# 43:21-27 et al. LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF:** 2018 **CHAPTER:** 128

NJSA: 43:21-27 et al. (Permits individuals to submit TDI and family temporary disability leave claims to DOLWD

prior to commencement of leave under certain circumstances and requires timely payment of benefits for

such claims.)

BILL NO: A4118 (Substituted for S1838)

**SPONSOR(S)** Swain and others

DATE INTRODUCED: 6/7/2018

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Labor

**Budget** 

SENATE: ---

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

**DATE OF PASSAGE:** ASSEMBLY: 9/27/2018

**SENATE**: 9/27/2018

DATE OF APPROVAL: 10/4/2018

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (First Reprint enacted)

Yes

A4118

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 13 of introduced bill) Yes

**COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: Yes Labor

**Budget** 

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes 6/28/2018

9/28/2018

S1838

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 13 of introduced bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No.

**SENATE:** Yes Labor

**Budget & Appropriations** 

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

(continued)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT:	No
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:	Yes
VETO MESSAGE:	Yes
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	Yes
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:  To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or <a href="mailto:refdes">mailto:refdes</a>	sk@njstatelib.org
REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

RH/CL

#### P.L. 2018, CHAPTER 128, approved October 4, 2018 Assembly, No. 4118 (First Reprint)

AN ACT concerning temporary disability and family temporary disability leave, and amending P.L.1948, c.110 and P.L.2008, c.17.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. As used in this act, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
  - (a) (1) "Covered employer" means, with respect to whether an employer is required to provide benefits during an employee's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any individual or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company or corporation, whether domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, who is an employer subject to the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except the State, its political subdivisions, and any instrumentality of the State unless such governmental entity elects to become a covered employer pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection (a); provided, however, that commencing with the effective date of this act, the State of New Jersey, including Rutgers, The State University and the New Jersey Institute of Technology, shall be deemed a covered employer, as defined herein.

"Covered employer" means, after June 30, 2009, with respect to whether the employer is an employer whose employees are eligible for benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), and, after December 31, 2008, whether employees of the employer are required to make contributions pursuant to R.S.43:21-7(d)(1)(G)(ii), any individual or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company or domestic or foreign corporation, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, who is an employer subject to the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), including any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer under

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), notwithstanding that the governmental entity or 2 instrumentality has not elected to be a covered employer pursuant to 3 paragraph (2) of this subsection (a).

- (2) Any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5) may, with respect to the provision of benefits during an employee's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), elect to become a "covered employer" under this subsection beginning with the date on which its coverage under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5) begins or as of January 1 of any year thereafter by filing written notice of such election with the division within at least 30 days of the effective date. Such election shall remain in effect for at least two full calendar years and may be terminated as of January 1 of any year thereafter by filing with the division a written notice of termination at least 30 days prior to the termination date.
- (b) (1) "Covered individual" means, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during an individual's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any person who is in employment, as defined in the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), for which the individual is entitled to remuneration from a covered employer, or who has been out of such employment for less than two weeks, except that a "covered individual" who is employed by the State of New Jersey, including Rutgers, The State University or the New Jersey Institute of Technology, or by any governmental entity or instrumentality which elects to become a "covered employer" pursuant to this amendatory act, shall not be eligible to receive any benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" until such individual has exhausted all sick leave accumulated as an employee in the classified service of the State or accumulated under terms and conditions similar to classified employees or accumulated under the terms and conditions pursuant to the laws of this State or as the result of a negotiated contract with any governmental entity or instrumentality which elects to become a "covered employer."

"Covered individual" shall not mean, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during an individual's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any member of the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety.

- (2) "Covered individual" means, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during the individual's period of family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any individual who is in employment, as defined in the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), for which the individual is entitled to remuneration from a covered employer, or who has been out of that employment for less than two weeks.
- (c) "Division" or "commission" means the Division of <u>Unemployment and</u> Temporary Disability Insurance of the

Department of Labor and Workforce Development, and any transaction or exercise of authority by the director of the division shall be deemed to be performed by the division.

- (d) "Day" shall mean a full calendar day beginning and ending at midnight.
- (e) "Disability" shall mean such disability as is compensable under section 5 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-29).
- (f) "Disability benefits" shall mean any cash payments which are payable to a covered individual for all or part of a period of disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).
- (g) "Period of disability" with respect to any covered individual shall mean:
- (1) The entire period of time during which the covered individual is continuously and totally unable to perform the duties of the covered individual's employment because of the covered individual's own disability, except that two periods of disability due to the same or related cause or condition and separated by a period of not more than 14 days shall be considered as one continuous period of disability; provided the individual has earned wages during such 14-day period with the employer who was the individual's last employer immediately preceding the first period of disability; and
- (2) On or after July 1, 2009, the entire period of family temporary disability leave taken from employment by the covered individual.
- (h) "Wages" shall mean all compensation payable by covered employers to covered individuals for personal services, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value of all compensation payable in any medium other than cash.
  - (i) (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
- (2) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
- (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.221).
- (4) "Base week" with respect to periods of disability commencing on or after January 1, 2001, means any calendar week of a covered individual's base year during which the covered individual earned in employment from a covered employer remuneration not less than an amount 20 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the benefit year commences, which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$1.00 if not already a multiple thereof, except that if in any calendar week an individual subject to this paragraph is in employment with more than one employer, the covered individual may in that calendar week establish a base week with respect to each of the employers from whom the covered individual earns remuneration equal to not less than the amount defined in this paragraph during that week.
- (5) In the case of an individual who is laid off or furloughed by an employer curtailing operations because of a state of emergency

declared after October 22, 2012, any week in which the individual is separated from employment due to that layoff or furlough, up to a maximum of 13 weeks, shall be regarded as a week which is a "base week" for the purpose of determining whether the individual becomes eligible for benefits pursuant to subsection (d) or (e) of section 17 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-41), but shall not be regarded as a base week when calculating the "average weekly wage" pursuant to subsection (j) of this section.

- (j) (1) "Average weekly wage" means the amount derived by dividing a covered individual's total wages earned from the individual's most recent covered employer during the base weeks in the eight calendar weeks immediately preceding the calendar week in which a period of disability commenced, or in which the individual submits a claim for the benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49), by the number of such base weeks.
- (2) If the computation in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) yields a result which is less than the individual's average weekly earnings in employment with all covered employers during the base weeks in such eight calendar weeks, then the average weekly wage shall be computed on the basis of earnings from all covered employers during the base weeks in the eight calendar weeks immediately preceding the week in which the period of disability commenced, or in which the individual submits a claim for the benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49).
- (3) For periods of disability commencing on or after July 1, 2009, if the computations in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection (j) both yield a result which is less than the individual's average weekly earnings in employment with all covered employers during the base weeks in the 26 calendar weeks immediately preceding the week in which the period of disability commenced, or in which the individual submits a claim for the benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49), then the average weekly wage shall, upon a written request to the department by the individual on a form provided by the department, be computed by the department on the basis of earnings from all covered employers of the individual during the base weeks in those 26 calendar weeks, and, in the case of a claim for benefits from a private plan, that computation of the average weekly wage shall be provided by the department to the individual and the individual's employer.

When determining the "average weekly wage" with respect to a period of family temporary disability leave for an individual who has a period of family temporary disability immediately after the individual has a period of disability for the individual's own disability, the period of disability is deemed to have commenced at the beginning of the period of disability for the individual's own disability, not the period of family temporary disability.

- (k) "Child" means a biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild or legal ward of a covered individual, child of a domestic partner of the covered individual, or child of a civil union partner of the covered individual, who is less than 19 years of age or is 19 years of age or older but incapable of self-care because of mental or physical impairment.
- (1) "Domestic partner" means a domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 (C.26:8A-3).
- (m) "Civil union" means a civil union as defined in section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29).
- (n) "Family member" means a child, spouse, domestic partner, civil union partner or parent of a covered individual.
- (o) "Family temporary disability leave" means leave taken by a covered individual from work with an employer to (1) participate in the providing of care, as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) and regulations adopted pursuant to that act, for a family member of the individual made necessary by a serious health condition of the family member; or (2) be with a child during the first 12 months after the child's birth, if the individual, or the domestic partner or civil union partner of the individual, is a biological parent of the child, or the first 12 months after the placement of the child for adoption with the individual. "Family temporary disability leave" does not include any period of time in which a covered individual is paid benefits pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.) because the individual is unable to perform the duties of the individual's employment due to the individual's own disability.
- (p) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.), and any regulations adopted pursuant to that act.
- (q) "Parent of a covered individual" means a biological parent, foster parent, adoptive parent, or stepparent of the covered individual or a person who was a legal guardian of the covered individual when the covered individual was a child.
- (r) "Placement for adoption" means the time when a covered individual adopts a child or becomes responsible for a child pending adoption by the covered individual.
- (s) "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment or physical or mental condition which requires: inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility; or continuing medical treatment or continuing supervision by a health care provider.
- 46 (t) "12-month period" means, with respect to an individual who 47 establishes a valid claim for disability benefits during a period of 48 family temporary disability leave, the 365 consecutive days that

begin with the first day that the individual first establishes the claim.

- (u) "State of emergency" means a natural or man-made disaster or emergency for which a state of emergency has been declared by the President of the United States or the Governor, or for which a state of emergency has been declared by a municipal emergency management coordinator.
- (cf: P.L.2013, c.221, s.3)

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- 2. Section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. a. Family temporary disability leave shall be compensable subject to the limitations of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) for any period of family temporary disability leave taken by a covered individual which commences after June 30, 2009.
- b. An individual shall not simultaneously receive disability benefits for family temporary disability leave and any other disability benefits pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.) or any unemployment compensation.
- 20 The employer of an individual may, notwithstanding any 21 other provision of law, including the provisions of N.J.S.18A:30-1 22 et seq., permit or require the individual, during a period of family 23 temporary disability leave, to use any paid sick leave, vacation time 24 or other leave at full pay made available by the employer before the 25 individual is eligible for disability benefits for family temporary 26 disability leave pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.), 27 except that the employer may not require the individual to use more 28 than two weeks worth of leave at full pay. The employer may also 29 have the total number of days worth of disability benefits paid 30 pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) to the individual 31 during a period of family temporary disability leave reduced by the 32 number of days of leave at full pay paid by the employer to the 33 individual during that period. If the employer requires the 34 individual to use leave at full pay, the employee shall be permitted 35 to take that fully-paid leave during the waiting period required 36 pursuant to subsection (a) of section 15 of P.L.1948, c.110 37 (C.43:21-39). Nothing in P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall 38 be construed as nullifying any provision of an existing collective 39 bargaining agreement or employer policy, or preventing any new 40 provision of a collective bargaining agreement or employer policy, 41 which provides employees more generous leave or gives employees 42 greater rights to select which kind of leave is used or select the 43 order in which the different kinds of leave are used. Nothing in 44 P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall be construed as preventing 45 an employer from providing more generous benefits than are 46 provided under P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) or providing 47 benefits which supplement the benefits provided under P.L.2008, 48 c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) for some or all of the employer's 49 employees.

- An individual who is entitled to leave under the provisions of the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.), shall take any benefits provided for family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) concurrently with leave taken pursuant to the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.). Nothing in P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall be construed to grant an employee any entitlement to be restored by the employer to employment held by the employee prior to taking family temporary disability leave or any right to take action against an employer who refuses to restore the employee to employment after the leave. Nothing in P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall be construed to increase, reduce or otherwise modify any entitlement of an employee to return to employment or right of the employee to take action under the provisions of the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.). If an employee receives benefits for family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) with respect to employment with an employer who is not an employer as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) and that employer fails or refuses to restore the employee to employment after the period of family temporary disability leave, that failure or refusal shall not be a wrongful discharge in violation of a clear mandate of public policy, and the employee shall not have a cause of action against that employer, in tort, or for breach of an implied provision of the employment agreement, or under common law, for that failure or refusal.
  - e. An employee taking family temporary disability leave or an employer from whom the employee is taking the leave shall have the same right to appeal a determination of a benefit for the family temporary disability leave made under P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) as an employee or employer has to appeal a determination of a benefit for the disability of the employee under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), and any regulations adopted pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).

f. In the event of a period of family temporary disability leave of any individual covered under the State plan, the employer shall, not later than the ninth day of the period of family temporary disability leave, or not later than the ninth day after the employee notifies the employer of an anticipated period of family temporary disability leave pursuant to subsection h. of this section, whichever comes first, including any waiting period or time in which the employer provides sick leave, vacation or other fully paid leave, issue to the individual and to the division printed notices on division forms containing the name, address and Social Security

1 number of the individual, such wage information as the division 2 may require to determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, 3 including any sick pay, vacation or other fully paid time off 4 provided by the employer during the period of family temporary 5 disability leave, and the name, address, and division identity 6 number of the employer. Not later than 30 days after the 7 commencement of the period of family temporary disability leave 8 for which the notice is furnished by the employer, the individual 9 shall furnish to the division a notice and claim for family temporary 10 disability leave benefits. Upon the submission of the notices by the 11 employer and the individual, and the commencement of the 12 compensable portion of the family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.), the division may 13 14 issue benefit payments. In the case of family temporary disability 15 leave taken to care for a family member with a serious health 16 condition, the benefits may be paid for periods not exceeding three 17 weeks pending the receipt of the certification required pursuant to 18 subsection b. of section 11 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.2). 19 Failure to furnish notice and certification in the manner above 20 provided shall not invalidate or reduce any claim if it shall be 21 shown to the satisfaction of the division not to have been 22 reasonably possible to furnish the notice and certification and that 23 the notice and certification was furnished as soon as reasonably 24 possible. 25

covered shall g. Each employer conspicuously post notification, in a place or places accessible to all employees in each of the employer's workplaces, in a form issued by regulation promulgated by the commissioner, of each covered employee's rights regarding benefits payable pursuant to this section. The employer shall also provide each employee of the employer with a written copy of the notification: (1) not later than 30 days after the form of the notification is issued by regulation; (2) at the time of the employee's hiring, if the employee is hired after the issuance; (3) whenever the employee notifies the employer that the employee is taking time off for circumstances under which the employee is eligible for benefits pursuant to this section; and (4) at any time, upon the first request of the employee.

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h. With respect to any period of family temporary disability leave commencing on or after January 1, 2018, if an individual knows in advance when the period will commence, the individual may notify the employer of the anticipated period of family temporary disability leave and submit to the division a claim for benefits for that period, which shall include a statement of when the period will commence and any certification required pursuant to subsection b. of section 11 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.2), prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the period will commence. The division shall process that claim immediately and, upon finding that the claim is valid, shall pay the benefit upon the commencement of the period of family temporary disability leave

1 or after any applicable one week waiting period, except that if 2 division receives the claim less than 30 days before the 3 commencement of the period, the division shall make the payment 4 not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. The periods of 5 family temporary disability leave to which the provisions of this 6 subsection apply shall include, but not be limited to, any of the 7 following if the commencement date of the leave is known in 8 advance: periods of leave for care of a child of the individual after 9 adoption or childbirth; periods of leave for scheduled medical 10 procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the 11 individual; and periods of leave for scheduled ongoing care of a 12 family member of the individual. If the individual did not establish 13 enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 14 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim, the 15 division shall notify the individual that the individual may file the 16 claim again upon or after the commencement of the period of 17 family temporary disability leave and the division shall then 18 reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 19 weeks preceding the week in which the period of family temporary 20 disability leave commences. 21 (cf: P.L.2008, c.17, s.10)

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- 3. Section 17 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-41) is amended to read as follows:
  - 17. (a) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1975, c.355.)
- (b) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
- (c) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
- (d) (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
- 29 (2) With respect to periods of disability commencing on or after 30 January 1, 2001, no individual shall be entitled to benefits under 31 this act unless the individual has, within the 52 calendar weeks 32 preceding the week in which the individual's period of disability 33 commenced, or within the 52 weeks preceding the week in which 34 the individual submits a claim for benefits pursuant to subsection h. 35 of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of 36 subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49), 37 established at least 20 base weeks or earned not less than 1,000 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of 38 39 P.L.1996, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year 40 preceding the calendar year in which the disability commences, 41 which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of 42 \$100.00, if not already a multiple thereof. If an individual who 43 submits a claim for benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 44 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) 45 of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49) did not establish 46 enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 47 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim, the 48 division shall notify the individual that the individual may file the

claim again upon or after the commencement of the period of disability or family temporary disability leave and the division shall then reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the week in which the period of disability or family temporary disability leave commences.

(e) With respect to a period of family temporary disability leave for an individual who has a period of family temporary disability immediately after the individual has a period of disability for the individual's own disability, the period of disability is deemed, for the purposes of specifying the time of the 52-week period in which base weeks or earnings are required to be established for benefit eligibility pursuant to this subsection (e), to have commenced at the beginning of the period of disability for the individual's own disability, not the period of family temporary disability.

(cf: P.L.2008, c.17, s.7)

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- 4. Section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49) is amended to read as follows:
- 25. (a) (1) Every employer shall post, in prominent locations, notices to employees in the form provided by the division of whether the employer is permitted or required to participate in a temporary disability benefits program pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and whether the employer does or does not participate. For employers who participate in a temporary disability benefits program, the notice shall also describe the temporary disability benefits available to the employees and prominently disclose that pregnancy is regarded by law as a disability and that pregnant employees are regarded as disabled and entitled to temporary disability benefits to the same extent as other disabled employees. Upon the request of an employer, the division shall, without charge, provide the employer with a copy of each applicable notice, suitable for reproduction by the employer. Each employer participating in the State plan or a private plan shall give a printed copy of benefit instructions to any disabled employee as soon as the employer becomes aware of the disability.
- (2) In addition, in the event of the disability of any individual covered under the State plan, the employer shall, **[**on**]** not later than the ninth day of disability, or not later than the ninth day after the individual notifies the employer of an anticipated period of disability pursuant to paragraph (3) of this section, whichever comes first, issue to the individual and to the division printed notices on division forms containing the name, address and Social Security number of the individual, such wage information as the division may require to determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, and the name, address, and division identity number of the employer. Not later than 30 days after the commencement of the period of disability for which such notice is furnished, the

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1 individual shall furnish to the division a notice and claim for 2 disability benefits under the State plan or for disability during 3 unemployment. Upon the submission of such notices by the 4 employer and the individual, and the commencement of the 5 compensable portion of the disability leave pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 6 7 et seq.), the division may issue benefit payments for periods not 8 exceeding three weeks pending the receipt of medical proof. When 9 requested by the division, such notice and proof shall include 10 certification of total disability by the attending physician, or a 11 record of hospital confinement. Failure to furnish notice and proof 12 within the time or in the manner above provided shall not invalidate 13 or reduce any claim if it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the 14 division not to have been reasonably possible to furnish such notice 15 and proof and that such notice and proof was furnished as soon as reasonably possible. 16

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(3) With respect to any period of disability commencing on or after January 1, 2018, if an individual knows in advance when the period will commence, the individual may notify the employer of the anticipated period of disability and submit to the division a claim for benefits for that period, which shall include a statement of when the period will commence and any certification requested by the division pursuant to this section, prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date on which the period will commence. The division shall process that claim immediately and, upon a finding that the claim is valid, shall pay the benefit upon the commencement of the period or after any applicable one week waiting period, except that if the division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the period, the division shall make the payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. The periods of disability leave to which the provisions of this paragraph apply shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following if the commencement date of the leave is known in advance: disability related to pregnancy or childbirth; disability related to scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual; and disability related to scheduled ongoing care of the individual. If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim for benefits, the division shall notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the period of disability and the division shall then reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the week in which the period of disability commences.

(b) A person claiming benefits under the State plan or for disability during unemployment shall, when requested by the division, submit at intervals, but not more often than once a week, to an examination by a legally licensed physician, dentist,

#### **A4118** [1R]

podiatrist, chiropractor, certified nurse midwife, advanced practice nurse or public health nurse designated by the division. In all cases of physical examination of a claimant, the examination shall be made by a designee of the division, who shall be the same sex as the claimant if so requested by the claimant. All such examinations by physicians, dentists, podiatrists, chiropractors, certified nurse midwives or nurses designated by the division shall be without cost to the claimant and shall be held at a reasonable time and place. Refusal to submit to such a requested examination shall disqualify the claimant from all benefits for the period of disability in question, except as to benefits already paid.

(c) All medical records of the division, except to the extent necessary for the proper administration of this act, shall be confidential and shall not be published or be open to public inspection (other than to public employees in the performance of their public duties) in any manner revealing the identity of the claimant, or the nature or cause of disability nor admissible in evidence in any action or special proceeding other than one arising under this act.

(cf: P.L.2009, c.114, s.2)

5. This act shall take effect <sup>1</sup> [immediately] one year after the date of enactment <sup>1</sup>, but its provisions shall apply only to claims for benefits for periods of disability and family temporary disability commencing on or after January 1, <sup>1</sup>[2018] 2019 <sup>1</sup>.

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Permits individuals to submit TDI and family temporary disability leave claims to DOLWD prior to commencement of leave under certain circumstances and requires timely payment of benefits for such claims.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 4118

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 7, 2018

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblywoman LISA SWAIN

**District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)** 

Assemblyman P. CHRISTOPHER TULLY

District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)

Assemblywoman CAROL A. MURPHY

**District 7 (Burlington)** 

Senator M. TERESA RUIZ

District 29 (Essex)

Senator PATRICK J. DIEGNAN, JR.

**District 18 (Middlesex)** 

#### Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblyman Mukherji, Assemblywoman Downey, Assemblyman Conaway, Senators Oroho and Singleton

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Permits individuals to submit TDI and family temporary disability leave claims to DOLWD prior to commencement of leave under certain circumstances and requires timely payment of benefits for such claims.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/26/2018)

AN ACT concerning temporary disability and family temporary disability leave, and amending P.L.1948, c.110 and P.L.2008, c.17.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. As used in this act, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- (a) (1) "Covered employer" means, with respect to whether an employer is required to provide benefits during an employee's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any individual or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company or corporation, whether domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, who is an employer subject to the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except the State, its political subdivisions, and any instrumentality of the State unless such governmental entity elects to become a covered employer pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection (a); provided, however, that commencing with the effective date of this act, the State of New Jersey, including Rutgers, The State University and the New Jersey Institute of Technology, shall be deemed a covered employer, as defined herein.

"Covered employer" means, after June 30, 2009, with respect to whether the employer is an employer whose employees are eligible for benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), and, after December 31, 2008, whether employees of the employer are required to make contributions pursuant to R.S.43:21-7(d)(1)(G)(ii), any individual or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company or domestic or foreign corporation, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, who is an employer subject to the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), including governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), notwithstanding that the governmental entity or instrumentality has not elected to be a covered employer pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection (a).

(2) Any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5) may, with respect to the

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 provision of benefits during an employee's own disability pursuant 2 to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), elect to become a "covered 3 employer" under this subsection beginning with the date on which 4 its coverage under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5) begins or as of January 1 of 5 any year thereafter by filing written notice of such election with the 6 division within at least 30 days of the effective date. Such election 7 shall remain in effect for at least two full calendar years and may be 8 terminated as of January 1 of any year thereafter by filing with the 9 division a written notice of termination at least 30 days prior to the 10 termination date.

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(b) (1) "Covered individual" means, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during an individual's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any person who is in employment, as defined in the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), for which the individual is entitled to remuneration from a covered employer, or who has been out of such employment for less than two weeks, except that a "covered individual" who is employed by the State of New Jersey, including Rutgers, The State University or the New Jersey Institute of Technology, or by any governmental entity or instrumentality which elects to become a "covered employer" pursuant to this amendatory act, shall not be eligible to receive any benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" until such individual has exhausted all sick leave accumulated as an employee in the classified service of the State or accumulated under terms and conditions similar to classified employees or accumulated under the terms and conditions pursuant to the laws of this State or as the result of a negotiated contract with any governmental entity or instrumentality which elects to become a "covered employer."

"Covered individual" shall not mean, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during an individual's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any member of the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety.

- (2) "Covered individual" means, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during the individual's period of family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any individual who is in employment, as defined in the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), for which the individual is entitled to remuneration from a covered employer, or who has been out of that employment for less than two weeks.
- (c) "Division" or "commission" means the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, and any transaction or exercise of authority by the director of the division shall be deemed to be performed by the division.
  - (d) "Day" shall mean a full calendar day beginning and ending at midnight.

(e) "Disability" shall mean such disability as is compensable under section 5 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-29).

- (f) "Disability benefits" shall mean any cash payments which are payable to a covered individual for all or part of a period of disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).
- (g) "Period of disability" with respect to any covered individual shall mean:
- (1) The entire period of time during which the covered individual is continuously and totally unable to perform the duties of the covered individual's employment because of the covered individual's own disability, except that two periods of disability due to the same or related cause or condition and separated by a period of not more than 14 days shall be considered as one continuous period of disability; provided the individual has earned wages during such 14-day period with the employer who was the individual's last employer immediately preceding the first period of disability; and
- (2) On or after July 1, 2009, the entire period of family temporary disability leave taken from employment by the covered individual.
- (h) "Wages" shall mean all compensation payable by covered employers to covered individuals for personal services, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value of all compensation payable in any medium other than cash.
  - (i) (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
  - (2) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
  - (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.221).
- (4) "Base week" with respect to periods of disability commencing on or after January 1, 2001, means any calendar week of a covered individual's base year during which the covered individual earned in employment from a covered employer remuneration not less than an amount 20 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the benefit year commences, which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$1.00 if not already a multiple thereof, except that if in any calendar week an individual subject to this paragraph is in employment with more than one employer, the covered individual may in that calendar week establish a base week with respect to each of the employers from whom the covered individual earns remuneration equal to not less than the amount defined in this paragraph during that week.
- (5) In the case of an individual who is laid off or furloughed by an employer curtailing operations because of a state of emergency declared after October 22, 2012, any week in which the individual is separated from employment due to that layoff or furlough, up to a maximum of 13 weeks, shall be regarded as a week which is a "base week" for the purpose of determining whether the individual

becomes eligible for benefits pursuant to subsection (d) or (e) of section 17 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-41), but shall not be regarded as a base week when calculating the "average weekly wage" pursuant to subsection (j) of this section.

- (j) (1) "Average weekly wage" means the amount derived by dividing a covered individual's total wages earned from the individual's most recent covered employer during the base weeks in the eight calendar weeks immediately preceding the calendar week in which a period of disability commenced, or in which the individual submits a claim for the benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49), by the number of such base weeks.
- (2) If the computation in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) yields a result which is less than the individual's average weekly earnings in employment with all covered employers during the base weeks in such eight calendar weeks, then the average weekly wage shall be computed on the basis of earnings from all covered employers during the base weeks in the eight calendar weeks immediately preceding the week in which the period of disability commenced, or in which the individual submits a claim for the benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49).
- (3) For periods of disability commencing on or after July 1, 2009, if the computations in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection (j) both yield a result which is less than the individual's average weekly earnings in employment with all covered employers during the base weeks in the 26 calendar weeks immediately preceding the week in which the period of disability commenced, or in which the individual submits a claim for the benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49), then the average weekly wage shall, upon a written request to the department by the individual on a form provided by the department, be computed by the department on the basis of earnings from all covered employers of the individual during the base weeks in those 26 calendar weeks, and, in the case of a claim for benefits from a private plan, that computation of the average weekly wage shall be provided by the department to the individual and the individual's employer.

When determining the "average weekly wage" with respect to a period of family temporary disability leave for an individual who has a period of family temporary disability immediately after the individual has a period of disability for the individual's own disability, the period of disability is deemed to have commenced at the beginning of the period of disability for the individual's own disability, not the period of family temporary disability.

(k) "Child" means a biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild or legal ward of a covered individual, child of a domestic partner of the covered individual, or child of a civil union partner of the covered individual, who is less than 19 years of age or is 19 years of age or older but incapable of self-care because of mental or physical impairment.

- (1) "Domestic partner" means a domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 (C.26:8A-3).
- (m) "Civil union" means a civil union as defined in section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29).
- (n) "Family member" means a child, spouse, domestic partner, civil union partner or parent of a covered individual.
- (o) "Family temporary disability leave" means leave taken by a covered individual from work with an employer to (1) participate in the providing of care, as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) and regulations adopted pursuant to that act, for a family member of the individual made necessary by a serious health condition of the family member; or (2) be with a child during the first 12 months after the child's birth, if the individual, or the domestic partner or civil union partner of the individual, is a biological parent of the child, or the first 12 months after the placement of the child for adoption with the individual. "Family temporary disability leave" does not include any period of time in which a covered individual is paid benefits pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.) because the individual is unable to perform the duties of the individual's employment due to the individual's own disability.
  - (p) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.), and any regulations adopted pursuant to that act.
  - (q) "Parent of a covered individual" means a biological parent, foster parent, adoptive parent, or stepparent of the covered individual or a person who was a legal guardian of the covered individual when the covered individual was a child.
  - (r) "Placement for adoption" means the time when a covered individual adopts a child or becomes responsible for a child pending adoption by the covered individual.
  - (s) "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment or physical or mental condition which requires: inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility; or continuing medical treatment or continuing supervision by a health care provider.
  - (t) "12-month period" means, with respect to an individual who establishes a valid claim for disability benefits during a period of family temporary disability leave, the 365 consecutive days that begin with the first day that the individual first establishes the claim.
- 48 (u) "State of emergency" means a natural or man-made disaster

1 or emergency for which a state of emergency has been declared by 2 the President of the United States or the Governor, or for which a 3 state of emergency has been declared by a municipal emergency 4 management coordinator. 5

(cf: P.L.2013, c.221, s.3)

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- 2. Section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. a. Family temporary disability leave shall be compensable subject to the limitations of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) for any period of family temporary disability leave taken by a covered individual which commences after June 30, 2009.
- b. An individual shall not simultaneously receive disability benefits for family temporary disability leave and any other disability benefits pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.) or any unemployment compensation.
- The employer of an individual may, notwithstanding any other provision of law, including the provisions of N.J.S.18A:30-1 et seq., permit or require the individual, during a period of family temporary disability leave, to use any paid sick leave, vacation time or other leave at full pay made available by the employer before the individual is eligible for disability benefits for family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.), except that the employer may not require the individual to use more than two weeks worth of leave at full pay. The employer may also have the total number of days worth of disability benefits paid pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) to the individual during a period of family temporary disability leave reduced by the number of days of leave at full pay paid by the employer to the individual during that period. If the employer requires the individual to use leave at full pay, the employee shall be permitted to take that fully-paid leave during the waiting period required pursuant to subsection (a) of section 15 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-39). Nothing in P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall be construed as nullifying any provision of an existing collective bargaining agreement or employer policy, or preventing any new provision of a collective bargaining agreement or employer policy, which provides employees more generous leave or gives employees greater rights to select which kind of leave is used or select the order in which the different kinds of leave are used. Nothing in P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall be construed as preventing an employer from providing more generous benefits than are provided under P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) or providing benefits which supplement the benefits provided under P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) for some or all of the employer's employees.
- d. An individual who is entitled to leave under the provisions 47 48 of the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or

the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.), shall take any benefits provided for family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) concurrently with leave taken pursuant to the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.). Nothing in P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall be construed to grant an employee any entitlement to be restored by the employer to employment held by the employee prior to taking family temporary disability leave or any right to take action against an employer who refuses to restore the employee to employment after the leave. Nothing in P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall be construed to increase, reduce or otherwise modify any entitlement of an employee to return to employment or right of the employee to take action under the provisions of the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.). If an employee receives benefits for family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) with respect to employment with an employer who is not an employer as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) and that employer fails or refuses to restore the employee to employment after the period of family temporary disability leave, that failure or refusal shall not be a wrongful discharge in violation of a clear mandate of public policy, and the employee shall not have a cause of action against that employer, in tort, or for breach of an implied provision of the employment agreement, or under common law, for that failure or refusal. 

e. An employee taking family temporary disability leave or an employer from whom the employee is taking the leave shall have the same right to appeal a determination of a benefit for the family temporary disability leave made under P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) as an employee or employer has to appeal a determination of a benefit for the disability of the employee under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), and any regulations adopted pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).

f. In the event of a period of family temporary disability leave of any individual covered under the State plan, the employer shall, not later than the ninth day of the period of family temporary disability leave, or not later than the ninth day after the employee notifies the employer of an anticipated period of family temporary disability leave pursuant to subsection h. of this section, whichever comes first, including any waiting period or time in which the employer provides sick leave, vacation or other fully paid leave, issue to the individual and to the division printed notices on division forms containing the name, address and Social Security number of the individual, such wage information as the division

1 may require to determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, 2 including any sick pay, vacation or other fully paid time off 3 provided by the employer during the period of family temporary 4 disability leave, and the name, address, and division identity 5 number of the employer. Not later than 30 days after the 6 commencement of the period of family temporary disability leave 7 for which the notice is furnished by the employer, the individual 8 shall furnish to the division a notice and claim for family temporary 9 disability leave benefits. Upon the submission of the notices by the 10 employer and the individual, and the commencement of the 11 compensable portion of the family temporary disability leave 12 pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.), the division may 13 issue benefit payments. In the case of family temporary disability 14 leave taken to care for a family member with a serious health 15 condition, the benefits may be paid for periods not exceeding three 16 weeks pending the receipt of the certification required pursuant to 17 subsection b. of section 11 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.2). 18 Failure to furnish notice and certification in the manner above 19 provided shall not invalidate or reduce any claim if it shall be 20 shown to the satisfaction of the division not to have been 21 reasonably possible to furnish the notice and certification and that 22 the notice and certification was furnished as soon as reasonably 23 possible. 24

g. Each covered employer shall conspicuously notification, in a place or places accessible to all employees in each of the employer's workplaces, in a form issued by regulation promulgated by the commissioner, of each covered employee's rights regarding benefits payable pursuant to this section. The employer shall also provide each employee of the employer with a written copy of the notification: (1) not later than 30 days after the form of the notification is issued by regulation; (2) at the time of the employee's hiring, if the employee is hired after the issuance; (3) whenever the employee notifies the employer that the employee is taking time off for circumstances under which the employee is eligible for benefits pursuant to this section; and (4) at any time, upon the first request of the employee.

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h. With respect to any period of family temporary disability leave commencing on or after January 1, 2018, if an individual knows in advance when the period will commence, the individual may notify the employer of the anticipated period of family temporary disability leave and submit to the division a claim for benefits for that period, which shall include a statement of when the period will commence and any certification required pursuant to subsection b. of section 11 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.2), prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the period will commence. The division shall process that claim immediately and, upon finding that the claim is valid, shall pay the benefit upon the commencement of the period of family temporary disability leave

#### A4118 SWAIN, TULLY

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1 or after any applicable one week waiting period, except that if 2 division receives the claim less than 30 days before the 3 commencement of the period, the division shall make the payment 4 not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. The periods of 5 family temporary disability leave to which the provisions of this 6 subsection apply shall include, but not be limited to, any of the 7 following if the commencement date of the leave is known in 8 advance: periods of leave for care of a child of the individual after 9 adoption or childbirth; periods of leave for scheduled medical 10 procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the 11 individual; and periods of leave for scheduled ongoing care of a 12 family member of the individual. If the individual did not establish 13 enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 14 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim, the 15 division shall notify the individual that the individual may file the 16 claim again upon or after the commencement of the period of 17 family temporary disability leave and the division shall then 18 reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 19 weeks preceding the week in which the period of family temporary 20 disability leave commences. 21 (cf: P.L.2008, c.17, s.10)

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- 3. Section 17 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-41) is amended to read as follows:
- 17. (a) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1975, c.355.)
- (b) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
- (c) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
- 28 (d) (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
- 29 (2) With respect to periods of disability commencing on or after 30 January 1, 2001, no individual shall be entitled to benefits under 31 this act unless the individual has, within the 52 calendar weeks 32 preceding the week in which the individual's period of disability 33 commenced, or within the 52 weeks preceding the week in which 34 the individual submits a claim for benefits pursuant to subsection h. 35 of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of 36 subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49), 37 established at least 20 base weeks or earned not less than 1,000 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of 38 39 P.L.1996, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year 40 preceding the calendar year in which the disability commences, 41 which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of 42 \$100.00, if not already a multiple thereof. If an individual who 43 submits a claim for benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 44 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) 45 of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49) did not establish 46 enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 47 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim, the 48 division shall notify the individual that the individual may file the

- claim again upon or after the commencement of the period of disability or family temporary disability leave and the division shall then reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the week in which the period of disability or family temporary disability leave commences.
  - (e) With respect to a period of family temporary disability leave for an individual who has a period of family temporary disability immediately after the individual has a period of disability for the individual's own disability, the period of disability is deemed, for the purposes of specifying the time of the 52-week period in which base weeks or earnings are required to be established for benefit eligibility pursuant to this subsection (e), to have commenced at the beginning of the period of disability for the individual's own disability, not the period of family temporary disability.

15 (cf: P.L.2008, c.17, s.7)

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- 4. Section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49) is amended to read as follows:
- 25. (a) (1) Every employer shall post, in prominent locations, notices to employees in the form provided by the division of whether the employer is permitted or required to participate in a temporary disability benefits program pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and whether the employer does or does not participate. For employers who participate in a temporary disability benefits program, the notice shall also describe the temporary disability benefits available to the employees and prominently disclose that pregnancy is regarded by law as a disability and that pregnant employees are regarded as disabled and entitled to temporary disability benefits to the same extent as other disabled employees. Upon the request of an employer, the division shall, without charge, provide the employer with a copy of each applicable notice, suitable for reproduction by the employer. Each employer participating in the State plan or a private plan shall give a printed copy of benefit instructions to any disabled employee as soon as the employer becomes aware of the disability.
- (2) In addition, in the event of the disability of any individual covered under the State plan, the employer shall, <code>[on]</code> not later than the ninth day of disability, or not later than the ninth day after the individual notifies the employer of an anticipated period of disability pursuant to paragraph (3) of this section, whichever comes first, issue to the individual and to the division printed notices on division forms containing the name, address and Social Security number of the individual, such wage information as the division may require to determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, and the name, address, and division identity number of the employer. Not later than 30 days after the commencement of the period of disability for which such notice is furnished, the

#### A4118 SWAIN, TULLY

12

1 individual shall furnish to the division a notice and claim for 2 disability benefits under the State plan or for disability during 3 unemployment. Upon the submission of such notices by the 4 employer and the individual, and the commencement of the 5 compensable portion of the disability leave pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 6 7 et seq.), the division may issue benefit payments for periods not 8 exceeding three weeks pending the receipt of medical proof. When 9 requested by the division, such notice and proof shall include 10 certification of total disability by the attending physician, or a 11 record of hospital confinement. Failure to furnish notice and proof 12 within the time or in the manner above provided shall not invalidate 13 or reduce any claim if it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the 14 division not to have been reasonably possible to furnish such notice 15 and proof and that such notice and proof was furnished as soon as reasonably possible. 16

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(3) With respect to any period of disability commencing on or after January 1, 2018, if an individual knows in advance when the period will commence, the individual may notify the employer of the anticipated period of disability and submit to the division a claim for benefits for that period, which shall include a statement of when the period will commence and any certification requested by the division pursuant to this section, prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date on which the period will commence. The division shall process that claim immediately and, upon a finding that the claim is valid, shall pay the benefit upon the commencement of the period or after any applicable one week waiting period, except that if the division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the period, the division shall make the payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. The periods of disability leave to which the provisions of this paragraph apply shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following if the commencement date of the leave is known in advance: disability related to pregnancy or childbirth; disability related to scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual; and disability related to scheduled ongoing care of the individual. If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim for benefits, the division shall notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the period of disability and the division shall then reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the week in which the period of disability commences.

(b) A person claiming benefits under the State plan or for disability during unemployment shall, when requested by the division, submit at intervals, but not more often than once a week, to an examination by a legally licensed physician, dentist,

#### A4118 SWAIN, TULLY

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1 podiatrist, chiropractor, certified nurse midwife, advanced practice 2 nurse or public health nurse designated by the division. In all cases 3 of physical examination of a claimant, the examination shall be 4 made by a designee of the division, who shall be the same sex as the 5 claimant if so requested by the claimant. All such examinations by 6 physicians, dentists, podiatrists, chiropractors, certified nurse 7 midwives or nurses designated by the division shall be without cost 8 to the claimant and shall be held at a reasonable time and place. 9 Refusal to submit to such a requested examination shall disqualify 10 the claimant from all benefits for the period of disability in 11 question, except as to benefits already paid.

(c) All medical records of the division, except to the extent necessary for the proper administration of this act, shall be confidential and shall not be published or be open to public inspection (other than to public employees in the performance of their public duties) in any manner revealing the identity of the claimant, or the nature or cause of disability nor admissible in evidence in any action or special proceeding other than one arising under this act.

(cf: P.L.2009, c.114, s.2)

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5. This act shall take effect immediately, but its provisions shall apply only to claims for benefits for periods of disability and family temporary disability commencing on or after January 1, 2018.

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#### **STATEMENT**

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This bill permits individuals to submit temporary disability and family temporary disability leave claims up to 60 days prior to the commencement of leave if an individual knows in advance when the leave will commence. Furthermore, this bill requires the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance in the Department of Labor and Workforce Development to pay the benefit for such a claim upon the commencement of the leave. This bill may apply to leaves that include, but are not limited to, the following: a) periods of family temporary disability leave for care of a child of the individual after adoption or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of a family member of the individual; and b) periods of temporary disability leave related to pregnancy or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of the individual.

Currently, the law does not explicitly prohibit a covered individual from submitting a TDI or FLI claim prior to the commencement of a leave. However, employers are not required to

provide the necessary information to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI or FLI benefits until the ninth day following the commencement of leave, and, therefore, the division cannot begin to process a claim until such documentation is received.

This bill permits individuals covered under the State temporary disability insurance (TDI) and family leave insurance (FLI) programs, under circumstances in which the individual knows in advance when the period of a FLI or TDI leave will commence, to notify the employer of the anticipated period of leave and to apply to the division for benefits for that leave prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the leave will commence. Furthermore, no later than nine days following the notification by an individual of an anticipated period of leave, an employer is required to submit to the individual and the division notices containing such information as necessary to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI and FLI benefits.

For such claims, the division must process the claim immediately and, upon finding that the claim is valid, pay the benefit upon the commencement of the leave or after any applicable one week waiting period. However, if the division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the leave, the division shall make the benefit payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. Under the bill, the TDI and FLI weekly benefit for claims submitted prior to the commencement of the leave is computed utilizing the individual's average weekly wage in relation to when the individual submits the claim for benefits.

If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim to qualify for TDI or FLI benefits, the division must notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the leave, at which point the division will reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the commencement date of the leave.

As claims processing times for both TDI and FLI claims have slowed over recent years, covered individuals often receive their initial benefit payments weeks after their leave has begun or even after their leave has ended, causing financial hardship on claimants and their families. The goal of this legislation is to prevent such delays in payment by providing the division with advanced notification in the case of claims in which the commencement date is known prior to the period of leave; thereby allowing the division sufficient time to process such claims and to issue benefit payments upon the commencement of the leave.

#### ASSEMBLY LABOR COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### ASSEMBLY, No. 4118

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 14, 2018** 

The Assembly Labor Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 4118.

This bill permits individuals to submit temporary disability and family temporary disability leave claims up to 60 days prior to the commencement of leave if an individual knows in advance when the leave will commence. Furthermore, this bill requires the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance in the Department of Labor and Workforce Development to pay the benefit for such a claim upon the commencement of the leave. This bill may apply to leaves that include, but are not limited to, the following: a) periods of family temporary disability leave for care of a child of the individual after adoption or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the individual; and scheduled ongoing care of a family member of the individual; and b) periods of temporary disability leave related to pregnancy or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of the individual.

Currently, the law does not explicitly prohibit a covered individual from submitting a TDI or FLI claim prior to the commencement of a leave. However, employers are not required to provide the necessary information to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI or FLI benefits until the ninth day following the commencement of leave, and, therefore, the division cannot begin to process a claim until such documentation is received.

This bill permits individuals covered under the State temporary disability insurance (TDI) and family leave insurance (FLI) programs, under circumstances in which the individual knows in advance when the period of a FLI or TDI leave will commence, to notify the employer of the anticipated period of leave and to apply to the division for benefits for that leave prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the leave will commence. Furthermore, no later than nine days following the notification by an individual of an anticipated period of leave, an employer is required to submit to the individual and the division notices containing such information as necessary to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI and FLI benefits.

For such claims, the division must process the claim immediately and, upon finding that the claim is valid, pay the benefit upon the commencement of the leave or after any applicable one week waiting period. However, if the division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the leave, the division shall make the benefit payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. Under the bill, the TDI and FLI weekly benefit for claims submitted prior to the commencement of the leave is computed utilizing the individual's average weekly wage in relation to when the individual submits the claim for benefits.

If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim to qualify for TDI or FLI benefits, the division must notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the leave, at which point the division will reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the commencement date of the leave.

As claims processing times for both TDI and FLI claims have slowed over recent years, covered individuals often receive their initial benefit payments weeks after their leave has begun or even after their leave has ended, causing financial hardship on claimants and their families. The goal of this legislation is to prevent such delays in payment by providing the division with advanced notification in the case of claims in which the commencement date is known prior to the period of leave; thereby allowing the division sufficient time to process such claims and to issue benefit payments upon the commencement of the leave.

#### ASSEMBLY BUDGET COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### ASSEMBLY, No. 4118

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 18, 2018** 

The Assembly Budget Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 4118.

This bill permits individuals to submit temporary disability and family temporary disability leave claims up to 60 days prior to the commencement of leave if an individual knows in advance when the leave will commence. Furthermore, this bill requires the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance in the Department of Labor and Workforce Development to pay the benefit for such a claim upon the commencement of the leave. This bill may apply to leaves that include, but are not limited to, the following: a) periods of family temporary disability leave for care of a child of the individual after adoption or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of a family member of the individual; and b) periods of temporary disability leave related to pregnancy or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of the individual.

Currently, the law does not explicitly prohibit a covered individual from submitting a TDI or FLI claim prior to the commencement of a leave. However, employers are not required to provide the necessary information to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI or FLI benefits until the ninth day following the commencement of leave, and, therefore, the division cannot begin to process a claim until such documentation is received.

This bill permits individuals covered under the State temporary disability insurance (TDI) and family leave insurance (FLI) programs, under circumstances in which the individual knows in advance when the period of a FLI or TDI leave will commence, to notify the employer of the anticipated period of leave and to apply to the division for benefits for that leave prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the leave will commence. Furthermore, no later than nine days following the notification by an individual of an anticipated period of leave, an employer is required to submit to the individual and the division notices containing such information as necessary to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI and FLI benefits.

For such claims, the division must process the claim immediately and, upon finding that the claim is valid, pay the benefit upon the commencement of the leave or after any applicable one week waiting period. However, if the division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the leave, the division shall make the benefit payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. Under the bill, the TDI and FLI weekly benefit for claims submitted prior to the commencement of the leave is computed utilizing the individual's average weekly wage in relation to when the individual submits the claim for benefits.

If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim to qualify for TDI or FLI benefits, the division must notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the leave, at which point the division will reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the commencement date of the leave.

As claims processing times for both TDI and FLI claims have slowed over recent years, covered individuals often receive their initial benefit payments weeks after their leave has begun or even after their leave has ended, causing financial hardship on claimants and their families. The goal of this legislation is to prevent such delays in payment by providing the division with advanced notification in the case of claims in which the commencement date is known prior to the period of leave; thereby allowing the division sufficient time to process such claims and to issue benefit payments upon the commencement of the leave.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the bill may result in a potential, likely insignificant, one-time increase in State administrative costs tied to changes in DOLWD's administrative procedures, such as modification of forms and training of staff. The specific magnitude of any expenditure increase will depend on DOLWD operating decisions, which the OLS cannot anticipate.

The OLS notes that the bill will not change the total amount of temporary disability insurance and family leave insurance benefits paid or the amount of benefits disbursed to an individual claimant. In allowing claimants to apply for benefits in advance of a known period of leave, the bill merely changes the order in which the DOLWD processes benefit claims.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 4118 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

**DATED: JUNE 28, 2018** 

#### **SUMMARY**

**Synopsis:** Permits individuals to submit TDI and family temporary disability

leave claims to DOLWD prior to commencement of leave under certain circumstances and requires timely payment of benefits for

such claims.

**Type of Impact:** Potential, One-time, State Expenditure Increase.

**Agencies Affected:** Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DOLWD)

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	
State Cost	Indeterminate

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the bill may result in a potential, likely insignificant, one-time increase in State administrative costs tied to changes in Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DOLWD)'s administrative procedures, such as modification of forms and training of staff. The specific magnitude of any expenditure increase will depend on DOLWD operating decisions, which the OLS cannot anticipate.
- The OLS notes that the bill will not change the total amount of temporary disability insurance and family leave insurance benefits paid or the amount of benefits disbursed to an individual claimant. In allowing claimants to apply for benefits in advance of a known period of leave, the bill merely changes the order in which the DOLWD processes benefit claims.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill permits individuals to submit temporary disability insurance (TDI) and family temporary disability leave insurance (also referred to as family leave insurance (FLI) claims up to 60 days prior to the commencement of leave if an individual knows in advance when the leave will commence. Furthermore, this bill requires the DOLWD to pay the benefit for such a claim



upon the commencement of the leave. This bill may apply to leaves that include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. periods of FLI leave for care of a child of the individual after adoption or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of a family member of the individual; and
- 2. periods of TDI leave related to pregnancy or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of the individual.

Currently, the law does not explicitly prohibit a covered individual from submitting a TDI or FLI claim prior to the commencement of a leave. However, employers are not required to provide the necessary information to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI or FLI benefits until the ninth day following the commencement of leave, and, therefore, the division cannot begin to process a claim until such documentation is received.

This bill permits individuals covered under the TDI and FLI programs, under circumstances in which the individual knows in advance when the period of a FLI or TDI leave will commence, to notify the employer of the anticipated period of leave and to apply to the division for benefits for that leave prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the leave will commence. Furthermore, no later than nine days following the notification by an individual of an anticipated period of leave, an employer is required to submit to the individual and the division notices containing such information as necessary to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI and FLI benefits.

For such claims, the division must process the claim immediately and, upon finding that the claim is valid, pay the benefit upon the commencement of the leave or after any applicable one week waiting period. However, if the division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the leave, the division shall make the benefit payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. Under the bill, the TDI and FLI weekly benefit for claims submitted prior to the commencement of the leave is computed utilizing the individual's average weekly wage in relation to when the individual submits the claim for benefits.

If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim to qualify for TDI or FLI benefits, the division must notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the leave, at which point the division will reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the commencement date of the leave.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS estimates that the bill may result in a potential, likely insignificant, one-time increase in State administrative costs tied to changes in DOLWD's administrative procedures, such as modification of forms and training of staff. The specific magnitude of any expenditure increase will depend on DOLWD operating decisions, which the OLS cannot anticipate.

The OLS notes that the bill will not change the total amount of temporary disability insurance and family leave insurance benefits paid or the amount of benefits disbursed to an

individual claimant. In allowing claimants to apply for benefits in advance of a known period of leave, the bill merely changes the order in which the DOLWD processes benefit claims.

The OLS notes that as claims processing times for TDI claims have slowed over recent years, covered individuals often receive their initial benefit payments weeks after their leave has begun or even after their leave has ended. The goal of this legislation is to prevent such delays in payment by providing the division with advanced notification in the case of claims in which the commencement date is known prior to the period of leave. This should give the division more time to process claims and allow the division to issue benefit payments sooner.

The OLS further notes that there has been a significant decline in the rate of use of TDI benefits. For instance, there were 144,618 eligible TDI claims in 1987, which was the peak year for the number of TDI claims, which represented 5.9 percent of the 2,449,200 workers covered by TDI that year. In the following years, the number of eligible claims declined even as the number of covered workers increased. By the calendar year 2016, 88,086 eligible claims were filed out of a covered worker population that had risen to 2,685,800, reducing the percentage of covered workers with eligible claims to 3.3 percent, which is 44 percent less than in 1987.

While the OLS cannot determine the reasons for this decline with any certainty, contributing factors to the growing delay of benefit payments, and possibly to the decline in the rate of use of TDI benefits should be noted. With that overarching caveat, these contributing factors may include, but may not need to be limited to, the rising portion of claims filed with insufficient data and that the TDI law does not require employers to provide needed wage data until after disability commences. While the OLS does not have sufficient information to forecast a potential impact on behavior as described above, it is possible that if the department is successful at increasing the rate by which covered individuals receive their benefit payments for TDI claims, the DOLWD may experience a long term shift in trend in the rate of usage of TDI benefits.

Section: Commerce, Labor and Industry

Analyst: Juan C. Rodriguez

Associate Fiscal Analyst

Approved: Frank W. Haines III

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

#### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

# ASSEMBLY, No. 4118 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

DATED: SEPTEMBER 28, 2018

#### **SUMMARY**

**Synopsis:** Permits individuals to submit TDI and family temporary disability

leave claims to DOLWD prior to commencement of leave under certain circumstances and requires timely payment of benefits for

such claims.

**Type of Impact:** Potential, One-time, State Expenditure Increase.

**Agencies Affected:** Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DOLWD)

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	
State Cost	Indeterminate

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the bill may result in a potential, likely insignificant, one-time increase in State administrative costs tied to changes in Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DOLWD)'s administrative procedures, such as modification of forms and training of staff. The specific magnitude of any expenditure increase will depend on DOLWD operating decisions, which the OLS cannot anticipate.
- The OLS notes that the bill will not change the total amount of temporary disability insurance and family leave insurance benefits paid or the amount of benefits disbursed to an individual claimant. In allowing claimants to apply for benefits in advance of a known period of leave, the bill merely changes the order in which the DOLWD processes benefit claims.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill permits individuals to submit temporary disability insurance (TDI) and family temporary disability leave insurance (also referred to as family leave insurance (FLI) claims up



to 60 days prior to the commencement of leave if an individual knows in advance when the leave will commence. Furthermore, this bill requires the DOLWD to pay the benefit for such a claim upon the commencement of the leave. This bill may apply to leaves that include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. periods of FLI leave for care of a child of the individual after adoption or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of a family member of the individual; and
- 2. periods of TDI leave related to pregnancy or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of the individual.

Currently, the law does not explicitly prohibit a covered individual from submitting a TDI or FLI claim prior to the commencement of a leave. However, employers are not required to provide the necessary information to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI or FLI benefits until the ninth day following the commencement of leave, and, therefore, the division cannot begin to process a claim until such documentation is received.

This bill permits individuals covered under the TDI and FLI programs, under circumstances in which the individual knows in advance when the period of a FLI or TDI leave will commence, to notify the employer of the anticipated period of leave and to apply to the division for benefits for that leave prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the leave will commence. Furthermore, no later than nine days following the notification by an individual of an anticipated period of leave, an employer is required to submit to the individual and the division notices containing such information as necessary to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI and FLI benefits.

For such claims, the division must process the claim immediately and, upon finding that the claim is valid, pay the benefit upon the commencement of the leave or after any applicable one week waiting period. However, if the division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the leave, the division shall make the benefit payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. Under the bill, the TDI and FLI weekly benefit for claims submitted prior to the commencement of the leave is computed utilizing the individual's average weekly wage in relation to when the individual submits the claim for benefits.

If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim to qualify for TDI or FLI benefits, the division must notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the leave, at which point the division will reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the commencement date of the leave.

### FISCAL ANALYSIS

### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS estimates that the bill may result in a potential, likely insignificant, one-time increase in State administrative costs tied to changes in DOLWD's administrative procedures, such as modification of forms and training of staff. The specific magnitude of any expenditure increase will depend on DOLWD operating decisions, which the OLS cannot anticipate.

The OLS notes that the bill will not change the total amount of temporary disability insurance and family leave insurance benefits paid or the amount of benefits disbursed to an individual claimant. In allowing claimants to apply for benefits in advance of a known period of leave, the bill merely changes the order in which the DOLWD processes benefit claims.

The OLS notes that as claims processing times for TDI claims have slowed over recent years, covered individuals often receive their initial benefit payments weeks after their leave has begun or even after their leave has ended. The goal of this legislation is to prevent such delays in payment by providing the division with advanced notification in the case of claims in which the commencement date is known prior to the period of leave. This should give the division more time to process claims and allow the division to issue benefit payments sooner.

The OLS further notes that there has been a significant decline in the rate of use of TDI benefits. For instance, there were 144,618 eligible TDI claims in 1987, which was the peak year for the number of TDI claims, which represented 5.9 percent of the 2,449,200 workers covered by TDI that year. In the following years, the number of eligible claims declined even as the number of covered workers increased. By the calendar year 2016, 88,086 eligible claims were filed out of a covered worker population that had risen to 2,685,800, reducing the percentage of covered workers with eligible claims to 3.3 percent, which is 44 percent less than in 1987.

While the OLS cannot determine the reasons for this decline with any certainty, contributing factors to the growing delay of benefit payments, and possibly to the decline in the rate of use of TDI benefits should be noted. With that overarching caveat, these contributing factors may include, but may not need to be limited to, the rising portion of claims filed with insufficient data and that the TDI law does not require employers to provide needed wage data until after disability commences. While the OLS does not have sufficient information to forecast a potential impact on behavior as described above, it is possible that if the department is successful at increasing the rate by which covered individuals receive their benefit payments for TDI claims, the DOLWD may experience a long term shift in trend in the rate of usage of TDI benefits.

Section: Commerce, Labor and Industry

Analyst: Juan C. Rodriguez

Associate Fiscal Analyst

Approved: Frank W. Haines III

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

## **SENATE, No. 1838**

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 8, 2018

Sponsored by: Senator M. TERESA RUIZ District 29 (Essex) Senator PATRICK J. DIEGNAN, JR. District 18 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Oroho and Singleton

### **SYNOPSIS**

Permits individuals to submit TDI and family temporary disability leave claims to DOLWD prior to commencement of leave under certain circumstances and requires timely payment of benefits for such claims.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/26/2018)

AN ACT concerning temporary disability and family temporary disability leave, and amending P.L.1948, c.110 and P.L.2008, c.17.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. As used in this act, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- (a) (1) "Covered employer" means, with respect to whether an employer is required to provide benefits during an employee's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any individual or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company or corporation, whether domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, who is an employer subject to the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except the State, its political subdivisions, and any instrumentality of the State unless such governmental entity elects to become a covered employer pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection (a); provided, however, that commencing with the effective date of this act, the State of New Jersey, including Rutgers, The State University and the New Jersey Institute of Technology, shall be deemed a covered employer, as defined herein.

"Covered employer" means, after June 30, 2009, with respect to whether the employer is an employer whose employees are eligible for benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), and, after December 31, 2008, whether employees of the employer are required to make contributions pursuant to R.S.43:21-7(d)(1)(G)(ii), any individual or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company or domestic or foreign corporation, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, who is an employer subject to the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), including governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), notwithstanding that the governmental entity or instrumentality has not elected to be a covered employer pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection (a).

(2) Any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5) may, with respect to the

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 provision of benefits during an employee's own disability pursuant 2 to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), elect to become a "covered 3 employer" under this subsection beginning with the date on which 4 its coverage under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5) begins or as of January 1 of 5 any year thereafter by filing written notice of such election with the 6 division within at least 30 days of the effective date. Such election 7 shall remain in effect for at least two full calendar years and may be 8 terminated as of January 1 of any year thereafter by filing with the 9 division a written notice of termination at least 30 days prior to the 10 termination date.

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(b) (1) "Covered individual" means, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during an individual's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any person who is in employment, as defined in the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), for which the individual is entitled to remuneration from a covered employer, or who has been out of such employment for less than two weeks, except that a "covered individual" who is employed by the State of New Jersey, including Rutgers, The State University or the New Jersey Institute of Technology, or by any governmental entity or instrumentality which elects to become a "covered employer" pursuant to this amendatory act, shall not be eligible to receive any benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" until such individual has exhausted all sick leave accumulated as an employee in the classified service of the State or accumulated under terms and conditions similar to classified employees or accumulated under the terms and conditions pursuant to the laws of this State or as the result of a negotiated contract with any governmental entity or instrumentality which elects to become a "covered employer."

"Covered individual" shall not mean, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during an individual's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any member of the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety.

- (2) "Covered individual" means, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during the individual's period of family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), any individual who is in employment, as defined in the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), for which the individual is entitled to remuneration from a covered employer, or who has been out of that employment for less than two weeks.
- (c) "Division" or "commission" means the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, and any transaction or exercise of authority by the director of the division shall be deemed to be performed by the division.
- (d) "Day" shall mean a full calendar day beginning and ending at midnight.

(e) "Disability" shall mean such disability as is compensable under section 5 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-29).

- (f) "Disability benefits" shall mean any cash payments which are payable to a covered individual for all or part of a period of disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).
- (g) "Period of disability" with respect to any covered individual shall mean:
- (1) The entire period of time during which the covered individual is continuously and totally unable to perform the duties of the covered individual's employment because of the covered individual's own disability, except that two periods of disability due to the same or related cause or condition and separated by a period of not more than 14 days shall be considered as one continuous period of disability; provided the individual has earned wages during such 14-day period with the employer who was the individual's last employer immediately preceding the first period of disability; and
- (2) On or after July 1, 2009, the entire period of family temporary disability leave taken from employment by the covered individual.
- (h) "Wages" shall mean all compensation payable by covered employers to covered individuals for personal services, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value of all compensation payable in any medium other than cash.
  - (i) (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
  - (2) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
  - (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.221).
- (4) "Base week" with respect to periods of disability commencing on or after January 1, 2001, means any calendar week of a covered individual's base year during which the covered individual earned in employment from a covered employer remuneration not less than an amount 20 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the benefit year commences, which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$1.00 if not already a multiple thereof, except that if in any calendar week an individual subject to this paragraph is in employment with more than one employer, the covered individual may in that calendar week establish a base week with respect to each of the employers from whom the covered individual earns remuneration equal to not less than the amount defined in this paragraph during that week.
- (5) In the case of an individual who is laid off or furloughed by an employer curtailing operations because of a state of emergency declared after October 22, 2012, any week in which the individual is separated from employment due to that layoff or furlough, up to a maximum of 13 weeks, shall be regarded as a week which is a "base week" for the purpose of determining whether the individual becomes eligible for benefits pursuant to subsection (d) or (e) of

section 17 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-41), but shall not be regarded as a base week when calculating the "average weekly wage" pursuant to subsection (j) of this section.

- (j) (1) "Average weekly wage" means the amount derived by dividing a covered individual's total wages earned from the individual's most recent covered employer during the base weeks in the eight calendar weeks immediately preceding the calendar week in which a period of disability commenced, or in which the individual submits a claim for the benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49), by the number of such base weeks.
- (2) If the computation in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) yields a result which is less than the individual's average weekly earnings in employment with all covered employers during the base weeks in such eight calendar weeks, then the average weekly wage shall be computed on the basis of earnings from all covered employers during the base weeks in the eight calendar weeks immediately preceding the week in which the period of disability commenced, or in which the individual submits a claim for the benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49).
- (3) For periods of disability commencing on or after July 1, 2009, if the computations in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection (j) both yield a result which is less than the individual's average weekly earnings in employment with all covered employers during the base weeks in the 26 calendar weeks immediately preceding the week in which the period of disability commenced, or in which the individual submits a claim for the benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49), then the average weekly wage shall, upon a written request to the department by the individual on a form provided by the department, be computed by the department on the basis of earnings from all covered employers of the individual during the base weeks in those 26 calendar weeks, and, in the case of a claim for benefits from a private plan, that computation of the average weekly wage shall be provided by the department to the individual and the individual's employer.

When determining the "average weekly wage" with respect to a period of family temporary disability leave for an individual who has a period of family temporary disability immediately after the individual has a period of disability for the individual's own disability, the period of disability is deemed to have commenced at the beginning of the period of disability for the individual's own disability, not the period of family temporary disability.

(k) "Child" means a biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild or legal ward of a covered individual, child of a domestic

partner of the covered individual, or child of a civil union partner of the covered individual, who is less than 19 years of age or is 19 years of age or older but incapable of self-care because of mental or physical impairment.

- (1) "Domestic partner" means a domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 (C.26:8A-3).
- (m) "Civil union" means a civil union as defined in section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29).
- (n) "Family member" means a child, spouse, domestic partner, civil union partner or parent of a covered individual.
- (o) "Family temporary disability leave" means leave taken by a covered individual from work with an employer to (1) participate in the providing of care, as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) and regulations adopted pursuant to that act, for a family member of the individual made necessary by a serious health condition of the family member; or (2) be with a child during the first 12 months after the child's birth, if the individual, or the domestic partner or civil union partner of the individual, is a biological parent of the child, or the first 12 months after the placement of the child for adoption with the individual. "Family temporary disability leave" does not include any period of time in which a covered individual is paid benefits pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.) because the individual is unable to perform the duties of the individual's employment due to the individual's own disability.
  - (p) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.), and any regulations adopted pursuant to that act.
  - (q) "Parent of a covered individual" means a biological parent, foster parent, adoptive parent, or stepparent of the covered individual or a person who was a legal guardian of the covered individual when the covered individual was a child.
  - (r) "Placement for adoption" means the time when a covered individual adopts a child or becomes responsible for a child pending adoption by the covered individual.
  - (s) "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment or physical or mental condition which requires: inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility; or continuing medical treatment or continuing supervision by a health care provider.
  - (t) "12-month period" means, with respect to an individual who establishes a valid claim for disability benefits during a period of family temporary disability leave, the 365 consecutive days that begin with the first day that the individual first establishes the claim.
- 46 (u) "State of emergency" means a natural or man-made disaster 47 or emergency for which a state of emergency has been declared by 48 the President of the United States or the Governor, or for which a

1 state of emergency has been declared by a municipal emergency 2 management coordinator.

3 (cf: P.L.2013, c.221, s.3)

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- 2. Section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. a. Family temporary disability leave shall be compensable subject to the limitations of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) for any period of family temporary disability leave taken by a covered individual which commences after June 30, 2009.
- b. An individual shall not simultaneously receive disability benefits for family temporary disability leave and any other disability benefits pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.) or any unemployment compensation.
- 15 The employer of an individual may, notwithstanding any 16 other provision of law, including the provisions of N.J.S.18A:30-1 17 et seq., permit or require the individual, during a period of family 18 temporary disability leave, to use any paid sick leave, vacation time 19 or other leave at full pay made available by the employer before the 20 individual is eligible for disability benefits for family temporary 21 disability leave pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.), except that the employer may not require the individual to use more 22 23 than two weeks worth of leave at full pay. The employer may also 24 have the total number of days worth of disability benefits paid 25 pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) to the individual 26 during a period of family temporary disability leave reduced by the 27 number of days of leave at full pay paid by the employer to the 28 individual during that period. If the employer requires the 29 individual to use leave at full pay, the employee shall be permitted 30 to take that fully-paid leave during the waiting period required 31 pursuant to subsection (a) of section 15 of P.L.1948, c.110 32 (C.43:21-39). Nothing in P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall 33 be construed as nullifying any provision of an existing collective 34 bargaining agreement or employer policy, or preventing any new 35 provision of a collective bargaining agreement or employer policy, 36 which provides employees more generous leave or gives employees 37 greater rights to select which kind of leave is used or select the 38 order in which the different kinds of leave are used. Nothing in 39 P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall be construed as preventing 40 an employer from providing more generous benefits than are 41 provided under P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) or providing 42 benefits which supplement the benefits provided under P.L.2008, 43 c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) for some or all of the employer's 44 employees.
  - d. An individual who is entitled to leave under the provisions of the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.), shall take any benefits provided for family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17

(C.43:21-39.1 et al.) concurrently with leave taken pursuant to the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.). Nothing in P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall be construed to grant an employee any entitlement to be restored by the employer to employment held by the employee prior to taking family temporary disability leave or any right to take action against an employer who refuses to restore the employee to employment after the leave. Nothing in P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) shall be construed to increase, reduce or otherwise modify any entitlement of an employee to return to employment or right of the employee to take action under the provisions of the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.). If an employee receives benefits for family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) with respect to employment with an employer who is not an employer as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) and that employer fails or refuses to restore the employee to employment after the period of family temporary disability leave, that failure or refusal shall not be a wrongful discharge in violation of a clear mandate of public policy, and the employee shall not have a cause of action against that employer, in tort, or for breach of an implied provision of the employment agreement, or under common law, for that failure or refusal. 

e. An employee taking family temporary disability leave or an employer from whom the employee is taking the leave shall have the same right to appeal a determination of a benefit for the family temporary disability leave made under P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.) as an employee or employer has to appeal a determination of a benefit for the disability of the employee under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), and any regulations adopted pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).

f. In the event of a period of family temporary disability leave of any individual covered under the State plan, the employer shall, not later than the ninth day of the period of family temporary disability leave, or not later than the ninth day after the employee notifies the employer of an anticipated period of family temporary disability leave pursuant to subsection h. of this section, whichever comes first, including any waiting period or time in which the employer provides sick leave, vacation or other fully paid leave, issue to the individual and to the division printed notices on division forms containing the name, address and Social Security number of the individual, such wage information as the division may require to determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, including any sick pay, vacation or other fully paid time off provided by the employer during the period of family temporary disability leave, and the name, address, and division identity

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1 number of the employer. Not later than 30 days after the 2 commencement of the period of family temporary disability leave 3 for which the notice is furnished by the employer, the individual 4 shall furnish to the division a notice and claim for family temporary 5 disability leave benefits. Upon the submission of the notices by the 6 employer and the individual, and the commencement of the 7 compensable portion of the family temporary disability leave 8 pursuant to P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1 et al.), the division may 9 issue benefit payments. In the case of family temporary disability 10 leave taken to care for a family member with a serious health 11 condition, the benefits may be paid for periods not exceeding three 12 weeks pending the receipt of the certification required pursuant to 13 subsection b. of section 11 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.2). 14 Failure to furnish notice and certification in the manner above 15 provided shall not invalidate or reduce any claim if it shall be 16 shown to the satisfaction of the division not to have been 17 reasonably possible to furnish the notice and certification and that 18 the notice and certification was furnished as soon as reasonably 19 possible. 20

g. Each covered employer shall conspicuously notification, in a place or places accessible to all employees in each of the employer's workplaces, in a form issued by regulation promulgated by the commissioner, of each covered employee's rights regarding benefits payable pursuant to this section. The employer shall also provide each employee of the employer with a written copy of the notification: (1) not later than 30 days after the form of the notification is issued by regulation; (2) at the time of the employee's hiring, if the employee is hired after the issuance; (3) whenever the employee notifies the employer that the employee is taking time off for circumstances under which the employee is eligible for benefits pursuant to this section; and (4) at any time, upon the first request of the employee.

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h. With respect to any period of family temporary disability leave commencing on or after January 1, 2018, if an individual knows in advance when the period will commence, the individual may notify the employer of the anticipated period of family temporary disability leave and submit to the division a claim for benefits for that period, which shall include a statement of when the period will commence and any certification required pursuant to subsection b. of section 11 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.2), prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the period will commence. The division shall process that claim immediately and, upon finding that the claim is valid, shall pay the benefit upon the commencement of the period of family temporary disability leave or after any applicable one week waiting period, except that if division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the period, the division shall make the payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. The periods of family temporary disability leave to which the provisions of this

1 subsection apply shall include, but not be limited to, any of the 2 following if the commencement date of the leave is known in 3 advance: periods of leave for care of a child of the individual after 4 adoption or childbirth; periods of leave for scheduled medical 5 procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the 6 individual; and periods of leave for scheduled ongoing care of a 7 family member of the individual. If the individual did not establish 8 enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 9 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim, the 10 division shall notify the individual that the individual may file the 11 claim again upon or after the commencement of the period of 12 family temporary disability leave and the division shall then 13 reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 14 weeks preceding the week in which the period of family temporary 15 disability leave commences. 16 (cf: P.L.2008, c.17, s.10)

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- 3. Section 17 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-41) is amended to read as follows:
- 17. (a) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1975, c.355.)
- (b) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
- 22 (c) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
- 23 (d) (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).

family temporary disability leave commences.

24 (2) With respect to periods of disability commencing on or after 25 January 1, 2001, no individual shall be entitled to benefits under 26 this act unless the individual has, within the 52 calendar weeks 27 preceding the week in which the individual's period of disability 28 commenced, or within the 52 weeks preceding the week in which 29 the individual submits a claim for benefits pursuant to subsection h. 30 of section 10 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of 31 subsection (a) of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49), 32 established at least 20 base weeks or earned not less than 1,000 33 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of 34 P.L.1996, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the disability commences, 35 36 which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of 37 38 submits a claim for benefits pursuant to subsection h. of section 10 39 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.1) or paragraph (3) of subsection (a) 40 of section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49) did not establish 41 enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 42 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim, the 43 division shall notify the individual that the individual may file the 44 claim again upon or after the commencement of the period of 45 disability or family temporary disability leave and the division shall 46 then reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 47 52 weeks preceding the week in which the period of disability or

1 (e) With respect to a period of family temporary disability leave 2 for an individual who has a period of family temporary disability 3 immediately after the individual has a period of disability for the 4 individual's own disability, the period of disability is deemed, for 5 the purposes of specifying the time of the 52-week period in which 6 base weeks or earnings are required to be established for benefit 7 eligibility pursuant to this subsection (e), to have commenced at the 8 beginning of the period of disability for the individual's own 9 disability, not the period of family temporary disability. 10

(cf: P.L.2008, c.17, s.7)

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- 4. Section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49) is amended to read as follows:
- 25. (a) (1) Every employer shall post, in prominent locations, notices to employees in the form provided by the division of whether the employer is permitted or required to participate in a temporary disability benefits program pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and whether the employer does or does not participate. For employers who participate in a temporary disability benefits program, the notice shall also describe the temporary disability benefits available to the employees and prominently disclose that pregnancy is regarded by law as a disability and that pregnant employees are regarded as disabled and entitled to temporary disability benefits to the same extent as other disabled employees. Upon the request of an employer, the division shall, without charge, provide the employer with a copy of each applicable notice, suitable for reproduction by the employer. Each employer participating in the State plan or a private plan shall give a printed copy of benefit instructions to any disabled employee as soon as the employer becomes aware of the disability.
- (2) In addition, in the event of the disability of any individual covered under the State plan, the employer shall, [on] not later than the ninth day of disability, or not later than the ninth day after the individual notifies the employer of an anticipated period of disability pursuant to paragraph (3) of this section, whichever comes first, issue to the individual and to the division printed notices on division forms containing the name, address and Social Security number of the individual, such wage information as the division may require to determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, and the name, address, and division identity number of the employer. Not later than 30 days after the commencement of the period of disability for which such notice is furnished, the individual shall furnish to the division a notice and claim for disability benefits under the State plan or for disability during unemployment. Upon the submission of such notices by the employer and the individual, and the commencement of the compensable portion of the disability leave pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25

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1 et seq.), the division may issue benefit payments for periods not 2 exceeding three weeks pending the receipt of medical proof. When 3 requested by the division, such notice and proof shall include 4 certification of total disability by the attending physician, or a 5 record of hospital confinement. Failure to furnish notice and proof 6 within the time or in the manner above provided shall not invalidate 7 or reduce any claim if it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the 8 division not to have been reasonably possible to furnish such notice 9 and proof and that such notice and proof was furnished as soon as 10 reasonably possible.

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(3) With respect to any period of disability commencing on or after January 1, 2018, if an individual knows in advance when the period will commence, the individual may notify the employer of the anticipated period of disability and submit to the division a claim for benefits for that period, which shall include a statement of when the period will commence and any certification requested by the division pursuant to this section, prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date on which the period will commence. The division shall process that claim immediately and, upon a finding that the claim is valid, shall pay the benefit upon the commencement of the period or after any applicable one week waiting period, except that if the division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the period, the division shall make the payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. The periods of disability leave to which the provisions of this paragraph apply shall include, but not be limited to, any of the following if the commencement date of the leave is known in advance: disability related to pregnancy or childbirth; disability related to scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual; and disability related to scheduled ongoing care of the individual. If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim for benefits, the division shall notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the period of disability and the division shall then reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the week in which the period of disability commences.

(b) A person claiming benefits under the State plan or for disability during unemployment shall, when requested by the division, submit at intervals, but not more often than once a week, to an examination by a legally licensed physician, dentist, podiatrist, chiropractor, certified nurse midwife, advanced practice nurse or public health nurse designated by the division. In all cases of physical examination of a claimant, the examination shall be made by a designee of the division, who shall be the same sex as the claimant if so requested by the claimant. All such examinations by physicians, dentists, podiatrists, chiropractors, certified nurse midwives or nurses designated by the division shall be without cost

to the claimant and shall be held at a reasonable time and place. Refusal to submit to such a requested examination shall disqualify the claimant from all benefits for the period of disability in question, except as to benefits already paid.

(c) All medical records of the division, except to the extent necessary for the proper administration of this act, shall be confidential and shall not be published or be open to public inspection (other than to public employees in the performance of their public duties) in any manner revealing the identity of the claimant, or the nature or cause of disability nor admissible in evidence in any action or special proceeding other than one arising under this act.

(cf: P.L.2009, c.114, s.2)

5. This act shall take effect immediately, but its provisions shall apply only to claims for benefits for periods of disability and family temporary disability commencing on or after January 1, 2018.

### **STATEMENT**

This bill permits individuals to submit temporary disability and family temporary disability leave claims up to 60 days prior to the commencement of leave if an individual knows in advance when the leave will commence. Furthermore, this bill requires the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance in the Department of Labor and Workforce Development to pay the benefit for such a claim upon the commencement of the leave. This bill may apply to leaves that include, but are not limited to, the following: a) periods of family temporary disability leave for care of a child of the individual after adoption or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of a family member of the individual; and b) periods of temporary disability leave related to pregnancy or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of the individual.

Currently, the law does not explicitly prohibit a covered individual from submitting a TDI or FLI claim prior to the commencement of a leave. However, employers are not required to provide the necessary information to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI or FLI benefits until the ninth day following the commencement of leave, and, therefore, the division cannot begin to process a claim until such documentation is received.

This bill permits individuals covered under the State temporary disability insurance (TDI) and family leave insurance (FLI) programs, under circumstances in which the individual knows in advance when the period of a FLI or TDI leave will commence, to

notify the employer of the anticipated period of leave and to apply to the division for benefits for that leave prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the leave will commence. Furthermore, no later than nine days following the notification by an individual of an anticipated period of leave, an employer is required to submit to the individual and the division notices containing such information as necessary to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI and FLI benefits.

For such claims, the division must process the claim immediately and, upon finding that the claim is valid, pay the benefit upon the commencement of the leave or after any applicable one week waiting period. However, if the division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the leave, the division shall make the benefit payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. Under the bill, the TDI and FLI weekly benefit for claims submitted prior to the commencement of the leave is computed utilizing the individual's average weekly wage in relation to when the individual submits the claim for benefits.

If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim to qualify for TDI or FLI benefits, the division must notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the leave, at which point the division will reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the commencement date of the leave.

As claims processing times for both TDI and FLI claims have slowed over recent years, covered individuals often receive their initial benefit payments weeks after their leave has begun or even after their leave has ended, causing financial hardship on claimants and their families. The goal of this legislation is to prevent such delays in payment by providing the division with advanced notification in the case of claims in which the commencement date is known prior to the period of leave; thereby allowing the division sufficient time to process such claims and to issue benefit payments upon the commencement of the leave.

### SENATE LABOR COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

### SENATE, No. 1838

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 10, 2018

The Senate Labor Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1838.

This bill permits individuals to submit temporary disability insurance ("TDI") and family temporary disability leave insurance (also referred to as family leave insurance or "FLI") claims up to 60 days prior to the commencement of leave if an individual knows in advance when the leave will commence. Furthermore, this bill requires the Department of Labor and Workforce Development to pay the benefit for such a claim upon the commencement of the leave. This bill may apply to leaves that include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. periods of FLI leave for care of a child of the individual after adoption or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of a family member of the individual; and
- 2. periods of TDI leave related to pregnancy or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of the individual.

Currently, the law does not explicitly prohibit a covered individual from submitting a TDI or FLI claim prior to the commencement of a leave. However, employers are not required to provide the necessary information to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI or FLI benefits until the ninth day following the commencement of leave, and, therefore, the division cannot begin to process a claim until such documentation is received.

This bill permits individuals covered under the TDI and FLI programs, under circumstances in which the individual knows in advance when the period of a FLI or TDI leave will commence, to notify the employer of the anticipated period of leave and to apply to the division for benefits for that leave prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the leave will commence. Furthermore, no later than nine days following the notification by an individual of an anticipated period of leave, an employer is required to submit to the individual and the division notices containing such information as necessary to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI and FLI benefits.

For such claims, the division must process the claim immediately and, upon finding that the claim is valid, pay the benefit upon the commencement of the leave or after any applicable one week waiting period. However, if the division receives the claim less than 30 days before the commencement of the leave, the division shall make the benefit payment not more than 30 days after the receipt of the claim. Under the bill, the TDI and FLI weekly benefit for claims submitted prior to the commencement of the leave is computed utilizing the individual's average weekly wage in relation to when the individual submits the claim for benefits.

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### SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

### SENATE, No. 1838

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 11, 2018** 

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1838.

This bill permits individuals to submit temporary disability insurance ("TDI") and family temporary disability leave insurance (also referred to as family leave insurance or "FLI") claims up to 60 days prior to the commencement of leave if an individual knows in advance when the leave will commence. Furthermore, this bill requires the Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DOLWD) to pay the benefit for such a claim upon the commencement of the leave. This bill may apply to leaves that include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. periods of FLI leave for care of a child of the individual after adoption or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of a family member of the individual; and
- 2. periods of TDI leave related to pregnancy or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of the individual.

Currently, the law does not explicitly prohibit a covered individual from submitting a TDI or FLI claim prior to the commencement of a leave. However, employers are not required to provide the necessary information to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI or FLI benefits until the ninth day following the commencement of leave, and, therefore, the division cannot begin to process a claim until such documentation is received.

This bill permits individuals covered under the TDI and FLI programs, under circumstances in which the individual knows in advance when the period of TDI or FLI leave will commence, to notify the employer of the anticipated period of leave and to apply to the division for benefits for that leave prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the leave will commence. Furthermore, no later than nine days following the notification by an individual of an anticipated period of leave, an employer is required to submit to the individual and the division notices containing such information as necessary to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI and FLI benefits.

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If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim to qualify for TDI or FLI benefits, the division must notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the leave, at which point the division will reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the commencement date of the leave.

### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the bill may result in a potential, likely insignificant, one-time increase in State administrative costs tied to changes in DOLWD's administrative procedures, such as modification of forms and training of staff. The specific magnitude of any expenditure increase will depend on DOLWD operating decisions, which the OLS cannot anticipate.

The OLS notes that the bill will not change the total amount of temporary disability insurance and family leave insurance benefits paid or the amount of benefits disbursed to an individual claimant. In allowing claimants to apply for benefits in advance of a known period of leave, the bill merely changes the order in which the DOLWD processes benefit claims.

# LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 1838 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

**DATED: JUNE 26, 2018** 

### **SUMMARY**

Synopsis: Permits individuals to submit TDI and family temporary disability

leave claims to DOLWD prior to commencement of leave under certain circumstances and requires timely payment of benefits for

such claims.

**Type of Impact:** Potential, One-time, State Expenditure Increase.

**Agencies Affected:** Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DOLWD)

### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	
State Cost	Indeterminate

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the bill may result in a potential, likely insignificant, one-time increase in State administrative costs tied to changes in DOLWD's administrative procedures, such as modification of forms and training of staff. The specific magnitude of any expenditure increase will depend on DOLWD operating decisions, which the OLS cannot anticipate.
- The OLS notes that the bill will not change the total amount of temporary disability insurance and family leave insurance benefits paid or the amount of benefits disbursed to an individual claimant. In allowing claimants to apply for benefits in advance of a known period of leave, the bill merely changes the order in which the DOLWD processes benefit claims.

### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill permits individuals to submit temporary disability insurance ("TDI") and family temporary disability leave insurance (also referred to as family leave insurance or "FLI") claims up to 60 days prior to the commencement of leave if an individual knows in advance when the leave will commence. Furthermore, this bill requires the DOLWD to pay the benefit for such a claim upon the commencement of the leave. This bill may apply to leaves that include, but are not limited to, the following:



- 1. periods of FLI leave for care of a child of the individual after adoption or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for a family member of the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of a family member of the individual; and
- 2. periods of TDI leave related to pregnancy or childbirth, scheduled medical procedures, treatments, or appointments for the individual, and scheduled ongoing care of the individual.

Currently, the law does not explicitly prohibit a covered individual from submitting a TDI or FLI claim prior to the commencement of a leave. However, employers are not required to provide the necessary information to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI or FLI benefits until the ninth day following the commencement of leave, and, therefore, the division cannot begin to process a claim until such documentation is received.

This bill permits individuals covered under the TDI and FLI programs, under circumstances in which the individual knows in advance when the period of a FLI or TDI leave will commence, to notify the employer of the anticipated period of leave and to apply to the division for benefits for that leave prior to, but not more than 60 days prior to, the date that the leave will commence. Furthermore, no later than nine days following the notification by an individual of an anticipated period of leave, an employer is required to submit to the individual and the division notices containing such information as necessary to determine the individual's eligibility for TDI and FLI benefits.

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If an individual did not establish enough base weeks or have enough total earnings during the 52 weeks preceding the week the individual submits the claim to qualify for TDI or FLI benefits, the division must notify the individual that the individual may file the claim again upon or after the commencement of the leave, at which point the division will reconsider the individual's eligibility for benefits based on the 52 weeks preceding the commencement date of the leave.

### FISCAL ANALYSIS

### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS estimates that the bill may result in a potential, likely insignificant, one-time increase in State administrative costs tied to changes in DOLWD's administrative procedures, such as modification of forms and training of staff. The specific magnitude of any expenditure increase will depend on DOLWD operating decisions, which the OLS cannot anticipate.

The OLS notes that the bill will not change the total amount of temporary disability insurance and family leave insurance benefits paid or the amount of benefits disbursed to an individual claimant. In allowing claimants to apply for benefits in advance of a known period of leave, the bill merely changes the order in which the DOLWD processes benefit claims.

The OLS notes that as claims processing times for TDI claims have slowed over recent years, covered individuals often receive their initial benefit payments weeks after their leave has begun or even after their leave has ended. The goal of this legislation is to prevent such delays in payment by providing the division with advanced notification in the case of claims in which the commencement date is known prior to the period of leave. This should give the division more time to process claims and allow the division to issue benefit payments sooner.

The OLS further notes that there has been a significant decline in the rate of use of TDI benefits. For instance, there were 144,618 eligible TDI claims in 1987, which was the peak year for the number of TDI claims, which represented 5.9 percent of the 2,449,200 workers covered by TDI that year. In the following years, the number of eligible claims declined even as the number of covered workers increased. By the calendar year 2016, 88,086 eligible claims were filed out of a covered worker population that had risen to 2,685,800, reducing the percentage of covered workers with eligible claims to 3.3 percent, which is 44 percent less than in 1987.

While the OLS cannot determine the reasons for this decline with any certainty, contributing factors to the growing delay of benefit payments, and possibly to the decline in the rate of use of TDI benefits should be noted. With that overarching caveat, these contributing factors may include, but may not need to be limited to, the rising portion of claims filed with insufficient data and that the TDI law does not require employers to provide needed wage data until after disability commences. While the OLS does not have sufficient information to forecast a potential impact on behavior as described above, it is possible that if the department is successful at increasing the rate by which covered individuals receive their benefit payments for TDI claims, the DOLWD may experience a long term shift in trend in the rate of usage of TDI benefits.

Section: Commerce, Labor and Industry

Analyst: Juan C. Rodriguez

Associate Fiscal Analyst

Approved: Frank W. Haines III

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

### ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 4118

To the General Assembly:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the New Jersey Constitution, I am returning Assembly Bill No. 4118 with my recommendations for reconsideration.

Assembly Bill No. 4118, Assembly Bill No. 2762 (First Reprint), Assembly Bill No. 2763 (First Reprint), and Senate Bill No. 844 all address various aspects of our temporary disability and family leave insurance systems. Assembly Bill No. 4118 permits individuals to submit temporary disability and family leave insurance claims related to pregnancy, childbirth and child care prior to the start of a known period of leave. This adjustment will help expedite the processing of benefit claims and ensure that workers receive more immediate financial backing.

I unequivocally support the expansion of these benefits for workers in the State, and will continue to work with the Legislature on future legislation addressing shortfalls in coverage, underutilization by vulnerable populations, and inequities in benefit administration. I have identified, however, significant issues with the infrastructure supporting these programs. As a result, I am concerned that these bills require changes that will render the Department of Labor and Workforce Development ("DOWLD") unable to administer the benefits contemplated by the bills, and will disrupt the timely delivery of all benefits managed by the system. I have recommended an extension of the effective dates of the bills to allow additional time for the Department to implement these measures.

In the interim, I have directed the DOLWD to work with the Office of Information Technology on coordinating a strategy for implementation and locating opportunities for much-needed modernization of the Department's computer systems.

Accordingly, I herewith return Assembly Bill No. 4118 and recommend that it be amended as follows:

Delete "immediately" and insert "one year after the date of enactment" Page 13, Section 5, Line 22:

Delete "2018" and insert Page 13, Section 5, Line 25:

"2019"

Respectfully,

[seal] /s/ Philip D. Murphy

Governor

Attest:

/s/ Matthew J. Platkin

Chief Counsel to the Governor



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## Governor Murphy Takes Action on Legislation

08/27/2018

**TRENTON** – Today, Governor Phil Murphy announced that he has conditionally vetoed the following bills:

A-764/S-365 (Caputo, Tucker, Quijano, Vainieri Huttle, Sumter, McKnight, Conaway, Houghtaling/Rice, Ruiz, Bucco) – "Alyssa's Law"; requires public school buildings to be equipped with panic alarm linked to local law enforcement.

Copy of Statement on A764

A-1053/S-1429 (Houghtaling, Taliaferro, Andrzejczak/Van Drew) – Revises and expands laws on trespass and vandalism on agricultural and horticultural lands.

Copy of Statement on A1053

A-2762/S-1317 (Greenwald, Mukherji, Conaway/Ruiz, Singleton) – Revises law concerning temporary disability leave.

Copy of Statement on A2762

**A-2763/S-342 (Greenwald, Downey/Cruz-Perez)** – Requires additional data in annual temporary disability and family leave insurance reports.

Copy of Statement on A2763

**A-3676/S-2307 (Mazzeo, Armato, Giblin/Sweeney, Van Drew, C.A. Brown)** – Creates Garden State Growth Zone at Atlantic City International Airport and surrounding area; adjusts full-time employee designation requirements.

Copy of Statement on A3676

**A-3683/S-2416 (Murphy, McKnight, Jones/Madden, Vitale)** – Authorizes parking privileges for certain healthcare workers who render care at patients' home residences.

Copy of Statement on A3683

A-3703/S-2549 (DeAngelo/Cryan, Sweeney) – Revises ownership standards and exemptions under HVACR license law.

Copy of Statement on A3703

A-3754/S-2510 (McKnight, Speight, Barclay/Madden, Pennacchio) — Exempts persons providing hair braiding services from licensure requirement, requires registration of hair braiding establishments.

Copy of Statement on A3754

**A-3808/S-2418 (Greenwald, Bramnick, Murphy/Singleton, Oroho)** – Provides for prompt payment of public contracts for purchase of goods and services.

Copy of Statement on A3808

**A-4118/S-1838 (Swain, Tully, Murphy/Ruiz, Diegnan)** – Permits individuals to submit TDI and family temporary disability leave claims to DOLWD prior to commencement of leave under certain circumstances and requires timely payment of benefits for such claims.

Copy of Statement on A4118

ACS for A-4181/S-2722 (Jones, Murphy/Cruz-Perez) – Requires establishment of common enrollment system in renaissance school district; expands definition of urban campus area; clarifies that employees of renaissance school projects are in State-administered retirement systems.

Copy of Statement on A4181

A-4230/S-2752 (Burzichelli, Mukherji, Houghtaling, Downey/Gopal, Sarlo) – Changes use of certain revenue derived from sports wagering at racetracks.

Copy of Statement on A4230

A-4261/S-2794 (Burzichelli, Moriarty, Conaway/Sweeney, Singleton) – Provides for collection of sales tax from certain remote sellers.

Copy of Statement on A4261

**A-4262/S-2795 (Pintor Marin/Sweeney)** – Decouples certain provisions of corporation business tax from Internal Revenue Code; alters dividends received deduction; revises tax base of surtax on corporation business income; repeals tax on certain dividends.

Copy of Statement on A4262

**S-250/A-3190 (Van Drew, Gopal/Land, Andrzejczak, Armato)** – Provides tax credit eligibility for qualified businesses at certain airports under Grow New Jersey Assistance Program.

Copy of Statement on S250

**S-844/A-1980 (Turner, Cruz-Perez/Sumter, Mukherji, Pintor Marin, Wimberly)** – Establishes a partial return to work TDI program.

Copy of Statement on S844

**S-866/A-3294 (Sweeney, Vitale/Vainieri Huttle, Mukherji)** – Extends eligibility for certain individuals for emergency assistance.

Copy of Statement on S866

**S-2293/A-3902 (Sweeney, Oroho, Gordon, A.R. Bucco/Benson, Burzichelli, Lampitt)** –"Securing Our Children's Future Bond Act"; authorizes issuance of \$1,000,000,000 in general obligation bonds to finance certain school, school district, and county college capital projects; appropriates \$5,000.

Copy of Statement on S2293

**S-2758/A-4212 (Vitale, Ruiz/Coughlin)** – Increases financial resources provided through Medicaid program for certain hospitals; Establishes County Option Hospital Fee Pilot Program.

Copy of Statement on S2758

Governor Murphy announced that he has absolute vetoed the following bills:

A-3267/S-2600 (Vainieri Huttle, Pinkin, McKeon/Ruiz, Smith, Weinberg) — Establishes fee on single-use carryout bags used in certain stores and dedicates fee revenue to "Healthy Schools and Community Lead Abatement Fund."

Copy of Statement on A3267

**S-878/A-3084 (Madden, Sweeney, Singleton/Greenwald, Moriarty, Jones)** – Restricts authority to terminate reciprocal personal income tax agreements with other states.

Copy of Statement on S878

**S-2662/A-4113 (Sweeney, Bateman/Burzichelli)** – Limits liability for persons who deliver heating oil to unregulated tanks for discharges from that tank under certain circumstances.

Copy of Statement on S2662

### Back to Top

Governor Phil M	lurpny		Statewide
Home	Key Initiatives	Social	NJ Home Services A to Z
Administration	Economy & Jobs	Facebook	Departments/Agencies
	Education	Twitter	FAQs
Governor Phil Murphy	Environment	Instagram	Contact Us
t. Governor Sheila	Health	Snapchat	Privacy Notice
Dliver	Law & Justice	YouTube	Legal Statement &
First Lady Tammy Snyder Murphy	Transportation	Contact Us	Disclaimers
Cabinet	News & Events	Scheduling Requests	Accessibility
Boards, Commissions	Press Releases	Contact Us	Statement

## GOVERNOR'S STATEMENT UPON SIGNING ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 4118 (First Reprint)

Assembly Bill No. 4118 (First Reprint), which I have signed today, will permit individuals to submit temporary disability and family leave insurance claims related to pregnancy, childbirth, and child care prior to the start of a known period of leave. This adjustment will help expedite the processing of benefits claims and ensure that workers receive timely financial backing.

I commend the Legislature for working to address the difficult challenges facing these workers in our State. I further appreciate the Legislature's willingness to afford the Department of Labor and Workforce Development additional time to execute this important initiative. In light of its significance, I am committed to ensuring that this measure is implemented as expeditiously as possible.

Date: October 4, 2018

/s/ Philip D. Murphy

Governor

Attest:

/s/ Matthew J. Platkin

Chief Counsel to the Governor



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## Governor Murphy Takes Action on Legislation

10/4/2018

**TRENTON** – Today, Governor Phil Murphy signed the following bills into law:

A1053 w/GR (Houghtaling, Taliaferro, Andrzejczak/Van Drew) – Revises and expands laws on trespass and vandalism on agricultural and horticultural lands.

A2762 w/GR (Greenwald, Mukherji, Conaway/Ruiz, Singleton) – Revises law concerning temporary disability leave.

Copy of Statement on A2762 w/GR

A2763 w/GR (Greenwald, Downey, Pintor Marin/Cruz-Perez) – Requires additional data in annual temporary disability and family leave insurance reports.

Copy of Statement on A2763 w/GR

**A3683 w/GR (Murphy, McKnight, Jones/Madden, Vitale)** – Authorizes parking privileges for certain healthcare workers who render care at patients' home residences.

A3703 w/GR (DeAngelo/Cryan, Sweeney) – Revises ownership standards and exemptions under HVACR license law.

A3754 w/GR (McKnight, Speight, Barclay/Madden) – Exempts persons providing hair braiding services from licensure requirement, requires registration of hair braiding establishments.

**A3808 w/GR (Greenwald, Bramnick, Murphy/Singleton, Oroho)** – Provides for prompt payment of public contracts for purchase of goods and services.

**A4118 w/GR (Swain, Tully, Murphy/Ruiz, Diegnan)** – Permits individuals to submit TDI and family temporary disability leave claims to DOLWD prior to commencement of leave under certain circumstances and requires timely payment of benefits for such claims.

Copy of Statement on A4118 w/GR

**A4181 w/GR (Jones, Murphy/Cruz-Perez)** – Clarifies that employees of renaissance school projects are in State administered retirement systems.

Copy of Statement on A4181 w/GR

**A4230 w/GR (Burzichelli, Mukherji, Houghtaling, Downey/Gopal, Sarlo)** – Changes use of certain revenue derived from sports wagering at racetracks.

A4495 (Pintor Marin/Sarlo, Singleton) – Amends provisions regarding tax base and operative dates relative to CBT and combined reporting; provides CBT deduction in amount of certain foreign-related income; clarifies tax treatment of certain tax credits awarded by EDA. Copy of Statement on A4495

A4496 (Burzichelli, Moriarty/Singleton) - Provides for collection of sales tax by marketplace facilitators and certain remote sellers, and clarifies collection of taxes related to hotel and transient accommodation occupancies.

Back to Top

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**Facebook** 

Instagram

**Snapchat** 

YouTube

**Contact Us** 

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**Scheduling Requests** 

**Twitter** 

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### Home

### Administration

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Oliver

**First Lady Tammy** 

**Snyder Murphy** 

**Cabinet** 

**Boards. Commissions** 

& Authorities

Internship

**Opportunities** 

Governor's Residence

- Drumthwacket

### **Key Initiatives**

**Economy & Jobs** 

**Education** 

**Environment** 

Health

Law & Justice

**Transportation** 

### **News & Events**

**Press Releases** 

**Public Addresses** 

**Executive Orders** 

Statements on

**Administration Reports** 

**Transition Reports** 

**Press Kits** 

## Statewide

**NJ Home** 

Services A to Z

**Departments/Agencies** 

**FAQs** 

**Contact Us** 

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**Legal Statement &** 

**Disclaimers** 

**Accessibility** 

**Statement** 

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