54:32B-8.58

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF:	2008	CHAPTER:	123					
NJSA:	54:32B-8.58	(Revises sale	s and use tax to conform with Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement)					
BILL NO:	A3111	(Substituted fo	r S1418)					
SPONSOR(S)	SPONSOR(S): Greenwald and others							
DATE INTROI	DUCED: Sep	tember 15, 2008						
COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Appropriations								
SENATE: Budget and Appropriations								
	URING PASSA	GE: No						
DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: September 25, 2008								
SENATE: December 15, 2008								
DATE OF APPROVAL: December 19, 2008								
FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:								
FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Corrected copy of introduced bill enacted)								
A3111								
	SPONSOR'S S	STATEMENT:	(Begins on page 36 of original bill) Yes					
	COMMITTEE	STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY: Yes					
			SENATE: Yes					
(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, may possibly be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)								
	FLOOR AMEN	DMENT STATE	MENT: No					
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL NOTE:	Yes					
S1418								
	SPONSOR'S S	STATEMENT:	(Begins on page 33 of original bill) Yes					
	COMMITTEE	STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY: No					
			SENATE: Yes					
	FLOOR AMEN	DMENT STATE	MENT: No					
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL NOTE:	Yes					
VETO	MESSAGE:		No					
GOVE	RNOR'S PRES	S RELEASE ON	SIGNING: No					

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	Yes

"Corzine wraps up weeklong effort of business-tax reform," Courier News, 12-20-08, p.__ "Enacted bill will change corporate tax rules," Asbury Park Press, 12-20-08, p. B4 "Corzine signs measure to cut business tax." Courier-Post, 12-20-08, p. 5B

"N.J.'s corporate tax rules changed," Home News Tribune, 12-20-08, p.___

LAW/IS 3/11/09

\$16 C.54:32B-8.58
\$17 C.54:32B-8.59
\$18 - Note to
54:32G-1
\$19 - Note to
\$\$1-18

P.L. 2008, CHAPTER 123, approved December 19, 2008 Assembly No. 3111 (CORRECTED COPY)

AN ACT revising the sales and use tax to conform with the 1 2 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, amending P.L.2005, c.126, P.L.1980, c.105, and P.L.1985, c.24, amending and 3 4 supplementing P.L.1966, c.30, and repealing section 27 of 5 P.L.2005, c.126 and section 1 of P.L.2006, c.41. 6 7 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 8 of New Jersey: 9 10 1. Section 2 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-2) is amended to read as follows: 11 12 2. Unless the context in which they occur requires otherwise, 13 the following terms when used in this act shall mean: 14 (a) "Person" includes an individual, trust, partnership, limited 15 partnership, limited liability company, society, association, joint stock company, corporation, public corporation or public authority, 16 17 estate, receiver, trustee, assignee, referee, fiduciary and any other 18 legal entity. 19 (b) "Purchase at retail" means a purchase by any person at a 20 retail sale. 21 (c) "Purchaser" means a person to whom a sale of personal property is made or to whom a service is furnished. 22 (d) "Receipt" means the amount of the sales price of any 23 tangible personal property or digital property or service taxable 24 25 under this act. (e) "Retail sale" means any sale, lease, or rental for any purpose, 26 other than for resale, sublease, or subrent. 27 28 (1) For the purposes of this act a sale is for "resale, sublease, or 29 subrent" if it is a sale (A) for resale either as such or as converted 30 into or as a component part of a product produced for sale by the 31 purchaser, including the conversion of natural gas into another intermediate or end product, other than electricity or thermal 32 33 energy, produced for sale by the purchaser, [or] (B) for use by that

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 person in performing the services subject to tax under subsection 2 (b) of section 3 where the property so sold becomes a physical 3 component part of the property upon which the services are 4 performed or where the property so sold is later actually transferred 5 to the purchaser of the service in conjunction with the performance 6 of the service subject to tax, or (C) of telecommunications service 7 to a telecommunications service provider for use as a component 8 part of telecommunications service provided to an ultimate 9 customer. 10 (2) For the purposes of this act, the term "retail sale" includes: 11 sales of tangible personal property to all contractors, subcontractors 12 structures for others, or building on, or otherwise improving, 13 altering, or repairing real property of others. 14 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.126). 15 (4) The term "retail sale" does not include: 16 (A) Professional, insurance, or personal service transactions 17 which involve the transfer of tangible personal property as an 18 inconsequential element, for which no separate charges are made. 19 (B) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation, 20 solely in consideration for the issuance of its stock, pursuant to a 21 merger or consolidation effected under the laws of New Jersey or 22 any other jurisdiction. 23 (C) The distribution of property by a corporation to its 24 stockholders as a liquidating dividend. 25 (D) The distribution of property by a partnership to its partners 26 in whole or partial liquidation. 27 (E) The transfer of property to a corporation upon its 28 organization in consideration for the issuance of its stock. 29 (F) The contribution of property to a partnership in 30 consideration for a partnership interest therein. 31 (G) The sale of tangible personal property where the purpose of 32 the vendee is to hold the thing transferred as security for the 33 performance of an obligation of the seller. 34 (f) "Sale, selling or purchase" means any transfer of title or 35 possession or both, exchange or barter, rental, lease or license to use or consume, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any 36 37 means whatsoever for a consideration, or any agreement therefor, 38 including the rendering of any service, taxable under this act, for a 39 consideration or any agreement therefor. 40 (g) "Tangible personal property" means personal property that

41 can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any 42 other manner perceptible to the senses. "Tangible personal property" includes electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten 43 44 computer software including prewritten computer software 45 delivered electronically.

46 (h) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible 47 personal property, digital property, services to property, or services 48 by the purchaser thereof and includes, but is not limited to, the

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1 receiving, storage or any keeping or retention for any length of 2 time, withdrawal from storage, any distribution, any installation, 3 any affixation to real or personal property, or any consumption of 4 such property. Use also includes the exercise of any right or power 5 over intrastate or interstate telecommunications and prepaid calling 6 services. Use also includes the exercise of any right or power over 7 utility service. Use also includes the derivation of a direct or 8 indirect benefit from a service.

9 (i) "Seller" means a person making sales, leases or rentals of 10 personal property or services.

11 (1) The term "seller" includes:

(A) A person making sales, leases or rentals of tangible personal
property, digital property or services, the receipts from which are
taxed by this act;

(B) A person maintaining a place of business in the State or
having an agent maintaining a place of business in the State and
making sales, whether at such place of business or elsewhere, to
persons within the State of tangible personal property, digital
property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act;

(C) A person who solicits business either by employees,
independent contractors, agents or other representatives or by
distribution of catalogs or other advertising matter and by reason
thereof makes sales to persons within the State of tangible personal
property, digital property or services, the use of which is taxed by
this act;

(D) Any other person making sales to persons within the State of
tangible personal property, digital property or services, the use of
which is taxed by this act, who may be authorized by the director to
collect the tax imposed by this act;

30 (E) The State of New Jersey, any of its agencies,
31 instrumentalities, public authorities, public corporations (including
32 a public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with
33 another state) or political subdivisions when such entity sells
34 services or property of a kind ordinarily sold by private persons;

35 (F) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.126);

36 (G) A person who sells, stores, delivers or transports energy to
37 users or customers in this State whether by mains, lines or pipes
38 located within this State or by any other means of delivery;

39 (H) A person engaged in collecting charges in the nature of
40 initiation fees, membership fees or dues for access to or use of the
41 property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or
42 shopping club or organization; and

43 (I) A person engaged in the business of parking, storing or44 garaging motor vehicles.

(2) In addition, when in the opinion of the director it is
necessary for the efficient administration of this act to treat any
salesman, representative, peddler or canvasser as the agent of the
seller, distributor, supervisor or employer under whom the agent

1 operates or from whom the agent obtains tangible personal property 2 or digital property sold by the agent or for whom the agent solicits 3 business, the director may, in the director's discretion, treat such 4 agent as the seller jointly responsible with the agent's principal, 5 distributor, supervisor or employer for the collection and payment 6 over of the tax. A person is an agent of a seller in all cases, but not 7 limited to such cases, that: (A) the person and the seller have the 8 relationship of a "related person" described pursuant to section 2 of 9 P.L.1993, c.170 (C.54:10A-5.5); and (B) the seller and the person 10 use an identical or substantially similar name, tradename, 11 trademark, or goodwill, to develop, promote, or maintain sales, or 12 the person and the seller pay for each other's services in whole or in part contingent upon the volume or value of sales, or the person and 13 14 the seller share a common business plan or substantially coordinate 15 their business plans, or the person provides services to, or that inure 16 to the benefit of, the seller related to developing, promoting, or 17 maintaining the seller's market.

(j) "Hotel" means a building or portion of it which is regularly
used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests. The term
"hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel, boarding house or
club, whether or not meals are served.

(k) "Occupancy" means the use or possession or the right to theuse or possession, of any room in a hotel.

(1) "Occupant" means a person who, for a consideration, uses,
possesses, or has the right to use or possess, any room in a hotel
under any lease, concession, permit, right of access, license to use
or other agreement, or otherwise.

(m) "Permanent resident" means any occupant of any room or
rooms in a hotel for at least 90 consecutive days shall be considered
a permanent resident with regard to the period of such occupancy.

(n) "Room" means any room or rooms of any kind in any part or
portion of a hotel, which is available for or let out for any purpose
other than a place of assembly.

34 (o) "Admission charge" means the amount paid for admission,
35 including any service charge and any charge for entertainment or
36 amusement or for the use of facilities therefor.

(p) "Amusement charge" means any admission charge, dues orcharge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.

(q) "Charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place"
means any charge made for admission, refreshment, service, or
merchandise at a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.

(r) "Dramatic or musical arts admission charge" means any
admission charge paid for admission to a theater, opera house,
concert hall or other hall or place of assembly for a live, dramatic,
choreographic or musical performance.

46 (s) "Lessor" means any person who is the owner, licensee, or47 lessee of any premises, tangible personal property or digital

property which the person leases, subleases, or grants a license to
 use to other persons.

3 (t) "Place of amusement" means any place where any facilities4 for entertainment, amusement, or sports are provided.

5 (u) "Casual sale" means an isolated or occasional sale of an item 6 of tangible personal property or digital property by a person who is 7 not regularly engaged in the business of making retail sales of such 8 property where the item was obtained by the person making the 9 sale, through purchase or otherwise, for the person's own use.

(v) "Motor vehicle" includes all vehicles propelled otherwise
than by muscular power (excepting such vehicles as run only upon
rails or tracks), trailers, semitrailers, house trailers, or any other
type of vehicle drawn by a motor-driven vehicle, and motorcycles,
designed for operation on the public highways.

15 (w) "Persons required to collect tax" or "persons required to 16 collect any tax imposed by this act" includes: every seller of 17 tangible personal property, digital property or services; every 18 recipient of amusement charges; every operator of a hotel; every 19 seller of <u>a</u> telecommunications <u>service</u>; every recipient of initiation 20 fees, membership fees or dues for access to or use of the property or 21 facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or shopping club 22 or organization; and every recipient of charges for parking, storing 23 or garaging a motor vehicle. Said terms shall also include any 24 officer or employee of a corporation or of a dissolved corporation 25 who as such officer or employee is under a duty to act for such 26 corporation in complying with any requirement of this act and any 27 member of a partnership.

(x) "Customer" includes: every purchaser of tangible personal 28 29 property, digital property or services; every patron paying or liable 30 for the payment of any amusement charge; every occupant of a 31 room or rooms in a hotel; every person paying charges in the nature 32 of initiation fees, membership fees or dues for access to or use of 33 the property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or 34 shopping club or organization; and every purchaser of parking, 35 storage or garaging a motor vehicle.

36 (y) "Property and services the use of which is subject to tax" 37 includes: (1) all property sold to a person within the State, whether 38 or not the sale is made within the State, the use of which property is 39 subject to tax under section 6 or will become subject to tax when 40 such property is received by or comes into the possession or control 41 of such person within the State; (2) all services rendered to a person 42 within the State, whether or not such services are performed within 43 the State, upon tangible personal property or digital property the use 44 of which is subject to tax under section 6 or will become subject to 45 tax when such property is distributed within the State or is received 46 by or comes into possession or control of such person within the 47 [or] , interstate, or international State: (3) intrastate 48 telecommunications sourced to this State pursuant to section 29 of

1 P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.4); (4) (Deleted by amendment, 2 P.L.1995, c.184); (5) energy sold, exchanged or delivered in this 3 State for use in this State; (6) utility service sold, exchanged or 4 delivered in this State for use in this State; (7) [direct] mail 5 processing services in connection with [direct mail] printed 6 advertising material distributed in this State; (8) (Deleted by 7 amendment, P.L.2005, c.126); and (9) services the benefit of which 8 are received in this State.

9 (z) "Director " means the Director of the Division of Taxation of 10 the State Department of the Treasury, or any officer, employee or 11 agency of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the 12 Treasury duly authorized by the director (directly, or indirectly by 13 one or more redelegations of authority) to perform the functions 14 mentioned or described in this act.

(aa) "Lease or rental" means any transfer of possession or control
of tangible personal property for a fixed or indeterminate term for
consideration. A "lease or rental" may include future options to
purchase or extend.

(1) "Lease or rental" does not include:

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20 (A) A transfer of possession or control of property under a
21 security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the
22 transfer of title upon completion of the required payments;

(B) A transfer of possession or control of property under an
agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of
required payments and payment of an option price does not exceed
the greater of \$100 or one percent of the total required payments; or

(C) Providing tangible personal property or digital property
along with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time.
A condition of this exclusion is that the operator is necessary for the
equipment to perform as designed. For the purpose of this
subparagraph, an operator must do more than maintain, inspect, or
set-up the tangible personal property or digital property.

(2) "Lease or rental" does include agreements covering motor
vehicles and trailers where the amount of consideration may be
increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized upon
sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C.
s.7701(h)(1).

(3) The definition of "lease or rental" provided in this subsection
shall be used for the purposes of this act regardless of whether a
transaction is characterized as a lease or rental under generally
accepted accounting principles, the federal Internal Revenue Code
or other provisions of federal, state or local law.

43 (bb) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.126).

44 (cc) "Telecommunications <u>service</u>" means the [act or privilege
45 of originating or receiving messages or information through the use
46 of any kind of one-way or two-way communication; including but
47 not limited to voice, video, facsimile, teletypewriter, computer,
48 mobile telecommunications service or any other type of

1 communication; using electronic or electromagnetic methods, and 2 all services and equipment provided in connection therewith or by 3 means thereof <u>electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of</u> 4 voice, data, audio, video, or any other information or signals to a 5 point, or between or among points. 6 "Telecommunications service" shall include such transmission, 7 conveyance, or routing in which computer processing applications 8 are used to act on the form, code, or protocol of the content for 9 purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing without regard to 10 whether such service is referred to as voice over Internet protocol services or is classified by the Federal Communications 11 12 Commission as enhanced or value added. 13 "Telecommunications service" shall not include: 14 (1) [one-way radio or television broadcasting transmissions 15 available universally to the general public without a fee (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 16 17 bill); 18 (2) [purchases of telecommunications by a telecommunications 19 provider for use as a component part of telecommunications 20 provided to an ultimate retail consumer who (A) originates or 21 terminates the taxable end-to-end communications or (B) pays 22 charges exempt from taxation pursuant to paragraph (5) of this 23 subsection <u>(Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.)</u> (pending before 24 the Legislature as this bill); 25 (3) [services provided by a person, or by that person's wholly 26 owned subsidiary, not engaged in the business of rendering or 27 offering telecommunications services to the public, for private and 28 exclusive use within its organization, provided however, that 29 "telecommunications" shall include the sale of telecommunications 30 services attributable to the excess unused telecommunications 31 capacity of that person to another (Deleted by amendment, P.L. 32 c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); 33 (4) [charges in the nature of subscription fees paid by 34 subscribers for cable television service (Deleted by amendment, 35 P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); 36 (5) [charges subject to the local calling rate paid by inserting 37 coins into a coin operated telecommunications device available to the public [(Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before 38 39 the Legislature as this bill); [and] 40 (6) [purchases of telecommunications using a prepaid calling service (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the 41 42 Legislature as this bill); (7) data processing and information services that allow data to be 43 44 generated, acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by 45 an electronic transmission to a purchaser where such purchaser's 46 primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data 47 or information;

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1 (8) installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a 2 customer's premises; 3 (9) tangible personal property; (10) advertising, including but not limited to directory 4 5 advertising; (11) billing and collection services provided to third parties; 6 7 (12) internet access service; 8 (13) radio and television audio and video programming services. 9 regardless of the medium, including the furnishing of transmission, 10 conveyance, and routing of such services by the programming 11 service provider. Radio and television audio and video 12 programming services shall include but not be limited to cable service as defined in section 47 U.S.C. s.522(6) and audio and video 13 14 programming services delivered by commercial mobile radio service providers, as defined in section 47 C.F.R. 20.3; 15 16 (14) ancillary services; or 17 (15) digital products delivered electronically, including but not 18 limited to software, music, video, reading materials, or ringtones. 19 For the purposes of this subsection: "ancillary service" means a service that is associated with or 20 incidental to the provision of telecommunications services, 21 22 including but not limited to detailed telecommunications billing, 23 directory assistance, vertical service, and voice mail service; 24 "conference bridging service" means an ancillary service that 25 links two or more participants of an audio or video conference call 26 and may include the provision of a telephone number. Conference 27 bridging service does not include the telecommunications services 28 used to reach the conference bridge; 29 "detailed telecommunications billing service" means an ancillary 30 service of separately stating information pertaining to individual 31 calls on a customer's billing statement; 32 "directory assistance" means an ancillary service of providing 33 telephone number information or address information or both; 34 "vertical service" means an ancillary service that is offered in 35 connection with one or more telecommunications services, which 36 offers advanced calling features that allow customers to identify 37 callers and to manage multiple calls and call connections, including 38 conference bridging services; and 39 "voice mail service" means an ancillary service that enables the 40 customer to store, send, or receive recorded messages. Voice mail 41 service does not include any vertical service that a customer may be 42 required to have to utilize the voice mail service. (1) "Intrastate telecommunications" means 43 (dd)а 44 telecommunications service that originates in one United States 45 state or a United States territory or possession or federal district, and terminates in the same United States state or United States 46 territory or possession or federal district. 47

1 (2) "Interstate [telecommunication] telecommunications" means 2 [any] a [telecommunication] telecommunications service that 3 originates in one United States state or a United States territory or 4 possession or federal district, and [or] terminates [inside this State, 5 including international telecommunication. In the case of mobile 6 telecommunications service, "interstate telecommunication" means 7 any mobile telecommunications service that originates in one state 8 and terminates in another state, territory, or foreign country that is 9 provided to a customer with a place of primary use in this State] in 10 a different United States state or United States territory or 11 possession or federal district. 12 (3) "International telecommunications" means a 13 telecommunications service that originates or terminates in the 14 United States and terminates or originates outside the United States, 15 respectively. "United States" includes the District of Columbia or a United States territory or possession. 16 17 (ee) "Intrastate telecommunication" means any 18 telecommunication that originates and terminates within this State. 19 In the case of mobile telecommunications service, "intrastate 20 telecommunication" means any mobile telecommunications service 21 that originates and terminates within the same state that is provided 22 to a customer with a place of primary use in this State. (Deleted by 23 amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 24 bill) 25 (ff) "Natural gas" means any gaseous fuel distributed through a 26 pipeline system. 27 (gg) "Energy" means natural gas or electricity. 28 (hh) "Utility service" means the transportation or transmission of 29 natural gas or electricity by means of mains, wires, lines or pipes, to 30 users or customers. 31 (ii) "Self-generation unit" means a facility located on the user's 32 property, or on property purchased or leased from the user by the 33 person owning the self-generation unit and such property is 34 contiguous to the user's property, which generates electricity to be 35 used only by that user on the user's property and is not transported 36 to the user over wires that cross a property line or public 37 thoroughfare unless the property line or public thoroughfare merely 38 bifurcates the user's or self-generation unit owner's otherwise 39 contiguous property. 40 (jj) "Co-generation facility" means a facility the primary purpose 41 of which is the sequential production of electricity and steam or 42 other forms of useful energy which are used for industrial or commercial heating or cooling purposes and which is designated by 43 44 the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or its successor, as a 45 "qualifying facility" pursuant to the provisions of the "Public Utility 46 Regulatory Policies Act of 1978," Pub.L.95-617.

1 (kk) "Non-utility" means a company engaged in the sale, 2 exchange or transfer of natural gas that was not subject to the 3 provisions of P.L.1940, c.5 (C.54:30A-49 et seq.) prior to 4 December 31, 1997.

5 (ll) "Pre-paid calling service" means the right to [purchase] 6 access exclusively telecommunications services, [that must] which 7 shall be paid for in advance [, that] and which enables the 8 origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, 9 whether manually or electronically dialed ;provided, that the 10 remaining amount of units of service that have been pre-paid shall 11 be known by the service provider on a continuous basis], and that 12 is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number 13 declines with use in a known amount.

(mm) "Mobile telecommunications service" [means commercial
mobile radio service, as defined in section 20.3 of title 47 of the
Code of Federal Regulations as in effect on June 1, 1999] means
the same as that term is defined in the federal "Mobile
Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124 (Pub.L.106252).

20 (nn) ["Place of primary use" means the street address 21 representative of where the customer's use of the mobile 22 telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the 23 residential street address or the primary business street address of 24 the customer and within the licensed service area of the home 25 service provider. For the purposes of determining the primary place 26 of use, the terms used shall have the meanings provided pursuant to 27 the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. 28 s.124 (Pub.L.106-252).] (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) 29 (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

30 (oo) (1)"Sales price" is the measure subject to sales tax and
31 means the total amount of consideration, including cash, credit,
32 property, and services, for which personal property or services are
33 sold, leased, or rented, valued in money, whether received in money
34 or otherwise, without any deduction for the following:

35 (A) The seller's cost of the property sold;

36 (B) The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest,
37 losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on
38 the seller, and any other expense of the seller;

39 (C) Charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete40 the sale;

41 (D) Delivery charges;

42 (E) Installation charges; and

(F) [The value of exempt personal property given to the
purchaser where taxable and exempt personal property have been
bundled together and sold by the seller as a single product or piece
of merchandise] (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending
before the Legislature as this bill).

1 (2) "Sales price" does not include: 2 (A) Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons that are not 3 reimbursed by a third party, that are allowed by a seller and taken 4 by a purchaser on a sale; 5 (B) Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit 6 extended on the sale of personal property or services, if the amount 7 is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document 8 given to the purchaser; 9 (C) Any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that are 10 separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document 11 given to the purchaser; 12 (D) The amount of sales price for which food stamps have been properly tendered in full or part payment pursuant to the federal 13 14 Food Stamp Act of 1977, Pub.L. 95-113 (7 U.S.C. s.2011 et seq.); 15 or 16 (E) Credit for any trade-in of property of the same kind accepted 17 in part payment and intended for resale if the amount is separately 18 stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the 19 purchaser. 20 (3) "Sales price" includes consideration received by the seller 21 from third parties if: 22 (A) The seller actually receives consideration from a party other 23 than the purchaser and the consideration is directly related to a price 24 reduction or discount on the sale; 25 (B) The seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or 26 discount through to the purchaser; 27 (C) The amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of the sale of the 28 29 item to the purchaser; and 30 (D) One of the following criteria is met: 31 (i) the purchaser presents a coupon, certificate, or other 32 documentation to the seller to claim a price reduction or discount 33 where the coupon, certificate, or documentation is authorized, 34 distributed, or granted by a third party with the understanding that 35 the third party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon, 36 certificate, or documentation is presented; 37 (ii) the purchaser identifies himself to the seller as a member of a group or organization entitled to a price reduction or discount; 38 39 provided however, that a preferred customer card that is available to 40 any patron does not constitute membership in such a group; or 41 (iii) the price reduction or discount is identified as a third party 42 price reduction or discount on the invoice received by the purchaser 43 or on a coupon, certificate, or other documentation presented by the 44 purchaser. 45 (4) In the case of a bundled transaction that includes a 46 telecommunication service, an ancillary service, internet access, or 47 an audio or video programming service, if the price is attributable to 48 products that are taxable and products that are nontaxable, the

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1 portion of the price attributable to the nontaxable products is 2 subject to tax unless the provider can identify by reasonable and 3 verifiable standards such portion from its books and records that are 4 kept in the regular course of business for other purposes, including 5 non-tax purposes. 6 (pp) "Purchase price" means the measure subject to use tax and 7 has the same meaning as "sales price." 8 (qq) "Sales tax" means the tax imposed on certain transactions 9 pursuant to the provisions of the "Sales and Use Tax Act," 10 P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.). 11 (rr) "Delivery charges" means charges by the seller for 12 preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser 13 of personal property or services including, but not limited to, 14 transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and packing. If 15 a shipment includes both exempt and taxable property, the seller 16 should allocate the delivery charge by using: (1) a percentage based 17 on the total sales price of the taxable property compared to the total 18 sales price of all property in the shipment; or (2) a percentage based 19 on the total weight of the taxable property compared to the total 20 weight of all property in the shipment. The seller shall tax the 21 percentage of the delivery charge allocated to the taxable property 22 but is not required to tax the percentage allocated to the exempt 23 property. 24 (ss) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed 25 by United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience 26 or to addresses on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the 27 direction of the purchaser in cases in which the cost of the items are not billed directly to the recipients. "Direct mail" includes tangible 28 29 personal property or digital property supplied directly or indirectly 30 by the purchaser to the direct mail seller for inclusion in the 31 package containing the printed material. "Direct mail" does not 32 include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single 33 address. 34 (tt) "Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement" means the 35 agreement entered into as governed and authorized by the "Uniform 36 Sales and Use Tax Administration Act," P.L.2001, c.431 37 (C.54:32B-44 et seq.). 38 (uu) "Alcoholic beverages" means beverages that are suitable for 39 human consumption and contain one-half of one percent or more of 40 alcohol by volume. 41 (vv) "Digital property" means electronically delivered music, 42 ringtones, movies, books, audio and video works and similar 43 products, where the customer is granted a right or license to use, 44 retain or make a copy of such item. Digital property does not 45 include video programming services, including video on demand 46 television services, and broadcasting services, including content to 47 provide such services.

1 (ww) "Landscaping services" means services that result in a 2 capital improvement to land other than structures of any kind 3 whatsoever, such as: seeding, sodding or grass plugging of new 4 lawns; planting trees, shrubs, hedges, plants; and clearing and 5 filling land. 6 (xx) "Investigation and security services" means: 7 (1) investigation and detective services, including detective 8 agencies and private investigators, and fingerprint, polygraph 9 missing person tracing and skip tracing services; 10 (2) security guard and patrol services, including bodyguard and 11 personal protection, guard dog, guard, patrol, and security services; 12 (3) armored car services; and 13 (4) security systems services, including security, burglar, and 14 fire alarm installation, repair or monitoring services. 15 (yy) "Information services" means the furnishing of information 16 of any kind, which has been collected, compiled, or analyzed by the 17 seller, and provided through any means or method, other than 18 personal or individual information which is not incorporated into 19 reports furnished to other people. 20 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.1) 21 22 2. Section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) is amended to read 23 as follows: 24 3. There is imposed and there shall be paid a tax of 7% upon: 25 (a) The receipts from every retail sale of tangible personal 26 property or digital property, except as otherwise provided in this 27 act. 28 (b) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of the 29 following services: 30 (1) Producing, fabricating, processing, printing or imprinting 31 tangible personal property or digital property, performed for a 32 person who directly or indirectly furnishes the tangible personal 33 property or digital property, not purchased by him for resale, upon 34 which such services are performed. 35 (2) Installing tangible personal property or digital property, or 36 maintaining, servicing, repairing tangible personal property or 37 digital property not held for sale in the regular course of business, whether or not the services are performed directly or by means of 38 39 coin-operated equipment or by any other means, and whether or not 40 any tangible personal property or digital property is transferred in 41 conjunction therewith, except (i) such services rendered by an 42 individual who is engaged directly by a private homeowner or 43 lessee in or about his residence and who is not in a regular trade or 44 business offering his services to the public, (ii) such services 45 rendered with respect to personal property exempt from taxation 46 hereunder pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.1), 47 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1990, c.40), (iv) any receipts from 48 laundering, dry cleaning, tailoring, weaving, or pressing clothing,

and shoe repairing and shoeshining and (v) services rendered in
 installing property which, when installed, will constitute an addition
 or capital improvement to real property, property or land, other than
 landscaping services and other than installing carpeting and other
 flooring.

6 (3) Storing all tangible personal property not held for sale in the 7 regular course of business; the rental of safe deposit boxes or 8 similar space; and the furnishing of space for storage of tangible 9 personal property by a person engaged in the business of furnishing 10 space for such storage.

11 "Space for storage" means secure areas, such as rooms, units, 12 compartments or containers, whether accessible from outside or 13 from within a building, that are designated for the use of a customer 14 and wherein the customer has free access within reasonable 15 business hours, or upon reasonable notice to the furnisher of space 16 for storage, to store and retrieve property. Space for storage shall 17 not include the lease or rental of an entire building, such as a 18 warehouse or airplane hanger.

19 (4) Maintaining, servicing or repairing real property, other than 20 a residential heating system unit serving not more than three 21 families living independently of each other and doing their cooking 22 on the premises, whether the services are performed in or outside of 23 a building, as distinguished from adding to or improving such real 24 property by a capital improvement, but excluding services rendered 25 by an individual who is not in a regular trade or business offering 26 his services to the public, and excluding garbage removal and sewer 27 services performed on a regular contractual basis for a term not less 28 than 30 days.

(5) [Direct-mail] <u>Mail</u> processing services <u>for printed</u>
advertising material, except for [direct-mail] <u>mail</u> processing
services in connection with distribution of [direct mail] <u>printed</u>
advertising material to out-of-State recipients.

(6) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.184).

34 (7) Utility service provided to persons in this State, any right or35 power over which is exercised in this State.

36 (8) Tanning services, including the application of a temporary37 tan provided by any means.

38 (9) Massage, bodywork or somatic services, except such
39 services provided pursuant to a doctor's prescription.

40 (10) Tattooing, including all permanent body art and permanent41 cosmetic make-up applications.

42 (11) Investigation and security services.

43 (12) Information services.

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44 (13) Transportation services originating in this State and
45 provided by a limousine operator, as permitted by law, except such
46 services provided in connection with funeral services.

47 (14) Telephone answering services.

48 (15) Radio subscription services.

1 Wages, salaries and other compensation paid by an employer to 2 an employee for performing as an employee the services described 3 in this subsection are not receipts subject to the taxes imposed 4 under this subsection (b).

5 Services otherwise taxable under paragraph (1) or (2) of this 6 subsection (b) are not subject to the taxes imposed under this 7 subsection, where the tangible personal property or digital property 8 upon which the services were performed is delivered to the 9 purchaser outside this State for use outside this State.

10 (c) (1) Receipts from the sale of prepared food in or by 11 restaurants, taverns, or other establishments in this State, or by 12 caterers, including in the amount of such receipts any cover, 13 minimum, entertainment or other charge made to patrons or 14 customers, except for meals especially prepared for and delivered to 15 homebound elderly, age 60 or older, and to disabled persons, or 16 meals prepared and served at a group-sitting at a location outside of 17 the home to otherwise homebound elderly persons, age 60 or older, 18 and otherwise homebound disabled persons, as all or part of any 19 food service project funded in whole or in part by government or as 20 part of a private, nonprofit food service project available to all such 21 elderly or disabled persons residing within an area of service 22 designated by the private nonprofit organization; and

(2) Receipts from sales of food and beverages sold through
vending machines, at the wholesale price of such sale, which shall
be defined as 70% of the retail vending machine selling price,
except sales of milk, which shall not be taxed. Nothing herein
contained shall affect other sales through coin-operated vending
machines taxable pursuant to subsection (a) above or the exemption
thereto provided by section 21 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.9).

The tax imposed by this subsection (c) shall not apply to food or drink which is sold to an airline for consumption while in flight.

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(3) For the purposes of this subsection:

33 "Food and beverages sold through vending machines" means
34 food and beverages dispensed from a machine or other mechanical
35 device that accepts payment; and

36 "Prepared food" means:

(i) A. food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller; or

B. two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single item, but not including food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration in Chapter 3, part 401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne illnesses; or

C. food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller,
including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or
straws. A plate does not include a container or packaging used to
transport the food;

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2 (ii) "prepared food" does not include the following sold without 3 eating utensils:

4 A. food sold by a seller whose proper primary NAICS 5 classification is manufacturing in section 311, except subsector 6 3118 (bakeries);

7 B. food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as a 8 single item; or

9 C. bakery items, including bread, rolls, buns, biscuits, bagels, 10 croissants, pastries, donuts, danish, cakes, tortes, pies, tarts, muffins, bars, cookies, and tortillas. 11

12 (d) The rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a hotel in this State, except that the tax shall not be imposed upon a 13 14 permanent resident.

15 (e) (1) Any admission charge to or for the use of any place of 16 amusement in the State, including charges for admission to race 17 tracks, baseball, football, basketball or exhibitions, dramatic or 18 musical arts performances, motion picture theaters, except charges 19 for admission to boxing, wrestling, kick boxing or combative sports 20 exhibitions, events, performances or contests which charges are 21 taxed under any other law of this State or under section 20 of P.L.1985, c.83 (C.5:2A-20), and, except charges to a patron for 22 23 admission to, or use of, facilities for sporting activities in which 24 such patron is to be a participant, such as bowling alleys and 25 swimming pools. For any person having the permanent use or 26 possession of a box or seat or lease or a license, other than a season 27 ticket, for the use of a box or seat at a place of amusement, the tax 28 shall be upon the amount for which a similar box or seat is sold for 29 each performance or exhibition at which the box or seat is used or 30 reserved by the holder, licensee or lessee, and shall be paid by the 31 holder, licensee or lessee.

32 (2) The amount paid as charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other 33 similar place in this State, to the extent that a tax upon such charges 34 has not been paid pursuant to subsection (c) hereof.

35 (f) (1) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of 36 intrastate, [or] interstate, or international telecommunications 37 services and ancillary services sourced to this State in accordance 38 with section 29 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.4).

39 (2) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of intrastate 40 or interstate mobile telecommunications services billed by or for a 41 customer's home service provider and provided to a customer with a 42 place of primary use in this State. The provisions and definitions of 43 the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. 44 ss.116-126 (Pub.L.106-252), are applicable herein.](Deleted by 45 amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 46 bill)

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(g) [The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of prepaid

(h) Charges in the nature of initiation fees, membership fees or

calling service and the recharge of prepaid calling service.]

(Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the

dues for access to or use of the property or facilities of a health and

fitness, athletic, sporting or shopping club or organization in this

State, except for: (1) membership in a club or organization whose

members are predominantly age 18 or under; and (2) charges in the nature of membership fees or dues for access to or use of the property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or shopping club or organization that is exempt from taxation pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 9 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-9), or that is exempt from taxation pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of section 9 of P.L.1966, c.30 and that has complied with subsection (d) of section 9 of P.L.1966, c.30. (i) The receipts from parking, storing or garaging a motor vehicle, excluding charges for the following: residential parking; employee parking, when provided by an employer or at a facility owned or operated by the employer; municipal parking, storing or garaging; receipts from charges or fees imposed pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1993, c.159 (C.5:12-173.3) or pursuant to an agreement between the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority and a casino operator in effect on the date of enactment of P.L.2007, c.105; and receipts from parking, storing or garaging a motor vehicle subject to tax pursuant to any other law or ordinance.

For the purposes of this subsection, "municipal parking, storing or garaging" means any motor vehicle parking, storing or garaging provided by a municipality or county, or a parking authority thereof.

31 (cf: P.L.2007, c.105, s.1)

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Legislature as this bill)

33 3. Section 29 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.4) is amended to
34 reads as follows:

29. a. Notwithstanding the general sourcing provisions of
section 26 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.1), except for the
telecommunication services enumerated in subsection c. of this
section, the sale of telecommunication service sold on a call-by-call
basis shall be sourced to:

40 (1) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and41 terminates in that jurisdiction; or

42 (2) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either
43 originates or terminates and in which the service address is also
44 located.

b. Except for the telecommunication services enumerated in
subsection c. of this section, a sale of telecommunications services
sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to the
customer's place of primary use.

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1 The sale of the following telecommunication services shall c. 2 be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as follows: 3 (1) A sale of mobile telecommunications services other than air-4 to-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service shall 5 be sourced to the customer's place of primary use as required by the 6 federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.116 7 et seq. 8 (2) A sale of post-paid calling service shall be sourced to the 9 origination point of the telecommunications signal as first identified 10 by either: 11 (a) the seller's telecommunications system; or 12 (b) information received by the seller from its service provider, 13 if the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller. 14 (3) A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a prepaid 15 wireless calling service shall be sourced in accordance with the general sourcing provisions of section 26 of P.L.2005, c.126 16 17 (C.54:32B-3.1); provided however, that in the case of a sale of 18 mobile telecommunications service that is a prepaid 19 [telecommunications] wireless calling service, the rule provided in paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of that section shall include as an 20 21 option the location associated with the mobile telephone number. 22 (4) A sale of a private communication service shall be sourced 23 as follows: 24 (a) Service for a separate charge related to a customer channel 25 termination point shall be sourced to each level of jurisdiction in 26 which such customer channel termination point is located. 27 (b) Service for which all customer termination points are located 28 entirely within one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction shall be 29 sourced to such jurisdiction in which the customer channel 30 termination points are located. 31 (c) Service for segments of a channel between two customer 32 channel termination points located in different jurisdictions and 33 which segments of channel are separately charged shall be sourced 34 fifty percent to each level of jurisdiction in which the customer 35 channel termination points are located. 36 (d) Service for segments of a channel located in more than one 37 jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which segments of channel 38 are not separately billed shall be sourced to each jurisdiction based 39 on the percentage determined by dividing the number of customer 40 channel termination points in such jurisdiction by the total number 41 of customer channel termination points. 42 (5) A sale of an ancillary service shall be sourced to the 43 customer's place of primary use. 44 d. For the purposes of this section: 45 "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service" means a radio service, as 46 that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in which common carriers are 47 authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications service 48 for hire to subscribers in aircraft;

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1 "Ancillary service" means a service that is associated with or 2 incidental to the provision of telecommunication services, including 3 but not limited to detailed telecommunications billing, directory assistance, vertical service, and voice mail services; 4 5 "Call-by-call basis" means any method of charging for 6 telecommunications services in which the price is measured by 7 individual calls; 8 "Communications channel" means a physical or virtual path of 9 communications over which signals are transmitted between or 10 among customer channel termination points; 11 "Customer" means the person or entity that contracts with the 12 seller of telecommunications services. If the end user of 13 telecommunications services is not the contracting party, then the end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of the 14 15 telecommunication service, but this provision applies only for the 16 purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications services under this 17 section. "Customer" does not include а reseller of telecommunications service or, for mobile telecommunications 18 19 service [of], a serving carrier under an agreement to serve the 20 customer outside the home service provider's licensed service area; 21 "Customer channel termination point" means the location where 22 the customer either inputs or receives the communications; 23 "End user" means the person who utilizes the telecommunication service. In the case of an entity, "end user" means the individual 24 25 who utilizes the service on behalf of the entity; 26 "Home service provider" has the same meaning as that term is 27 defined by the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124; 28 29 "Mobile telecommunications service" has the same meaning as that term is defined by the federal "Mobile Telecommunications 30 31 Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124; 32 "Place of primary use" means the street address representative of 33 where the customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the residential street address or the 34 35 primary business street address of the customer. In the case of 36 mobile telecommunications services, "place of primary use" shall 37 be within the licensed service area of the home service provider; 38 "Post-paid calling service" means the telecommunications 39 service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis either 40 through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a 41 bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by a charge 42 made to a telephone number which is not associated with the 43 origination or termination of the telecommunications service. Α 44 post-paid calling service includes a telecommunications service, 45 except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a prepaid 46 calling service except it is not exclusively a telecommunications 47 service;

"Prepaid calling service" means the right to access exclusively
telecommunications services, which shall be paid for in advance
[that] and which enables the origination of calls using an access
number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically
dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which
the number declines with use in a known amount;
"Prepaid wireless calling service" means a telecommunications

8 service that provides the right to utilize mobile wireless service as
9 well as other non-telecommunications services, including the
10 download of digital products delivered electronically, content, and
11 ancillary services, which must be paid for in advance and that is
12 sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines
13 with use in a known amount;

14 "Private communication service" means a telecommunication 15 service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a 16 communications channel or group of channels between or among 17 termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel 18 or channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, 19 extension lines, stations, and any other associated services that are 20 provided in connection with the use of such channel or channels; 21 and

22 "Service address" means

(1) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which
a customer's call is charged and from which the call originates or
terminates, regardless of where the call is billed or paid;

(2) If the location in paragraph (1) of this definition is not
known, "service address" means the origination point of the signal
of the telecommunications services first identified by either the
seller's telecommunications system or in information received by
the seller from its service provider, in the case that the system used
to transport such signals is not that of the seller; or

32 (3) If the locations in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this definition
33 are not known, "service address" means the location of the
34 customer's place of primary use.

35 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.29)

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37 4. Section 4 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-4) is amended to read
38 as follows:

4. a. For the purpose of adding and collecting the tax imposed
by this act, or an amount equal as nearly as possible or practicable
to the average equivalent thereof, to be reimbursed to the seller by
the purchaser, a seller shall use one of the two following options:
(1) a tax shall be calculated based on the following formula:

44	Amount of Sale	Amount of Tax
45	\$0.01 to \$0.10	No Tax
46	0.11 to 0.19	\$0.01
47	0.20 to 0.32	0.02
48	0.33 to 0.47	0.03

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1	0.48 to 0.62	0.04
2	0.63 to 0.77	0.05
3	0.78 to 0.90	0.06
4	0.91 to \$1.10	0.07

and in addition to a tax of \$0.07 on each full dollar, a tax shall be
collected on each part of a dollar in excess of a full dollar, in
accordance with the above formula; or

8 (2) tax shall be calculated to the third decimal place. One-half 9 cent (\$0.005) or higher shall be rounded up to the next cent; less 10 than \$0.005 shall be dropped in order to round the result down.

11 Sellers may compute the tax due on a transaction on either an 12 item or an invoice basis.

b. [For charges paid by inserting coins into a coin operated telecommunications device available to the public the tax shall be computed to the nearest multiple of five cents of the tax otherwise due pursuant to subsection a. of this section, except that, if the amount of the tax is midway between multiples of five cents, the next higher multiple shall apply.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L. ,

19 <u>c.</u>) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

20 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.3)

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5. Section 6 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-6) is amended to read
as follows:

24 6. Unless property or services have already been or will be 25 subject to the sales tax under this act, there is hereby imposed on 26 and there shall be paid by every person a use tax for the use within 27 this State of 7%, except as otherwise exempted under this act, (A) of any tangible personal property or digital property purchased at 28 retail, including energy, provided however, that electricity 29 30 consumed by the generating facility that produced it shall not be 31 subject to tax, (B) of any tangible personal property or digital 32 property manufactured, processed or assembled by the user, if items 33 of the same kind of tangible personal property or digital property 34 are offered for sale by him in the regular course of business, or if 35 items of the same kind of tangible personal property are not offered 36 for sale by him in the regular course of business and are used as 37 such or incorporated into a structure, building or real property, (C) 38 of any tangible personal property or digital property, however 39 acquired, where not acquired for purposes of resale, upon which any 40 taxable services described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection 41 (b) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) have been 42 performed, (D) of interstate or intrastate, interstate, or 43 <u>internationa</u>l telecommunications services and mobile 44 telecommunications] described in subsection (f) of section 3 of 45 P.L.1966, c.30, (E) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.184), (F) 46 of utility service provided to persons in this State for use in this 47 State, provided however, that utility service used by the facility that

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1 provides the service shall not be subject to tax, (G) of [direct-mail] 2 mail processing services described in paragraph (5) of subsection 3 (b) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3), (H) [of prepaid 4 calling service and the recharge of prepaid calling service] (Deleted 5 by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 6 bill), (I) of any services subject to tax pursuant to subsection (11), 7 (12), [or] (13), (14) or (15) of subsection (b) of section 3 of 8 P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3), and (J) of access to or use of the 9 property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or 10 shopping club or organization in this State. For purposes of clause 11 (A) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth 12 hereinabove, of the consideration given or contracted to be given 13 for such property or for the use of such property including delivery 14 charges made by the seller, but excluding any credit for property of the same kind accepted in part payment and intended for resale. For 15 16 the purposes of clause (B) of this section, the tax shall be at the 17 applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the price at which items 18 of the same kind of tangible personal property or digital property 19 are offered for sale by the user, or if items of the same kind of 20 tangible personal property are not offered for sale by the user in the 21 regular course of business and are used as such or incorporated into 22 a structure, building or real property the tax shall be at the 23 applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the consideration given 24 or contracted to be given for the tangible personal property 25 manufactured, processed or assembled by the user into the tangible 26 personal property the use of which is subject to use tax pursuant to 27 this section, and the mere storage, keeping, retention or withdrawal 28 from storage of tangible personal property or digital property by the person who manufactured, processed or assembled such property 29 30 shall not be deemed a taxable use by him. For purposes of clause 31 (C) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth 32 hereinabove, of the consideration given or contracted to be given 33 for the service, including the consideration for any tangible personal 34 property or digital property transferred in conjunction with the 35 performance of the service, [plus the cost of transportation, except 36 where such cost is separately stated in the written contract, if any, 37 and on the bill rendered to the purchaser <u>including delivery</u> 38 charges made by the seller. For the purposes of clause (D) of this 39 section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the charge made by 40 the telecommunications service provider: provided however, that 41 for prepaid calling services and prepaid wireless calling services the 42 tax shall be at the applicable rate on the consideration given or 43 contracted to be given for the prepaid calling service or prepaid 44 wireless calling service or the recharge of the prepaid calling 45 service or prepaid wireless calling service. For purposes of clause 46 (F) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the 47 charge made by the utility service provider. For purposes of clause

1 (G) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on that 2 proportion of the amount of all processing costs charged by a [direct-mail] mail processing service provider that is attributable to 3 4 the service distributed in this State. [For the purposes of clause (H) 5 of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the 6 consideration given or contracted to be given for the prepaid calling 7 service or the recharge of the prepaid calling service. For 8 purposes of clause (I) of this section, the tax shall be at the 9 applicable rate on the charge made by the service provider. For purposes of clause (J) of this section, the tax shall be at the 10 applicable rate on the charges in the nature of initiation fees, 11 membership fees or dues. 12 13 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.5) 14 15 6. Section 13 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.1) is amended to 16 read as follows: 17 13. a. Receipts from sales of the following sold for human use 18 are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax 19 Act": (1) drugs sold pursuant to a doctor's prescription; 20 (2) over-the-counter drugs; 21 22 (3) diabetic supplies; 23 (4) prosthetic devices; 24 (5) tampons or like products; 25 (6) medical oxygen; 26 (7) human blood and its derivatives; 27 (8) durable medical equipment for home use; (9) mobility enhancing equipment sold by prescription; and 28 29 (10) repair and replacement parts for any of the foregoing 30 exempt devices and equipment. 31 b. As used in this section: 32 "Drug" means a compound, substance or preparation, and any 33 component of a compound, substance or preparation, other than food and food ingredients, dietary supplements or alcoholic 34 35 beverages: 36 (1) recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, 37 official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or 38 official National Formulary, and supplement to any of them; or 39 (2) intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, 40 or prevention of disease; or 41 (3) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body. "Over-the-counter-drug" means a drug that contains a label 42 43 which identifies the product as a drug, required by 21 CFR 201.66. 44 The label includes: 45 (1) a "Drug Facts" panel or 46 (2) a statement of the "active ingredient" or "active ingredients" 47 with a list of those ingredients contained in the compound,

1 substance or preparation. "Over-the-counter drug" does not include 2 a grooming and hygiene product. 3 "Grooming and hygiene product" is soap or cleaning solution, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, anti-perspirant, or sun tan lotion 4 5 or screen, regardless of whether the item meets the definition of "over-the-counter drug." 6 7 "Prescription" means an order, formula or recipe issued in any 8 form of oral, written, electronic, or other means of transmission by 9 a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of this State. 10 "Prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective, or 11 supportive device including repair and replacement parts for same 12 worn on or in the body in order to: 13 (1) artificially replace a missing portion of the body; or 14 (2) prevent or correct a physical deformity or malfunction; or 15 (3) support a weak or deformed portion of the body. 16 "Durable medical equipment" means equipment, including repair 17 and replacement parts, but not including mobility enhancing 18 equipment, that: 19 (1) can withstand repeated use; 20 (2) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical 21 purpose; 22 3. is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or 23 injury; and 24 4. is not worn in or on the body. 25 "Mobility enhancing equipment" means equipment, including repair and replacement parts, other than durable medical equipment, 26 27 that: 1. is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the 28 29 ability to move from one place to another and which is appropriate 30 for use either at home or in a motor vehicle; and 31 2. is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and 32 3. does not include any motor vehicle or equipment on a motor 33 vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle manufacturer. 34 Receipts from sales of medical equipment, durable medical 35 equipment, and supplies [other than medicines and drugs,] 36 purchased for use in providing medical services for compensation, 37 but not transferred to the purchaser of the service in conjunction 38 with the performance of the service, shall be considered taxable 39 receipts from retail sales notwithstanding the exemption from the 40 tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act" provided under this 41 section. 42 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.7) 43 44 7. Section 14 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.2) is amended to 45 read as follows: 46 14. a. Receipts from the following are exempt from the tax 47 imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act:" sales of food and food 48 ingredients and dietary supplements, sold for human consumption

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off the premises where sold but not including (1) candy, and (2) soft
drinks, all of which shall be subject to the retail sales and
compensating use taxes[, whether or not the item is sold in liquid
form].

b. The exemption in this section is not applicable to prepared
food subject to tax under subsection (c) of section 3 of the Sales and
Use Tax Act (C.54:32B-3).

8 c. As used in this section:

9 "Candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or
10 artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or
11 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces.
12 "Candy" does not include any preparation containing flour or
13 requiring refrigeration;

14 "Dietary supplement" means any product, other than tobacco,15 intended to supplement the diet, that:

(1) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients: a
vitamin; a mineral; an herb or other botanical; an amino acid; a
dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by
increasing the total dietary intake; a concentrate, metabolite,
constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described
herein;

(2) is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel,
gelcap, or liquid form, or if not intended for ingestion in such a
form, is not represented as conventional food and is not represented
for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and

(3) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable
by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label and as required
pursuant to 21 C.F.R. s.101.36;

29 "Food and food ingredients" means substances, whether in 30 liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that 31 are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for 32 their taste or nutritional value, "Food and food ingredients" does not 33 include alcoholic beverages or tobacco;

34 "Soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural
35 or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" does not include beverages
36 that contain: milk or milk products; soy, rice or similar milk
37 substitutes; or greater than fifty percent of vegetable or fruit juice
38 by volume; and

39 "Tobacco" means cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or40 any other item that contains tobacco.

41 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.8)

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43 8. Section 16 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.4) is amended to 44 read as follows:

45 16. a. Receipts from sales of articles of clothing and footwear
46 for human use are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales
47 and Use Tax Act." This exemption does not apply to <u>fur clothing.</u>

1 clothing accessories or equipment, sport or recreational equipment, 2 or protective equipment. 3 b. Receipts from sales of protective equipment necessary for the daily work of the user are exempt from the tax imposed under 4 5 the "Sales and Use Tax Act." c. Receipts from sales of sewing materials, such as fabrics, 6 7 thread, knitting yarn, buttons and zippers, purchased by 8 noncommercial purchasers for incorporation into clothing as a 9 constituent part thereof, are exempt from the tax imposed under the 10 "Sales and Use Tax Act." d. As used in this section: 11 12 "Clothing" means all human wearing apparel suitable for general use. Clothing shall not include: clothing accessories or equipment, 13 sport or recreational equipment, protective equipment, sewing 14 equipment and supplies, or sewing materials that become part of 15 16 clothing. 17 "Clothing accessories or equipment" means incidental items 18 worn on the person or in conjunction with clothing. 19 "Fur clothing" means clothing that is required to be labeled as a 20 fur product under 15 U.S.C. s.69, and the value of the fur components in the product is more than three times the value of the 21 next most valuable tangible component. For the purposes of this 22 23 section, "fur" means any animal skin or part thereof with hair, 24 fleece, or fur fibers attached thereto, either in its raw or processed 25 state, but shall not include such skins that have been converted into 26 leather or suede, or which in processing the hair, fleece, or fur fiber 27 has been completely removed. 28 "Protective equipment" means items for human wear and 29 designed as protection of the wearer against injury or disease or as 30 protections against damage or injury of other persons or property 31 but not suitable for general use. 32 "Sport or recreational equipment" means items designed for 33 human use and worn in conjunction with an athletic or recreational 34 activity that are not suitable for general use. 35 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.9) 36 37 9. Section 26 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.14) is amended 38 to read as follows: 39 26. Receipts from sales of tangible personal property, except 40 energy, and digital property purchased for use or consumption 41 directly and exclusively in research and development in the 42 experimental or laboratory sense are exempt from the tax imposed 43 under the Sales and Use Tax Act. Such research and development 44 shall not be deemed to include the ordinary testing or inspection of 45 materials or products for quality control, efficiency surveys, 46 management studies, consumer surveys, advertising, promotions or 47 research in connection with literary, historical or similar projects.

48 (cf: P.L.1997, c.162, s.24)

1 10. Section 1 of P.L.1985, c.24 (C.54:32B-8.39) is amended to 2 read as follows: 1. Receipts from sales of [direct mail] printed advertising 3 4 material for distribution to out-of-State recipients and receipts from 5 sales of [direct-mail] processing services in connection with 6 distribution of direct mail printed advertising material to out-of-7 State recipients are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales 8 and Use Tax Act." The exemption provided by this section shall 9 apply to receipts from charges for the printing or production of 10 [direct mail] printed advertising material whether prepared in, or 11 shipped into New Jersey after preparation and stored for subsequent 12 shipment to out-of-State customers. The direct-mail mail 13 processing services exemption provided by this section shall apply to receipts from charges for all [direct] mail processing services for 14 distribution to out-of-State recipients, including but not limited to 15 16 the following: preparing and maintaining mailing lists, addressing, separating, folding, inserting, sorting and packaging [direct mail] 17 18 printed advertising materials and transporting to the point of 19 shipment by the mail service or other carrier. 20 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.13) 21 22 11. Section 15 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-8.56) is amended 23 to read as follows: 24 15. Receipts from sales of prewritten software delivered 25 electronically and used directly and exclusively in the conduct of 26 the purchaser's business, trade or occupation are exempt from the 27 tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act", P.L.1966, c.30 28 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.). The exemption provided by this section shall 29 not apply to receipts from sales of prewritten software delivered by 30 a load and leave method. 31 "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information 32 in digital or similar form and manipulates it for a result based on a 33 sequence of instructions. 34 "Computer software" means a set of coded instruction designed to cause a computer or automatic data processing equipment to 35 36 perform a task. 37 "Delivered electronically" means delivered [from the seller] to 38 the purchaser by means other than tangible storage media. 39 "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, 40 digital magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar 41 capabilities. 42 "Load and leave" means delivery to the purchaser by the use of a 43 tangible storage medium where the tangible storage medium is not 44 physically transferred to the purchaser. 45 "Prewritten computer software" means computer software, 46 including prewritten upgrades, which is not designed and developed 47 by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific

1 purchaser. The combining of two or more prewritten computer 2 software programs or prewritten portions thereof shall not cause the 3 combination to be other than prewritten computer software. 4 "Prewritten computer software" includes software designed and 5 developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a 6 specific purchaser when it is sold to a person other than such 7 purchaser. If a person modifies or enhances computer software of 8 which that person is not the author or creator, the person shall be 9 deemed to be the author or creator only of such person's 10 modifications or enhancements. Prewritten software or a prewritten 11 portion thereof that is modified or enhanced to any degree, where 12 such modification or enhancement is designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser, shall remain prewritten 13 14 software; provided, however, that if there is a reasonable, separately 15 stated charge or an invoice or other statement of the price given to 16 the purchaser for such modification or enhancement, such 17 modification or enhancement shall not constitute pre-written ["Prewritten computer software" shall not 18 computer software. 19 include software delivered electronically].

20 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.12)

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22 12. Section 12 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-12) is amended to
23 read as follows:

24 12. (a) Every person required to collect the tax shall collect the 25 tax from the customer when collecting the price, service charge, 26 amusement charge or rent to which it applies. If the customer is 27 given any sales slip, invoice, receipt or other statement or 28 memorandum of the price, service charge, amusement charge or 29 rent paid or payable, the tax shall be stated, charged and shown 30 separately on the first of such documents given to him. The tax 31 shall be paid to the person required to collect it as trustee for and on 32 account of the State.

33 (b) For the purpose of the proper administration of this act and 34 to prevent evasion of the tax hereby imposed, and subject to the 35 rules regarding the administration of exemptions authorized by the 36 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, it shall be presumed 37 that all receipts for property or services of any type mentioned in subsections (a), (b) [and], (c), and (f) of section 3, all rents for 38 39 occupancy of the type mentioned in subsection (d) of said section, 40 [and] all amusement charges of any type mentioned in subsection 41 (e) of said section, all charges in the nature of initiation fees, 42 membership fees or dues mentioned in subsection (h) of said 43 section, and all receipts from parking, storing or garaging a motor 44 vehicle mentioned in subsection (i) of said section are subject to tax 45 until the contrary is established, and the burden of proving that any 46 such receipt, [amusement] charge or rent is not taxable hereunder 47 shall be upon the person required to collect tax or the customer.

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1 Unless a seller shall have taken from the purchaser a certificate, 2 signed by the purchaser if in paper form, and bearing the 3 purchaser's name and address and the number of the purchaser's 4 registration certificate, to the effect that the property or service was 5 purchased for resale or was otherwise exempt pursuant to the provisions of the "Sales and Use Tax Act," P.L.1966, c.30 6 7 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.), or the purchaser, prior to taking delivery, 8 furnishes to the seller any affidavit, statement or additional 9 evidence, documentary or otherwise, which the director may require 10 demonstrating that the purchaser is an exempt organization 11 described in section 9(b)(1), the sale shall be deemed a taxable 12 retail sale. Provided however, the director may, in the director's 13 discretion, authorize a purchaser, who acquires tangible personal 14 property, digital property or services under circumstances which 15 make it impossible at the time of acquisition to determine the 16 manner in which the tangible personal property, digital property or 17 services will be used, to pay the tax directly to the director and 18 waive the collection of the tax by the seller or provide for direct pay 19 authority under rules adopted under the Streamlined Sales and Use 20 Tax Agreement. Provided further, the director shall authorize any 21 eligible person, as defined in section 34 of P.L.1997, c.162 22 (C.54:32B-14.1), who purchases natural gas from a non-utility on 23 and after January 1, 1998 through December 31, 2002, to pay the 24 tax on the commodity directly to the director and waive the 25 collection of the tax by the seller. No such authority shall be 26 granted or exercised except upon application to the director, and the 27 issuance by the director of a direct payment permit. If a direct 28 payment permit is granted, its use shall be subject to conditions 29 specified by the director, and the payment of tax on all acquisitions 30 pursuant to the permit shall be made directly to the director by the 31 permit holder.

32 (c) The director may provide by regulation that the tax upon 33 receipts from sales on the installment plan may be paid on the 34 amount of each installment and upon the date when such installment 35 is due. He may also provide by regulation for the exclusion from 36 taxable receipts, amusement charges or rents of amounts subject, as 37 applicable, to the provisions of section 30 of P.L.2005, c.126 38 (C.54:32B-12.1), representing sales where the contract of sale has 39 been canceled, the property returned or the receipt, charge or rent 40 has been ascertained to be uncollectible or, in the case the tax has 41 been paid upon such receipt, charge or rent, for refund or credit of 42 the tax so paid.

43 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.14)

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45 13. Section 14 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-14) is amended to 46 read as follows:

47 14. (a) Every person required to collect any tax imposed by this48 act shall be personally liable for the tax imposed, collected or

1 required to be collected under this act. Any such person shall have 2 the same right in respect to collecting the tax from that person's 3 customer or in respect to non-payment of the tax by the customer as 4 if the tax were a part of the purchase price of the property or 5 service, amusement charge or rent, as the case may be, and payable 6 at the same time; provided, however, that the director shall be 7 joined as a party in any action or proceeding brought to collect the 8 tax.

9 (b) Where any customer has failed to pay a tax imposed by this 10 act to the person required to collect the same, then in addition to all 11 other rights, obligations and remedies provided, such tax shall be 12 payable by the customer directly to the director and it shall be the 13 duty of the customer to file a return with the director and to pay the 14 tax to the director within 20 days of the date the tax was required to 15 be paid.

16 (c) The director may, whenever the director deems it necessary 17 for the proper enforcement of this act, provide by regulation that 18 customers shall file returns and pay directly to the director any tax 19 herein imposed, at such times as returns are required to be filed and 20 payment over made by persons required to collect the tax.

21 (d) No person required to collect any tax imposed by this act 22 shall advertise or hold out to any person or to the public in general, 23 in any manner, directly or indirectly, that the tax is not considered 24 as an element in the price, amusement charge or rent payable by the 25 customer, or except as provided by subsection (f) of this section that 26 the person required to collect the tax will pay the tax, that the tax 27 will not be separately charged and stated to the customer or that the 28 tax will be refunded to the customer. Upon written application duly 29 made and proof duly presented to the satisfaction of the director 30 showing that in the particular business of the person required to 31 collect the tax it would be impractical for the seller to separately 32 charge the tax to the customer, the director may waive the 33 application of the requirement herein as to such seller.

34 (e) All sellers of energy or utility service shall include the tax
35 imposed by the "Sales and Use Tax Act" within the purchase price
36 of the tangible personal property or service.

37 (f) A vendor other than a vendor subject to subsection (e) of this
38 section making retail sales of tangible personal property or sales of
39 services may advertise that the vendor will pay the tax for the
40 customer subject to the conditions of this subsection.

(1) The advertising shall indicate that the vendor is, in fact,
paying the tax for the customer and shall not indicate or imply that
the sale or charge is exempt from taxation.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 12 of P.L.1966,
c.30 (C.54:32B-12) to the contrary, any sales slip, invoice, receipt
or other statement or memorandum of the price or service charge
paid or payable given to the customer shall state that the tax will be
paid by the vendor; provided however that such record shall be

1 otherwise subject to the provisions of section 12 of P.L.1966, c.30 2 (C.54:32B-12). 3 (3) The vendor shall pay the amount of tax due on the retail sale 4 or service receipt, as determined pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1966, 5 c.30 (C.54:32B-4), as trustee for and on account of the State, and 6 shall have the same liability for that amount of tax pursuant to the 7 "Sales and Use Tax Act," P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.), as 8 for an amount collected from a customer. 9 (g) No person required to collect any tax imposed by this act 10 shall be held liable for having charged and collected the incorrect 11 amount of sales and use tax by reason of reliance on erroneous data 12 provided by the director with respect to tax rates, boundaries or 13 taxing jurisdiction assignments or contained in the taxability matrix. 14 (h) In connection with a purchaser's request from a seller of 15 over-collected sales or use taxes, a seller shall be presumed to have 16 a reasonable business practice, if in the collection of such sales or 17 use taxes, the seller: (1) uses either a provider or a system, 18 including a proprietary system, that is certified by the State; and (2) 19 has remitted to the State all taxes collected less any deductions, 20 credits, or collection allowances. 21 (i) No purchaser shall be held liable for any tax, interest or 22 penalty for failure to pay the correct amount of tax by reason of: 23 (1) the reliance of the purchaser's seller or certified service 24 provider on erroneous data provided by the director with respect to 25 tax rates, boundaries or taxing jurisdiction assignments or contained 26 in the taxability matrix; 27 (2) the reliance of the purchaser holding a direct pay permit on 28 erroneous data provided by the director with respect to tax rates, 29 boundaries or taxing jurisdiction assignments or contained in the 30 taxability matrix; 31 (3) the reliance of the purchaser on erroneous data provided by 32 the director with respect to the taxability matrix; or 33 (4) the reliance of a purchaser using databases of taxing jurisdiction assignments on erroneous data provided by the director 34 with respect to tax rates, boundaries or taxing jurisdiction 35 assignments, provided however that, to the extent that the director 36 37 provides or certifies an address-based database for assigning tax 38 rates and jurisdictions and upon appropriate notice, no relief from 39 liability shall be allowed for errors resulting from reliance on a zip 40 code database for assigning tax rates and jurisdictions. 41 Provided however, that as to the relief from liability for tax, the 42 relief from liability for tax by reason of reliance on the taxability 43 matrix shall be limited to the director's erroneous classification in 44 the taxability matrix of terms "taxable" or "exempt," "included in 45 sales price" or "excluded from sales price" or "included in the 46 definition" or "excluded from the definition." 47 (cf. P.L.2005, c.126, s.21.)

1 14. Section 16 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-16) is amended to 2 read as follows: 3 16. Every person required to collect any tax imposed by this act 4 shall keep records of every purchase, purchase for lease, sale or 5 amusement charge or occupancy and of all amounts paid, charged 6 or due thereon and of the tax payable thereon, in such form as the 7 director may by regulation require. Such records shall include a true 8 copy of each sales slip, invoice, receipt, statement or memorandum 9 upon which subsection (a) of section 12 requires that the tax be 10 stated separately. Such records shall be available for inspection and 11 examination at any time upon demand by the director or his duly 12 authorized agent or employee and shall be preserved for a period of 13 [three] four years, except that the director may consent to their 14 destruction within that period or may require that they be kept 15 longer. (cf: P.L.1989, c.123, s.9) 16 17 18 15. Section 17 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-17) is amended to 19 read as follows: 20 17. (a) Every person required to collect or pay tax under this act 21 shall on or before August 28, 1966, and on or before the twentieth 22 day of each month thereafter, make and file a return for the 23 preceding month with the director. The return of a seller of tangible 24 personal property, digital property or services shall show his 25 receipts from sales and also the aggregate value of tangible personal 26 property, digital property and services sold by him, the use of which 27 is subject to tax under this act, and the amount of taxes required to 28 be collected with respect to such sales and use. The return of a 29 recipient of amusement charges shall show all such charges and the 30 amount of tax thereon, and the return of a person required to collect 31 tax on leases or rentals shall show all lease or rental payments 32 received or charged and the amount of tax thereon. The return of a 33 recipient of initiation fees, membership fees or dues for access to or 34 use of the property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, 35 sporting or shopping club or organization shall show all such 36 charges and the amount of tax thereon. The return of the recipient 37 of charges from parking, storing or garaging a motor vehicle shall 38 show all such charges and the amount of tax thereon. 39 (b) The director may permit or require returns to be made 40 covering other periods and upon such dates as he may specify. In 41 addition, the director may require payments of tax liability at such 42 intervals and based upon such classifications as he may designate. 43 In prescribing such other periods to be covered by the return or 44 intervals or classifications for payment of tax liability, the director

may take into account the dollar volume of tax involved as well as
the need for insuring the prompt and orderly collection of the taxes
imposed.

1 (c) The form of returns shall be prescribed by the director and 2 shall contain such information as he may deem necessary for the 3 proper administration of this act. The director may require 4 amended returns to be filed within 20 days after notice and to 5 contain the information specified in the notice.

6 (d) Pursuant to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement,
7 the director is authorized to accept certified automated systems and
8 certified service providers to aid in the administration of the
9 collection of the tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act".

(e) Subject to the limitations of this subsection and otherprovisions of the "Sales and Use Tax Act":

12 (1) In addition to the powers of the director prescribed pursuant to section 24 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-24) and the "State 13 Uniform Tax Procedure Law," R.S.54:48-1 et seq., and 14 15 notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the 16 director shall grant "amnesty" for uncollected or unpaid sales or use 17 tax to a seller that registers to collect and remit applicable sales or 18 use tax on sales made to purchasers in this State in accordance with 19 the terms of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, 20 provided that the seller was not so registered in this State in the 21 twelve-month period preceding the commencement of this State's 22 participation in the agreement.

23 (2) Under terms of the "amnesty" granted pursuant to paragraph 24 (1) of this subsection, a seller that registers shall not be assessed for 25 uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax and shall not be assessed 26 penalties or interest for sales made during the period the seller was 27 not registered in this State, provided that the seller registers 28 pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection within twelve months 29 of the effective date of this State's participation in the Streamlined 30 Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

(3) The limitations on deficiency assessments, penalties and
interest pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be
available to a seller with respect to any matter for which the seller
received notice of the commencement of an audit and which audit is
not yet finally resolved including any related administrative and
judicial processes.

37 (4) The limitations on deficiency assessments, penalties and
38 interest pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be
39 available for sales or use taxes already paid or remitted to the State
40 or to taxes already collected by the seller.

41 (5) The "amnesty" limitations on deficiency assessments, 42 penalties and interest pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection 43 shall be in full effect and the director shall not assess deficiencies 44 for uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax and shall not assess 45 penalties or interest for sales made during the period the seller was 46 not registered in this State so long as the seller continues 47 registration and continues collection and remittance of applicable 48 sales or use taxes for a period of at least 36 months: provided

1 however that the director may make such assessments by reason of 2 the seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact. 3 The statutes of limitations applicable to asserting tax liabilities, 4 deficiencies, penalties and interest are tolled for this 36 month 5 period. 6 (6) The "amnesty" granted pursuant to paragraph (1) of this 7 subsection shall apply only to sales or use taxes due from a seller in 8 its capacity as a seller and shall not apply to sales or use taxes due 9 from a seller in its capacity as a buyer. 10 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.16) 11 12 16. (New section) a. Receipts from sales of coin-operated 13 telephone service are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales 14 and Use Tax Act," P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.). 15 b. For purposes of this section: 16 "Coin-operated telephone service" means a telecommunications 17 service paid for by inserting money into a telephone accepting 18 direct deposits of money to operate. 19 20 17. (New section) Receipts from telecommunications services 21 provided by a person, or by that person's wholly owned subsidiary, 22 not engaged in the business of rendering or offering 23 telecommunications services to the public, for private and exclusive 24 use within its organization, are exempt from the tax imposed under 25 the Sales and Use Tax Act; provided however, that the exemption 26 provided by this section shall not apply to sales of 27 telecommunications services attributable to the excess unused telecommunications capacity of that person to another. 28 29 30 18. a. Section 27 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.2) and section 31 1 of P.L.2006, c.41 (C.54:32G-1) are repealed. 32 b. Notwithstanding the repeal of section 1 of P.L.2006, c.41, 33 the repeal shall not affect any obligation, lien, or duty to pay taxes, 34 interest or penalties which have accrued or may accrue by virtue of 35 any taxes imposed pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2006, c.41 or 36 which may be imposed with respect to any redetermination, 37 correction, recomputation, or deficiency assessment; and provided 38 that all taxes and returns which would be due and payable prior to the effective date of P.L. 39 , c. (C.) (pending before the 40 Legislature as this bill) shall be due and payable as if P.L.2006, 41 c.41 were in effect; and provided that this repeal shall not affect the 42 legal authority of the State to audit records and assess and collect 43 taxes due or which may be due, together with such interest and 44 penalties as have accrued or would have accrued thereon under the 45 provisions of the law repealed; and provided that the repeal by 46 subsection a. of this section, shall not affect any determination of, 47 or affect any proceeding for, the enforcement thereof.

19. This act shall take effect immediately; provided however,
 that sections 1 through 18 shall remain inoperative until January 1,
 2009.

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STATEMENT

7 This bill revises the State's sales and use tax to conform with 8 various provisions of the multi-state Streamlined Sales and Use Tax 9 Agreement (SSUTA). Specifically, the bill incorporates a series of 10 technical and substantive changes to the SSUTA which have been 11 adopted by the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board since the 12 State first entered the agreement in 2005. The changes are intended simplify and modernize the State's tax collection and 13 to 14 administrative procedures, and to ensure New Jersey remains 15 compliant with the provisions of the SSUTA.

16 Since 2005, the SSUTA has reorganized and elaborated the 17 taxation of telecommunications; compliance requires New Jersey to 18 reorganize and replace its current definitions of telecommunications 19 with the defined terms provided under the agreement. This bill 20 allows the State to maintain compliance by: (1) replacing the 21 current "telecommunications" term with a more specific, narrowly 22 focused definition of "telecommunications service;" (2) redefining 23 "intrastate, interstate, and international telecommunications;" (3) 24 revising pre-paid calling and mobile telecommunications; and (4) 25 incorporating "ancillary service," "directory assistance," "detailed 26 telecommunications billing service" and "voice mail service" into 27 the statutes of defined terms.

The reorganization of telecommunications definitions requires the elimination of current explicit language imposing taxation on mobile telecommunications and certain prepaid calling services, and requires the explicit imposition of tax on telephone answering and radio subscription services. These changes do not extend the base of the sales and use tax to new services or omit previously taxed telecommunications from coverage.

35 Similarly, the reorganization of telecommunications definitions 36 requires the State to: (1) adopt the SSUTA telecommunications 37 bundled transaction administrative rule for unbundling the taxable 38 and nontaxable components of a sale of mixed telecommunications 39 services that relies on the service providers internal records; (2) 40 clarify the imposition of the use tax on radio subscription services; 41 and (3) reorganize the telecommunications definition that requires 42 the deletion of a use tax measurement rule for prepaid calling 43 services which is currently taxed separately from 44 telecommunications.

Beyond telecommunications, the changes to the definition of
"sales price" reflect another reorganization in the SSUTA
definitions, but essentially codify the policy on the effect of
coupons and rebates that has been used under the State's sales tax

for the last 20 years. Additionally, the changes to the direct mail
 definitions allow the maintenance of the New Jersey taxation of
 mail processing services in compliance with SSUTA definitions.

Another SSUTA reorganizational change that requires a
corresponding New Jersey change is the elimination of a "nondistinction" between solid and liquid food.

For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions concerning
the medical products exemption, the bill narrows a broad limitation
currently affecting all medical equipment to affect only certain
medical supplies, while limiting the exemption for mobility
enhancing equipment to that sold by prescription.

For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions, the bill provides a full sales and use tax exemption for receipts from coinpaid sales of telecommunications service using pay phones. The bill expands the current exemption, which only provides an exemption for coin-operated calls at the local calling rate (coin-paid longdistance phone calls are currently subject to tax).

For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions, the bill repeals the 6 percent gross receipts tax on retail sales of fur clothing, imposed under the provisions of P.L.2006, c.41 (C.54:32G-1), and imposes the 7 percent sales tax on sales of "fur clothing" as defined by the SSUTA.

For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions, the billrepeals the multiple points of use (MPU) exemption.

25 In addition, this bill revises the State's sales and use tax to make 26 technical clarifications to the research and development exemption 27 to explicitly include as exempt the receipts from sales of digital 28 property, and to the business prewritten software exemption to 29 delete contradictory language about prewritten computer software 30 delivered electronically. Technical clarifications under the bill also 31 include a provision extending the length of time during which tax 32 records must be maintained under the sales and use tax, and an 33 additional reference stipulating the process of providing returns for 34 initiation and membership fees and dues as well as storing or 35 garaging motor vehicles.

36 Further changes to the State's sales and use tax under the bill 37 include a provision to make explicit the "purchase for resale" exemption for purchases of telecommunications services for use as 38 39 a component part of telecommunications services provided to a 40 final end user, and the insertion of additional language reinstating an exemption for the "in house" use of telecommunications services 41 42 provided by a user not in the business of providing 43 telecommunications to the public or by the user's subsidiary. 44

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47 Revises sales and use tax to conform with Streamlined Sales and48 Use Tax Agreement.

[Corrected Copy]

ASSEMBLY, No. 3111 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 15, 2008

Sponsored by: Assemblyman LOUIS D. GREENWALD District 6 (Camden) Assemblywoman NELLIE POU District 35 (Bergen and Passaic) Assemblyman UPENDRA J. CHIVUKULA District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Sarlo

SYNOPSIS

Revises sales and use tax to conform with Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 12/16/2008)

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1 AN ACT revising the sales and use tax to conform with the 2 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, amending P.L.2005, 3 c.126, P.L.1980, c.105, and P.L.1985, c.24, amending and 4 supplementing P.L.1966, c.30, and repealing section 27 of 5 P.L.2005, c.126 and section 1 of P.L.2006, c.41. 6 7 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 8 of New Jersey: 9 10 1. Section 2 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-2) is amended to read 11 as follows: 12 2. Unless the context in which they occur requires otherwise, the following terms when used in this act shall mean: 13 (a) "Person" includes an individual, trust, partnership, limited 14 15 partnership, limited liability company, society, association, joint stock company, corporation, public corporation or public authority, 16 17 estate, receiver, trustee, assignee, referee, fiduciary and any other 18 legal entity. 19 (b) "Purchase at retail" means a purchase by any person at a 20 retail sale. 21 (c) "Purchaser" means a person to whom a sale of personal 22 property is made or to whom a service is furnished. 23 (d) "Receipt" means the amount of the sales price of any 24 tangible personal property or digital property or service taxable 25 under this act. 26 (e) "Retail sale" means any sale, lease, or rental for any purpose, 27 other than for resale, sublease, or subrent. (1) For the purposes of this act a sale is for "resale, sublease, or 28 29 subrent" if it is a sale (A) for resale either as such or as converted 30 into or as a component part of a product produced for sale by the 31 purchaser, including the conversion of natural gas into another 32 intermediate or end product, other than electricity or thermal 33 energy, produced for sale by the purchaser, [or] (B) for use by that person in performing the services subject to tax under subsection 34 35 (b) of section 3 where the property so sold becomes a physical component part of the property upon which the services are 36 37 performed or where the property so sold is later actually transferred 38 to the purchaser of the service in conjunction with the performance 39 of the service subject to tax, or (C) of telecommunications service 40 to a telecommunications service provider for use as a component 41 part of telecommunications service provided to an ultimate 42 customer. 43 (2) For the purposes of this act, the term "retail sale" includes:

44 sales of tangible personal property to all contractors, subcontractors

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 structures for others, or building on, or otherwise improving, 2 altering, or repairing real property of others. 3 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.126). (4) The term "retail sale" does not include: 4 5 (A) Professional, insurance, or personal service transactions 6 which involve the transfer of tangible personal property as an 7 inconsequential element, for which no separate charges are made. (B) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation, 8 9 solely in consideration for the issuance of its stock, pursuant to a 10 merger or consolidation effected under the laws of New Jersey or 11 any other jurisdiction. 12 (C) The distribution of property by a corporation to its stockholders as a liquidating dividend. 13 14 (D) The distribution of property by a partnership to its partners in whole or partial liquidation. 15 16 (E) The transfer of property to a corporation upon its 17 organization in consideration for the issuance of its stock. 18 (F) The contribution of property to a partnership in 19 consideration for a partnership interest therein. 20 (G) The sale of tangible personal property where the purpose of the vendee is to hold the thing transferred as security for the 21 22 performance of an obligation of the seller. 23 (f) "Sale, selling or purchase" means any transfer of title or 24 possession or both, exchange or barter, rental, lease or license to 25 use or consume, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any 26 means whatsoever for a consideration, or any agreement therefor, 27 including the rendering of any service, taxable under this act, for a 28 consideration or any agreement therefor. 29 (g) "Tangible personal property" means personal property that 30 can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any 31 other manner perceptible to the senses. "Tangible personal 32 property" includes electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten 33 computer software including prewritten computer software 34 delivered electronically. 35 (h) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible 36 personal property, digital property, services to property, or services 37 by the purchaser thereof and includes, but is not limited to, the 38 receiving, storage or any keeping or retention for any length of 39 time, withdrawal from storage, any distribution, any installation, 40 any affixation to real or personal property, or any consumption of 41 such property. Use also includes the exercise of any right or power 42 over intrastate or interstate telecommunications and prepaid calling services. Use also includes the exercise of any right or power over 43 44 utility service. Use also includes the derivation of a direct or 45 indirect benefit from a service. 46 (i) "Seller" means a person making sales, leases or rentals of 47 personal property or services. 48 (1) The term "seller" includes:

(A) A person making sales, leases or rentals of tangible personal
 property, digital property or services, the receipts from which are
 taxed by this act;

(B) A person maintaining a place of business in the State or
having an agent maintaining a place of business in the State and
making sales, whether at such place of business or elsewhere, to
persons within the State of tangible personal property, digital
property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act;

9 (C) A person who solicits business either by employees, 10 independent contractors, agents or other representatives or by 11 distribution of catalogs or other advertising matter and by reason 12 thereof makes sales to persons within the State of tangible personal 13 property, digital property or services, the use of which is taxed by 14 this act;

(D) Any other person making sales to persons within the State of
tangible personal property, digital property or services, the use of
which is taxed by this act, who may be authorized by the director to
collect the tax imposed by this act;

(E) The State of New Jersey, any of its agencies,
instrumentalities, public authorities, public corporations (including
a public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with
another state) or political subdivisions when such entity sells
services or property of a kind ordinarily sold by private persons;

24 (F) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.126);

25 (G) A person who sells, stores, delivers or transports energy to
26 users or customers in this State whether by mains, lines or pipes
27 located within this State or by any other means of delivery;

(H) A person engaged in collecting charges in the nature of
initiation fees, membership fees or dues for access to or use of the
property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or
shopping club or organization; and

32 (I) A person engaged in the business of parking, storing or33 garaging motor vehicles.

34 (2) In addition, when in the opinion of the director it is 35 necessary for the efficient administration of this act to treat any 36 salesman, representative, peddler or canvasser as the agent of the 37 seller, distributor, supervisor or employer under whom the agent 38 operates or from whom the agent obtains tangible personal property 39 or digital property sold by the agent or for whom the agent solicits 40 business, the director may, in the director's discretion, treat such 41 agent as the seller jointly responsible with the agent's principal, 42 distributor, supervisor or employer for the collection and payment 43 over of the tax. A person is an agent of a seller in all cases, but not 44 limited to such cases, that: (A) the person and the seller have the 45 relationship of a "related person" described pursuant to section 2 of 46 P.L.1993, c.170 (C.54:10A-5.5); and (B) the seller and the person 47 use an identical or substantially similar name, tradename, 48 trademark, or goodwill, to develop, promote, or maintain sales, or

1 the person and the seller pay for each other's services in whole or in 2 part contingent upon the volume or value of sales, or the person and 3 the seller share a common business plan or substantially coordinate 4 their business plans, or the person provides services to, or that inure 5 to the benefit of, the seller related to developing, promoting, or 6 maintaining the seller's market.

7 (j) "Hotel" means a building or portion of it which is regularly 8 used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests. The term 9 "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel, boarding house or 10 club, whether or not meals are served.

11 (k) "Occupancy" means the use or possession or the right to the 12 use or possession, of any room in a hotel.

13 (l) "Occupant" means a person who, for a consideration, uses, 14 possesses, or has the right to use or possess, any room in a hotel 15 under any lease, concession, permit, right of access, license to use 16 or other agreement, or otherwise.

17 (m) "Permanent resident" means any occupant of any room or rooms in a hotel for at least 90 consecutive days shall be considered 18 19 a permanent resident with regard to the period of such occupancy.

20 (n) "Room" means any room or rooms of any kind in any part or 21 portion of a hotel, which is available for or let out for any purpose 22 other than a place of assembly.

23 (o) "Admission charge" means the amount paid for admission, 24 including any service charge and any charge for entertainment or 25 amusement or for the use of facilities therefor.

26 (p) "Amusement charge" means any admission charge, dues or 27 charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.

28 (q) "Charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place" 29 means any charge made for admission, refreshment, service, or 30 merchandise at a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.

31 (r) "Dramatic or musical arts admission charge" means any 32 admission charge paid for admission to a theater, opera house, 33 concert hall or other hall or place of assembly for a live, dramatic, 34 choreographic or musical performance.

35 (s) "Lessor" means any person who is the owner, licensee, or lessee of any premises, tangible personal property or digital 36 37 property which the person leases, subleases, or grants a license to 38 use to other persons.

39 (t) "Place of amusement" means any place where any facilities 40 for entertainment, amusement, or sports are provided.

41 (u) "Casual sale" means an isolated or occasional sale of an item 42 of tangible personal property or digital property by a person who is not regularly engaged in the business of making retail sales of such 43 44 property where the item was obtained by the person making the 45 sale, through purchase or otherwise, for the person's own use.

46 (v) "Motor vehicle" includes all vehicles propelled otherwise 47 than by muscular power (excepting such vehicles as run only upon 48 rails or tracks), trailers, semitrailers, house trailers, or any other

type of vehicle drawn by a motor-driven vehicle, and motorcycles,
 designed for operation on the public highways.

(w) "Persons required to collect tax" or "persons required to 3 collect any tax imposed by this act" includes: every seller of 4 5 tangible personal property, digital property or services; every 6 recipient of amusement charges; every operator of a hotel; every 7 seller of <u>a</u> telecommunications <u>service</u>; every recipient of initiation 8 fees, membership fees or dues for access to or use of the property or 9 facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or shopping club 10 or organization; and every recipient of charges for parking, storing 11 or garaging a motor vehicle. Said terms shall also include any 12 officer or employee of a corporation or of a dissolved corporation who as such officer or employee is under a duty to act for such 13 14 corporation in complying with any requirement of this act and any 15 member of a partnership.

16 (x) "Customer" includes: every purchaser of tangible personal 17 property, digital property or services; every patron paying or liable 18 for the payment of any amusement charge; every occupant of a 19 room or rooms in a hotel; every person paying charges in the nature 20 of initiation fees, membership fees or dues for access to or use of 21 the property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or 22 shopping club or organization; and every purchaser of parking, 23 storage or garaging a motor vehicle.

24 (y) "Property and services the use of which is subject to tax" 25 includes: (1) all property sold to a person within the State, whether 26 or not the sale is made within the State, the use of which property is 27 subject to tax under section 6 or will become subject to tax when 28 such property is received by or comes into the possession or control 29 of such person within the State; (2) all services rendered to a person 30 within the State, whether or not such services are performed within 31 the State, upon tangible personal property or digital property the use 32 of which is subject to tax under section 6 or will become subject to 33 tax when such property is distributed within the State or is received 34 by or comes into possession or control of such person within the interstate, or international 35 State; (3) intrastate or • 36 telecommunications sourced to this State pursuant to section 29 of 37 P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.4); (4) (Deleted by amendment, 38 P.L.1995, c.184); (5) energy sold, exchanged or delivered in this 39 State for use in this State; (6) utility service sold, exchanged or 40 delivered in this State for use in this State; (7) [direct] mail 41 processing services in connection with [direct mail] printed advertising material distributed in this State; (8) (Deleted by 42 43 amendment, P.L.2005, c.126); and (9) services the benefit of which 44 are received in this State.

(z) "Director " means the Director of the Division of Taxation of
the State Department of the Treasury, or any officer, employee or
agency of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the
Treasury duly authorized by the director (directly, or indirectly by

one or more redelegations of authority) to perform the functions
 mentioned or described in this act.

3 (aa) "Lease or rental" means any transfer of possession or control
4 of tangible personal property for a fixed or indeterminate term for
5 consideration. A "lease or rental" may include future options to
6 purchase or extend.

(1) "Lease or rental" does not include:

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8 (A) A transfer of possession or control of property under a 9 security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the 10 transfer of title upon completion of the required payments;

(B) A transfer of possession or control of property under an
agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of
required payments and payment of an option price does not exceed
the greater of \$100 or one percent of the total required payments; or

15 (C) Providing tangible personal property or digital property 16 along with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. 17 A condition of this exclusion is that the operator is necessary for the 18 equipment to perform as designed. For the purpose of this 19 subparagraph, an operator must do more than maintain, inspect, or 20 set-up the tangible personal property or digital property.

(2) "Lease or rental" does include agreements covering motor
vehicles and trailers where the amount of consideration may be
increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized upon
sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C.
s.7701(h)(1).

(3) The definition of "lease or rental" provided in this subsection
shall be used for the purposes of this act regardless of whether a
transaction is characterized as a lease or rental under generally
accepted accounting principles, the federal Internal Revenue Code
or other provisions of federal, state or local law.

31 (bb) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.126).

(cc) "Telecommunications service" means the [act or privilege 32 33 of originating or receiving messages or information through the use 34 of any kind of one-way or two-way communication; including but 35 not limited to voice, video, facsimile, teletypewriter, computer, mobile telecommunications service or any other type of 36 37 communication; using electronic or electromagnetic methods, and 38 all services and equipment provided in connection therewith or by 39 means thereof] electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of 40 voice, data, audio, video, or any other information or signals to a 41 point, or between or among points.

42 <u>"Telecommunications service" shall include such transmission,</u>
43 <u>conveyance, or routing in which computer processing applications</u>
44 <u>are used to act on the form, code, or protocol of the content for</u>
45 <u>purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing without regard to</u>
46 <u>whether such service is referred to as voice over Internet protocol</u>
47 <u>services or is classified by the Federal Communications</u>
48 <u>Commission as enhanced or value added.</u>

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1 "Telecommunications service" shall not include: 2 (1) [one-way radio or television broadcasting transmissions available universally to the general public without a fee [(Deleted 3 by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 4 5 <u>bill);</u> 6 (2) [purchases of telecommunications by a telecommunications 7 provider for use as a component part of telecommunications 8 provided to an ultimate retail consumer who (A) originates or 9 terminates the taxable end-to-end communications or (B) pays 10 charges exempt from taxation pursuant to paragraph (5) of this 11 subsection (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before 12 the Legislature as this bill); 13 (3) [services provided by a person, or by that person's wholly 14 owned subsidiary, not engaged in the business of rendering or 15 offering telecommunications services to the public, for private and exclusive use within its organization, provided however, that 16 17 "telecommunications" shall include the sale of telecommunications 18 services attributable to the excess unused telecommunications 19 capacity of that person to another [(Deleted by amendment, P.L., 20 c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); 21 (4) [charges in the nature of subscription fees paid by 22 subscribers for cable television service (Deleted by amendment, 23 P.L. , c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); 24 (5) [charges subject to the local calling rate paid by inserting 25 coins into a coin operated telecommunications device available to 26 the public (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before 27 the Legislature as this bill); [and] 28 (6) [purchases of telecommunications using a prepaid calling 29 service (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the 30 Legislature as this bill); 31 (7) data processing and information services that allow data to be 32 generated, acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by 33 an electronic transmission to a purchaser where such purchaser's 34 primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data 35 or information; 36 (8) installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a 37 customer's premises; 38 (9) tangible personal property; 39 (10) advertising, including but not limited to directory 40 advertising; 41 (11) billing and collection services provided to third parties; 42 (12) internet access service; 43 (13) radio and television audio and video programming services, 44 regardless of the medium, including the furnishing of transmission, conveyance, and routing of such services by the programming 45 46 service provider. Radio and television audio and video 47 programming services shall include but not be limited to cable

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1 service as defined in section 47 U.S.C. s.522(6) and audio and video 2 programming services delivered by commercial mobile radio 3 service providers, as defined in section 47 C.F.R. 20.3; 4 (14) ancillary services; or 5 (15) digital products delivered electronically, including but not 6 limited to software, music, video, reading materials, or ringtones. 7 For the purposes of this subsection: 8 "ancillary service" means a service that is associated with or 9 incidental to the provision of telecommunications services, 10 including but not limited to detailed telecommunications billing, 11 directory assistance, vertical service, and voice mail service; 12 "conference bridging service" means an ancillary service that links two or more participants of an audio or video conference call 13 14 and may include the provision of a telephone number. Conference 15 bridging service does not include the telecommunications services 16 used to reach the conference bridge; 17 "detailed telecommunications billing service" means an ancillary 18 service of separately stating information pertaining to individual 19 calls on a customer's billing statement; "directory assistance" means an ancillary service of providing 20 telephone number information or address information or both; 21 "vertical service" means an ancillary service that is offered in 22 23 connection with one or more telecommunications services, which 24 offers advanced calling features that allow customers to identify 25 callers and to manage multiple calls and call connections, including 26 conference bridging services; and 27 "voice mail service" means an ancillary service that enables the 28 customer to store, send, or receive recorded messages. Voice mail service does not include any vertical service that a customer may be 29 30 required to have to utilize the voice mail service. (1) "Intrastate telecommunications" means 31 (dd) а 32 telecommunications service that originates in one United States 33 state or a United States territory or possession or federal district, 34 and terminates in the same United States state or United States 35 territory or possession or federal district. 36 (2) "Interstate [telecommunication] telecommunications" means [any] <u>a</u> [telecommunication] <u>telecommunications service</u> that 37 38 originates in one United States state or a United States territory or 39 possession or federal district, and [or] terminates [inside this State, including international telecommunication. In the case of mobile 40 41 telecommunications service, "interstate telecommunication" means 42 any mobile telecommunications service that originates in one state 43 and terminates in another state, territory, or foreign country that is 44 provided to a customer with a place of primary use in this State] in a different United States state or United States territory or 45 possession or federal district. 46 47 (3) "International telecommunications" means a 48 telecommunications service that originates or terminates in the 10

1 United States and terminates or originates outside the United States, 2 respectively. "United States" includes the District of Columbia or a 3 United States territory or possession. 4 ["Intrastate telecommunication" (ee) means any 5 telecommunication that originates and terminates within this State. 6 In the case of mobile telecommunications service, "intrastate 7 telecommunication" means any mobile telecommunications service 8 that originates and terminates within the same state that is provided 9 to a customer with a place of primary use in this State. (Deleted by 10 amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 11 bill) 12 (ff) "Natural gas" means any gaseous fuel distributed through a 13 pipeline system. 14 (gg) "Energy" means natural gas or electricity. (hh) "Utility service" means the transportation or transmission of 15 16 natural gas or electricity by means of mains, wires, lines or pipes, to 17 users or customers. 18 (ii) "Self-generation unit" means a facility located on the user's 19 property, or on property purchased or leased from the user by the 20 person owning the self-generation unit and such property is 21 contiguous to the user's property, which generates electricity to be 22 used only by that user on the user's property and is not transported to the user over wires that cross a property line or public 23 24 thoroughfare unless the property line or public thoroughfare merely 25 bifurcates the user's or self-generation unit owner's otherwise 26 contiguous property. (jj) "Co-generation facility" means a facility the primary purpose 27 28 of which is the sequential production of electricity and steam or 29 other forms of useful energy which are used for industrial or 30 commercial heating or cooling purposes and which is designated by 31 the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or its successor, as a 32 "qualifying facility" pursuant to the provisions of the "Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978," Pub.L.95-617. 33 34 (kk) "Non-utility" means a company engaged in the sale, 35 exchange or transfer of natural gas that was not subject to the 36 provisions of P.L.1940, c.5 (C.54:30A-49 et seq.) prior to 37 December 31, 1997. 38 (ll) "Pre-paid calling service" means the right to [purchase] 39 access exclusively telecommunications services, [that must] which shall be paid for in advance [, that] and which enables the 40 41 origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, 42 whether manually or electronically dialed ;provided, that the 43 remaining amount of units of service that have been pre-paid shall 44 be known by the service provider on a continuous basis], and that 45 is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number

46 <u>declines with use in a known amount</u>.

(mm) "Mobile telecommunications service" [means commercial

mobile radio service, as defined in section 20.3 of title 47 of the

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Code of Federal Regulations as in effect on June 1, 1999] means 3 the same as that term is defined in the federal "Mobile 4 Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124 (Pub.L.106-5 6 252). 7 (nn) ["Place of primary use" means the street address 8 representative of where the customer's use of the mobile 9 telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the 10 residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer and within the licensed service area of the home 11 service provider. For the purposes of determining the primary place 12 13 of use, the terms used shall have the meanings provided pursuant to 14 the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124 (Pub.L.106-252). (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) 15 16 (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 17 (oo) (1)"Sales price" is the measure subject to sales tax and 18 means the total amount of consideration, including cash, credit, 19 property, and services, for which personal property or services are 20 sold, leased, or rented, valued in money, whether received in money 21 or otherwise, without any deduction for the following: 22 (A) The seller's cost of the property sold; 23 (B) The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, 24 losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on 25 the seller, and any other expense of the seller; 26 (C) Charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete 27 the sale; 28 (D) Delivery charges; 29 (E) Installation charges; and 30 (F) The value of exempt personal property given to the purchaser where taxable and exempt personal property have been 31 32 bundled together and sold by the seller as a single product or piece of merchandise] (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c.) (pending 33 34 before the Legislature as this bill). 35 (2) "Sales price" does not include: 36 (A) Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons that are not 37 reimbursed by a third party, that are allowed by a seller and taken 38 by a purchaser on a sale; 39 (B) Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit 40 extended on the sale of personal property or services, if the amount

41 is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document
42 given to the purchaser;
42 (2) the purchaser is a state of the purchaser is a state of the purchaser is a state of the purchaser.

43 (C) Any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that are
44 separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document
45 given to the purchaser;

46 (D) The amount of sales price for which food stamps have been47 properly tendered in full or part payment pursuant to the federal

1 Food Stamp Act of 1977, Pub.L. 95-113 (7 U.S.C. s.2011 et seq.); 2 or 3 (E) Credit for any trade-in of property of the same kind accepted 4 in part payment and intended for resale if the amount is separately 5 stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the 6 purchaser. 7 (3) "Sales price" includes consideration received by the seller 8 from third parties if: 9 (A) The seller actually receives consideration from a party other 10 than the purchaser and the consideration is directly related to a price 11 reduction or discount on the sale; 12 (B) The seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or 13 discount through to the purchaser; 14 (C) The amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is 15 fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of the sale of the 16 item to the purchaser; and 17 (D) One of the following criteria is met: 18 (i) the purchaser presents a coupon, certificate, or other 19 documentation to the seller to claim a price reduction or discount 20 where the coupon, certificate, or documentation is authorized, 21 distributed, or granted by a third party with the understanding that 22 the third party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon, 23 certificate, or documentation is presented; 24 (ii) the purchaser identifies himself to the seller as a member of a 25 group or organization entitled to a price reduction or discount; 26 provided however, that a preferred customer card that is available to 27 any patron does not constitute membership in such a group; or (iii) the price reduction or discount is identified as a third party 28 29 price reduction or discount on the invoice received by the purchaser 30 or on a coupon, certificate, or other documentation presented by the 31 purchaser. 32 (4) In the case of a bundled transaction that includes a telecommunication service, an ancillary service, internet access, or 33 34 an audio or video programming service, if the price is attributable to 35 products that are taxable and products that are nontaxable, the 36 portion of the price attributable to the nontaxable products is 37 subject to tax unless the provider can identify by reasonable and 38 verifiable standards such portion from its books and records that are 39 kept in the regular course of business for other purposes, including 40 non-tax purposes. 41 (pp) "Purchase price" means the measure subject to use tax and 42 has the same meaning as "sales price." 43 (qq) "Sales tax" means the tax imposed on certain transactions 44 pursuant to the provisions of the "Sales and Use Tax Act," 45 P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.). (rr) "Delivery charges" means charges by the seller for 46 47 preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser 48 of personal property or services including, but not limited to,

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1 transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and packing. If 2 a shipment includes both exempt and taxable property, the seller 3 should allocate the delivery charge by using: (1) a percentage based 4 on the total sales price of the taxable property compared to the total 5 sales price of all property in the shipment; or (2) a percentage based 6 on the total weight of the taxable property compared to the total 7 weight of all property in the shipment. The seller shall tax the 8 percentage of the delivery charge allocated to the taxable property 9 but is not required to tax the percentage allocated to the exempt 10 property.

11 (ss) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed 12 by United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to addresses on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the 13 14 direction of the purchaser in cases in which the cost of the items are 15 not billed directly to the recipients. "Direct mail" includes tangible 16 personal property or digital property supplied directly or indirectly 17 by the purchaser to the direct mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed material. "Direct mail" does not 18 19 include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single 20 address.

(tt) "Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement" means the
agreement entered into as governed and authorized by the "Uniform
Sales and Use Tax Administration Act," P.L.2001, c.431
(C.54:32B-44 et seq.).

(uu) "Alcoholic beverages" means beverages that are suitable for
human consumption and contain one-half of one percent or more of
alcohol by volume.

(vv) "Digital property" means electronically delivered music, ringtones, movies, books, audio and video works and similar products, where the customer is granted a right or license to use, retain or make a copy of such item. Digital property does not include video programming services, including video on demand television services, and broadcasting services, including content to provide such services.

(ww) "Landscaping services" means services that result in a
capital improvement to land other than structures of any kind
whatsoever, such as: seeding, sodding or grass plugging of new
lawns; planting trees, shrubs, hedges, plants; and clearing and
filling land.

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(xx) "Investigation and security services" means:

41 (1) investigation and detective services, including detective
42 agencies and private investigators, and fingerprint, polygraph
43 missing person tracing and skip tracing services;

44 (2) security guard and patrol services, including bodyguard and
 45 personal protection, guard dog, guard, patrol, and security services;

46 (3) armored car services; and

47 (4) security systems services, including security, burglar, and48 fire alarm installation, repair or monitoring services.

(yy) "Information services" means the furnishing of information

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2 of any kind, which has been collected, compiled, or analyzed by the 3 seller, and provided through any means or method, other than 4 personal or individual information which is not incorporated into 5 reports furnished to other people. 6 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.1) 7 8 2. Section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) is amended to read 9 as follows: 10 3. There is imposed and there shall be paid a tax of 7% upon: 11 (a) The receipts from every retail sale of tangible personal 12 property or digital property, except as otherwise provided in this 13 act. 14 (b) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of the 15 following services: 16 (1) Producing, fabricating, processing, printing or imprinting 17 tangible personal property or digital property, performed for a 18 person who directly or indirectly furnishes the tangible personal 19 property or digital property, not purchased by him for resale, upon 20 which such services are performed. 21 (2) Installing tangible personal property or digital property, or 22 maintaining, servicing, repairing tangible personal property or 23 digital property not held for sale in the regular course of business, 24 whether or not the services are performed directly or by means of 25 coin-operated equipment or by any other means, and whether or not 26 any tangible personal property or digital property is transferred in 27 conjunction therewith, except (i) such services rendered by an 28 individual who is engaged directly by a private homeowner or 29 lessee in or about his residence and who is not in a regular trade or 30 business offering his services to the public, (ii) such services 31 rendered with respect to personal property exempt from taxation 32 hereunder pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.1), 33 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1990, c.40), (iv) any receipts from 34 laundering, dry cleaning, tailoring, weaving, or pressing clothing, 35 and shoe repairing and shoeshining and (v) services rendered in 36 installing property which, when installed, will constitute an addition 37 or capital improvement to real property, property or land, other than 38 landscaping services and other than installing carpeting and other 39 flooring. 40 (3) Storing all tangible personal property not held for sale in the 41 regular course of business; the rental of safe deposit boxes or 42 similar space; and the furnishing of space for storage of tangible 43 personal property by a person engaged in the business of furnishing 44 space for such storage. 45 "Space for storage" means secure areas, such as rooms, units, 46 compartments or containers, whether accessible from outside or 47 from within a building, that are designated for the use of a customer and wherein the customer has free access within reasonable 48

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business hours, or upon reasonable notice to the furnisher of space
 for storage, to store and retrieve property. Space for storage shall
 not include the lease or rental of an entire building, such as a
 warehouse or airplane hanger.

5 (4) Maintaining, servicing or repairing real property, other than 6 a residential heating system unit serving not more than three 7 families living independently of each other and doing their cooking 8 on the premises, whether the services are performed in or outside of 9 a building, as distinguished from adding to or improving such real 10 property by a capital improvement, but excluding services rendered 11 by an individual who is not in a regular trade or business offering 12 his services to the public, and excluding garbage removal and sewer 13 services performed on a regular contractual basis for a term not less 14 than 30 days.

(5) [Direct-mail] <u>Mail</u> processing services <u>for printed</u>
<u>advertising material</u>, except for [direct-mail] <u>mail</u> processing
services in connection with distribution of [direct mail] <u>printed</u>
<u>advertising material</u> to out-of-State recipients.

(6) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.184).

20 (7) Utility service provided to persons in this State, any right or21 power over which is exercised in this State.

(8) Tanning services, including the application of a temporarytan provided by any means.

24 (9) Massage, bodywork or somatic services, except such25 services provided pursuant to a doctor's prescription.

26 (10) Tattooing, including all permanent body art and permanent27 cosmetic make-up applications.

28 (11) Investigation and security services.

29 (12) Information services.

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30 (13) Transportation services originating in this State and
31 provided by a limousine operator, as permitted by law, except such
32 services provided in connection with funeral services.

33 (14) Telephone answering services.

34 (15) Radio subscription services.

Wages, salaries and other compensation paid by an employer to an employee for performing as an employee the services described in this subsection are not receipts subject to the taxes imposed under this subsection (b).

39 Services otherwise taxable under paragraph (1) or (2) of this 40 subsection (b) are not subject to the taxes imposed under this 41 subsection, where the tangible personal property or digital property 42 upon which the services were performed is delivered to the 43 purchaser outside this State for use outside this State.

(c) (1) Receipts from the sale of prepared food in or by
restaurants, taverns, or other establishments in this State, or by
caterers, including in the amount of such receipts any cover,
minimum, entertainment or other charge made to patrons or
customers, except for meals especially prepared for and delivered to

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1 homebound elderly, age 60 or older, and to disabled persons, or 2 meals prepared and served at a group-sitting at a location outside of 3 the home to otherwise homebound elderly persons, age 60 or older, 4 and otherwise homebound disabled persons, as all or part of any 5 food service project funded in whole or in part by government or as 6 part of a private, nonprofit food service project available to all such 7 elderly or disabled persons residing within an area of service 8 designated by the private nonprofit organization; and

9 (2) Receipts from sales of food and beverages sold through 10 vending machines, at the wholesale price of such sale, which shall 11 be defined as 70% of the retail vending machine selling price, 12 except sales of milk, which shall not be taxed. Nothing herein 13 contained shall affect other sales through coin-operated vending 14 machines taxable pursuant to subsection (a) above or the exemption 15 thereto provided by section 21 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.9).

16 The tax imposed by this subsection (c) shall not apply to food or 17 drink which is sold to an airline for consumption while in flight.

(3) For the purposes of this subsection:

19 "Food and beverages sold through vending machines" means
20 food and beverages dispensed from a machine or other mechanical
21 device that accepts payment; and

22 "Prepared food" means:

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(i) A. food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller; or

B. two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single item, but not including food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration in Chapter 3, part 401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne illnesses; or

C. food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller,
including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or
straws. A plate does not include a container or packaging used to
transport the food;

35 provided however, that

36 (ii) "prepared food" does not include the following sold without37 eating utensils:

A. food sold by a seller whose proper primary NAICS
classification is manufacturing in section 311, except subsector
3118 (bakeries);

B. food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as asingle item; or

C. bakery items, including bread, rolls, buns, biscuits, bagels,
croissants, pastries, donuts, danish, cakes, tortes, pies, tarts,
muffins, bars, cookies, and tortillas.

46 (d) The rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a hotel
47 in this State, except that the tax shall not be imposed upon a
48 permanent resident.

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1 (e) (1) Any admission charge to or for the use of any place of 2 amusement in the State, including charges for admission to race 3 tracks, baseball, football, basketball or exhibitions, dramatic or 4 musical arts performances, motion picture theaters, except charges 5 for admission to boxing, wrestling, kick boxing or combative sports 6 exhibitions, events, performances or contests which charges are 7 taxed under any other law of this State or under section 20 of 8 P.L.1985, c.83 (C.5:2A-20), and, except charges to a patron for 9 admission to, or use of, facilities for sporting activities in which 10 such patron is to be a participant, such as bowling alleys and 11 swimming pools. For any person having the permanent use or 12 possession of a box or seat or lease or a license, other than a season ticket, for the use of a box or seat at a place of amusement, the tax 13 14 shall be upon the amount for which a similar box or seat is sold for 15 each performance or exhibition at which the box or seat is used or 16 reserved by the holder, licensee or lessee, and shall be paid by the 17 holder, licensee or lessee.

(2) The amount paid as charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other
similar place in this State, to the extent that a tax upon such charges
has not been paid pursuant to subsection (c) hereof.

(f) (1) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of
intrastate, [or] interstate, or international telecommunications
services and ancillary services sourced to this State in accordance
with section 29 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.4).

25 (2) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of intrastate 26 or interstate mobile telecommunications services billed by or for a 27 customer's home service provider and provided to a customer with a 28 place of primary use in this State. The provisions and definitions of 29 the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. 30 ss.116-126 (Pub.L.106-252), are applicable herein.](Deleted by 31 amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 32 bill)

33 (g) [The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of prepaid
34 calling service and the recharge of prepaid calling service.]
35 (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the
36 Legislature as this bill)

37 (h) Charges in the nature of initiation fees, membership fees or 38 dues for access to or use of the property or facilities of a health and 39 fitness, athletic, sporting or shopping club or organization in this 40 State, except for: (1) membership in a club or organization whose 41 members are predominantly age 18 or under; and (2) charges in the 42 nature of membership fees or dues for access to or use of the 43 property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or 44 shopping club or organization that is exempt from taxation pursuant 45 to paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 9 of P.L.1966, c.30 46 (C.54:32B-9), or that is exempt from taxation pursuant to paragraph

1 (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of section 9 of P.L.1966, c.30 and that 2 has complied with subsection (d) of section 9 of P.L.1966, c.30. 3 (i) The receipts from parking, storing or garaging a motor 4 vehicle, excluding charges for the following: residential parking; 5 employee parking, when provided by an employer or at a facility 6 owned or operated by the employer; municipal parking, storing or 7 garaging; receipts from charges or fees imposed pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1993, c.159 (C.5:12-173.3) or pursuant to an agreement 8 9 between the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority and a 10 casino operator in effect on the date of enactment of P.L.2007, 11 c.105; and receipts from parking, storing or garaging a motor 12 vehicle subject to tax pursuant to any other law or ordinance. 13 For the purposes of this subsection, "municipal parking, storing 14 or garaging" means any motor vehicle parking, storing or garaging 15 provided by a municipality or county, or a parking authority 16 thereof. 17 (cf: P.L.2007, c.105, s.1) 18 19 3. Section 29 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.4) is amended to 20 reads as follows: 21 29. a. Notwithstanding the general sourcing provisions of 22 section 26 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.1), except for the 23 telecommunication services enumerated in subsection c. of this 24 section, the sale of telecommunication service sold on a call-by-call 25 basis shall be sourced to: 26 (1) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and 27 terminates in that jurisdiction; or 28 (2) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either 29 originates or terminates and in which the service address is also 30 located. 31 b. Except for the telecommunication services enumerated in 32 subsection c. of this section, a sale of telecommunications services 33 sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to the 34 customer's place of primary use. 35 The sale of the following telecommunication services shall с. be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as follows: 36 37 (1) A sale of mobile telecommunications services other than air-38 to-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service shall 39 be sourced to the customer's place of primary use as required by the 40 federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.116 41 et seq. 42 (2) A sale of post-paid calling service shall be sourced to the 43 origination point of the telecommunications signal as first identified 44 by either: 45 (a) the seller's telecommunications system; or 46 (b) information received by the seller from its service provider, 47 if the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller.

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1 (3) A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a prepaid 2 wireless calling service shall be sourced in accordance with the 3 general sourcing provisions of section 26 of P.L.2005, c.126 4 (C.54:32B-3.1); provided however, that in the case of a sale of 5 telecommunications service mobile that is a prepaid 6 [telecommunications] wireless calling service, the rule provided in 7 paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of that section shall include as an 8 option the location associated with the mobile telephone number.

9 (4) A sale of a private communication service shall be sourced 10 as follows:

(a) Service for a separate charge related to a customer channel
termination point shall be sourced to each level of jurisdiction in
which such customer channel termination point is located.

(b) Service for which all customer termination points are located
entirely within one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction shall be
sourced to such jurisdiction in which the customer channel
termination points are located.

(c) Service for segments of a channel between two customer
channel termination points located in different jurisdictions and
which segments of channel are separately charged shall be sourced
fifty percent to each level of jurisdiction in which the customer
channel termination points are located.

(d) Service for segments of a channel located in more than one
jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which segments of channel
are not separately billed shall be sourced to each jurisdiction based
on the percentage determined by dividing the number of customer
channel termination points in such jurisdiction by the total number
of customer channel termination points.

29 (5) A sale of an ancillary service shall be sourced to the
 30 customer's place of primary use.

31 d. For the purposes of this section:

"Air-to-ground radiotelephone service" means a radio service, as
that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in which common carriers are
authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications service
for hire to subscribers in aircraft;

<u>"Ancillary service" means a service that is associated with or</u>
 <u>incidental to the provision of telecommunication services, including</u>
 <u>but not limited to detailed telecommunications billing, directory</u>
 <u>assistance, vertical service, and voice mail services;</u>

40 "Call-by-call basis" means any method of charging for
41 telecommunications services in which the price is measured by
42 individual calls;

43 "Communications channel" means a physical or virtual path of
44 communications over which signals are transmitted between or
45 among customer channel termination points;

46 "Customer" means the person or entity that contracts with the
47 seller of telecommunications services. If the end user of
48 telecommunications services is not the contracting party, then the

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1 end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of the 2 telecommunication service, but this provision applies only for the 3 purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications services under this does 4 section. "Customer" not include a reseller of telecommunications service or, for mobile telecommunications 5 6 service [of], a serving carrier under an agreement to serve the 7 customer outside the home service provider's licensed service area;

8 "Customer channel termination point" means the location where9 the customer either inputs or receives the communications;

"End user" means the person who utilizes the telecommunication
service. In the case of an entity, "end user" means the individual
who utilizes the service on behalf of the entity;

"Home service provider" has the same meaning as that term is
defined by the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act,"
4 U.S.C. s.124;

16 "Mobile telecommunications service" has the same meaning as
17 that term is defined by the federal "Mobile Telecommunications
18 Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124;

19 "Place of primary use" means the street address representative of 20 where the customer's use of the telecommunications service 21 primarily occurs, which shall be the residential street address or the 22 primary business street address of the customer. In the case of 23 mobile telecommunications services, "place of primary use" shall 24 be within the licensed service area of the home service provider;

25 "Post-paid calling service" means the telecommunications 26 service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis either 27 through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a 28 bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by a charge 29 made to a telephone number which is not associated with the 30 origination or termination of the telecommunications service. A 31 post-paid calling service includes a telecommunications service, 32 except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a prepaid 33 calling service except it is not exclusively a telecommunications 34 service;

35 "Prepaid calling service" means the right to access exclusively 36 telecommunications services, which shall be paid for in advance 37 [that] and which enables the origination of calls using an access 38 number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically 39 dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which 40 the number declines with use in a known amount;

41 <u>"Prepaid wireless calling service" means a telecommunications</u> 42 service that provides the right to utilize mobile wireless service as 43 well as other non-telecommunications services, including the 44 download of digital products delivered electronically, content, and 45 ancillary services, which must be paid for in advance and that is 46 sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines 47 with use in a known amount;

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1 "Private communication service" means a telecommunication 2 service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a 3 communications channel or group of channels between or among 4 termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel 5 or channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, 6 extension lines, stations, and any other associated services that are 7 provided in connection with the use of such channel or channels; 8 and 9 "Service address" means 10 (1) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which 11 a customer's call is charged and from which the call originates or 12 terminates, regardless of where the call is billed or paid; 13 (2) If the location in paragraph (1) of this definition is not 14 known, "service address" means the origination point of the signal 15 of the telecommunications services first identified by either the 16 seller's telecommunications system or in information received by 17 the seller from its service provider, in the case that the system used 18 to transport such signals is not that of the seller; or 19 (3) If the locations in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this definition are not known, "service address" means the location of the 20 21 customer's place of primary use. 22 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.29) 23 24 4. Section 4 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-4) is amended to read 25 as follows: 26 4. a. For the purpose of adding and collecting the tax imposed 27 by this act, or an amount equal as nearly as possible or practicable to the average equivalent thereof, to be reimbursed to the seller by 28 29 the purchaser, a seller shall use one of the two following options: 30 (1) a tax shall be calculated based on the following formula: 31 Amount of Sale Amount of Tax \$0.01 to \$0.10 32 No Tax 33 0.11 to 0.19 \$0.01 34 0.20 to 0.32 0.02 0.33 to 0.47 35 0.03 0.48 to 0.62 0.04 36 37 0.63 to 0.77 0.05 0.78 to 0.90 38 0.06 39 0.91 to \$1.10 0.07 40 and in addition to a tax of \$0.07 on each full dollar, a tax shall be 41 collected on each part of a dollar in excess of a full dollar, in 42 accordance with the above formula; or 43 (2) tax shall be calculated to the third decimal place. One-half 44 cent (\$0.005) or higher shall be rounded up to the next cent; less 45 than \$0.005 shall be dropped in order to round the result down. 46 Sellers may compute the tax due on a transaction on either an

47 item or an invoice basis.

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1 For charges paid by inserting coins into a coin operated b. 2 telecommunications device available to the public the tax shall be 3 computed to the nearest multiple of five cents of the tax otherwise 4 due pursuant to subsection a. of this section, except that, if the 5 amount of the tax is midway between multiples of five cents, the 6 next higher multiple shall apply.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L., 7 c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 8 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.3) 9

10 5. Section 6 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-6) is amended to read 11 as follows:

12 6. Unless property or services have already been or will be 13 subject to the sales tax under this act, there is hereby imposed on 14 and there shall be paid by every person a use tax for the use within 15 this State of 7%, except as otherwise exempted under this act, (A) 16 of any tangible personal property or digital property purchased at 17 retail, including energy, provided however, that electricity 18 consumed by the generating facility that produced it shall not be 19 subject to tax, (B) of any tangible personal property or digital 20 property manufactured, processed or assembled by the user, if items 21 of the same kind of tangible personal property or digital property 22 are offered for sale by him in the regular course of business, or if 23 items of the same kind of tangible personal property are not offered 24 for sale by him in the regular course of business and are used as 25 such or incorporated into a structure, building or real property, (C) 26 of any tangible personal property or digital property, however 27 acquired, where not acquired for purposes of resale, upon which any 28 taxable services described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection 29 (b) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) have been 30 performed, (D) of [interstate or] intrastate, interstate, or 31 telecommunications services and international mobile telecommunications] described in subsection (f) of section 3 of 32 33 P.L.1966, c.30, (E) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.184), (F) 34 of utility service provided to persons in this State for use in this 35 State, provided however, that utility service used by the facility that 36 provides the service shall not be subject to tax, (G) of [direct-mail] 37 mail processing services described in paragraph (5) of subsection 38 (b) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3), (H) [of prepaid 39 calling service and the recharge of prepaid calling service [(Deleted 40 by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 41 bill), (I) of any services subject to tax pursuant to subsection (11), 42 (12), [or] (13), (14) or (15) of subsection (b) of section 3 of 43 P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3), and (J) of access to or use of the 44 property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or 45 shopping club or organization in this State. For purposes of clause 46 (A) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth 47 hereinabove, of the consideration given or contracted to be given

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1 for such property or for the use of such property including delivery 2 charges made by the seller, but excluding any credit for property of 3 the same kind accepted in part payment and intended for resale. For 4 the purposes of clause (B) of this section, the tax shall be at the 5 applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the price at which items 6 of the same kind of tangible personal property or digital property 7 are offered for sale by the user, or if items of the same kind of 8 tangible personal property are not offered for sale by the user in the 9 regular course of business and are used as such or incorporated into 10 a structure, building or real property the tax shall be at the 11 applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the consideration given 12 or contracted to be given for the tangible personal property manufactured, processed or assembled by the user into the tangible 13 14 personal property the use of which is subject to use tax pursuant to 15 this section, and the mere storage, keeping, retention or withdrawal 16 from storage of tangible personal property or digital property by the 17 person who manufactured, processed or assembled such property 18 shall not be deemed a taxable use by him. For purposes of clause 19 (C) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth 20 hereinabove, of the consideration given or contracted to be given 21 for the service, including the consideration for any tangible personal 22 property or digital property transferred in conjunction with the 23 performance of the service, [plus the cost of transportation, except 24 where such cost is separately stated in the written contract, if any, 25 and on the bill rendered to the purchaser <u>including delivery</u> 26 charges made by the seller. For the purposes of clause (D) of this 27 section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the charge made by 28 the telecommunications service provider; provided however, that 29 for prepaid calling services and prepaid wireless calling services the 30 tax shall be at the applicable rate on the consideration given or 31 contracted to be given for the prepaid calling service or prepaid 32 wireless calling service or the recharge of the prepaid calling 33 service or prepaid wireless calling service. For purposes of clause 34 (F) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the 35 charge made by the utility service provider. For purposes of clause 36 (G) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on that 37 proportion of the amount of all processing costs charged by a 38 [direct-mail] mail processing service provider that is attributable to 39 the service distributed in this State. [For the purposes of clause (H) 40 of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the 41 consideration given or contracted to be given for the prepaid calling 42 service or the recharge of the prepaid calling service.] For 43 purposes of clause (I) of this section, the tax shall be at the 44 applicable rate on the charge made by the service provider. For 45 purposes of clause (J) of this section, the tax shall be at the

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1 applicable rate on the charges in the nature of initiation fees, 2 membership fees or dues. 3 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.5) 4 5 6. Section 13 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.1) is amended to 6 read as follows: 7 13. a. Receipts from sales of the following sold for human use are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax 8 9 Act": 10 (1) drugs sold pursuant to a doctor's prescription; 11 (2) over-the-counter drugs; 12 (3) diabetic supplies; (4) prosthetic devices; 13 14 (5) tampons or like products; 15 (6) medical oxygen; (7) human blood and its derivatives; 16 17 (8) durable medical equipment for home use; (9) mobility enhancing equipment sold by prescription; and 18 19 (10) repair and replacement parts for any of the foregoing 20 exempt devices and equipment. 21 b. As used in this section: 22 "Drug" means a compound, substance or preparation, and any component of a compound, substance or preparation, other than 23 24 food and food ingredients, dietary supplements or alcoholic 25 beverages: (1) recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, 26 27 official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary, and supplement to any of them; or 28 29 (2) intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, 30 or prevention of disease; or 31 (3) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body. 32 "Over-the-counter-drug" means a drug that contains a label 33 which identifies the product as a drug, required by 21 CFR 201.66. 34 The label includes: 35 (1) a "Drug Facts" panel or (2) a statement of the "active ingredient" or "active ingredients" 36 37 with a list of those ingredients contained in the compound, substance or preparation. "Over-the-counter drug" does not include 38 39 a grooming and hygiene product. 40 "Grooming and hygiene product" is soap or cleaning solution, 41 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, anti-perspirant, or sun tan lotion or screen, regardless of whether the item meets the definition of 42 43 "over-the-counter drug." 44 "Prescription" means an order, formula or recipe issued in any 45 form of oral, written, electronic, or other means of transmission by 46 a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of this State.

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1 "Prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective, or 2 supportive device including repair and replacement parts for same 3 worn on or in the body in order to: (1) artificially replace a missing portion of the body; or 4 5 (2) prevent or correct a physical deformity or malfunction; or 6 (3) support a weak or deformed portion of the body. 7 "Durable medical equipment" means equipment, including repair and replacement parts, but not including mobility enhancing 8 9 equipment, that: 10 (1) can withstand repeated use; 11 (2) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose; 12 13 3. is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or 14 injury; and 15 4. is not worn in or on the body. 16 "Mobility enhancing equipment" means equipment, including 17 repair and replacement parts, other than durable medical equipment, 18 that: 19 1. is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the 20 ability to move from one place to another and which is appropriate 21 for use either at home or in a motor vehicle; and 22 2. is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and 23 3. does not include any motor vehicle or equipment on a motor 24 vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle manufacturer. 25 Receipts from sales of medical equipment, durable medical c. 26 equipment, and supplies other than medicines and drugs, 27 purchased for use in providing medical services for compensation, but not transferred to the purchaser of the service in conjunction 28 29 with the performance of the service, shall be considered taxable 30 receipts from retail sales notwithstanding the exemption from the tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act" provided under this 31 32 section. 33 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.7) 34 35 7. Section 14 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.2) is amended to 36 read as follows: 37 14. a. Receipts from the following are exempt from the tax 38 imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act:" sales of food and food 39 ingredients and dietary supplements, sold for human consumption 40 off the premises where sold but not including (1) candy, and (2) soft 41 drinks, all of which shall be subject to the retail sales and 42 compensating use taxes , whether or not the item is sold in liquid 43 form]. 44 b. The exemption in this section is not applicable to prepared 45 food subject to tax under subsection (c) of section 3 of the Sales and 46 Use Tax Act (C.54:32B-3).

47 c. As used in this section:

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"Candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or
artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or
other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces.
"Candy" does not include any preparation containing flour or
requiring refrigeration;
"Dietary supplement" means any product, other than tobacco,
intended to supplement the diet, that:

8 (1) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients: a 9 vitamin; a mineral; an herb or other botanical; an amino acid; a 10 dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by 11 increasing the total dietary intake; a concentrate, metabolite, 12 constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described 13 herein;

(2) is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel,
gelcap, or liquid form, or if not intended for ingestion in such a
form, is not represented as conventional food and is not represented
for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and

(3) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable
by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label and as required
pursuant to 21 C.F.R. s.101.36;

21 "Food and food ingredients" means substances, whether in 22 liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that 23 are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for 24 their taste or nutritional value, "Food and food ingredients" does not 25 include alcoholic beverages or tobacco;

"Soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural
or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" does not include beverages
that contain: milk or milk products; soy, rice or similar milk
substitutes; or greater than fifty percent of vegetable or fruit juice
by volume; and

31 "Tobacco" means cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or32 any other item that contains tobacco.

33 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.8)

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35 8. Section 16 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.4) is amended to
36 read as follows:

16. a. Receipts from sales of articles of clothing and footwear
for human use are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales
and Use Tax Act." This exemption does not apply to <u>fur clothing.</u>
clothing accessories or equipment, sport or recreational equipment,
or protective equipment.

b. Receipts from sales of protective equipment necessary for
the daily work of the user are exempt from the tax imposed under
the "Sales and Use Tax Act."

c. Receipts from sales of sewing materials, such as fabrics,
thread, knitting yarn, buttons and zippers, purchased by
noncommercial purchasers for incorporation into clothing as a

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1 constituent part thereof, are exempt from the tax imposed under the 2 "Sales and Use Tax Act." 3 d. As used in this section: "Clothing" means all human wearing apparel suitable for general 4 5 use. Clothing shall not include: clothing accessories or equipment, 6 sport or recreational equipment, protective equipment, sewing 7 equipment and supplies, or sewing materials that become part of 8 clothing. 9 "Clothing accessories or equipment" means incidental items 10 worn on the person or in conjunction with clothing. 11 "Fur clothing" means clothing that is required to be labeled as a fur product under 15 U.S.C. s.69, and the value of the fur 12 components in the product is more than three times the value of the 13 14 next most valuable tangible component. For the purposes of this 15 section, "fur" means any animal skin or part thereof with hair, 16 fleece, or fur fibers attached thereto, either in its raw or processed 17 state, but shall not include such skins that have been converted into 18 leather or suede, or which in processing the hair, fleece, or fur fiber 19 has been completely removed. 20 "Protective equipment" means items for human wear and 21 designed as protection of the wearer against injury or disease or as 22 protections against damage or injury of other persons or property 23 but not suitable for general use. 24 "Sport or recreational equipment" means items designed for 25 human use and worn in conjunction with an athletic or recreational 26 activity that are not suitable for general use. 27 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.9) 28 29 9. Section 26 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.14) is amended 30 to read as follows: 31 26. Receipts from sales of tangible personal property, except 32 energy, and digital property purchased for use or consumption 33 directly and exclusively in research and development in the 34 experimental or laboratory sense are exempt from the tax imposed under the Sales and Use Tax Act. Such research and development 35 36 shall not be deemed to include the ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control, efficiency surveys, 37 38 management studies, consumer surveys, advertising, promotions or 39 research in connection with literary, historical or similar projects. 40 (cf: P.L.1997, c.162, s.24) 41 42 10. Section 1 of P.L.1985, c.24 (C.54:32B-8.39) is amended to 43 read as follows: 44 1. Receipts from sales of [direct mail] printed advertising 45 material for distribution to out-of-State recipients and receipts from 46 sales of [direct-mail] processing services in connection with 47 distribution of direct mail printed advertising material to out-of-48 State recipients are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales

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1 and Use Tax Act." The exemption provided by this section shall 2 apply to receipts from charges for the printing or production of [direct mail] printed advertising material whether prepared in, or 3 4 shipped into New Jersey after preparation and stored for subsequent 5 shipment to out-of-State customers. The [direct-mail] mail 6 processing services exemption provided by this section shall apply 7 to receipts from charges for all [direct] mail processing services for 8 distribution to out-of-State recipients, including but not limited to 9 the following: preparing and maintaining mailing lists, addressing, 10 separating, folding, inserting, sorting and packaging [direct mail] 11 printed advertising materials and transporting to the point of 12 shipment by the mail service or other carrier. 13 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.13) 14 15 11. Section 15 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-8.56) is amended 16 to read as follows: 17 15. Receipts from sales of prewritten software delivered 18 electronically and used directly and exclusively in the conduct of 19 the purchaser's business, trade or occupation are exempt from the 20 tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act", P.L.1966, c.30 21 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.). The exemption provided by this section shall 22 not apply to receipts from sales of prewritten software delivered by 23 a load and leave method. 24 "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information 25 in digital or similar form and manipulates it for a result based on a 26 sequence of instructions. 27 "Computer software" means a set of coded instruction designed 28 to cause a computer or automatic data processing equipment to 29 perform a task. 30 "Delivered electronically" means delivered [from the seller] to the purchaser by means other than tangible storage media. 31 32 "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, 33 digital magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar 34 capabilities. 35 "Load and leave" means delivery to the purchaser by the use of a 36 tangible storage medium where the tangible storage medium is not 37 physically transferred to the purchaser. 38 "Prewritten computer software" means computer software, 39 including prewritten upgrades, which is not designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific 40 41 The combining of two or more prewritten computer purchaser. 42 software programs or prewritten portions thereof shall not cause the 43 combination to be other than prewritten computer software. "Prewritten computer software" includes software designed and 44 45 developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a 46 specific purchaser when it is sold to a person other than such 47 purchaser. If a person modifies or enhances computer software of

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1 which that person is not the author or creator, the person shall be 2 deemed to be the author or creator only of such person's 3 modifications or enhancements. Prewritten software or a prewritten 4 portion thereof that is modified or enhanced to any degree, where 5 such modification or enhancement is designed and developed to the 6 specifications of a specific purchaser, shall remain prewritten 7 software; provided, however, that if there is a reasonable, separately 8 stated charge or an invoice or other statement of the price given to 9 the purchaser for such modification or enhancement, such 10 modification or enhancement shall not constitute pre-written ["Prewritten computer software" shall not 11 computer software. 12 include software delivered electronically].

13 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.12)

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15 12. Section 12 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-12) is amended to 16 read as follows:

17 12. (a) Every person required to collect the tax shall collect the 18 tax from the customer when collecting the price, service charge, 19 amusement charge or rent to which it applies. If the customer is 20 given any sales slip, invoice, receipt or other statement or 21 memorandum of the price, service charge, amusement charge or 22 rent paid or payable, the tax shall be stated, charged and shown 23 separately on the first of such documents given to him. The tax 24 shall be paid to the person required to collect it as trustee for and on 25 account of the State.

26 (b) For the purpose of the proper administration of this act and 27 to prevent evasion of the tax hereby imposed, and subject to the 28 rules regarding the administration of exemptions authorized by the 29 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, it shall be presumed 30 that all receipts for property or services of any type mentioned in subsections (a), (b) [and], (c), and (f) of section 3, all rents for 31 32 occupancy of the type mentioned in subsection (d) of said section, 33 [and] all amusement charges of any type mentioned in subsection 34 (e) of said section, all charges in the nature of initiation fees, 35 membership fees or dues mentioned in subsection (h) of said 36 section, and all receipts from parking, storing or garaging a motor 37 vehicle mentioned in subsection (i) of said section are subject to tax 38 until the contrary is established, and the burden of proving that any 39 such receipt, [amusement] charge or rent is not taxable hereunder 40 shall be upon the person required to collect tax or the customer. 41 Unless a seller shall have taken from the purchaser a certificate, 42 signed by the purchaser if in paper form, and bearing the 43 purchaser's name and address and the number of the purchaser's 44 registration certificate, to the effect that the property or service was 45 purchased for resale or was otherwise exempt pursuant to the 46 provisions of the "Sales and Use Tax Act," P.L.1966, c.30 47 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.), or the purchaser, prior to taking delivery,

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1 furnishes to the seller any affidavit, statement or additional 2 evidence, documentary or otherwise, which the director may require 3 demonstrating that the purchaser is an exempt organization 4 described in section 9(b)(1), the sale shall be deemed a taxable 5 retail sale. Provided however, the director may, in the director's 6 discretion, authorize a purchaser, who acquires tangible personal 7 property, digital property or services under circumstances which 8 make it impossible at the time of acquisition to determine the 9 manner in which the tangible personal property, digital property or 10 services will be used, to pay the tax directly to the director and 11 waive the collection of the tax by the seller or provide for direct pay 12 authority under rules adopted under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement. Provided further, the director shall authorize any 13 14 eligible person, as defined in section 34 of P.L.1997, c.162 15 (C.54:32B-14.1), who purchases natural gas from a non-utility on 16 and after January 1, 1998 through December 31, 2002, to pay the 17 tax on the commodity directly to the director and waive the 18 collection of the tax by the seller. No such authority shall be 19 granted or exercised except upon application to the director, and the 20 issuance by the director of a direct payment permit. If a direct 21 payment permit is granted, its use shall be subject to conditions 22 specified by the director, and the payment of tax on all acquisitions 23 pursuant to the permit shall be made directly to the director by the 24 permit holder.

25 (c) The director may provide by regulation that the tax upon 26 receipts from sales on the installment plan may be paid on the 27 amount of each installment and upon the date when such installment 28 is due. He may also provide by regulation for the exclusion from 29 taxable receipts, amusement charges or rents of amounts subject, as 30 applicable, to the provisions of section 30 of P.L.2005, c.126 31 (C.54:32B-12.1), representing sales where the contract of sale has 32 been canceled, the property returned or the receipt, charge or rent 33 has been ascertained to be uncollectible or, in the case the tax has 34 been paid upon such receipt, charge or rent, for refund or credit of 35 the tax so paid.

36 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.14)

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38 13. Section 14 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-14) is amended to
39 read as follows:

40 14. (a) Every person required to collect any tax imposed by this 41 act shall be personally liable for the tax imposed, collected or 42 required to be collected under this act. Any such person shall have 43 the same right in respect to collecting the tax from that person's 44 customer or in respect to non-payment of the tax by the customer as 45 if the tax were a part of the purchase price of the property or 46 service, amusement charge or rent, as the case may be, and payable 47 at the same time; provided, however, that the director shall be

1 joined as a party in any action or proceeding brought to collect the 2 tax.

3 (b) Where any customer has failed to pay a tax imposed by this 4 act to the person required to collect the same, then in addition to all 5 other rights, obligations and remedies provided, such tax shall be 6 payable by the customer directly to the director and it shall be the 7 duty of the customer to file a return with the director and to pay the 8 tax to the director within 20 days of the date the tax was required to 9 be paid.

10 (c) The director may, whenever the director deems it necessary 11 for the proper enforcement of this act, provide by regulation that 12 customers shall file returns and pay directly to the director any tax 13 herein imposed, at such times as returns are required to be filed and 14 payment over made by persons required to collect the tax.

(d) No person required to collect any tax imposed by this act 15 16 shall advertise or hold out to any person or to the public in general, 17 in any manner, directly or indirectly, that the tax is not considered 18 as an element in the price, amusement charge or rent payable by the 19 customer, or except as provided by subsection (f) of this section that 20 the person required to collect the tax will pay the tax, that the tax 21 will not be separately charged and stated to the customer or that the tax will be refunded to the customer. Upon written application duly 22 23 made and proof duly presented to the satisfaction of the director 24 showing that in the particular business of the person required to 25 collect the tax it would be impractical for the seller to separately 26 charge the tax to the customer, the director may waive the 27 application of the requirement herein as to such seller.

28 (e) All sellers of energy or utility service shall include the tax 29 imposed by the "Sales and Use Tax Act" within the purchase price 30 of the tangible personal property or service.

31 (f) A vendor other than a vendor subject to subsection (e) of this 32 section making retail sales of tangible personal property or sales of 33 services may advertise that the vendor will pay the tax for the 34 customer subject to the conditions of this subsection.

35 (1) The advertising shall indicate that the vendor is, in fact, paying the tax for the customer and shall not indicate or imply that 36 37 the sale or charge is exempt from taxation.

38 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 12 of P.L.1966, 39 c.30 (C.54:32B-12) to the contrary, any sales slip, invoice, receipt 40 or other statement or memorandum of the price or service charge 41 paid or payable given to the customer shall state that the tax will be 42 paid by the vendor; provided however that such record shall be 43 otherwise subject to the provisions of section 12 of P.L.1966, c.30 44 (C.54:32B-12).

45 (3) The vendor shall pay the amount of tax due on the retail sale 46 or service receipt, as determined pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1966, 47 c.30 (C.54:32B-4), as trustee for and on account of the State, and 48 shall have the same liability for that amount of tax pursuant to the

1 "Sales and Use Tax Act," P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.), as 2 for an amount collected from a customer. 3 (g) No person required to collect any tax imposed by this act 4 shall be held liable for having charged and collected the incorrect 5 amount of sales and use tax by reason of reliance on erroneous data 6 provided by the director with respect to tax rates, boundaries or 7 taxing jurisdiction assignments or contained in the taxability matrix. 8 (h) In connection with a purchaser's request from a seller of 9 over-collected sales or use taxes, a seller shall be presumed to have 10 a reasonable business practice, if in the collection of such sales or 11 use taxes, the seller: (1) uses either a provider or a system, 12 including a proprietary system, that is certified by the State; and (2) 13 has remitted to the State all taxes collected less any deductions, 14 credits, or collection allowances. 15 (i) No purchaser shall be held liable for any tax, interest or 16 penalty for failure to pay the correct amount of tax by reason of: 17 (1) the reliance of the purchaser's seller or certified service 18 provider on erroneous data provided by the director with respect to tax rates, boundaries or taxing jurisdiction assignments or contained 19 20 in the taxability matrix; 21 (2) the reliance of the purchaser holding a direct pay permit on 22 erroneous data provided by the director with respect to tax rates, 23 boundaries or taxing jurisdiction assignments or contained in the 24 taxability matrix; 25 (3) the reliance of the purchaser on erroneous data provided by 26 the director with respect to the taxability matrix; or 27 (4) the reliance of a purchaser using databases of taxing 28 jurisdiction assignments on erroneous data provided by the director 29 with respect to tax rates, boundaries or taxing jurisdiction 30 assignments, provided however that, to the extent that the director 31 provides or certifies an address-based database for assigning tax 32 rates and jurisdictions and upon appropriate notice, no relief from 33 liability shall be allowed for errors resulting from reliance on a zip 34 code database for assigning tax rates and jurisdictions. 35 Provided however, that as to the relief from liability for tax, the relief from liability for tax by reason of reliance on the taxability 36 37 matrix shall be limited to the director's erroneous classification in the taxability matrix of terms "taxable" or "exempt," "included in 38 39 sales price" or "excluded from sales price" or "included in the 40 definition" or "excluded from the definition." 41 (cf. P.L.2005, c.126, s.21.) 42 43 14. Section 16 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-16) is amended to 44 read as follows: 45 16. Every person required to collect any tax imposed by this act 46 shall keep records of every purchase, purchase for lease, sale or 47 amusement charge or occupancy and of all amounts paid, charged 48 or due thereon and of the tax payable thereon, in such form as the

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1 director may by regulation require. Such records shall include a true 2 copy of each sales slip, invoice, receipt, statement or memorandum 3 upon which subsection (a) of section 12 requires that the tax be 4 stated separately. Such records shall be available for inspection and 5 examination at any time upon demand by the director or his duly 6 authorized agent or employee and shall be preserved for a period of 7 [three] four years, except that the director may consent to their 8 destruction within that period or may require that they be kept 9 longer.

10 (cf: P.L.1989, c.123, s.9)

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12 15. Section 17 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-17) is amended to 13 read as follows:

14 17. (a) Every person required to collect or pay tax under this act 15 shall on or before August 28, 1966, and on or before the twentieth day of each month thereafter, make and file a return for the 16 17 preceding month with the director. The return of a seller of tangible 18 personal property, digital property or services shall show his 19 receipts from sales and also the aggregate value of tangible personal 20 property, digital property and services sold by him, the use of which 21 is subject to tax under this act, and the amount of taxes required to 22 be collected with respect to such sales and use. The return of a 23 recipient of amusement charges shall show all such charges and the 24 amount of tax thereon, and the return of a person required to collect 25 tax on leases or rentals shall show all lease or rental payments 26 received or charged and the amount of tax thereon. The return of a 27 recipient of initiation fees, membership fees or dues for access to or 28 use of the property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, 29 sporting or shopping club or organization shall show all such charges and the amount of tax thereon. The return of the recipient 30 31 of charges from parking, storing or garaging a motor vehicle shall 32 show all such charges and the amount of tax thereon.

33 (b) The director may permit or require returns to be made 34 covering other periods and upon such dates as he may specify. In 35 addition, the director may require payments of tax liability at such 36 intervals and based upon such classifications as he may designate. 37 In prescribing such other periods to be covered by the return or 38 intervals or classifications for payment of tax liability, the director 39 may take into account the dollar volume of tax involved as well as 40 the need for insuring the prompt and orderly collection of the taxes 41 imposed.

42 (c) The form of returns shall be prescribed by the director and 43 shall contain such information as he may deem necessary for the 44 proper administration of this act. The director may require 45 amended returns to be filed within 20 days after notice and to 46 contain the information specified in the notice.

47 (d) Pursuant to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement,48 the director is authorized to accept certified automated systems and

certified service providers to aid in the administration of the
 collection of the tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act".

3 (e) Subject to the limitations of this subsection and other 4 provisions of the "Sales and Use Tax Act":

5 (1) In addition to the powers of the director prescribed pursuant to section 24 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-24) and the "State 6 7 Uniform Tax Procedure Law," R.S.54:48-1 et seq., and 8 notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the 9 director shall grant "amnesty" for uncollected or unpaid sales or use 10 tax to a seller that registers to collect and remit applicable sales or 11 use tax on sales made to purchasers in this State in accordance with 12 the terms of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, provided that the seller was not so registered in this State in the 13 14 twelve-month period preceding the commencement of this State's 15 participation in the agreement.

16 (2) Under terms of the "amnesty" granted pursuant to paragraph 17 (1) of this subsection, a seller that registers shall not be assessed for 18 uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax and shall not be assessed 19 penalties or interest for sales made during the period the seller was 20 not registered in this State, provided that the seller registers 21 pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection within twelve months 22 of the effective date of this State's participation in the Streamlined 23 Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

(3) The limitations on deficiency assessments, penalties and
interest pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be
available to a seller with respect to any matter for which the seller
received notice of the commencement of an audit and which audit is
not yet finally resolved including any related administrative and
judicial processes.

30 (4) The limitations on deficiency assessments, penalties and
31 interest pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be
32 available for sales or use taxes already paid or remitted to the State
33 or to taxes already collected by the seller.

34 (5) The "amnesty" limitations on deficiency assessments, 35 penalties and interest pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be in full effect and the director shall not assess deficiencies 36 37 for uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax and shall not assess 38 penalties or interest for sales made during the period the seller was 39 not registered in this State so long as the seller continues 40 registration and continues collection and remittance of applicable 41 sales or use taxes for a period of at least 36 months: provided 42 however that the director may make such assessments by reason of 43 the seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact. 44 The statutes of limitations applicable to asserting tax liabilities, 45 deficiencies, penalties and interest are tolled for this 36 month 46 period.

47 (6) The "amnesty" granted pursuant to paragraph (1) of this48 subsection shall apply only to sales or use taxes due from a seller in

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1 its capacity as a seller and shall not apply to sales or use taxes due 2 from a seller in its capacity as a buyer. 3 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.16) 4 5 16. (New section) a. Receipts from sales of coin-operated 6 telephone service are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales 7 and Use Tax Act," P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.). 8 b. For purposes of this section: 9 "Coin-operated telephone service" means a telecommunications 10 service paid for by inserting money into a telephone accepting direct deposits of money to operate. 11 12 17. (New section) Receipts from telecommunications services 13 14 provided by a person, or by that person's wholly owned subsidiary, 15 not engaged in the business of rendering or offering 16 telecommunications services to the public, for private and exclusive 17 use within its organization, are exempt from the tax imposed under 18 the Sales and Use Tax Act; provided however, that the exemption 19 provided by this section shall not apply to sales of 20 telecommunications services attributable to the excess unused 21 telecommunications capacity of that person to another. 22 23 18. a. Section 27 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.2) and section 24 1 of P.L.2006, c.41 (C.54:32G-1) are repealed. 25 b. Notwithstanding the repeal of section 1 of P.L.2006, c.41, 26 the repeal shall not affect any obligation, lien, or duty to pay taxes, 27 interest or penalties which have accrued or may accrue by virtue of any taxes imposed pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2006, c.41 or 28 29 which may be imposed with respect to any redetermination, 30 correction, recomputation, or deficiency assessment; and provided 31 that all taxes and returns which would be due and payable prior to 32 the effective date of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the 33 Legislature as this bill) shall be due and payable as if P.L.2006, 34 c.41 were in effect; and provided that this repeal shall not affect the 35 legal authority of the State to audit records and assess and collect 36 taxes due or which may be due, together with such interest and 37 penalties as have accrued or would have accrued thereon under the 38 provisions of the law repealed; and provided that the repeal by 39 subsection a. of this section, shall not affect any determination of, 40 or affect any proceeding for, the enforcement thereof. 41 42 19. This act shall take effect immediately; provided however, 43 that sections 1 through 18 shall remain inoperative until January 1,

44 2009.

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STATEMENT

3 This bill revises the State's sales and use tax to conform with various provisions of the multi-state Streamlined Sales and Use Tax 4 5 Agreement (SSUTA). Specifically, the bill incorporates a series of 6 technical and substantive changes to the SSUTA which have been 7 adopted by the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board since the 8 State first entered the agreement in 2005. The changes are intended 9 simplify and modernize the State's tax collection and to 10 administrative procedures, and to ensure New Jersey remains 11 compliant with the provisions of the SSUTA.

12 Since 2005, the SSUTA has reorganized and elaborated the taxation of telecommunications; compliance requires New Jersey to 13 reorganize and replace its current definitions of telecommunications 14 15 with the defined terms provided under the agreement. This bill 16 allows the State to maintain compliance by: (1) replacing the 17 current "telecommunications" term with a more specific, narrowly 18 focused definition of "telecommunications service;" (2) redefining 19 "intrastate, interstate, and international telecommunications;" (3) 20 revising pre-paid calling and mobile telecommunications; and (4) incorporating "ancillary service," "directory assistance," "detailed 21 22 telecommunications billing service" and "voice mail service" into 23 the statutes of defined terms.

The reorganization of telecommunications definitions requires the elimination of current explicit language imposing taxation on mobile telecommunications and certain prepaid calling services, and requires the explicit imposition of tax on telephone answering and radio subscription services. These changes do not extend the base of the sales and use tax to new services or omit previously taxed telecommunications from coverage.

31 Similarly, the reorganization of telecommunications definitions 32 requires the State to: (1) adopt the SSUTA telecommunications 33 bundled transaction administrative rule for unbundling the taxable 34 and nontaxable components of a sale of mixed telecommunications 35 services that relies on the service providers internal records; (2) 36 clarify the imposition of the use tax on radio subscription services; 37 and (3) reorganize the telecommunications definition that requires 38 the deletion of a use tax measurement rule for prepaid calling 39 services which is currently taxed separately from 40 telecommunications.

41 Beyond telecommunications, the changes to the definition of 42 "sales price" reflect another reorganization in the SSUTA 43 definitions, but essentially codify the policy on the effect of 44 coupons and rebates that has been used under the State's sales tax 45 for the last 20 years. Additionally, the changes to the direct mail 46 definitions allow the maintenance of the New Jersey taxation of 47 mail processing services in compliance with SSUTA definitions.

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Another SSUTA reorganizational change that requires a
 corresponding New Jersey change is the elimination of a "non distinction" between solid and liquid food.

For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions concerning the medical products exemption, the bill narrows a broad limitation currently affecting all medical equipment to affect only certain medical supplies, while limiting the exemption for mobility enhancing equipment to that sold by prescription.

9 For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions, the bill 10 provides a full sales and use tax exemption for receipts from coin-11 paid sales of telecommunications service using pay phones. The bill 12 expands the current exemption, which only provides an exemption 13 for coin-operated calls at the local calling rate (coin-paid long-14 distance phone calls are currently subject to tax).

For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions, the bill repeals the 6 percent gross receipts tax on retail sales of fur clothing, imposed under the provisions of P.L.2006, c.41 (C.54:32G-1), and imposes the 7 percent sales tax on sales of "fur clothing" as defined by the SSUTA.

For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions, the billrepeals the multiple points of use (MPU) exemption.

22 In addition, this bill revises the State's sales and use tax to make 23 technical clarifications to the research and development exemption 24 to explicitly include as exempt the receipts from sales of digital 25 property, and to the business prewritten software exemption to 26 delete contradictory language about prewritten computer software 27 delivered electronically. Technical clarifications under the bill also 28 include a provision extending the length of time during which tax 29 records must be maintained under the sales and use tax, and an 30 additional reference stipulating the process of providing returns for initiation and membership fees and dues as well as storing or 31 32 garaging motor vehicles.

33 Further changes to the State's sales and use tax under the bill 34 include a provision to make explicit the "purchase for resale" 35 exemption for purchases of telecommunications services for use as 36 a component part of telecommunications services provided to a 37 final end user, and the insertion of additional language reinstating 38 an exemption for the "in house" use of telecommunications services 39 provided by a user not in the business of providing 40 telecommunications to the public or by the user's subsidiary.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3111

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 15, 2008

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3111.

The bill revises the sales and use tax to conform with changes to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement (SSUTA) which have been adopted by the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board since the State entered the agreement in 2005.

Since 2005, the governing board has reorganized and elaborated the taxation of telecommunications. To conform, New Jersey is required to implement corresponding changes which reorganize and elaborate the State's taxation of telecommunications in compliance with the provisions of the agreement. As a result, this bill:

- Reorganizes and replaces current definitions of telecommunications with the defined terms under the agreement;
- Eliminates current explicit language imposing taxation on mobile telecommunications and certain prepaid calling services;
- Explicitly imposes taxation on telephone answering and radio subscription services;
- Clarifies the imposition of the use tax on radio subscription services;
- Revises a use tax measurement for prepaid calling services;
- Adopts an administrative rule for unbundling taxable and nontaxable components of sales of mixed telecommunications services; and
- Provides a sales and use tax exemption for coin-paid sales of telecommunications services using pay phones, regardless of whether call is charged at the local or long-distance rate.

The bill, reorganizes and replaces telecommunications definitions by: (1) exchanging the current "telecommunications" term with a more specific, narrowly focused definition of "telecommunications service;" (2) redefining "intrastate, interstate, and international telecommunications;" (3) revising "pre-paid calling services" and "mobile telecommunications service;" and (4) incorporating SSUTA's definitions, "ancillary service," "directory assistance," "detailed telecommunications billing service," and "voice mail service," into the statute of defined terms. These changes do not extend the base of the sales and use tax to new services or omit previously taxed telecommunications from coverage.

Since 2005, the governing board has also revised the taxation of goods and services unrelated to telecommunications, such as direct mail processing services, sales of food for human consumption, and sales of medical and mobility enhancing equipment, and expanded the definition of "sales price;" revised the multiple points of use (MPU) exemption; and found New Jersey's six percent gross receipts tax on retail sales of fur clothing to violate the spirit of the SSUTA. To ensure uniformity and maintain compliance, this bill:

- Amends the direct mail definitions to allow for the maintenance of the New Jersey taxation of mail processing services;
- Eliminates the differentiation between sales of food, food ingredients, and dietary supplements sold in liquid or solid form;
- Narrows a broad limitation currently affecting all medical equipment to affect only certain medical supplies, while limiting the exemption for mobility enhancing equipment to that sold by prescription;
- Modifies the definition of "sales price" to codify the policy on the effect of coupons and rebates that has been used by the State under the sales tax for the last 20 years;
- Repeals the multiple points of use (MPU) exemption; and
- Replaces the six percent gross receipts tax on retail sales of fur clothing, imposed under the provisions of P.L.2006, c.41 (N.J.S.A.54:32G-1), with a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of "fur clothing" as that term is defined under the agreement.

Beyond substantive changes required for compliance, this bill also makes certain technical modifications to the sales and use tax to revise inconsistencies and clarify omissions related to previous statutory revisions. These modifications and clarifications extend to: (1) the research and development exemption to explicitly include as exempt receipts from sales of digital property; (2) the business prewritten software exemption to eliminate contradictory language concerning prewritten computer software delivered electronically; (3) the inclusion of a provision extending the length of time during which tax records must be maintained; (4) an extension of the current hold harmless provision for vendors to certain purchasers who rely on tax rates, boundaries, or the taxability matrix provided by the State; and (5) an additional reference stipulating the process of providing returns for sales and use tax imposed on charges for initiation and membership fees and dues and charges for parking, storing, or garaging motor vehicles.

The SSUTA is one of two components of the sales tax system under development by the Streamlined Sales Tax Project, an effort created by state governments, with input from local governments and the private sector, to simplify and modernize sales and use tax collection and administration. Forty-two states and the District of Columbia are involved in the project, and New Jersey has been involved as a participating state since 2001, when the State Treasurer was authorized, pursuant to P.L.2001, c.421 (N.J.S.A.54:32B-44 et seq.) to enter multistate discussions concerning the development of a streamlined sales tax system.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Executive has estimated this bill will have a limited fiscal impact on State revenues. According to their analysis, the elimination of a six percent gross receipts tax on retail sales of fur clothing and the imposition of a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of fur clothing will generate an additional \$350,000 of State revenues in fiscal year 2009 and each fiscal year thereafter.

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) generally agrees with the Executive's analysis: in transitioning from a six percent gross receipts tax to a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of fur clothing the State may generate an additional \$175,000 of State revenues during six months of activity in fiscal year 2009 and an additional \$350,000 of State revenues each fiscal year thereafter.

In addition, the OLS cautions that the bill may have two additional fiscal implications beyond the one percent fur tax increase identified by the Executive. The OLS notes that the sales and use tax exemption provided for sales of coin-operated telephone services may decrease sales tax collections, and notes the prescription requirement imposed on sales of mobility enhancing equipment may increase sales tax collections in future fiscal years. However, the lack of data precludes the OLS from quantifying the full financial impact of these two changes.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3111

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 11, 2008

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3111.

The bill revises the sales and use tax to conform to technical and substantive changes to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement (SSUTA) which have been adopted by the Streamlined Governing Board since the State entered the multistate agreement in 2005.

Telecommunications. Under the bill, the largest segment of changes is related to telecommunications. Since 2005, the governing board has reorganized and elaborated the taxation of telecommunications and required member states to implement corresponding tax code changes by January 1, 2009. Compliance requires New Jersey to revise the taxation of telecommunications, replacing certain terms and conditions which have defined telecommunications taxation since tax was imposed on its services.

In particular, compliance requires the State to revise or replace its current telecommunications definitions with the defined terms under the agreement. As a result, the bill: (1) replaces the current, broadbased sales and use tax definition of "telecommunications" with a more specific, narrowly focused definition of "telecommunications services;" "intrastate" "interstate" (2)redefines and telecommunications; (3) revises "pre-paid calling" and "mobile telecommunications" services; and (4) incorporates a series of including previously undefined terms, "international telecommunications," "ancillary service," "directory assistance," and "voice mail service," into the statute of defined terms.

The reorganization and elaboration of telecommunications definitions also requires subsequent changes explicitly imposing or explicitly excluding the imposition of tax on certain enumerated services. In compliance with the SSUTA, the bill eliminates explicit statutory language concerning, but does not change the imposition of tax on, mobile telecommunications and certain prepaid calling services, and provides explicit statutory language concerning, but does not change the imposition of tax on, telephone answering services and radio subscription services. These changes do not extend the tax base or omit previously taxed telecommunications from coverage.

In addition, the bill makes certain other telecommunications changes that allow New Jersey to incorporate SSUTA provisions

within the State's existing telecommunications framework. Under the bill, these changes include: (1) the adoption of SSUTA's administrative rule for unbundling taxable and nontaxable components of a sale of mixed telecommunications services; (2) the clarification of use tax imposition on radio subscription services; (3) the reorganization of the telecommunications definition that requires the deletion of a use tax measurement rule for prepaid calling services; (4) a provision to make explicit the "purchase for resale" exemption for purchases of telecommunications services for use as a component part of telecommunications services provided to a final end user; (5) an exemption for certain "in house" use of telecommunications services; and (6) a full exemption for receipts from coin-paid sales of telecommunications services using pay phone devices.

<u>Non – Telecommunications.</u> Since 2005, the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board has also reorganized and elaborated the taxation of goods and services unrelated to telecommunications. Compliance requires New Jersey to revise and expand certain product based definitions and administrative procedures previously incorporated into the sales and use tax to conform to the SSUTA.

To ensure uniformity, the bill: (1) amends the direct mail definitions to allow for the continuation of taxation on mail processing services; (2) eliminates the differentiation between sales of food, food ingredients, and dietary supplements sold in liquid or solid form; (3) narrows a broad limitation affecting all medical equipment to affect only certain medical supplies, while limiting the exemption for mobility enhancing equipment to that sold by prescription; (4) modifies the definition of "sales price" to codify the policy on the effect of coupons and rebates that has been used under the State's sales tax for the last 20 years; (5) incorporates use tax provisions for delivery charges made by a seller; and (6) repeals the multiple points of use (MPU) exemption.

<u>Taxation of Fur Clothing.</u> For purposes of compliance, the bill repeals the six percent gross receipts tax on retail sales of fur clothing, imposed under P.L.2006, c.41 (C.54:32G-1), and imposes a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of "fur clothing" as that term is defined by the SSUTA. The transition from a six percent gross receipts tax to a seven percent sales and use tax on retail sales of fur clothing is intended to mitigate concerns that the gross receipts tax may violate the spirit of the SSUTA.

<u>Technical Revisions.</u> Beyond substantive changes required for compliance, the bill makes certain technical modifications to the sales and use tax to revise inconsistencies and clarify omissions related to previous statutory revisions.

Under the bill, these modifications and clarifications extend to: (1) the research and development exemption to explicitly include as exempt receipts from sales of digital property; (2) the business prewritten software exemption to eliminate contradictory language

concerning prewritten computer software delivered electronically; (3) administrative provisions regarding tax records to lengthen, from three to four years, the period of time during which tax records must be maintained; (4) an extension of the current hold harmless provision for vendors to certain purchasers who rely on tax rates, boundaries, or the taxability matrix provided by the State; and (5) administrative provisions concerning the collection and return of tax to stipulate the process of collecting and providing returns for tax imposed on charges in the nature of initiation and membership fees and dues as well as charges for parking, storing, or garaging motor vehicles.

As reported, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 1418, as also amended and reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Executive has estimated this bill will have a limited fiscal impact on State revenues. The elimination of the six percent gross receipts tax and the imposition of a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of fur clothing will generate an additional \$350,000 of State revenues in fiscal year 2009 and each fiscal year thereafter. According to their analysis, all other tax code changes required for SSUTA compliance "appear to have no additional impact on State revenues."

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) generally agrees with the Executive's analysis. The one percent fur tax increase may generate an additional \$175,000 of State revenues during fiscal year 2009 and an additional \$350,000 of State revenues each fiscal year thereafter.

However, the OLS cautions that the bill may have two additional fiscal implications. The OLS notes that the sales and use tax exemption for sales of coin-operated telephone services may decrease sales tax collections, and suggests that the prescription requirement imposed on sales of mobility enhancing equipment may increase sales tax collections in future fiscal years.

FISCAL NOTE CORRECTED COPY ASSEMBLY, No. 3111 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

DATED: SEPTEMBER 18, 2008

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Revises sales and use tax to conform with Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.	
Type of Impact:	Annual Revenue Change to State General Fund and Property Tax Relief Fund.	
Agencies Affected:	Department of Treasury.	

Fiscal Impact	<u>Fiscal Year 2009</u>	Fiscal Year 2010	Fiscal Year 2011
State Revenue Gain		\$350,000 Per Year	

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Fiscal Year 2009	Fiscal Year 2010	<u>Fiscal Year 2011</u>
	At Least	At Least	At Least
State Revenue Gain	\$175,000	\$350,000	\$350,000

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) generally **concurs** with Executive projections which suggest the bill will have a limited fiscal impact. In eliminating the six percent gross receipts tax and imposing a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of fur clothing, this bill may generate an additional \$175,000 of revenue during the remainder of fiscal year 2009 and an additional \$350,000 each year thereafter.
- However, the OLS **does not concur** with the Executive's assertion that all other, technical modifications required for Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement (SSUTA) compliance have no impact on revenue collections. While the fur tax increase may be the only quantifiable impact, the OLS cautions that the legislation has two additional fiscal implications overlooked by the Executive: (1) the sales and use tax exemption for coin-operated telephone services, which may decrease sales tax collections; and (2) the prescription requirement for the sales and use tax exemption for mobility enhancing equipment, which may increase sales tax collections.



A3111

BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Bill No. 3111 of 2008 revises the sales and use tax to incorporate a series of changes to the SSUTA which have been adopted since the State entered the multi-state agreement in 2005.

The bill reorganizes and elaborates the taxation of telecommunications, revises the statutory definition of "sales price," modifies the definition of direct mail processing services, eliminates the "non-distinction" between solid and liquid food, and repeals the multiple points of use exemption. For purposes of compliance, the bill narrows a broad limitation affecting all medical equipment to affect only certain medical supplies, while limiting the exemption for mobility enhancing equipment to that sold by prescription; provides a sales and use tax exemption for coin-paid sales of payphone phone calls; and replaces the six percent gross receipts fur tax with a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of fur clothing.

Beyond changes for compliance, the bill makes certain technical modifications to the sales and use tax to revise inconsistencies and omissions which stem from previous revisions. These modifications include: the research and development exemption to explicitly include as exempt receipts from sales of digital property; the business prewritten software exemption to eliminate contradictory language concerning prewritten computer software delivered electronically; a provision extending the length of time during which tax records must be maintained; an extension of the current hold harmless provision for vendors to certain purchasers who rely on tax rates, boundaries, or the taxability matrix provided by the State; and an additional reference stipulating the process of providing returns for sales and use tax imposed on charges for initiation and membership fees and dues and charges from parking, storing, or garaging motor vehicles.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

The Division of Taxation in the Department of Treasury anticipates Assembly Bill No. 3111 of 2008 will have a limited fiscal impact.

According to their analysis, the transition from a six percent gross receipts tax to a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of fur clothing will generate an additional \$350,000 of General Fund revenue in fiscal year 2009 and each fiscal year thereafter.

Beyond the fur tax transition, Taxation asserts technical modifications required for SSUTA compliance, "appear to have no additional impact on State revenues."

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS generally concurs with Taxation's analysis. Assuming sales of fur clothing increase beyond figures achieved over the previous fiscal year, the transition from a six percent gross receipts tax to a seven percent sales and use tax may generate an additional \$175,000 of revenue during the remainder of fiscal year 2009 and an additional \$350,000 of revenue each fiscal year thereafter. However, the OLS cautions that the bill has two additional fiscal implications beyond the one percent fur tax increase identified by Taxation. The OLS notes that the exemption for coin-operated telephone services may decrease sales tax collections, and suggests that a prescription requirement imposed on the sales and use tax exemption for mobility enhancing equipment may increase sales tax collections in future fiscal years.

Coin-Operated Telephone Services:

Since 1990, the State of New Jersey has imposed sales tax on coin-paid sales of long-distance phone calls while providing a statutory exclusion for coin-paid sales of phone calls charged at the local calling rate. In reorganizing telecommunications for SSUTA compliance, however, the seven percent tax on long distance phone calls is rescinded, the exclusion for local phone calls is eliminated, and a separate, distinct sales and use tax exemption is provided for coin-operated telephone services. Regardless of whether the call is charged at the local or long-distance rate, coin-paid phone calls are exempt from taxation under the provisions of this bill.

At the height of AT&T's control of the market, an exemption for coin-operated telephone services may have represented a multi-million dollar proposition. Since then, the prevalence of pre-paid phone cards coupled with the growth of the cell phone industry has led to a dramatic decline in the availability and the use of public payphones. Although residents continue to rely on payphones to connect with friends and family, to conduct business, or to reach help in the event of an emergency, their use has significantly diminished, limiting the extent to which tax revenues are expected to decline over time.

While precise figures are unavailable, information obtained from the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) illustrates the decline in availability and, presumably, the use of payphones. Data released by the commission in February 2007, suggested that the number of public payphones owned and operated in the State of New Jersey dropped roughly 49 percent over a seven year period, from 99,355 active payphones in March of 1999 to 50,730 in March of 2006. While the FCC has not released revised figures, a representative with the American Public Communications Council (APCC) estimates that the number of payphones in New Jersey has continued to decline, falling below figures achieved in 2006.

Mobility Enhancing Equipment:

Under current law, the State of New Jersey provides a sales and use tax exemption for sales of mobility enhancing equipment. The receipts from sales of walkers and wheelchairs, motorized carts and crutches, and chairlifts and canes are exempt from taxation, irrespective of whether they are sold with or without a prescription. Under the bill, however, sales of mobility enhancing equipment are exempt only if the equipment is sold pursuant to the prescription of a "duly licensed practitioner" who is "authorized by the laws of this State."

The fiscal implications of the prescription requirement are largely unknown. Taxation appears unaware that the requirement will impact State revenues, and the OLS does not have sales data from medical supply distributors to quantify the impact on State revenues at this time. However, the office notes that the prescription requirement has the potential to increase tax collections in future fiscal years. Any effort restricting or limiting the size of the population eligible to receive an exemption will increase the likelihood that a sale of mobility enhancing equipment will result in a taxable transaction and, in turn, will increase sales and use tax collections. Sales of walkers to for-profit nursing homes, sales of wheelchairs to families of individuals with disabilities, and sales of chair lifts to businesses that had been exempt may be subject to taxation under the parameters of this bill.

Section:Revenue, Finance, and AppropriationsAnalyst:Luke Wolff
Associate Research AnalystApproved:David J. Rosen
Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal note has been prepared pursuant to P.L. 1980, c.67 (C. 52:13B-1 et seq.).

SENATE, No. 1418

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 3, 2008

Sponsored by: Senator PAUL A. SARLO District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)

SYNOPSIS

Revises sales and use tax to conform with Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



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1 AN ACT revising the sales and use tax to conform with the 2 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, amending P.L.2005, 3 c.126, P.L.1980, c.105, and P.L.1985, c.24, amending and 4 supplementing P.L.1966, c.30, and repealing section 27 of 5 P.L.2005, c.126 and section 1 of P.L.2006, c.41. 6 7 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 8 of New Jersey: 9 10 1. Section 2 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-2) is amended to read 11 as follows: 12 2. Unless the context in which they occur requires otherwise, the following terms when used in this act shall mean: 13 (a) "Person" includes an individual, trust, partnership, limited 14 15 partnership, limited liability company, society, association, joint stock company, corporation, public corporation or public authority, 16 17 estate, receiver, trustee, assignee, referee, fiduciary and any other 18 legal entity. 19 (b) "Purchase at retail" means a purchase by any person at a 20 retail sale. 21 (c) "Purchaser" means a person to whom a sale of personal 22 property is made or to whom a service is furnished. 23 (d) "Receipt" means the amount of the sales price of any 24 tangible personal property or digital property or service taxable 25 under this act. 26 (e) "Retail sale" means any sale, lease, or rental for any purpose, 27 other than for resale, sublease, or subrent. (1) For the purposes of this act a sale is for "resale, sublease, or 28 29 subrent" if it is a sale (A) for resale either as such or as converted 30 into or as a component part of a product produced for sale by the 31 purchaser, including the conversion of natural gas into another 32 intermediate or end product, other than electricity or thermal 33 energy, produced for sale by the purchaser, [or] (B) for use by that person in performing the services subject to tax under subsection 34 35 (b) of section 3 where the property so sold becomes a physical component part of the property upon which the services are 36 37 performed or where the property so sold is later actually transferred 38 to the purchaser of the service in conjunction with the performance 39 of the service subject to tax, or (C) of telecommunications service 40 to a telecommunications service provider for use as a component 41 part of telecommunications service provided to an ultimate 42 customer. 43 (2) For the purposes of this act, the term "retail sale" includes: sales of tangible personal property to all contractors, subcontractors 44

45 or repairmen of materials and supplies for use by them in erecting

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

1 structures for others, or building on, or otherwise improving, 2 altering, or repairing real property of others. 3 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.126). (4) The term "retail sale" does not include: 4 5 (A) Professional, insurance, or personal service transactions 6 which involve the transfer of tangible personal property as an 7 inconsequential element, for which no separate charges are made. (B) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation, 8 9 solely in consideration for the issuance of its stock, pursuant to a 10 merger or consolidation effected under the laws of New Jersey or 11 any other jurisdiction. 12 (C) The distribution of property by a corporation to its stockholders as a liquidating dividend. 13 14 (D) The distribution of property by a partnership to its partners in whole or partial liquidation. 15 16 (E) The transfer of property to a corporation upon its 17 organization in consideration for the issuance of its stock. 18 (F) The contribution of property to a partnership in 19 consideration for a partnership interest therein. 20 (G) The sale of tangible personal property where the purpose of the vendee is to hold the thing transferred as security for the 21 22 performance of an obligation of the seller. 23 (f) "Sale, selling or purchase" means any transfer of title or 24 possession or both, exchange or barter, rental, lease or license to 25 use or consume, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any 26 means whatsoever for a consideration, or any agreement therefor, 27 including the rendering of any service, taxable under this act, for a 28 consideration or any agreement therefor. 29 (g) "Tangible personal property" means personal property that 30 can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any 31 other manner perceptible to the senses. "Tangible personal 32 property" includes electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten 33 computer software including prewritten computer software 34 delivered electronically. 35 (h) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible 36 personal property, digital property, services to property, or services 37 by the purchaser thereof and includes, but is not limited to, the 38 receiving, storage or any keeping or retention for any length of 39 time, withdrawal from storage, any distribution, any installation, 40 any affixation to real or personal property, or any consumption of 41 such property. Use also includes the exercise of any right or power 42 over intrastate or interstate telecommunications and prepaid calling 43 services. Use also includes the exercise of any right or power over 44 utility service. Use also includes the derivation of a direct or 45 indirect benefit from a service. 46 (i) "Seller" means a person making sales, leases or rentals of 47 personal property or services.

48 (1) The term "seller" includes:

(A) A person making sales, leases or rentals of tangible personal
 property, digital property or services, the receipts from which are
 taxed by this act;

(B) A person maintaining a place of business in the State or
having an agent maintaining a place of business in the State and
making sales, whether at such place of business or elsewhere, to
persons within the State of tangible personal property, digital
property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act;

9 (C) A person who solicits business either by employees, 10 independent contractors, agents or other representatives or by 11 distribution of catalogs or other advertising matter and by reason 12 thereof makes sales to persons within the State of tangible personal 13 property, digital property or services, the use of which is taxed by 14 this act;

(D) Any other person making sales to persons within the State of
tangible personal property, digital property or services, the use of
which is taxed by this act, who may be authorized by the director to
collect the tax imposed by this act;

(E) The State of New Jersey, any of its agencies,
instrumentalities, public authorities, public corporations (including
a public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with
another state) or political subdivisions when such entity sells
services or property of a kind ordinarily sold by private persons;

24 (F) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.126);

25 (G) A person who sells, stores, delivers or transports energy to
26 users or customers in this State whether by mains, lines or pipes
27 located within this State or by any other means of delivery;

(H) A person engaged in collecting charges in the nature of
initiation fees, membership fees or dues for access to or use of the
property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or
shopping club or organization; and

32 (I) A person engaged in the business of parking, storing or33 garaging motor vehicles.

34 (2) In addition, when in the opinion of the director it is 35 necessary for the efficient administration of this act to treat any 36 salesman, representative, peddler or canvasser as the agent of the 37 seller, distributor, supervisor or employer under whom the agent 38 operates or from whom the agent obtains tangible personal property 39 or digital property sold by the agent or for whom the agent solicits 40 business, the director may, in the director's discretion, treat such 41 agent as the seller jointly responsible with the agent's principal, 42 distributor, supervisor or employer for the collection and payment 43 over of the tax. A person is an agent of a seller in all cases, but not 44 limited to such cases, that: (A) the person and the seller have the 45 relationship of a "related person" described pursuant to section 2 of 46 P.L.1993, c.170 (C.54:10A-5.5); and (B) the seller and the person 47 use an identical or substantially similar name, tradename, 48 trademark, or goodwill, to develop, promote, or maintain sales, or

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the person and the seller pay for each other's services in whole or in part contingent upon the volume or value of sales, or the person and the seller share a common business plan or substantially coordinate their business plans, or the person provides services to, or that inure to the benefit of, the seller related to developing, promoting, or maintaining the seller's market.

7 (j) "Hotel" means a building or portion of it which is regularly 8 used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests. The term 9 "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel, boarding house or 10 club, whether or not meals are served.

11 (k) "Occupancy" means the use or possession or the right to the12 use or possession, of any room in a hotel.

(1) "Occupant" means a person who, for a consideration, uses,
possesses, or has the right to use or possess, any room in a hotel
under any lease, concession, permit, right of access, license to use
or other agreement, or otherwise.

(m) "Permanent resident" means any occupant of any room or
rooms in a hotel for at least 90 consecutive days shall be considered
a permanent resident with regard to the period of such occupancy.

20 (n) "Room" means any room or rooms of any kind in any part or
21 portion of a hotel, which is available for or let out for any purpose
22 other than a place of assembly.

(o) "Admission charge" means the amount paid for admission,
including any service charge and any charge for entertainment or
amusement or for the use of facilities therefor.

(p) "Amusement charge" means any admission charge, dues orcharge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.

(q) "Charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place"
means any charge made for admission, refreshment, service, or
merchandise at a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.

(r) "Dramatic or musical arts admission charge" means any
admission charge paid for admission to a theater, opera house,
concert hall or other hall or place of assembly for a live, dramatic,
choreographic or musical performance.

(s) "Lessor" means any person who is the owner, licensee, or
lessee of any premises, tangible personal property or digital
property which the person leases, subleases, or grants a license to
use to other persons.

39 (t) "Place of amusement" means any place where any facilities40 for entertainment, amusement, or sports are provided.

(u) "Casual sale" means an isolated or occasional sale of an item
of tangible personal property or digital property by a person who is
not regularly engaged in the business of making retail sales of such
property where the item was obtained by the person making the
sale, through purchase or otherwise, for the person's own use.

46 (v) "Motor vehicle" includes all vehicles propelled otherwise
47 than by muscular power (excepting such vehicles as run only upon
48 rails or tracks), trailers, semitrailers, house trailers, or any other

type of vehicle drawn by a motor-driven vehicle, and motorcycles,
 designed for operation on the public highways.

(w) "Persons required to collect tax" or "persons required to 3 collect any tax imposed by this act" includes: every seller of 4 5 tangible personal property, digital property or services; every 6 recipient of amusement charges; every operator of a hotel; every 7 seller of <u>a</u> telecommunications <u>service</u>; every recipient of initiation fees, membership fees or dues for access to or use of the property or 8 9 facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or shopping club 10 or organization; and every recipient of charges for parking, storing 11 or garaging a motor vehicle. Said terms shall also include any 12 officer or employee of a corporation or of a dissolved corporation 13 who as such officer or employee is under a duty to act for such 14 corporation in complying with any requirement of this act and any 15 member of a partnership.

16 (x) "Customer" includes: every purchaser of tangible personal 17 property, digital property or services; every patron paying or liable 18 for the payment of any amusement charge; every occupant of a 19 room or rooms in a hotel; every person paying charges in the nature 20 of initiation fees, membership fees or dues for access to or use of 21 the property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or 22 shopping club or organization; and every purchaser of parking, 23 storage or garaging a motor vehicle.

24 (y) "Property and services the use of which is subject to tax" 25 includes: (1) all property sold to a person within the State, whether 26 or not the sale is made within the State, the use of which property is 27 subject to tax under section 6 or will become subject to tax when 28 such property is received by or comes into the possession or control 29 of such person within the State; (2) all services rendered to a person 30 within the State, whether or not such services are performed within 31 the State, upon tangible personal property or digital property the use 32 of which is subject to tax under section 6 or will become subject to 33 tax when such property is distributed within the State or is received 34 by or comes into possession or control of such person within the interstate, or international 35 State; (3) intrastate or • 36 telecommunications sourced to this State pursuant to section 29 of 37 P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.4); (4) (Deleted by amendment, 38 P.L.1995, c.184); (5) energy sold, exchanged or delivered in this 39 State for use in this State; (6) utility service sold, exchanged or 40 delivered in this State for use in this State; (7) [direct] mail 41 processing services in connection with [direct mail] printed advertising material distributed in this State; (8) (Deleted by 42 43 amendment, P.L.2005, c.126); and (9) services the benefit of which 44 are received in this State.

(z) "Director " means the Director of the Division of Taxation of
the State Department of the Treasury, or any officer, employee or
agency of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the
Treasury duly authorized by the director (directly, or indirectly by

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one or more redelegations of authority) to perform the functions
 mentioned or described in this act.

3 (aa) "Lease or rental" means any transfer of possession or control
4 of tangible personal property for a fixed or indeterminate term for
5 consideration. A "lease or rental" may include future options to
6 purchase or extend.

(1) "Lease or rental" does not include:

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8 (A) A transfer of possession or control of property under a 9 security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the 10 transfer of title upon completion of the required payments;

(B) A transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of required payments and payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of \$100 or one percent of the total required payments; or

15 (C) Providing tangible personal property or digital property 16 along with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. 17 A condition of this exclusion is that the operator is necessary for the 18 equipment to perform as designed. For the purpose of this 19 subparagraph, an operator must do more than maintain, inspect, or 20 set-up the tangible personal property or digital property.

(2) "Lease or rental" does include agreements covering motor
vehicles and trailers where the amount of consideration may be
increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized upon
sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C.
s.7701(h)(1).

(3) The definition of "lease or rental" provided in this subsection
shall be used for the purposes of this act regardless of whether a
transaction is characterized as a lease or rental under generally
accepted accounting principles, the federal Internal Revenue Code
or other provisions of federal, state or local law.

31 (bb) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.126).

(cc) "Telecommunications service" means the [act or privilege 32 33 of originating or receiving messages or information through the use 34 of any kind of one-way or two-way communication; including but 35 not limited to voice, video, facsimile, teletypewriter, computer, 36 mobile telecommunications service or any other type of 37 communication; using electronic or electromagnetic methods, and 38 all services and equipment provided in connection therewith or by 39 means thereof] electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of 40 voice, data, audio, video, or any other information or signals to a 41 point, or between or among points.

42 <u>"Telecommunications service" shall include such transmission,</u>
43 <u>conveyance, or routing in which computer processing applications</u>
44 <u>are used to act on the form, code, or protocol of the content for</u>
45 <u>purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing without regard to</u>
46 <u>whether such service is referred to as voice over Internet protocol</u>
47 <u>services or is classified by the Federal Communications</u>
48 <u>Commission as enhanced or value added.</u>

1 "Telecommunications service" shall not include: 2 (1) [one-way radio or television broadcasting transmissions available universally to the general public without a fee [(Deleted 3 by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 4 5 <u>bill);</u> 6 (2) [purchases of telecommunications by a telecommunications 7 provider for use as a component part of telecommunications 8 provided to an ultimate retail consumer who (A) originates or 9 terminates the taxable end-to-end communications or (B) pays 10 charges exempt from taxation pursuant to paragraph (5) of this 11 subsection [(Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before 12 the Legislature as this bill); 13 (3) [services provided by a person, or by that person's wholly 14 owned subsidiary, not engaged in the business of rendering or 15 offering telecommunications services to the public, for private and exclusive use within its organization, provided however, that 16 17 "telecommunications" shall include the sale of telecommunications 18 services attributable to the excess unused telecommunications 19 capacity of that person to another [(Deleted by amendment, P.L., 20 c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); 21 (4) [charges in the nature of subscription fees paid by 22 subscribers for cable television service (Deleted by amendment, 23 P.L. , c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); 24 (5) [charges subject to the local calling rate paid by inserting 25 coins into a coin operated telecommunications device available to 26 the public (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before 27 the Legislature as this bill); [and] 28 (6) [purchases of telecommunications using a prepaid calling 29 service (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the 30 Legislature as this bill); 31 (7) data processing and information services that allow data to be 32 generated, acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by 33 an electronic transmission to a purchaser where such purchaser's 34 primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data 35 or information; 36 (8) installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a 37 customer's premises; 38 (9) tangible personal property; 39 (10) advertising, including but not limited to directory 40 advertising; 41 (11) billing and collection services provided to third parties; 42 (12) internet access service; 43 (13) radio and television audio and video programming services, 44 regardless of the medium, including the furnishing of transmission, 45 conveyance, and routing of such services by the programming 46 service provider. Radio and television audio and video 47 programming services shall include but not be limited to cable

1 service as defined in section 47 U.S.C. s.522(6) and audio and video 2 programming services delivered by commercial mobile radio 3 service providers, as defined in section 47 C.F.R. 20.3; 4 (14) ancillary services; or 5 (15) digital products delivered electronically, including but not 6 limited to software, music, video, reading materials, or ringtones. 7 For the purposes of this subsection: 8 "ancillary service" means a service that is associated with or 9 incidental to the provision of telecommunications services, 10 including but not limited to detailed telecommunications billing, 11 directory assistance, vertical service, and voice mail service; 12 "conference bridging service" means an ancillary service that links two or more participants of an audio or video conference call 13 14 and may include the provision of a telephone number. Conference 15 bridging service does not include the telecommunications services 16 used to reach the conference bridge; 17 "detailed telecommunications billing service" means an ancillary 18 service of separately stating information pertaining to individual 19 calls on a customer's billing statement; "directory assistance" means an ancillary service of providing 20 telephone number information or address information or both; 21 "vertical service" means an ancillary service that is offered in 22 23 connection with one or more telecommunications services, which 24 offers advanced calling features that allow customers to identify 25 callers and to manage multiple calls and call connections, including 26 conference bridging services; and 27 "voice mail service" means an ancillary service that enables the 28 customer to store, send, or receive recorded messages. Voice mail service does not include any vertical service that a customer may be 29 30 required to have to utilize the voice mail service. (1) "Intrastate telecommunications" means 31 (dd) а 32 telecommunications service that originates in one United States 33 state or a United States territory or possession or federal district, 34 and terminates in the same United States state or United States 35 territory or possession or federal district. 36 (2) "Interstate [telecommunication] telecommunications" means [any] <u>a</u> [telecommunication] <u>telecommunications service</u> that 37 38 originates in one United States state or a United States territory or 39 possession or federal district, and [or] terminates [inside this State, including international telecommunication. In the case of mobile 40 41 telecommunications service, "interstate telecommunication" means 42 any mobile telecommunications service that originates in one state 43 and terminates in another state, territory, or foreign country that is 44 provided to a customer with a place of primary use in this State in 45 a different United States state or United States territory or possession or federal district. 46 47 (3) "International telecommunications" means a telecommunications service that originates or terminates in the 48

1 United States and terminates or originates outside the United States, 2 respectively. "United States" includes the District of Columbia or a 3 United States territory or possession. 4 ["Intrastate telecommunication" (ee) means any 5 telecommunication that originates and terminates within this State. 6 In the case of mobile telecommunications service, "intrastate 7 telecommunication" means any mobile telecommunications service 8 that originates and terminates within the same state that is provided 9 to a customer with a place of primary use in this State. (Deleted by 10 amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 11 bill) 12 (ff) "Natural gas" means any gaseous fuel distributed through a 13 pipeline system. 14 (gg) "Energy" means natural gas or electricity. (hh) "Utility service" means the transportation or transmission of 15 16 natural gas or electricity by means of mains, wires, lines or pipes, to 17 users or customers. 18 (ii) "Self-generation unit" means a facility located on the user's 19 property, or on property purchased or leased from the user by the 20 person owning the self-generation unit and such property is 21 contiguous to the user's property, which generates electricity to be 22 used only by that user on the user's property and is not transported to the user over wires that cross a property line or public 23 24 thoroughfare unless the property line or public thoroughfare merely 25 bifurcates the user's or self-generation unit owner's otherwise 26 contiguous property. (jj) "Co-generation facility" means a facility the primary purpose 27 28 of which is the sequential production of electricity and steam or 29 other forms of useful energy which are used for industrial or 30 commercial heating or cooling purposes and which is designated by 31 the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or its successor, as a 32 "qualifying facility" pursuant to the provisions of the "Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978," Pub.L.95-617. 33 34 (kk) "Non-utility" means a company engaged in the sale, 35 exchange or transfer of natural gas that was not subject to the 36 provisions of P.L.1940, c.5 (C.54:30A-49 et seq.) prior to 37 December 31, 1997. 38 (ll) "Pre-paid calling service" means the right to [purchase] 39 access exclusively telecommunications services, [that must] which 40 shall be paid for in advance [, that] and which enables the 41 origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, 42 whether manually or electronically dialed ;provided, that the 43 remaining amount of units of service that have been pre-paid shall

44 be known by the service provider on a continuous basis], and that
45 is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number

46 <u>declines with use in a known amount</u>.

(mm) "Mobile telecommunications service" [means commercial
mobile radio service, as defined in section 20.3 of title 47 of the
Code of Federal Regulations as in effect on June 1, 1999] means
the same as that term is defined in the federal "Mobile
Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124 (Pub.L.106252).

7 (nn) ["Place of primary use" means the street address 8 representative of where the customer's use of the mobile 9 telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the 10 residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer and within the licensed service area of the home 11 service provider. For the purposes of determining the primary place 12 13 of use, the terms used shall have the meanings provided pursuant to 14 the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. 15 s.124 (Pub.L.106-252). (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) 16 (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

(oo) (1)"Sales price" is the measure subject to sales tax and
means the total amount of consideration, including cash, credit,
property, and services, for which personal property or services are
sold, leased, or rented, valued in money, whether received in money
or otherwise, without any deduction for the following:

22 (A) The seller's cost of the property sold;

(B) The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest,
losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on
the seller, and any other expense of the seller;

26 (C) Charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete27 the sale;

28 (D) Delivery charges;

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(E) Installation charges; and

30 (F) [The value of exempt personal property given to the
31 purchaser where taxable and exempt personal property have been
32 bundled together and sold by the seller as a single product or piece
33 of merchandise] (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c.) (pending
34 before the Legislature as this bill).

(2) "Sales price" does not include:

36 (A) Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons that are not
37 reimbursed by a third party, that are allowed by a seller and taken
38 by a purchaser on a sale;

(B) Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit
extended on the sale of personal property or services, if the amount
is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document
given to the purchaser;

43 (C) Any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that are
44 separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document
45 given to the purchaser;

46 (D) The amount of sales price for which food stamps have been47 properly tendered in full or part payment pursuant to the federal

1 transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and packing. If 2 a shipment includes both exempt and taxable property, the seller 3 should allocate the delivery charge by using: (1) a percentage based 4 on the total sales price of the taxable property compared to the total 5 sales price of all property in the shipment; or (2) a percentage based 6 on the total weight of the taxable property compared to the total 7 weight of all property in the shipment. The seller shall tax the 8 percentage of the delivery charge allocated to the taxable property 9 but is not required to tax the percentage allocated to the exempt 10 property.

11 (ss) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed 12 by United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience 13 or to addresses on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the 14 direction of the purchaser in cases in which the cost of the items are 15 not billed directly to the recipients. "Direct mail" includes tangible 16 personal property or digital property supplied directly or indirectly 17 by the purchaser to the direct mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed material. "Direct mail" does not 18 19 include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single 20 address.

(tt) "Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement" means the
agreement entered into as governed and authorized by the "Uniform
Sales and Use Tax Administration Act," P.L.2001, c.431
(C.54:32B-44 et seq.).

(uu) "Alcoholic beverages" means beverages that are suitable for
human consumption and contain one-half of one percent or more of
alcohol by volume.

(vv) "Digital property" means electronically delivered music, ringtones, movies, books, audio and video works and similar products, where the customer is granted a right or license to use, retain or make a copy of such item. Digital property does not include video programming services, including video on demand television services, and broadcasting services, including content to provide such services.

(ww) "Landscaping services" means services that result in a
capital improvement to land other than structures of any kind
whatsoever, such as: seeding, sodding or grass plugging of new
lawns; planting trees, shrubs, hedges, plants; and clearing and
filling land.

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(xx) "Investigation and security services" means:

41 (1) investigation and detective services, including detective
42 agencies and private investigators, and fingerprint, polygraph
43 missing person tracing and skip tracing services;

44 (2) security guard and patrol services, including bodyguard and
 45 personal protection, guard dog, guard, patrol, and security services;

46 (3) armored car services; and

47 (4) security systems services, including security, burglar, and48 fire alarm installation, repair or monitoring services.

1 (yy) "Information services" means the furnishing of information 2 of any kind, which has been collected, compiled, or analyzed by the 3 seller, and provided through any means or method, other than 4 personal or individual information which is not incorporated into 5 reports furnished to other people.

6 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.1)

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8 2. Section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) is amended to read 9 as follows:

3. There is imposed and there shall be paid a tax of 7% upon:

(a) The receipts from every retail sale of tangible personal
property or digital property, except as otherwise provided in this
act.

(b) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of thefollowing services:

(1) Producing, fabricating, processing, printing or imprinting
tangible personal property or digital property, performed for a
person who directly or indirectly furnishes the tangible personal
property or digital property, not purchased by him for resale, upon
which such services are performed.

21 (2) Installing tangible personal property or digital property, or 22 maintaining, servicing, repairing tangible personal property or 23 digital property not held for sale in the regular course of business, 24 whether or not the services are performed directly or by means of 25 coin-operated equipment or by any other means, and whether or not 26 any tangible personal property or digital property is transferred in 27 conjunction therewith, except (i) such services rendered by an 28 individual who is engaged directly by a private homeowner or 29 lessee in or about his residence and who is not in a regular trade or 30 business offering his services to the public, (ii) such services 31 rendered with respect to personal property exempt from taxation 32 hereunder pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.1), 33 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1990, c.40), (iv) any receipts from 34 laundering, dry cleaning, tailoring, weaving, or pressing clothing, 35 and shoe repairing and shoeshining and (v) services rendered in 36 installing property which, when installed, will constitute an addition 37 or capital improvement to real property, property or land, other than 38 landscaping services and other than installing carpeting and other 39 flooring.

40 (3) Storing all tangible personal property not held for sale in the
41 regular course of business; the rental of safe deposit boxes or
42 similar space; and the furnishing of space for storage of tangible
43 personal property by a person engaged in the business of furnishing
44 space for such storage.

"Space for storage" means secure areas, such as rooms, units,
compartments or containers, whether accessible from outside or
from within a building, that are designated for the use of a customer
and wherein the customer has free access within reasonable

business hours, or upon reasonable notice to the furnisher of space
for storage, to store and retrieve property. Space for storage shall
not include the lease or rental of an entire building, such as a
warehouse or airplane hanger.

5 (4) Maintaining, servicing or repairing real property, other than 6 a residential heating system unit serving not more than three 7 families living independently of each other and doing their cooking 8 on the premises, whether the services are performed in or outside of 9 a building, as distinguished from adding to or improving such real 10 property by a capital improvement, but excluding services rendered 11 by an individual who is not in a regular trade or business offering 12 his services to the public, and excluding garbage removal and sewer 13 services performed on a regular contractual basis for a term not less 14 than 30 days.

(5) [Direct-mail] <u>Mail</u> processing services <u>for printed</u>
<u>advertising material</u>, except for [direct-mail] <u>mail</u> processing
services in connection with distribution of [direct mail] <u>printed</u>
<u>advertising material</u> to out-of-State recipients.

(6) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.184).

20 (7) Utility service provided to persons in this State, any right or21 power over which is exercised in this State.

(8) Tanning services, including the application of a temporarytan provided by any means.

24 (9) Massage, bodywork or somatic services, except such
25 services provided pursuant to a doctor's prescription.

26 (10) Tattooing, including all permanent body art and permanent27 cosmetic make-up applications.

28 (11) Investigation and security services.

29 (12) Information services.

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30 (13) Transportation services originating in this State and
31 provided by a limousine operator, as permitted by law, except such
32 services provided in connection with funeral services.

33 (14) Telephone answering services.

34 (15) Radio subscription services.

Wages, salaries and other compensation paid by an employer to an employee for performing as an employee the services described in this subsection are not receipts subject to the taxes imposed under this subsection (b).

Services otherwise taxable under paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection (b) are not subject to the taxes imposed under this subsection, where the tangible personal property or digital property upon which the services were performed is delivered to the purchaser outside this State for use outside this State.

(c) (1) Receipts from the sale of prepared food in or by
restaurants, taverns, or other establishments in this State, or by
caterers, including in the amount of such receipts any cover,
minimum, entertainment or other charge made to patrons or
customers, except for meals especially prepared for and delivered to

1 homebound elderly, age 60 or older, and to disabled persons, or 2 meals prepared and served at a group-sitting at a location outside of 3 the home to otherwise homebound elderly persons, age 60 or older, 4 and otherwise homebound disabled persons, as all or part of any 5 food service project funded in whole or in part by government or as 6 part of a private, nonprofit food service project available to all such 7 elderly or disabled persons residing within an area of service 8 designated by the private nonprofit organization; and

9 (2) Receipts from sales of food and beverages sold through 10 vending machines, at the wholesale price of such sale, which shall 11 be defined as 70% of the retail vending machine selling price, 12 except sales of milk, which shall not be taxed. Nothing herein 13 contained shall affect other sales through coin-operated vending 14 machines taxable pursuant to subsection (a) above or the exemption 15 thereto provided by section 21 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.9).

16 The tax imposed by this subsection (c) shall not apply to food or 17 drink which is sold to an airline for consumption while in flight.

(3) For the purposes of this subsection:

19 "Food and beverages sold through vending machines" means
20 food and beverages dispensed from a machine or other mechanical
21 device that accepts payment; and

22 "Prepared food" means:

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(i) A. food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller; or

B. two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single item, but not including food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration in Chapter 3, part 401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne illnesses; or

C. food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller,
including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or
straws. A plate does not include a container or packaging used to
transport the food;

35 provided however, that

36 (ii) "prepared food" does not include the following sold without37 eating utensils:

A. food sold by a seller whose proper primary NAICS
classification is manufacturing in section 311, except subsector
3118 (bakeries);

B. food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as asingle item; or

C. bakery items, including bread, rolls, buns, biscuits, bagels,
croissants, pastries, donuts, danish, cakes, tortes, pies, tarts,
muffins, bars, cookies, and tortillas.

46 (d) The rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a hotel
47 in this State, except that the tax shall not be imposed upon a
48 permanent resident.

1 (e) (1) Any admission charge to or for the use of any place of 2 amusement in the State, including charges for admission to race 3 tracks, baseball, football, basketball or exhibitions, dramatic or 4 musical arts performances, motion picture theaters, except charges 5 for admission to boxing, wrestling, kick boxing or combative sports 6 exhibitions, events, performances or contests which charges are 7 taxed under any other law of this State or under section 20 of 8 P.L.1985, c.83 (C.5:2A-20), and, except charges to a patron for 9 admission to, or use of, facilities for sporting activities in which 10 such patron is to be a participant, such as bowling alleys and 11 swimming pools. For any person having the permanent use or 12 possession of a box or seat or lease or a license, other than a season 13 ticket, for the use of a box or seat at a place of amusement, the tax 14 shall be upon the amount for which a similar box or seat is sold for each performance or exhibition at which the box or seat is used or 15 16 reserved by the holder, licensee or lessee, and shall be paid by the 17 holder, licensee or lessee.

(2) The amount paid as charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other
similar place in this State, to the extent that a tax upon such charges
has not been paid pursuant to subsection (c) hereof.

(f) (1) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of
intrastate, [or] interstate, or international telecommunications
services and ancillary services sourced to this State in accordance
with section 29 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.4).

25 (2) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of intrastate 26 or interstate mobile telecommunications services billed by or for a 27 customer's home service provider and provided to a customer with a 28 place of primary use in this State. The provisions and definitions of 29 the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. 30 ss.116-126 (Pub.L.106-252), are applicable herein.](Deleted by 31 amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 32 bill)

(g) [The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of prepaid
calling service and the recharge of prepaid calling service.]
(Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill)

37 (h) Charges in the nature of initiation fees, membership fees or 38 dues for access to or use of the property or facilities of a health and 39 fitness, athletic, sporting or shopping club or organization in this 40 State, except for: (1) membership in a club or organization whose 41 members are predominantly age 18 or under; and (2) charges in the 42 nature of membership fees or dues for access to or use of the 43 property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or shopping club or organization that is exempt from taxation pursuant 44 45 to paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 9 of P.L.1966, c.30 46 (C.54:32B-9), or that is exempt from taxation pursuant to paragraph

1 (1) or (2) of subsection (b) of section 9 of P.L.1966, c.30 and that 2 has complied with subsection (d) of section 9 of P.L.1966, c.30. 3 (i) The receipts from parking, storing or garaging a motor 4 vehicle, excluding charges for the following: residential parking; 5 employee parking, when provided by an employer or at a facility 6 owned or operated by the employer; municipal parking, storing or 7 garaging; receipts from charges or fees imposed pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1993, c.159 (C.5:12-173.3) or pursuant to an agreement 8 9 between the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority and a 10 casino operator in effect on the date of enactment of P.L.2007, 11 c.105; and receipts from parking, storing or garaging a motor 12 vehicle subject to tax pursuant to any other law or ordinance. 13 For the purposes of this subsection, "municipal parking, storing 14 or garaging" means any motor vehicle parking, storing or garaging 15 provided by a municipality or county, or a parking authority 16 thereof. 17 (cf: P.L.2007, c.105, s.1) 18 19 3. Section 29 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.4) is amended to 20 reads as follows: 21 29. a. Notwithstanding the general sourcing provisions of 22 section 26 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.1), except for the 23 telecommunication services enumerated in subsection c. of this 24 section, the sale of telecommunication service sold on a call-by-call 25 basis shall be sourced to: 26 (1) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and 27 terminates in that jurisdiction; or 28 (2) each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either 29 originates or terminates and in which the service address is also 30 located. 31 b. Except for the telecommunication services enumerated in 32 subsection c. of this section, a sale of telecommunications services 33 sold on a basis other than a call-by-call basis shall be sourced to the 34 customer's place of primary use. 35 The sale of the following telecommunication services shall с. be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as follows: 36 37 (1) A sale of mobile telecommunications services other than air-38 to-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service shall 39 be sourced to the customer's place of primary use as required by the 40 federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.116 41 et seq. 42 (2) A sale of post-paid calling service shall be sourced to the 43 origination point of the telecommunications signal as first identified 44 by either: 45 (a) the seller's telecommunications system; or 46 (b) information received by the seller from its service provider, 47 if the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller.

1 (3) A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a prepaid 2 wireless calling service shall be sourced in accordance with the 3 general sourcing provisions of section 26 of P.L.2005, c.126 4 (C.54:32B-3.1); provided however, that in the case of a sale of 5 telecommunications service mobile that is a prepaid 6 [telecommunications] wireless calling service, the rule provided in 7 paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of that section shall include as an 8 option the location associated with the mobile telephone number.

9 (4) A sale of a private communication service shall be sourced 10 as follows:

(a) Service for a separate charge related to a customer channel
termination point shall be sourced to each level of jurisdiction in
which such customer channel termination point is located.

(b) Service for which all customer termination points are located
entirely within one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction shall be
sourced to such jurisdiction in which the customer channel
termination points are located.

18 (c) Service for segments of a channel between two customer 19 channel termination points located in different jurisdictions and 20 which segments of channel are separately charged shall be sourced 21 fifty percent to each level of jurisdiction in which the customer 22 channel termination points are located.

(d) Service for segments of a channel located in more than one
jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which segments of channel
are not separately billed shall be sourced to each jurisdiction based
on the percentage determined by dividing the number of customer
channel termination points in such jurisdiction by the total number
of customer channel termination points.

29 (5) A sale of an ancillary service shall be sourced to the
 30 customer's place of primary use.

31 d. For the purposes of this section:

"Air-to-ground radiotelephone service" means a radio service, as
that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in which common carriers are
authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications service
for hire to subscribers in aircraft;

<u>"Ancillary service" means a service that is associated with or</u>
 <u>incidental to the provision of telecommunication services, including</u>
 <u>but not limited to detailed telecommunications billing, directory</u>
 <u>assistance, vertical service, and voice mail services;</u>

40 "Call-by-call basis" means any method of charging for
41 telecommunications services in which the price is measured by
42 individual calls;

43 "Communications channel" means a physical or virtual path of
44 communications over which signals are transmitted between or
45 among customer channel termination points;

46 "Customer" means the person or entity that contracts with the
47 seller of telecommunications services. If the end user of
48 telecommunications services is not the contracting party, then the

1 end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of the 2 telecommunication service, but this provision applies only for the 3 purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications services under this does 4 section. "Customer" not include a reseller telecommunications service or, for mobile telecommunications 5 6 service [of], a serving carrier under an agreement to serve the 7 customer outside the home service provider's licensed service area;

8 "Customer channel termination point" means the location where9 the customer either inputs or receives the communications;

"End user" means the person who utilizes the telecommunication
service. In the case of an entity, "end user" means the individual
who utilizes the service on behalf of the entity;

"Home service provider" has the same meaning as that term is
defined by the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act,"
4 U.S.C. s.124;

16 "Mobile telecommunications service" has the same meaning as
17 that term is defined by the federal "Mobile Telecommunications
18 Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124;

19 "Place of primary use" means the street address representative of 20 where the customer's use of the telecommunications service 21 primarily occurs, which shall be the residential street address or the 22 primary business street address of the customer. In the case of 23 mobile telecommunications services, "place of primary use" shall 24 be within the licensed service area of the home service provider;

25 "Post-paid calling service" means the telecommunications 26 service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis either 27 through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a 28 bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by a charge 29 made to a telephone number which is not associated with the 30 origination or termination of the telecommunications service. A 31 post-paid calling service includes a telecommunications service, 32 except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a prepaid 33 calling service except it is not exclusively a telecommunications 34 service;

35 "Prepaid calling service" means the right to access exclusively 36 telecommunications services, which shall be paid for in advance 37 [that] and which enables the origination of calls using an access 38 number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically 39 dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which 40 the number declines with use in a known amount;

41 <u>"Prepaid wireless calling service" means a telecommunications</u> 42 service that provides the right to utilize mobile wireless service as 43 well as other non-telecommunications services, including the 44 download of digital products delivered electronically, content, and 45 ancillary services, which must be paid for in advance and that is 46 sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines 47 with use in a known amount;

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1 "Private communication service" means a telecommunication 2 service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a 3 communications channel or group of channels between or among 4 termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel 5 or channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, 6 extension lines, stations, and any other associated services that are 7 provided in connection with the use of such channel or channels; 8 and 9 "Service address" means 10 (1) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which 11 a customer's call is charged and from which the call originates or 12 terminates, regardless of where the call is billed or paid; 13 (2) If the location in paragraph (1) of this definition is not 14 known, "service address" means the origination point of the signal 15 of the telecommunications services first identified by either the 16 seller's telecommunications system or in information received by 17 the seller from its service provider, in the case that the system used 18 to transport such signals is not that of the seller; or 19 (3) If the locations in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this definition are not known, "service address" means the location of the 20 21 customer's place of primary use. 22 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.29) 23 24 4. Section 4 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-4) is amended to read 25 as follows: 26 4. a. For the purpose of adding and collecting the tax imposed 27 by this act, or an amount equal as nearly as possible or practicable 28 to the average equivalent thereof, to be reimbursed to the seller by 29 the purchaser, a seller shall use one of the two following options: 30 (1) a tax shall be calculated based on the following formula: 31 Amount of Sale Amount of Tax \$0.01 to \$0.10 32 No Tax 33 0.11 to 0.19 \$0.01 34 0.20 to 0.32 0.02 0.33 to 0.47 35 0.03 0.48 to 0.62 0.04 36 37 0.63 to 0.77 0.05 0.78 to 0.90 38 0.06 39 0.91 to \$1.10 0.07 40 and in addition to a tax of \$0.07 on each full dollar, a tax shall be 41 collected on each part of a dollar in excess of a full dollar, in 42 accordance with the above formula; or 43 (2) tax shall be calculated to the third decimal place. One-half 44 cent (\$0.005) or higher shall be rounded up to the next cent; less 45 than \$0.005 shall be dropped in order to round the result down. 46 Sellers may compute the tax due on a transaction on either an

47 item or an invoice basis.

b. [For charges paid by inserting coins into a coin operated telecommunications device available to the public the tax shall be computed to the nearest multiple of five cents of the tax otherwise due pursuant to subsection a. of this section, except that, if the amount of the tax is midway between multiples of five cents, the next higher multiple shall apply.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L. ,

7 <u>c.</u>) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

8 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.3)

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10 5. Section 6 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-6) is amended to read 11 as follows:

12 6. Unless property or services have already been or will be 13 subject to the sales tax under this act, there is hereby imposed on 14 and there shall be paid by every person a use tax for the use within 15 this State of 7%, except as otherwise exempted under this act, (A) 16 of any tangible personal property or digital property purchased at 17 retail, including energy, provided however, that electricity 18 consumed by the generating facility that produced it shall not be 19 subject to tax, (B) of any tangible personal property or digital 20 property manufactured, processed or assembled by the user, if items 21 of the same kind of tangible personal property or digital property 22 are offered for sale by him in the regular course of business, or if 23 items of the same kind of tangible personal property are not offered 24 for sale by him in the regular course of business and are used as 25 such or incorporated into a structure, building or real property, (C) 26 of any tangible personal property or digital property, however 27 acquired, where not acquired for purposes of resale, upon which any 28 taxable services described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection 29 (b) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) have been 30 performed, (D) of [interstate or] intrastate, interstate, or 31 international telecommunications services and mobile 32 telecommunications] described in subsection (f) of section 3 of 33 P.L.1966, c.30, (E) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.184), (F) 34 of utility service provided to persons in this State for use in this 35 State, provided however, that utility service used by the facility that 36 provides the service shall not be subject to tax, (G) of [direct-mail] 37 mail processing services described in paragraph (5) of subsection 38 (b) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3), (H) [of prepaid 39 calling service and the recharge of prepaid calling service [(Deleted 40 by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this 41 bill), (I) of any services subject to tax pursuant to subsection (11), 42 (12), [or] (13), (14) or (15) of subsection (b) of section 3 of 43 P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3), and (J) of access to or use of the 44 property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, sporting or 45 shopping club or organization in this State. For purposes of clause 46 (A) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth 47 hereinabove, of the consideration given or contracted to be given

1 for such property or for the use of such property including delivery 2 charges made by the seller, but excluding any credit for property of 3 the same kind accepted in part payment and intended for resale. For 4 the purposes of clause (B) of this section, the tax shall be at the 5 applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the price at which items 6 of the same kind of tangible personal property or digital property 7 are offered for sale by the user, or if items of the same kind of 8 tangible personal property are not offered for sale by the user in the 9 regular course of business and are used as such or incorporated into 10 a structure, building or real property the tax shall be at the 11 applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the consideration given 12 or contracted to be given for the tangible personal property 13 manufactured, processed or assembled by the user into the tangible 14 personal property the use of which is subject to use tax pursuant to 15 this section, and the mere storage, keeping, retention or withdrawal 16 from storage of tangible personal property or digital property by the 17 person who manufactured, processed or assembled such property 18 shall not be deemed a taxable use by him. For purposes of clause 19 (C) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth 20 hereinabove, of the consideration given or contracted to be given 21 for the service, including the consideration for any tangible personal 22 property or digital property transferred in conjunction with the 23 performance of the service, plus the cost of transportation, except 24 where such cost is separately stated in the written contract, if any, 25 and on the bill rendered to the purchaser. For the purposes of 26 clause (D) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on 27 the charge made by the telecommunications service provider; 28 provided however, that for prepaid calling services and prepaid 29 wireless calling services the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the 30 consideration given or contracted to be given for the prepaid calling 31 service or prepaid wireless calling service or the recharge of the 32 prepaid calling service or prepaid wireless calling service. For 33 purposes of clause (F) of this section, the tax shall be at the 34 applicable rate on the charge made by the utility service provider. 35 For purposes of clause (G) of this section, the tax shall be at the 36 applicable rate on that proportion of the amount of all processing 37 costs charged by a [direct-mail] mail processing service provider that is attributable to the service distributed in this State. [For the 38 39 purposes of clause (H) of this section, the tax shall be at the 40 applicable rate on the consideration given or contracted to be given 41 for the prepaid calling service or the recharge of the prepaid calling 42 service. For purposes of clause (I) of this section, the tax shall be 43 at the applicable rate on the charge made by the service provider. 44 For purposes of clause (J) of this section, the tax shall be at the 45 applicable rate on the charges in the nature of initiation fees, 46 membership fees or dues.

47 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.5)

1 6. Section 13 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.1) is amended to 2 read as follows: 3 13. a. Receipts from sales of the following sold for human use are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax 4 5 Act": 6 (1) drugs sold pursuant to a doctor's prescription; 7 (2) over-the-counter drugs; 8 (3) diabetic supplies; 9 (4) prosthetic devices; 10 (5) tampons or like products; 11 (6) medical oxygen; 12 (7) human blood and its derivatives; (8) durable medical equipment for home use; 13 14 (9) mobility enhancing equipment sold by prescription; and 15 (10) repair and replacement parts for any of the foregoing 16 exempt devices and equipment. 17 b. As used in this section: "Drug" means a compound, substance or preparation, and any 18 component of a compound, substance or preparation, other than 19 20 food and food ingredients, dietary supplements or alcoholic 21 beverages: 22 (1) recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, 23 official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or 24 official National Formulary, and supplement to any of them; or 25 (2) intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, 26 or prevention of disease; or 27 (3) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body. "Over-the-counter-drug" means a drug that contains a label 28 29 which identifies the product as a drug, required by 21 CFR 201.66. 30 The label includes: (1) a "Drug Facts" panel or 31 32 (2) a statement of the "active ingredient" or "active ingredients" 33 with a list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 34 substance or preparation. "Over-the-counter drug" does not include 35 a grooming and hygiene product. 36 "Grooming and hygiene product" is soap or cleaning solution, 37 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, anti-perspirant, or sun tan lotion or screen, regardless of whether the item meets the definition of 38 39 "over-the-counter drug." 40 "Prescription" means an order, formula or recipe issued in any form of oral, written, electronic, or other means of transmission by 41 42 a duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of this State. 43 "Prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective, or 44 supportive device including repair and replacement parts for same 45 worn on or in the body in order to: (1) artificially replace a missing portion of the body; or 46 47 (2) prevent or correct a physical deformity or malfunction; or 48 (3) support a weak or deformed portion of the body.

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1 "Durable medical equipment" means equipment, including repair 2 and replacement parts, but not including mobility enhancing 3 equipment, that: (1) can withstand repeated use; 4 5 (2) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical 6 purpose; 7 3. is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or 8 injury; and 9 4. is not worn in or on the body. 10 "Mobility enhancing equipment" means equipment, including 11 repair and replacement parts, other than durable medical equipment, 12 that: 1. is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the 13 14 ability to move from one place to another and which is appropriate 15 for use either at home or in a motor vehicle; and 16 2. is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and 17 3. does not include any motor vehicle or equipment on a motor vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle manufacturer. 18 19 c. Receipts from sales of [medical equipment, durable medical 20 equipment, and supplies [other than medicines and drugs,] 21 purchased for use in providing medical services for compensation, 22 but not transferred to the purchaser of the service in conjunction 23 with the performance of the service, shall be considered taxable 24 receipts from retail sales notwithstanding the exemption from the 25 tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act" provided under this 26 section. 27 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.7) 28 29 7. Section 14 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.2) is amended to 30 read as follows: 31 14. a. Receipts from the following are exempt from the tax 32 imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act:" sales of food and food ingredients and dietary supplements, sold for human consumption 33 34 off the premises where sold but not including (1) candy, and (2) soft 35 drinks, all of which shall be subject to the retail sales and compensating use taxes [, whether or not the item is sold in liquid 36 form. 37 38 b. The exemption in this section is not applicable to prepared 39 food subject to tax under subsection (c) of section 3 of the Sales and 40 Use Tax Act (C.54:32B-3). 41 c. As used in this section: 42 "Candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or 43 artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or 44 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. 45 "Candy" does not include any preparation containing flour or 46 requiring refrigeration; 47 "Dietary supplement" means any product, other than tobacco, 48 intended to supplement the diet, that:

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1 (1) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients: a 2 vitamin; a mineral; an herb or other botanical; an amino acid; a 3 dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by 4 increasing the total dietary intake; a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described 5 6 herein; 7 (2) is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel, 8 gelcap, or liquid form, or if not intended for ingestion in such a 9 form, is not represented as conventional food and is not represented 10 for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and

(3) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable
by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label and as required
pursuant to 21 C.F.R. s.101.36;

14 "Food and food ingredients" means substances, whether in 15 liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that 16 are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for 17 their taste or nutritional value, "Food and food ingredients" does not 18 include alcoholic beverages or tobacco;

"Soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural
or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" does not include beverages
that contain: milk or milk products; soy, rice or similar milk
substitutes; or greater than fifty percent of vegetable or fruit juice
by volume; and

24 "Tobacco" means cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or25 any other item that contains tobacco.

26 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.8)

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28 8. Section 16 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.4) is amended to
29 read as follows:

16. a. Receipts from sales of articles of clothing and footwear
for human use are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales
and Use Tax Act." This exemption does not apply to <u>fur clothing.</u>
clothing accessories or equipment, sport or recreational equipment,
or protective equipment.

b. Receipts from sales of protective equipment necessary for
the daily work of the user are exempt from the tax imposed under
the "Sales and Use Tax Act."

c. Receipts from sales of sewing materials, such as fabrics,
thread, knitting yarn, buttons and zippers, purchased by
noncommercial purchasers for incorporation into clothing as a
constituent part thereof, are exempt from the tax imposed under the
"Sales and Use Tax Act."

43 d. As used in this section:

44 "Clothing" means all human wearing apparel suitable for general
45 use. Clothing shall not include: clothing accessories or equipment,
46 sport or recreational equipment, protective equipment, sewing
47 equipment and supplies, or sewing materials that become part of
48 clothing.

1 "Clothing accessories or equipment" means incidental items 2 worn on the person or in conjunction with clothing. 3 "Fur clothing" means clothing that is required to be labeled as a 4 fur product under 15 U.S.C. s.69, and the value of the fur 5 components in the product is more than three times the value of the 6 next most valuable tangible component. For the purposes of this 7 section, "fur" means any animal skin or part thereof with hair, 8 fleece, or fur fibers attached thereto, either in its raw or processed 9 state, but shall not include such skins that have been converted into 10 leather or suede, or which in processing the hair, fleece, or fur fiber 11 has been completely removed. 12 "Protective equipment" means items for human wear and designed as protection of the wearer against injury or disease or as 13 14 protections against damage or injury of other persons or property 15 but not suitable for general use. 16 "Sport or recreational equipment" means items designed for 17 human use and worn in conjunction with an athletic or recreational 18 activity that are not suitable for general use. 19 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.9) 20 21 9. Section 26 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.14) is amended 22 to read as follows: 23 26. Receipts from sales of tangible personal property, except 24 energy, and digital property purchased for use or consumption 25 directly and exclusively in research and development in the 26 experimental or laboratory sense are exempt from the tax imposed 27 under the Sales and Use Tax Act. Such research and development 28 shall not be deemed to include the ordinary testing or inspection of 29 materials or products for quality control, efficiency surveys, 30 management studies, consumer surveys, advertising, promotions or 31 research in connection with literary, historical or similar projects. 32 (cf: P.L.1997, c.162, s.24) 33 34 10. Section 1 of P.L.1985, c.24 (C.54:32B-8.39) is amended to 35 read as follows: 36 1. Receipts from sales of [direct mail] printed advertising 37 material for distribution to out-of-State recipients and receipts from sales of [direct-mail] processing services in connection with 38 39 distribution of [direct mail] printed advertising material to out-of-40 State recipients are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales 41 and Use Tax Act." The exemption provided by this section shall 42 apply to receipts from charges for the printing or production of 43 [direct mail] printed advertising material whether prepared in, or 44 shipped into New Jersey after preparation and stored for subsequent 45 shipment to out-of-State customers. The [direct-mail] mail 46 processing services exemption provided by this section shall apply 47 to receipts from charges for all [direct] mail processing services for

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1 distribution to out-of-State recipients, including but not limited to 2 the following: preparing and maintaining mailing lists, addressing, 3 separating, folding, inserting, sorting and packaging [direct mail] 4 printed advertising materials and transporting to the point of 5 shipment by the mail service or other carrier. 6 (cf: P.L.2005, c.126, s.13) 7 8 11. Section 15 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-8.56) is amended 9 to read as follows: 10 15. Receipts from sales of prewritten software delivered electronically and used directly and exclusively in the conduct of 11 the purchaser's business, trade or occupation are exempt from the 12 13 tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act", P.L.1966, c.30 14 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.). The exemption provided by this section shall 15 not apply to receipts from sales of prewritten software delivered by 16 a load and leave method. 17 "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information 18 in digital or similar form and manipulates it for a result based on a 19 sequence of instructions. 20 "Computer software" means a set of coded instruction designed 21 to cause a computer or automatic data processing equipment to 22 perform a task. 23 "Delivered electronically" means delivered [from the seller] to 24 the purchaser by means other than tangible storage media. 25 "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, 26 digital magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar 27 capabilities. "Load and leave" means delivery to the purchaser by the use of a 28 29 tangible storage medium where the tangible storage medium is not 30 physically transferred to the purchaser. 31 "Prewritten computer software" means computer software, 32 including prewritten upgrades, which is not designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific 33 34 purchaser. The combining of two or more prewritten computer 35 software programs or prewritten portions thereof shall not cause the 36 combination to be other than prewritten computer software. 37 "Prewritten computer software" includes software designed and 38 developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a 39 specific purchaser when it is sold to a person other than such 40 purchaser. If a person modifies or enhances computer software of 41 which that person is not the author or creator, the person shall be deemed to be the author or creator only of such person's 42 43 modifications or enhancements. Prewritten software or a prewritten 44 portion thereof that is modified or enhanced to any degree, where 45 such modification or enhancement is designed and developed to the 46 specifications of a specific purchaser, shall remain prewritten 47 software; provided, however, that if there is a reasonable, separately 48 stated charge or an invoice or other statement of the price given to

the purchaser for such modification or enhancement, such
 modification or enhancement shall not constitute pre-written
 computer software. ["Prewritten computer software" shall not
 include software delivered electronically].

- 5 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.12)
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7 12. Section 12 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-12) is amended to8 read as follows:

9 12. (a) Every person required to collect the tax shall collect the 10 tax from the customer when collecting the price, service charge, 11 amusement charge or rent to which it applies. If the customer is 12 given any sales slip, invoice, receipt or other statement or 13 memorandum of the price, service charge, amusement charge or 14 rent paid or payable, the tax shall be stated, charged and shown separately on the first of such documents given to him. The tax 15 16 shall be paid to the person required to collect it as trustee for and on 17 account of the State.

18 (b) For the purpose of the proper administration of this act and 19 to prevent evasion of the tax hereby imposed, and subject to the 20 rules regarding the administration of exemptions authorized by the 21 Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, it shall be presumed 22 that all receipts for property or services of any type mentioned in subsections (a), (b) [and], (c), and (f) of section 3, all rents for 23 24 occupancy of the type mentioned in subsection (d) of said section, 25 [and] all amusement charges of any type mentioned in subsection 26 (e) of said section, all charges in the nature of initiation fees, 27 membership fees or dues mentioned in subsection (h) of said 28 section, and all receipts from parking, storing or garaging a motor 29 vehicle mentioned in subsection (i) of said section are subject to tax 30 until the contrary is established, and the burden of proving that any 31 such receipt, [amusement] charge or rent is not taxable hereunder 32 shall be upon the person required to collect tax or the customer. 33 Unless a seller shall have taken from the purchaser a certificate, 34 signed by the purchaser if in paper form, and bearing the 35 purchaser's name and address and the number of the purchaser's 36 registration certificate, to the effect that the property or service was 37 purchased for resale or was otherwise exempt pursuant to the 38 provisions of the "Sales and Use Tax Act," P.L.1966, c.30 39 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.), or the purchaser, prior to taking delivery, 40 furnishes to the seller any affidavit, statement or additional 41 evidence, documentary or otherwise, which the director may require 42 demonstrating that the purchaser is an exempt organization 43 described in section 9(b)(1), the sale shall be deemed a taxable 44 retail sale. Provided however, the director may, in the director's 45 discretion, authorize a purchaser, who acquires tangible personal 46 property, digital property or services under circumstances which 47 make it impossible at the time of acquisition to determine the

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1 manner in which the tangible personal property, digital property or 2 services will be used, to pay the tax directly to the director and 3 waive the collection of the tax by the seller or provide for direct pay 4 authority under rules adopted under the Streamlined Sales and Use 5 Tax Agreement. Provided further, the director shall authorize any eligible person, as defined in section 34 of P.L.1997, c.162 6 7 (C.54:32B-14.1), who purchases natural gas from a non-utility on 8 and after January 1, 1998 through December 31, 2002, to pay the 9 tax on the commodity directly to the director and waive the 10 collection of the tax by the seller. No such authority shall be 11 granted or exercised except upon application to the director, and the 12 issuance by the director of a direct payment permit. If a direct payment permit is granted, its use shall be subject to conditions 13 14 specified by the director, and the payment of tax on all acquisitions 15 pursuant to the permit shall be made directly to the director by the 16 permit holder.

17 (c) The director may provide by regulation that the tax upon 18 receipts from sales on the installment plan may be paid on the 19 amount of each installment and upon the date when such installment 20 is due. He may also provide by regulation for the exclusion from 21 taxable receipts, amusement charges or rents of amounts subject, as 22 applicable, to the provisions of section 30 of P.L.2005, c.126 23 (C.54:32B-12.1), representing sales where the contract of sale has 24 been canceled, the property returned or the receipt, charge or rent 25 has been ascertained to be uncollectible or, in the case the tax has 26 been paid upon such receipt, charge or rent, for refund or credit of 27 the tax so paid.

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(cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.14)
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30 13. Section 16 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-16) is amended to 31 read as follows:

32 16. Every person required to collect any tax imposed by this act 33 shall keep records of every purchase, purchase for lease, sale or 34 amusement charge or occupancy and of all amounts paid, charged 35 or due thereon and of the tax payable thereon, in such form as the 36 director may by regulation require. Such records shall include a true 37 copy of each sales slip, invoice, receipt, statement or memorandum 38 upon which subsection (a) of section 12 requires that the tax be 39 stated separately. Such records shall be available for inspection and 40 examination at any time upon demand by the director or his duly 41 authorized agent or employee and shall be preserved for a period of 42 [three] four years, except that the director may consent to their 43 destruction within that period or may require that they be kept 44 longer.

45 (cf: P.L.1989, c.123, s.9)

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⁴⁷ 14. Section 17 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-17) is amended to 48 read as follows:

1 17. (a) Every person required to collect or pay tax under this act 2 shall on or before August 28, 1966, and on or before the twentieth 3 day of each month thereafter, make and file a return for the preceding month with the director. The return of a seller of tangible 4 5 personal property, digital property or services shall show his receipts from sales and also the aggregate value of tangible personal 6 7 property, digital property and services sold by him, the use of which 8 is subject to tax under this act, and the amount of taxes required to 9 be collected with respect to such sales and use. The return of a 10 recipient of amusement charges shall show all such charges and the 11 amount of tax thereon, and the return of a person required to collect 12 tax on leases or rentals shall show all lease or rental payments received or charged and the amount of tax thereon. The return of a 13 14 recipient of initiation fees, membership fees or dues for access to or 15 use of the property or facilities of a health and fitness, athletic, 16 sporting or shopping club or organization shall show all such 17 charges and the amount of tax thereon. The return of the recipient 18 of charges from parking, storing or garaging a motor vehicle shall 19 show all such charges and the amount of tax thereon.

20 (b) The director may permit or require returns to be made 21 covering other periods and upon such dates as he may specify. In 22 addition, the director may require payments of tax liability at such 23 intervals and based upon such classifications as he may designate. 24 In prescribing such other periods to be covered by the return or 25 intervals or classifications for payment of tax liability, the director 26 may take into account the dollar volume of tax involved as well as 27 the need for insuring the prompt and orderly collection of the taxes 28 imposed.

(c) The form of returns shall be prescribed by the director and
shall contain such information as he may deem necessary for the
proper administration of this act. The director may require
amended returns to be filed within 20 days after notice and to
contain the information specified in the notice.

(d) Pursuant to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement,
the director is authorized to accept certified automated systems and
certified service providers to aid in the administration of the
collection of the tax imposed under the "Sales and Use Tax Act".

38 (e) Subject to the limitations of this subsection and other39 provisions of the "Sales and Use Tax Act":

40 (1) In addition to the powers of the director prescribed pursuant 41 to section 24 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-24) and the "State 42 Uniform Tax Procedure Law," R.S.54:48-1 et seq., and 43 notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the 44 director shall grant "amnesty" for uncollected or unpaid sales or use 45 tax to a seller that registers to collect and remit applicable sales or 46 use tax on sales made to purchasers in this State in accordance with 47 the terms of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, 48 provided that the seller was not so registered in this State in the

twelve-month period preceding the commencement of this State's
 participation in the agreement.

3 (2) Under terms of the "amnesty" granted pursuant to paragraph 4 (1) of this subsection, a seller that registers shall not be assessed for 5 uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax and shall not be assessed 6 penalties or interest for sales made during the period the seller was 7 not registered in this State, provided that the seller registers 8 pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection within twelve months 9 of the effective date of this State's participation in the Streamlined 10 Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

(3) The limitations on deficiency assessments, penalties and interest pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be available to a seller with respect to any matter for which the seller received notice of the commencement of an audit and which audit is not yet finally resolved including any related administrative and judicial processes.

(4) The limitations on deficiency assessments, penalties and
interest pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be
available for sales or use taxes already paid or remitted to the State
or to taxes already collected by the seller.

(5) The "amnesty" limitations on deficiency assessments, 21 22 penalties and interest pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection 23 shall be in full effect and the director shall not assess deficiencies 24 for uncollected or unpaid sales or use tax and shall not assess 25 penalties or interest for sales made during the period the seller was 26 not registered in this State so long as the seller continues 27 registration and continues collection and remittance of applicable sales or use taxes for a period of at least 36 months: provided 28 29 however that the director may make such assessments by reason of 30 the seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact. 31 The statutes of limitations applicable to asserting tax liabilities, 32 deficiencies, penalties and interest are tolled for this 36 month 33 period.

(6) The "amnesty" granted pursuant to paragraph (1) of this
subsection shall apply only to sales or use taxes due from a seller in
its capacity as a seller and shall not apply to sales or use taxes due
from a seller in its capacity as a buyer.

- 38 (cf: P.L.2006, c.44, s.16)
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40 15. (New section) a. Receipts from sales of coin-operated
41 telephone service are exempt from the tax imposed under the "Sales
42 and Use Tax Act," P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-1 et seq.).

43 b. For purposes of this section:

44 "Coin-operated telephone service" means a telecommunications
45 service paid for by inserting money into a telephone accepting
46 direct deposits of money to operate.

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1 16. (New section) Receipts from telecommunications services 2 provided by a person, or by that person's wholly owned subsidiary, 3 not engaged in the business of rendering or offering 4 telecommunications services to the public, for private and exclusive 5 use within its organization, are exempt from the tax imposed under 6 the Sales and Use Tax Act; provided however, that the exemption 7 provided by this section shall not apply to sales of 8 telecommunications services attributable to the excess unused 9 telecommunications capacity of that person to another.

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17. a. Section 27 of P.L.2005, c.126 (C.54:32B-3.2) and section
1 of P.L.2006, c.41 (C.54:32G-1) are repealed.

13 b. Notwithstanding the repeal of section 1 of P.L.2006, c.41, 14 the repeal shall not affect any obligation, lien, or duty to pay taxes, 15 interest or penalties which have accrued or may accrue by virtue of 16 any taxes imposed pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2006, c.41 or 17 which may be imposed with respect to any redetermination, 18 correction, recomputation, or deficiency assessment; and provided 19 that all taxes and returns which would be due and payable prior to , c. 20 the effective date of P.L. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be due and payable as if P.L.2006, 21 22 c.41 were in effect; and provided that this repeal shall not affect the 23 legal authority of the State to audit records and assess and collect 24 taxes due or which may be due, together with such interest and 25 penalties as have accrued or would have accrued thereon under the 26 provisions of the law repealed; and provided that the repeal by 27 subsection a. of this section, shall not affect any determination of, 28 or affect any proceeding for, the enforcement thereof.

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30 18. This act shall take effect immediately; provided however,
31 that sections 1 through 17 shall remain inoperative until July 1,
32 2008.

STATEMENT

37 This bill revises the State's sales and use tax to conform with various provisions of the multi-state Streamlined Sales and Use Tax 38 39 Agreement (SSUTA). Specifically, the bill incorporates a series of 40 technical and substantive changes to the SSUTA which have been 41 adopted by the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board since the 42 State first entered the agreement in 2005. The changes are intended 43 to simplify and modernize the State's tax collection and 44 administrative procedures, and to ensure New Jersey remains 45 compliant with the provisions of the SSUTA.

46 Since 2005, the SSUTA has reorganized and elaborated the 47 taxation of telecommunications; compliance requires New Jersey to 48 reorganize and replace its current definitions of telecommunications

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1 with the defined terms provided under the agreement. This bill 2 allows the State to maintain compliance by: (1) replacing the 3 current "telecommunications" term with a more specific, narrowly focused definition of "telecommunications service;" (2) redefining 4 5 "intrastate, interstate, and international telecommunications;" (3) 6 revising pre-paid calling and mobile telecommunications; and (4) 7 incorporating "ancillary service," "directory assistance," "detailed 8 telecommunications billing service" and "voice mail service" into 9 the statutes of defined terms.

10 The reorganization of telecommunications definitions requires 11 the elimination of current explicit language imposing taxation on 12 mobile telecommunications and certain prepaid calling services, and 13 requires the explicit imposition of tax on telephone answering and 14 radio subscription services. These changes do not extend the base 15 of the sales and use tax to new services or omit previously taxed 16 telecommunications from coverage.

17 Similarly, the reorganization of telecommunications definitions 18 requires the State to: (1) adopt the SSUTA telecommunications 19 bundled transaction administrative rule for unbundling the taxable 20 and nontaxable components of a sale of mixed telecommunications 21 services that relies on the service providers internal records; (2) 22 clarify the imposition of the use tax on radio subscription services; 23 and (3) reorganize the telecommunications definition that requires 24 the deletion of a use tax measurement rule for prepaid calling 25 services which taxed is currently separately from 26 telecommunications.

Beyond telecommunications, the changes to the definition of "sales price" reflect another reorganization in the SSUTA definitions, but essentially codify the policy on the effect of coupons and rebates that has been used under the State's sales tax for the last 20 years. Additionally, the changes to the direct mail definitions allow the maintenance of the New Jersey taxation of mail processing services in compliance with SSUTA definitions.

Another SSUTA reorganizational change that requires a
corresponding New Jersey change is the elimination of a "nondistinction" between solid and liquid food.

For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions concerning the medical products exemption, the bill narrows a broad limitation currently affecting all medical equipment to affect only certain medical supplies, while limiting the exemption for mobility enhancing equipment to that sold by prescription.

For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions, the bill provides a full sales and use tax exemption for receipts from coinpaid sales of telecommunications service using pay phones. The bill expands the current exemption, which only provides an exemption for coin-operated calls at the local calling rate (coin-paid longdistance phone calls are currently subject to tax).

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For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions, the bill repeals the 6 percent gross receipts tax on retail sales of fur clothing, imposed under the provisions of P.L.2006, c.41 (C.54:32G-1), and imposes the 7 percent sales tax on sales of "fur clothing" as defined by the SSUTA.

For reasons of compliance with SSUTA provisions, the billrepeals the multiple points of use (MPU) exemption.

8 In addition, this bill revises the State's sales and use tax to make 9 technical clarifications to the research and development exemption 10 to explicitly include as exempt the receipts from sales of digital 11 property, and to the business prewritten software exemption to 12 delete contradictory language about prewritten computer software 13 delivered electronically. Technical clarifications under the bill also 14 include a provision extending the length of time during which tax 15 records must be maintained under the sales and use tax, and an 16 additional reference stipulating the process of providing returns for 17 initiation and membership fees and dues as well as storing or 18 garaging motor vehicles.

19 Further changes to the State's sales and use tax under the bill 20 include a provision to make explicit the "purchase for resale" 21 exemption for purchases of telecommunications services for use as 22 a component part of telecommunications services provided to a 23 final end user, and the insertion of additional language reinstating 24 an exemption for the "in house" use of telecommunications services 25 provided by a user not in the business of providing 26 telecommunications to the public or by the user's subsidiary.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1418

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 11, 2008

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1418, with committee amendments.

The bill, as amended, revises the sales and use tax to conform to technical and substantive changes to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement (SSUTA) which have been adopted by the Streamlined Governing Board since the State entered the multistate agreement in 2005.

Under the bill, the largest segment of Telecommunications. changes is related to telecommunications. Since 2005, the governing board has reorganized and elaborated the taxation of telecommunications and required member states to implement corresponding tax code changes by January 1, 2009. Compliance requires New Jersey to revise the taxation of telecommunications, replacing certain terms and conditions which have defined telecommunications taxation since tax was imposed on its services.

In particular, compliance requires the State to revise or replace its current telecommunications definitions with the defined terms under the agreement. As a result, the bill: (1) replaces the current, broadbased sales and use tax definition of "telecommunications" with a more specific, narrowly focused definition of "telecommunications "intrastate" redefines "interstate" services:" (2)and telecommunications; (3) revises "pre-paid calling" and "mobile telecommunications" services; and (4) incorporates a series of previously undefined terms, including "international telecommunications," "ancillary service," "directory assistance," and "voice mail service," into the statute of defined terms.

The reorganization and elaboration of telecommunications definitions also requires subsequent changes explicitly imposing or explicitly excluding the imposition of tax on certain enumerated services. In compliance with the SSUTA, the bill eliminates explicit statutory language concerning, but does not change the imposition of tax on, mobile telecommunications and certain prepaid calling services, and provides explicit statutory language concerning, but does not change the imposition of tax on, telephone answering services and radio subscription services. These changes do not extend the tax base or omit previously taxed telecommunications from coverage.

In addition, the bill makes certain other telecommunications changes that allow New Jersey to incorporate SSUTA provisions within the State's existing telecommunications framework. Under the bill, these changes include: (1) the adoption of SSUTA's administrative rule for unbundling taxable and nontaxable components of a sale of mixed telecommunications services; (2) the clarification of use tax imposition on radio subscription services; (3) the reorganization of the telecommunications definition that requires the deletion of a use tax measurement rule for prepaid calling services; (4) a provision to make explicit the "purchase for resale" exemption for purchases of telecommunications services for use as a component part of telecommunications services provided to a final end user; (5) an exemption for certain "in house" use of telecommunications services; and (6) a full exemption for receipts from coin-paid sales of telecommunications services using pay phone devices.

<u>Non – Telecommunications.</u> Since 2005, the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board has also reorganized and elaborated the taxation of goods and services unrelated to telecommunications. Compliance requires New Jersey to revise and expand certain product based definitions and administrative procedures previously incorporated into the sales and use tax to conform to the SSUTA.

To ensure uniformity, the bill: (1) amends the direct mail definitions to allow for the continuation of taxation on mail processing services; (2) eliminates the differentiation between sales of food, food ingredients, and dietary supplements sold in liquid or solid form; (3) narrows a broad limitation affecting all medical equipment to affect only certain medical supplies, while limiting the exemption for mobility enhancing equipment to that sold by prescription; (4) modifies the definition of "sales price" to codify the policy on the effect of coupons and rebates that has been used under the State's sales tax for the last 20 years; and (5) repeals the multiple points of use (MPU) exemption.

<u>Taxation of Fur Clothing.</u> For purposes of compliance, the bill repeals the six percent gross receipts tax on retail sales of fur clothing, imposed under P.L.2006, c.41 (C.54:32G-1), and imposes a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of "fur clothing" as that term is defined by the SSUTA. The transition from a six percent gross receipts tax to a seven percent sales and use tax on retail sales of fur clothing is intended to mitigate concerns that the gross receipts tax may violate the spirit of the SSUTA.

<u>Technical Revisions.</u> Beyond substantive changes required for compliance, the bill makes certain technical modifications to the sales and use tax to revise inconsistencies and clarify omissions related to previous statutory revisions.

Under the bill, these modifications and clarifications extend to: (1) the research and development exemption to explicitly include as exempt receipts from sales of digital property; (2) the business prewritten software exemption to eliminate contradictory language concerning prewritten computer software delivered electronically; (3) administrative provisions regarding tax records to lengthen, from three to four years, the period of time during which tax records must be maintained; and (4) administrative provisions concerning the collection and return of tax to stipulate the process of collecting and providing returns for tax imposed on charges in the nature of initiation and membership fees and dues as well as charges for parking, storing, or garaging motor vehicles.

As amended and reported, this bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 3111, as also reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Executive has estimated this bill will have a limited fiscal impact on State revenues. The elimination of the six percent gross receipts tax and the imposition of a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of fur clothing will generate an additional \$350,000 of State revenues in fiscal year 2009 and each fiscal year thereafter. According to their analysis, all other tax code changes required for SSUTA compliance "appear to have no additional impact on State revenues."

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) generally agrees with the Executive's analysis. The one percent fur tax increase may generate an additional \$175,000 of State revenues during fiscal year 2009 and an additional \$350,000 of State revenues each fiscal year thereafter.

However, the OLS cautions that the bill may have two additional fiscal implications. The OLS notes that the sales and use tax exemption for sales of coin-operated telephone services may decrease sales tax collections, and suggests that the prescription requirement imposed on sales of mobility enhancing equipment may increase sales tax collections in future fiscal years.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amendments make substantive revisions to the bill to: (1) incorporate use tax provisions for delivery charges made by a seller; and (2) provide an extension of the current hold harmless provision for vendors to certain purchasers who rely on tax rates, boundaries, or the taxability matrix provided by the State as required under the SSUTA.

FISCAL NOTE SENATE, No. 1418 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JULY 24, 2008

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Revises sales and use tax to conform with Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.
Type of Impact:	Annual State General Fund Revenue Change.
Agencies Affected:	Department of the Treasury.

Executive Estimate					
Fiscal Impact	Fiscal Year 2009	<u>Fiscal Year 2010</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 2011</u>		
State Revenue Gain	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$350,000		

Office of Legislative Services Estimate					
Fiscal Impact	<u>Fiscal Year 2009</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 2010</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 2011</u>		
State Revenue Gain	Minimal - At Least \$350,000 Per Year				

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) generally **concurs** with Executive projections which suggest the bill will have a limited fiscal impact. In eliminating the six percent gross receipts tax and imposing a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of fur clothing, Senate Bill No. 1418 of 2008 may generate an additional \$350,000 of General Fund revenue in fiscal year 2009 and an additional sum each year thereafter.
- However, the OLS **does not concur** with the Executive's assertion that all other, technical modifications required for Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement (SSUTA) compliance have no impact on State revenues. While the fur tax increase is the only quantifiable impact, the OLS cautions that the legislation has two additional fiscal implications overlooked by the Executive: (1) the extension of a sales and use tax exemption for sales of coin-operated telephone services, which may decrease sales tax collections; and (2) the prescription requirement for the sales and use tax exemption for mobility enhancing equipment, which may increase sales tax collections.



S1418

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 1418 of 2008 revises the sales and use tax to incorporate a series of changes to the SSUTA which have been adopted since the State entered the multi-state agreement in 2005.

The bill reorganizes and elaborates the taxation of telecommunications, revises the statutory definition of "sales price," modifies the definition of direct mail processing services, eliminates the "non-distinction" between solid and liquid food, and repeals the multiple points of use exemption. For purposes of compliance, the bill also narrows a broad limitation affecting all medical equipment to affect only certain medical supplies, while limiting the exemption for mobility enhancing equipment to that sold by prescription; provides a sales and use tax exemption for coin-paid sales of payphone phone calls; and replaces the current six percent gross receipts fur tax with a seven percent sales and use tax on sales of fur clothing.

Beyond changes required for compliance, the bill makes several modifications to the sales and use tax to revise technical inconsistencies and omissions which stem from previous statutory revisions. These revisions include changes to: the research and development exemption to explicitly include as exempt receipts from sales of digital property; the business prewritten software exemption to eliminate contradictory language pertaining to prewritten computer software delivered electronically; a provision extending the length of time during which tax records must be maintained; and an additional reference stipulating the process of providing returns for initiation and membership fees and dues as well as the storing or garaging of motor vehicles.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

The Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury anticipates Senate Bill No. 1418 of 2008 will have a limited fiscal impact on State General Fund revenues.

According to their analysis, the elimination of the gross receipts tax on fur clothing and the imposition of the sales and use tax on sales of fur clothing will generate an additional \$350,000 of General Fund revenue in fiscal year 2009 and each fiscal year thereafter.

Beyond the tax increase on fur clothing, the division asserts that the additional, technical modifications required for SSUTA compliance, "appear to have no additional impact on State revenues."

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS generally agrees with the Division of Taxation's analysis. Assuming sales of fur clothing increase beyond figures achieved over the current fiscal year, the transition from a six percent gross receipts tax to a seven percent sales and use tax has the potential to generate an additional \$350,000 of General Fund revenue in fiscal year 2009 and may conceivably generate an additional sum each year thereafter. However, the OLS cautions that the bill has two additional fiscal implications beyond the one percent fur tax increase identified by the division. The OLS notes that the exemption for sales of coin-operated telephone services may decrease

With respect to coin-operated telephone services, the OLS notes that under current law coinpaid sales of long-distance payphone phone calls are subject to the sales and use tax, while coinpaid sales of local payphone phone calls are excluded from taxation. However, in reorganizing telecommunications, the current exclusion for local phone calls is eliminated and a separate, distinct sales and use tax exemption is provided for coin-paid sales of local and long-distance calls. In creating an additional exemption, the bill provides a full exemption for coin-paid phone calls, regardless of whether the call is charged at the local or long-distance rate.

At the height of AT&T's control of the market, the additional exemption may have represented a multi-million dollar proposition. However, the prevalence of pre-paid phone cards coupled with the growth of cellular technologies has led to a decline in the availability and the use of public payphones. While residents rely on payphones to connect with friends and family, to conduct business, or to reach help in an emergency, their use has significantly diminished, limiting the extent to which State tax revenues are expected to decline over time.

Figures obtained from the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) illustrate this trend. Data released in February 2007, suggested that the number of public payphones owned and operated in New Jersey dropped roughly 49 percent over a seven year period, from 99,355 active payphones in March of 1999 to 50,730 in March of 2006. While the FCC has not released revised figures, a representative with the American Public Communications Council (APCC) estimates that the number of payphones in New Jersey has fallen below figures achieved in 2006, continuing to decline at levels that correspond with national averages.

As to mobility enhancing equipment, the OLS notes that the bill amends the current medical exemption to restrict sales of mobility enhancing equipment sold without a prescription. Under current law, sales of walkers and wheelchairs, motorized carts and crutches, chairlifts and canes, are exempt from taxation, irrespective of whether they are sold with or without a prescription. Under the bill, however, these sales are exempt only if the items are sold under the prescription of a "duly licensed practitioner" who is "authorized by the laws of this State."

While the OLS does not have data on sales of mobility enhancing equipment or information on the implementation of the prescription requirement, the office notes that the additional restriction imposed on the exemption has the potential to increase tax collections. Any effort restricting or limiting the size of the population eligible to receive an exemption will increase the likelihood that a sale of mobility enhancing equipment will result in a taxable transaction and, in turn, will generate additional State revenues. Sales of walkers to for-profit nursing homes, sales of wheelchairs to families of individuals with disabilities, and sales of chair lifts to businesses that had been exempt are subject to taxation under the parameters of this bill.

Section:	Revenue, Finance and Appropriations
Analyst:	Luke Wolff Associate Research Analyst
Approved:	David J. Rosen Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal note has been prepared pursuant to P.L. 1980, c.67 (C. 52:13B-1 et seq.).