, for the first act of harassment, intimidation, or bullying committed by a student, a copy of the results of the investigation will be placed in the student's record and the student may be subject to discipline imposed by the superintendent; for the second act, a copy of the results of the investigation will be placed in the student's record and the student will be subject to a plan of disciplinary action established by the superintendent; and for the third act, a copy of the results of the investigation will be placed in the student's record, and the executive county superintendent will be informed and will impose the appropriate discipline and require the student, accompanied by a parent or guardian, to complete a class or training program to reduce the tendency toward harassment, intimidation or bullying behavior. The executive county superintendent will also notify the appropriate law enforcement official of a possible violation of the New Jersey Code of Criminal Justice.

The bill also requires that if a safe schools resource officer has been assigned to a school, that individual must be appointed by the principal to the position of school anti-bullying specialist. Additionally, the bill requires that as part of the information provided by the superintendent of schools twice a year to the board of education regarding acts of violence, vandalism, and bullying which occurred during the previous reporting period, the superintendent will provide the board with information on the number of reports that were determined, pursuant to the district's

preliminary determination process, not to meet the statutory definition of bullying.

Currently, under the provisions of the cyber-harassment statute, section 1 of P.L.2013, c.272 (C.2C:33-4.1), the court may order a parent or guardian of a minor under the age of 16 who has been adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment to attend classes or training with the minor. Failure to comply with these conditions results in a disorderly persons offense and the imposition of a fine of not more than \$25 for a first offense and not more than \$100 for each subsequent offense.

The bill would increase the monetary penalty against the parent or guardian for failure to comply with the class or training program as follows: (1) the \$25 fine for a first offense would be increased to \$100; and (2) the \$100 fine for each subsequent offense would be increased to \$500.

In addition, civil liability may be imposed on a parent or guardian, having legal custody of the minor, who demonstrates a willful or wanton disregard in the exercise of the supervision and control of a minor adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment or harassment.

The bill, named Mallory's Law, is in response to the tragic case of 12-year old Mallory Grossman who was subjected to unrelenting bullying at school and online leading up to her suicide. The bill attempts to address this issue by placing more stringent safeguards in the "Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act."

#### ASSEMBLY EDUCATION COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 1662

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 24, 2021

The Assembly Education Committee reports favorably Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 1662.

This committee substitute provides for civil liability of the parent of a minor adjudicated delinquent for cyber-harassment or harassment. Currently, under the provisions of the cyber-harassment statute, section 1 of P.L.2013, c.272 (C.2C:33-4.1), the court may order a parent or guardian of a minor under the age of 16 who has been adjudicated delinquent of cyber-harassment to attend classes or training with the minor. Failure to comply with these conditions results in a disorderly persons offense and the imposition of a fine of not more than \$25 for a first offense and not more than \$100 for each subsequent offense. The bill would increase the monetary penalty against the parent or guardian for failure to comply with the class or training program as follows: (1) the \$25 fine for a first offense would be increased to \$100; and (2) the \$100 fine for each subsequent offense would be increased to \$500. In addition, civil liability may be imposed on a parent or guardian, having legal custody of the minor, who demonstrates a willful or wanton disregard in the exercise of the supervision and control of a minor adjudicated delinquent of cyberharassment or harassment.

The bill requires that as part of the information provided by the superintendent of schools twice a year to the board of education regarding acts of violence, vandalism, and bullying which occurred during the previous reporting period, the superintendent will provide the board with information on the number of reports that were determined, pursuant to the district's preliminary determination process, not to meet the statutory definition of bullying.

Pursuant to the provisions of the bill, the district's anti-bullying policy must include specific consequences for a student who commits an act of harassment, intimidation or bullying. Under the bill, for the first and second acts of harassment, intimidation, or bullying committed by a student, a copy of the results of the investigation will be placed in the student's record and the student may be subject to remedial actions, including the provision of counseling or behavioral intervention services, or discipline, or both, as determined by the principal in consultation with appropriate school staff; and for the third

and each subsequent act, a copy of the results of the investigation will be placed in the student's record, and the principal, in consultation with appropriate school staff, will develop an individual student intervention plan which will be approved by the superintendent and may include remedial actions and may require the student, accompanied by a parent or guardian, to complete a class or training program to reduce harassment, intimidation, or bullying behavior.

The bill also provides that the written report that is required under current law to be provided to the school principal within two school days of when a school employee or contracted service provider witnessed or received reliable information that a student had been subject to harassment, intimidation, or bullying, must be on a numbered form developed by the Department of Education (DOE). The principal will be responsible for promptly submitting a copy of the form to the superintendent of schools.

Under the provisions of the bill, the form must be completed even if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying under the "Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act," P.L.2002, c.83 (C.18A:37-13 et seq.). A redacted copy of this form that removes all student identification information would be confidentially shared with the board of education after the conclusion of the investigation, if a hearing is requested by a parent or guardian. The bill requires a school district to provide a means for a parent or guardian to complete an online form to report an incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying.

The bill requires a principal to report to the superintendent if a preliminary determination is made under the school district's policy that the reported incident or complaint is a report outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The superintendent may require the principal to conduct an investigation of the incident, if the superintendent determines that an investigation is necessary, because the incident is within the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The superintendent must notify the principal of this determination in writing.

Under the bill, an investigation into a violation or complaint of harassment, intimidation, or bullying must be completed as soon as possible, but not later than 10 school days from the date of the written report of the incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying or from the date the principal receives written notification from the superintendent directing the principal to initiate an investigation into an incident preliminarily determined to be outside the scope of the definition of harassment, intimidation, or bullying. The bill provides that the superintendent of schools may seek further information following receipt of the results of an investigation.

The bill provides that a school district's anti-bullying policy must also include a requirement that the school district and each school in the district with a website post on its homepage the current version of the document, Guidance for Parents on the Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act, developed by the DOE. The School Climate State Coordinator, a position created under the bill, will ensure that this document is updated as needed and then promptly disseminated to all school districts.

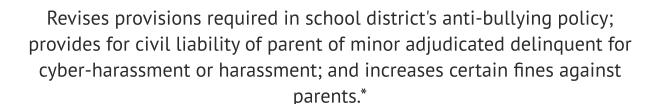
The bill establishes the position of School Climate State Coordinator within the DOE to serve as a resource to parents, students, and educators. The bill provides that the Legislature will appropriate such monies as necessary to fund the position of School Climate State Coordinator, and the "Bullying Prevention Fund," and such other monies as necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

The bill provides that sections 1 and 4 of the bill would take effect immediately. The remaining sections of the bill would take effect on July 1 of the first full school year following the date of enactment, or 180 days following the date of enactment, whichever is later.

As reported by the committee, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 1790 (1R), which was also reported by the committee on this same date.

# Bill S1790 Sca (1R)

# Session 2020 - 2021



Bitts and Joint Resolutions Signed by the Governor

Identical Bill Number: A1662

Last Session Bill Number: A5270 S3433

This bill has not been certified by OLS for a fiscal note.

## Primary Sponsor:

Pennacchio, Joseph Diegnan, Patrick J., Jr.

Quijano, Annette

<u>Jimenez, Angelica M.</u>

<u>Danielsen</u>, <u>Joe</u>

## Co-Sponsor:

Turner, Shirley K.

DeCroce, BettyLou

Murphy, Carol A.

Vainieri Huttle, Valerie

Jasey, Mila M.

<u>Tully, P. Christopher</u>

Swain, Lisa

Stanley, Sterley S.

<u>Carter, Linda S.</u>

DiMaio, John

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2/13/2020
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Introduced in the Senate, Referred to Senate Education Committee

#### 12/7/2020

Reported from Senate Committee with Amendments, 2nd Reading

#### 12/17/2020

Passed by the Senate (40-0)

#### 12/17/2020

Received in the Assembly, Referred to Assembly Education Committee

#### 2/24/2021

Reported out of Assembly Committee, 2nd Reading

#### 12/20/2021

Substituted for A1662 (ACS)

#### 12/20/2021

Passed Assembly (Passed Both Houses) (66-1-4)

#### 1/10/2022

Approved P.L.2021, c.338.

#### Introduced

(12 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

**Statement** - SED 12/7/20

(3 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

**Statement** - AED 2/24/21 1R

(3 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

## Reprint

(11 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

#### Advance Law

(10 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

#### Pamphlet Law

(7 pages) <u>PDF Format</u> <u>HTML Format</u>

## Committee Voting:

SED - 12/7/2020 - r/Sca

Yes: 5 No: 0 Not Voting: 0 Abstain: 1

#### Roll Call

Ruiz, M. Teresa (P) - Yes

Beach, James - Yes

Cunningham, Sandra B. - Yes

Doherty, Michael J. - Abstain

Pou, Nellie - **Yes** Thompson, Samuel D. - **Yes** 

#### AED - 2/24/2021 - r/favorably

Yes: 6 No: 0 Not Voting: 0 Abstain: 0

#### Roll Call

Lampitt, Pamela R. (P) - Yes

Jasey, Mila M. (V) - Yes

Murphy, Carol A. - Yes

Quijano, Annette - Yes

Simonsen, Erik K. - Yes

Stanfield, Jean - Yes

## Session Voting:

Sen. 12/17/2020 - 3RDG FINAL PASSAGE

Yes: 40 No: 0 Not Voting: 0

#### Roll Call

Addiego, Dawn Marie - Yes

Bateman, Christopher - Yes

Beach, James - Yes

Brown, Chris A. - Yes

Bucco, Anthony M. - Yes

Cardinale, Gerald - Yes

Codey, Richard J. - Yes

Connors, Christopher J. - Yes

Corrado, Kristin M. - Yes

Cruz-Perez, Nilsa I. - Yes

Cryan, Joseph P. - Yes

Cunningham, Sandra B. - Yes

Diegnan, Patrick J. - Yes

Doherty, Michael J. - Yes

Gill, Nia H. - Yes

Gopal, Vin - Yes

Greenstein, Linda R. - Yes

Holzapfel, James W. - Yes

Kean, Thomas H. - Yes

Lagana, Joseph A. - **Yes** 

Madden, Fred H.-Yes

O'Scanlon, Declan J. - Yes

Oroho, Steven V. - **Yes** 

Pennacchio, Joseph - Yes

Pou, Nellie - **Yes** 

Rice, Ronald L. - Yes

Ruiz, M. Teresa - Yes

Sacco, Nicholas J. - Yes

Sarlo, Paul A. - Yes

Scutari, Nicholas P. - Yes

Singer, Robert W. - Yes

Singleton, Troy - Yes

Smith, Bob - Yes

Stack, Brian P. - Yes

Sweeney, Stephen M. - Yes

Testa, Michael L. - Yes

Thompson, Samuel D. - Yes

Turner, Shirley K. - Yes

Vitale, Joseph F. - Yes

Weinberg, Loretta - Yes

#### Asm. 12/20/2021 - SUB FOR A-1662

Yes: 0 No: 0 Not Voting: 80 Abstain: 0 - Voice Vote Passed

#### Asm. 12/20/2021 - 3RDG FINAL PASSAGE

Yes: 66 No: 1 Not Voting: 9 Abstain: 4

#### Roll Call

Armato, John - Yes

Auth, Robert - Abstain

Benson, Daniel R. - Yes

Bergen, Brian - Yes

Bramnick, Jon M. - Not Voting

Burzichelli, John J. - Yes

Calabrese, Clinton - Not Voting

Caputo, Ralph R. - Not Voting

Carter, Linda S. - Yes

Catalano, John - Abstain

Chaparro, Annette - Yes

Chiaravalloti, Nicholas - Yes

Clifton, Robert D. - Yes

Conaway, Herb - Yes

Coughlin, Craig J. - Yes

Dancer, Ronald S. - Yes

Danielsen, Joe - Yes

DeAngelo, Wayne P. - Yes

DeCroce, BettyLou - Yes

DeFuccio, DeAnne C. - Yes

DePhillips, Christopher P. - Yes

DiMaio, John - **Abstain** 

DiMaso, Serena - Yes

Downey, Joann - Yes

Dunn, Aura K. - Yes

Egan, Joseph V. - Yes

Freiman, Roy - Yes

Giblin, Thomas P. - Not Voting

Gove, DiAnne C. - Yes

Greenwald, Louis D. - Yes

Holley, Jamel C. - Yes

Houghtaling, Eric - Yes

Jasey, Mila M. - Yes

Jimenez, Angelica M. - Yes

Johnson, Gordon M. - Yes

Karabinchak, Robert J. - Yes

Kean, Sean T. - Not Voting

Kennedy, James J. - Yes

Lampitt, Pamela R. - Yes

Lopez, Yvonne - Yes

Mazzeo, Vincent - Yes

McClellan, Antwan L. - Yes

McGuckin, Gregory P. - Abstain

McKeon, John F. - Yes

McKnight, Angela V. - Yes

Mejia, Pedro - **Yes** 

Moen, William F. - Yes

Moriarty, Paul D. - Yes

Mosquera, Gabriela M. - Yes

Mukherji, Raj - Yes

Munoz, Nancy F. - Not Voting

Murphy, Carol A. - Yes

Peters, Ryan E. - Yes

Peterson, Erik - No

Pintor Marin, Eliana - Yes

Quijano, Annette - Not Voting

Reynolds-Jackson, Verlina - Yes

Rooney, Kevin J. - Yes

Rumpf, Brian E. - Yes

Schaer, Gary S. - **Yes** 

Scharfenberger, Gerry - **Yes** 

Simonsen, Erik K. - Yes

Space, Parker - Not Voting

Spearman, William W. - **Yes** 

Speight, Shanique - **Yes** 

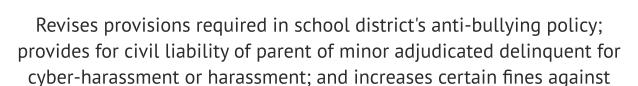
Stanfield, Jean - Yes

Stanley, Sterley S. - Yes
Sumter, Shavonda E. - Yes
Swain, Lisa - Yes
Taliaferro, Adam J. - Yes
Thomson, Edward H. - Yes
Timberlake, Britnee N. - Yes
Tucker, Cleopatra G. - Yes
Tully, P. Christopher - Yes
Vainieri Huttle, Valerie - Yes
Verrelli, Anthony S. - Yes
Webber, Jay - Yes
Wimberly, Benjie E. - Yes
Wirths, Harold J. - Yes
Zwicker, Andrew - Not Voting

\*indicates synopsis was amended

# Bill A1662 Acs (ACS)

# Session 2020 - 2021



parents.\*

Substituted by another Bill

Identical Bill Number: <u>S1790</u>

Last Session Bill Number: A5270 S3433

This bill has not been certified by OLS for a fiscal note.

## Primary Sponsor:

<u>Quijano, Annette</u> <u>Jimenez, Angelica M.</u> <u>Danielsen, Joe</u>

### Co-Sponsor:

DeCroce, BettyLou

Murphy, Carol A.

Vainieri Huttle, Valerie

<u>Jasey, Mila M.</u>

Tully, P. Christopher

Swain, Lisa

Stanley, Sterley S.

<u>Carter, Linda S.</u>

DiMaio, John

## 1/14/2020

Introduced, Referred to Assembly Education Committee

#### 2/24/2021

Reported from Assembly Comm. as a Substitute, 2nd Reading

#### 12/20/2021

Substituted by S1790 (1R)

#### Introduced

(11 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

Statement - AED 2/24/21 ACS

(3 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

Assembly Committee Substitute

(11 pages) PDF Format HTML Format

## Committee Voting:

AED - 2/24/2021 - r/ACS

Yes: 6 No: 0 Not Voting: 0 Abstain: 0

#### Roll Call

Lampitt, Pamela R. (P) - Yes

Jasey, Mila M. (V) - Yes

Murphy, Carol A. - Yes

Quijano, Annette - Yes

Simonsen, Erik K. - Yes

Stanfield, Jean - Yes

\*indicates synopsis was amended