40A:5-14.2

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2008 **CHAPTER:** 65

NJSA: 40A:5-14.2 (Requires deposit of proceeds from sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of

certain high value municipal assets into dedicated trust fund; provides for establishment,

supervision, and administration of dedicated trust fund)

BILL NO: S1339 (Substituted for A2563)

SPONSOR(S): Whelan and Burzichelli

DATE INTRODUCED: February 26, 2008

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Tourism and Gaming

SENATE: State Government

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 16, 2008

SENATE: June 23, 2008

DATE OF APPROVAL: August 14, 2008

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Second Reprint of Senate Committee Substitute enacted)

S1339

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: Yes

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A2563

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 10 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

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LAW/IS 12/4/08

P.L. 2008, CHAPTER 65, approved August 14, 2008 Senate Committee Substitute (Second Reprint) for Senate, No. 1339

AN ACT concerning the investment of certain municipal funds 1 ¹[and], ¹ supplementing chapter 5 of Title 40A of the New Jersey 2 Statutes ¹, and amending P.L.1992, c.79¹. 3

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares:
- a. Elected municipal officials are the stewards for the property owned by the municipality.
- b. It is sometimes necessary or desirable for the municipality to sell some of its assets that are no longer needed for a public
- c. ¹[Elected officials are often subjected to pressures to act for short term political gains, at the expense of the long-term interests of the property taxpayers of the municipality.] The use of proceeds from the sale or lease of a municipal asset that results in relatively large proceeds, to either fund a new service or to provide property tax relief for a limited period of time, are examples of actions by a local governing body that often necessitate subsequent property tax increases to either continue the new service or to fill-in the revenue gap.
- d. ²[It] Since the development or redevelopment of high valued municipal assets in a municipality in which casino gaming is authorized may be inextricably intertwined with the success of the casino gaming industry, an important revenue source for the State, it² is in the best interests of ²the² municipal taxpayers ², as well as the citizens of the State,² for the State ¹ [to exercise oversight by ensuring that the and local elected officials [act prudently regarding the 1 to work collaboratively together to effectuate the prudent disposition of high value assets 2, to ensure that the interests of the State's casino gaming industry are not harmed,² and ²to plan for² the management of proceeds from the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of those assets, when significant sums are involved, to ensure that any intended relief to municipal property taxpayers is maximized.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Assembly ATG committee amendments adopted May 5, 2008.

² Assembly floor amendments adopted May 19, 2008.

- 2. (New section) a. Whenever a municipality ²[¹, other than a city of the first class,¹] in which casino gaming is authorized² intends to sell, assign, lease, or transfer ownership, or any other interest, in any real property, including real property to be sold, assigned, leased, or transferred pursuant to a redevelopment plan, or in any capital improvement or personal property, and:
 - (1) the asset has an assessed value of at least \$50 million, and either

- (2) (a) the proceeds to be realized by the municipality as a result of the sale, assignment, lease, or transfer, regardless of the length of the term of the payment, will exceed its final appropriations for the previous year's budget, as determined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.2), or
- (b) the sale, assignment, lease, or transfer is to another public entity, regardless of the amount of the proceeds to be realized by the municipality, then,
- the governing body of the municipality shall submit an application for approval by the Local Finance Board containing a plan for conducting the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of the asset in accordance with procedures or forms promulgated by the Local Finance Board for this purpose.
 - ¹(c) Notwithstanding subsection g. of section 8 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-8), regarding the procedure for the sale or lease of assets by a municipality or redevelopment entity pursuant to a redevelopment plan, an asset subject to this subsection only shall be sold, assigned, leased, or transferred through a fair and open competitive process. ¹
 - b. Upon submission of the proposed plan required pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the Local Finance Board shall schedule a hearing 'within 45 calendar days upon receipt of the proposed plan,' for the purpose of approving the plan pursuant to subsection c. of this section. 'If the Local Finance Board does not schedule a hearing within 45 calendar days, then the plan is deemed approved.'
 - c. At a hearing scheduled pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the Local Finance Board may approve the proposed plan for the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of the asset. No actions to implement the proposed plan shall be taken until it has been approved by the Local Finance Board.
- Subsequent to the issuance of an approval required by subsection c. of this section and prior to adopting any resolution or ordinance, or amending a resolution or ordinance introduced for the purpose of the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of the asset, the municipality shall first obtain from the Local Finance Board a certification that: (1) the municipality complied with the requirements of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and (2) the proposed disposition of the asset, as introduced by the governing body, reflects the highest and

1 <u>best use of the asset, considering all relevant factors and</u> 2 <u>circumstances.</u>

- e. To provide the certification required by subsection d. of this section, the Local Finance Board must find that the municipality implemented, without material deviation, the approved plan required by this section and has otherwise satisfied all other requirements of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The findings of the Local Finance Board shall be supported by a "fairness opinion" and appraisal, commissioned by the board from a reputable, experienced, and independent third-party entity licensed to do business in the State of New Jersey. The cost and expenses incurred by the Local Finance Board to commission the independent review may be reimbursed from the proceeds realized by the municipality as a result of the sale, assignment, lease or transfer of the asset.
 - <u>f.</u> The sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset requiring an application for approval by the Local Finance Board pursuant to this section shall be voidable if the municipal governing body fails to submit the application.

3. (New section) a. The governing body of a municipality shall apply to the Local Finance Board ¹[,]¹ on or before the 30th day prior to the closing of an agreement for the disposition of an asset requiring board approval in accordance with section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), for approval of a plan, in the form of an ordinance, to allocate the proceeds of the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or execution of a redevelopment agreement. The application shall be made in accordance with procedures or forms promulgated by the Local Finance Board. The proposed allocation plan shall state the purposes for which the cash proceeds resulting from the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of the asset shall be used.

b. Upon the filing of an application pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the Local Finance Board shall schedule a hearing 'within 45 calendar days upon receipt of the application,' for the purpose of approving a proposed plan to allocate the proceeds of the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of the asset. At the hearing the Local Finance Board may approve the proposed plan or require its modification. The plan may be amended from time-to-time, as deemed necessary by the governing body '[, with the approval of] and' the Local Finance Board 'subject to a two-thirds majority voter referendum'.

c. Upon approval by the Local Finance Board in accordance with subsection b. of this section, a proposed ordinance to effectuate the allocation plan may be finally adopted by the municipality.

d. A sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset requiring approval of an allocation plan pursuant to this section shall be voidable if the municipal governing body fails to comply with the requirements of this section.

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- 4. (New section) a. (1) Upon final approval of an ordinance by the municipal governing body pursuant to subsection c. of section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the Local Finance Board may order that the proceeds from the disposition of municipal assets, described in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), shall be deposited in a dedicated trust fund which shall be managed in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.
- (2) Funds, for purposes described in the approved allocation plan, may be disbursed from the dedicated trust fund and shall be invested and managed pursuant to the provisions of the allocation plan required pursuant to subsection b of this section, and the investment plan approved pursuant to subsection d. of this section.
- b. The management of funds in the dedicated trust fund shall be the responsibility of an investment oversight board which shall be organized immediately after each member provided for in subsection c. of this section has qualified and taken the oath of office.
- c. The investment oversight board of a dedicated trust fund established pursuant to this section shall consist of three members as follows:
 - (1) The mayor of the municipality, ex-officio, or his designee;
- (2) One member of the municipal council of the municipality, selected by a majority of its members, ex-officio, or his designee; and
 - (3) The chief financial officer of the municipality, ex-officio.
- d. Each investment oversight board member shall, within 10 days after his appointment or selection, take an oath of office that so far as it devolves upon him, he will diligently and honestly administer the affairs of the board, and that he will not knowingly violate or willingly permit to be violated any of the provisions of law applicable to the dedicated trust fund. The oath shall be subscribed by the member making it, and certified by the officer before whom it is taken, and immediately filed in the office of the clerk of the municipality and in the office of the Secretary of State.
- e. The members of the investment oversight board shall serve without compensation, but they shall be reimbursed by the municipality for all reasonable and necessary expenses that they incur through service on the board.
- f. Each investment oversight board member shall be entitled to one vote on the board. A unanimous vote shall be necessary for a decision by the members at any meeting of the board; provided,

- 1 however, that no vote shall be necessary for the annual distribution
- 2 of earnings from the dedicated trust fund to the municipality for
- 3 municipal property tax relief, if so provided in the allocation plan
- 4 ordinance adopted pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.)
- 5 (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - g. Subject to the requirements and limitations of P.L.
 - c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the investment oversight board shall, from time to time, establish an investment management plan for the administration of the dedicated
- trust fund established pursuant to this section.
 - h. The investment oversight board shall elect from its membership a chairman. Any member of the board so elected shall serve as the chairman for a term of two years and until election of his successor. When the term of office of an elected official ends prior to the completion of his two-year chairmanship term, then a new chairman shall be selected for a term of two years.
 - i. The Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, or a designee, shall be the secretary to any investment oversight board established pursuant to this section.
 - j. An investment oversight board solely shall use the services of the State Division of Investment to manage the business of its dedicated trust fund.
 - k. The Attorney-General of the State of New Jersey shall be the legal advisor to any investment oversight board established pursuant to this section.
 - 1. The assets of a dedicated trust fund established pursuant to this section shall be maintained, invested, and expended solely in accordance with an approved investment plan entered into pursuant to section 5 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); provided, however, that an investment plan shall not permit the assets of the dedicated trust fund to be loaned, transferred, or otherwise used by the State or any of its political subdivisions. This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit the investment oversight board from investing in, by purchase or otherwise, bonds, notes, or other obligations of the State or of an agency or instrumentality of the State.

- 5. (New section) a. An investment oversight board created pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), acting in consultation with the Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, shall:
- (1) establish an investment plan for the purposes of its dedicated trust fund established pursuant to subsection a. of section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), subject to the approval of the State Treasurer; and
- 46 (2) annually review its investment plan to assure that the program remains actuarially sound.

- b. (1) An investment plan established pursuant to subsection a.
 of this section shall specify the investment policies, and
 notwithstanding the provisions of section 8 of P.L.1977, c.396
 (C.40A:5-15.1), the types of financial instruments permitted for
 investment that shall be used by the Division of Investment in its
 administration of the fund.
 - c. (1) When required by the allocation plan adopted pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), at the close of each fiscal year of the municipality, the investment oversight board shall certify to the municipality the amount of earnings that are available for distribution.
 - (2) If those earnings are to be used for municipal property tax relief, then such amount shall be distributed from the dedicated trust fund to the municipality on the following schedule: February 1, 25% of the total amount due; May 1, 25% of the total amount due, August 1, 25% of the total amount due; and November 1, 25% of the total amount due.
 - (3) Distribution of funds for purposes other than municipal property tax relief shall be made pursuant to an agreement between the municipality and the investment oversight board, if permitted by municipal ordinance.
 - d. The investment oversight board shall be subject to the "prudent person" standard of care applicable to the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury pursuant to subsection b. of section 11 of P.L.1950, c.270 (C.52:18A-89).
 - e. (1) The day-to-day administration of the investments of any dedicated trust fund established pursuant to subsection a. of section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be vested with the Division of Investment in the New Jersey Department of the Treasury.
 - (2) The division shall be responsible for providing such services as may be deemed necessary for the implementation of a comprehensive investment program for the approved investment plan, including, but not limited to:
 - (a) providing billing;

- (b) individual and collective record keeping and accounting;
- 37 (c) asset purchase, control, and safe keeping;
- 38 (d) investment management, marketing, administration, 39 compliance, and internal control;
- 40 (e) program operations; and
- 41 (f) other services necessary to carry out the purposes of P.L. 42 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 6. (New section) a. Every investment oversight board created pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be responsible for keeping a record of all of its proceedings, which shall be open to public inspection. It

shall publish a quarterly report of the trust account's operations and an annual report showing the fiscal transactions of the dedicated trust fund for the preceding year, the amount of accumulated cash and securities of the fund, and the last balance sheet showing the financial condition of the dedicated trust fund by means of an actuarial valuation of the assets and liabilities of the dedicated trust fund.

b. All reports required pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be submitted to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs, State Comptroller, the State Treasurer, and each member of the governing body of the municipality no later than 45 days after the end of the municipality's fiscal year.

- 7. (New section) a. The accounts of every dedicated trust fund established pursuant to subsection a. of section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be subject to annual audits by the State Auditor or a designee. In addition, the investment oversight board of a dedicated trust fund shall commission an independent audit of its program. The results of the independent audit shall be open to public inspection and shall be provided to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs, State Comptroller, the State Treasurer, and each member of the governing body of the municipality. The investment oversight board may use earnings of the fund to pay for the cost of an independent audit required by this subsection.
- b. Statements, reports on distributions, and information returns relating to accounts for a dedicated trust fund shall be prepared, distributed, and filed to the extent required by section 529 of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26U.S.C. s.529.

- ¹8. Section 8 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-8) is amended to read as follows:
- 8. Upon the adoption of a redevelopment plan pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-7), the municipality or redevelopment entity designated by the governing body may proceed with the clearance, replanning, development and redevelopment of the area designated in that plan. In order to carry out and effectuate the purposes of this act and the terms of the redevelopment plan, the municipality or designated redevelopment entity may:
- a. Undertake redevelopment projects, and for this purpose issue bonds in accordance with the provisions of section 29 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-29).
- b. Acquire property pursuant to subsection i. of section 22 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-22).
- c. Acquire, by condemnation, any land or building which is necessary for the redevelopment project, pursuant to the provisions

of the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).

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- d. Clear any area owned or acquired and install, construct or reconstruct streets, facilities, utilities, and site improvements essential to the preparation of sites for use in accordance with the redevelopment plan.
- e. Prepare or arrange by contract for the provision of professional services and the preparation of plans by registered architects, licensed professional engineers or planners, or other consultants for the carrying out of redevelopment projects.
- f. Arrange or contract with public agencies or redevelopers for the planning, replanning, construction, or undertaking of any project or redevelopment work, or any part thereof; negotiate and collect revenue from a redeveloper to defray the costs of the redevelopment entity, including where applicable the costs incurred in conjunction with bonds, notes or other obligations issued by the redevelopment entity, and to secure payment of such revenue; as part of any such arrangement or contract, provide for extension of credit, or making of loans, to redevelopers to finance any project or redevelopment work, or upon a finding that the project or redevelopment work would not be undertaken but for the provision of financial assistance, or would not be undertaken in its intended scope without the provision of financial assistance, provide as part of an arrangement or contract for capital grants to redevelopers; and arrange or contract with public agencies or redevelopers for the opening, grading or closing of streets, roads, roadways, alleys, or other places or for the furnishing of facilities or for the acquisition by such agency of property options or property rights or for the furnishing of property or services in connection with a redevelopment area.
- 31 [Lease] Except with regard to property subject to the 32 requirements of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 33 <u>Legislature as this bill), lease</u> or convey property or improvements 34 to any other party pursuant to this section, without public bidding 35 and at such prices and upon such terms as it deems reasonable, 36 provided that the lease or conveyance is made in conjunction with a 37 redevelopment plan, notwithstanding the provisions of any law, 38 rule, or regulation to the contrary.
 - h. Enter upon any building or property in any redevelopment area in order to conduct investigations or make surveys, sounding or test borings necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.
- i. Arrange or contract with a public agency for the relocation, pursuant to the "Relocation Assistance Law of 1967," P.L.1967, c.79 (C.52:31B-1 et seq.) and the "Relocation Assistance Act," P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-1 et seq.), of residents, industry or commerce displaced from a redevelopment area.

- j. Make, consistent with the redevelopment plan: (1) plans for carrying out a program of voluntary repair and rehabilitation of buildings and improvements; and (2) plans for the enforcement of laws, codes, and regulations relating to the use and occupancy of buildings and improvements, and to the compulsory repair, demolition, or removal of rehabilitation, buildings improvements.
 - k. Request that the planning board recommend and governing body designate particular areas as being in need of redevelopment or rehabilitation in accordance with the provisions of this act and make recommendations for the redevelopment or rehabilitation of such areas.
 - l. Study the recommendations of the planning board or governing body for redevelopment of the area.
 - m. Publish and disseminate information concerning any redevelopment area, plan or project.
 - n. Do all things necessary or convenient to carry out its powers. (cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.8)

¹9. (New section) The Local Finance Board in the Department of Community Affairs may adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L. 1968, c.410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.) as the Board may deem necessary to implement or administer any of its responsibilities under this act,

P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

¹[8.] <u>10.</u> This act shall take effect immediately and shall be retroactive with respect to resolutions for the sale, assignment,

lease, transfer, or redevelopment of municipal property that are adopted on or after March 1, 2008.

Requires deposit of proceeds from sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of certain high value municipal assets into dedicated trust fund; provides for establishment, supervision, and administration of dedicated trust fund.

SENATE, No. 1339

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

213th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 26, 2008

Sponsored by: Senator JIM WHELAN District 2 (Atlantic)

SYNOPSIS

Requires Local Finance Board oversight for the sale or lease of certain valuable municipal assets under certain circumstances.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning the sale or lease of valuable assets by certain 2 municipalities and supplementing chapter 5 of Title 40A of the 3 New Jersey Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. The Legislature finds and declares:
- a. Elected municipal officials are the stewards for the property owned by the municipality.
- b. It is sometimes necessary or desirable for the municipality to sell or lease some of its assets that are no longer needed for a public purpose.
- c. Elected officials are often subject to a lot of pressure to act for short-term political gains, at the expense of the long-term interests of the property taxpayers of the municipality. The use of the proceeds from the sale or lease of a valuable municipal asset, especially when those proceeds are relatively large, to either fund a new service or to provide property tax relief for one year, are examples of actions by a local governing body that often necessitate a property tax increase for the following year to either continue the new service or to fill-in the revenue gap.
- d. It is in the best interests of municipal taxpayers for the State to exercise some oversight by advising and assisting their elected officials with the disposition of the proceeds from the sale or lease of very valuable municipal assets, so that appropriate planning can be accomplished to ensure that relief to property taxpayers is maximized.

- 2. a. (1) Whenever a municipality intends to sell or lease any real property, capital improvement, or personal property, or interests therein, including real property to be sold or leased pursuant to a redevelopment plan, and the cash proceeds to be realized by the municipality as a result of the sale or lease, regardless of the length of the term of the payment, will exceed its final appropriations for the previous year, as determined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.2), the chief financial officer of the municipality shall notify the Local Finance Board at least 60 days prior to the date of adoption of any resolution or ordinance authorizing the sale or lease, or prior to the advertisement or issuance of a request for proposals concerning the sale or lease of the municipal asset.
- (2) The Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, in consultation with the Local Finance Board, may promulgate rules, regulations, procedures, and forms for the purposes of this subsection.
- b. Upon notification of intention to sell or lease a municipal asset pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the Local Finance

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- Board shall promptly schedule a hearing for the purpose of exercising continuing oversight over the sale or lease of the municipal asset. The oversight responsibilities of the board shall be to advise and assist the municipal governing body with appropriate financial planning for the disposition of the proceeds from the sale or lease, in order to maximize permanent property tax relief for the municipal taxpayers.
 - c. The sale or lease of a municipal asset requiring notice to the Local Finance Board pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be voidable if the notice to the board is not provided.
 - d. No request for proposals concerning the sale or lease of a municipal asset requiring notice to the Local Finance Board pursuant to subsection a. of this section, including requests for proposals pursuant to a redevelopment plan, shall be authorized and effective until approved by the Local Finance Board.

- 3. a. At a hearing scheduled in accordance with subsection b. of section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the Local Finance Board may order (1) that the cash proceeds of a sale of municipal assets described in section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be deposited in a trust fund in the name of the municipality and for the permanent relief of the property taxpayers of that municipality, or (2) that a plan be developed for the use of the cash proceeds and that the plan be approved by the Local Finance Board prior to implementation.
- b. (1) The Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, or a designee, shall be the secretary of any trust fund that may be required to be established pursuant to subsection a. of this section.
- (2) The Attorney General of the State of New Jersey shall be the legal advisor of any board of trustees appointed pursuant to subsection a. of this section.

4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be retroactive with respect to ordinances, resolutions, and requests for proposals in furtherance of the sale or lease of a municipal asset and that are adopted or advertised on or after March 1, 2008.

STATEMENT

This bill requires the chief financial officer of a municipality to notify the Local Finance Board whenever the governing body of the municipality intends to adopt a resolution or ordinance authorizing the sale or lease of a municipal asset that is expected to result in cash proceeds to be realized by the municipality, regardless of the length of the term of the payment, that will exceed its final

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appropriations for the previous year as calculated under the local budget cap. This notice would also be required for a sale or lease pursuant to a redevelopment plan. The notice would have to be provided at least 60 days prior to the date of any resolution or ordinance authorizing the sale or lease, or 60 days prior to the advertisement or issuance of a request for proposals.

Upon notification of the proposed sale or lease, the Local Finance Board would schedule a hearing for the purpose of exercising continuing oversight over the sale or lease in order to advise and assist the municipal governing body with the disposition of the proceeds from the sale or lease to ensure maximized permanent relief to the municipality's property taxpayers. This may be accomplished through the establishment of a trust, or by any other means deemed appropriate by the Local Finance Board.

The bill would be retroactive to any resolution, ordinance, or request for proposals concerning the sale or lease of a valuable municipal asset that is adopted on or after March 1, 2008.

ASSEMBLY TOURISM AND GAMING COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 1339

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 5, 2008

The Assembly Tourism and Gaming Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 1339.

As amended by the committee, this Senate committee substitute bill requires any municipality, except for a city of the first class, to have a proposed sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset reviewed by the Local Finance Board when the assessed value of the asset is greater than \$50 million and the proceeds to be realized by the municipality, regardless of the length of the term of the payment, will exceed its final appropriations for the previous year's budget. Prior to the sale, the municipality must submit for approval by the Local Finance Board a proposed ordinance containing a plan for the sale of the asset.

Specifically, at least 30 days prior to the date of the closing of an agreement for the disposition of an asset requiring Local Finance Board approval, the municipality must submit an application for approval by the board containing a plan for conducting the sale, assignment, lease, transfer of redevelopment of the asset in accordance with procedures or forms promulgated by the board. An allocation plan ordinance, authorizing the transaction, must also state the purposes for which the cash proceeds from the sale or other disposition will be used. Upon notification of the proposed sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset, the Local Finance Board is required to schedule a hearing for the purpose of approving the allocation plan ordinance prior to its final adoption. The Local Finance Board may require changes to the ordinance and before the municipality can proceed, the board is required to certify that the municipality has complied with the requirements of this bill and that the proposed disposition of the asset "reflects the highest and best use of the asset, considering all relevant factors and circumstances." After the Local Finance Board and the governing body have both approved the ordinance authorizing the sale or other disposition, the Local Finance Board may order that the cash proceeds of the sale be

deposited in a dedicated trust account in the name of the municipality for the benefit of the residents of that municipality.

The general supervision of the trust account would be vested in a three-member investment oversight board comprised of the mayor of the municipality, ex officio; one member of the governing body of the municipality selected by a majority of its members, ex officio; and the chief financial officer of the municipality, ex officio. The investment oversight board members would not receive a salary, but would be reimbursed by the municipality for all reasonable and necessary expenses that they incur while serving on the board.

The board would be led by a chairman, elected by the members for a two-year term. The Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, or a designee, would serve as secretary of the dedicated trust account. The Attorney General would serve as the legal advisor to the investment oversight board. The board would have the authority to engage other special services that may be required to transact the business of the trust account and set the compensation of all persons engaged by the trust account. The administration of the trust account assets would be delegated by the board to the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury. The division would be responsible for providing any services that may be deemed necessary for the implementation of the comprehensive investment plan. The division would deduct from the fund the costs for the administration of the dedicated trust fund.

The investment oversight board, acting in consultation with the Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, would be required to establish a comprehensive investment plan and annually review the plan to ensure that is remains actuarially sound. The comprehensive investment plan must specify the investment policies to be used by the division in its administration of the account. One-quarter of the interest earnings are to be distributed to the municipality each quarter, specifically on February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1 of each year. The investment oversight board and the Director of the Division of Investment must agree on the plan, subject to final approval from the State Treasurer.

The assets of a dedicated trust account would be maintained, invested, and expended solely in compliance with the comprehensive investment plan and could not be loaned, transferred, or otherwise used by the State or any of its political subdivisions. The board can choose to invest trust account assets in bonds, notes or other obligations of the State or any agency or instrumentality of the State and would be subject to the "prudent person" standard of care applicable to the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury.

This Senate committee substitute bill, as amended by the committee, requires the investment oversight board to keep a record of its meetings that would available to the pubic. The board must also

publish a quarterly report of the accounts operations. The board would also be required to publish an annual report showing the financial transactions of the dedicated trust fund for the preceding year, the amount of cash and accumulated securities of the system, and the last balance sheet showing the financial condition of the trust account by means of an actuarial valuation of the assets and liabilities of the dedicated trust fund. All reports would be distributed to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs, State Comptroller, and State Treasurer and each member of the governing body of the municipality no later than 45 days after the end of the municipality's fiscal year.

The accounts of the dedicated trust fund would be subject to annual audits by the State Auditor, or a designee. The board would be required to commission an independent audit of the program, the results of which would be made available of the public and provided to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs, State Comptroller, State Treasurer, and each member of the governing body of the municipality to ensure transparency.

This Senate committee substitute bill, as amended by the committee, would be retroactive to any sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset proposed on or after March 1, 2008.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amended the bill to:

- (1) modify the findings to focus on a municipality working with the State, for the benefit of the taxpayers, to effectuate the prudent disposition of high value assets;
- (2) exempt cities of the first class (Newark and Jersey City) from the provisions of the bill;
- (3) ensure that the provisions of the bill cannot be avoided by the transfer of an asset to a redevelopment entity pursuant to a redevelopment plan under the "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law." The asset would be required to be sold, assigned, leased, or transferred through a "fair and open competitive process;"
- (4) require the Local Finance Board to schedule a hearing on a proposed plan to sell a high value municipal asset within 45 days, or the plan is deemed approved by the board;
- (5) require the certification of the Local Finance Board that a municipality has complied with the requirements of the bill and that the proposed disposition of the asset "reflects the highest and best use of the asset, considering all relevant factors and circumstances" before the municipality can adopt an ordinance or resolution for the sale of the high value asset;
- (6) require the Local Finance Board to commission an independent review of the disposition plan, including an appraisal of the high value municipal asset, to support its compliance certification;

- (7) require the Local Finance Board to schedule a hearing on a proposed plan regarding the allocation of the proceeds of a sale, or other disposition, of a high value asset within 45 days;
- (8) permit the amendment of a proceeds allocation plan by the municipal governing body and the Local Finance Board, subject to approval by two-thirds of the municipal voters voting at a referendum on the proposed amendments;
- (9) amend N.J.S.A.40A:12A-8 of the "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law" to create an exception from the general power of a redevelopment entity to lease or convey property, for high value assets that are subject to the requirements of this bill; and
- (10) authorize the Local Finance Board in the Department of Community Affairs to adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L. 1968, c.410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.) as the Board may deem necessary to implement or administer any of its responsibilities under the bill.

As amended, this Senate committee substitute is identical to Assembly, No. 2563 (1R).

SENATE STATE GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 1339

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 10, 2008

The Senate State Government Committee reports favorably a Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 1339.

This Senate committee substitute bill requires any municipality to have a proposed sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset reviewed by the Local Finance Board when the assessed value of the asset is greater than \$50 million and the proceeds to be realized by the municipality, regardless of the length of the term of the payment, will exceed its final appropriations for the previous year's budget. Prior to the sale, the municipality must submit for approval by the Local Finance Board a proposed ordinance containing a plan for the sale of the asset.

Specifically, at least 30 days prior to the date of the closing of an agreement for the disposition of an asset requiring Local Finance Board approval, the municipality must submit an application for approval by the board containing a plan for conducting the sale, assignment, lease, transfer of redevelopment of the asset in accordance with procedures or forms promulgated by the board. An allocation plan ordinance, authorizing the transaction, must also state the purposes for which the cash proceeds from the sale or other disposition will be used. Upon notification of the proposed sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset, the Local Finance Board is required to schedule a hearing for the purpose of approving the allocation plan ordinance prior to its final adoption. The Local Finance Board may require changes to the ordinance. After the Local Finance Board and the governing body have both approved the ordinance authorizing the sale or other disposition, the Local Finance Board may order that the cash proceeds of the sale be deposited in a dedicated trust account in the name of the municipality for the benefit of the residents of that municipality.

The general supervision of the trust account would be vested in a three-member investment oversight board comprised of the mayor of the municipality, ex officio; one member of the governing body of the municipality selected by a majority of its members, ex officio; and the chief financial officer of the municipality, ex officio. The investment oversight board members would not receive a salary, but would be

reimbursed by the municipality for all reasonable and necessary expenses that they incur while serving on the board.

The board would be led by a chairman, elected by the members for a two-year term. The Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, or a designee, would serve as secretary of the dedicated trust account. The Attorney General would serve as the legal advisor to the investment oversight board. The board would have the authority to engage other special services that may be required to transact the business of the trust account and set the compensation of all persons engaged by the trust account. The administration of the trust account assets would be delegated by the board to the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury. The division would be responsible for providing any services that may be deemed necessary for the implementation of the comprehensive investment plan. The division would deduct from the fund the costs for the administration of the dedicated trust fund.

The investment oversight board, acting in consultation with the Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, would be required to establish a comprehensive investment plan and annually review the plan to ensure that is remains actuarially sound. The comprehensive investment plan must specify the investment policies to be used by the division in its administration of the account. One-quarter of the interest earnings are to be distributed to the municipality each quarter, specifically on February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1 of each year. The investment oversight board and the Director of the Division of Investment must agree on the plan, subject to final approval from the State Treasurer.

The assets of a dedicated trust account would be maintained, invested, and expended solely in compliance with the comprehensive investment plan and could not be loaned, transferred, or otherwise used by the State or any of its political subdivisions. The board can choose to invest trust account assets in bonds, notes or other obligations of the State or any agency or instrumentality of the State and would be subject to the "prudent person" standard of care applicable to the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury.

This bill requires the investment oversight board to keep a record of its meetings that would available to the pubic. The board must also publish a quarterly report of the accounts operations. The board would also be required to publish an annual report showing the financial transactions of the dedicated trust fund for the preceding year, the amount of cash and accumulated securities of the system, and the last balance sheet showing the financial condition of the trust account by means of an actuarial valuation of the assets and liabilities of the dedicated trust fund. All reports would be distributed to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs, State Comptroller, and State

Treasurer and each member of the governing body of the municipality no later than 45 days after the end of the municipality's fiscal year.

The accounts of the dedicated trust fund would be subject to annual audits by the State Auditor, or a designee. The board would be required to commission an independent audit of the program, the results of which would be made available of the public and provided to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs, State Comptroller, State Treasurer, and each member of the governing body of the municipality to ensure transparency.

Finally, the committee substitute would take effect immediately, but be retroactive to any sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset proposed on or after March 1, 2008.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint]

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 1339

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed By Assemblyman BURZICHELLI)

ADOPTED: MAY 19, 2008

These floor amendments are intended to make the bill applicable only to Atlantic City. Because it is the only municipality in which casino gaming is authorized, it has unique characteristics which make it sensible to have a joint municipal and State decision process regarding the disposition of high value municipal assets, so that the casino gaming industry is not inadvertently harmed.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2563

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

213th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 5, 2008

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOHN J. BURZICHELLI District 3 (Salem, Cumberland and Gloucester)

SYNOPSIS

Requires deposit of proceeds from sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of certain high value municipal assets into dedicated trust fund; provides for establishment, supervision, and administration of dedicated trust fund.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



AN ACT concerning the investment of certain municipal funds, 2 supplementing chapter 5 of Title 40A of the New Jersey Statutes, 3 and amending P.L.1992, c.79.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares:
- a. Elected municipal officials are the stewards for the property owned by the municipality.
- b. It is sometimes necessary or desirable for the municipality to sell some of its assets that are no longer needed for a public purpose.
- c. The use of proceeds from the sale or lease of a municipal asset that results in relatively large proceeds, to either fund a new service or to provide property tax relief for a limited period of time, are examples of actions by a local governing body that often necessitate subsequent property tax increases to either continue the new service or to fill-in the revenue gap.
- d. It is in the best interests of municipal taxpayers for the State and local elected officials to work collaboratively together to effectuate the prudent disposition of high value assets and the management of proceeds from the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of those assets, when significant sums are involved, to ensure that any intended relief to municipal property taxpayers is maximized.

- 2. (New section) a. Whenever a municipality, other than a city of the first class, intends to sell, assign, lease, or transfer ownership, or any other interest, in any real property, including real property to be sold, assigned, leased, or transferred pursuant to a redevelopment plan, or in any capital improvement or personal property, and:
- (1) the asset has an assessed value of at least \$50 million, and either
- (2) (a) the proceeds to be realized by the municipality as a result of the sale, assignment, lease, or transfer, regardless of the length of the term of the payment, will exceed its final appropriations for the previous year's budget, as determined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.2), or
- (b) the sale, assignment, lease, or transfer is to another public entity, regardless of the amount of the proceeds to be realized by the municipality, then,
- the governing body of the municipality shall submit an application for approval by the Local Finance Board containing a plan for
- 45 conducting the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

of the asset in accordance with procedures or forms promulgated by 2 the Local Finance Board for this purpose.

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- (c) Notwithstanding subsection g. of section 8 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-8), regarding the procedure for the sale or lease of assets by a municipality or redevelopment entity pursuant to a redevelopment plan, an asset subject to this subsection only shall be sold, assigned, leased, or transferred through a fair and open competitive process.
- b. Upon submission of the proposed plan required pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the Local Finance Board shall schedule a hearing within 45 calendar days upon receipt of the proposed plan, for the purpose of approving the plan pursuant to subsection c. of this section. If the Local Finance Board does not schedule a hearing within 45 calendar days, then the plan is deemed approved.
- c. At a hearing scheduled pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the Local Finance Board may approve the proposed plan for the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of the asset. No actions to implement the proposed plan shall be taken until it has been approved by the Local Finance Board.
- Subsequent to the issuance of an approval required by subsection c. of this section and prior to adopting any resolution or ordinance, or amending a resolution or ordinance introduced for the purpose of the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of the asset, the municipality shall first obtain from the Local Finance Board a certification that: (1) the municipality complied with the requirements of P.L. (C.) (pending before the , c. Legislature as this bill); and (2) the proposed disposition of the asset, as introduced by the governing body, reflects the highest and best use of the asset, considering all relevant factors and circumstances.
- e. To provide the certification required by subsection d. of this section, the Local Finance Board must find that the municipality implemented, without material deviation, the approved plan required by this section and has otherwise satisfied all other (C. requirements of P.L. , c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The findings of the Local Finance Board shall be supported by a "fairness opinion" and appraisal, commissioned by the board from a reputable, experienced, and independent third-party entity licensed to do business in the State of New Jersey. The cost and expenses incurred by the Local Finance Board to commission the independent review may be reimbursed from the proceeds realized by the municipality as a result of the sale, assignment, lease or transfer of the asset.
- f. The sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset requiring an application for approval by the Local Finance Board pursuant to this section shall be voidable if the municipal governing body fails to submit the application.

- 3. (New section) a. The governing body of a municipality shall apply to the Local Finance Board on or before the 30th day prior to the closing of an agreement for the disposition of an asset requiring board approval in accordance with section 2 of P.L., c. (C. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), for approval of a plan, in the form of an ordinance, to allocate the proceeds of the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or execution of a redevelopment agreement. The application shall be made in accordance with procedures or forms promulgated by the Local Finance Board. The proposed allocation plan shall state the purposes for which the cash proceeds resulting from the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of the asset shall be used.
 - b. Upon the filing of an application pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the Local Finance Board shall schedule a hearing within 45 calendar days upon receipt of the application, for the purpose of approving a proposed plan to allocate the proceeds of the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of the asset. At the hearing the Local Finance Board may approve the proposed plan or require its modification. The plan may be amended from time-to-time, as deemed necessary by the governing body and the Local Finance Board subject to a two-thirds majority voter referendum.
 - c. Upon approval by the Local Finance Board in accordance with subsection b. of this section, a proposed ordinance to effectuate the allocation plan may be finally adopted by the municipality.
 - d. A sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset requiring approval of an allocation plan pursuant to this section shall be voidable if the municipal governing body fails to comply with the requirements of this section.

- 4. (New section) a. (1) Upon final approval of an ordinance by the municipal governing body pursuant to subsection c. of section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the Local Finance Board may order that the proceeds from the disposition of municipal assets, described in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), shall be deposited in a dedicated trust fund which shall be managed in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.
- (2) Funds, for purposes described in the approved allocation plan, may be disbursed from the dedicated trust fund and shall be invested and managed pursuant to the provisions of the allocation plan required pursuant to subsection b of this section, and the investment plan approved pursuant to subsection d. of this section.
- b. The management of funds in the dedicated trust fund shall be the responsibility of an investment oversight board which shall be organized immediately after each member provided for in subsection c. of this section has qualified and taken the oath of office.

c. The investment oversight board of a dedicated trust fund established pursuant to this section shall consist of three members as follows:

- (1) The mayor of the municipality, ex-officio, or his designee;
- (2) One member of the municipal council of the municipality, selected by a majority of its members, ex-officio, or his designee; and
 - (3) The chief financial officer of the municipality, ex-officio.
- d. Each investment oversight board member shall, within 10 days after his appointment or selection, take an oath of office that so far as it devolves upon him, he will diligently and honestly administer the affairs of the board, and that he will not knowingly violate or willingly permit to be violated any of the provisions of law applicable to the dedicated trust fund. The oath shall be subscribed by the member making it, and certified by the officer before whom it is taken, and immediately filed in the office of the clerk of the municipality and in the office of the Secretary of State.
- e. The members of the investment oversight board shall serve without compensation, but they shall be reimbursed by the municipality for all reasonable and necessary expenses that they incur through service on the board.
- f. Each investment oversight board member shall be entitled to one vote on the board. A unanimous vote shall be necessary for a decision by the members at any meeting of the board; provided, however, that no vote shall be necessary for the annual distribution of earnings from the dedicated trust fund to the municipality for municipal property tax relief, if so provided in the allocation plan ordinance adopted pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- g. Subject to the requirements and limitations of P.L.
- c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the investment oversight board shall, from time to time, establish an investment management plan for the administration of the dedicated trust fund established pursuant to this section.
- h. The investment oversight board shall elect from its membership a chairman. Any member of the board so elected shall serve as the chairman for a term of two years and until election of his successor. When the term of office of an elected official ends prior to the completion of his two-year chairmanship term, then a new chairman shall be selected for a term of two years.
- i. The Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, or a designee, shall be the secretary to any investment oversight board established pursuant to this section.
- j. An investment oversight board solely shall use the services of the State Division of Investment to manage the business of its dedicated trust fund.

- k. The Attorney-General of the State of New Jersey shall be the legal advisor to any investment oversight board established pursuant to this section.
- 1. The assets of a dedicated trust fund established pursuant to this section shall be maintained, invested, and expended solely in accordance with an approved investment plan entered into pursuant to section 5 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); provided, however, that an investment plan shall not permit the assets of the dedicated trust fund to be loaned, transferred, or otherwise used by the State or any of its political subdivisions. This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit the investment oversight board from investing in, by purchase or otherwise, bonds, notes, or other obligations of the State or of an agency or instrumentality of the State.

- 5. (New section) a. An investment oversight board created pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), acting in consultation with the Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, shall:
- (1) establish an investment plan for the purposes of its dedicated trust fund established pursuant to subsection a. of section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), subject to the approval of the State Treasurer; and
- (2) annually review its investment plan to assure that the program remains actuarially sound.
- b. (1) An investment plan established pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall specify the investment policies, and notwithstanding the provisions of section 8 of P.L.1977, c.396 (C.40A:5-15.1), the types of financial instruments permitted for investment that shall be used by the Division of Investment in its administration of the fund.
- c. (1) When required by the allocation plan adopted pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), at the close of each fiscal year of the municipality, the investment oversight board shall certify to the municipality the amount of earnings that are available for distribution.
- (2) If those earnings are to be used for municipal property tax relief, then such amount shall be distributed from the dedicated trust fund to the municipality on the following schedule: February 1, 25% of the total amount due; May 1, 25% of the total amount due, August 1, 25% of the total amount due; and November 1, 25% of the total amount due.
- (3) Distribution of funds for purposes other than municipal property tax relief shall be made pursuant to an agreement between the municipality and the investment oversight board, if permitted by municipal ordinance.
- d. The investment oversight board shall be subject to the "prudent person" standard of care applicable to the Division of

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- 1 Investment in the Department of the Treasury pursuant to subsection b. of section 11 of P.L.1950, c.270 (C.52:18A-89).
- e. (1) The day-to-day administration of the investments of any dedicated trust fund established pursuant to subsection a. of section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this
- bill) shall be vested with the Division of Investment in the New
 Jersey Department of the Treasury.
 - (2) The division shall be responsible for providing such services as may be deemed necessary for the implementation of a comprehensive investment program for the approved investment plan, including, but not limited to:
- 12 (a) providing billing;
- 13 (b) individual and collective record keeping and accounting;
 - (c) asset purchase, control, and safe keeping;
- (d) investment management, marketing, administration,compliance, and internal control;
 - (e) program operations; and
- 18 (f) other services necessary to carry out the purposes of P.L.
- 19 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

- 6. (New section) a. Every investment oversight board created pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be responsible for keeping a record of all of its proceedings, which shall be open to public inspection. It shall publish a quarterly report of the trust account's operations and an annual report showing the fiscal transactions of the dedicated trust fund for the preceding year, the amount of accumulated cash and securities of the fund, and the last balance sheet showing the financial condition of the dedicated trust fund by means of an actuarial valuation of the assets and liabilities of the dedicated trust fund.
- b. All reports required pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be submitted to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs, State Comptroller, the State Treasurer, and each member of the governing body of the municipality no later than 45 days after the end of the municipality's fiscal year.

7. (New section) a. The accounts of every dedicated trust fund established pursuant to subsection a. of section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be subject to annual audits by the State Auditor or a designee. In addition, the investment oversight board of a dedicated trust fund shall commission an independent audit of its program. The results of the independent audit shall be open to public inspection and shall be provided to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs, State Comptroller, the State Treasurer, and each member of the governing body of the municipality. The investment oversight

board may use earnings of the fund to pay for the cost of an independent audit required by this subsection.

b. Statements, reports on distributions, and information returns relating to accounts for a dedicated trust fund shall be prepared, distributed, and filed to the extent required by section 529 of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26U.S.C. s.529.

- 8. Section 8 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-8) is amended to read as follows:
- 8. Upon the adoption of a redevelopment plan pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-7), the municipality or redevelopment entity designated by the governing body may proceed with the clearance, replanning, development and redevelopment of the area designated in that plan. In order to carry out and effectuate the purposes of this act and the terms of the redevelopment plan, the municipality or designated redevelopment entity may:
- a. Undertake redevelopment projects, and for this purpose issue bonds in accordance with the provisions of section 29 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-29).
- b. Acquire property pursuant to subsection i. of section 22 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-22).
- c. Acquire, by condemnation, any land or building which is necessary for the redevelopment project, pursuant to the provisions of the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- d. Clear any area owned or acquired and install, construct or reconstruct streets, facilities, utilities, and site improvements essential to the preparation of sites for use in accordance with the redevelopment plan.
- e. Prepare or arrange by contract for the provision of professional services and the preparation of plans by registered architects, licensed professional engineers or planners, or other consultants for the carrying out of redevelopment projects.
- f. Arrange or contract with public agencies or redevelopers for the planning, replanning, construction, or undertaking of any project or redevelopment work, or any part thereof; negotiate and collect revenue from a redeveloper to defray the costs of the redevelopment entity, including where applicable the costs incurred in conjunction with bonds, notes or other obligations issued by the redevelopment entity, and to secure payment of such revenue; as part of any such arrangement or contract, provide for extension of credit, or making of loans, to redevelopers to finance any project or redevelopment work, or upon a finding that the project or redevelopment work would not be undertaken but for the provision of financial assistance, or would not be undertaken in its intended scope without the provision of financial assistance, provide as part of an arrangement or contract for capital grants to redevelopers; and

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- arrange or contract with public agencies or redevelopers for the opening, grading or closing of streets, roads, roadways, alleys, or other places or for the furnishing of facilities or for the acquisition by such agency of property options or property rights or for the furnishing of property or services in connection with a redevelopment area.
 - g. [Lease] Except with regard to property subject to the requirements of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), lease or convey property or improvements to any other party pursuant to this section, without public bidding and at such prices and upon such terms as it deems reasonable, provided that the lease or conveyance is made in conjunction with a redevelopment plan, notwithstanding the provisions of any law, rule, or regulation to the contrary.
 - h. Enter upon any building or property in any redevelopment area in order to conduct investigations or make surveys, sounding or test borings necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.
- i. Arrange or contract with a public agency for the relocation, pursuant to the "Relocation Assistance Law of 1967," P.L.1967, c.79 (C.52:31B-1 et seq.) and the "Relocation Assistance Act," P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-1 et seq.), of residents, industry or commerce displaced from a redevelopment area.
 - j. Make, consistent with the redevelopment plan: (1) plans for carrying out a program of voluntary repair and rehabilitation of buildings and improvements; and (2) plans for the enforcement of laws, codes, and regulations relating to the use and occupancy of buildings and improvements, and to the compulsory repair, rehabilitation, demolition, or removal of buildings and improvements.
 - k. Request that the planning board recommend and governing body designate particular areas as being in need of redevelopment or rehabilitation in accordance with the provisions of this act and make recommendations for the redevelopment or rehabilitation of such areas.
 - l. Study the recommendations of the planning board or governing body for redevelopment of the area.
 - m. Publish and disseminate information concerning any redevelopment area, plan or project.
- n. Do all things necessary or convenient to carry out its powers. (cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.8)

9. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be retroactive with respect to resolutions for the sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of municipal property that are adopted on or after March 1, 2008.

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STATEMENT

This bill requires any municipality, except for a city of the first class, to have a proposed sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset reviewed by the Local Finance Board when the assessed value of the asset is greater than \$50 million and the proceeds to be realized by the municipality, regardless of the length of the term of the payment, will exceed its final appropriations for the previous year's budget. Prior to the sale, the municipality must submit for approval by the Local Finance Board a proposed ordinance containing a plan for the sale of the asset.

Specifically, at least 30 days prior to the date of the closing of an agreement for the disposition of an asset requiring Local Finance Board approval, the municipality must submit an application for approval by the board containing a plan for conducting the sale, assignment, lease, transfer of redevelopment of the asset in accordance with procedures or forms promulgated by the board. An allocation plan ordinance, authorizing the transaction, must also state the purposes for which the cash proceeds from the sale or other disposition will be used. Upon notification of the proposed sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset, the Local Finance Board is required to schedule a hearing for the purpose of approving the allocation plan ordinance prior to its final adoption. The Local Finance Board may require changes to the ordinance and before the municipality can proceed, the board is required to certify that the municipality has complied with the requirements of this bill and that the proposed disposition of the asset "reflects the highest and best use of the asset, considering all relevant factors and circumstances." After the Local Finance Board and the governing body have both approved the ordinance authorizing the sale or other disposition, the Local Finance Board may order that the cash proceeds of the sale be deposited in a dedicated trust account in the name of the municipality for the benefit of the residents of that municipality.

The general supervision of the trust account would be vested in a three-member investment oversight board comprised of the mayor of the municipality, ex officio; one member of the governing body of the municipality selected by a majority of its members, ex officio; and the chief financial officer of the municipality, ex officio. The investment oversight board members would not receive a salary, but would be reimbursed by the municipality for all reasonable and necessary expenses that they incur while serving on the board.

The board would be led by a chairman, elected by the members for a two-year term. The Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, or a designee, would serve as secretary of the dedicated trust account. The Attorney General 1 would serve as the legal advisor to the investment oversight board.

2 The board would have the authority to engage other special services

3 that may be required to transact the business of the trust account

and set the compensation of all persons engaged by the trust

account. The administration of the trust account assets would be

delegated by the board to the Division of Investment in the
Department of the Treasury. The division would be responsible for

8 providing any services that may be deemed necessary for the

implementation of the comprehensive investment plan. The

division would deduct from the fund the costs for the administration

af the dedicated trust fund

of the dedicated trust fund.

The investment oversight board, acting in consultation with the Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, would be required to establish a comprehensive investment plan and annually review the plan to ensure that is remains actuarially sound. The comprehensive investment plan must specify the investment policies to be used by the division in its administration of the account. One-quarter of the interest earnings are to be distributed to the municipality each quarter, specifically on February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1 of each year. The investment oversight board and the Director of the Division of Investment must agree on the plan, subject to final approval from the State Treasurer.

The assets of a dedicated trust account would be maintained, invested, and expended solely in compliance with the comprehensive investment plan and could not be loaned, transferred, or otherwise used by the State or any of its political subdivisions. The board can choose to invest trust account assets in bonds, notes or other obligations of the State or any agency or instrumentality of the State and would be subject to the "prudent person" standard of care applicable to the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury.

This bill requires the investment oversight board to keep a record of its meetings that would available to the pubic. The board must also publish a quarterly report of the accounts operations. The board would also be required to publish an annual report showing the financial transactions of the dedicated trust fund for the preceding year, the amount of cash and accumulated securities of the system, and the last balance sheet showing the financial condition of the trust account by means of an actuarial valuation of the assets and liabilities of the dedicated trust fund. All reports would be distributed to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs, State Comptroller, and State Treasurer and each member of the governing body of the municipality no later than 45 days after the end of the municipality's fiscal year.

The accounts of the dedicated trust fund would be subject to annual audits by the State Auditor, or a designee. The board would be required to commission an independent audit of the program, the

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- 1 results of which would be made available of the public and
- 2 provided to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs,
- 3 State Comptroller, State Treasurer, and each member of the
- 4 governing body of the municipality to ensure transparency.
- 5 The bill would be retroactive to any sale, assignment, lease,
- 6 transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset proposed on or after
- 7 March 1, 2008.

ASSEMBLY TOURISM AND GAMING COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2563

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 5, 2008

The Assembly Tourism and Gaming Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 2563.

As amended by the committee, this bill requires any municipality, except for a city of the first class, to have a proposed sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset reviewed by the Local Finance Board when the assessed value of the asset is greater than \$50 million and the proceeds to be realized by the municipality, regardless of the length of the term of the payment, will exceed its final appropriations for the previous year's budget. Prior to the sale, the municipality must submit for approval by the Local Finance Board a proposed ordinance containing a plan for the sale of the asset.

Specifically, at least 30 days prior to the date of the closing of an agreement for the disposition of an asset requiring Local Finance Board approval, the municipality must submit an application for approval by the board containing a plan for conducting the sale, assignment, lease, transfer of redevelopment of the asset in accordance with procedures or forms promulgated by the board. An allocation plan ordinance, authorizing the transaction, must also state the purposes for which the cash proceeds from the sale or other disposition will be used. Upon notification of the proposed sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset, the Local Finance Board is required to schedule a hearing for the purpose of approving the allocation plan ordinance prior to its final adoption. The Local Finance Board may require changes to the ordinance and before the municipality can proceed, the board is required to certify that the municipality has complied with the requirements of this bill and that the proposed disposition of the asset "reflects the highest and best use of the asset, considering all relevant factors and circumstances." After the Local Finance Board and the governing body have both approved the ordinance authorizing the sale or other disposition, the Local Finance Board may order that the cash proceeds of the sale be deposited in a dedicated trust account in the name of the municipality for the benefit of the residents of that municipality.

The general supervision of the trust account would be vested in a three-member investment oversight board comprised of the mayor of the municipality, ex officio; one member of the governing body of the municipality selected by a majority of its members, ex officio; and the chief financial officer of the municipality, ex officio. The investment oversight board members would not receive a salary, but would be reimbursed by the municipality for all reasonable and necessary expenses that they incur while serving on the board.

The board would be led by a chairman, elected by the members for a two-year term. The Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, or a designee, would serve as secretary of the dedicated trust account. The Attorney General would serve as the legal advisor to the investment oversight board. The board would have the authority to engage other special services that may be required to transact the business of the trust account and set the compensation of all persons engaged by the trust account. The administration of the trust account assets would be delegated by the board to the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury. The division would be responsible for providing any services that may be deemed necessary for the implementation of the comprehensive investment plan. The division would deduct from the fund the costs for the administration of the dedicated trust fund.

The investment oversight board, acting in consultation with the Director of the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury, would be required to establish a comprehensive investment plan and annually review the plan to ensure that is remains actuarially sound. The comprehensive investment plan must specify the investment policies to be used by the division in its administration of the account. One-quarter of the interest earnings are to be distributed to the municipality each quarter, specifically on February 1, May 1, August 1, and November 1 of each year. The investment oversight board and the Director of the Division of Investment must agree on the plan, subject to final approval from the State Treasurer.

The assets of a dedicated trust account would be maintained, invested, and expended solely in compliance with the comprehensive investment plan and could not be loaned, transferred, or otherwise used by the State or any of its political subdivisions. The board can choose to invest trust account assets in bonds, notes or other obligations of the State or any agency or instrumentality of the State and would be subject to the "prudent person" standard of care applicable to the Division of Investment in the Department of the Treasury.

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The accounts of the dedicated trust fund would be subject to annual audits by the State Auditor, or a designee. The board would be required to commission an independent audit of the program, the results of which would be made available of the public and provided to the Governor, Commissioner of Community Affairs, State Comptroller, State Treasurer, and each member of the governing body of the municipality to ensure transparency.

The bill would be retroactive to any sale, assignment, lease, transfer, or redevelopment of a municipal asset proposed on or after March 1, 2008.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amended the bill to authorize the Local Finance Board in the Department of Community Affairs to adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) as the Board may deem necessary to implement or administer any of its responsibilities under the bill.

As amended, this bill is identical to Senate, No. 1339 (SCS) (1R).