13:1L-29

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2009 **CHAPTER:** 256

NJSA: 13:1L-29 (Establishes forest stewardship and forest certification programs in DEP; establishes Forest

Stewardship Incentive Fund)

BILL NO: S713 (Substituted for A3239)

SPONSOR(S) Smith and Others

DATE INTRODUCED: January 8, 2008

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Agriculture and Natural Resources

Appropriations

SENATE: Environment

Budget and Appropriations

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: January 11, 2010

SENATE: January 11, 2010

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 17, 2010

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (First reprint to Senate Committee Substitute enacted)

S713

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 11 of introduced bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Ag. 5-11-09

App. 1-4-10

SENATE: Yes Env. 10-6-08

Bud. 11-13-08

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL NOTE: Yes 7-15-08

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes 10-29-08

6-24-09

A3239

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 11 of introduced bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Ag. 5-11-09

App.1-4-10

SENATE: No

(continued)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT:	No
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:	Yes
VETO MESSAGE:	No
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LAW/RWH

[First Reprint]

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 713

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

213th LEGISLATURE

ADOPTED OCTOBER 6, 2008

Sponsored by:

Senator BOB SMITH

District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

Senator JEFF VAN DREW

District 1 (Cape May, Atlantic and Cumberland)

Senator JOHN H. ADLER

District 6 (Camden)

Senator ROBERT M. GORDON

District 38 (Bergen)

Senator ANDREW R. CIESLA

District 10 (Monmouth and Ocean)

Senator CHRISTOPHER "KIP" BATEMAN

District 16 (Morris and Somerset)

Senator ROBERT W. SINGER

District 30 (Burlington, Mercer, Monmouth and Ocean)

Assemblyman JOHN F. MCKEON

District 27 (Essex)

Assemblyman DOUGLAS H. FISHER

District 3 (Salem, Cumberland and Gloucester)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblymen Albano, Milam, Assemblywomen Jasey, Wagner, Assemblyman Moriarty, Assemblywomen Greenstein, Vainieri Huttle and Assemblyman Diegnan

SYNOPSIS

Establishes forest stewardship and forest certification programs in DEP; establishes Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee on May 11, 2009, with amendments.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/12/2010)

AN ACT concerning forest stewardship, supplementing Title 13 of the Revised Statues, amending and supplementing P.L.1964, c.48, and amending P.L.2004, c.120 and P.L.2005, c.367.

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> **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. (New section) a. The Legislature finds and declares that forest lands are critical to the environmental welfare of the State; that forest lands help clean and refresh the air by filtering dust and particulates; that forest lands absorb carbon dioxide and release oxygen, helping to reduce global warming; that forest lands help clean and protect the waters of the State, promote replenishment of aquifers, stabilize soils, provide shade, and provide habitat essential to sustaining New Jersey's native biodiversity, including habitat critical for endangered and threatened species and species of special concern; and that it is proper to consider the management of forests in a sustainable manner as an agricultural or horticultural use which yields public benefits.
- b. The Legislature further finds and declares that forest lands are critical to the social welfare of the State; that forest lands are a necessary and important part of community and urban environments, and are essential to the maintenance of quality of life in the State; that forest lands afford outdoor recreational opportunities and irreplaceable aesthetic benefits; and that forest lands promote the health of the citizenry by contributing to the availability of clean air and water.
- c. The Legislature further finds and declares that forest lands contribute to the economic well being of the State through increased property values, ecotourism, business opportunities, and forest products, and through helping to preserve New Jersey as a place where both employers and skilled and talented employees choose to reside.
- d. The Legislature further finds and declares that forest lands are an irreplaceable component of the environment worthy of conservation and stewardship and that they must be nurtured to guarantee sustained and improved yields of forest benefits; that the State's publicly and '[privately-owned] privately owned' forest lands are now seldom managed effectively due to a lack of guidance, resources, and incentives for improved stewardship; and that care and management of forest lands could be enhanced through the establishment of a forest stewardship program.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Assembly AAN committee amendments adopted May 11, 2009.

e. The Legislature therefore determines that it is in the public interest to establish a forest stewardship program to develop and promote the long-term active management of the State's forest resources in order to preserve and enhance those resources and realize the benefits thereof.

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- 2. (New section) As used in sections 1 through 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill):
- 9 "Department" means the Department of Environmental 10 Protection.
 - "Forest stewardship plan" means a plan prepared and implemented by an owner of forest land, and approved by the department, pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

"Local government unit" means a municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the State, or any agency, board, commission, utilities authority or other authority, or other entity thereof.

"Owner" means an owner of forest land.

"Sustainability" means, with respect to forest land, having the ability to: (1) maintain its ecological processes, biodiversity, resource productivity, regeneration capacity, and vitality; and promote forest health, preclude the spread of invasive non-native species, maintain forest integrity and contiguity, preserve New Jersey's native biodiversity, and protect endangered and threatened species and species of special concern and the habitat that sustains them; and (2) realize the potential to fulfill now and for future generations, relevant ecological, environmental, economic, and social functions, including but not limited to protection and improvement of air quality and of water supply and water quality, stabilization of soils, prevention and suppression of uncontrolled wildfires, service of markets for forest products, provision of recreational opportunities, and improvement of quality of life.

"Sustainable manner" means employing practices for the use and care of forest land that promote sustainability and do not cause damage to other ecosystems, and avoiding acts and omissions that undermine sustainability.

3. (New section) a. The department shall establish a forest stewardship program under which an owner, in conjunction with a forester or other professional selected by the owner from a list of foresters approved by the department, or from a list of other professionals authorized by the department in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee established pursuant to section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill), may prepare a forest stewardship plan for land, five acres or greater in area, submit the plan to the department for approval, and

implement the plan as approved, or as subsequently amended with the approval of the department.

A forest stewardship plan, at a minimum, shall:

- (1) conform with the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands;
- (2) list the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land; and, for each year that the plan applies, list the activities to be implemented that year, including the activities designed to ensure the sustainability of the forest land as well as activities designed to eliminate excessive and unnecessary cutting, and provide the rationale for each activity listed; and
- (3) establish the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting necessary to document implementation of the forest stewardship plan, including documentation of activities and inspections performed.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of section 6 of P.L. 18 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), a for
 - c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), a forest stewardship plan submitted for land in the pinelands area shall comply with the standards of the comprehensive management plan for the pinelands area adopted pursuant to P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.).
 - b. The department may elect to inspect the forest land, prior to determining whether to approve a forest stewardship plan, in order to assess the appropriateness and sufficiency of the proposed plan.

After the department approves a forest stewardship plan, the forest land shall be subject to inspection by the department during one of the first three years following approval and at least once every three years following the first inspection.

- c. A forest stewardship plan shall be valid for a period of 10 years, unless sooner terminated by the owner or revoked by the department. To continue, without interruption, participation in the forest stewardship program, an owner shall prepare a new or revised forest stewardship plan pursuant to subsection a. of this section and, in accordance with procedures established by the department, obtain the department's approval of the new or revised forest stewardship plan prior to the expiration date of the current forest stewardship plan
- d. A forest stewardship plan approved pursuant to this section shall be considered to be a woodland management plan pursuant to section 3 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) when the approved forest stewardship plan is submitted as part of an application for valuation, assessment and taxation pursuant to the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.).

- 4. (New section) a. For the purposes of section 1 of P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45), the department shall establish a forest certification program under which the department may certify that forest land is managed in a sustainable manner, provided that:
 - (1) the owner has obtained a forest stewardship plan approved by the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and
 - (2) the owner and a forester or other professional selected by the owner from a list of foresters approved by the department, or from a list of other professionals authorized by the department in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee established pursuant to section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill), has annually attested to full compliance with the forest stewardship plan for at least two years.
 - b. Certification pursuant to subsection a. of this section, or renewal thereof, shall be in accordance with procedures established by the department and shall be valid for five years, except that the department may withdraw certification if the department determines that the owner has failed to maintain full implementation of the forest stewardship plan. To maintain in good standing the certification of forest land beyond the date that a forest stewardship plan expires, the owner shall obtain the department's approval of a new or revised forest stewardship plan pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) prior to the expiration date of the current forest stewardship plan.

- 5. (New section) a. There is established in the General Fund a special nonlapsing fund, to be known as the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund." Moneys in the fund shall be dedicated to:
- (1) providing grants to persons for the purpose of developing ¹and implementing ¹ a forest stewardship plan pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill);
- (2) paying the costs of the department to develop, implement, and administer the provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and
- 36 (3) providing for the stewardship and management of State 37 forests.
 - b. The fund shall be credited with:
- 39 (1) the amount allocated for programs that enhance the 40 stewardship and restoration of the State's forests pursuant to section 41 7 of P.L.2007, c.340 (C.26:2C-51) from the "Global Warming 42 Solutions Fund," established pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2007, 43 c.340 (C.26:2C-50);
- 44 (2) any other moneys as may be appropriated to the fund by the 45 Legislature or otherwise provided to the fund; and
- 46 (3) any return on the investment of moneys deposited in the fund.

c. In each State fiscal year, the amount credited to the Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund shall be appropriated to the fund for the purposes set forth in this section.

d. The department may award individual grants of up to \$1,500 from the fund to pay for the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). If the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan exceeds \$1,500, the department may also award 80 percent of the cost that exceeds \$1,500 to the owner, up to a maximum grant of \$2,500. Grants from the fund may be made to local government units, nonprofit organizations, and private owners of forest land. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection to the contrary, the amount of the grants prescribed by this subsection may be adjusted annually by the department in direct proportion to the increase in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers in the New York City area as reported by the United States Department of Labor.

¹e. The department may award individual grants through a cost-sharing program established pursuant to subsection c. of section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) to private owners who have obtained a forest stewardship plan approved by the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The department shall expend no more than \$150,000 in any State fiscal year for grants awarded through the cost-sharing program.¹

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6. (New section) No local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan approved pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) or impose a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. The provisions of P.L. (C. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) supersede any such ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, enacted or adopted on or prior to the date of enactment of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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7. (New section) a. The department, utilizing guidance provided by the United States Forest Service and in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee established pursuant to subsection ¹[c.] d. ¹ of section 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and with the benefit of public comment, shall develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators appropriate to the circumstances encountered in New

- 1 Jersey, as a basis for monitoring, recording, and assessing the
- 2 extent, condition, and sustainability of all New Jersey forests,
- 3 whether publicly or privately owned. The department shall prepare
- 4 a report setting forth the findings and assessments based on these
- 5 forest sustainability criteria and indicators by February 1 of the
- 6 third year after the date of enactment of P.L. , c. (C.)
- 7 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and every seven years
- 8 thereafter, which report shall include any recommendations for
- 9 legislative or administrative action. The Commissioner of
- 10 Environmental Protection shall transmit the report to the Governor
- and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the
- 12 Legislature.
 - b. The department shall consider the findings and assessments set forth in the forest sustainability criteria and indicators report prepared pursuant to subsection a. of this section to determine how to adapt the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) to ensure the sustainability of forest lands, to set priorities for the management of State-owned forest lands, and to assist in establishing priorities for the use of State funds for the acquisition
- 21 of forest lands.
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- 8. (New section) The department shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations necessary for the implementation of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), including
- 27 rules and regulations:
 - a. setting forth policies, guidelines and best management practices that establish standards designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands, which may be applicable to any publicly and privately owned forest land;
- b. establishing, in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee established pursuant to subsection ¹[c.] <u>d.</u> ¹ of
- 34 this section, professional standards and requirements of persons in
- 35 addition to foresters on the list approved by the department,
- authorized to prepare forest stewardship plans pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill);
- 38 ¹[and]¹
- c. ¹establishing, in consultation with the forest stewardship
- 40 <u>advisory committee established pursuant to subsection d. of this</u>
- 41 <u>section, a cost-sharing program modeled upon the federal forest</u>
- 42 <u>land enhancement program established pursuant to 16 U.S.C. s.2103</u>
- 43 to provide individual grants to private owners to assist with a
- 44 portion of the costs associated with the implementation of forest
- stewardship plans approved by the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill);
- 47 and identifying eligibility criteria, establishing the reimbursement

1 <u>rate, and developing a priority ranking system for grant</u> 2 <u>applications; and</u>

<u>d.</u>¹ establishing a forest stewardship advisory committee, consistent with the federal requirements for the establishment of a State Forest Stewardship Coordinating Committee pursuant to 16 U.S.C. s.2113, to advise the department (1) on issues related to forest stewardship and recommend programs, actions and standards, including rules and regulations, policies, guidelines and best management practices, for the conservation and stewardship of forest lands, and (2) with respect to the standards and requirements to be established pursuant to subsection b. of this section.

9. (New section) As used in this section and section 10 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill):

"Forest stewardship plan" means a plan prepared and implemented by an owner of forest land, and approved by the Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

"Owner" means an owner of forest land.

"Woodland management plan" means a plan prepared and implemented by an owner of forest land or woodland pursuant to section 3 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) and any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

- 10. (New section) a. Notwithstanding any provision of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, an owner who annually submits an application pursuant to subsection c. of section 3 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) may provide a forest stewardship plan or a woodland management plan to accompany the application.
- b. When a forest stewardship plan is submitted with an application pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the forest land shall not be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use for the two successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue if the forest stewardship plan has expired during those two years and a new forest stewardship plan has not been approved prior to the expiration date of the current forest stewardship plan.
- c. In the case where a forest stewardship plan was approved more than two years preceding the tax year in issue, the forest land shall be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use and to have been so devoted for at least the two successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue if the owner has implemented in full the approved forest stewardship plan for at least the two successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue.

- d. In the case where a forest stewardship plan was approved less than two years preceding the tax year in issue, the forest land shall be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use and to have been so devoted for at least two successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue if:
 - (1) the owner has implemented in full the forest stewardship plan once it was approved; and
- (2) for at least the remaining portion of the two-year period immediately preceding the tax year in issue, prior to the approval of the forest stewardship plan, the forest land qualifies, pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.5 and C.54:4-23.6), to be deemed to have been actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use. Additionally, if the land was devoted exclusively to the production for sale of tree and forest products, other than Christmas trees, and is not appurtenant woodland, the owner must have established a woodland management plan more than two years preceding the tax year in issue and complied with that plan until such time as a forest stewardship plan was approved pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- e. The Department of Environmental Protection, in consultation with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Treasury, shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations necessary for the implementation of this section.

- 11. Section 30 of P.L.2004, c.120 (C.13:20-28) is amended to read as follows:
- 30. a. The following are exempt from the provisions of this act, the regional master plan, any rules or regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to this act, or any amendments to a master plan, development regulations, or other regulations adopted by a local government unit to specifically conform them with the regional master plan:
- (1) the construction of a single family dwelling, for an individual's own use or the use of an immediate family member, on a lot owned by the individual on the date of enactment of this act or on a lot for which the individual has on or before May 17, 2004 entered into a binding contract of sale to purchase that lot;
- (2) the construction of a single family dwelling on a lot in existence on the date of enactment of this act, provided that the construction does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or a cumulative increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more;
- 45 (3) a major Highlands development that received on or before 46 March 29, 2004:

- 1 (a) one of the following approvals pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.):
 - (i) preliminary or final site plan approval;

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- (ii) final municipal building or construction permit;
- 5 (iii) minor subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan 6 approval is required;
 - (iv) final subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan approval is required; or
- 9 (v) preliminary subdivision approval where no subsequent site 10 plan approval is required; and
- 11 (b) at least one of the following permits from the Department of 12 Environmental Protection, if applicable to the proposed major 13 Highlands development:
- 14 (i) a permit or certification pursuant to the "Water Supply 15 Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.);
- (ii) a water extension permit or other approval or authorization pursuant to the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.);
- 19 (iii) a certification or other approval or authorization issued 20 pursuant to the "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities 21 Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.); or
- 22 (iv) a treatment works approval pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.); or
 - (c) one of the following permits from the Department of Environmental Protection, if applicable to the proposed major Highlands development, and if the proposed major Highlands development does not require one of the permits listed in subsubparagraphs (i) through (iv) of subparagraph (b) of this paragraph:
- 30 (i) a permit or other approval or authorization issued pursuant to 31 the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 32 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.); or
- 33 (ii) a permit or other approval or authorization issued pursuant to 34 the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-35 50 et seq.).
- The exemption provided in this paragraph shall apply only to the land area and the scope of the major Highlands development addressed by the qualifying approvals pursuant to subparagraphs (a) and (b), or (c) if applicable, of this paragraph, shall expire if any of those qualifying approvals expire, and shall expire if construction beyond site preparation does not commence within three years after the date of enactment of this act;
 - (4) the reconstruction of any building or structure for any reason within 125% of the footprint of the lawfully existing impervious surfaces on the site, provided that the reconstruction does not increase the lawfully existing impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more. This exemption shall not apply to the reconstruction

of any agricultural or horticultural building or structure for a nonagricultural or non-horticultural use;

- (5) any improvement to a single family dwelling in existence on the date of enactment of this act, including but not limited to an addition, garage, shed, driveway, porch, deck, patio, swimming pool, or septic system;
- (6) any improvement, for non-residential purposes, to a place of worship owned by a nonprofit entity, society or association, or association organized primarily for religious purposes, or a public or private school, or a hospital, in existence on the date of enactment of this act, including but not limited to new structures, an addition to an existing building or structure, a site improvement, or a sanitary facility;
- (7) an activity conducted in accordance with an approved woodland management plan pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) or a forest stewardship plan approved pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), or the normal harvesting of forest products in accordance with a forest management plan or forest stewardship plan approved by the State Forester;
- (8) the construction or extension of trails with non-impervious surfaces on publicly owned lands or on privately owned lands where a conservation or recreational use easement has been established;
- (9) the routine maintenance and operations, rehabilitation, preservation, reconstruction, or repair of transportation or infrastructure systems by a State entity or local government unit, provided that the activity is consistent with the goals and purposes of this act and does not result in the construction of any new through-capacity travel lanes;
- (10) the construction of transportation safety projects and bicycle and pedestrian facilities by a State entity or local government unit, provided that the activity does not result in the construction of any new through-capacity travel lanes;
- (11) the routine maintenance and operations, rehabilitation, preservation, reconstruction, repair, or upgrade of public utility lines, rights of way, or systems, by a public utility, provided that the activity is consistent with the goals and purposes of this act;
- (12) the reactivation of rail lines and rail beds existing on the date of enactment of this act;
- (13) the construction of a public infrastructure project approved by public referendum prior to January 1, 2005 or a capital project approved by public referendum prior to January 1, 2005;
- 44 (14) the mining, quarrying, or production of ready mix concrete, 45 bituminous concrete, or Class B recycling materials occurring or 46 which are permitted to occur on any mine, mine site, or construction 47 materials facility existing on June 7, 2004;

- 1 (15) the remediation of any contaminated site pursuant to P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-1 et seq.);
- 3 (16) any lands of a federal military installation existing on the 4 date of enactment of this act that lie within the Highlands Region; 5 and
- (17) a major Highlands development located within an area 6 7 designated as Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), or Planning Area 2 8 (Suburban), as designated pursuant to P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-9 196 et seq.) as of March 29, 2004, that on or before March 29, 2004 10 has been the subject of a settlement agreement and stipulation of 11 dismissal filed in the Superior Court, or a builder's remedy issued 12 by the Superior Court, to satisfy the constitutional requirement to 13 provide for the fulfillment of the fair share obligation of the 14 municipality in which the development is located. The exemption 15 provided pursuant to this paragraph shall expire if construction 16 beyond site preparation does not commence within three years after 17 receiving all final approvals required pursuant to the "Municipal 18 Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.).
 - b. The exemptions provided in subsection a. of this section shall not be construed to alter or obviate the requirements of any other applicable State or local laws, rules, regulations, development regulations, or ordinances.
 - c. Nothing in this act shall be construed to alter the funding allocation formulas established pursuant to the "Garden State Preservation Trust Act," P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et seq.).
 - d. Nothing in this act shall be construed to repeal, reduce, or otherwise modify the obligation of counties, municipalities, and other municipal and public agencies of the State to pay property taxes on lands used for the purpose and for the protection of a public water supply, without regard to any buildings or other improvements thereon, pursuant to R.S.54:4-3.3.
- 32 (cf: P.L.2004, c.120, s.30)

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- 34 12. Section 1 of P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45) is amended to 35 read as follows:
- 36 1. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the 37 contrary, the Director of the Division of Purchase and Property in 38 the Department of the Treasury, the Director of the Division of 39 Property Management and Construction in the Department of the 40 Treasury, or any State agency having authority to contract for the 41 purchase of goods or services, shall whenever possible give 42 preference to wood or paper products derived from sustainably 43 managed forests or procurement systems when entering into or 44 renewing a contract for the purchase of such goods or related 45 services. Any preference provided pursuant to this subsection may 46 not supersede any preference given to recycled paper and paper 47 products pursuant to P.L.1987, c. 102 (C.13:1E-99.11 et seq.).

- 1 In preparing the specifications for any contract for the purchase
- 2 of goods and services the Director of the Division of Purchase and
- 3 Property, the Director of the Division of Property Management and
- 4 Construction, or any State agency having authority to contract for
- 5 the purchase of goods or services shall include in the invitation to
- 6 bid, where relevant, a statement that any response to the invitation
- 7 that proposes or calls for the use of wood or paper products derived
- 8 from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems shall
- 9 receive preference whenever possible.

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- b. The provisions of subsection a. of this section shall not apply:
- (1) To any binding contractual obligations for the purchase of goods or services entered into prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.);
- (2) To bid packages advertised and made available to the public, or to any competitive and sealed bids received by the State, prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.); or
- 18 (3) To any amendment, modification, or renewal of a contract, 19 which contract was entered into prior to the effective date of [this 20 act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.) where the application 21 would delay timely completion of a project or involve an increase in 22 the total moneys to be paid by the State under that contract.
- 23 c. For the purposes of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.), "derived from sustainably managed forests or procurement 24 25 systems" means the source of the wood or paper product is a forest 26 or system for procuring wood or paper products that is certified by 27 the Department of Environmental Protection under the forest certification program established pursuant to section 4 of 28 29 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) or 30 by an independent third party using one or more of the following 31 certification programs or standards:
 - (1) The Sustainable Forestry Initiative program;
- 33 (2) The American Forest Foundation American Tree Farm34 System program;
- (3) The sustainable forest management system standards of the
 Canadian Standards Association;
 - (4) The Forest Stewardship Council certification program;
 - (5) The Pan-European forest certification system;
- 39 (6) The Finnish Forest Certification System;
 - (7) The United Kingdom Woodland Assurance Standard;
- 41 (8) The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) 42 standard 14001; or
- 43 (9) Any other certification program or standard that the State
 44 Treasurer or the Commissioner of Environmental Protection
- Treasurer or the Commissioner of Environmental Protection determines may be used to certify that wood or paper products are
- derived from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems.
- 47 (cf: P.L.2005, c.367, s.1)

13. Section 3 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) is amended to read as follows:

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- 3 3. Land shall be deemed to be in agricultural use when devoted 4 to the production for sale of plants and animals useful to man, 5 including but not limited to: forages and sod crops; grains and feed 6 crops; dairy animals and dairy products; poultry and poultry 7 products; livestock, including beef cattle, sheep, swine, horses, 8 ponies, mules or goats, including the breeding, boarding, raising, 9 rehabilitating, training or grazing of any or all of such animals, 10 except that "livestock" shall not include dogs; bees and apiary 11 products; fur animals; trees and forest products; or when devoted to 12 and meeting the requirements and qualifications for payments or 13 other compensation pursuant to a soil conservation program under 14 an agreement with an agency of the federal government, except that 15 land which is devoted exclusively to the production for sale of tree 16 and forest products, other than Christmas trees, or devoted as 17 sustainable forestland, and is not appurtenant woodland, shall not 18 be deemed to be in agricultural use unless the landowner fulfills the 19 following additional conditions:
- 20 a. The landowner establishes and complies with the provisions of a forest stewardship plan for this land, approved by the 22 Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to section 3 of 23 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), or a 24 woodland management plan for this land, prepared in accordance 25 with policies, guidelines and practices approved by the Division of 26 Parks and Forestry in the Department of Environmental Protection, 27 in consultation with the Department of Agriculture and the Dean of 28 Cook College at Rutgers, The State University, which policies, 29 guidelines and practices are designed to eliminate excessive and 30 unnecessary cutting;
 - The landowner, and a forester from a list of foresters approved by the Department of Environmental Protection or other professional from a list of other professionals authorized by the department in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee established pursuant to section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill), annually attest to compliance with subsection a. of this section; and
- 38 c. The landowner annually submits an application, as prescribed 39 in section 13 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.13), to the assessor, 40 accompanied by a copy of the plan established pursuant to 41 subsection a. of this section; written documentation of compliance 42 with subsection b. of this section; a supplementary woodland data 43 form setting forth woodland management actions taken in the pre-44 tax year, the type and quantity of tree and forest products sold, and 45 the amount of income received or anticipated for same; a map of the 46 land showing the location of the activity and the soil group classes 47 of the land; and other pertinent information required by the Director

of the Division of Taxation as part of the application for valuation, 1 2 assessment and taxation, as provided in P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 3 et seq.). The landowner shall, at the same time, submit to the 4 Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Protection an 5 exact copy of the application and accompanying information 6 submitted to the assessor pursuant to this subsection. For the purposes of this amendatory and supplementary act, "appurtenant 7 8 woodland" means a wooded piece of property which is contiguous 9 to, part of, or beneficial to a tract of land, which tract of land has a 10 minimum area of at least five acres devoted to agricultural or 11 horticultural uses other than the production for sale of trees and 12 forest products, exclusive of Christmas trees, to which tract of land 13 the woodland is supportive and subordinate. 14

(cf: P.L.1995, c.276, s.1)

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14. Section 5 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.5) is amended to read as follows:

5. [Land] a. Except as otherwise provided in subsection b. of this section, land, five acres in area, shall be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use when the amount of the gross sales of agricultural or horticultural products produced thereon, any payments received under a soil conservation program, fees received for breeding, raising or grazing any livestock, income imputed to land used for grazing in the amount determined by the State Farmland Evaluation Advisory Committee created pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.20), and fees received for boarding, rehabilitating or training any livestock where the land under the boarding, rehabilitating or training facilities is contiguous to land which otherwise qualifies for valuation, assessment and taxation under this act, have averaged at least \$500.00 per year during the two-year period immediately preceding the tax year in issue, or there is clear evidence of anticipated yearly gross sales and such payments amounting to at least \$500.00 within a reasonable period of time.

In addition, where the land is more than five acres in area, it shall be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use when the amount of the gross sales of agricultural or horticultural products produced on the area above five acres, any payments received under a soil conservation program, fees received for breeding, raising or grazing any livestock, income imputed to land used for grazing in the amount determined by the State Farmland Evaluation Advisory Committee created pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.20), and fees received for boarding, rehabilitating or training any livestock where the land under the boarding, rehabilitating or training facilities is contiguous to land which otherwise qualifies for valuation, assessment and taxation under this act, have averaged at least \$5.00 per acre per

year during the two-year period immediately preceding the tax year in issue, or there is clear evidence of anticipated yearly gross sales and such payments amounting to an average of at least \$5.00 per year within a reasonable period of time; except in the case of woodland and wetland, where the minimum requirement shall be an average of \$0.50 per acre on the area above five acres.

As used in this section, "livestock" shall not include dogs.

For the purposes of this section, the presence of an intervening public thoroughfare shall not preclude a finding of contiguity.

Land previously qualified as actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use under the act; but failing to meet the additional requirement on acreage above five acres shall not be subject to the roll-back tax because of such disqualification, but shall be treated as land for which an annual application has not been submitted.

In determining the eligibility of land for valuation, assessment and taxation pursuant to P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.), the assessor of the taxing district in which the land is located shall, upon request by the owner of the land, exempt the owner from the income requirements of this section if the owner demonstrates to the satisfaction of the assessor that the failure to meet the income requirements was due to an injury, illness or death of the person responsible for performing the activities which produce the income necessary to meet the income eligibility requirement of this section. The request of the owner shall be accompanied by a certificate of a physician stating that the person was physically incapacitated or by a certified copy of the death certificate, as the case may be. The assessor may only grant an exemption once for a particular illness, injury or death.

b. The gross sales, payments, imputed income, and fees received requirements of this section shall not apply to land that (1) is the subject of a forest stewardship plan approved by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) which is fully implemented, and (2) otherwise qualifies under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.), for valuation, assessment and taxation as land in agricultural or horticultural use pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.2)

39 (cf: P.L.1995, c.276, s.2)

41 15. Section 14 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.14) is amended to 42 read as follows:

14. Application for valuation, assessment and taxation of land in agricultural or horticultural use under this act shall be on a form prescribed by the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, and provided for the use of claimants by the governing bodies of the respective taxing districts. The form

[1R] SCS for S713 B. SMITH, VAN DREW

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of application shall provide for the reporting of information 1 2 pertinent to the provisions of Article VIII, Section 1, paragraph 1(b) 3 of the Constitution, as amended, and this act. A certification by the 4 landowner that the facts set forth in the application are true may be 5 prescribed by the director to be in lieu of a sworn statement to that effect. Statements so certified shall be considered as if made under 6 7 oath and subject to the same penalties as provided by law for 8 Any landowner, except those who have submitted a 9 woodland management plan or a forest stewardship plan pursuant to 10 section 3 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3), who is an applicant for 11 valuation, assessment and taxation pursuant to P.L.1964, c.48 12 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.) for lands not previously qualified under the act 13 shall submit with the application a map of land use classes and soil 14 groups that conforms with standards established by the Division of 15 Taxation in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture. The 16 director shall devise a form for the extension of filing time for the 17 valuation application, which form shall include the name and 18 address of the applicant, the reason for the extension, and a space 19 for the approval or rejection of the assessor. 20

(cf: P.L.1995, c.276, s.7)

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16. This act shall take effect one year following the date of enactment, but the Commissioner of Environmental Protection may take such anticipatory administrative action in advance thereof as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

SENATE, No. 713

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

213th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2008 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator BOB SMITH District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

SYNOPSIS

Establishes forest stewardship and forest certification program in DEP; limits liability of certain landowners who allow sport or recreational activities on their lands for a fee.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel



AN ACT concerning forest stewardship, supplementing Title 13 of the Revised Statues and P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.), and amending P.L.1968, c.73 and P.L.2005, c.367.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. The Legislature finds and declares that forest lands are critical to the environmental welfare of the State; that forest lands help clean and refresh the air by filtering dust and particulates; that forest lands absorb carbon dioxide and release oxygen, helping to reduce global warming; that forest lands help clean and protect the waters of the State, promote replenishment of aquifers, stabilize soils, provide shade, and provide habitat essential to sustaining New Jersey's native biodiversity, including habitat critical for endangered and threatened species and species of special concern; and that it is proper to consider the management of forests in a sustainable manner as an agricultural or horticultural use which yields public benefits.
- b. The Legislature further finds and declares that forest lands are critical to the social welfare of the State; that forest lands are a necessary and important part of community and urban environments, and are essential to the maintenance of quality of life in the State; that forest lands afford outdoor recreational opportunities and irreplaceable aesthetic benefits; and that forest lands promote the health of the citizenry by contributing to the availability of clean air and water.
- c. The Legislature further finds and declares that forest lands contribute to the economic well being of the State through increased property values, ecotourism, business opportunities, and forest products, and through helping to preserve New Jersey as a place where both employers and skilled and talented employees choose to reside.
- d. The Legislature further finds and declares that forest lands are an irreplaceable component of the environment worthy of conservation and stewardship and that they must be nurtured to guarantee sustained and improved yields of forest benefits; that the State's privately-owned forest lands are now seldom managed effectively due to a lack of guidance, resources, and incentives for improved forest stewardship; and that care and management of forest lands could be enhanced through the establishment of a forest stewardship program.
- e. The Legislature therefore determines that it is in the public interest to establish a forest stewardship program to develop and promote the long-term active management of the State's forest

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

resources in order to preserve and enhance those resources and realize the benefits thereof.

- 2. (New section) As used in sections 1 through 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill):
- 6 "Department" means the Department of Environmental 7 Protection.

"Forest stewardship plan" means a plan prepared and implemented by an owner of forest land, and approved by the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

"Local government unit" means a municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the State, or any agency, board, commission, utilities authority or other authority, or other entity thereof.

"Owner" means an owner of forest land.

"Sustainability" means, with respect to forest land, having the ability to: (1) maintain its ecological processes, biodiversity, resource productivity, regeneration capacity, and vitality; and promote forest health, preclude the spread of invasive non-native species, maintain forest integrity and contiguity, preserve New Jersey's native biodiversity, and protect endangered and threatened species and species of special concern and the habitat that sustains them; and (2) realize the potential to fulfill now and for future generations, relevant ecological, environmental, economic, and social functions, including but not limited to protection and improvement of air quality and of water supply and water quality, stabilization of soils, prevention and suppression of uncontrolled wildfires, service of markets for forest products, provision of recreational opportunities, and improvement of quality of life.

"Sustainable manner" means employing practices for the use and care of forest land that promote sustainability and do not cause damage to other ecosystems, and avoiding acts and omissions that undermine sustainability.

3. (New section) a. The department shall establish a forest stewardship program under which an owner, in conjunction with a forester, natural resources manager, or ecological restoration consultant selected by the owner from a list of such professionals approved by the department, may prepare a forest stewardship plan for land, five acres or greater in area, submit the plan to the department for approval, and implement the plan as approved, or as subsequently amended with the approval of the department.

A forest stewardship plan, at a minimum, shall:

(1) conform with the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands;

- (2) list the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land; and, for each year that the plan applies, list the activities to be implemented that year, including the activities designed to ensure the sustainability of the forest land as well as activities designed to eliminate excessive and unnecessary cutting, and provide the rationale for each activity listed; and
- (3) establish the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting necessary to document implementation of the forest stewardship plan, including documentation of activities and inspections performed.
- b. The department may elect to inspect the forest land, prior to determining whether to approve a forest stewardship plan, in order to assess the appropriateness and sufficiency of the proposed plan.

After the department approves a forest stewardship plan, the forest land shall be subject to inspection by the department during one of the first three years following approval and at least once every three years following the first inspection.

- c. A forest stewardship plan shall be valid for a period of 10 years, unless sooner terminated by the owner or revoked by the department. To continue, without interruption, participation in the forest stewardship program, an owner shall prepare a new or revised forest stewardship plan pursuant to subsection a. of this section and, in accordance with procedures established by the department, obtain the department's approval of the new or revised forest stewardship plan prior to the expiration date of the current forest stewardship plan.
- d. A forest stewardship plan approved pursuant to this section shall be considered to be a woodland management plan pursuant to section 3 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) when the approved forest stewardship plan is submitted as part of an application for valuation, assessment and taxation pursuant to the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.).

- 4. (New section) a. For the purposes of section 1 of P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45), the department shall establish a forest certification program under which the department may certify that forest land is managed in a sustainable manner, provided that:
- (1) the owner has obtained a forest stewardship plan approved by the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and
- (2) the owner and a forester, natural resources manager, or ecological restoration consultant selected by the owner from a list of such professionals approved by the department, has annually attested to full compliance with the forest stewardship plan for at least two years.

b. Certification pursuant to subsection a. of this section, or renewal thereof, shall be in accordance with procedures established by the department and shall be valid for five years, except that the department may withdraw certification if the department determines that the owner has failed to maintain full implementation of the forest stewardship plan. To maintain in good standing the certification of forest land beyond the date that a forest stewardship plan expires, the owner shall obtain the department's approval of a new or revised forest stewardship plan pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) prior to the expiration date of the current forest stewardship plan.

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5. (New section) The department shall establish and administer a cost share incentive program, to be known as the New Jersey Forest Stewardship Incentive Program, if funds are appropriated or otherwise made available for the support and funding of such a program. Under the program, the department may award grants to the extent funding is available to local government units, non-profit organizations, and private owners of forest land to help subsidize the costs of implementing stewardship activities described in approved forest stewardship plans prepared pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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6. (New section) No local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan approved pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) or impose a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. The provisions of P.L. (C. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) supersede any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, enacted or adopted on or prior to the date of enactment of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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7. (New section) a. The department, utilizing guidance provided by the United States Forest Service and in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee established pursuant to subsection b. of section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and with the benefit of public comment, shall develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators appropriate to the circumstances encountered in New Jersey, as a basis for monitoring, recording, and assessing the extent, condition, and sustainability of all New Jersey forests, whether publicly or privately owned. The department shall prepare

- a report setting forth the findings and assessments based on these
- 2 forest sustainability criteria and indicators by February 1 of the
- 3 third year after the date of enactment of P.L. , c. (C.)
- 4 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and every seven years
- 5 thereafter, which report shall include any recommendations for
- 6 legislative or administrative action. The Commissioner of
- 7 Environmental Protection shall transmit the report to the Governor
- 8 and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.54:14-19.1), to the
- 9 Legislature.

lands.

10 b. The department shall consider the findings and assessments 11 set forth in the forest sustainability criteria and indicators report 12 prepared pursuant to subsection a. of this section to determine how 13 to adapt the rules and regulations established pursuant to section 8 14 , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 15 to ensure the sustainability of forest lands, to set priorities for 16 management of State-owned forest lands and for the New Jersey 17 Forest Stewardship Incentive Program, and to assist in establishing 18 priorities for the use of State funds for the acquisition of forest

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- 8. (New section) The department shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations necessary for the implementation of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), including rules and regulations:
- a. setting forth policies, guidelines and best management practices that establish standards designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands. These policies, guidelines and best management practices may be applicable to any privately owned forest land;
- b. establishing a forest stewardship advisory committee, consistent with the federal requirements for the establishment of a State Forest Stewardship Coordinating Committee pursuant to 16 U.S.C. s.2113, to advise the department on issues related to forest stewardship and recommend programs, actions and standards, including rules and regulations, policies, guidelines and best management practices, for the conservation and stewardship of forest lands; and
- c. establishing a fee schedule, at a rate sufficient to cover the department's costs for administering the program established pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), for the following activities:
- 43 (1) the review of forest stewardship plans submitted pursuant to 44 section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as 45 this bill), and for the review of woodland management plans 46 submitted for the approval of the department pursuant to the 47 "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et

- seq.) and section 10 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill);
- 3 (2) on-site inspections conducted by the department pursuant to 4 subsection b. of section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before 5 the Legislature as this bill) or section 2 of P.L.1986, c.201 (C.54:4-6 23.3a):
 - (3) annual determinations of compliance, pursuant to subsections b. and c. of section 2 of P.L.1986, c.201 (C.54:4-23.3a), of applications for valuation, assessment and taxation of forest land as land that is actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use; and
 - (4) the certification pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) that forest lands are being managed in a sustainable manner.

- 9. (New section) As used in this section and section 10 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill):
- 17 "Department" means the Department of Environmental 18 Protection.
 - "Forest stewardship plan" means a plan prepared and implemented by an owner of forest land, and approved by the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - "Owner" means an owner of forest land.

"Sustainability" means, with respect to forest land, having the ability to: (1) maintain its ecological processes, biodiversity, resource productivity, regeneration capacity, and vitality; and promote forest health, preclude the spread of invasive non-native species, maintain forest integrity and contiguity, preserve New Jersey's native biodiversity, and protect endangered and threatened species and species of special concern and the habitat that sustains them; and (2) realize the potential to fulfill now and for future generations, relevant ecological, environmental, economic, and social functions, including but not limited to protection and improvement of air quality and of water supply and water quality, stabilization of soils, prevention and suppression of uncontrolled wildfires, service of markets for forest products, provision of recreational opportunities, and improvement of quality of life.

"Woodland management plan" means a plan prepared and implemented by an owner of forest land or woodland pursuant to section 3 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) and any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

10. (New section) a. Notwithstanding any provision of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, a woodland management plan prepared on or after January 1, 2009 pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) shall

comply with the requirements for a forest stewardship plan pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

- b. An owner who annually submits an application pursuant to subsection c. of section 3 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) may provide a forest stewardship plan, approved by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), as the woodland management plan that accompanies the application.
- For the purposes of Article 8, Section 1, paragraph 1, subparagraph (b) of the State Constitution, and notwithstanding section 5 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.5) or any other provision of that act or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, if an application for valuation, assessment and taxation as land in agricultural or horticultural use is accompanied by a forest stewardship plan pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the forest land shall be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use if the owner has prepared and obtained the approval of the forest stewardship plan pursuant to section 3 of (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) and implements the forest stewardship plan in full.
 - d. For forest land to qualify under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.), for valuation, assessment and taxation as land in agricultural or horticultural use, the forest land shall be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use and shall have been so devoted for at least the two successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue. If a forest stewardship plan is submitted with an application as the woodland management plan pursuant to subsection a. of this section, this requirement shall be deemed to be met if the provisions of subsections e. or f. of this section are satisfied.
 - e. In the case where a forest stewardship plan was approved more than two years preceding the tax year in issue, the forest land shall be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use and to have been so devoted for at least the two successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue if the owner has implemented in full the approved forest stewardship plan for at least the two successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue.
 - f. In the case where a forest stewardship plan was approved less than two years preceding the tax year in issue, the forest land shall be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use and to have been so devoted for at least two successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue if:

- 1 (1) the owner has implemented in full the forest stewardship plan 2 once it was approved; and
- 3 (2) for at least the remaining portion of the two-year period 4 immediately preceding the tax year in issue, prior to the approval of 5 the forest stewardship plan, the forest land qualifies, pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," 6 7 P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.5 and C.54:4-23.6), to be deemed to have 8 been actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use. 9 Additionally, if the land was devoted exclusively to the production 10 for sale of tree and forest products, other than Christmas trees, and is not appurtenant woodland, the owner must have established a 11 12 woodland management plan more than two years preceding the tax 13 year in issue and complied with that plan until such time as a forest 14 stewardship plan was approved pursuant to section 3 of 15 P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - g. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection c. of this section, when a forest stewardship plan is submitted with an application as the woodland management plan pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the forest land shall not be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use for the two successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue if the forest stewardship plan has expired during those two years and a new forest stewardship plan has not been approved prior to the expiration date of the current forest stewardship plan.
 - h. Except as provided in this section, the provisions of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.), other than the provisions of section 5 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.5), shall apply to an application submitted pursuant to subsection b. of this section with a forest stewardship plan as a woodland management plan.
 - i. The Department of Environmental Protection, in consultation with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Treasury, shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations necessary for the implementation of this section.

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- 37 11. Section 3 of P.L.1968, c.73 (C.2A:42A-4) is amended to 38 read as follows:
- 39 3. This act shall not limit the liability which would otherwise 40 exist:
- a. For willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a
 dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or
 - b. For injury suffered in any case where permission to engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted for a consideration other than (1) the consideration, if any, paid to the landowner by the State, or (2) the consideration paid to a landowner with an approved forest stewardship plan prepared pursuant to

- section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), provided that the owner is fully implementing the forest stewardship plan and the use of the forest land for the sport or recreational activity is consistent with the sustainability of the forest land and is specified in the forest stewardship plan; or
 - c. For injury caused, by acts of persons to whom permission to engage in sport or recreational activity was granted, to other persons as to whom the person granting permission, or the owner, lessee or occupant of the premises, owes a duty to keep the premises safe or to warn of danger.

(cf: P.L.1968, c.73, s.3)

- 12. Section 1 of P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the Director of the Division of Purchase and Property in the Department of the Treasury, the Director of the Division of Property Management and Construction in the Department of the Treasury, or any State agency having authority to contract for the purchase of goods or services, shall whenever possible give preference to wood or paper products derived from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems when entering into or renewing a contract for the purchase of such goods or related services. Any preference provided pursuant to this subsection may not supersede any preference given to recycled paper and paper products pursuant to P.L.1987, c. 102 (C.13:1E-99.11 et seq.).

In preparing the specifications for any contract for the purchase of goods and services the Director of the Division of Purchase and Property, the Director of the Division of Property Management and Construction, or any State agency having authority to contract for the purchase of goods or services shall include in the invitation to bid, where relevant, a statement that any response to the invitation that proposes or calls for the use of wood or paper products derived from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems shall receive preference whenever possible.

- b. The provisions of subsection a. of this section shall not apply:
- (1) To any binding contractual obligations for the purchase of goods or services entered into prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.);
- (2) To bid packages advertised and made available to the public, or to any competitive and sealed bids received by the State, prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.);
- (3) To any amendment, modification, or renewal of a contract, which contract was entered into prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.) where the application

S713 B. SMITH

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- would delay timely completion of a project or involve an increase in 1 2 the total moneys to be paid by the State under that contract.
- 3 c. For the purposes of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et 4 seq.), "derived from sustainably managed forests or procurement 5 systems" means the source of the wood or paper product is a forest 6 or system for procuring wood or paper products that is certified by 7 the Department of Environmental Protection under the forest 8 certification program established pursuant to section 4 of 9 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) or 10
 - by an independent third party using one or more of the following
- 11 certification programs or standards:
 - (1) The Sustainable Forestry Initiative program;
 - (2) The American Forest Foundation American Tree Farm System program;
- (3) The sustainable forest management system standards of the 16 Canadian Standards Association;
 - (4) The Forest Stewardship Council certification program;
 - (5) The Pan-European forest certification system;
 - (6) The Finnish Forest Certification System;
 - (7) The United Kingdom Woodland Assurance Standard;
 - (8) The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) standard 14001; or
 - (9) Any other certification program or standard that the State Treasurer or the Commissioner of Environmental Protection determines may be used to certify that wood or paper products are derived from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems. (cf: P.L.2005, c.367, s.1)

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This act shall take effect on the first day of the seventh enactment, but the Commissioner Environmental Protection may take such anticipatory administrative action in advance thereof as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

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STATEMENT

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This bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest land who prepare forest stewardship plans for land five acres or greater. Forest stewardship plans, to be approved by the DEP, would, at a minimum: be required to conform with the rules and regulations, policies, guidelines and best management practices designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands to be adopted by the DEP pursuant to the bill; list the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land; and, for each year that the forest stewardship plan applies, list the activities to be implemented

that year, including those activities designed to ensure the sustainability of the forest land, and provide the rationale for each activity listed. Approved plans would be valid for ten years.

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The bill directs the DEP to establish a forest certification program under which it may certify that forest land is managed in a sustainable manner. The bill amends P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.) concerning the certification of wood or paper products from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems to include products certified under this new program.

The bill directs the DEP to establish a cost share incentive program, to be known as the New Jersey Forest Stewardship Incentive Program, if funds are appropriated or otherwise made available for the support and funding of such a program. Under the program, to the extent funding is available, the DEP would award grants to local government units, non-profit organizations, and private owners of forest land to help subsidize their costs in implementing stewardship activities listed in approved forest stewardship plans.

This bill directs the DEP, in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory council to be established by the DEP in accordance with rules and regulations to be adopted pursuant to the bill, and using guidance provided by the United States Forest Service, to develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey and compatible with national standards, in order to record, assess, and monitor the sustainability, condition, and extent of New Jersey forests. The bill requires the DEP to prepare a report every seven years based on these forest sustainability criteria and indicators, with the first report required by February 1st of the third year following the date of enactment of the bill into law.

The bill authorizes the DEP to adopt rules and regulations to: set forth policies, guidelines and best management practices that establish standards designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; establish a forest stewardship advisory council; establish a fee schedule for the review of forest stewardship plans, woodland management plans, on-site inspections, annual determinations of compliance of applications for farmland assessment, and for certification that forest lands are being managed in a sustainable manner; and for the implementation of this bill.

The bill further provides that no local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment of this bill into law, any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan or impose a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. In addition, the provisions of the bill would supersede any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, enacted or adopted on or prior to the date of enactment of the bill into law.

This bill expands the current farmland assessment program under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" to provide differential property tax assessment to owners of forest land who implement an approved forest stewardship plan. This bill requires, notwithstanding any provision of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, that a woodland management plan prepared on or after January 1, 2009 must conform with the requirements for a forest stewardship plan, as set forth in the bill. This bill provides that an owner of forest land who has established and is complying with a forest stewardship plan shall not be required to meet the income threshold requirements of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" for that woodland.

Lastly, this bill amends P.L.1968, c.73 (C.2A:42A-2 et seq.), commonly known as the "Landowner's Liability Act," which provides general liability protection under certain circumstances to landowners (as well as lessees and occupants of the lands) who grant permission for individuals to enter upon their lands to engage in certain statutorily defined sport and recreational activities, including but not limited to hunting, fishing, and trapping. However, current law withdraws that protection when the permission is granted in exchange for the payment of consideration, such as, for example, a fee or pursuant to a lease agreement. This bill would remove this statutorily-induced inhibition on those lands where the landowner is implementing an approved forest stewardship plan and the use of the forest land for the sport or recreational activity is consistent with the sustainability of the forest land and is specified in the forest stewardship plan.

SENATE ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 713

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 6, 2008

The Senate Environment Committee favorably reports a committee substitute for Senate Bill No.713.

This committee substitute directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest land who prepare forest stewardship plans for land five acres or greater. Forest stewardship plans, to be approved by the DEP, would, at a minimum: be required to conform with the rules and regulations, policies, guidelines and best management practices designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands to be adopted by the DEP pursuant to the bill; list the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land; and, for each year that the forest stewardship plan applies, list the activities to be implemented that year, including those activities designed to ensure the sustainability of the forest land, and provide the rationale for each activity listed. Approved plans would be valid for 10 years. The bill requires that forest stewardship plans submitted for land in the pinelands area must be consistent with the standards in the comprehensive management plan for the pinelands area.

The committee substitute also would direct the DEP to establish a forest certification program under which it may certify that forest land is managed in a sustainable manner. The bill amends P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.) concerning the certification of wood or paper products from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems to include products certified under this new program.

This committee substitute expands the current farmland assessment program under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" to provide differential property tax assessment to owners of forest land who implement an approved forest stewardship plan. An owner of forest land who submits and implements an approved forest stewardship plan would not be required to meet the income threshold requirements of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" for that woodland.

The bill establishes the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund" which would be funded by monies currently allocated for programs that enhance the stewardship and restoration of the State's forests from the "Global Warming Solutions Fund" created pursuant to section 6 of

P.L.2007, c.340 (C..26:2C-50). The committee substitute authorizes monies in the fund to be used for providing grants for the development of forest stewardship plans, paying the costs of the department to develop, implement and administer the provisions of the bill, and providing for the stewardship and management of State forests. Grants from the fund may be made to the owner of forest land for up to \$1,500 to pay for the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan. If the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan exceeds \$1,500, the department may also award 80 percent of the cost that exceeds \$1,500 to the owner, up to a maximum grant of \$2,500.

This committee substitute directs the DEP, in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory council to be established by the DEP in accordance with rules and regulations to be adopted pursuant to the bill, and using guidance provided by the United States Forest Service, to develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey and compatible with national standards, in order to record, assess, and monitor the sustainability, condition, and extent of New Jersey forests. The bill requires the DEP to prepare a report every seven years based on these forest sustainability criteria and indicators, with the first report required by February 1st of the third year following the date of enactment of the bill into law.

The bill authorizes the DEP to adopt rules and regulations to: set forth policies, guidelines and best management practices that establish standards designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; establish a forest stewardship advisory council; and implement the bill.

The committee substitute further provides that no local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment of this bill into law, any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan or impose a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. In addition, the provisions of the bill would supersede any such ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, enacted or adopted on or prior to the date of enactment of the bill into law.

Finally, the committee substitute provides that activities conducted pursuant to a forest stewardship plan are exempt from the provisions of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act." Current law already exempts activities conducted pursuant to a woodland management plan from that act.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 713

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 13, 2008

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 713 (SCS).

The substitute bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program to promote sustainable management of the State's forest resources. The forest stewardship program that is created by this SCS has five conceptual components: (1) The administration and authorization of forest stewardship plans; (2) The extension of a differential property tax assessment through the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" to forest land managed under a DEP approved forest stewardship plan; (3) The creation of a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund; (4) The establishment of a DEP sustainably managed forest land certification and the preferred status of products derived from certified land for State contracting purposes; and (5) The enumeration of certain administrative apparatuses and procedures, including but not limited to, an advisory committee, reporting requirements and promulgation of regulation.

(1) Forest Stewardship Plans

Under the bill, owners of five acres or more of forest land may prepare a forest stewardship plan for submission to the DEP. To be approved by the DEP, a forest stewardship plan must: enumerate the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land; provide a list and rationale for the activities to be implemented in each year of the plan; conform to the rules and regulations adopted by DEP pursuant to the bill to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; and establish documentation protocol for the implementation of the forest stewardship plan. Forest stewardship plans submitted for land in the pinelands area must be consistent with the standards in the comprehensive management plan for such areas.

The DEP may elect to inspect forest land prior to approval of a forest stewardship plan. Upon approval of the plan, the forest land is subject to DEP inspection during one of the immediately succeeding three years and at least once every three years following the first post-approval inspection. Approved forest stewardship plans are valid for

10 years, unless sooner terminated or revoked. Procedure for seeking new or revised forest stewardship plans is to be established by the DEP.

(2) Differential Property Tax Assessment

The bill also provides that Forest land owners who implement a DEP approved forest stewardship plan can qualify for a differential property tax assessment, as agricultural use, under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964." In applying for the differential property tax assessment, Forest land owners are not required to meet the current income threshold requirements for woodlands under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" or submit a map of land use classes and soil groups with their application for a differential property tax assessment.

(3) Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund

The bill establishes the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund," which is to be used for providing grants for the development of forest stewardship plans, paying the costs incurred by DEP from implementing and administering the bill, and providing for the stewardship and management of State forests. Grants from the fund may be made to a forest land owner in an amount of up to \$1,500 to pay for the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan. If an owner's costs exceed \$1,500, the department may award an owner 80 percent of the costs which exceed \$1,500 to the owner, up to a maximum grant of \$2,500. The bill authorizes the fund to be credited with: amounts allocated for the stewardship and restoration of State forests in the "Global Warming Solutions Fund"; amounts otherwise appropriated to the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund"; and any return on investment on deposits in the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund."

(4) Sustainably Managed Forest Certification

The bill also directs the DEP to establish a sustainably managed forest certification program. The bill amends provisions concerning preference in State contracts for wood or paper products from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems to include products produced from land with a sustainably managed forest certification. To acquire such a certification, a forest land owner must: have a DEP approved forest stewardship plan; and an annual attestation from the owner and a forester or DEP authorized professional confirming compliance with the approved forest stewardship plan. Certifications are valid for five years.

(5) Advisory Council, Reporting and Regulation

The bill directs the DEP, in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory council which is to be established by the DEP pursuant to this bill, and using guidance provided by the United States Forest Service, to develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey and compatible with national

standards, in order to record, assess, and monitor the sustainability, condition, and extent of New Jersey forests. The DEP must prepare a report every seven years based on the forest sustainability criteria and indicators, with the first report due by February 1st of the third year following the date of enactment of the bill.

The bill also authorizes the DEP to adopt rules and regulations to: set forth policies, guidelines and best management practices that establish standards designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; establish a forest stewardship advisory council; and implement the bill.

The bill also provides that no local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment, any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan or imposes a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. Additionally, the bill extends the exemption under the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act" for activities conducted pursuant to a woodland management plan to include activities carried out pursuant to a forest stewardship plans.

The bill takes effect one year from the date of enactment, but enables the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to take anticipatory administrative action.

FISCAL IMPACT:

According to the OLS Fiscal Estimate for the SCS, the estimated administrative costs for the original bill, which appear to be valid for the new version of the bill (SCS), would total \$342,800, \$350,600 and \$360,000 respectively over the first three years of the program. Approximately \$4.6 million *could* be available annually to support the programs created under the bill. The \$4.6 million would be derived via emission allowance purchases under the "Global Warming Response Act" and credited to the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund." However, this estimate of available funding is based on two assumptions: New Jersey will sell each of the 23 tons of emissions allocated to it by the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative; and each allocated ton will be purchased at a price of \$2. Both of these assumptions are not failsafe.

Additionally, it is not known how available funding would be budgeted by the DEP for program costs, grants and forest management.

With regard to potential municipal impact, the differential property tax assessment afforded under the bill for forest lands managed under a forest stewardship plan may reduce municipal property tax collections. The extent and likelihood of such a reduction is unknown.

ASSEMBLY AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR **SENATE, No. 713**

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 11, 2009

The Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 713.

The Senate committee substitute, as amended, directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program to promote sustainable management of the State's forest resources. The forest stewardship program created by the Senate committee substitute, as amended, has five conceptual components:

- 1) The administration and authorization of forest stewardship plans;
- 2) The extension of a differential property tax assessment through the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" to forest land managed under a DEP approved forest stewardship plan;
 - 3) The creation of a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund;
- 4) The establishment of a DEP sustainably managed forest land certification and the preferred status of products derived from certified land for State contracting purposes; and
- 5) The enumeration of certain administrative apparatuses and procedures, including but not limited to, an advisory committee, reporting requirements and promulgation of regulations.

These components of the proposed forest stewardship program are described below.

Forest Stewardship Plans

Under the Senate committee substitute, as amended, owners of five acres or more of forest land may prepare a forest stewardship plan for submission to the DEP. To be approved by the DEP, a forest stewardship plan must:

- 1) enumerate the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land:
 - 2) provide a list and rationale for the activities to be implemented

in each year of the plan;

- 3) conform to the rules and regulations adopted by DEP pursuant to the Senate committee substitute, as amended, to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; and
- 4) establish documentation protocol for the implementation of the forest stewardship plan.

Forest stewardship plans submitted for land in the pinelands area must be consistent with the standards in the comprehensive management plan for such areas.

The DEP may elect to inspect forest land prior to approval of a forest stewardship plan. Upon approval of the plan, the forest land is subject to DEP inspection during one of the immediately succeeding three years and at least once every three years following the first post-approval inspection. Approved forest stewardship plans are valid for 10 years, unless sooner terminated or revoked. Procedure for seeking new or revised forest stewardship plans is to be established by the DEP.

Differential Property Tax Assessment

The Senate committee substitute, as amended, also provides that forest land owners who implement a DEP approved forest stewardship plan can qualify for a differential property tax assessment, as agricultural use, under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964." In applying for the differential property tax assessment, forest land owners are not required to meet the current income threshold requirements for woodlands under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" or submit a map of land use classes and soil groups with their application for a differential property tax assessment.

Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund

The Senate committee substitute, as amended, establishes the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund," which is to be used for providing grants for the development and implementation of forest stewardship plans, paying the costs incurred by DEP from implementing and administering the bill, and providing for the stewardship and management of State forests. Grants from the fund may be made to a forest land owner in an amount of up to \$1,500 to pay for the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan. If an owner's costs exceed \$1,500, the department may award an owner 80 percent of the costs which exceed \$1,500 to the owner, up to a maximum grant of \$2,500. The Senate committee substitute, as amended, authorizes the fund to be credited with: amounts allocated for the stewardship and restoration of State forests in the "Global Warming Solutions Fund"; amounts otherwise appropriated to the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund"; and any return on investment on deposits in the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund."

The Senate committee substitute, as amended, also establishes a cost-sharing program modeled upon the federal forest land

enhancement program established pursuant to 16 U.S.C. s.2103 to provide individual grants to private owners to assist with a portion of the costs associated with the implementation of forest stewardship plans approved by the DEP. The DEP is authorized to award individual grants through the program, totaling up to \$150,000 in any State fiscal year. The forest stewardship advisory committee established under the bill is to be consulted when establishing this program.

Sustainably Managed Forest Certification

The Senate committee substitute, as amended, also directs the DEP to establish a sustainably managed forest certification program. The Senate committee substitute, as amended, amends provisions concerning preference in State contracts for wood or paper products from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems to include products produced from land with a sustainably managed forest certification. To acquire such a certification, a forest land owner must have: a DEP approved forest stewardship plan; and an annual attestation from the owner and a forester or DEP authorized professional confirming compliance with the approved forest stewardship plan. Certifications are valid for five years.

Advisory Committee, Reporting and Regulation

The Senate committee substitute, as amended, directs the DEP, in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee which is to be established by the DEP pursuant to this Senate committee substitute, as amended, and using guidance provided by the United States Forest Service, to develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey and compatible with national standards, in order to record, assess, and monitor the sustainability, condition, and extent of New Jersey forests. The DEP must prepare a report every seven years based on the forest sustainability criteria and indicators, with the first report due by February 1st of the third year following the date of enactment of the Senate committee substitute, as amended.

The Senate committee substitute, as amended, also authorizes the DEP to adopt rules and regulations to: set forth policies, guidelines and best management practices that establish standards designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; establish a forest stewardship advisory committee; and implement the Senate committee substitute, as amended.

The Senate committee substitute, as amended, also provides that no local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment, any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan or imposes a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. Additionally, the Senate committee substitute, as amended,

extends the exemption under the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act" for activities conducted pursuant to a woodland management plan to include activities carried out pursuant to a forest stewardship plans.

The Senate committee substitute, as amended, takes effect one year from the date of enactment, but enables the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to take anticipatory administrative action.

As reported by the committee, the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 713 with the committee amendments is identical to Assembly Bill No. 3239 as also amended and reported by the committee.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amendments:

- 1) establish a cost-sharing program for forest stewardship of privately owned forests modeled on federal programs;
- 2) authorize the Department of Environmental Protection to award grants under this program;
- 3) cap the total annual amount of grants awarded under the costsharing program at \$150,000; and
 - 4) make technical and clarifying amendments.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint]

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 713

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 4, 2010

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 713 (SCS/1R).

The bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program to promote sustainable management of the State's forest resources. The forest stewardship program created by this bill has five conceptual components:

- 1) The administration and authorization of forest stewardship plans;
- 2) The extension of a differential property tax assessment through the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" to forest land managed under a DEP approved forest stewardship plan;
 - 3) The creation of a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund;
- 4) The establishment of a DEP sustainably managed forest land certification and the preferred status of products derived from certified land for State contracting purposes; and
- 5) The enumeration of certain administrative apparatuses and procedures, including but not limited to, an advisory committee, reporting requirements and promulgation of regulations.

These components of the proposed forest stewardship program are described below.

Forest Stewardship Plans

Under this bill owners of five acres or more of forest land may prepare a forest stewardship plan for submission to the DEP. To be approved by the DEP, a forest stewardship plan must:

- 1) enumerate the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land;
- 2) provide a list and rationale for the activities to be implemented in each year of the plan;
- 3) conform to the rules and regulations adopted by DEP pursuant to this bill to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; and
 - 4) establish documentation protocol for the implementation of the

forest stewardship plan.

Forest stewardship plans submitted for land in the pinelands area must be consistent with the standards in the comprehensive management plan for such areas.

The DEP may elect to inspect forest land prior to approval of a forest stewardship plan. Upon approval of the plan, the forest land is subject to DEP inspection during one of the immediately succeeding three years and at least once every three years following the first post-approval inspection. Approved forest stewardship plans are valid for 10 years, unless sooner terminated or revoked. Procedure for seeking new or revised forest stewardship plans is to be established by the DEP.

Differential Property Tax Assessment

The bill also provides that forest land owners who implement a DEP approved forest stewardship plan can qualify for a differential property tax assessment, as agricultural use, under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964." In applying for the differential property tax assessment, forest land owners are not required to meet the current income threshold requirements for woodlands under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" or submit a map of land use classes and soil groups with their application for a differential property tax assessment.

Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund

The bill establishes the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund," which is to be used for providing grants for the development and implementation of forest stewardship plans, paying the costs incurred by DEP from implementing and administering the bill, and providing for the stewardship and management of State forests. Grants from the fund may be made to a forest land owner in an amount of up to \$1,500 to pay for the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan. If an owner's costs exceed \$1,500, the department may award an owner 80 percent of the costs which exceed \$1,500, up to a maximum grant of \$2,500. The DEP may annually adjust these prescribed limitations in proportion to increases in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers in the New York City area as reported by the U.S. Department of Labor. The bill authorizes the fund to be credited with: amounts allocated for the stewardship and restoration of State forests in the "Global Warming Solutions Fund"; amounts otherwise appropriated to the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund"; and any return on investment on deposits in the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund."

The bill also establishes a cost-sharing program, modeled upon the federal forest land enhancement program established pursuant to 16 U.S.C. s.2103, to provide individual grants to private owners to assist with a portion of the costs associated with the implementation of forest stewardship plans approved by the DEP. The DEP is authorized to award individual grants through the program, totaling up to \$150,000

in any State fiscal year. The forest stewardship advisory committee established under the bill is to be consulted when establishing this program.

Sustainably Managed Forest Certification

The bill also directs the DEP to establish a sustainably managed forest certification program. The bill amends provisions concerning preference in State contracts for wood or paper products from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems to include products produced from land with a sustainably managed forest certification. To acquire such a certification, a forest land owner must have: a DEP approved forest stewardship plan; and an annual attestation from the owner and a forester or DEP authorized professional confirming compliance with the approved forest stewardship plan. Certifications are valid for five years.

Advisory Committee, Reporting and Regulation

The bill directs the DEP, in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee, which is to be established by the DEP pursuant to this bill, and using guidance provided by the United States Forest Service, to develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey in order to record, assess, and monitor the sustainability, condition, and extent of New Jersey forests. The DEP must prepare a report every seven years with findings based on the forest sustainability criteria and indicators, with the first report due by February 1st of the third year following the date of enactment of the bill.

The bill also authorizes the DEP to adopt rules and regulations to: set forth policies, guidelines and best management practices that establish standards designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; establish a forest stewardship advisory committee; and implement the bill. Additionally, the bill authorizes the DEP to adopt rules and regulation, in consultation with the Department of Agriculture and Department of the Treasury, for implementing the application process for the differential property tax assessment under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" for forest land maintained in accordance with a DEP approved forest stewardship plan.

The bill also provides that no local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment, any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan or imposes a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. Additionally, the bill extends the exemption under the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act" for activities conducted pursuant to a woodland management plan to include activities carried out pursuant to a forest stewardship plans.

The bill takes effect one year from the date of enactment, but

enables the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to take anticipatory administrative action.

This bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 3239 (1R), as also reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

According to the OLS Fiscal Estimate prepared for this bill, program costs will be covered under the annual allocation received from the Global Warming Solutions Fund, which is estimated at \$5.9 million for FY 2010. This amount is based on a DEP projection of \$64 million in greenhouse gas emission allowances being purchased in FY 2010 and deposited into the Global Warming Solutions Fund. Pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2007, c.340, which implements the policies of the "Global Warming Response Act" (P.L.2007, c.112), 10 percent (after administrative costs) of annual revenues generated from emission allowance purchases must be allocated to support programs that enhance the stewardship and restoration of the State's forests and tidal marshes.

During State Budget hearings before the Legislature in April, 2009, the DEP projected a \$5.9 million allocation for these purposes during FY 2010. The OLS notes that the FY 2010 projection reflects only one year and annual allocations in subsequent years may vary greatly from year to year, depending on the price of allowances sold at any given time. It should also be noted that the estimated revenue level assumes that all available allowances will be purchased at one price, which may or may not be the case.

The OLS further notes that it does not have sufficient data or input from the DEP to estimate how available funding would ultimately be budgeted between grants, program costs, forest management and tidal marsh restoration.

Lastly, the bill's farmland assessment provisions may reduce municipal property tax collections by exempting farmland, approved under a forest stewardship plan, from meeting current income threshold requirements to qualify for farmland assessment benefits.

FISCAL NOTE SENATE, No. 713 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JULY 15, 2008

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Establishes forest stewardship and forest certification program in

DEP; limits liability of certain landowners who allow sport or

recreational activities on their lands for a fee.

Type of Impact: No net impact on the General Fund for program costs. Decrease in

General Fund for grant costs, pending future appropriations.

Agencies Affected: Department of Environmental Protection

Executive Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	Year 2	Year 3
State Cost	\$342,800	\$350,600	\$360,000
State Revenue	\$367,500	\$367,500	\$367,500
State Revenue	\$367,500	\$367,500	\$367,500

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) concurs with the Executive estimate.
- The bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest land that are five acres or greater. An advisory council is also created to develop forest sustainability criteria specific to New Jersey.
- The bill directs the DEP to establish a Forest Stewardship Incentive Program to award matching grants to local government units, non-profit organizations, and private owners of forest land to help subsidize their costs in implementing stewardship plans. No funding is included in the bill for this purpose.
- The DEP is authorized to establish a fee schedule to cover the administrative costs of managing the program.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 713 of 2008 directs the DEP to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest land who prepare forest stewardship plans for land five acres or greater. Forest stewardship plans would be subject to DEP approval and be valid for 10 years. The plans would be designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands and be required to conform with all rules



and regulations, policies, guidelines and best management practices adopted by the DEP pursuant to the bill.

The bill also directs the DEP to establish a forest certification program under which it may certify that forest land is managed in a sustainable manner. It further directs the DEP to establish a New Jersey Forest Stewardship Incentive Program to award matching grants to local government units, non-profit organizations, and private owners of forest land to help subsidize their costs in implementing stewardship activities listed in approved forest stewardship plans. Program funding would be dependent on future appropriations by the Legislature or from other available funding sources.

The bill establishes a forest stewardship advisory council to develop, in consultation with the DEP, forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey and compatible with national standards. The DEP is also required to prepare a report every seven years based on these forest sustainability criteria and indicators.

The bill authorizes the DEP to establish a fee schedule to cover its costs for administering the provisions of the bill. The bill expands the current farmland assessment program to provide differential property tax assessment to owners of forest land who implement an approved forest stewardship plan. Last, it amends the "Landowner's Liability Act," which provides general liability protection under certain circumstances to landowners who allow individuals to enter their lands to engage in certain statutorily defined sport and recreational activities.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

The DEP estimates that it will incur administrative costs totaling \$342,800, \$350,600 and \$360,000 respectively over the first three years of the program. The department's estimates are based on the salary costs of three State Foresters, two clerical employees and related operating expenses. The department estimates that 1,200 compliance inspections, 300 stewardship plan reviews, and 4,350 plan applications would be conducted or processed annually by the State Foresters under the bill. Fees charged for these services are estimated at \$367,500 annually. The Office of Management and Budget concurs with the DEP estimates.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS concurs with the DEP estimates and notes that they were submitted with the assumption that the incentive grant program would be funded in the future from as yet unknown funding sources. The DEP also did not indicate the level of grant funding required to sustain the program. The OLS further notes that the bill's farmland assessment amendments may reduce municipal tax collections by exempting farmland, approved under a forest stewardship plan, from meeting current income threshold requirements.

Section: Environment, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources

Analyst: Richard M. Handelman

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal note has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C. 52:13B-1 et seq.).

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE, No. 713

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

DATED: OCTOBER 29, 2008

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Establishes forest stewardship and forest certification programs in

DEP; establishes Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund.

Type of Impact: No impact on State Funds. Program funding provided by statutory

dedication from the Global Warming Solutions Fund.

Agencies Affected: Department of Environmental Protection

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	Year 2	Year 3
State Cost	None - See comments below		

- The committee substitute directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest lands that are five acres or greater. Forest stewardship plans would be designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands.
- The committee substitute creates a forest certification program and a forest stewardship advisory council charged with developing forest sustainability criteria specific to New Jersey.
- The DEP is directed to establish a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund, to be supported by
 monies already allocated for this purpose from the Global Warming Solutions Fund, for
 the purpose of providing grants to help applicants develop forest stewardship plans,
 supporting the DEP's program budget, and financing the stewardship and management
 of State forests.
- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that approximately \$4.6 million could be available annually to support the objectives of the committee substitute. However, the eventual allocation of funds between grants, program costs and forest management cannot be determined at this time.



BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 713 of 2008 directs the DEP to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest land who prepare forest stewardship plans for land five acres or greater. Forest stewardship plans would be subject to DEP approval and be valid for 10 years. The plans would be designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands and be required to conform with all rules and regulations, policies, guidelines and best management practices adopted by the DEP pursuant to the committee substitute.

The committee substitute also directs the DEP to establish a forest certification program under which it may certify that forest land is managed in a sustainable manner. It further directs the DEP to establish a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund, to be funded by monies allocated for programs that enhance the stewardship and restoration of the State's forests, from the Global Warming Solutions Fund created pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2007, c.340 (C..26:2C-50). The committee substitute authorizes monies in the Incentive Fund to be used for providing grants for the development of forest stewardship plans, paying the costs of the department to develop, implement and administer the provisions of the committee substitute, and providing for the stewardship and management of State forests. Grants from the fund may be made to the owner of forest land for up to \$1,500 to pay for the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan. If the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan exceeds \$1,500, the department may also award 80 percent of the cost that exceeds \$1,500 to the owner, up to a maximum grant of \$2,500.

The committee substitute establishes a forest stewardship advisory council to develop, in consultation with the DEP, forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey and compatible with national standards. The DEP is also required to prepare a report every seven years based on these forest sustainability criteria and indicators.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

Although no fiscal note information was submitted by the DEP for the committee substitute, it did provide fiscal note information on the bill as originally introduced. This information is presented here for background and comparative purposes. Relative to the original bill, the DEP estimated that it would incur administrative costs totaling \$342,800, \$350,600 and \$360,000 respectively over the first three years of the program. The department's estimates were based on the salary costs of three State Foresters, two clerical employees and related operating expenses. The department estimated that 1,200 compliance inspections, 300 stewardship plan reviews, and 4,350 plan applications would be conducted or processed annually by the State Foresters. Fees charged for these services, which are not required under the committee substitute, were estimated at \$367,500 annually.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS concurred with the DEP estimates for the original bill, and still finds the administrative cost estimates valid for the committee substitute. However, now that the revenue amounts from the original bill no longer apply, the OLS estimates that approximately \$4.6 million could be available annually from the Global Warming Solutions Fund to implement the provisions of the committee substitute. This estimate is based on a projection of \$46 million in emission allowances being purchased annually and

deposited into the Global Warming Solutions Fund. Pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2007, c.340, which implements the policies of the "Global Warming Response Act" (P.L.2007, c.112), 10 percent, or \$4.6 million, of the annual revenue generated from emission allowance purchases is allocated to support programs that enhance the stewardship and restoration of the State's forests and tidal marshes.

It should be noted that this projection reflects only one scenario, in which 23 million tons of emissions, the figure calculated by the Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative as the yearly emissions budget cap for New Jersey, were sold at \$2 per ton. This estimate, however, can vary greatly, depending on the price of allowances sold at any given time. It should also be remembered that the estimated revenue level assumes that all available allowances will be purchased at one price, which may or may not be the case.

The OLS also notes that it does not have sufficient data or input from the DEP to estimate how available funding would ultimately be budgeted between grants, program costs, forest management and tidal marsh restoration. Lastly, the OLS notes that the committee substitute's farmland assessment amendments may reduce municipal property tax collections by exempting farmland, approved under a forest stewardship plan, from meeting current income threshold requirements to qualify for farmland assessment benefits.

Section: Environment, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources

Analyst: Richard M. Handelman

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L. 1980, c.67 (C. 52:13B-1 et seq.).

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE, No. 713

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JUNE 24, 2009

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Establishes forest stewardship and forest certification programs in

DEP; establishes Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund.

Type of Impact: No impact on State Funds. Program funding provided by statutory

dedication from the Global Warming Solutions Fund.

Agencies Affected: Department of Environmental Protection

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
State Cost	None-See comments below		

- The committee substitute directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest lands that are five acres or greater. Forest stewardship plans would be designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands.
- The committee substitute creates a forest certification program and a forest stewardship advisory council charged with developing forest sustainability criteria specific to New Jersey.
- The DEP is directed to establish a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund, to be supported by monies allocated for forest programs from the Global Warming Solutions Fund. This fund would provide full and cost-sharing grants to applicants developing forest stewardship plans, support the DEP's program budget, and finance the management of State forests.
- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that \$5.9 million could be available in FY 2010 to support the objectives of the committee substitute. Annual estimates beyond FY 2010 could vary significantly, depending on market factors. Also, the allocation of funds between grants, program costs and forest management cannot be determined at this time.



BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 713 (1R) of 2008 directs the DEP to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest land who prepare forest stewardship plans for land five acres or greater. Forest stewardship plans would be subject to DEP approval and be valid for 10 years. The plans would be designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands and be required to conform with all rules and regulations, policies, guidelines and best management practices adopted by the DEP pursuant to the committee substitute.

The committee substitute also directs the DEP to establish a forest certification program under which it may certify that forest land is managed in a sustainable manner. It further directs the DEP to establish a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund, to be funded by monies allocated for programs that enhance the stewardship and restoration of the State's forests, from the Global Warming Solutions Fund created pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2007, c.340 (C..26:2C-50). The Incentive Fund is to be used for providing full and cost-sharing grants for the development of forest stewardship plans, paying the costs of the department to develop, implement and administer the provisions of the committee substitute, and providing for the stewardship and management of State forests. Grants from the fund may be made to the owner of forest land for up to \$1,500 to pay for the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan. If the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan exceeds \$1,500, the department may also award 80 percent of the cost that exceeds \$1,500 to the owner, up to a maximum grant of \$2,500. The committee substitute also limits the total amount allocated annually for cost-sharing grants to \$150,000.

The committee substitute establishes a forest stewardship advisory council to develop, in consultation with the DEP, forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey and compatible with national standards. It also addresses forest stewardship plans as they relate to benefits received under farmland assessment rules. Last, the DEP is required to prepare a report every seven years based on these forest sustainability criteria and indicators.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

Although no fiscal note information was submitted by the DEP for the committee substitute, it did provide fiscal note information on the bill as originally introduced. This information is presented here for background and comparative purposes. Relative to the original bill, the DEP estimated that it would incur administrative costs totaling \$342,800, \$350,600 and \$360,000 respectively over the first three years of the program. The department's estimates were based on the salary costs of three State Foresters, two clerical employees and related operating expenses. The department estimated that 1,200 compliance inspections, 300 stewardship plan reviews, and 4,350 plan applications would be conducted or processed annually by the State Foresters. Fees charged for these services, which are not required under the committee substitute, were estimated at \$367,500 annually.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS concurred with the DEP estimates for the original bill, and still finds the administrative cost estimates valid for the committee substitute. Since program fees are not required under the committee substitute, program costs will be covered under the annual

allocation received from the Global Warming Solutions Fund, which is estimated at \$5.9 million for FY 2010. This amount is based on a DEP projection of \$64 million in greenhouse gas emission allowances being purchased in FY 2010 and deposited into the Global Warming Solutions Fund. Pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2007, c.340, which implements the policies of the "Global Warming Response Act" (P.L.2007, c.112), 10 percent (after administrative costs) of annual revenues generated from emission allowance purchases must be allocated to support programs that enhance the stewardship and restoration of the State's forests and tidal marshes. During State Budget hearings before the Legislature in April, 2009, the DEP projected a \$5.9 million allocation for these purposes during FY 2010.

The OLS notes that the FY 2010 projection reflects only one year and therefore can vary greatly from year to year, depending on the price of allowances sold at any given time. It should also be remembered that the estimated revenue level assumes that all available allowances will be purchased at one price, which may or may not be the case.

The OLS further notes that it does not have sufficient data or input from the DEP to estimate how available funding would ultimately be budgeted between grants, program costs, forest management and tidal marsh restoration. Last, the committee substitute's farmland assessment provisions may reduce municipal property tax collections by exempting farmland, approved under a forest stewardship plan, from meeting current income threshold requirements to qualify for farmland assessment benefits.

Section: Environment, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources

Analyst: Richard M. Handelman

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L. 1980, c.67 (C. 52:13B-1 et seq.).

ASSEMBLY, No. 3239

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

213th LEGISLATURE

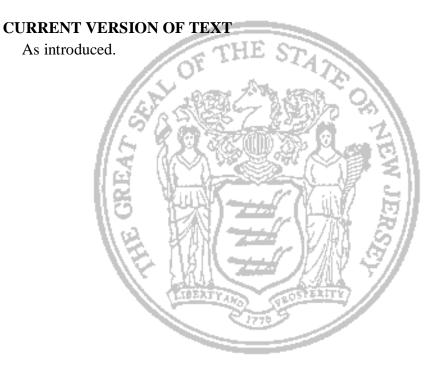
INTRODUCED OCTOBER 6, 2008

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOHN F. MCKEON District 27 (Essex) Assemblyman DOUGLAS H. FISHER District 3 (Salem, Cumberland and Gloucester)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblymen Albano and Milam

SYNOPSIS

Establishes forest stewardship and forest certification program in DEP; limits liability of certain landowners who allow sport or recreational activities on their lands for a fee.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/6/2009)

AN ACT concerning forest stewardship, supplementing Title 13 of the Revised Statues and P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.), and amending P.L.1968, c.73 and P.L.2005, c.367.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. The Legislature finds and declares that forest lands are critical to the environmental welfare of the State; that forest lands help clean and refresh the air by filtering dust and particulates; that forest lands absorb carbon dioxide and release oxygen, helping to reduce global warming; that forest lands help clean and protect the waters of the State, promote replenishment of aquifers, stabilize soils, provide shade, and provide habitat essential to sustaining New Jersey's native biodiversity, including habitat critical for endangered and threatened species and species of special concern; and that it is proper to consider the management of forests in a sustainable manner as an agricultural or horticultural use which yields public benefits.
- b. The Legislature further finds and declares that forest lands are critical to the social welfare of the State; that forest lands are a necessary and important part of community and urban environments, and are essential to the maintenance of quality of life in the State; that forest lands afford outdoor recreational opportunities and irreplaceable aesthetic benefits; and that forest lands promote the health of the citizenry by contributing to the availability of clean air and water.
- c. The Legislature further finds and declares that forest lands contribute to the economic well being of the State through increased property values, ecotourism, business opportunities, and forest products, and through helping to preserve New Jersey as a place where both employers and skilled and talented employees choose to reside.
- d. The Legislature further finds and declares that forest lands are an irreplaceable component of the environment worthy of conservation and stewardship and that they must be nurtured to guarantee sustained and improved yields of forest benefits; that the State's privately-owned forest lands are now seldom managed effectively due to a lack of guidance, resources, and incentives for improved forest stewardship; and that care and management of forest lands could be enhanced through the establishment of a forest stewardship program.
- e. The Legislature therefore determines that it is in the public interest to establish a forest stewardship program to develop and promote the long-term active management of the State's forest

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

resources in order to preserve and enhance those resources and realize the benefits thereof.

- 4 2. (New section) As used in sections 1 through 8 of P.L. 5 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill):
- 6 "Department" means the Department of Environmental 7 Protection.

"Forest stewardship plan" means a plan prepared and implemented by an owner of forest land, and approved by the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

"Local government unit" means a municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the State, or any agency, board, commission, utilities authority or other authority, or other entity thereof.

"Owner" means an owner of forest land.

"Sustainability" means, with respect to forest land, having the ability to: (1) maintain its ecological processes, biodiversity, resource productivity, regeneration capacity, and vitality; and promote forest health, preclude the spread of invasive non-native species, maintain forest integrity and contiguity, preserve New Jersey's native biodiversity, and protect endangered and threatened species and species of special concern and the habitat that sustains them; and (2) realize the potential to fulfill now and for future generations, relevant ecological, environmental, economic, and social functions, including but not limited to protection and improvement of air quality and of water supply and water quality, stabilization of soils, prevention and suppression of uncontrolled wildfires, service of markets for forest products, provision of recreational opportunities, and improvement of quality of life.

"Sustainable manner" means employing practices for the use and care of forest land that promote sustainability and do not cause damage to other ecosystems, and avoiding acts and omissions that undermine sustainability.

- 3. (New section) a. The department shall establish a forest stewardship program under which an owner, in conjunction with a forester, natural resources manager, or ecological restoration consultant selected by the owner from a list of such professionals approved by the department, may prepare a forest stewardship plan for land, five acres or greater in area, submit the plan to the department for approval, and implement the plan as approved, or as subsequently amended with the approval of the department.
 - A forest stewardship plan, at a minimum, shall:
- (1) conform with the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands;

- (2) list the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land; and, for each year that the plan applies, list the activities to be implemented that year, including the activities designed to ensure the sustainability of the forest land as well as activities designed to eliminate excessive and unnecessary cutting, and provide the rationale for each activity listed; and
- (3) establish the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting necessary to document implementation of the forest stewardship plan, including documentation of activities and inspections performed.
- b. The department may elect to inspect the forest land, prior to determining whether to approve a forest stewardship plan, in order to assess the appropriateness and sufficiency of the proposed plan.

After the department approves a forest stewardship plan, the forest land shall be subject to inspection by the department during one of the first three years following approval and at least once every three years following the first inspection.

- c. A forest stewardship plan shall be valid for a period of 10 years, unless sooner terminated by the owner or revoked by the department. To continue, without interruption, participation in the forest stewardship program, an owner shall prepare a new or revised forest stewardship plan pursuant to subsection a. of this section and, in accordance with procedures established by the department, obtain the department's approval of the new or revised forest stewardship plan prior to the expiration date of the current forest stewardship plan.
- d. A forest stewardship plan approved pursuant to this section shall be considered to be a woodland management plan pursuant to section 3 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) when the approved forest stewardship plan is submitted as part of an application for valuation, assessment and taxation pursuant to the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.).

- 4. (New section) a. For the purposes of section 1 of P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45), the department shall establish a forest certification program under which the department may certify that forest land is managed in a sustainable manner, provided that:
- (1) the owner has obtained a forest stewardship plan approved by the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and
- (2) the owner and a forester, natural resources manager, or ecological restoration consultant selected by the owner from a list of such professionals approved by the department, has annually attested to full compliance with the forest stewardship plan for at least two years.
- b. Certification pursuant to subsection a. of this section, or renewal thereof, shall be in accordance with procedures established

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1 by the department and shall be valid for five years, except that the 2 department may withdraw certification if the department determines 3 that the owner has failed to maintain full implementation of the 4 forest stewardship plan. To maintain in good standing the 5 certification of forest land beyond the date that a forest stewardship 6 plan expires, the owner shall obtain the department's approval of a 7 new or revised forest stewardship plan pursuant to section 3 of 8 (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 9 prior to the expiration date of the current forest stewardship plan.

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5. (New section) The department shall establish and administer a cost share incentive program, to be known as the New Jersey Forest Stewardship Incentive Program, if funds are appropriated or otherwise made available for the support and funding of such a program. Under the program, the department may award grants to the extent funding is available to local government units, non-profit organizations, and private owners of forest land to help subsidize the costs of implementing stewardship activities described in approved forest stewardship plans prepared pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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6. (New section) No local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan approved pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) or impose a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. The provisions of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) supersede any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, enacted or adopted on or prior to the date of enactment of P.L. (C. , c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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7. (New section) a. The department, utilizing guidance provided by the United States Forest Service and in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee established pursuant to subsection b. of section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and with the benefit of public comment, shall develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators appropriate to the circumstances encountered in New Jersey, as a basis for monitoring, recording, and assessing the extent, condition, and sustainability of all New Jersey forests, whether publicly or privately owned. The department shall prepare a report setting forth the findings and assessments based on these forest sustainability criteria and indicators by February 1 of the third year after the date of enactment of P.L. , c.

- 1 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and every seven years
- 2 thereafter, which report shall include any recommendations for
- 3 legislative or administrative action. The Commissioner of
- Environmental Protection shall transmit the report to the Governor 4
- 5 and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.54:14-19.1), to the
- 6 Legislature.
- 7 b. The department shall consider the findings and assessments
- 8 set forth in the forest sustainability criteria and indicators report 9
- prepared pursuant to subsection a. of this section to determine how 10 to adapt the rules and regulations established pursuant to section 8
- 11 , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- 12 to ensure the sustainability of forest lands, to set priorities for
- 13 management of State-owned forest lands and for the New Jersey
- 14 Forest Stewardship Incentive Program, and to assist in establishing
- 15 priorities for the use of State funds for the acquisition of forest
- 16 lands.

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- 8. (New section) The department shall adopt, pursuant to the
- 19 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
- 20 seq.), rules and regulations necessary for the implementation of
- 21 P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill),
- 22 including rules and regulations:
- 23 a. setting forth policies, guidelines and best management
- 24 practices that establish standards designed to ensure the
- 25 sustainability of forest lands. These policies, guidelines and best
- 26 management practices may be applicable to any privately owned
- 27 forest land;
- 28 b. establishing a forest stewardship advisory committee,
- 29 consistent with the federal requirements for the establishment of a
- 30 State Forest Stewardship Coordinating Committee pursuant to 16 31

U.S.C. s.2113, to advise the department on issues related to forest

- 32 stewardship and recommend programs, actions and standards,
- 33 including rules and regulations, policies, guidelines and best
- 34 management practices, for the conservation and stewardship of
- 35 forest lands; and
- 36 c. establishing a fee schedule, at a rate sufficient to cover the
- 37 department's costs for administering the program established
- 38 pursuant to P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as (C.
- 39 this bill), for the following activities:
- 40 (1) the review of forest stewardship plans submitted pursuant to
- 41 section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as
- 42 this bill), and for the review of woodland management plans
- 43 submitted for the approval of the department pursuant to the
- 44 "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et
- seq.) and section 10 of P.L. 45 , c. (C.) (pending before the
- 46 Legislature as this bill);
- 47 (2) on-site inspections conducted by the department pursuant to
- subsection b. of section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. 48) (pending before

the Legislature as this bill) or section 2 of P.L.1986, c.201 (C.54:4-23.3a):

- (3) annual determinations of compliance, pursuant to subsections b. and c. of section 2 of P.L.1986, c.201 (C.54:4-23.3a), of applications for valuation, assessment and taxation of forest land as land that is actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use; and
- (4) the certification pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) that forest lands are being managed in a sustainable manner.

- 9. (New section) As used in this section and section 10 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill):
- 13 "Department" means the Department of Environmental 14 Protection.
 - "Forest stewardship plan" means a plan prepared and implemented by an owner of forest land, and approved by the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - "Owner" means an owner of forest land.

"Sustainability" means, with respect to forest land, having the ability to: (1) maintain its ecological processes, biodiversity, resource productivity, regeneration capacity, and vitality; and promote forest health, preclude the spread of invasive non-native species, maintain forest integrity and contiguity, preserve New Jersey's native biodiversity, and protect endangered and threatened species and species of special concern and the habitat that sustains them; and (2) realize the potential to fulfill now and for future generations, relevant ecological, environmental, economic, and social functions, including but not limited to protection and improvement of air quality and of water supply and water quality, stabilization of soils, prevention and suppression of uncontrolled wildfires, service of markets for forest products, provision of recreational opportunities, and improvement of quality of life.

"Woodland management plan" means a plan prepared and implemented by an owner of forest land or woodland pursuant to section 3 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) and any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

- 10. (New section) a. Notwithstanding any provision of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, a woodland management plan prepared on or after January 1, 2009 pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) shall comply with the requirements for a forest stewardship plan pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- b. An owner who annually submits an application pursuant to subsection c. of section 3 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of

- 1 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.3) may provide a forest
- 2 stewardship plan, approved by the Department of Environmental
- 3 Protection pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending
- 4 before the Legislature as this bill), as the woodland management
- 5 plan that accompanies the application.
- 6 c. For the purposes of Article 8, Section 1, paragraph 1, subparagraph (b) of the State Constitution, and notwithstanding
- 8 section 5 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48
- 9 (C.54:4-23.5) or any other provision of that act or any rule or
- 10 regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, if an
- 11 application for valuation, assessment and taxation as land in
- 12 agricultural or horticultural use is accompanied by a forest
- stewardship plan pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the forest
- 14 land shall be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or
- 15 horticultural use if the owner has prepared and obtained the
- approval of the forest stewardship plan pursuant to section 3 of
- 17 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- and implements the forest stewardship plan in full.
- d. For forest land to qualify under the "Farmland Assessment
- 20 Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.), for valuation,
- 21 assessment and taxation as land in agricultural or horticultural use,
- 22 the forest land shall be actively devoted to agricultural or
- 23 horticultural use and shall have been so devoted for at least the two
- 24 successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue. If a
- 25 forest stewardship plan is submitted with an application as the
- 26 woodland management plan pursuant to subsection a. of this
 - section, this requirement shall be deemed to be met if the provisions
- of subsections e. or f. of this section are satisfied.
- e. In the case where a forest stewardship plan was approved
- 30 more than two years preceding the tax year in issue, the forest land
- shall be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use and to have been so devoted for at least the two
- 33 successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue if the
- 33 successive years infinediately preceding the tax year in issue if the
- 34 owner has implemented in full the approved forest stewardship plan
- 35 for at least the two successive years immediately preceding the tax
- year in issue.

- f. In the case where a forest stewardship plan was approved
- 38 less than two years preceding the tax year in issue, the forest land
- 39 shall be deemed to be actively devoted to agricultural or
- 40 horticultural use and to have been so devoted for at least two
- successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue if:

 (1) the owner has implemented in full the forest stewardship plan
- 42 (1) the owner has implemented in full the forest stewardship plan 43 once it was approved; and
- 44 (2) for at least the remaining portion of the two-year period
- 45 immediately preceding the tax year in issue, prior to the approval of
- 46 the forest stewardship plan, the forest land qualifies, pursuant to
- 47 sections 5 and 6 of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964,"
- 48 P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.5 and C.54:4-23.6), to be deemed to have

- 1 been actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use.
- 2 Additionally, if the land was devoted exclusively to the production
- 3 for sale of tree and forest products, other than Christmas trees, and
- 4 is not appurtenant woodland, the owner must have established a
- 5 woodland management plan more than two years preceding the tax
- 6 year in issue and complied with that plan until such time as a forest
- 7 stewardship plan was approved pursuant to section 3 of
- 8 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- g. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection c. of this section, when a forest stewardship plan is submitted with an application as the woodland management plan pursuant to
- subsection a. of this section, the forest land shall not be deemed to
- be actively devoted to agricultural or horticultural use for the two
- successive years immediately preceding the tax year in issue if the
- 15 forest stewardship plan has expired during those two years and a
- 16 new forest stewardship plan has not been approved prior to the
- expiration date of the current forest stewardship plan.
 - h. Except as provided in this section, the provisions of the
- 19 "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et
- seq.), other than the provisions of section 5 of P.L.1964, c.48
- 21 (C.54:4-23.5), shall apply to an application submitted pursuant to
 - subsection b. of this section with a forest stewardship plan as a
- woodland management plan.
- 24 i. The Department of Environmental Protection, in
- 25 consultation with the Department of Agriculture and the
- 26 Department of the Treasury, shall adopt, pursuant to the
- 27 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
- seq.), any rules and regulations necessary for the implementation of
- 29 this section.

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- 31 11. Section 3 of P.L.1968, c.73 (C.2A:42A-4) is amended to 32 read as follows:
- 33 3. This act shall not limit the liability which would otherwise exist:
- a. For willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against,
 a dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or
- b. For injury suffered in any case where permission to engage
- 38 in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted for a
- 39 consideration other than (1) the consideration, if any, paid to the
- 40 landowner by the State, or (2) the consideration paid to a landowner
- 41 with an approved forest stewardship plan prepared pursuant to
- 42 <u>section 3 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as
- 43 this bill), provided that the owner is fully implementing the forest
- stewardship plan and the use of the forest land for the sport or
- 45 recreational activity is consistent with the sustainability of the
- 46 <u>forest land and is specified in the forest stewardship plan</u>; or
- c. For injury caused, by acts of persons to whom permission to engage in sport or recreational activity was granted, to other

1 persons as to whom the person granting permission, or the owner,

2 lessee or occupant of the premises, owes a duty to keep the

3 premises safe or to warn of danger.

4 (cf: P.L.1968, c.73, s.3)

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- 12. Section 1 of P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45) is amended to read as follows:
- 8 1. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the 9 contrary, the Director of the Division of Purchase and Property in 10 the Department of the Treasury, the Director of the Division of Property Management and Construction in the Department of the 11 12 Treasury, or any State agency having authority to contract for the 13 purchase of goods or services, shall whenever possible give 14 preference to wood or paper products derived from sustainably 15 managed forests or procurement systems when entering into or 16 renewing a contract for the purchase of such goods or related 17 services. Any preference provided pursuant to this subsection may 18 not supersede any preference given to recycled paper and paper 19 products pursuant to P.L.1987, c. 102 (C.13:1E-99.11 et seq.).

In preparing the specifications for any contract for the purchase of goods and services the Director of the Division of Purchase and Property, the Director of the Division of Property Management and Construction, or any State agency having authority to contract for the purchase of goods or services shall include in the invitation to bid, where relevant, a statement that any response to the invitation that proposes or calls for the use of wood or paper products derived from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems shall receive preference whenever possible.

- b. The provisions of subsection a. of this section shall not apply:
- (1) To any binding contractual obligations for the purchase of goods or services entered into prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.);
- (2) To bid packages advertised and made available to the public, or to any competitive and sealed bids received by the State, prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.);
- (3) To any amendment, modification, or renewal of a contract, which contract was entered into prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.) where the application would delay timely completion of a project or involve an increase in the total moneys to be paid by the State under that contract.
- c. For the purposes of [this act] P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.), "derived from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems" means the source of the wood or paper product is a forest or system for procuring wood or paper products that is certified by the Department of Environmental Protection under the forest

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- certification program established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) or by an independent third party using one or more of the following certification programs or standards:
 - (1) The Sustainable Forestry Initiative program;
 - (2) The American Forest Foundation American Tree Farm System program;
 - (3) The sustainable forest management system standards of the Canadian Standards Association;
 - (4) The Forest Stewardship Council certification program;
 - (5) The Pan-European forest certification system;
 - (6) The Finnish Forest Certification System;
 - (7) The United Kingdom Woodland Assurance Standard;
 - (8) The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) standard 14001; or
 - (9) Any other certification program or standard that the State Treasurer or the Commissioner of Environmental Protection determines may be used to certify that wood or paper products are derived from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems.
- 20 (cf: P.L.2005, c.367, s.1)

13. This act shall take effect on the first day of the seventh month following enactment, but the Commissioner of Environmental Protection may take such anticipatory administrative action in advance thereof as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

STATEMENT

 This bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest land who prepare forest stewardship plans for land five acres or greater. Forest stewardship plans, to be approved by the DEP, would, at a minimum: be required to conform with the rules and regulations, policies, guidelines and best management practices designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands to be adopted by the DEP pursuant to the bill; list the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land; and, for each year that the forest stewardship plan applies, list the activities to be implemented that year, including those activities designed to ensure the sustainability of the forest land, and provide the rationale for each activity listed. Approved plans would be valid for ten years.

The bill directs the DEP to establish a forest certification program under which it may certify that forest land is managed in a sustainable manner. The bill amends P.L.2005, c.367 (C.52:32-45 et seq.) concerning the certification of wood or paper products from

sustainably managed forests or procurement systems to include products certified under this new program.

The bill directs the DEP to establish a cost share incentive program, to be known as the New Jersey Forest Stewardship Incentive Program, if funds are appropriated or otherwise made available for the support and funding of such a program. Under the program, to the extent funding is available, the DEP would award grants to local government units, non-profit organizations, and private owners of forest land to help subsidize their costs in implementing stewardship activities listed in approved forest stewardship plans.

This bill directs the DEP, in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory council to be established by the DEP in accordance with rules and regulations to be adopted pursuant to the bill, and using guidance provided by the United States Forest Service, to develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey and compatible with national standards, in order to record, assess, and monitor the sustainability, condition, and extent of New Jersey forests. The bill requires the DEP to prepare a report every seven years based on these forest sustainability criteria and indicators, with the first report required by February 1st of the third year following the date of enactment of the bill into law.

The bill authorizes the DEP to adopt rules and regulations to: set forth policies, guidelines and best management practices that establish standards designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; establish a forest stewardship advisory council; establish a fee schedule for the review of forest stewardship plans, woodland management plans, on-site inspections, annual determinations of compliance of applications for farmland assessment, and for certification that forest lands are being managed in a sustainable manner; and for the implementation of this bill.

The bill further provides that no local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment of this bill into law, any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan or impose a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. In addition, the provisions of the bill would supersede any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, enacted or adopted on or prior to the date of enactment of the bill into law.

This bill expands the current farmland assessment program under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" to provide differential property tax assessment to owners of forest land who implement an approved forest stewardship plan. This bill requires, notwithstanding any provision of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, that a woodland management plan prepared on or after

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- January 1, 2009 must conform with the requirements for a forest stewardship plan, as set forth in the bill. This bill provides that an owner of forest land who has established and is complying with a forest stewardship plan shall not be required to meet the income threshold requirements of the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" for that woodland.
- Lastly, this bill amends P.L.1968, c.73 (C.2A:42A-2 et seq.), 7 8 commonly known as the "Landowner's Liability Act," which 9 provides general liability protection under certain circumstances to 10 landowners (as well as lessees and occupants of the lands) who 11 grant permission for individuals to enter upon their lands to engage in certain statutorily defined sport and recreational activities, 12 including but not limited to hunting, fishing, and trapping. 13 14 However, current law withdraws that protection when the 15 permission is granted in exchange for the payment of consideration, 16 such as, for example, a fee or pursuant to a lease agreement. This bill would remove this statutorily-induced inhibition on those lands 17 18 where the landowner is implementing an approved forest 19 stewardship plan and the use of the forest land for the sport or 20 recreational activity is consistent with the sustainability of the 21 forest land and is specified in the forest stewardship plan.

ASSEMBLY AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3239

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 11, 2009

The Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 3239.

This bill, as amended, directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program to promote sustainable management of the State's forest resources. The forest stewardship program created by the bill, as amended, has five conceptual components:

- 1) The administration and authorization of forest stewardship plans;
- 2) The extension of a differential property tax assessment through the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" to forest land managed under a DEP approved forest stewardship plan;
 - 3) The creation of a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund;
- 4) The establishment of a DEP sustainably managed forest land certification and the preferred status of products derived from certified land for State contracting purposes; and
- 5) The enumeration of certain administrative apparatuses and procedures, including but not limited to, an advisory committee, reporting requirements and promulgation of regulations.

These components of the proposed forest stewardship program are described below.

Forest Stewardship Plans

Under the bill, as amended, owners of five acres or more of forest land may prepare a forest stewardship plan for submission to the DEP. To be approved by the DEP, a forest stewardship plan must:

- 1) enumerate the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land;
- 2) provide a list and rationale for the activities to be implemented in each year of the plan;
- 3) conform to the rules and regulations adopted by DEP pursuant to the bill, as amended, to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; and
 - 4) establish documentation protocol for the implementation of the

forest stewardship plan.

Forest stewardship plans submitted for land in the pinelands area must be consistent with the standards in the comprehensive management plan for such areas.

The DEP may elect to inspect forest land prior to approval of a forest stewardship plan. Upon approval of the plan, the forest land is subject to DEP inspection during one of the immediately succeeding three years and at least once every three years following the first post-approval inspection. Approved forest stewardship plans are valid for 10 years, unless sooner terminated or revoked. Procedure for seeking new or revised forest stewardship plans is to be established by the DEP.

Differential Property Tax Assessment

The bill, as amended, also provides that forest land owners who implement a DEP approved forest stewardship plan can qualify for a differential property tax assessment, as agricultural use, under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964." In applying for the differential property tax assessment, forest land owners are not required to meet the current income threshold requirements for woodlands under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" or submit a map of land use classes and soil groups with their application for a differential property tax assessment.

Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund

The bill, as amended, establishes the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund," which is to be used for providing grants for the development and implementation of forest stewardship plans, paying the costs incurred by DEP from implementing and administering the bill, and providing for the stewardship and management of State forests. Grants from the fund may be made to a forest land owner in an amount of up to \$1,500 to pay for the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan. If an owner's costs exceed \$1,500, the department may award an owner 80 percent of the costs which exceed \$1,500 to the owner, up to a maximum grant of \$2,500. The bill, as amended, authorizes the fund to be credited with: amounts allocated for the stewardship and restoration of State forests in the "Global Warming Solutions Fund"; amounts otherwise appropriated to the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund"; and any return on investment on deposits in the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund."

The bill, as amended, also establishes a cost-sharing program modeled upon the federal forest land enhancement program established pursuant to 16 U.S.C. s.2103 to provide individual grants to private owners to assist with a portion of the costs associated with the implementation of forest stewardship plans approved by the DEP. The DEP is authorized to award individual grants through the program, totaling up to \$150,000 in any State fiscal year. The forest

stewardship advisory committee established under the bill is to be consulted when establishing this program.

Sustainably Managed Forest Certification

The bill, as amended, also directs the DEP to establish a sustainably managed forest certification program. The bill, as amended, amends provisions concerning preference in State contracts for wood or paper products from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems to include products produced from land with a sustainably managed forest certification. To acquire such a certification, a forest land owner must have: a DEP approved forest stewardship plan; and an annual attestation from the owner and a forester or DEP authorized professional confirming compliance with the approved forest stewardship plan. Certifications are valid for five years.

Advisory Committee, Reporting and Regulation

The bill, as amended, directs the DEP, in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee which is to be established by the DEP pursuant to this bill, as amended, and using guidance provided by the United States Forest Service, to develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey and compatible with national standards, in order to record, assess, and monitor the sustainability, condition, and extent of New Jersey forests. The DEP must prepare a report every seven years based on the forest sustainability criteria and indicators, with the first report due by February 1st of the third year following the date of enactment of the bill, as amended.

The bill, as amended, also authorizes the DEP to adopt rules and regulations to: set forth policies, guidelines and best management practices that establish standards designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; establish a forest stewardship advisory committee; and implement the bill, as amended.

The bill, as amended, also provides that no local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment, any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan or imposes a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. Additionally, the bill, as amended, extends the exemption under the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act" for activities conducted pursuant to a woodland management plan to include activities carried out pursuant to a forest stewardship plans.

The bill, as amended, takes effect one year from the date of enactment, but enables the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to take anticipatory administrative action.

Finally, the bill, as amended, is identical to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 713, as also amended and reported by the committee.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amendments:

- 1) include both publicly and privately owned forest lands in the State;
- 2) expand the types of professionals to be consulted in the preparation of forest stewardship plans to a list authorized by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP);
- 3) provide for compliance of forest stewardship plans with the pinelands area comprehensive management plan, where applicable;
- 4) revise the provisions establishing and administering a cost share incentive program to establish an incentive fund and specific provisions for administering the fund;
- 5) establish a cost-sharing program for forest stewardship of privately owned forests modeled on federal programs;
 - 6) authorize the DEP to award grants under this program;
- 7) cap the total annual amount of grants awarded under the cost-sharing program at \$150,000;
- 8) establish a forest stewardship advisory committee to advise DEP and be consulted concerning the forest stewardship program;
 - 9) delete the definition of "sustainability";
- 10) make clarifying amendments concerning farmland assessment valuation, forest stewardship plans, and woodland management plans;
- 11) delete provisions limiting liability of landowners who allow sport or recreational activities on their land for a fee; and
 - 12) make other technical and clarifying amendments.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3239

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 4, 2010

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3239 (1R).

The bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program to promote sustainable management of the State's forest resources. The forest stewardship program created by this bill has five conceptual components:

- 1) The administration and authorization of forest stewardship plans;
- 2) The extension of a differential property tax assessment through the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" to forest land managed under a DEP approved forest stewardship plan;
 - 3) The creation of a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund;
- 4) The establishment of a DEP sustainably managed forest land certification and the preferred status of products derived from certified land for State contracting purposes; and
- 5) The enumeration of certain administrative apparatuses and procedures, including but not limited to, an advisory committee, reporting requirements and promulgation of regulations.

These components of the proposed forest stewardship program are described below.

Forest Stewardship Plans

Under this bill owners of five acres or more of forest land may prepare a forest stewardship plan for submission to the DEP. To be approved by the DEP, a forest stewardship plan must:

- 1) enumerate the owner's long term stewardship goals for the forest land;
- 2) provide a list and rationale for the activities to be implemented in each year of the plan;
- 3) conform to the rules and regulations adopted by DEP pursuant to this bill to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; and
- 4) establish documentation protocol for the implementation of the forest stewardship plan.

Forest stewardship plans submitted for land in the pinelands area must be consistent with the standards in the comprehensive management plan for such areas.

The DEP may elect to inspect forest land prior to approval of a forest stewardship plan. Upon approval of the plan, the forest land is subject to DEP inspection during one of the immediately succeeding three years and at least once every three years following the first post-approval inspection. Approved forest stewardship plans are valid for 10 years, unless sooner terminated or revoked. Procedure for seeking new or revised forest stewardship plans is to be established by the DEP.

Differential Property Tax Assessment

The bill also provides that forest land owners who implement a DEP approved forest stewardship plan can qualify for a differential property tax assessment, as agricultural use, under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964." In applying for the differential property tax assessment, forest land owners are not required to meet the current income threshold requirements for woodlands under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" or submit a map of land use classes and soil groups with their application for a differential property tax assessment.

Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund

The bill establishes the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund," which is to be used for providing grants for the development and implementation of forest stewardship plans, paying the costs incurred by DEP from implementing and administering the bill, and providing for the stewardship and management of State forests. Grants from the fund may be made to a forest land owner in an amount of up to \$1,500 to pay for the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan. If an owner's costs exceed \$1,500, the department may award an owner 80 percent of the costs which exceed \$1,500, up to a maximum grant of \$2,500. The DEP may annually adjust these prescribed limitations in proportion to increases in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers in the New York City area as reported by the U.S. Department of Labor. The bill authorizes the fund to be credited with: amounts allocated for the stewardship and restoration of State forests in the "Global Warming Solutions Fund"; amounts otherwise appropriated to the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund"; and any return on investment on deposits in the "Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund."

The bill also establishes a cost-sharing program, modeled upon the federal forest land enhancement program established pursuant to 16 U.S.C. s.2103, to provide individual grants to private owners to assist with a portion of the costs associated with the implementation of forest stewardship plans approved by the DEP. The DEP is authorized to award individual grants through the program, totaling up to \$150,000 in any State fiscal year. The forest stewardship advisory committee established under the bill is to be consulted when establishing this program.

Sustainably Managed Forest Certification

The bill also directs the DEP to establish a sustainably managed forest certification program. The bill amends provisions concerning preference in State contracts for wood or paper products from sustainably managed forests or procurement systems to include products produced from land with a sustainably managed forest certification. To acquire such a certification, a forest land owner must have: a DEP approved forest stewardship plan; and an annual attestation from the owner and a forester or DEP authorized professional confirming compliance with the approved forest stewardship plan. Certifications are valid for five years.

Advisory Committee, Reporting and Regulation

The bill directs the DEP, in consultation with the forest stewardship advisory committee, which is to be established by the DEP pursuant to this bill, and using guidance provided by the United States Forest Service, to develop and establish forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey in order to record, assess, and monitor the sustainability, condition, and extent of New Jersey forests. The DEP must prepare a report every seven years with findings based on the forest sustainability criteria and indicators, with the first report due by February 1st of the third year following the date of enactment of the bill.

The bill also authorizes the DEP to adopt rules and regulations to: set forth policies, guidelines and best management practices that establish standards designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands; establish a forest stewardship advisory committee; and implement the bill. Additionally, the bill authorizes the DEP to adopt rules and regulation, in consultation with the Department of Agriculture and Department of the Treasury, for implementing the application process for the differential property tax assessment under the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964" for forest land maintained in accordance with a DEP approved forest stewardship plan.

The bill also provides that no local government unit may enact, on or after the date of enactment, any ordinance, rule, or resolution, as appropriate, that conflicts with, prevents or impedes the implementation of a forest stewardship plan or imposes a fee in excess of \$100 in any calendar year for the cutting of trees on any land that is the subject of an approved forest stewardship plan. Additionally, the bill extends the exemption under the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act" for activities conducted pursuant to a woodland management plan to include activities carried out pursuant to a forest stewardship plans.

The bill takes effect one year from the date of enactment, but enables the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to take anticipatory administrative action.

This bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 713 (SCS/1R), as also reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

According to the OLS Fiscal Estimate prepared for this bill, program costs will be covered under the annual allocation received from the Global Warming Solutions Fund, which is estimated at \$5.9 million for FY 2010. This amount is based on a DEP projection of \$64 million in greenhouse gas emission allowances being purchased in FY 2010 and deposited into the Global Warming Solutions Fund. Pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2007, c.340, which implements the policies of the "Global Warming Response Act" (P.L.2007, c.112), 10 percent (after administrative costs) of annual revenues generated from emission allowance purchases must be allocated to support programs that enhance the stewardship and restoration of the State's forests and tidal marshes.

During State Budget hearings before the Legislature in April, 2009, the DEP projected a \$5.9 million allocation for these purposes during FY 2010. The OLS notes that the FY 2010 projection reflects only one year and annual allocations in subsequent years may vary greatly from year to year, depending on the price of allowances sold at any given time. It should also be noted that the estimated revenue level assumes that all available allowances will be purchased at one price, which may or may not be the case.

The OLS further notes that it does not have sufficient data or input from the DEP to estimate how available funding would ultimately be budgeted between grants, program costs, forest management and tidal marsh restoration.

Lastly, the bill's farmland assessment provisions may reduce municipal property tax collections by exempting farmland, approved under a forest stewardship plan, from meeting current income threshold requirements to qualify for farmland assessment benefits.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY, No. 3239 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JUNE 24, 2009

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Establishes forest stewardship and forest certification programs in

DEP; establishes Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund.

Type of Impact: No impact on State Funds. Program funding provided by statutory

dedication from the Global Warming Solutions Fund.

Agencies Affected: Department of Environmental Protection

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	Year 2	Year 3
State Cost	None-See comments below		

- The bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest lands that are five acres or greater. Forest stewardship plans would be designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands.
- The bill creates a forest certification program and a forest stewardship advisory council charged with developing forest sustainability criteria specific to New Jersey.
- The DEP is directed to establish a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund, to be supported by monies allocated for forest programs from the Global Warming Solutions Fund. This fund would provide full and cost-sharing grants to applicants developing forest stewardship plans, support the DEP's program budget, and finance the management of State forests.
- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that \$5.9 million could be available in FY 2010 to support the objectives of the bill. Annual estimates beyond FY 2010 could vary significantly, depending on market factors. Also, the allocation of funds between grants, program costs and forest management cannot be determined at this time.



BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Bill No. 3239 (1R) of 2008 directs the DEP to establish a forest stewardship program for owners of forest land who prepare forest stewardship plans for land five acres or greater. Forest stewardship plans would be subject to DEP approval and be valid for 10 years. The plans would be designed to ensure the sustainability of forest lands and be required to conform with all rules and regulations, policies, guidelines and best management practices adopted by the DEP pursuant to the bill.

The bill also directs the DEP to establish a forest certification program under which it may certify that forest land is managed in a sustainable manner. It further directs the DEP to establish a Forest Stewardship Incentive Fund, to be funded by monies allocated for programs that enhance the stewardship and restoration of the State's forests, from the Global Warming Solutions Fund created pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2007, c.340 (C..26:2C-50). The Incentive Fund is to be used for providing full and cost-sharing grants for the development of forest stewardship plans, paying the costs of the department to develop, implement and administer the provisions of the bill, and providing for the stewardship and management of State forests. Grants from the fund may be made to the owner of forest land for up to \$1,500 to pay for the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan. If the cost of developing a forest stewardship plan exceeds \$1,500, the department may also award 80 percent of the cost that exceeds \$1,500 to the owner, up to a maximum grant of \$2,500. The bill also limits the total amount allocated annually for cost-sharing grants to \$150,000.

The bill establishes a forest stewardship advisory council to develop, in consultation with the DEP, forest sustainability criteria and indicators specific to New Jersey and compatible with national standards. It also addresses forest stewardship plans as they relate to benefits received under farmland assessment rules. Last, the DEP is required to prepare a report every seven years based on these forest sustainability criteria and indicators.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

Although no fiscal note information was submitted by the DEP for the bill, it did provide fiscal note information on the original version of its companion bill, Senate Bill No. 713 of 2008. This information is presented here for background and comparative purposes. Relative to the original Senate bill, the DEP estimated that it would incur administrative costs totaling \$342,800, \$350,600 and \$360,000 respectively over the first three years of the program. The department's estimates were based on the salary costs of three State Foresters, two clerical employees and related operating expenses. The department estimated that 1,200 compliance inspections, 300 stewardship plan reviews, and 4,350 plan applications would be conducted or processed annually by the State Foresters. Fees charged for these services, which are not required under the amended version of the subject bill, were estimated at \$367,500 annually.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS concurred with the DEP estimates for Senate Bill No. 713 as introduced, and still finds the administrative cost estimates valid for the subject bill. Since program fees are not required under the bill, program costs will be covered under the annual allocation received from

the Global Warming Solutions Fund, which is estimated at \$5.9 million for FY 2010. This amount is based on a DEP projection of \$64 million in greenhouse gas emission allowances being purchased in FY 2010 and deposited into the Global Warming Solutions Fund. Pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2007, c.340, which implements the policies of the "Global Warming Response Act" (P.L.2007, c.112), 10 percent (after administrative costs) of annual revenues generated from emission allowance purchases must be allocated to support programs that enhance the stewardship and restoration of the State's forests and tidal marshes. During State Budget hearings before the Legislature in April, 2009, the DEP projected a \$5.9 million allocation for these purposes during FY 2010.

The OLS notes that the FY 2010 projection reflects only one year and therefore can vary greatly from year to year, depending on the price of allowances sold at any given time. It should also be remembered that the estimated revenue level assumes that all available allowances will be purchased at one price, which may or may not be the case.

The OLS further notes that it does not have sufficient data or input from the DEP to estimate how available funding would ultimately be budgeted between grants, program costs, forest management and tidal marsh restoration. Last, the bill's farmland assessment provisions may reduce municipal property tax collections by exempting farmland, approved under a forest stewardship plan, from meeting current income threshold requirements to qualify for farmland assessment benefits.

Section: Environment, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources

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This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L. 1980, c.67 (C. 52:13B-1 et seq.).