43:21-7 & 43:21-7.9 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2020 **CHAPTER:** 150

NJSA: 43:21-7 & 43:21-7.9 (Reduces or delays increases in employer unemployment taxes related to benefits paid

during coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic state of emergency.)

BILL NO: A4853 (Substituted for S3011)

SPONSOR(S) Louis D. Greenwald and others

DATE INTRODUCED: October 19, 2020

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Labor

Appropriations

SENATE: ---

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No.

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: 10/29/2020

SENATE: 11/16/2020

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 4, 2021

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Introduced bill enacted)

Yes

A4853

INTRODUCED BILL (INCLUDES SPONSOR'S STATEMENT): Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Labor

Appropriations

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.nileg.state.ni.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

S3011

INTRODUCED BILL (INCLUDES SPONSOR'S STATEMENT): Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes Labor

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

VETO MESSAGE:	No
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	Yes
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REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
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RWH/CL

P.L. 2020, CHAPTER 150, approved January 4, 2021 Assembly, No. 4853

AN ACT concerning employer contributions to the unemployment compensation fund and payments in lieu of contributions, amending R.S.43:21-7, and supplementing Title 43 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. The costs of any unemployment compensation benefits paid to employees of an employer during the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of that public health emergency and state of emergency, shall not be considered when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the State unemployment compensation fund pursuant to R.S.43:21-7.
- b. Any nonprofit organization which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2) and any governmental entity or instrumentality which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), shall be liable for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to only 50% of the payments of unemployment compensation benefits made pursuant to either of those two sections during the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of that public health emergency and state of emergency.

2. R.S.43:21-7 is amended read as follows:

43:21-7. Employers other than governmental entities, whose benefit financing provisions are set forth in section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), and those nonprofit organizations liable for payment in lieu of contributions on the basis set forth in section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2), shall pay to the controller for the unemployment compensation fund, contributions as set forth in subsections (a), (b) and (c) hereof, and the provisions of subsections (d) and (e) shall be applicable to all employers, consistent with the provisions of the "unemployment compensation law" and the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

(a) Payment.

- (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), with respect to having individuals in his employ during that calendar year, at the rates and on the basis hereinafter set forth. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the controller for the fund, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ.
- (2) In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
- (b) Rate of contributions. Each employer shall pay the following contributions:
- (1) For the calendar year 1947, and each calendar year thereafter, 2 7/10% of wages paid by him during each such calendar year, except as otherwise prescribed by subsection (c) of this section.
- (2) The "wages" of any individual, with respect to any one employer, as the term is used in this subsection (b) and in subsections (c), (d) and (e) of this section 7, shall include the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, for services performed either within or without this State; provided that no contribution shall be required by this State with respect to services performed in another state if such other state imposes contribution liability with respect thereto. If an employer (hereinafter referred to as a successor employer) during any calendar year acquires substantially all the property used in a trade or business of another employer (hereinafter referred to as a predecessor), or used in a separate unit of a trade or business of a predecessor, and immediately after the acquisition employs in his trade or business an individual who immediately prior to the acquisition was employed in the trade or business of such predecessors, then, for the purpose of determining whether the successor employer has paid wages with respect to employment equal to the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, any wages paid to such individual by such predecessor during such calendar year and prior to such acquisition shall be considered as having been paid by such successor employer.
- (3) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 1976, the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding paragraph (2) of this subsection (b), shall be established and promulgated by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before September 1 of the preceding year and, except as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection (b), shall be, 28 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple

- 1 thereof, provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a 2 calendar year is less than the amount similarly determined for the 3 preceding year, the greater amount will be used; provided, further, 4 that if the amount of such wages so determined does not equal or 5 exceed the amount of wages as defined in subsection (b) of section 6 3306 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3306(b)), 7 the wages as determined in this paragraph in any calendar year shall 8 be raised to equal the amount established under the "Federal 9 Unemployment Tax Act," chapter 23 of the Internal Revenue Code 10 of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3301 et seq.), for that calendar year.
 - (4) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) for purposes of contributions of workers to the State disability benefits fund, including the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, shall be established and promulgated by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before September 1 of the preceding year and shall be 107 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a calendar year is less than the amount similarly determined for the preceding year, the greater amount will be used.
 - (c) Future rates based on benefit experience.

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(1) A separate account for each employer shall be maintained and this shall be credited with all the contributions which he has paid on his own behalf on or before January 31 of any calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday, an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid with respect to benefit years commencing on and after January 1, 1953, to any individual on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to unemployment in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account or accounts of the employer or employers in whose employment such individual established base weeks constituting the basis of such benefits, except that, with respect to benefit years commencing after January 4, 1998, an employer's account shall not be charged for benefits paid to a claimant if the claimant's employment by that employer was ended in any way which, pursuant to subsection (a), (b), (c), (f), (g) or (h) of

R.S.43:21-5, would have disqualified the claimant for benefits if the claimant had applied for benefits at the time when that employment ended. Benefits paid under a given benefit determination shall be charged against the account of the employer to whom such determination relates. When each benefit payment is made, notification shall be promptly provided to each employer included in the unemployment insurance monetary calculation of benefits. Such notification shall identify the employer against whose account the amount of such payment is being charged, shall show at least the name and social security account number of the claimant and shall specify the period of unemployment to which said benefit payment applies.

An annual summary statement of unemployment benefits charged to the employer's account shall be provided.

- (2) Regulations may be prescribed for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (3) No employer's rate shall be lower than 5.4% unless assignment of such lower rate is consistent with the conditions applicable to additional credit allowance for such year under section 3303(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3303(a)(1)), any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding.
- (4) Employer Reserve Ratio. (A) Each employer's rate shall be 2 8/10%, except as otherwise provided in the following provisions. No employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be other than 2 8/10%, unless as of the preceding January 31 such employer shall have paid contributions with respect to wages paid in each of the three calendar years immediately preceding such year, in which case such employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be determined on the basis of his record up to the beginning of such calendar year. If, at the beginning of such calendar year, the total of all his contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past years exceeds the total benefits charged to his account for all such years, his contribution rate shall be:
- (1) 2 5/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 4%, but less than 5%, of his average annual payroll (as defined in paragraph (2), subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-19);
- (2) 2 2/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 5%, but is less than 6%, of his average annual payroll;
- (3) 1 9/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 6%, but is less than 7%, of his average annual payroll;

- 1 (4) 1 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 7%, but is less 2 than 8%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (5) 1 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 8%, but is less than 9%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (6) 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 9%, but is less than 10%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (7) 7/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 11%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (8) 4/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 11% of his average annual payroll.
 - (B) If the total of an employer's contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past periods for the purposes of this paragraph (4), is less than the total benefits charged against his account during the same period, his rate shall be:
- 15 (1) 4%, if such excess is less than 10% of his average annual payroll;
 - (2) 4 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 20%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (3) 4 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 20% of his average annual payroll.
 - (C) Specially assigned rates.

- (i) If no contributions were paid on wages for employment in any calendar year used in determining the average annual payroll of an employer eligible for an assigned rate under this paragraph (4), the employer's rate shall be specially assigned as follows:
- if the reserve balance in its account is positive, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for positive balance accounts for that period, or 5.4%, whichever is higher, and
- if the reserve balance in its account is negative, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for deficit accounts for that period.
- (ii) If, following the purchase of a corporation with little or no activity, known as a corporate shell, the resulting employing unit operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall be assigned a new employer rate.
- (iii) Entities operating under common ownership, management or control, when the operation of the entities is not identifiable, distinguishable and severable, shall be considered a single employer for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (D) The contribution rates prescribed by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph (4) shall be increased or decreased in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of this subsection (c) for experience rating periods through June 30, 1986.
- (5) (A) Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 4% but is less than 7% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate

1 calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 2 3/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under 3 the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection. If on 4 March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment 5 trust fund exceeds 2 1/2% but is less than 4% of the total taxable 6 wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to 7 employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution 8 rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a 9 contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be 10 increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise 11 established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this 12 subsection.

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If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund is less than 2 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer: (1) eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by (i) 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3), (4)(A) or (4)(B) of this subsection, and (ii) an additional amount equal to 20% of the total rate established herein, provided, however, that the final contribution rate for each employer shall be computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof; (2) not eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection. For the period commencing July 1, 1984 and ending June 30, 1986, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions under R.S.43:21-7 shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

(B) If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 10% but is less than 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be reduced by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 1%. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be

- reduced by 6/10 of 1% if his account for all past periods reflects an excess of contributions paid over total benefits charged of 3% or more of his average annual payroll, otherwise by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 1%.
 - (C) The "balance" in the unemployment trust fund, as the term is used in subparagraphs (A) and (B) above, shall not include moneys credited to the State's account under section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. s.1103), during any period in which such moneys are appropriated for the payment of expenses incurred in the administration of the "unemployment compensation law."
 - (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio, which shall be calculated by dividing the balance of the unemployment trust fund as of the prior March 31 by total taxable wages reported to the controller by all employers as of March 31 with respect to their employment during the last calendar year.
 - (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
 - (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.152).
 - (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.107).
- (iv) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.45).
- (v) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
 - (vi) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.75).
- (vii) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4) of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE

37	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹					
38		3.50%	3.00%	2.5%	2.0%	1.99%
39	Employer	and	to	to	to	and
40	Reserve	Reserve Over 3.49% 2.999		2.99%	2.49%	Under
41	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E
42	Positive Reserve Ratio:					
43	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2
44	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2
45	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2
46	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2
47	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2
48	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2

1	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2
2	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6
3	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9
4	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3
5	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6
6	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0
7	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4
8	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7
9	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9
10	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0
11	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1
12	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3
13	Deficit Reserve Ratio:					
14	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1
15	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2
16	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3
17	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4
18	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5
19	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6
20	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7
21	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8
22	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9
23	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0
24	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4

¹Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in the prior calendar year.

²Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a percentage of employer's taxable wages).

- (F) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
- (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.75).
 - (iv) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011 and before July 1, 2013, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as
- computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
 - (v) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2014, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

(G) On or after January 1, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.1%, except that, during any experience rating year starting before January 1, 1998 in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 7.00% or during any experience rating year starting on or after January 1, 1998, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (G) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under.

(H) On and after January 1, 1998 until December 31, 2000 and on or after January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2006, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor, as set out below, computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%:

From January 1, 1998 until December 31, 1998, a factor of 12%;

From January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, a factor of 10%;

From January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2000, a factor of 7%;

23 From January 1, 2002 until March 31, 2002, a factor of 36%;

24 From April 1, 2002 until June 30, 2002, a factor of 85%;

25 From July 1, 2002 until June 30, 2003, a factor of 15%;

From July 1, 2003 until June 30, 2004, a factor of 15%;

27 From July 1, 2004 until June 30, 2005, a factor of 7%;

From July 1, 2005 until December 31, 2005, a factor of 16%; and

29 From January 1, 2006 until June 30, 2006, a factor of 34%.

The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

- (I) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
- (J) On or after July 1, 2001, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.0175%, except that, during any experience rating year starting on or after July 1, 2001, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (J) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this

- subparagraph (J) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraphs (G) and (H) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (J) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.
 - (K) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2009, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is:

- (i) Equal to or greater than 5.00% but less than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 25% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under;
- (ii) Equal to or greater than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 50% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under.
- (L) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2011, the rates set by column "C" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2012, the rates set by column "D" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (N) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2013, the rates set by column "E" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (O) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (P) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year

- 1 2023, the rates set by column "D" of the table in that subparagraph, 2 unless the application of the provisions of this paragraph (5) using 3 the actual fund reserve ratio would result in the contribution rate for 4 employers being set by a column which has lower tax rates than the 5 rates in column "D", in which case the employers shall be liable to 6 pay contributions at the rates set by the column with the lower tax 7 rates.
- 8 (Q) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) 9 and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution 10 rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under 11 subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 12 2024, the rates set by column "E" of the table in that subparagraph, 13 unless the application of the provisions of this paragraph (5) using 14 the actual fund reserve ratio would result in the contribution rate for 15 employers being set by a column which has lower tax rates than the 16 rates in column "E", in which case the employers shall be liable to 17 pay contributions at the rates set by the column with the lower tax 18 rates.

(6) Additional contributions.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any employer who has been assigned a contribution rate pursuant to subsection (c) of this section for the year commencing July 1, 1948, and for any year commencing July 1 thereafter, may voluntarily make payment of additional contributions, and upon such payment shall receive a recomputation of the experience rate applicable to such employer, including in the calculation the additional contribution so made, except that, following a transfer as described under R.S.43:21-7(c)(7)(D), neither the predecessor nor successor in interest shall be eligible to make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year. Any such additional contribution shall be made during the 30-day period following the notification to the employer of his contribution rate as prescribed in this section, unless, for good cause, the time for payment has been extended by the controller for not to exceed an additional 60 days; provided that in no event may such payments which are made later than 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective be considered in determining the experience rate for the year in which the payment is made. Any employer receiving any extended period of time within which to make such additional payment and failing to make such payment timely shall be, in addition to the required amount of additional payment, liable for a penalty of 5% thereof or \$5.00, whichever is greater, not to exceed \$50.00. Any adjustment under this subsection shall be made only in the form of credits against accrued or future contributions.

- (7) Transfers.
- (A) Upon the transfer of the organization, trade or business, or 48 substantially all the assets of an employer to a successor in interest,

1 whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or 2 otherwise, the controller shall transfer the employment experience 3 of the predecessor employer to the successor in interest, including 4 credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit 5 charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer, 6 pursuant to regulation, if it is determined that the employment 7 experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the 8 organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred 9 may be considered indicative of the future employment experience 10 of the successor in interest. The successor in interest may, within 11 four months of the date of such transfer of the organization, trade, 12 assets or business, or thereafter upon good cause shown, request a 13 reconsideration of the transfer of employment experience of the 14 predecessor employer. The request for reconsideration shall 15 demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the controller, that the 16 employment experience of the predecessor is not indicative of the 17 future employment experience of the successor.

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- (B) An employer who transfers part of his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, may jointly make application with such successor in interest for transfer of that portion of the employment experience of the predecessor employer relating to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer. The transfer of employment experience may be allowed pursuant to regulation only if it is found that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. Credit shall be given to the successor in interest only for the years during which contributions were paid by the predecessor employer with respect to that part of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred.
- (C) A transfer of the employment experience in whole or in part having become final, the predecessor employer thereafter shall not be entitled to consideration for an adjusted rate based upon his or its experience or the part thereof, as the case may be, which has thus been transferred. A successor in interest to whom employment experience or a part thereof is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall, as of the date of the transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or part thereof, immediately become an employer if not theretofore an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (D) If an employer transfers in whole or in part his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or

otherwise and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. The transfer of the employment experience is mandatory and not subject to appeal or protest.

- (E) The transfer of part of an employer's employment experience to a successor in interest shall become effective as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the acquisition by the successor in interest. As of the effective date, the successor in interest shall have its employer rate recalculated by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it shall be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.
- (F) Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of the acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.
- (d) Contributions of workers to the unemployment compensation fund and the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) (A) For periods after January 1, 1975, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1% of his wages with respect to his employment with an employer, which occurs on and after January 1, 1975, after such employer has satisfied the condition set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer; provided, however, that such contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1% of wages paid with respect to employment while the worker is in the employ of the State of New Jersey, or any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), or is covered by an approved private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31).
- (B) Effective January 1, 1978 there shall be no contributions by workers in the employ of any governmental or nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions unless the employer is covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.), and in that case contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1%, except that commencing July 1, 1986, workers in the employ of any nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions shall be required to make contributions to

the fund at the same rate prescribed for workers of other nongovernmental employers.

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3 (C) (i) Notwithstanding the above provisions of this paragraph 4 (1), during the period starting July 1, 1986 and ending December 5 31, 1992, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1.125% of wages paid with respect to his employment with a governmental employer 6 7 electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental 8 employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer 9 as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(6), regardless of whether that 10 nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit 11 costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of 12 contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set 13 forth in subsection R.S.43:21-19(h) with respect to becoming an 14 employer. Contributions, however, shall be at the rate of 0.625% 15 while the worker is covered by an approved private plan under the 16 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt 17 under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any 18 other provision of that law; provided that such contributions shall 19 be at the rate of 0.625% of wages paid with respect to employment 20 with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or 21 instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of 22 contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the 23 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker 24 is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 25 Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or 26 any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits 27 by an approved private plan of the employer, the contributions to 28 the fund shall be 0.125%.

- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.422.)
- 30 (D) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (1), 31 during the period starting January 1, 1993 and ending June 30, 32 1994, each worker shall contribute to the unemployment 33 compensation fund 0.5% of wages paid with respect to the worker's 34 employment with a governmental employer electing or required to 35 pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a 36 nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under 37 paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of 38 whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance 39 its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in 40 lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions 41 set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming 42 an employer. No contributions, however, shall be made by the 43 worker while the worker is covered by an approved private plan 44 under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 45 (C.43:21-25 et al.) or while the worker is exempt under section 7 of 46 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law; 47 provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.50% of 48 wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New

Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan of the employer, no contributions shall be made to the fund.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1996 and ending March 31, 1996, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.60% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1998 and ending December 31, 1998, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.10% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.15% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in

subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2001, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.20% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.1825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or a nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on and after July 1, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.3825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State

of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

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- (E) Each employer shall, notwithstanding any provision of law in this State to the contrary, withhold in trust the amount of his workers' contributions from their wages at the time such wages are paid, shall show such deduction on his payroll records, shall furnish such evidence thereof to his workers as the division or controller may prescribe, and shall transmit all such contributions, in addition to his own contributions, to the office of the controller in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed. If any employer fails to deduct the contributions of any of his workers at the time their wages are paid, or fails to make a deduction therefor at the time wages are paid for the next succeeding payroll period, he alone shall thereafter be liable for such contributions, and for the purpose of R.S.43:21-14, such contributions shall be treated as employer's contributions required from him.
- (F) As used in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except when the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "contributions" shall include the contributions of workers pursuant to this section.
- (G) (i) Each worker, with respect to the worker's employment with a government employer electing or required to pay contributions to the State disability benefits nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law, shall, for calendar year 2012 and each subsequent calendar year, make contributions to the State disability benefits fund at the annual rate of contribution necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions, which, when added to employer contributions made to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, is, for calendar years prior to calendar year 2018, equal to 120% of the benefits paid for periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary disability, during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits during the immediately preceding calendar year, less the amount of net assets remaining in the State disability benefits fund, excluding net assets remaining in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately preceding year, and is, for calendar year 2018 and year 2019, equal to 120% of the benefits paid for periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary disability, during the last preceding full fiscal year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits during the last preceding full fiscal year, less the amount of net assets anticipated

1 to be remaining in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave 2 Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately 3 preceding calendar year, and is, for each of calendar years 2020 and 4 2021, equal to 120% of the benefits which the department 5 anticipates will be paid for periods of disability, excluding periods 6 of family temporary disability, during the respective calendar year 7 plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the 8 payment of those benefits which the department anticipates during 9 the respective calendar year, less the amount of net assets 10 anticipated to be remaining in the State disability benefits fund, 11 excluding net assets remaining in the "Family Temporary Disability 12 Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately 13 preceding calendar year, and is, for calendar year 2022 and any 14 subsequent calendar year, equal to 120% of the benefits paid for 15 periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary 16 disability, during the last preceding full fiscal year plus an amount 17 equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those 18 benefits during the last preceding full fiscal year, less the amount of 19 net assets anticipated to be remaining in the State disability benefits 20 fund, excluding net assets remaining in the "Family Temporary 21 Disability Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately preceding calendar year. All increases in the cost of 22 23 benefits for periods of disability caused by the increases in the 24 weekly benefit rate commencing July 1, 2020, pursuant to section 25 16 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-40), shall be funded by 26 contributions made by workers pursuant to this paragraph (i) and 27 none of those increases shall be funded by employer contributions. 28 The estimated rates for the next calendar year shall be made 29 available on the department's website no later than 60 days after the 30 end of the last preceding full fiscal year. The rates of employer 31 contributions determined pursuant to subsection (e) of this section for any year shall be determined prior to the determination of the 32 33 rate of employee contributions pursuant to this subparagraph (i) and 34 any consideration of employee contributions in determining 35 employer rates for any year shall be based on amounts of employee 36 contributions made prior to the year to which the rate of employee 37 contributions applies and shall not be based on any projection or 38 estimate of the amount of employee contributions for the year to 39 which that rate applies. 40 (ii) Each worker shall contribute to the State disability benefits

(ii) Each worker shall contribute to the State disability benefits fund, in addition to any amount contributed pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G), an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09%, and during calendar year 2010 0.12%, of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with any covered employer, including a governmental employer which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan for benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave. The

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1 contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) to the State 2 disability benefits fund shall be deposited into an account of that 3 fund reserved for the payment of benefits during periods of family 4 temporary disability leave as defined in section 3 of the "Temporary 5 Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) and for the 6 administration of those payments and shall not be used for any other 7 purpose. This account shall be known as the "Family Temporary 8 Disability Leave Account." For calendar year 2011 and each 9 subsequent calendar year until 2018, the annual rate of contribution 10 to be paid by workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be, for 11 calendar years prior to calendar year 2018, the rate necessary to 12 obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of the benefits paid for periods of family temporary disability leave during the 13 14 immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits during 15 16 the immediately preceding calendar year, less the amount of net 17 assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of the 18 immediately preceding year, and shall be, for calendar year 2018 19 and calendar year 2019, the rate necessary to obtain a total amount 20 of contributions equal to 125% of the benefits paid for periods of 21 family temporary disability leave during the last preceding full 22 fiscal year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of 23 administration of the payment of those benefits during the last 24 preceding full fiscal year, less the amount of net assets anticipated 25 to be remaining in the account as of December 31 of the 26 immediately preceding calendar year. For each of calendar years 27 2020 and 2021, the annual rate of contribution to be paid by 28 workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be the rate 29 necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of 30 the benefits which the department anticipates will be paid for 31 periods of family temporary disability leave during the respective 32 calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of 33 administration of the payment of those benefits which the 34 department anticipates during the respective calendar year, less the 35 amount of net assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of 36 the immediately preceding calendar year. For 2022 and any 37 subsequent calendar year, the annual rate of contribution to be paid 38 by workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be the rate 39 necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of 40 the benefits which were paid for periods of family temporary 41 disability leave during the last preceding full fiscal year plus an 42 amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment 43 of those benefits during the last preceding full fiscal year, less the 44 amount of net assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of 45 the immediately preceding calendar year. All increases in the cost 46 of benefits for periods of family temporary disability leave caused 47 by the increases in the weekly benefit rate commencing July 1, 2020 48 pursuant to section 16 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-40) and

1 increases in the maximum duration of benefits commencing July 1, 2 2020 pursuant to sections 14 and 15 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-38 3 and 43:21-39) shall be funded by contributions made by workers 4 pursuant to this paragraph (ii) and none of those increases shall be 5 funded by employer contributions. The estimated rates for the next 6 calendar year shall be made available on the department's website 7 no later than 60 days after the end of the last preceding full fiscal 8 year. Necessary administrative costs shall include the cost of an 9 outreach program to inform employees of the availability of the 10 benefits and the cost of issuing the reports required or permitted 11 pursuant to section 13 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.4). 12 monies, other than the funds in the "Family Temporary Disability 13 Leave Account," shall be used for the payment of benefits during 14 periods of family temporary disability leave or for 15 administration of those payments, with the sole exception that, 16 during calendar years 2008 and 2009, a total amount not exceeding 17 \$25 million may be transferred to that account from the revenues 18 received in the State disability benefits fund pursuant to 19 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G) and be expended for those 20 payments and their administration, including the administration of 21 the collection of contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) and any other necessary administrative costs. Any amount 22 23 transferred to the account pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be 24 repaid during a period beginning not later than January 1, 2011 and 25 ending not later than December 31, 2015. No monies, other than 26 the funds in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account," 27 shall be used under any circumstances after December 31, 2009, for 28 the payment of benefits during periods of family temporary 29 disability leave or for the administration of those payments, 30 including for the administration of the collection of contributions 31 made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii).

- (2) (A) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 33 (B) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)

- 34 (C) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 35 (D) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 36 (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 37 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1996, c.28.)
- 38 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 39 (3) (A) If an employee receives wages from more than one 40 employer during any calendar year, and either the sum of his 41 contributions deposited in and credited to the State disability 42 benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required 43 towards the costs of benefits under one or more approved private 44 plans under the provisions of section 9 of the "Temporary Disability 45 Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) and deducted from his wages, or the 46 sum of such latter contributions, if the employee is covered during 47 such calendar year only by two or more private plans, exceeds an 48 amount equal to 1/2 of 1% of the "wages" determined in accordance

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with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3) during the calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 1976 or, during calendar year 2012 or any subsequent calendar year, the total amount of his contributions for the year exceeds the amount set by the annual rate of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes his right to such refund. Such refund shall be made by the controller from the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the aggregate amount of such refunds made during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) such determination to be based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from contributions to such fund, as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the amount so prorated. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the State disability benefits fund.

(B) If an employee receives wages from more than one employer during any calendar year, and the sum of his contributions deposited in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required towards the costs of family temporary disability leave benefits under one or more approved private plans under the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.) and deducted from his wages, exceeds an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09% of the "wages" determined in accordance with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3), or during calendar year 2010, 0.12% of those wages, or, during calendar year 2011 or any subsequent calendar year, the percentage of those wages set by the annual rate of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the

1 employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a 2 claim to the controller within two years after the end of the calendar 3 year in which the wages are received with respect to which the 4 refund is claimed and establishes his right to the refund. The refund 5 shall be made by the controller from the "Family Temporary 6 Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund. No 7 interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. 8 The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, 9 determine the portion of the aggregate amount of the refunds made 10 during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for 11 which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary 12 Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33), with that determination based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from 13 14 contributions to the fund, as provided in paragraph (1)(B) of this 15 subsection (d) with respect to coverage under private plans, to the 16 total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to 17 contributions to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" 18 of the State disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (ii) 19 of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d). The controller shall, in 20 accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so 21 determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion 22 that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan 23 wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and 24 recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has 25 indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the prorated amount. 26 The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of 27 employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The 28 amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the "Family 29 Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability 30 benefits fund. 31

(4) If an individual does not receive any wages from the employing unit which for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) is treated as his employer, or receives his wages from some other employing unit, such employer shall nevertheless be liable for such individual's contributions in the first instance; and after payment thereof such employer may deduct the amount of such contributions from any sums payable by him to such employing unit, or may recover the amount of such contributions from such employing unit, or, in the absence of such an employing unit, from such individual, in a civil action; provided proceedings therefor are instituted within three months after the date on which such contributions are payable. General rules shall be prescribed whereby such an employing unit may recover the amount of such contributions from such individuals in the same manner as if it were the employer.

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(5) Every employer who has elected to become an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or to cease to be an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), pursuant to

the provisions of R.S.43:21-8, shall post and maintain printed notices of such election on his premises, of such design, in such numbers, and at such places as the director may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in his service.

- (6) Contributions by workers, payable to the controller as herein provided, shall be exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution, or any other remedy for the collection of debts.
- (e) Contributions by employers to the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) Except as hereinafter provided, each employer shall, in addition to the contributions required by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section, contribute 1/2 of 1% of the wages paid by such employer to workers with respect to employment unless he is not a covered employer as defined in subsection (a) of section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-27 (a)), except that the rate for the State of New Jersey shall be 1/10 of 1% for the calendar year 1980 and for the first six months of 1981. Prior to July 1, 1981 and prior to July 1 each year thereafter, the controller shall review the experience accumulated in the account of the State of New Jersey and establish a rate for the next following fiscal year which, in combination with worker contributions, will produce sufficient revenue to keep the account in balance; except that the rate so established shall not be less than 1/10 of 1%. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by the employer to the controller for the State disability benefits fund as established by law, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ. In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
- (2) During the continuance of coverage of a worker by an approved private plan of disability benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," the employer shall be exempt from the contributions required by paragraph (1) above with respect to wages paid to such worker.
- (3) (A) The rates of contribution as specified in paragraph (1) above shall be subject to modification as provided herein with respect to employer contributions due on and after July 1, 1951.
- (B) A separate disability benefits account shall be maintained for each employer required to contribute to the State disability benefits fund and such account shall be credited with contributions deposited in and credited to such fund with respect to employment occurring on and after January 1, 1949. Each employer's account shall be credited with all contributions paid on or before January 31 of any calendar year on his own behalf and on behalf of individuals in his service with respect to employment occurring in preceding calendar years; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday an employer's account

- shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this act shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him to the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid to any covered individual in accordance with Article III of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to disability in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account of the employer by whom such individual was employed at the commencement of such disability or by whom he was last employed, if out of employment.
 - (C) The controller may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.

- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year, the controller shall make a preliminary determination of the rate of contribution for the 12 months commencing on such July 1 for each employer subject to the contribution requirements of this subsection (e).
- (1) Such preliminary rate shall be 1/2 of 1% unless on the preceding January 31 of such year such employer shall have been a covered employer who has paid contributions to the State disability benefits fund with respect to employment in the three calendar years immediately preceding such year.
- (2) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the credited contributions exceed the benefits charged by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 2/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 exceeds 1% but is less than 1 1/4% of his average annual payroll as defined in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.);
- (ii) 15/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/4% but is less than 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 1/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll.
- (3) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the contributions credited exceed the benefits charged but by not more than \$500.00 plus 1% of his average annual payroll, or if the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited but by not more than \$500.00, the preliminary rate shall be 1/4 of 1%.
- (4) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the benefits charged exceed the

1 contributions credited by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:

- (i) 35/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 is less than 1/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- 5 (ii) 45/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 6 1/4 of 1% but is less than 1/2 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
 - (iii) 55/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/2 of 1% but is less than 3/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
 - (iv) 65/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% but is less than 1% of his average annual payroll;
 - (v) 75/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1% of his average annual payroll.
 - (5) Determination of the preliminary rate as specified in subparagraphs (D)(2), (3) and (4) above shall be subject, however, to the condition that it shall in no event be decreased by more than 1/10 of 1% of wages or increased by more than 2/10 of 1% of wages from the preliminary rate determined for the preceding year in accordance with subparagraph (D) (1), (2), (3) or (4), whichever shall have been applicable.
 - (E) (1) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the amount of the State disability benefits fund as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year, increased by the contributions paid thereto during January of the current calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year. If such amount exceeds the net amount withdrawn from the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 23 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-47) plus the amount at the end of such preceding calendar year of the unemployment disability account as defined in section 22 of said law (C.43:21-46), such excess shall be expressed as a percentage of the wages on which contributions were paid to the State disability benefits fund on or before January 31 with respect to employment in the preceding calendar year.
 - (2) The controller shall then make a final determination of the rates of contribution for the 12 months commencing July 1 of such year for employers whose preliminary rates are determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, as follows:
 - (i) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 1 1/4%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, except that if the employer's preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) or subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, the final employer rate shall be the preliminary employer rate decreased by such percentage of excess taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%, but in no case shall such final rate be less than 1/10 of 1%.
- 47 (ii) If the percentage determined in accordance with 48 subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1%

and is less than 1 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates.

- (iii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is less than 3/4 of 1%, but in excess of 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof increased by the difference between 3/4 of 1% and such percentage taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%; provided, however, that no such final rate shall be more than 1/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, more than 1/2 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, nor more than 3/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof.
- (iv) If the amount of the State disability benefits fund determined as provided in subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is equal to or less than 1/4 of 1%, then the final rate shall be 2/5 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, 7/10 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, and 1.1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any determination made by the controller with respect to any 12-month period commencing on July 1, 1970, the final rates for all employers for the period beginning January 1, 1971, shall be as set forth herein.
- (F) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection (e), the rate of contribution paid to the State disability benefits fund by each covered employer as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27), shall be determined as if:
- (i) No disability benefits have been paid with respect to periods of family temporary disability leave;
- (ii) No worker paid any contributions to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section;
- (iii) No amounts were transferred from the State disability benefits fund to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section; and
- 43 (iv) The total amount of benefits paid for periods of disability 44 were not subject to the increases in the weekly benefit rate for those 45 benefits commencing July 1, 2020 pursuant to section 16 of 46 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-40).
- 47 (cf: P.L.2019, c.37, s.6)

1	3.	This act shall take effect immediately.
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4		STATEMENT

This bill, for the period of the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of the emergency or state of emergency, excludes the cost of unemployment benefit to employees of an employer during that period when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the unemployment trust fund.

The bill specifies that, regardless of the actual unemployment trust fund reserve ratio, unemployment contribution rates will be:

- 1. For fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the Experience Rating Tax Table in R.S.32:21-7(c)(5)(E);
- 2. For fiscal year 2023, the rates set by column "D" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply; and
- 3. For fiscal year 2024, the rates set by column "E" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply.

The bill also exempts any nonprofit or governmental employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions from liability for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to 50 percent of unemployment benefits paid to employees laid off by the employer during that public health emergency and any extensions of it

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Reduces or delays increases in employer unemployment taxes related to benefits paid during coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic state of emergency.

ASSEMBLY, No. 4853

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 19, 2020

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman LOUIS D. GREENWALD

District 6 (Burlington and Camden)

Assemblyman VINCENT MAZZEO

District 2 (Atlantic)

Assemblyman ANTHONY S. VERRELLI

District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer)

Senator FRED H. MADDEN, JR.

District 4 (Camden and Gloucester)

Senator STEPHEN M. SWEENEY

District 3 (Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblyman Chiaravalloti, Assemblywomen Chaparro, Murphy, Downey, Assemblyman Spearman, Senators Addiego, Turner and Singleton

SYNOPSIS

Reduces or delays increases in employer unemployment taxes related to benefits paid during coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic state of emergency.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/16/2020)

AN ACT concerning employer contributions to the unemployment compensation fund and payments in lieu of contributions, amending R.S.43:21-7, and supplementing Title 43 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. The costs of any unemployment compensation benefits paid to employees of an employer during the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of that public health emergency and state of emergency, shall not be considered when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the State unemployment compensation fund pursuant to R.S.43:21-7.
- b. Any nonprofit organization which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2) and any governmental entity or instrumentality which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), shall be liable for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to only 50% of the payments of unemployment compensation benefits made pursuant to either of those two sections during the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of that public health emergency and state of emergency.

- 2. R.S.43:21-7 is amended read as follows:
- 43:21-7. Employers other than governmental entities, whose benefit financing provisions are set forth in section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), and those nonprofit organizations liable for payment in lieu of contributions on the basis set forth in section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2), shall pay to the controller for the unemployment compensation fund, contributions as set forth in subsections (a), (b) and (c) hereof, and the provisions of subsections (d) and (e) shall be applicable to all employers, consistent with the provisions of the "unemployment compensation law" and the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).
- 42 (a) Payment.
- 43 (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each 44 employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this 45 chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), with respect to having individuals in

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

his employ during that calendar year, at the rates and on the basis hereinafter set forth. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the controller for the fund, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ.

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- (2) In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
- (b) Rate of contributions. Each employer shall pay the following contributions:
- (1) For the calendar year 1947, and each calendar year thereafter, 2 7/10% of wages paid by him during each such calendar year, except as otherwise prescribed by subsection (c) of this section.
- (2) The "wages" of any individual, with respect to any one employer, as the term is used in this subsection (b) and in subsections (c), (d) and (e) of this section 7, shall include the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, for services performed either within or without this State; provided that no contribution shall be required by this State with respect to services performed in another state if such other state imposes contribution liability with If an employer (hereinafter referred to as a respect thereto. successor employer) during any calendar year acquires substantially all the property used in a trade or business of another employer (hereinafter referred to as a predecessor), or used in a separate unit of a trade or business of a predecessor, and immediately after the acquisition employs in his trade or business an individual who immediately prior to the acquisition was employed in the trade or business of such predecessors, then, for the purpose of determining whether the successor employer has paid wages with respect to employment equal to the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, any wages paid to such individual by such predecessor during such calendar year and prior to such acquisition shall be considered as having been paid by such successor employer.
- (3) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 1976, the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding paragraph (2) of this subsection (b), shall be established and promulgated by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before September 1 of the preceding year and, except as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection (b), shall be, 28 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a calendar year is less than the amount similarly determined for the preceding year, the greater amount will be used; provided, further, that if the amount of such wages so determined does not equal or

- 1 exceed the amount of wages as defined in subsection (b) of section
- 2 3306 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3306(b)),
- 3 the wages as determined in this paragraph in any calendar year shall
- 4 be raised to equal the amount established under the "Federal
- 5 Unemployment Tax Act," chapter 23 of the Internal Revenue Code
- 6 of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3301 et seq.), for that calendar year.
- 7 (4) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, 8 the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding 9 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) for purposes of contributions of 10 workers to the State disability benefits fund, including the "Family 11 Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to subsection (d) of 12 this section, shall be established and promulgated by the 13 Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before 14 September 1 of the preceding year and shall be 107 times the 15 Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by 16 employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next 17 higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, 18 provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a calendar 19 year is less than the amount similarly determined for the preceding 20 year, the greater amount will be used.
 - (c) Future rates based on benefit experience.

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(1) A separate account for each employer shall be maintained and this shall be credited with all the contributions which he has paid on his own behalf on or before January 31 of any calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday, an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid with respect to benefit years commencing on and after January 1, 1953, to any individual on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to unemployment in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account or accounts of the employer or employers in whose employment such individual established base weeks constituting the basis of such benefits, except that, with respect to benefit years commencing after January 4, 1998, an employer's account shall not be charged for benefits paid to a claimant if the claimant's employment by that employer was ended in any way which, pursuant to subsection (a), (b), (c), (f), (g) or (h) of R.S.43:21-5, would have disqualified the claimant for benefits if the claimant had applied for benefits at the time when that employment ended. Benefits paid under a given benefit determination shall be charged against the account of the employer to whom such

- 1 determination relates. When each benefit payment is made,
- 2 notification shall be promptly provided to each employer included
- 3 in the unemployment insurance monetary calculation of benefits.
- 4 Such notification shall identify the employer against whose account
- 5 the amount of such payment is being charged, shall show at least
- 6 the name and social security account number of the claimant and
- 7 shall specify the period of unemployment to which said benefit
- 8 payment applies.

An annual summary statement of unemployment benefits charged to the employer's account shall be provided.

- (2) Regulations may be prescribed for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (3) No employer's rate shall be lower than 5.4% unless assignment of such lower rate is consistent with the conditions applicable to additional credit allowance for such year under section 3303(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3303(a)(1)), any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding.
- (4) Employer Reserve Ratio. (A) Each employer's rate shall be 2 8/10%, except as otherwise provided in the following provisions. No employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be other than 2 8/10%, unless as of the preceding January 31 such employer shall have paid contributions with respect to wages paid in each of the three calendar years immediately preceding such year, in which case such employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be determined on the basis of his record up to the beginning of such calendar year. If, at the beginning of such calendar year, the total of all his contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past years exceeds the total benefits charged to his account for all such years, his contribution rate shall be:
- (1) 2 5/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 4%, but less than 5%, of his average annual payroll (as defined in paragraph (2), subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-19);
- 40 (2) 2 2/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 5%, but is less than 6%, of his average annual payroll;
- 42 (3) 1 9/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 6%, but is less than 7%, of his average annual payroll;
- 44 (4) 1 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 7%, but is less than 8%, of his average annual payroll;
- 46 (5) 1 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 8%, but is less than 9%, of his average annual payroll;

- 1 (6) 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 9%, but is less than 2 10%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (7) 7/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 11%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (8) 4/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 11% of his average annual payroll.
 - (B) If the total of an employer's contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past periods for the purposes of this paragraph (4), is less than the total benefits charged against his account during the same period, his rate shall be:
- 11 (1) 4%, if such excess is less than 10% of his average annual payroll;
 - (2) 4 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 20%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (3) 4 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 20% of his average annual payroll.
 - (C) Specially assigned rates.

- (i) If no contributions were paid on wages for employment in any calendar year used in determining the average annual payroll of an employer eligible for an assigned rate under this paragraph (4), the employer's rate shall be specially assigned as follows:
- if the reserve balance in its account is positive, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for positive balance accounts for that period, or 5.4%, whichever is higher, and

if the reserve balance in its account is negative, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for deficit accounts for that period.

- (ii) If, following the purchase of a corporation with little or no activity, known as a corporate shell, the resulting employing unit operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall be assigned a new employer rate.
- (iii) Entities operating under common ownership, management or control, when the operation of the entities is not identifiable, distinguishable and severable, shall be considered a single employer for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (D) The contribution rates prescribed by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph (4) shall be increased or decreased in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of this subsection (c) for experience rating periods through June 30, 1986.
- (5) (A) Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 4% but is less than 7% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 3/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment

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1 trust fund exceeds 2 1/2% but is less than 4% of the total taxable 2 wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to 3 employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution 4 rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a 5 contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be 6 increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise 7 established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this 8 subsection.

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If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund is less than 2 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer: (1) eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by (i) 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3), (4)(A) or (4)(B) of this subsection, and (ii) an additional amount equal to 20% of the total rate established herein, provided, however, that the final contribution rate for each employer shall be computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof; (2) not eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection. For the period commencing July 1, 1984 and ending June 30, 1986, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions under R.S.43:21-7 shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

(B) If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 10% but is less than 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be reduced by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 1%. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be reduced by 6/10 of 1% if his account for all past periods reflects an excess of contributions paid over total benefits charged of 3% or more of his average annual payroll, otherwise by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of

paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 1%.

- (C) The "balance" in the unemployment trust fund, as the term is used in subparagraphs (A) and (B) above, shall not include moneys credited to the State's account under section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. s.1103), during any period in which such moneys are appropriated for the payment of expenses incurred in the administration of the "unemployment compensation law."
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio, which shall be calculated by dividing the balance of the unemployment trust fund as of the prior March 31 by total taxable wages reported to the controller by all employers as of March 31 with respect to their employment during the last calendar year.
 - (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.152).
 - (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.107).
 - (iv) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.45).
 - (v) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
 - (vi) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.75).
- (vii) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4) of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE

33	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹					
34		3.50%	3.00%	2.5%	2.0%	1.99%
35	Employer	and	to	to	to	and
36	Reserve	Over	3.49%	2.99%	2.49%	Under
37	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E
38	Positive Reserve Ratio:					
39	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2
40	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2
41	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2
42	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2
43	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2
44	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2
45	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2
46	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6
47	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9
48	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3

1	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6
2	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0
3	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4
4	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7
5	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9
6	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0
7	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1
8	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3
9	Deficit Reserve Ratio:					
10	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1
11	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2
12	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3
13	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4
14	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5
15	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6
16	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7
17	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8
18	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9
19	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0
20	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4

¹Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in the prior calendar year.

²Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a percentage of employer's taxable wages).

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- (F) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
- (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.75).
- 29 (iv) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or 30 after July 1, 2011 and before July 1, 2013, if the fund reserve ratio, 31 based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 32 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay 33 contributions, as
- computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
 - (v) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2014, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
- (G) On or after January 1, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.1%, except that, during any experience rating year starting before

- 1 January 1, 1998 in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater
- 2 than 7.00% or during any experience rating year starting on or after
- 3 January 1, 1998, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or
- 4 greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this
- 5 subparagraph (G) in the contribution of any employer who has a
- 6 deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under.
- 7 (H) On and after January 1, 1998 until December 31, 2000 and
- 8 on or after January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2006, the contribution rate
- 9 for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under
- 10 subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a 11 factor, as set out below, computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%,
- 12 except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative
- 13 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be
- 14 reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%:
- From January 1, 1998 until December 31, 1998, a factor of 12%; 15
- 16 From January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, a factor of 10%;
- 17 From January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2000, a factor of 7%;
- 18 From January 1, 2002 until March 31, 2002, a factor of 36%;
- 19 From April 1, 2002 until June 30, 2002, a factor of 85%;
- 20 From July 1, 2002 until June 30, 2003, a factor of 15%;
- 21 From July 1, 2003 until June 30, 2004, a factor of 15%;
- 22 From July 1, 2004 until June 30, 2005, a factor of 7%;
- 23 From July 1, 2005 until December 31, 2005, a factor of 16%; and
- 24 From January 1, 2006 until June 30, 2006, a factor of 34%.
- 25 The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions 26 stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the 27 amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by 28 subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of 29 contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 30 negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this
- subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%. 32
 - (I) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).

- 34 (J) On or after July 1, 2001, notwithstanding any other
- 35 provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each
- employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under 36
- 37 subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by
- 38 0.0175%, except that, during any experience rating year starting on
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- or after July 1, 2001, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or 40 greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this
- 41 subparagraph (J) in the contribution of any employer who has a
- 42 deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under. The amount of the
- 43 reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this
- 44 subparagraph (J) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction
- 45 in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraphs (G) and
- 46 (H) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an
- 47 employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under
- 48 shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (J) to less than

5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

- (K) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2009, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is:
- (i) Equal to or greater than 5.00% but less than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 25% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under;
- (ii) Equal to or greater than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 50% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under.
- (L) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2011, the rates set by column "C" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2012, the rates set by column "D" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (N) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2013, the rates set by column "E" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (O) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (P) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2023, the rates set by column "D" of the table in that subparagraph, unless the application of the provisions of this paragraph (5) using the actual fund reserve ratio would result in the contribution rate for employers being set by a column which has lower tax rates than the rates in column "D", in which case the employers shall be liable to

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1 pay contributions at the rates set by the column with the lower tax 2 rates.

(Q) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2024, the rates set by column "E" of the table in that subparagraph, unless the application of the provisions of this paragraph (5) using the actual fund reserve ratio would result in the contribution rate for employers being set by a column which has lower tax rates than the rates in column "E", in which case the employers shall be liable to pay contributions at the rates set by the column with the lower tax rates.

(6) Additional contributions.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any employer who has been assigned a contribution rate pursuant to subsection (c) of this section for the year commencing July 1, 1948, and for any year commencing July 1 thereafter, may voluntarily make payment of additional contributions, and upon such payment shall receive a recomputation of the experience rate applicable to such employer, including in the calculation the additional contribution so made, except that, following a transfer as described under R.S.43:21-7(c)(7)(D), neither the predecessor nor successor in interest shall be eligible to make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year. Any such additional contribution shall be made during the 30-day period following the notification to the employer of his contribution rate as prescribed in this section, unless, for good cause, the time for payment has been extended by the controller for not to exceed an additional 60 days; provided that in no event may such payments which are made later than 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective be considered in determining the experience rate for the year in which the payment is made. Any employer receiving any extended period of time within which to make such additional payment and failing to make such payment timely shall be, in addition to the required amount of additional payment, liable for a penalty of 5% thereof or \$5.00, whichever is greater, not to exceed \$50.00. Any adjustment under this subsection shall be made only in the form of credits against accrued or future contributions.

(7) Transfers.

(A) Upon the transfer of the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets of an employer to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, the controller shall transfer the employment experience of the predecessor employer to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer,

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1 pursuant to regulation, if it is determined that the employment 2 experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the 3 organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred 4 may be considered indicative of the future employment experience 5 of the successor in interest. The successor in interest may, within 6 four months of the date of such transfer of the organization, trade, 7 assets or business, or thereafter upon good cause shown, request a 8 reconsideration of the transfer of employment experience of the 9 The request for reconsideration shall predecessor employer. 10 demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the controller, that the 11 employment experience of the predecessor is not indicative of the 12 future employment experience of the successor.

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- (B) An employer who transfers part of his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, may jointly make application with such successor in interest for transfer of that portion of the employment experience of the predecessor employer relating to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer. The transfer of employment experience may be allowed pursuant to regulation only if it is found that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. Credit shall be given to the successor in interest only for the years during which contributions were paid by the predecessor employer with respect to that part of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred.
- (C) A transfer of the employment experience in whole or in part having become final, the predecessor employer thereafter shall not be entitled to consideration for an adjusted rate based upon his or its experience or the part thereof, as the case may be, which has thus been transferred. A successor in interest to whom employment experience or a part thereof is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall, as of the date of the transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or part thereof, immediately become an employer if not theretofore an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (D) If an employer transfers in whole or in part his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. The

transfer of the employment experience is mandatory and not subject to appeal or protest.

- (E) The transfer of part of an employer's employment experience to a successor in interest shall become effective as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the acquisition by the successor in interest. As of the effective date, the successor in interest shall have its employer rate recalculated by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it shall be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.
- (F) Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of the acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.
- (d) Contributions of workers to the unemployment compensation fund and the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) (A) For periods after January 1, 1975, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1% of his wages with respect to his employment with an employer, which occurs on and after January 1, 1975, after such employer has satisfied the condition set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer; provided, however, that such contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1% of wages paid with respect to employment while the worker is in the employ of the State of New Jersey, or any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), or is covered by an approved private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31).
- (B) Effective January 1, 1978 there shall be no contributions by workers in the employ of any governmental or nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions unless the employer is covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.), and in that case contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1%, except that commencing July 1, 1986, workers in the employ of any nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions shall be required to make contributions to the fund at the same rate prescribed for workers of other nongovernmental employers.
- (C) (i) Notwithstanding the above provisions of this paragraph (1), during the period starting July 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1992, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1.125% of wages paid with respect to his employment with a governmental employer

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1 electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental 2 employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer 3 as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(6), regardless of whether that 4 nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit 5 costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of 6 contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set 7 forth in subsection R.S.43:21-19(h) with respect to becoming an 8 employer. Contributions, however, shall be at the rate of 0.625% 9 while the worker is covered by an approved private plan under the 10 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt 11 under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any 12 other provision of that law; provided that such contributions shall 13 be at the rate of 0.625% of wages paid with respect to employment 14 with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or 15 instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of 16 contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the 17 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker 18 is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 19 Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or 20 any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits 21 by an approved private plan of the employer, the contributions to 22 the fund shall be 0.125%.

(ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.422.)

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24 (D) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (1), 25 during the period starting January 1, 1993 and ending June 30, 1994, each worker shall contribute to the unemployment 26 27 compensation fund 0.5% of wages paid with respect to the worker's 28 employment with a governmental employer electing or required to 29 pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a 30 nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under 31 paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance 32 33 its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in 34 lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions 35 set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming 36 an employer. No contributions, however, shall be made by the 37 worker while the worker is covered by an approved private plan 38 under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 39 (C.43:21-25 et al.) or while the worker is exempt under section 7 of 40 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law; 41 provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.50% of 42 wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New 43 Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing 44 or required to make payments in lieu of contributions and which is 45 covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits 46 Law," except that, while the worker is exempt from the provisions 47 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that 48 law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that

law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan of the employer, no contributions shall be made to the fund.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1996 and ending March 31, 1996, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.60% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1998 and ending December 31, 1998, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.10% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.15% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2001, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.20% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.1825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or a nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on and after July 1, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.3825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

(E) Each employer shall, notwithstanding any provision of law in this State to the contrary, withhold in trust the amount of his workers' contributions from their wages at the time such wages are

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1 paid, shall show such deduction on his payroll records, shall furnish 2 such evidence thereof to his workers as the division or controller 3 may prescribe, and shall transmit all such contributions, in addition 4 to his own contributions, to the office of the controller in such 5 manner and at such times as may be prescribed. If any employer 6 fails to deduct the contributions of any of his workers at the time 7 their wages are paid, or fails to make a deduction therefor at the 8 time wages are paid for the next succeeding payroll period, he alone 9 shall thereafter be liable for such contributions, and for the purpose 10 of R.S.43:21-14, such contributions shall be treated as employer's 11 contributions required from him.

(F) As used in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except when the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "contributions" shall include the contributions of workers pursuant to this section.

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15 (G) (i) Each worker, with respect to the worker's employment 16 with a government employer electing or required to 17 contributions to the State disability benefits 18 nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization 19 which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection 20 (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved 21 private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the 22 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 23 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other 24 provision of that law, shall, for calendar year 2012 and each 25 subsequent calendar year, make contributions to the State disability 26 benefits fund at the annual rate of contribution necessary to obtain a 27 total amount of contributions, which, when added to employer 28 contributions made to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to 29 subsection (e) of this section, is, for calendar years prior to calendar 30 year 2018, equal to 120% of the benefits paid for periods of 31 disability, excluding periods of family temporary disability, during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount equal to 32 33 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits 34 during the immediately preceding calendar year, less the amount of 35 net assets remaining in the State disability benefits fund, excluding net assets remaining in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave 36 37 Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately 38 preceding year, and is, for calendar year 2018 and year 2019, equal 39 to 120% of the benefits paid for periods of disability, excluding 40 periods of family temporary disability, during the last preceding full 41 fiscal year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of 42 administration of the payment of those benefits during the last 43 preceding full fiscal year, less the amount of net assets anticipated 44 to be remaining in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave 45 Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately 46 preceding calendar year, and is, for each of calendar years 2020 and 47 2021, equal to 120% of the benefits which the department 48 anticipates will be paid for periods of disability, excluding periods

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1 of family temporary disability, during the respective calendar year 2 plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the 3 payment of those benefits which the department anticipates during 4 the respective calendar year, less the amount of net assets 5 anticipated to be remaining in the State disability benefits fund, 6 excluding net assets remaining in the "Family Temporary Disability 7 Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately 8 preceding calendar year, and is, for calendar year 2022 and any 9 subsequent calendar year, equal to 120% of the benefits paid for 10 periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary 11 disability, during the last preceding full fiscal year plus an amount 12 equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those 13 benefits during the last preceding full fiscal year, less the amount of 14 net assets anticipated to be remaining in the State disability benefits fund, excluding net assets remaining in the "Family Temporary 15 16 Disability Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the 17 immediately preceding calendar year. All increases in the cost of 18 benefits for periods of disability caused by the increases in the 19 weekly benefit rate commencing July 1, 2020, pursuant to section 20 16 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-40), shall be funded by 21 contributions made by workers pursuant to this paragraph (i) and 22 none of those increases shall be funded by employer contributions. 23 The estimated rates for the next calendar year shall be made 24 available on the department's website no later than 60 days after the 25 end of the last preceding full fiscal year. The rates of employer 26 contributions determined pursuant to subsection (e) of this section 27 for any year shall be determined prior to the determination of the 28 rate of employee contributions pursuant to this subparagraph (i) and 29 any consideration of employee contributions in determining 30 employer rates for any year shall be based on amounts of employee 31 contributions made prior to the year to which the rate of employee 32 contributions applies and shall not be based on any projection or 33 estimate of the amount of employee contributions for the year to 34 which that rate applies. 35

(ii) Each worker shall contribute to the State disability benefits fund, in addition to any amount contributed pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G), an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09%, and during calendar year 2010 0.12%, of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with any covered employer, including a governmental employer which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan for benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave. The contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) to the State disability benefits fund shall be deposited into an account of that fund reserved for the payment of benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave as defined in section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) and for the

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1 administration of those payments and shall not be used for any other 2 purpose. This account shall be known as the "Family Temporary 3 Disability Leave Account." For calendar year 2011 and each 4 subsequent calendar year until 2018, the annual rate of contribution 5 to be paid by workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be, for 6 calendar years prior to calendar year 2018, the rate necessary to 7 obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of the benefits 8 paid for periods of family temporary disability leave during the 9 immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% 10 of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits during 11 the immediately preceding calendar year, less the amount of net 12 assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of the 13 immediately preceding year, and shall be, for calendar year 2018 14 and calendar year 2019, the rate necessary to obtain a total amount 15 of contributions equal to 125% of the benefits paid for periods of 16 family temporary disability leave during the last preceding full 17 fiscal year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of 18 administration of the payment of those benefits during the last 19 preceding full fiscal year, less the amount of net assets anticipated 20 to be remaining in the account as of December 31 of the 21 immediately preceding calendar year. For each of calendar years 22 2020 and 2021, the annual rate of contribution to be paid by 23 workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be the rate 24 necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of 25 the benefits which the department anticipates will be paid for 26 periods of family temporary disability leave during the respective 27 calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of 28 administration of the payment of those benefits which the 29 department anticipates during the respective calendar year, less the 30 amount of net assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of 31 the immediately preceding calendar year. For 2022 and any 32 subsequent calendar year, the annual rate of contribution to be paid 33 by workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be the rate 34 necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of 35 the benefits which were paid for periods of family temporary 36 disability leave during the last preceding full fiscal year plus an 37 amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment 38 of those benefits during the last preceding full fiscal year, less the 39 amount of net assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of 40 the immediately preceding calendar year. All increases in the cost 41 of benefits for periods of family temporary disability leave caused 42 by the increases in the weekly benefit rate commencing July 1, 2020 43 pursuant to section 16 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-40) and 44 increases in the maximum duration of benefits commencing July 1, 45 2020 pursuant to sections 14 and 15 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-38 46 and 43:21-39) shall be funded by contributions made by workers 47 pursuant to this paragraph (ii) and none of those increases shall be funded by employer contributions. The estimated rates for the next 48

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1 calendar year shall be made available on the department's website 2 no later than 60 days after the end of the last preceding full fiscal 3 year. Necessary administrative costs shall include the cost of an 4 outreach program to inform employees of the availability of the 5 benefits and the cost of issuing the reports required or permitted 6 pursuant to section 13 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.4). 7 monies, other than the funds in the "Family Temporary Disability 8 Leave Account," shall be used for the payment of benefits during 9 periods of family temporary disability leave or for the 10 administration of those payments, with the sole exception that, 11 during calendar years 2008 and 2009, a total amount not exceeding 12 \$25 million may be transferred to that account from the revenues 13 received in the State disability benefits fund pursuant to 14 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G) and be expended for those 15 payments and their administration, including the administration of 16 the collection of contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph 17 (ii) and any other necessary administrative costs. Any amount 18 transferred to the account pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be 19 repaid during a period beginning not later than January 1, 2011 and 20 ending not later than December 31, 2015. No monies, other than 21 the funds in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account," 22 shall be used under any circumstances after December 31, 2009, for 23 the payment of benefits during periods of family temporary 24 disability leave or for the administration of those payments, 25 including for the administration of the collection of contributions 26 made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii).

- 27 (2) (A) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 28 (B) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 29 (C) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 30 (D) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 31 (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 32 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1996, c.28.)
- 33 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 34 (3) (A) If an employee receives wages from more than one 35 employer during any calendar year, and either the sum of his 36 contributions deposited in and credited to the State disability 37 benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required 38 towards the costs of benefits under one or more approved private 39 plans under the provisions of section 9 of the "Temporary Disability 40 Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) and deducted from his wages, or the 41 sum of such latter contributions, if the employee is covered during 42 such calendar year only by two or more private plans, exceeds an 43 amount equal to 1/2 of 1% of the "wages" determined in accordance 44 with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3) during the calendar years 45 beginning on or after January 1, 1976 or, during calendar year 2012 46 or any subsequent calendar year, the total amount of his 47 contributions for the year exceeds the amount set by the annual rate 48 of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and

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Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes his right to such refund. Such refund shall be made by the controller from the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the aggregate amount of such refunds made during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) such determination to be based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from contributions to such fund, as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the amount so prorated. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the State disability benefits fund.

(B) If an employee receives wages from more than one employer during any calendar year, and the sum of his contributions deposited in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required towards the costs of family temporary disability leave benefits under one or more approved private plans under the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.) and deducted from his wages, exceeds an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09% of the "wages" determined in accordance with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3), or during calendar year 2010, 0.12% of those wages, or, during calendar year 2011 or any subsequent calendar year, the percentage of those wages set by the annual rate of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes his right to the refund. The refund shall be made by the controller from the "Family Temporary

Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the aggregate amount of the refunds made during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33), with that determination based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from contributions to the fund, as provided in paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection (d) with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d). The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the prorated amount. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund.

(4) If an individual does not receive any wages from the employing unit which for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) is treated as his employer, or receives his wages from some other employing unit, such employer shall nevertheless be liable for such individual's contributions in the first instance; and after payment thereof such employer may deduct the amount of such contributions from any sums payable by him to such employing unit, or may recover the amount of such contributions from such employing unit, or, in the absence of such an employing unit, from such individual, in a civil action; provided proceedings therefor are instituted within three months after the date on which such contributions are payable. General rules shall be prescribed whereby such an employing unit may recover the amount of such contributions from such individuals in the same manner as if it were the employer.

(5) Every employer who has elected to become an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or to cease to be an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), pursuant to the provisions of R.S.43:21-8, shall post and maintain printed notices of such election on his premises, of such design, in such numbers, and at such places as the director may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in his service.

(6) Contributions by workers, payable to the controller as herein provided, shall be exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution, or any other remedy for the collection of debts.

- (e) Contributions by employers to the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) Except as hereinafter provided, each employer shall, in addition to the contributions required by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section, contribute 1/2 of 1% of the wages paid by such employer to workers with respect to employment unless he is not a covered employer as defined in subsection (a) of section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-27 (a)), except that the rate for the State of New Jersey shall be 1/10 of 1% for the calendar year 1980 and for the first six months of 1981. Prior to July 1, 1981 and prior to July 1 each year thereafter, the controller shall review the experience accumulated in the account of the State of New Jersey and establish a rate for the next following fiscal year which, in combination with worker contributions, will produce sufficient revenue to keep the account in balance; except that the rate so established shall not be less than 1/10 of 1%. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by the employer to the controller for the State disability benefits fund as established by law, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ. In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
 - (2) During the continuance of coverage of a worker by an approved private plan of disability benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," the employer shall be exempt from the contributions required by paragraph (1) above with respect to wages paid to such worker.
- (3) (A) The rates of contribution as specified in paragraph (1) above shall be subject to modification as provided herein with respect to employer contributions due on and after July 1, 1951.
- (B) A separate disability benefits account shall be maintained for each employer required to contribute to the State disability benefits fund and such account shall be credited with contributions deposited in and credited to such fund with respect to employment occurring on and after January 1, 1949. Each employer's account shall be credited with all contributions paid on or before January 31 of any calendar year on his own behalf and on behalf of individuals in his service with respect to employment occurring in preceding calendar years; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this act shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service

prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him to the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid to any covered individual in accordance with Article III of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to disability in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account of the employer by whom such individual was employed at the commencement of such disability or by whom he was last employed, if out of employment.

- (C) The controller may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year, the controller shall make a preliminary determination of the rate of contribution for the 12 months commencing on such July 1 for each employer subject to the contribution requirements of this subsection (e).
- (1) Such preliminary rate shall be 1/2 of 1% unless on the preceding January 31 of such year such employer shall have been a covered employer who has paid contributions to the State disability benefits fund with respect to employment in the three calendar years immediately preceding such year.
- (2) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the credited contributions exceed the benefits charged by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 2/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 exceeds 1% but is less than 1 1/4% of his average annual payroll as defined in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.);
- (ii) 15/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/4% but is less than 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 1/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1
 1/2% of his average annual payroll.
 - (3) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the contributions credited exceed the benefits charged but by not more than \$500.00 plus 1% of his average annual payroll, or if the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited but by not more than \$500.00, the preliminary rate shall be 1/4 of 1%.
 - (4) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- 47 (i) 35/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 is less than 1/4 of 48 1% of his average annual payroll;

(ii) 45/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/4 of 1% but is less than 1/2 of 1% of his average annual payroll;

- (iii) 55/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/2 of 1% but is less than 3/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (iv) 65/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% but is less than 1% of his average annual payroll;
 - (v) 75/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1% of his average annual payroll.
 - (5) Determination of the preliminary rate as specified in subparagraphs (D)(2), (3) and (4) above shall be subject, however, to the condition that it shall in no event be decreased by more than 1/10 of 1% of wages or increased by more than 2/10 of 1% of wages from the preliminary rate determined for the preceding year in accordance with subparagraph (D) (1), (2), (3) or (4), whichever shall have been applicable.
- (E) (1) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the amount of the State disability benefits fund as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year, increased by the contributions paid thereto during January of the current calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year. If such amount exceeds the net amount withdrawn from the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 23 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-47) plus the amount at the end of such preceding calendar year of the unemployment disability account as defined in section 22 of said law (C.43:21-46), such excess shall be expressed as a percentage of the wages on which contributions were paid to the State disability benefits fund on or before January 31 with respect to employment in the preceding calendar year.
- (2) The controller shall then make a final determination of the rates of contribution for the 12 months commencing July 1 of such year for employers whose preliminary rates are determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, as follows:
- (i) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 1 1/4%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, except that if the employer's preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) or subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, the final employer rate shall be the preliminary employer rate decreased by such percentage of excess taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%, but in no case shall such final rate be less than 1/10 of 1%.
- (ii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% and is less than 1 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates.
- (iii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is less than 3/4 of 1%, but in

excess of 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof increased by the difference between 3/4 of 1% and such percentage taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%; provided, however, that no such final rate shall be more than 1/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, more than 1/2 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, nor more than 3/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof.

- (iv) If the amount of the State disability benefits fund determined as provided in subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is equal to or less than 1/4 of 1%, then the final rate shall be 2/5 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, 7/10 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, and 1.1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any determination made by the controller with respect to any 12-month period commencing on July 1, 1970, the final rates for all employers for the period beginning January 1, 1971, shall be as set forth herein.
- (F) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection (e), the rate of contribution paid to the State disability benefits fund by each covered employer as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27), shall be determined as if:
- (i) No disability benefits have been paid with respect to periods of family temporary disability leave;
- (ii) No worker paid any contributions to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section;
- (iii) No amounts were transferred from the State disability benefits fund to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section; and
- (iv) The total amount of benefits paid for periods of disability were not subject to the increases in the weekly benefit rate for those benefits commencing July 1, 2020 pursuant to section 16 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-40).
- 43 (cf: P.L.2019, c.37, s.6)

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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1 STATEMENT

This bill, for the period of the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of the emergency or state of emergency, excludes the cost of unemployment benefit to employees of an employer during that period when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the unemployment trust fund.

The bill specifies that, regardless of the actual unemployment trust fund reserve ratio, unemployment contribution rates will be:

- 1. For fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the Experience Rating Tax Table in R.S.32:21-7(c)(5)(E);
- 2. For fiscal year 2023, the rates set by column "D" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply; and
- 3. For fiscal year 2024, the rates set by column "E" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply.

The bill also exempts any nonprofit or governmental employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions from liability for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to 50 percent of unemployment benefits paid to employees laid off by the employer during that public health emergency and any extensions of it.

ASSEMBLY LABOR COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 4853

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 22, 2020

The Assembly Labor Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 4853.

This bill, for the period of the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of the emergency or state of emergency, excludes the cost of unemployment benefit to employees of an employer during that period when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the unemployment trust fund.

The bill specifies that, regardless of the actual unemployment trust fund reserve ratio, unemployment contribution rates will be:

- 1. For fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the Experience Rating Tax Table in R.S.32:21-7(c)(5)(E);
- 2. For fiscal year 2023, the rates set by column "D" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply; and
- 3. For fiscal year 2024, the rates set by column "E" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply.

The bill also exempts any nonprofit or governmental employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions from liability for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to 50 percent of unemployment benefits paid to employees laid off by the employer during that public health emergency and any extensions of it.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 4853

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 26, 2020

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 4853.

This bill, for the period of the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of the emergency or state of emergency, excludes the cost of unemployment benefit to employees of an employer during that period when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the unemployment trust fund.

The bill specifies that, regardless of the actual unemployment trust fund reserve ratio, unemployment contribution rates will be:

- 1. For fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the Experience Rating Tax Table in R.S.32:21-7(c)(5)(E);
- 2. For fiscal year 2023, the rates set by column "D" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply; and
- 3. For fiscal year 2024, the rates set by column "E" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply.

The bill also exempts any nonprofit or governmental employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions from liability for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to 50 percent of unemployment benefits paid to employees laid off by the employer during that public health emergency and any extensions of it.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that by specifying employer contribution rates to the Unemployment Insurance (UI) Compensation Trust Fund regardless of the fund's reserve ratio, the bill will reduce revenues to the UI Fund by at least \$660 million in FY 2022, \$450 million in FY 2023, and \$230 million in FY 2024 relative to the amounts from the tax schedule that would otherwise take effect.

Providing that all UI benefits paid during the current coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic state of emergency will not be counties when calculating and individual employer's reserve ratio, the bill will result

in additional, potentially significant, decreases in revenues to the UI fund.

The bill may result in cost savings to potentially all State entities, public institutions of higher education, local governments, and school districts tied to the reduced liabilities to the UI fund for those entities that choose to not pay contributions to the UI fund on an annual basis but instead reimburse the UI fund for UI benefits paid to laid off employees on a dollar for dollar basis.

ASSEMBLY, No. 4853 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

DATED: NOVEMBER 2, 2020

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Reduces or delays increases in employer unemployment taxes related

to benefits paid during coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic state of

emergency.

Type of Impact: Multi-year decrease in revenue collections to the Unemployment

Insurance Compensation Fund. Multi-year cost savings to the State, public institutions of higher education, local governments, and school

districts.

Agencies Affected: Potentially all State entities, local governments, institutions of higher

education, and school districts; Department of Labor and Workforce

Development.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>FY 2022</u>	<u>FY 2023</u>	FY 2024	
Revenue Decrease-				
Unemployment Insurance	At Least \$660	At Least \$450	At Least \$230	
Compensation Fund	Million	Million	Million	
Cost Savings-State entities, Public Institutions of Higher Education, Local Governments, and School Districts	Indeterminate	Indeterminate	Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the bill will reduce revenues to the Unemployment Insurance (UI) Compensation Fund by at least \$660 million in FY 2022, \$450 million in FY 2023, and \$230 million in FY 2024 relative to amounts that would have been collected from employers based on the fund's reserve ratio and statutory funding formula. Beginning in FY 2025, employer contribution rates will return to their statutory levels and remain in place until the UI fund is replenished and federal loans are repaid.
- By providing that all UI benefits paid during the Covid-19 state of emergency will be excluded when calculating an individual employer's reserve ratio, the bill will result in further,



potentially significant, decreases in revenues to the UI fund on top of the amounts enumerated above.

This bill may result in cost savings to potentially all State entities, public institutions of higher
education, local governments, and school districts tied to the reduced liabilities to the UI fund
for those entities that choose to not make contributions to the UI fund on an annual basis but instead
reimburse the UI fund for benefits paid to laid off employees.

BILL DESCRIPTION

This bill, for the period of the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of the emergency or state of emergency, excludes the cost of unemployment benefits to employees of an employer during that period when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the unemployment trust fund.

The bill specifies that, regardless of the actual unemployment trust fund reserve ratio, unemployment contribution rates will be:

- 1. For fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the Experience Rating Tax Table in R.S.32:21-7(c)(5)(E).
- 2. For fiscal year 2023, the rates set by column "D" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply; and
- 3. For fiscal year 2024, the rates set by column "E" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply.

The bill also exempts any nonprofit or governmental employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions from liability for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to 50 percent of unemployment benefits paid to employees laid off by the employer during that public health emergency and any extensions of it.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

The New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DOLWD) provided data concerning revenues and expenditures of the State's UI fund.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

UI Fund Revenue Reductions:

The OLS estimates that the bill will reduce revenues to the UI Fund by at least \$660 million in FY 2022, \$450 million in FY 2023, and \$230 million in FY 2024 relative to amounts that would have been collected from employers based on the fund's reserve ratio and statutory funding formula. These revenue reductions are in actuality deferrals of employer contributions to the UI Fund because beginning in FY 2025, employer contribution rates will return to their statutory levels and remain in place until the UI fund is replenished and federal loans are repaid.

The UI fund's reserve ratio, in part, determines an employer's tax rate, which will increase as the reserve ratio falls in order to replenish the fund balance as unemployment benefits get paid out. As a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, a significant amount of benefits have been paid during calendar year (CY) 2020 and the fund balance has been reduced. The decline in the reserve ratio would have automatically triggered the highest possible employer contribution rate beginning in FY 2022, but this bill excludes the fund's reserve ratio in calculating an employer's contribution rate and instead provides for lower employer contributions over a three-year period.

Currently, unemployment contribution rates for FY 2021 are set by column "B" of the Experience Rating Tax Table. If this bill is not enacted, the UI fund will most likely have a negative balance when the employer UI tax rates are calculated on March 31, 2021 for FY 2022 because of the large amount of UI benefits paid out to employees during CY 2020. Consequently, the taxes on employers for FY 2022 would be the taxes indicated in column "E" plus the 10% surcharge currently provided, imposing the highest level of UI taxes provided by law. According to data provided by the DOLWD and displayed in the table below, total FY 2022 taxes would be increased by \$940 million compared with FY 2021, or 58%, from \$1.62 billion under the "B" schedule to \$2.56 billion under the "E" plus 10% schedule.

Absent this bill or other intervention, the OLS notes that the statutory tax schedule would have resulted in the "E" plus 10% schedule applying to FY2022 and possibly subsequent years. However, the bill replaces this increase with a new mandated progression (overriding any higher tax rates triggered by the reserve ratios) of the "C" schedule in FY 2022, the "D" schedule in FY 2023, and the "E" schedule in FY 2024.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TABLE A - E & 10% (CASH BASIS) FISCAL YEARS 2021 & 2022

UI		FY 2022				
TAX	FY 2021	Projected	Change over "B"			
TABLE	(\$ billions)	Contribution (\$ billions)	Increase Perce (\$ billions) Increa			
A	1.29	1.33	NA	NA		
В	1.56	1.62	NA	NA		
С	1.84	1.90	0.28	17.3%		
D	2.04	2.11	0.49	30.2%		
E	2.25	2.33	0.71	43.8%		
E+10%	2.48	2.56	0.94	58.0%		

Source: NJ Department of Labor & Workforce Development.

According to the table shown above, and assuming that all else remains unchanged, the OLS notes that the "C" schedule in FY 2022 will result in \$1.90 billion in UI employer tax collection for that year. Consequently, if the bill is enacted, keeping the schedule in the "C" column will result in a decrease in UI tax revenue of \$660 million as compared to the \$2.56 billion that would have been otherwise realized under the "E" plus 10% schedule. Keeping the "D" schedule in FY 2023 will likely result in \$450 million less than what would have been otherwise realized under the "E" plus 10% schedule. And for FY 2024, the "E" schedule will likely result in a decrease in UI tax revenue of about \$230 million as compared to what would have been otherwise realized under the "E" plus 10% schedule.

The OLS estimates that the bill would thereby reduce, over the three fiscal years, the total amount of employer UI taxes by at least \$1.34 billion. Moreover, the OLS notes that the bill will result in additional, potentially significant, decreases in revenue to the UI fund by providing that all UI benefits paid during the emergency are to be excluded when calculating the individual employer reserve ratio, which is the other component of the UI Fund's funding formula.

The OLS expects that the totality of the revenue reductions will make the State reliant on federal loans to be able to pay UI benefits. The DOLWD currently projects that the State's UI fund will have net borrowings from the federal government of \$1.9 billion as of April 2021 and that they will be reduced to \$1.6 billion by the end of CY 2021. However, that is premised on the current statutory employer contribution tax rate. Under the bill, net federal borrowing is likely to see little to no reduction in CY 2021 or during the three years that revenues are reduced under this bill. Beginning in FY 2025, employer contribution rates will return to their statutory levels and will remain there until the UI Fund's reserve is replenished and federal borrowings are repaid. It is not known how many years this will take.

Cost Savings to Governmental Employers:

The OLS further notes that this bill may result in cost savings to potentially all State entities, public institutions of higher education, local governments, and school districts tied to reduced liabilities to the UI fund for those employers that choose to not pay contributions to the unemployment UI fund on annual basis, but instead reimburse the UI fund for UI benefits paid to laid off employees on a dollar for dollar basis. Given that during the Covid-19 emergency, federal funds from the CARES Act are paying for 50% of the liability for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to unemployment benefits paid to employees laid off by the employer, the bill's payment provision of 50% of the costs will result in potential savings for those employers who would otherwise be liable for payments with respect to 100% of the payments of unemployment compensation benefits made by the UI fund to their employees. Currently, there are 1,164 active governmental reimbursable employers in the State.

Section: Commerce, Labor and Industry

Analysts: Juan C. Rodriguez

Senior Fiscal Analyst Gregory L. Williams Principal Research Analyst

Approved: Frank W. Haines III

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

SENATE, No. 3011

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 8, 2020

Sponsored by:

Senator FRED H. MADDEN, JR. District 4 (Camden and Gloucester) Senator STEPHEN M. SWEENEY

District 3 (Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Addiego, Turner and Singleton

SYNOPSIS

Reduces or delays increases in employer unemployment taxes related to benefits paid during coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic state of emergency.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/16/2020)

AN ACT concerning employer contributions to the unemployment compensation fund and payments in lieu of contributions, amending R.S.43:21-7, and supplementing Title 43 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. The costs of any unemployment compensation benefits paid to employees of an employer during the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of that public health emergency and state of emergency, shall not be considered when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the State unemployment compensation fund pursuant to R.S.43:21-7.
- b. Any nonprofit organization which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2) and any governmental entity or instrumentality which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), shall be liable for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to only 50% of the payments of unemployment compensation benefits made pursuant to either of those two sections during the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of that public health emergency and state of emergency.

- 2. R.S.43:21-7 is amended read as follows:
- 43:21-7. Employers other than governmental entities, whose benefit financing provisions are set forth in section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), and those nonprofit organizations liable for payment in lieu of contributions on the basis set forth in section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2), shall pay to the controller for the unemployment compensation fund, contributions as set forth in subsections (a), (b) and (c) hereof, and the provisions of subsections (d) and (e) shall be applicable to all employers, consistent with the provisions of the "unemployment compensation law" and the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).
 - (a) Payment.
- 43 (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each 44 employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this 45 chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), with respect to having individuals in

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

his employ during that calendar year, at the rates and on the basis hereinafter set forth. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the controller for the fund, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ.

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- (2) In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
- (b) Rate of contributions. Each employer shall pay the following contributions:
- (1) For the calendar year 1947, and each calendar year thereafter, 2 7/10% of wages paid by him during each such calendar year, except as otherwise prescribed by subsection (c) of this section.
- (2) The "wages" of any individual, with respect to any one employer, as the term is used in this subsection (b) and in subsections (c), (d) and (e) of this section 7, shall include the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, for services performed either within or without this State; provided that no contribution shall be required by this State with respect to services performed in another state if such other state imposes contribution liability with If an employer (hereinafter referred to as a respect thereto. successor employer) during any calendar year acquires substantially all the property used in a trade or business of another employer (hereinafter referred to as a predecessor), or used in a separate unit of a trade or business of a predecessor, and immediately after the acquisition employs in his trade or business an individual who immediately prior to the acquisition was employed in the trade or business of such predecessors, then, for the purpose of determining whether the successor employer has paid wages with respect to employment equal to the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, any wages paid to such individual by such predecessor during such calendar year and prior to such acquisition shall be considered as having been paid by such successor employer.
- (3) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 1976, the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding paragraph (2) of this subsection (b), shall be established and promulgated by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before September 1 of the preceding year and, except as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection (b), shall be, 28 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a calendar year is less than the amount similarly determined for the preceding year, the greater amount will be used; provided, further, that if the amount of such wages so determined does not equal or

- exceed the amount of wages as defined in subsection (b) of section 3306 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3306(b)),
- 3 the wages as determined in this paragraph in any calendar year shall
- 4 be raised to equal the amount established under the "Federal
- 5 Unemployment Tax Act," chapter 23 of the Internal Revenue Code
- 6 of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3301 et seq.), for that calendar year.
- 7 (4) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 2020, 8 the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding 9 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) for purposes of contributions of 10 workers to the State disability benefits fund, including the "Family 11 Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to subsection (d) of 12 this section, shall be established and promulgated by the 13 Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before 14 September 1 of the preceding year and shall be 107 times the 15 Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by 16 employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next 17 higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, 18 provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a calendar 19 year is less than the amount similarly determined for the preceding 20 year, the greater amount will be used.
 - (c) Future rates based on benefit experience.

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(1) A separate account for each employer shall be maintained and this shall be credited with all the contributions which he has paid on his own behalf on or before January 31 of any calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday, an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid with respect to benefit years commencing on and after January 1, 1953, to any individual on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to unemployment in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account or accounts of the employer or employers in whose employment such individual established base weeks constituting the basis of such benefits, except that, with respect to benefit years commencing after January 4, 1998, an employer's account shall not be charged for benefits paid to a claimant if the claimant's employment by that employer was ended in any way which, pursuant to subsection (a), (b), (c), (f), (g) or (h) of R.S.43:21-5, would have disqualified the claimant for benefits if the claimant had applied for benefits at the time when that employment ended. Benefits paid under a given benefit determination shall be charged against the account of the employer to whom such

- 1 determination relates. When each benefit payment is made,
- 2 notification shall be promptly provided to each employer included
- 3 in the unemployment insurance monetary calculation of benefits.
- 4 Such notification shall identify the employer against whose account
- 5 the amount of such payment is being charged, shall show at least
- 6 the name and social security account number of the claimant and
- 7 shall specify the period of unemployment to which said benefit
- 8 payment applies.

An annual summary statement of unemployment benefits charged to the employer's account shall be provided.

- (2) Regulations may be prescribed for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (3) No employer's rate shall be lower than 5.4% unless assignment of such lower rate is consistent with the conditions applicable to additional credit allowance for such year under section 3303(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3303(a)(1)), any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding.
- (4) Employer Reserve Ratio. (A) Each employer's rate shall be 2 8/10%, except as otherwise provided in the following provisions. No employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be other than 2 8/10%, unless as of the preceding January 31 such employer shall have paid contributions with respect to wages paid in each of the three calendar years immediately preceding such year, in which case such employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be determined on the basis of his record up to the beginning of such calendar year. If, at the beginning of such calendar year, the total of all his contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past years exceeds the total benefits charged to his account for all such years, his contribution rate shall be:
- (1) 2 5/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 4%, but less than 5%, of his average annual payroll (as defined in paragraph (2), subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-19);
- 40 (2) 2 2/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 5%, but is less than 6%, of his average annual payroll;
- 42 (3) 1 9/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 6%, but is less than 7%, of his average annual payroll;
- 44 (4) 1 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 7%, but is less than 8%, of his average annual payroll;
- 46 (5) 1 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 8%, but is less than 9%, of his average annual payroll;

- (6) 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 9%, but is less than 10%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (7) 7/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 11%, of his average annual payroll;
- 5 (8) 4/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 11% of his average annual payroll.
 - (B) If the total of an employer's contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past periods for the purposes of this paragraph (4), is less than the total benefits charged against his account during the same period, his rate shall be:
- 11 (1) 4%, if such excess is less than 10% of his average annual payroll;
 - (2) 4 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 20%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (3) 4 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 20% of his average annual payroll.
 - (C) Specially assigned rates.

- (i) If no contributions were paid on wages for employment in any calendar year used in determining the average annual payroll of an employer eligible for an assigned rate under this paragraph (4), the employer's rate shall be specially assigned as follows:
- if the reserve balance in its account is positive, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for positive balance accounts for that period, or 5.4%, whichever is higher, and

if the reserve balance in its account is negative, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for deficit accounts for that period.

- (ii) If, following the purchase of a corporation with little or no activity, known as a corporate shell, the resulting employing unit operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall be assigned a new employer rate.
- (iii) Entities operating under common ownership, management or control, when the operation of the entities is not identifiable, distinguishable and severable, shall be considered a single employer for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (D) The contribution rates prescribed by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph (4) shall be increased or decreased in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of this subsection (c) for experience rating periods through June 30, 1986.
- (5) (A) Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 4% but is less than 7% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 3/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment

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1 trust fund exceeds 2 1/2% but is less than 4% of the total taxable 2 wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to 3 employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution 4 rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a 5 contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be 6 increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise 7 established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this 8 subsection.

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If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund is less than 2 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer: (1) eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by (i) 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3), (4)(A) or (4)(B) of this subsection, and (ii) an additional amount equal to 20% of the total rate established herein, provided, however, that the final contribution rate for each employer shall be computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof; (2) not eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection. For the period commencing July 1, 1984 and ending June 30, 1986, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions under R.S.43:21-7 shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

(B) If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 10% but is less than 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be reduced by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 1%. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be reduced by 6/10 of 1% if his account for all past periods reflects an excess of contributions paid over total benefits charged of 3% or more of his average annual payroll, otherwise by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of

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paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 1%.

- (C) The "balance" in the unemployment trust fund, as the term is used in subparagraphs (A) and (B) above, shall not include moneys credited to the State's account under section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. s.1103), during any period in which such moneys are appropriated for the payment of expenses incurred in the administration of the "unemployment compensation law."
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio, which shall be calculated by dividing the balance of the unemployment trust fund as of the prior March 31 by total taxable wages reported to the controller by all employers as of March 31 with respect to their employment during the last calendar year.
 - (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- 18 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.152).

- (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.107).
- 20 (iv) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.45).
- 21 (v) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
 - (vi) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.75).
 - (vii) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4) of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE

32	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹					
33		3.50%	3.00%	2.5%	2.0%	1.99%
34	Employer	and	to	to	to	and
35	Reserve	Over	3.49%	2.99%	2.49%	Under
36	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E
37	Positive Reserve Ratio:					
38	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2
39	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2
40	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2
41	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2
42	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2
43	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2
44	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2
45	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6
46	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9
47	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3
48	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6

1	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0
2	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4
3	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7
4	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9
5	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0
6	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1
7	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3
8	Deficit Reserve Ratio:					
9	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1
10	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2
11	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3
12	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4
13	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5
14	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6
15	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7
16	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8
17	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9
18	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0
19	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4

¹Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in the prior calendar year.

²Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a percentage of employer's taxable wages).

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- (F) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
- (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2013, c.75).
- (iv) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011 and before July 1, 2013, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as
- computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
 - (v) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2014, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
- (G) On or after January 1, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.1%, except that, during any experience rating year starting before January 1, 1998 in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater

than 7.00% or during any experience rating year starting on or after January 1, 1998, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (G) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under.

(H) On and after January 1, 1998 until December 31, 2000 and on or after January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2006, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor, as set out below, computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%:

From January 1, 1998 until December 31, 1998, a factor of 12%;

From January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, a factor of 10%;

From January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2000, a factor of 18 7%;

From January 1, 2002 until March 31, 2002, a factor of 36%;

From April 1, 2002 until June 30, 2002, a factor of 85%;

21 From July 1, 2002 until June 30, 2003, a factor of 15%;

From July 1, 2003 until June 30, 2004, a factor of 15%;

From July 1, 2004 until June 30, 2005, a factor of 7%;

From July 1, 2005 until December 31, 2005, a factor of 16%;

and

From January 1, 2006 until June 30, 2006, a factor of 34%.

The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

- (I) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
- (J) On or after July 1, 2001, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.0175%, except that, during any experience rating year starting on or after July 1, 2001, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (J) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (J) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraphs (G) and (H) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an

employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (J) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

- (K) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2009, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is:
- (i) Equal to or greater than 5.00% but less than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 25% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under;
- (ii) Equal to or greater than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 50% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under.
- (L) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2011, the rates set by column "C" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2012, the rates set by column "D" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (N) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2013, the rates set by column "E" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (O) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (P) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2023, the rates set by column "D" of the table in that subparagraph, unless the application of the provisions of this paragraph (5) using the actual fund reserve ratio would result in the contribution rate for

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employers being set by a column which has lower tax rates than the rates in column "D", in which case the employers shall be liable to pay contributions at the rates set by the column with the lower tax rates.

(Q) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2024, the rates set by column "E" of the table in that subparagraph, unless the application of the provisions of this paragraph (5) using the actual fund reserve ratio would result in the contribution rate for employers being set by a column which has lower tax rates than the rates in column "E", in which case the employers shall be liable to pay contributions at the rates set by the column with the lower tax rates.

(6) Additional contributions.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any employer who has been assigned a contribution rate pursuant to subsection (c) of this section for the year commencing July 1, 1948, and for any year commencing July 1 thereafter, may voluntarily make payment of additional contributions, and upon such payment shall receive a recomputation of the experience rate applicable to such employer, including in the calculation the additional contribution so made, except that, following a transfer as described under R.S.43:21-7(c)(7)(D), neither the predecessor nor successor in interest shall be eligible to make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year. Any such additional contribution shall be made during the 30-day period following the notification to the employer of his contribution rate as prescribed in this section, unless, for good cause, the time for payment has been extended by the controller for not to exceed an additional 60 days; provided that in no event may such payments which are made later than 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective be considered in determining the experience rate for the year in which the payment is made. Any employer receiving any extended period of time within which to make such additional payment and failing to make such payment timely shall be, in addition to the required amount of additional payment, liable for a penalty of 5% thereof or \$5.00, whichever is greater, not to exceed \$50.00. Any adjustment under this subsection shall be made only in the form of credits against accrued or future contributions.

(7) Transfers.

(A) Upon the transfer of the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets of an employer to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, the controller shall transfer the employment experience of the predecessor employer to the successor in interest, including

1 credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit 2 charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer, 3 pursuant to regulation, if it is determined that the employment 4 experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the 5 organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred 6 may be considered indicative of the future employment experience 7 of the successor in interest. The successor in interest may, within 8 four months of the date of such transfer of the organization, trade, 9 assets or business, or thereafter upon good cause shown, request a 10 reconsideration of the transfer of employment experience of the 11 predecessor employer. The request for reconsideration shall 12 demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the controller, that the 13 employment experience of the predecessor is not indicative of the 14 future employment experience of the successor.

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- (B) An employer who transfers part of his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, may jointly make application with such successor in interest for transfer of that portion of the employment experience of the predecessor employer relating to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer. The transfer of employment experience may be allowed pursuant to regulation only if it is found that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. Credit shall be given to the successor in interest only for the years during which contributions were paid by the predecessor employer with respect to that part of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred.
- (C) A transfer of the employment experience in whole or in part having become final, the predecessor employer thereafter shall not be entitled to consideration for an adjusted rate based upon his or its experience or the part thereof, as the case may be, which has thus been transferred. A successor in interest to whom employment experience or a part thereof is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall, as of the date of the transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or part thereof, immediately become an employer if not theretofore an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (D) If an employer transfers in whole or in part his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the

transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. The transfer of the employment experience is mandatory and not subject to appeal or protest.

- (E) The transfer of part of an employer's employment experience to a successor in interest shall become effective as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the acquisition by the successor in interest. As of the effective date, the successor in interest shall have its employer rate recalculated by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it shall be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.
- (F) Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of the acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.
- (d) Contributions of workers to the unemployment compensation fund and the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) (A) For periods after January 1, 1975, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1% of his wages with respect to his employment with an employer, which occurs on and after January 1, 1975, after such employer has satisfied the condition set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer; provided, however, that such contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1% of wages paid with respect to employment while the worker is in the employ of the State of New Jersey, or any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), or is covered by an approved private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31).
- (B) Effective January 1, 1978 there shall be no contributions by workers in the employ of any governmental or nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions unless the employer is covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.), and in that case contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1%, except that commencing July 1, 1986, workers in the employ of any nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions shall be required to make contributions to the fund at the same rate prescribed for workers of other nongovernmental employers.
- 47 (C) (i) Notwithstanding the above provisions of this paragraph 48 (1), during the period starting July 1, 1986 and ending December

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1 31, 1992, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1.125% of wages 2 paid with respect to his employment with a governmental employer 3 electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental 4 employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer 5 as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(6), regardless of whether that 6 nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit 7 costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of 8 contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set 9 forth in subsection R.S.43:21-19(h) with respect to becoming an 10 employer. Contributions, however, shall be at the rate of 0.625% 11 while the worker is covered by an approved private plan under the 12 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt 13 under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any 14 other provision of that law; provided that such contributions shall 15 be at the rate of 0.625% of wages paid with respect to employment 16 with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or 17 instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of 18 contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the 19 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker 20 is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 21 Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or 22 any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits 23 by an approved private plan of the employer, the contributions to 24 the fund shall be 0.125%.

(ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.422.)

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26 (D) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (1), 27 during the period starting January 1, 1993 and ending June 30, 28 1994, each worker shall contribute to the unemployment 29 compensation fund 0.5% of wages paid with respect to the worker's 30 employment with a governmental employer electing or required to 31 pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under 32 33 paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of 34 whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance 35 its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in 36 lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions 37 set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming 38 an employer. No contributions, however, shall be made by the 39 worker while the worker is covered by an approved private plan 40 under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 41 (C.43:21-25 et al.) or while the worker is exempt under section 7 of 42 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law; 43 provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.50% of 44 wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New 45 Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing 46 or required to make payments in lieu of contributions and which is 47 covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits 48 Law," except that, while the worker is exempt from the provisions

of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan of the employer, no contributions shall be made to the fund.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1996 and ending March 31, 1996, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.60% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1998 and ending December 31, 1998, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.10% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.15% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of

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New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

3 Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2000 until December 4 31, 2001, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 5 0.20% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with 6 a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions 7 or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization 8 which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection 9 of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit 10 organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with 11 contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, 12 after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in 13 subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an 14 employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 15 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of 16 New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality 17 electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

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Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.1825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or a nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on and after July 1, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.3825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

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- (E) Each employer shall, notwithstanding any provision of law in this State to the contrary, withhold in trust the amount of his workers' contributions from their wages at the time such wages are paid, shall show such deduction on his payroll records, shall furnish such evidence thereof to his workers as the division or controller may prescribe, and shall transmit all such contributions, in addition to his own contributions, to the office of the controller in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed. If any employer fails to deduct the contributions of any of his workers at the time their wages are paid, or fails to make a deduction therefor at the time wages are paid for the next succeeding payroll period, he alone shall thereafter be liable for such contributions, and for the purpose of R.S.43:21-14, such contributions shall be treated as employer's contributions required from him.
- (F) As used in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except when the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "contributions" shall include the contributions of workers pursuant to this section.
- (G) (i) Each worker, with respect to the worker's employment with a government employer electing or required to disability contributions to the State benefits fund nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law, shall, for calendar year 2012 and each subsequent calendar year, make contributions to the State disability benefits fund at the annual rate of contribution necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions, which, when added to employer contributions made to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, is, for calendar years prior to calendar year 2018, equal to 120% of the benefits paid for periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary disability, during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits during the immediately preceding calendar year, less the amount of net assets remaining in the State disability benefits fund, excluding net assets remaining in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately preceding year, and is, for calendar year 2018 and year 2019, equal to 120% of the benefits paid for periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary disability, during the last preceding full fiscal year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits during the last preceding full fiscal year, less the amount of net assets anticipated to be remaining in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately

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1 preceding calendar year, and is, for each of calendar years 2020 and 2 2021, equal to 120% of the benefits which the department 3 anticipates will be paid for periods of disability, excluding periods 4 of family temporary disability, during the respective calendar year 5 plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the 6 payment of those benefits which the department anticipates during 7 the respective calendar year, less the amount of net assets 8 anticipated to be remaining in the State disability benefits fund, 9 excluding net assets remaining in the "Family Temporary Disability 10 Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately 11 preceding calendar year, and is, for calendar year 2022 and any 12 subsequent calendar year, equal to 120% of the benefits paid for 13 periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary 14 disability, during the last preceding full fiscal year plus an amount 15 equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those 16 benefits during the last preceding full fiscal year, less the amount of 17 net assets anticipated to be remaining in the State disability benefits 18 fund, excluding net assets remaining in the "Family Temporary 19 Disability Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the 20 immediately preceding calendar year. All increases in the cost of 21 benefits for periods of disability caused by the increases in the 22 weekly benefit rate commencing July 1, 2020, pursuant to section 23 16 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-40), shall be funded by 24 contributions made by workers pursuant to this paragraph (i) and 25 none of those increases shall be funded by employer contributions. 26 The estimated rates for the next calendar year shall be made 27 available on the department's website no later than 60 days after the 28 end of the last preceding full fiscal year. The rates of employer 29 contributions determined pursuant to subsection (e) of this section 30 for any year shall be determined prior to the determination of the 31 rate of employee contributions pursuant to this subparagraph (i) and 32 any consideration of employee contributions in determining 33 employer rates for any year shall be based on amounts of employee 34 contributions made prior to the year to which the rate of employee 35 contributions applies and shall not be based on any projection or 36 estimate of the amount of employee contributions for the year to 37 which that rate applies. 38

(ii) Each worker shall contribute to the State disability benefits fund, in addition to any amount contributed pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G), an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09%, and during calendar year 2010 0.12%, of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with any covered employer, including a governmental employer which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan for benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave. The contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) to the State disability benefits fund shall be deposited into an account of that

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1 fund reserved for the payment of benefits during periods of family 2 temporary disability leave as defined in section 3 of the "Temporary 3 Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) and for the 4 administration of those payments and shall not be used for any other 5 purpose. This account shall be known as the "Family Temporary 6 Disability Leave Account." For calendar year 2011 and each 7 subsequent calendar year until 2018, the annual rate of contribution 8 to be paid by workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be, for 9 calendar years prior to calendar year 2018, the rate necessary to 10 obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of the benefits 11 paid for periods of family temporary disability leave during the 12 immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% 13 of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits during 14 the immediately preceding calendar year, less the amount of net 15 assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of the 16 immediately preceding year, and shall be, for calendar year 2018 17 and calendar year 2019, the rate necessary to obtain a total amount 18 of contributions equal to 125% of the benefits paid for periods of 19 family temporary disability leave during the last preceding full 20 fiscal year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of 21 administration of the payment of those benefits during the last 22 preceding full fiscal year, less the amount of net assets anticipated 23 to be remaining in the account as of December 31 of the 24 immediately preceding calendar year. For each of calendar years 25 2020 and 2021, the annual rate of contribution to be paid by 26 workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be the rate 27 necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of 28 the benefits which the department anticipates will be paid for 29 periods of family temporary disability leave during the respective 30 calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of 31 administration of the payment of those benefits which the 32 department anticipates during the respective calendar year, less the 33 amount of net assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of 34 the immediately preceding calendar year. For 2022 and any 35 subsequent calendar year, the annual rate of contribution to be paid 36 by workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be the rate 37 necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of 38 the benefits which were paid for periods of family temporary 39 disability leave during the last preceding full fiscal year plus an 40 amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment 41 of those benefits during the last preceding full fiscal year, less the 42 amount of net assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of 43 the immediately preceding calendar year. All increases in the cost 44 of benefits for periods of family temporary disability leave caused 45 by the increases in the weekly benefit rate commencing July 1, 2020 46 pursuant to section 16 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-40) and 47 increases in the maximum duration of benefits commencing July 1, 48 2020 pursuant to sections 14 and 15 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-38

1 and 43:21-39) shall be funded by contributions made by workers 2 pursuant to this paragraph (ii) and none of those increases shall be 3 funded by employer contributions. The estimated rates for the next 4 calendar year shall be made available on the department's website 5 no later than 60 days after the end of the last preceding full fiscal 6 year. Necessary administrative costs shall include the cost of an 7 outreach program to inform employees of the availability of the 8 benefits and the cost of issuing the reports required or permitted 9 pursuant to section 13 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.4). 10 monies, other than the funds in the "Family Temporary Disability 11 Leave Account," shall be used for the payment of benefits during 12 periods of family temporary disability leave or for administration of those payments, with the sole exception that, 13 14 during calendar years 2008 and 2009, a total amount not exceeding 15 \$25 million may be transferred to that account from the revenues 16 received in the State disability benefits fund pursuant to 17 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G) and be expended for those 18 payments and their administration, including the administration of 19 the collection of contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph 20 (ii) and any other necessary administrative costs. Any amount 21 transferred to the account pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be 22 repaid during a period beginning not later than January 1, 2011 and 23 ending not later than December 31, 2015. No monies, other than 24 the funds in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account," 25 shall be used under any circumstances after December 31, 2009, for 26 the payment of benefits during periods of family temporary 27 disability leave or for the administration of those payments, 28 including for the administration of the collection of contributions 29 made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii).

- 30 (2) (A) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 31 (B) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 32 (C) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 33 (D) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 34 (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 35 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1996, c.28.)
- 36 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 37 (3) (A) If an employee receives wages from more than one 38 employer during any calendar year, and either the sum of his 39 contributions deposited in and credited to the State disability 40 benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required 41 towards the costs of benefits under one or more approved private 42 plans under the provisions of section 9 of the "Temporary Disability 43 Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) and deducted from his wages, or the 44 sum of such latter contributions, if the employee is covered during 45 such calendar year only by two or more private plans, exceeds an 46 amount equal to 1/2 of 1% of the "wages" determined in accordance 47 with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3) during the calendar years 48 beginning on or after January 1, 1976 or, during calendar year 2012

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or any subsequent calendar year, the total amount of his contributions for the year exceeds the amount set by the annual rate of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes his right to such refund. Such refund shall be made by the controller from the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the aggregate amount of such refunds made during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) such determination to be based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from contributions to such fund, as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the amount so prorated. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the State disability benefits fund.

(B) If an employee receives wages from more than one employer during any calendar year, and the sum of his contributions deposited in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required towards the costs of family temporary disability leave benefits under one or more approved private plans under the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.) and deducted from his wages, exceeds an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09% of the "wages" determined in accordance with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3), or during calendar year 2010, 0.12% of those wages, or, during calendar year 2011 or any subsequent calendar year, the percentage of those wages set by the annual rate of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two years after the end of the calendar

year in which the wages are received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes his right to the refund. The refund shall be made by the controller from the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the aggregate amount of the refunds made during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33), with that determination based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from contributions to the fund, as provided in paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection (d) with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d). The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the prorated amount. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund.

(4) If an individual does not receive any wages from the employing unit which for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) is treated as his employer, or receives his wages from some other employing unit, such employer shall nevertheless be liable for such individual's contributions in the first instance; and after payment thereof such employer may deduct the amount of such contributions from any sums payable by him to such employing unit, or may recover the amount of such contributions from such employing unit, or, in the absence of such an employing unit, from such individual, in a civil action; provided proceedings therefor are instituted within three months after the date on which such contributions are payable. General rules shall be prescribed whereby such an employing unit may recover the amount of such contributions from such individuals in the same manner as if it were the employer.

(5) Every employer who has elected to become an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or to cease to be an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), pursuant to the provisions of R.S.43:21-8, shall post and maintain printed notices of such election on his premises, of such design, in such

numbers, and at such places as the director may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in his service.

- (6) Contributions by workers, payable to the controller as herein provided, shall be exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution, or any other remedy for the collection of debts.
- (e) Contributions by employers to the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) Except as hereinafter provided, each employer shall, in addition to the contributions required by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section, contribute 1/2 of 1% of the wages paid by such employer to workers with respect to employment unless he is not a covered employer as defined in subsection (a) of section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-27 (a)), except that the rate for the State of New Jersey shall be 1/10 of 1% for the calendar year 1980 and for the first six months of 1981. Prior to July 1, 1981 and prior to July 1 each year thereafter, the controller shall review the experience accumulated in the account of the State of New Jersey and establish a rate for the next following fiscal year which, in combination with worker contributions, will produce sufficient revenue to keep the account in balance; except that the rate so established shall not be less than 1/10 of 1%. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by the employer to the controller for the State disability benefits fund as established by law, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ. In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
- (2) During the continuance of coverage of a worker by an approved private plan of disability benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," the employer shall be exempt from the contributions required by paragraph (1) above with respect to wages paid to such worker.
- (3) (A) The rates of contribution as specified in paragraph (1) above shall be subject to modification as provided herein with respect to employer contributions due on and after July 1, 1951.
- (B) A separate disability benefits account shall be maintained for each employer required to contribute to the State disability benefits fund and such account shall be credited with contributions deposited in and credited to such fund with respect to employment occurring on and after January 1, 1949. Each employer's account shall be credited with all contributions paid on or before January 31 of any calendar year on his own behalf and on behalf of individuals in his service with respect to employment occurring in preceding calendar years; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding

day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this act shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him to the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid to any covered individual in accordance with Article III of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to disability in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account of the employer by whom such individual was employed at the commencement of such disability or by whom he was last employed, if out of employment.

- (C) The controller may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year, the controller shall make a preliminary determination of the rate of contribution for the 12 months commencing on such July 1 for each employer subject to the contribution requirements of this subsection (e).
- (1) Such preliminary rate shall be 1/2 of 1% unless on the preceding January 31 of such year such employer shall have been a covered employer who has paid contributions to the State disability benefits fund with respect to employment in the three calendar years immediately preceding such year.
- (2) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the credited contributions exceed the benefits charged by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 2/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 exceeds 1% but is less than 1 1/4% of his average annual payroll as defined in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.);
- (ii) 15/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/4% but is less than 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll;
 - (iii) 1/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll.
 - (3) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the contributions credited exceed the benefits charged but by not more than \$500.00 plus 1% of his average annual payroll, or if the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited but by not more than \$500.00, the preliminary rate shall be 1/4 of 1%.
- (4) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:

(i) 35/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 is less than 1/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;

- (ii) 45/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/4 of 1% but is less than 1/2 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- 5 (iii) 55/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 6 1/2 of 1% but is less than 3/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
 - (iv) 65/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% but is less than 1% of his average annual payroll;
 - (v) 75/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1% of his average annual payroll.
 - (5) Determination of the preliminary rate as specified in subparagraphs (D)(2), (3) and (4) above shall be subject, however, to the condition that it shall in no event be decreased by more than 1/10 of 1% of wages or increased by more than 2/10 of 1% of wages from the preliminary rate determined for the preceding year in accordance with subparagraph (D) (1), (2), (3) or (4), whichever shall have been applicable.
 - (E) (1) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the amount of the State disability benefits fund as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year, increased by the contributions paid thereto during January of the current calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year. If such amount exceeds the net amount withdrawn from the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 23 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-47) plus the amount at the end of such preceding calendar year of the unemployment disability account as defined in section 22 of said law (C.43:21-46), such excess shall be expressed as a percentage of the wages on which contributions were paid to the State disability benefits fund on or before January 31 with respect to employment in the preceding calendar year.
 - (2) The controller shall then make a final determination of the rates of contribution for the 12 months commencing July 1 of such year for employers whose preliminary rates are determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, as follows:
 - (i) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 1 1/4%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, except that if the employer's preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) or subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, the final employer rate shall be the preliminary employer rate decreased by such percentage of excess taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%, but in no case shall such final rate be less than 1/10 of 1%.
 - (ii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% and is less than 1 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates.

- (iii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is less than 3/4 of 1%, but in excess of 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof increased by the difference between 3/4 of 1% and such percentage taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%; provided, however, that no such final rate shall be more than 1/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, more than 1/2 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, nor more than 3/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof.
- (iv) If the amount of the State disability benefits fund determined as provided in subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is equal to or less than 1/4 of 1%, then the final rate shall be 2/5 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, 7/10 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, and 1.1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any determination made by the controller with respect to any 12-month period commencing on July 1, 1970, the final rates for all employers for the period beginning January 1, 1971, shall be as set forth herein.
- (F) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection (e), the rate of contribution paid to the State disability benefits fund by each covered employer as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27), shall be determined as if:
- (i) No disability benefits have been paid with respect to periods of family temporary disability leave;
- (ii) No worker paid any contributions to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section;
- (iii) No amounts were transferred from the State disability benefits fund to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section; and
- (iv) The total amount of benefits paid for periods of disability were not subject to the increases in the weekly benefit rate for those benefits commencing July 1, 2020 pursuant to section 16 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-40).
- 45 (cf: P.L.2019, c.37, s.6)

47 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

1 STATEMENT

This bill, for the period of the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of the emergency or state of emergency, excludes the cost of unemployment benefit to employees of an employer during that period when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the unemployment trust fund.

The bill specifies that, regardless of the actual unemployment trust fund reserve ratio, unemployment contribution rates will be:

- 1. For fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the Experience Rating Tax Table in R.S.32:21-7(c)(5)(E);
- 2. For fiscal year 2023, the rates set by column "D" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply; and
- 3. For fiscal year 2024, the rates set by column "E" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply.

The bill also exempts any nonprofit or governmental employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions from liability for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to 50 percent of unemployment benefits paid to employees laid off by the employer during that public health emergency and any extensions of it.

SENATE LABOR COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 3011

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 8, 2020

The Senate Labor Committee reports favorably Senate Bill, No. 3011.

This bill, for the period of the public health emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of the emergency, excludes the cost of unemployment benefits paid to employees of an employer during that period when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the unemployment trust fund.

The bill specifies that, regardless of the actual unemployment trust fund reserve ratio, unemployment contribution rates will be:

- 1. For fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the Experience Rating Tax Table in R.S.32:21-7(c)(5)(E);
- 2. For fiscal year 2023, the rates set by column "D" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply; and
- 3. For fiscal year 2024, the rates set by column "E" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply.

The bill also exempts any nonprofit or governmental employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions from liability for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to 50 percent of unemployment benefits paid to employees laid off by the employer during that public health emergency and any extensions of it.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 3011 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

DATED: NOVEMBER 17, 2020

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Reduces or delays increases in employer unemployment taxes related

to benefits paid during coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic state of

emergency.

Type of Impact: Multi-year decrease in revenue collections to the Unemployment

Insurance Compensation Fund. Multi-year cost savings to the State, public institutions of higher education, local governments, and school

districts.

Agencies Affected: Potentially all State entities, local governments, institutions of higher

education, and school districts; Department of Labor and Workforce

Development.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	
Revenue Decrease-				
Unemployment Insurance	At Least \$660	At Least \$450	At Least \$230	
Compensation Fund	Million	Million	Million	
Cost Savings-State entities, Public Institutions of Higher Education, Local Governments, and School Districts	Indeterminate	Indeterminate	Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the bill will reduce revenues to the Unemployment Insurance (UI) Compensation Fund by at least \$660 million in FY 2022, \$450 million in FY 2023, and \$230 million in FY 2024 relative to amounts that would have been collected from employers based on the fund's reserve ratio and statutory funding formula. Beginning in FY 2025, employer contribution rates will return to their statutory levels and remain in place until the UI fund is replenished and federal loans are repaid.
- By providing that all UI benefits paid during the Covid-19 state of emergency will be excluded when calculating an individual employer's reserve ratio, the bill will result in further,



potentially significant, decreases in revenues to the UI fund on top of the amounts enumerated above.

 This bill may result in cost savings to potentially all State entities, public institutions of higher education, local governments, and school districts tied to the reduced liabilities to the UI fund for those entities that choose to not make contributions to the UI fund on an annual basis but instead reimburse the UI fund for benefits paid to laid off employees.

BILL DESCRIPTION

This bill, for the period of the public health emergency and state of emergency declared by the Governor on March 9, 2020, and any subsequent extensions of the emergency or state of emergency, excludes the cost of unemployment benefits to employees of an employer during that period when calculating that employer's reserve ratio for the purposes of determining the rate of the employer's contributions to the unemployment trust fund.

The bill specifies that, regardless of the actual unemployment trust fund reserve ratio, unemployment contribution rates will be:

- 1. For fiscal year 2022, the rates set by column "C" of the Experience Rating Tax Table in R.S.32:21-7(c)(5)(E).
- 2. For fiscal year 2023, the rates set by column "D" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply; and
- 3. For fiscal year 2024, the rates set by column "E" of that table, unless calculations based on the actual fund reserve rate would result in the selection of a column with lower contribution rates, in which case the column with the lower contribution rates would apply.

The bill also exempts any nonprofit or governmental employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions from liability for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to 50 percent of unemployment benefits paid to employees laid off by the employer during that public health emergency and any extensions of it.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

The New Jersey Department of Labor and Workforce Development (DOLWD) provided data concerning revenues and expenditures of the State's UI fund.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

UI Fund Revenue Reductions:

The OLS estimates that the bill will reduce revenues to the UI Fund by at least \$660 million in FY 2022, \$450 million in FY 2023, and \$230 million in FY 2024 relative to amounts that would have been collected from employers based on the fund's reserve ratio and statutory funding formula. These revenue reductions are in actuality deferrals of employer contributions to the UI Fund because beginning in FY 2025, employer contribution rates will return to their statutory levels and remain in place until the UI fund is replenished and federal loans are repaid.

The UI fund's reserve ratio, in part, determines an employer's tax rate, which will increase as the reserve ratio falls in order to replenish the fund balance as unemployment benefits get paid out. As a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, a significant amount of benefits have been paid during calendar year (CY) 2020 and the fund balance has been reduced. The decline in the reserve ratio would have automatically triggered the highest possible employer contribution rate beginning in FY 2022, but this bill excludes the fund's reserve ratio in calculating an employer's contribution rate and instead provides for lower employer contributions over a three-year period.

Currently, unemployment contribution rates for FY 2021 are set by column "B" of the Experience Rating Tax Table. If this bill is not enacted, the UI fund will most likely have a negative balance when the employer UI tax rates are calculated on March 31, 2021 for FY 2022 because of the large amount of UI benefits paid out to employees during CY 2020. Consequently, the taxes on employers for FY 2022 would be the taxes indicated in column "E" plus the 10% surcharge currently provided, imposing the highest level of UI taxes provided by law. According to data provided by the DOLWD and displayed in the table below, total FY 2022 taxes would be increased by \$940 million compared with FY 2021, or 58%, from \$1.62 billion under the "B" schedule to \$2.56 billion under the "E" plus 10% schedule.

Absent this bill or other intervention, the OLS notes that the statutory tax schedule would have resulted in the "E" plus 10% schedule applying to FY2022 and possibly subsequent years. However, the bill replaces this increase with a new mandated progression (overriding any higher tax rates triggered by the reserve ratios) of the "C" schedule in FY 2022, the "D" schedule in FY 2023, and the "E" schedule in FY 2024.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TABLE A - E & 10% (CASH BASIS) FISCAL YEARS 2021 & 2022

UI		FY 2022			
TAX	FY 2021	Projected	Change over "B"		
TABLE	(\$ billions)	Contribution (\$ billions)	Increase (\$ billions)	Percent Increase	
A	1.29	1.33	NA	NA	
В	1.56	1.62	NA	NA	
С	1.84	1.90	0.28	17.3%	
D	2.04	2.11	0.49	30.2%	
E	2.25	2.33	0.71	43.8%	
E+10%	2.48	2.56	0.94	58.0%	

Source: NJ Department of Labor & Workforce Development.

According to the table shown above, and assuming that all else remains unchanged, the OLS notes that the "C" schedule in FY 2022 will result in \$1.90 billion in UI employer tax collection for that year. Consequently, if the bill is enacted, keeping the schedule in the "C" column will result in a decrease in UI tax revenue of \$660 million as compared to the \$2.56 billion that would have been otherwise realized under the "E" plus 10% schedule. Keeping the "D" schedule in FY 2023 will likely result in \$450 million less than what would have been otherwise realized under the "E" plus 10% schedule. And for FY 2024, the "E" schedule will likely result in a decrease in UI tax revenue of about \$230 million as compared to what would have been otherwise realized under the "E" plus 10% schedule.

The OLS estimates that the bill would thereby reduce, over the three fiscal years, the total amount of employer UI taxes by at least \$1.34 billion. Moreover, the OLS notes that the bill will result in additional, potentially significant, decreases in revenue to the UI fund by providing that

all UI benefits paid during the emergency are to be excluded when calculating the individual employer reserve ratio, which is the other component of the UI Fund's funding formula.

The OLS expects that the totality of the revenue reductions will make the State reliant on federal loans to be able to pay UI benefits. The DOLWD currently projects that the State's UI fund will have net borrowings from the federal government of \$1.9 billion as of April 2021 and that they will be reduced to \$1.6 billion by the end of CY 2021. However, that is premised on the current statutory employer contribution tax rate. Under the bill, net federal borrowing is likely to see little to no reduction in CY 2021 or during the three years that revenues are reduced under this bill. Beginning in FY 2025, employer contribution rates will return to their statutory levels and will remain there until the UI Fund's reserve is replenished and federal borrowings are repaid. It is not known how many years this will take.

Cost Savings to Governmental Employers:

The OLS further notes that this bill may result in cost savings to potentially all State entities, public institutions of higher education, local governments, and school districts tied to reduced liabilities to the UI fund for those employers that choose to not pay contributions to the unemployment UI fund on annual basis, but instead reimburse the UI fund for UI benefits paid to laid off employees on a dollar for dollar basis. Given that during the Covid-19 emergency, federal funds from the CARES Act are paying for 50% of the liability for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to unemployment benefits paid to employees laid off by the employer, the bill's payment provision of 50% of the costs will result in potential savings for those employers who would otherwise be liable for payments with respect to 100% of the payments of unemployment compensation benefits made by the UI fund to their employees. Currently, there are 1,164 active governmental reimbursable employers in the State.

Section: Commerce, Labor and Industry

Analysts: Juan C. Rodriguez

Senior Fiscal Analyst Gregory L. Williams Principal Research Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Assistant Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

Governor Murphy Signs Legislation to Reduce UI Payroll Tax

01/4/2021

TRENTON – To continue supporting our small businesses impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, Governor Phil Murphy today signed A-4853/S-3011 to reduce businesses' UI contribution rate for a period of time.

"COVID-19 continues to pose economic challenges to businesses across the state," **said Governor Murphy**. "Today's bill signing will alleviate the financial burdens many businesses are facing and help them get back on their feet during this difficult time."

This legislation will reduce the amount of an employer's unemployment taxes through Fiscal Year 2023. Additionally, the bill will permit nonprofit and governmental employers that elect to make UI payments equal to the full amount of benefits paid to individuals attributable to service in the employ of the nonprofit or governmental employer to reduce their UI benefit payments by fifty percent for the duration of the public health emergency. The bill will result in cost savings to State entities, public institutions of higher education, local governments, and school districts during the pandemic. The short-term savings will be made possible by federal unemployment insurance advances. The recently enacted federal stimulus package extended interest free borrowing of these loans through March 14, 2021. As of December 17, 2020, 20 states and the U.S. Virgin Islands have availed themselves of these loans.

"The contributions New Jersey employers have made to our Unemployment Trust Fund have helped keep a record number of workers afloat during this pandemic," **said Labor Commissioner Robert Asaro-Angelo**. "This new law will help reduce further hardship on employers, while protecting the vital lifeline of unemployment for the future."

"Many New Jersey businesses are struggling right now, and we cannot allow them to be further penalized by a rise in Unemployment Insurance costs when layoffs were the only option for them to save their business," **said Senate President Steve Sweeney**. "This law will be influential in preventing further economic damage to our businesses and communities."

"Due to a loss of revenue, COVID-19 has forced many small businesses to lay off or furlough dedicated employees in an effort to stay in business," **said Senator Fred Madden, chair of the Senate Labor Committee**. "These layoffs were not wanted by any employer and, as a result, they should not be punished with paying the cost for Unemployment Insurance claims."

"The coronavirus has left businesses reeling from months of closures, mass layoffs and declining revenue," **said Assemblyman Louis Greenwald**. "By next year, the unemployment tax rate is expected to rise to the highest bracket, requiring employers to pay more at a time when many will likely still be getting back on their feet. We need to take action to ease the tax burden on employers during this economic crisis."

"Many businesses were required to close quickly at the start of the pandemic. New Jersey's economic recovery will not come as swiftly," **said Assemblyman Vince Mazzeo**. "Anything we can do to reduce rising tax obligations resulting from COVID-19 is a step we need to take."

"Not since the Great Depression has our country faced an economic crisis like the one we are seeing today," **said Assemblyman Anthony Verrelli**. "After all they've endured, businesses need relief so that they can keep employees on the payroll and rise to meet any future challenges brought on by the coronavirus. This new law will provide critical tax relief to employers as they continue on the long road to recovery."

"A similar phase-in payroll tax measure was utilized after the financial crisis of 2007-2009," **said Michael Egenton, Executive Vice President of Government Relations for the New Jersey State Chamber of Commerce**. "This legislation will provide predictability and certainty to employers, especially during these challenging economic times due to the pandemic. Rather than move businesses into the most expensive of six columns to replenish the unemployment insurance fund, the bill will shift them one column over instead of five this July. Additionally, this bill prevents a rate increase for employers who had to carry out layoffs through no fault of their own. We commend the Governor, Senate President Sweeney, Assembly Speaker Coughlin, and the

sponsors – Senator Madden and Assembly Majority Leader Greenwald - for their support in making sure our employers do not experience "sticker shock" as we all work towards replenishing the UI fund."

"NJBIA thanks Governor Murphy and the bipartisan supporters of this important legislation," **said NJBIA President and CEO Michele Siekerka**. "Without it, New Jersey business owners would be looking at a massive payroll tax increase this summer, effectively penalizing struggling employers who were forced into workforce reductions beyond their control. Spreading out this increase over three years makes this increase more palatable and helps give our businesses a fighting chance.

"The CCSNJ commends Governor Murphy for signing this vital piece of legislation," **said Christina Renna**, **President and CEO of the Chamber of Commerce Southern New Jersey**. "With most businesses having to temporarily close their doors to help slow the spread of COVID-19, employers were forced to make tough choices in order to survive. An additional increase to the employer contribution of the UI Fund would have been a tax increase businesses did not deserve and could not afford as the pandemic continues. Thank you to the Governor and Legislature for recognizing and taking swift action to assure employers were not faced with this difficult burden."

"The NJ YMCA State Alliance would like to commend the Governor for providing much needed relief to the non-profit community," **said Dr. Darrin Anderson, CEO, New Jersey YMCA State Alliance**. "The signing of this bill allows us to concentrate our resources on supporting the unprecedented needs in the community."