### 17:24-1.1

### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

**LAWS OF**: 2007 **CHAPTER**: 252

NJSA: 17:24-1.1 (Increases investment options for domestic property and casualty insurance companies'

capital, surplus and other funds)

BILL NO: A3289 (Substituted for S830)

SPONSOR(S): Cohen

DATE INTRODUCED: June 12, 2006

**COMMITTEE:** ASSEMBLY: Financial Institutions and Insurance

SENATE:

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

**DATE OF PASSAGE:** ASSEMBLY: December 13, 2007

**SENATE:** December 17, 2007

**DATE OF APPROVAL:** January 4, 2008

**FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** 

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (First reprint enacted)

A3289

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 6 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

**S830** 

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 6 of original bill) Yes

**COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes 6-14-07 (Commerce)

12-3-07 (Budget)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

#### **FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:**

**NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:** 

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org

REPORTS: No No

No

IS 5/23/08

### P.L. 2007, CHAPTER 252, approved January 4, 2008 Assembly, No. 3289 (First Reprint)

An Act concerning investments by certain domestic insurance 1 companies '[and], amending 'R.S.17:24-1 and supplementing 2 3 chapter 24 of Title 17 of the Revised Statutes<sup>1</sup>.

4

5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey:

7 8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26 27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

- 1. R.S.17:24-1 is amended to read as follows:
- Any insurance company of this State for the R.S.17:24-1. purpose of investing its capital, surplus and other funds, or any part thereof, may:
- a. Purchase or hold as collateral security or otherwise and sell and transfer any bonds or public stock issued, created or guaranteed by the United States, or any territory or insular possession thereof, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or by this State, or by any of the other states of the United States or the District of Columbia, or by Canada or any of the provinces thereof, or by any of the incorporated cities, counties, parishes, townships or other municipal corporations situated in any of the places hereinabove mentioned; or bonds authorized to be issued by any commission appointed by the Supreme Court of this State as the said court was constituted prior to September 15, 1948.
- Purchase or hold real estate for business or residential purposes [(], other than as provided for in [sections] R.S.17:19-8 to 17:19-12, inclusive, [of this Title)] as an investment for the production of income, and improve or otherwise develop such real estate; provided, that if the commissioner shall determine, after due hearing upon notice to any such insurance company, that the interests of such insurance company's policyholders require that any specified real estate so purchased or held be disposed of, then such insurance company shall dispose of such real estate within such reasonable time as the commissioner shall direct; and provided further, the aggregate amount of such investments for the production of income, but excluding real estate held as provided for in [said sections] R.S. 17:19-8 to 17:19-12, inclusive, shall not exceed 5% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company as of December 31 next preceding. The term "real estate for business or residential purposes" as used in this subsection b. shall include any real property used or operated as a part of or in connection with a business or a residential development, and shall

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: <sup>1</sup>Assembly AFI committee amendments adopted June 14, 2007.

also include a leasehold of such real estate having an unexpired term of not less than 20 years, inclusive of the term or terms which may be provided by any enforceable option or options of extension or of renewal. Income produced by investment in any such leasehold shall be applied by such insurance company in a manner calculated to amortize the amount invested for acquisition and improvement thereof within a period not exceeding 8/10 of such unexpired term of the leasehold following such acquisition or improvement, or within a period of 40 years thereafter, whichever is less.

c. Invest in bonds or notes secured by mortgages or trust deeds on unencumbered fee simple or leasehold real estate, which shall include areas above the surface of the ground but not contiguous thereto, or any interest therein, located within the United States, any territory or insular possession thereof, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada, worth at least 1/3 more than the sum so invested. No loan may be made on leasehold real estate unless the terms of such loan provide for amortization payments to be made by the borrower on the principal thereof in amounts sufficient to completely amortize the loan within a period not exceeding 9/10 of the term of the leasehold, inclusive of the term or terms which may be provided by any enforceable option or options of extension or of renewal, which is unexpired at the time the loan is made. For the purpose of this subsection c., fee simple or leasehold real estate or any interest therein shall not be deemed to be encumbered within the meaning of this subsection c. by reason of the existence of taxes or assessments that are not delinquent, easements, profits or licenses, nor by reason of building restrictions or other restrictive covenants, nor when such real estate or interest therein is subject to lease in whole or in part whereby rents or profits are reserved to the owner; provided, that the security created by the mortgage or trust deed on such real estate or interest therein securing such bond or note is a first lien upon such real estate or interest therein. No insurance company shall, pursuant to this subsection c., invest in or loan upon the security of any one property more than [\$30,000.00] \$30,000 or more than 2% of its total admitted assets, whichever is the greater. The total investments of any insurance company made pursuant to this subsection c. shall not exceed 40% of its total admitted assets.

d. Invest in bonds or notes evidencing loans to veterans if the full amount of any such loan is guaranteed by the government of the United States or by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs pursuant to the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944," Pub.L.78-346 (38 U.S.C. s.3701 et seq.), as heretofore or hereafter amended; and in the case of loans so guaranteed for less than the full amount thereof, the maximum amount which may be loaned or invested by any such insurance company pursuant to the provisions of any law of this State shall be increased by the amount so guaranteed.

1 e. Lend on or purchase mortgage or collateral trust bonds of 2 railroad companies organized under the laws of said states, or the 3 District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or 4 Canada or any province thereof, or operated wholly or partly 5 therein; or equipment trust certificates or obligations which are 6 adequately secured or other adequately secured instruments 7 evidencing an interest in transportation or municipal sanitation 8 equipment wholly or in part within the United States or any 9 territory or insular possession thereof, the Commonwealth of Puerto 10 Rico or Canada and a right to receive determined portions of rental, 11 purchase or other fixed obligatory payments for the use or purchase 12 of such equipment; or certificates of receivers of any corporation where such purchase is necessary to protect an investment in the 13 14 securities of such corporation theretofore made under authority of 15 chapters 17 to 33, inclusive, of this Title; or the bonds or other 16 evidences of indebtedness of public utility companies organized 17 under the laws of Canada or any province thereof; or the capital 18 stock, bonds, securities or evidences of indebtedness created by any 19 corporation of the United States or of any state, or of the District of 20 Columbia, or of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or of Canada or 21 of any province thereof; provided, that no purchase of any bond or 22 evidence of indebtedness which is in default as to interest shall be 23 made by such company unless such purchase is necessary to protect 24 an investment theretofore made under authority of [said] chapters 25 17 to 33, inclusive, of this Title, in the securities of the corporation 26 which issued, assumed or guaranteed such bond or evidence of 27 indebtedness in default; provided further, that no purchase of the 28 stock of any [company] corporation of a class on which dividends 29 have not been paid during each of the past [5] five years preceding 30 the time of purchase shall be made unless the stock so purchased 31 shall represent a majority in control of all the stock then 32 outstanding [; and provided further, that in ], or the corporation shall have earned during the period of such five years an aggregate sum 33 34 available for dividends upon such stock which would have been 35 sufficient, after all fixed charges and obligations, to pay dividends 36 upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during such 37 period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value of 38 such stock, or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the 39 stated capital in respect thereof; and provided further, that in the 40 case of the stock of a corporation resulting from or formed by 41 merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise, less than five years 42 preceding the time of purchase, each consecutive year next 43 preceding the effective date of such merger, consolidation, 44 acquisition or other action during which dividends or other 45 distributions of profits shall have been paid by any one or more of 46 its constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year 47 during which dividends have been paid on such class of stock and

1 the earnings of such constituent or predecessor institutions available 2 for dividends during each of such years may be included as earnings 3 of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each 4 such years, and in the case of the stock of a corporation resulting 5 from or formed by merger or consolidation less than [5] five years 6 [prior to] preceding such purchase, each consecutive year next 7 preceding the effective date of such merger or consolidation during 8 which dividends shall have been paid by any one or more of its 9 constituent corporations on any or all classes of its or their stock in 10 an aggregate amount sufficient to have paid dividends on that class 11 of stock of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased, 12 had such corporation then been in existence, shall be deemed a year 13 during which dividends have been paid on such class of stock; 14 provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prohibit the 15 purchase of stock of any class which is preferred, as to dividends, 16 over any class the purchase of which is not prohibited by this 17 section; and provided further, that no purchase of its own stock 18 shall be made by any insurance company except for the purpose of 19 the retirement of such stock or except as specifically permitted by 20 any law of this State applicable by its terms only to insurance 21 companies. <sup>1</sup>Unless the stock so purchased shall represent a 22 majority in control of all the stock then outstanding, the cost of 23 stock investment pursuant to this section may not exceed more than 24 25% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company as of 25 December 31 next preceding with no more than 5% in any one 26 stock. Notwithstanding any other provision of R.S.17:24-1 et seq., 27 the cost basis of all stock investment shall be used for the purpose 28 of determining the asset value against which such percentage 29 <u>limitations</u> are to be applied. 30

The aggregate amount invested at cost, including but not limited to common stock, preferred stock and debt obligations, in one or more subsidiaries shall not exceed the lesser of 10% of such insurance company's assets or 50% of such insurance company's surplus as regards policyholders as of December 31 next preceding. In calculating the amount of such investments, investments in domestic or foreign insurance subsidiaries shall be excluded.<sup>1</sup>

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

47

- f. Invest in bonds or notes evidencing loans if the full amount of any such loan is insured by the government of the United States, or by the Administrator of the Farmers' Home Administration pursuant to the "Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act of 1937]," Pub.L.75-210 (7 U.S.C. s.1000 et seq.), as heretofore or hereafter amended.
- g. <sup>1</sup>[Make] Except as provided in section 3 of P.L. 42 43 c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), make loans 44 or investments not qualifying or permitted under [the preceding subsections any subsection of this section to an amount, not 45 46 including the amount of investments otherwise expressly authorized by law, not exceeding in the aggregate at any one time [5%] <sup>1</sup>the

1 greater of 5% of the total admitted assets or 50% of the excess of 2 total admitted assets over the sum of liabilities plus capital and 3 surplus required to transact business, but in any event not to 4 exceed 1 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company 5 as of December 31 next preceding.

6

7

8

9

11

13

15

17

21 22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36 37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

<sup>1</sup>[h. Invest in securities, properties and other investments in foreign countries, which are substantially of the same character as prescribed for authorized investments for funds of the insurance company under any subsection of this section, to an amount valued 10 at cost, not exceeding in the aggregate, at any one time, 20% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company as of December 31 12 next preceding; provided, however, that the amount invested pursuant to this subsection h. in authorized investments, other than 14 qualified foreign investments, shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, 3% of such admitted assets; and provided further that 16 the amount invested in authorized investments in any one foreign country pursuant to this subsection h. shall not exceed in the 18 aggregate, at any one time, 10% of such admitted assets. For the 19 purpose of this subsection h., Canada shall not be deemed to be a 20 foreign country.

The term "qualified foreign investment" as used in this subsection h. shall include any investment in a foreign country where: (1) the issuer or obligor is (a) a jurisdiction which is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized United States rating agency, (b) any political subdivision or other governmental unit of any such jurisdiction, or any agency or instrumentality of any such jurisdiction, political subdivision or other governmental unit, or (c) an institution which is organized under the laws of any such jurisdiction, or, in the case of investments which are substantially of the same character as prescribed for investments under subsections b. and c. of this section, the real property is located in any such jurisdiction; and (2) if the investment is denominated in any currency other than United States dollars, the investment is effectively hedged, substantially in its entirety, against the United States dollar pursuant to contracts or agreements which are (a) issued by or traded on a securities exchange or board of trade regulated under the laws of the United States or Canada or a province thereof, (b) entered into with a United States banking institution which has assets in excess of \$5, 000,000,000 and which has obligations outstanding, or has a parent corporation which has obligations outstanding, which are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized United States rating agency, or with a brokerdealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission which has net capital in excess of \$250,000,000, or (c) entered into with any other banking institution which has assets in excess of \$5,000,000,000 and which has obligations outstanding, or has a parent corporation which has obligations outstanding, which are

1 rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent,

2 <u>nationally recognized United States rating agency and which is</u>

3 organized under the laws of a jurisdiction which is rated in one of

4 the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally

5 recognized United States rating agency.

Any investment qualified pursuant to paragraph (2) of the preceding definition of "qualified foreign investment" shall remain so qualified only at those times that the hedging requirements of paragraph (2) are met. ]

10 (cf: P.L.1983, c.81, s.1)

<sup>1</sup>2. (New Section) a. An insurer's board of directors shall adopt a written plan for acquiring and holding investments and for engaging in investment practices that specifies guidelines as to the quality, maturity, and diversification of investments and other specifications including investment strategies intended to assure that the investments and investment practices are appropriate for the business conducted by the insurer, its liquidity needs, and its capital and surplus. The board shall review and assess the insurer's technical investment and administrative capabilities and expertise before adopting a written plan concerning an investment strategy or investment practice.

b. Investments acquired and held under R.S.17:24-1 et seq. shall be acquired and held under the supervision and direction of the board of directors of the insurer. The board of directors shall evidence by formal resolution, at least annually, that it has determined whether all investments have been made in accordance with delegations, standards, limitations and investment objectives prescribed by the board or a committee of the board charged with the responsibility to direct its investments.

- c. On no less than a quarterly basis, and more often if deemed appropriate, an insurer's board of directors or committee of the board of directors shall:
- 34 (1) Receive and review a summary report on the insurer's
  35 investment portfolio, its investment activities and investment
  36 practices engaged in under delegated authority, in order to
  37 determine whether the investment activity of the insurer is
  38 consistent with its written plan; and
  - (2) Review and revise, as appropriate, the written plan.
  - d. In discharging its duties under this section, the board of directors shall require that records of any authorizations or approvals, other documentation as the board may require and reports of any action taken under authority delegated under the plan referred to in subsection a. of this section shall be made available on a regular basis to the board of directors.
- e. If an insurer does not have a board of directors, all references
   to the board of directors in R.S.17:24-1 et seq. shall be deemed to
   be references to the governing body of the insurer having authority

equivalent to that of a board of directors.

- <sup>1</sup>3. (New Section) a. (1) Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, an insurer shall not, without the prior written approval of the commissioner, directly or indirectly:
- (a) make a loan to, or other investment in, an officer or director of the insurer or a person in which the officer or director has any direct or indirect financial interest;
- (b) make a guarantee for the benefit of, or in favor of, an officer or director of the insurer or a person in which the officer or director has any direct or indirect financial interest; or
  - (c) enter into an agreement for the purchase or sale of property from or to an officer or director of the insurer or a person in which the officer or director has any direct or indirect financial interest.
- (2) For purposes of this section, an officer or director shall not be deemed to have a financial interest by reason of an interest that is held directly or indirectly through the ownership of equity interests representing less than 5% of all outstanding equity interests issued by a person that is a party to the transaction, or solely by reason of that individual's position as a director or officer of a person that is a party to the transaction.
  - (3) Nothing in this subsection shall permit an investment that is otherwise prohibited by law.
  - (4) This subsection shall not apply to a transaction between an insurer and any of its subsidiaries or affiliates entered into in compliance with section 4 of P.L.1970, c.22 (C.17:27A-4) other than a transaction between an insurer and its officer or director.
- b. An insurer may make, without the prior written approval of the commissioner:
- (1) Advances to officers or directors for expenses reasonably expected to be incurred in the ordinary course of the insurer's business or guarantees associated with credit or debit cards issued or credit extended for the purpose of financing these expenses;
- (2) Loans secured by the principal residence of an existing or new officer of the insurer made in connection with the officer's relocation at the insurer's request, so long as the terms and conditions otherwise are the same as those generally available from unaffiliated third parties;
- (3) Secured loans to an existing or new officer of the insurer made in connection with the officer's relocation at the insurer's request, if the loans:
- 42 (a) do not have a term exceeding two years;
- 43 (b) are required to finance mortgage loans outstanding at the 44 same time on the prior and new residences of the officer;
- (c) do not exceed an amount equal to the equity of the officer in the prior residence; and
- 47 (d) are required to be fully repaid within two years, or upon the 48 sale of the prior residence whichever first occurs; and

# **A3289** [1R] 8

1	(4) Loans and advances to officers or directors made in
2	compliance with State or federal law specifically related to the
3	loans and advances by a regulated non-insurance subsidiary or
4	affiliate of the insurer in the ordinary course of business and on
5	terms no more favorable than those available to other customers of
6	the entity. 1
7	
8	<sup>1</sup> [2.] <u>4.</u> This act shall take effect immediately.
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	Increases investment options for domestic property and casualty
14	insurance companies' capital, surplus and other funds.

## ASSEMBLY, No. 3289

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 212th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 12, 2006

Sponsored by: Assemblyman NEIL M. COHEN District 20 (Union)

### **SYNOPSIS**

Increases investment options for domestic property and casualty insurance companies' capital, surplus and other funds.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1 **AN ACT** concerning investments by certain domestic insurance companies and amending R.S.17:24-1.

3 4

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

567

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2425

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

3334

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

- 1. R.S.17:24-1 is amended to read as follows:
- R.S.17:24-1. Any insurance company of this State for the purpose of investing its capital, surplus and other funds, or any part thereof, may:
- a. Purchase or hold as collateral security or otherwise and sell and transfer any bonds or public stock issued, created or guaranteed by the United States, or any territory or insular possession thereof, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or by this State, or by any of the other states of the United States or the District of Columbia, or by Canada or any of the provinces thereof, or by any of the incorporated cities, counties, parishes, townships or other municipal corporations situated in any of the places hereinabove mentioned; or bonds authorized to be issued by any commission appointed by the Supreme Court of this State as the said court was constituted prior to September 15, 1948.
- Purchase or hold real estate for business or residential purposes [(], other than as provided for in [sections] R.S. 17:19-8 to 17:19-12, inclusive, [of this Title)] as an investment for the production of income, and improve or otherwise develop such real estate; provided, that if the commissioner shall determine, after due hearing upon notice to any such insurance company, that the interests of such insurance company's policyholders require that any specified real estate so purchased or held be disposed of, then such insurance company shall dispose of such real estate within such reasonable time as the commissioner shall direct; and provided further, the aggregate amount of such investments for the production of income, but excluding real estate held as provided for in [said sections] R.S. 17:19-8 to 17:19-12, inclusive, shall not exceed 5% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company as of December 31 next preceding. The term "real estate for business or residential purposes" as used in this subsection b. shall include any real property used or operated as a part of or in connection with a business or a residential development, and shall also include a leasehold of such real estate having an unexpired term of not less than 20 years, inclusive of the term or terms which may be provided by any enforceable option or options of extension or of renewal. Income produced by investment in any such leasehold shall be applied by such insurance company in a manner calculated to amortize the amount invested for acquisition and

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

7

improvement thereof within a period not exceeding 8/10 of such unexpired term of the leasehold following such acquisition or improvement, or within a period of 40 years thereafter, whichever is less.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

3435

3637

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

c. Invest in bonds or notes secured by mortgages or trust deeds on unencumbered fee simple or leasehold real estate, which shall include areas above the surface of the ground but not contiguous thereto, or any interest therein, located within the United States, any territory or insular possession thereof, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada, worth at least 1/3 more than the sum so invested. No loan may be made on leasehold real estate unless the terms of such loan provide for amortization payments to be made by the borrower on the principal thereof in amounts sufficient to completely amortize the loan within a period not exceeding 9/10 of the term of the leasehold, inclusive of the term or terms which may be provided by any enforceable option or options of extension or of renewal, which is unexpired at the time the loan is made. For the purpose of this subsection c., fee simple or leasehold real estate or any interest therein shall not be deemed to be encumbered within the meaning of this subsection c. by reason of the existence of taxes or assessments that are not delinquent, easements, profits or licenses, nor by reason of building restrictions or other restrictive covenants, nor when such real estate or interest therein is subject to lease in whole or in part whereby rents or profits are reserved to the owner; provided, that the security created by the mortgage or trust deed on such real estate or interest therein securing such bond or note is a first lien upon such real estate or interest therein. No insurance company shall, pursuant to this subsection c., invest in or loan upon the security of any one property more than **[**\$30,000.00**]** \$30,000 or more than 2% of its total admitted assets, whichever is the greater. The total investments of any insurance company made pursuant to this subsection c. shall not exceed 40% of its total admitted assets.

d. Invest in bonds or notes evidencing loans to veterans if the full amount of any such loan is guaranteed by the government of the United States or by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs pursuant to the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, "Pub.L.78-346 (38 U.S.C. s.3701 et seq.), as heretofore or hereafter amended; and in the case of loans so guaranteed for less than the full amount thereof, the maximum amount which may be loaned or invested by any such insurance company pursuant to the provisions of any law of this State shall be increased by the amount so guaranteed.

e. Lend on or purchase mortgage or collateral trust bonds of railroad companies organized under the laws of said states, or the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada or any province thereof, or operated wholly or partly therein; or equipment trust certificates or obligations which are adequately secured or other adequately secured instruments

### A3289 COHEN

4

1 evidencing an interest in transportation or municipal sanitation 2 equipment wholly or in part within the United States or any 3 territory or insular possession thereof, the Commonwealth of Puerto 4 Rico or Canada and a right to receive determined portions of rental, 5 purchase or other fixed obligatory payments for the use or purchase 6 of such equipment; or certificates of receivers of any corporation 7 where such purchase is necessary to protect an investment in the 8 securities of such corporation theretofore made under authority of 9 chapters 17 to 33 , inclusive, of this Title; or the bonds or other 10 evidences of indebtedness of public utility companies organized 11 under the laws of Canada or any province thereof; or the capital 12 stock, bonds, securities or evidences of indebtedness created by any 13 corporation of the United States or of any state, or of the District of 14 Columbia, or of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or of Canada or 15 of any province thereof; provided, that no purchase of any bond or 16 evidence of indebtedness which is in default as to interest shall be 17 made by such company unless such purchase is necessary to protect an investment theretofore made under authority of [said] chapters 18 19 17 to 33 , inclusive, of this Title, in the securities of the corporation 20 which issued, assumed or guaranteed such bond or evidence of 21 indebtedness in default; provided further, that no purchase of the 22 stock of any [company] corporation of a class on which dividends 23 have not been paid during each of the past [5] five years preceding 24 the time of purchase shall be made unless the stock so purchased 25 shall represent a majority in control of all the stock then 26 outstanding[; and provided further, that in], or the corporation 27 shall have earned during the period of such five years an aggregate 28 sum available for dividends upon such stock which would have 29 been sufficient, after all fixed charges and obligations, to pay 30 dividends upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during 31 such period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value 32 of such stock, or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the 33 stated capital in respect thereof; and provided further, that in the 34 case of the stock of a corporation resulting from or formed by 35 merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise, less than five years 36 preceding the time of purchase, each consecutive year next 37 preceding the effective date of such merger, consolidation, 38 acquisition or other action during which dividends or other 39 distributions of profits shall have been paid by any one or more of 40 its constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year 41 during which dividends have been paid on such class of stock and 42 the earnings of such constituent or predecessor institutions available 43 for dividends during each of such years may be included as earnings 44 of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each 45 such years, and in the case of the stock of a corporation resulting 46 from or formed by merger or consolidation less than [5] five years 47 [prior to] preceding such purchase, each consecutive year next

preceding the effective date of such merger or consolidation during which dividends shall have been paid by any one or more of its constituent corporations on any or all classes of its or their stock in an aggregate amount sufficient to have paid dividends on that class of stock of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased, had such corporation then been in existence, shall be deemed a year during which dividends have been paid on such class of stock; provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prohibit the purchase of stock of any class which is preferred, as to dividends, over any class the purchase of which is not prohibited by this section; and provided further, that no purchase of its own stock shall be made by any insurance company except for the purpose of the retirement of such stock or except as specifically permitted by any law of this State applicable by its terms only to insurance companies.

f. Invest in bonds or notes evidencing loans if the full amount of any such loan is insured by the government of the United States, or by the Administrator of the Farmers' Home Administration pursuant to the "Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act [of 1937]," Pub.L.75-210 (7 U.S.C. s.1000 et seq.), as heretofore or hereafter amended.

g. Make loans or investments not qualifying or permitted under [the preceding subsections] any subsection of this section to an amount, not including the amount of investments otherwise expressly authorized by law, not exceeding in the aggregate at any one time [5%] 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company as of December 31 next preceding.

h. Invest in securities, properties and other investments in foreign countries, which are substantially of the same character as prescribed for authorized investments for funds of the insurance company under any subsection of this section, to an amount valued at cost, not exceeding in the aggregate, at any one time, 20% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company as of December 31 next preceding; provided, however, that the amount invested pursuant to this subsection h. in authorized investments, other than qualified foreign investments, shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, 3% of such admitted assets; and provided further that the amount invested in authorized investments in any one foreign country pursuant to this subsection h. shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, 10% of such admitted assets. For the purpose of this subsection h., Canada shall not be deemed to be a foreign country.

The term "qualified foreign investment" as used in this subsection h. shall include any investment in a foreign country where: (1) the issuer or obligor is (a) a jurisdiction which is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized United States rating agency, (b) any political subdivision or other governmental unit of any such jurisdiction, or any agency or instrumentality of any such jurisdiction, political

#### A3289 COHEN

6

1 subdivision or other governmental unit, or (c) an institution which 2 is organized under the laws of any such jurisdiction, or, in the case 3 of investments which are substantially of the same character as 4 prescribed for investments under subsections b. and c. of this 5 section, the real property is located in any such jurisdiction; and (2) 6 if the investment is denominated in any currency other than United 7 States dollars, the investment is effectively hedged, substantially in 8 its entirety, against the United States dollar pursuant to contracts or 9 agreements which are (a) issued by or traded on a securities 10 exchange or board of trade regulated under the laws of the United 11 States or Canada or a province thereof, (b) entered into with a 12 United States banking institution which has assets in excess of \$5, 13 000,000,000 and which has obligations outstanding, or has a parent 14 corporation which has obligations outstanding, which are rated in 15 one of the two highest rating categories by an independent, 16 nationally recognized United States rating agency, or with a broker-17 dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission 18 which has net capital in excess of \$250,000,000, or (c) entered into 19 with any other banking institution which has assets in excess of 20 \$5,000,000,000 and which has obligations outstanding, or has a 21 parent corporation which has obligations outstanding, which are 22 rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent, 23 nationally recognized United States rating agency and which is 24 organized under the laws of a jurisdiction which is rated in one of 25 the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally 26 recognized United States rating agency. 27

Any investment qualified pursuant to paragraph (2) of the preceding definition of "qualified foreign investment" shall remain so qualified only at those times that the hedging requirements of paragraph (2) are met.

(cf: P.L.1983, c.81, s.1)

313233

28

29

30

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

3435

### STATEMENT

3738

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

36

This bill provides greater flexibility for domestic property and casualty insurance companies with respect to their investments.

The bill provides for investments by such insurance companies in securities, properties and other investments in foreign countries which are substantially of the same character as prescribed for the authorized domestic investments of insurance company funds. An insurance company's foreign investments shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, 20% of the insurance company's total admitted assets, and the amount invested in any one foreign country shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, 10% of such admitted assets.

The bill also modifies domestic property and casualty insurance companies' authority to invest in corporations that are incorporated within the United States, Puerto Rico, or Canada, which have not paid dividends during the preceding five years, so that investing is permitted with any such corporation when, during the five years preceding the time of any stock purchase, the corporation earned an aggregate sum available for dividends upon the stock which would have been sufficient to pay dividends upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during the five year period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value of the stock, or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the stated capital in respect thereof.

For purposes of purchasing the stocks of a corporation resulting from or formed by merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise less than five years prior to the insurance companies' time of purchase, each consecutive year next preceding the effective date of such merger, consolidation, acquisition or other action:

- during which dividends or other distributions of profits have been paid by any one or more of its constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year during which dividends have been paid; and
- the earnings of such constituent or predecessor institutions available for dividends during each of such years may be included as earnings of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each such years.

Finally, the bill increases the amount insurance companies may invest through loans or investments that are otherwise "not qualified or permitted" pursuant to the provisions of the applicable investment law. An insurance company's loans or investments of such kind shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, 10% of the total admitted assets of the insurance company, up from the existing limit of 5% of such assets.

The overall intent of the bill provisions is to provide domestic property and casualty insurance companies with greater flexibility for their investment activities, similar to the greater investment flexibility provided to life and health insurance companies pursuant to P.L.2005, c.193 (amending N.J.S.17B:20-1 and 17B:20-2, and repealing N.J.S.17B:28-13).

# ASSEMBLY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

### ASSEMBLY, No. 3289

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 14, 2007

The Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 3289.

This bill, as amended, provides greater flexibility for domestic property and casualty insurance companies with respect to their investments.

The bill modifies domestic property and casualty insurance companies' authority to invest in corporations that are incorporated within the United States, Puerto Rico, or Canada, which have not paid dividends during the preceding five years, so that investing is permitted with any such corporation when, during the five years preceding the time of any stock purchase, the corporation earned an aggregate sum available for dividends upon the stock which would have been sufficient to pay dividends upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during the five year period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value of the stock, or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the stated capital in respect thereof.

For purposes of purchasing the stocks of a corporation resulting from or formed by merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise, less than five years prior to the insurance companies' time of purchase, each consecutive year next preceding the effective date of such merger, consolidation, acquisition or other action:

- during which dividends or other distributions of profits have been paid by any one or more of its constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year during which dividends have been paid; and
- the earnings of such constituent or predecessor institutions available for dividends during each of such years may be included as earnings of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each such years.

For any stock purchase, other than a purchase representing a majority in control of all the stock of a corporation then outstanding, the cost of the stock investment may not exceed more than 25% of the

total admitted assets of the purchasing insurance company, with no more than 5% in any one stock.

Regarding investments in subsidiaries, the aggregate amount invested at cost, including but not limited to common stock, preferred stock, and debt obligations, shall not exceed the lesser of 10% of the total admitted assets of the insurance company or 50% of such insurance company's surplus as regards policyholders. In calculating the amount of any such subsidiary investment, any investment in a domestic or foreign insurance subsidiary shall be excluded.

The bill also adds flexibility regarding the amount insurance companies may invest through loans or investments that are otherwise "not qualified or permitted" pursuant to the provisions of the applicable investment law. An insurance company's loans or investments of that kind shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, the greater of 5% of the total admitted assets of the insurance company, or 50% of the excess of total admitted assets over the sum of liabilities plus capital and surplus required to transact business, but in any event shall not exceed 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company. Under the current law, this category of investment is limited to only 5% or less of the total admitted assets of an insurance company.

The bill further provides requirements for insurance companies' boards of directors to adopt written plans for acquiring and holding investments, as well as investment practices that specify guidelines as to the quality, maturity, and diversification of investments. Insurance companies' boards of directors are expressly responsible for the acquisition and holding of investments, and shall by formal resolution, at least annually, state that they have determined whether all investments are made in accordance with the adopted written plans and other investment objectives prescribed by the board or appropriate committees of such boards.

Finally, in relation to insurance company investments, the bill prohibits, unless there is prior written approval of the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, the making of loans or other investments, guarantees, or real estate transactions between an insurance company and an officer or director of such company, or any person with which that officer or director has any direct or indirect financial interest. However, the bill provides limited exceptions that do not require the commissioner's written approval for situations such as: advances or guarantees for credit or charge cards for officers or directors for expenses incurred in the ordinary course of the insurance company's business; secured loans to an existing or new officer made in connection with the officer's relocation; and loans or advances made in compliance with state or federal law by a regulated non-insurance subsidiary or affiliate of the insurer in the ordinary course of business, on terms no more favorable than those available to other customers of the subsidiary or affiliate.

This bill, as amended, is identical to Senate Bill No. 830 (1R),

reported by the Senate Commerce Committee on June 14, 2007.

### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS**

The committee amendments to the bill:

- (1) establish that, for any stock purchase, other than a purchase representing a majority in control of all the stock of a corporation then outstanding, the cost of the stock investment may not exceed more than 25% of the total admitted assets of the purchasing insurance company, with no more than 5% in any one stock;
- (2) establish that, regarding investments in subsidiaries, the aggregate amount invested at cost, including but not limited to common stock, preferred stock, and debt obligations, shall not exceed the lesser of 10% of the total admitted assets of the insurance company or 50% of such insurance company's surplus as regards policyholders;
- (3) add flexibility regarding the amount insurance companies may invest through loans or investments that are otherwise "not qualified or permitted" pursuant to the provisions of the applicable investment law, with an overall ceiling for such investments increased from 5% to 10% of such companies' total admitted assets;
- (4) delete provisions that expressly permit investments in securities, properties, and other investments in foreign countries;
- (5) establish requirements for insurance company boards of directors to adopt written plans for acquiring and holding investments, as well as investment practices that specify guidelines as to the quality, maturity, and diversification of investments; and
- (6) prohibit generally, unless there is prior written approval of the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, the making of loans or other investments, guarantees, or real estate transactions between an insurance company and an officer or director of that company, or any person with which that officer or director has any direct or indirect financial interest.

## SENATE, No. 830

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 212th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2006 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator RAYMOND J. LESNIAK District 20 (Union)

### **SYNOPSIS**

Increases investment options for domestic property and casualty insurance companies' capital, surplus and other funds.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1 **AN ACT** concerning investments by certain domestic insurance companies and amending R.S.17:24-1.

3

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

5 6 7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

- 1. R.S.17:24-1 is amended to read as follows:
- R.S.17:24-1. Any insurance company of this State for the purpose of investing its capital, surplus and other funds, or any part thereof, may:
- a. Purchase or hold as collateral security or otherwise and sell and transfer any bonds or public stock issued, created or guaranteed by the United States, or any territory or insular possession thereof, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or by this State, or by any of the other states of the United States or the District of Columbia, or by Canada or any of the provinces thereof, or by any of the incorporated cities, counties, parishes, townships or other municipal corporations situated in any of the places hereinabove mentioned; or bonds authorized to be issued by any commission appointed by the Supreme Court of this State as the said court was constituted prior to September 15, 1948.
- 22 Purchase or hold real estate for business or residential 23 purposes [(], other than as provided for in [sections] R.S. 17:19-8 24 to 17:19-12, inclusive, [of this Title)] as an investment for the 25 production of income, and improve or otherwise develop such real 26 estate; provided, that if the commissioner shall determine, after due 27 hearing upon notice to any such insurance company, that the 28 interests of such insurance company's policyholders require that any 29 specified real estate so purchased or held be disposed of, then such 30 insurance company shall dispose of such real estate within such 31 reasonable time as the commissioner shall direct; and provided 32 further, the aggregate amount of such investments for the 33 production of income, but excluding real estate held as provided for 34 in [said sections] R.S. 17:19-8 to 17:19-12, inclusive, shall not 35 exceed 5% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company 36 as of December 31 next preceding. The term "real estate for 37 business or residential purposes" as used in this subsection b. shall 38 include any real property used or operated as a part of or in 39 connection with a business or a residential development, and shall 40 also include a leasehold of such real estate having an unexpired 41 term of not less than 20 years, inclusive of the term or terms which 42 may be provided by any enforceable option or options of extension 43 or of renewal. Income produced by investment in any such 44 leasehold shall be applied by such insurance company in a manner

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

3

calculated to amortize the amount invested for acquisition and improvement thereof within a period not exceeding 8/10 of such unexpired term of the leasehold following such acquisition or improvement, or within a period of 40 years thereafter, whichever is less.

1 2

3

4

5

35

36

37

38

3940

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

- 6 c. Invest in bonds or notes secured by mortgages or trust deeds 7 on unencumbered fee simple or leasehold real estate, which shall 8 include areas above the surface of the ground but not contiguous 9 thereto, or any interest therein, located within the United States, any 10 territory or insular possession thereof, the Commonwealth of Puerto 11 Rico, or Canada, worth at least 1/3 more than the sum so invested. 12 No loan may be made on leasehold real estate unless the terms of 13 such loan provide for amortization payments to be made by the 14 borrower on the principal thereof in amounts sufficient to 15 completely amortize the loan within a period not exceeding 9/10 of 16 the term of the leasehold, inclusive of the term or terms which may 17 be provided by any enforceable option or options of extension or of 18 renewal, which is unexpired at the time the loan is made. For the 19 purpose of this subsection c., fee simple or leasehold real estate or 20 any interest therein shall not be deemed to be encumbered within 21 the meaning of this subsection c. by reason of the existence of taxes 22 or assessments that are not delinquent, easements, profits or 23 licenses, nor by reason of building restrictions or other restrictive 24 covenants, nor when such real estate or interest therein is subject to 25 lease in whole or in part whereby rents or profits are reserved to the 26 owner; provided, that the security created by the mortgage or trust 27 deed on such real estate or interest therein securing such bond or 28 note is a first lien upon such real estate or interest therein. No 29 insurance company shall, pursuant to this subsection c., invest in or 30 loan upon the security of any one property more than [\$30,000.00] 31 \$30,000 or more than 2% of its total admitted assets, whichever is 32 the greater. The total investments of any insurance company made 33 pursuant to this subsection c. shall not exceed 40% of its total 34 admitted assets.
  - d. Invest in bonds or notes evidencing loans to veterans if the full amount of any such loan is guaranteed by the government of the United States or by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs pursuant to the "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, "Pub.L.78-346 (38 U.S.C. s.3701 et seq.), as heretofore or hereafter amended; and in the case of loans so guaranteed for less than the full amount thereof, the maximum amount which may be loaned or invested by any such insurance company pursuant to the provisions of any law of this State shall be increased by the amount so guaranteed.
  - e. Lend on or purchase mortgage or collateral trust bonds of railroad companies organized under the laws of said states, or the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada or any province thereof, or operated wholly or partly

### **S830** LESNIAK

4

therein; or equipment trust certificates or obligations which are 1 2 adequately secured or other adequately secured instruments 3 evidencing an interest in transportation or municipal sanitation 4 equipment wholly or in part within the United States or any 5 territory or insular possession thereof, the Commonwealth of Puerto 6 Rico or Canada and a right to receive determined portions of rental, 7 purchase or other fixed obligatory payments for the use or purchase 8 of such equipment; or certificates of receivers of any corporation 9 where such purchase is necessary to protect an investment in the 10 securities of such corporation theretofore made under authority of 11 chapters 17 to 33, inclusive, of this Title; or the bonds or other 12 evidences of indebtedness of public utility companies organized 13 under the laws of Canada or any province thereof; or the capital 14 stock, bonds, securities or evidences of indebtedness created by any 15 corporation of the United States or of any state, or of the District of 16 Columbia, or of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or of Canada or 17 of any province thereof; provided, that no purchase of any bond or 18 evidence of indebtedness which is in default as to interest shall be 19 made by such company unless such purchase is necessary to protect 20 an investment theretofore made under authority of [said] chapters 21 17 to 33, inclusive, of this Title, in the securities of the corporation 22 which issued, assumed or guaranteed such bond or evidence of 23 indebtedness in default; provided further, that no purchase of the 24 stock of any [company] corporation of a class on which dividends 25 have not been paid during each of the past [5] five years preceding the time of purchase shall be made unless the stock so purchased 26 shall represent a majority in control of all the stock then 27 28 outstanding[; and provided further, that in] , or the corporation shall 29 have earned during the period of such five years an aggregate sum 30 available for dividends upon such stock which would have been 31 sufficient, after all fixed charges and obligations, to pay dividends 32 upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during such 33 period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value of 34 such stock, or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the 35 stated capital in respect thereof; and provided further, that in the 36 case of the stock of a corporation resulting from or formed by 37 merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise, less than five years 38 preceding the time of purchase, each consecutive year next 39 preceding the effective date of such merger, consolidation, 40 acquisition or other action during which dividends or other 41 distributions of profits shall have been paid by any one or more of 42 its constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year 43 during which dividends have been paid on such class of stock and 44 the earnings of such constituent or predecessor institutions available 45 for dividends during each of such years may be included as earnings 46 of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each

- 1 <u>such years, and in</u> the case of the stock of a corporation resulting
- 2 from or formed by merger or consolidation less than [5] <u>five</u> years
- 3 [prior to] preceding such purchase, each consecutive year next
- 4 preceding the effective date of such merger or consolidation during
- 5 which dividends shall have been paid by any one or more of its
- 6 constituent corporations on any or all classes of its or their stock in
- 7 an aggregate amount sufficient to have paid dividends on that class
- 8 of stock of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased,
- 9 had such corporation then been in existence, shall be deemed a year
- during which dividends have been paid on such class of stock;
- provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prohibit the
- purchase of stock of any class which is preferred, as to dividends, over any class the purchase of which is not prohibited by this
- over any class the purchase of which is not prohibited by this section; and provided further, that no purchase of its own stock
- shall be made by any insurance company except for the purpose of
- sharr be made by any insurance company except for the purpose of
- the retirement of such stock or except as specifically permitted by
- any law of this State applicable by its terms only to insurance companies.
- f. Invest in bonds or notes evidencing loans if the full amount of any such loan is insured by the government of the United States, or
- any such loan is insured by the government of the United States, or by the Administrator of the Farmers' Home Administration pursuant
- 22 to the "Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act [of 1937]," Pub.L.75-
- 23 <u>210 (7 U.S.C. s.1000 et seq.)</u>, as heretofore or hereafter amended.
- g. Make loans or investments not qualifying or permitted under
- 25 [the preceding subsections] any subsection of this section to an
- 26 amount, not including the amount of investments otherwise
- 27 expressly authorized by law, not exceeding in the aggregate at any
- one time [5%] 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurance
- 29 company as of December 31 next preceding.
- 30 <u>h. Invest in securities, properties and other investments in</u>
- 31 <u>foreign countries, which are substantially of the same character as</u>
- 32 prescribed for authorized investments for funds of the insurance
- company under any subsection of this section, to an amount valued at cost, not exceeding in the aggregate, at any one time, 20% of the
- at cost, not exceeding in the aggregate, at any one time, 20% of the
   total admitted assets of such insurance company as of December 31
- 36 next preceding; provided, however, that the amount invested
- pursuant to this subsection h. in authorized investments, other than
- 38 qualified foreign investments, shall not exceed in the aggregate, at
- 39 any one time, 3% of such admitted assets; and provided further that
- 40 the amount invested in authorized investments in any one foreign
- 41 <u>country pursuant to this subsection h. shall not exceed in the</u>
- 42 aggregate, at any one time, 10% of such admitted assets. For the
- 43 purpose of this subsection h., Canada shall not be deemed to be a
- 44 <u>foreign country.</u>
- The term "qualified foreign investment" as used in this
- 46 <u>subsection h. shall include any investment in a foreign country</u>

### **S830** LESNIAK

6

1	where: (1) the issuer or obligor is (a) a jurisdiction which is rated in
2	one of the two highest rating categories by an independent,
3	nationally recognized United States rating agency, (b) any political
4	subdivision or other governmental unit of any such jurisdiction, or
5	any agency or instrumentality of any such jurisdiction, political
6	subdivision or other governmental unit, or (c) an institution which
7	is organized under the laws of any such jurisdiction, or, in the case
8	of investments which are substantially of the same character as
9	prescribed for investments under subsections b. and c. of this
10	section, the real property is located in any such jurisdiction; and (2)
11	if the investment is denominated in any currency other than United
12	States dollars, the investment is effectively hedged, substantially in
13	its entirety, against the United States dollar pursuant to contracts or
14	agreements which are (a) issued by or traded on a securities
15	exchange or board of trade regulated under the laws of the United
16	States or Canada or a province thereof, (b) entered into with a
17	United States banking institution which has assets in excess of \$5,
18	000,000,000 and which has obligations outstanding, or has a parent
19	corporation which has obligations outstanding, which are rated in
20	one of the two highest rating categories by an independent,
21	nationally recognized United States rating agency, or with a broker-
22	dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission
23	which has net capital in excess of \$250,000,000, or (c) entered into
24	with any other banking institution which has assets in excess of
25	\$5,000,000,000 and which has obligations outstanding, or has a
26	parent corporation which has obligations outstanding, which are
27	rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent,
28	nationally recognized United States rating agency and which is
29	organized under the laws of a jurisdiction which is rated in one of
30	the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally
31	recognized United States rating agency.
32	Any investment qualified pursuant to paragraph (2) of the
33	preceding definition of "qualified foreign investment" shall remain
34	so qualified only at those times that the hedging requirements of
35	paragraph (2) are met.
36	(cf: P.L.1983, c.81, s.1)
37	
38	2. This act shall take effect immediately.

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

39 40

### STATEMENT

41 42 43

44

45

46

47

48

This bill provides greater flexibility for domestic property and casualty insurance companies with respect to their investments.

The bill provides for investments by such insurance companies in securities, properties and other investments in foreign countries which are substantially of the same character as prescribed for the authorized domestic investments of insurance company funds. An insurance company's foreign investments shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, 20% of the insurance company's total admitted assets, and the amount invested in any one foreign country shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, 10% of such admitted assets.

1 2

The bill also modifies domestic property and casualty insurance companies' authority to invest in corporations that are incorporated within the United States, Puerto Rico, or Canada, which have not paid dividends during the preceding five years, so that investing is permitted with any such corporation when, during the five years preceding the time of any stock purchase, the corporation earned an aggregate sum available for dividends upon the stock which would have been sufficient to pay dividends upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during the five year period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value of the stock, or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the stated capital in respect thereof.

For purposes of purchasing the stocks of a corporation resulting from or formed by merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise less than five years prior to the insurance companies' time of purchase, each consecutive year next preceding the effective date of such merger, consolidation, acquisition or other action:

- during which dividends or other distributions of profits have been paid by any one or more of its constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year during which dividends have been paid; and
- the earnings of such constituent or predecessor institutions available for dividends during each of such years may be included as earnings of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each such years.

Finally, the bill increases the amount insurance companies may invest through loans or investments that are otherwise "not qualified or permitted" pursuant to the provisions of the applicable investment law. An insurance company's loans or investments of such kind shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, 10% of the total admitted assets of the insurance company, up from the existing limit of 5% of such assets.

The overall intent of the bill provisions is to provide domestic property and casualty insurance companies with greater flexibility for their investment activities, similar to the greater investment flexibility provided to life and health insurance companies pursuant to P.L.2005, c.193 (amending N.J.S.17B:20-1 and 17B:20-2, and repealing N.J.S.17B:28-13).

### SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 830

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 14, 2007** 

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 830.

This bill, as amended, provides greater flexibility for domestic property and casualty insurance companies with respect to their investments.

The bill modifies domestic property and casualty insurance companies' authority to invest in corporations that are incorporated within the United States, Puerto Rico, or Canada, which have not paid dividends during the preceding five years, so that investing is permitted with any such corporation when, during the five years preceding the time of any stock purchase, the corporation earned an aggregate sum available for dividends upon the stock which would have been sufficient to pay dividends upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during the five year period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value of the stock, or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the stated capital in respect thereof.

For purposes of purchasing the stocks of a corporation resulting from or formed by merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise less than five years prior to the insurance companies' time of purchase, each consecutive year next preceding the effective date of such merger, consolidation, acquisition or other action:

- during which dividends or other distributions of profits have been paid by any one or more of its constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year during which dividends have been paid; and
- the earnings of such constituent or predecessor institutions available for dividends during each of such years may be included as earnings of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each such years.

For any stock purchase, other than a purchase representing a majority in control of all the stock of a corporation then outstanding, the cost of the stock investment may not exceed more than 25% of the total admitted assets of the purchasing insurance company, with no more than 5% in any one stock.

Regarding investments in subsidiaries, the aggregate amount invested at cost, including but not limited to common stock, preferred stock, and debt obligations, shall not exceed the lesser of 10% of the total admitted assets of the insurance company or 50% of such insurance company's surplus as regards policyholders. In calculating the amount of any such subsidiary investment, any investment in a domestic or foreign insurance subsidiary shall be excluded.

The bill also adds flexibility regarding the amount insurance companies may invest through loans or investments that are otherwise "not qualified or permitted" pursuant to the provisions of the applicable investment law. An insurance company's loans or investments of that kind shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, the greater of 5% of the total admitted assets of the insurance company, or 50% of the excess of total admitted assets over the sum of liabilities plus capital and surplus required to transact business, but in any event shall not exceed 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company. Under the current law, this category of investment is limited to only 5% or less of the total admitted assets of an insurance company.

The bill further provides requirements for insurance companies' boards of directors to adopt written plans for acquiring and holding investments, as well as investment practices that specify guidelines as to the quality, maturity, and diversification of investments. Insurance companies' boards of directors are expressly responsible for the acquisition and holding of investments, and shall by formal resolution, at least annually, state that they have determined whether all investments are made in accordance with their adopted written plans and other investment objectives prescribed by such boards or appropriate committees of such boards.

Finally, in relation to insurance company investments, the bill prohibits, unless there is prior written approval of the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, the making of loans or other investments, guarantees, or real estate transactions between an insurance company and an officer or director of such company, or any person with which that officer or director has any direct or indirect financial interest. However, the bill provides limited exceptions not requiring the commissioner's written approval for situations such as: advances or guarantees for credit or charge cards for officers or directors for expenses incurred in the ordinary course of the insurance company's business; secured loans to an existing or new officer made in connection with the officer's relocation; and loans or advances made in compliance with state or federal law by a regulated non-insurance subsidiary or affiliate of the insurer in the ordinary course of business, on terms no more favorable than those available to other customers of the subsidiary or affiliate.

This bill, as amended, is identical to the provisions of Assembly Bill No. 3289 (1R), reported by the Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee on June 14, 2007.

The committee amendments to the bill:

- establish that, for any stock purchase, other than a purchase representing a majority in control of all the stock of a corporation then outstanding, the cost of the stock investment may not exceed more than 25% of the total admitted assets of the purchasing insurance company, with no more than 5% in any one stock;
- establish that, regarding investments in subsidiaries, the aggregate amount invested at cost, including but not limited to common stock, preferred stock, and debt obligations, shall not exceed the lesser of 10% of the total admitted assets of the insurance company or 50% of such insurance company's surplus as regards policyholders;
- add flexibility regarding the amount insurance companies may invest through loans or investments that are otherwise "not qualified or permitted" pursuant to the provisions of the applicable investment law, with an overall ceiling for such investments increased from 5% to 10% of such companies' total admitted assets;
- delete provisions that expressly permit investments in securities, properties, and other investments in foreign countries;
- establish requirements for insurance company boards of directors to adopt written plans for acquiring and holding investments, as well as investment practices that specify guidelines as to the quality, maturity, and diversification of investments; and
- prohibit generally, unless there is prior written approval of the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, the making of loans or other investments, guarantees, or real estate transactions between an insurance company and an officer or director of that company, or any person with which that officer or director has any direct or indirect financial interest.

### SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 830**

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 3, 2007

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 830 (1R).

This bill provides greater flexibility for domestic property and casualty insurance companies with respect to their investments.

The bill modifies domestic property and casualty insurance companies' authority to invest in corporations that are incorporated within the United States, Puerto Rico, or Canada, which have not paid dividends during the preceding five years, so that investing is permitted with any such corporation when, during the five years preceding the time of any stock purchase, the corporation earned an aggregate sum available for dividends upon the stock which would have been sufficient to pay dividends upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during the five year period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value of the stock, or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the stated capital in respect thereof.

For purposes of purchasing the stocks of a corporation resulting from or formed by merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise less than five years prior to the insurance companies' time of purchase, each consecutive year next preceding the effective date of such merger, consolidation, acquisition or other action:

- during which dividends or other distributions of profits have been paid by any one or more of its constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year during which dividends have been paid; and
- the earnings of such constituent or predecessor institutions available for dividends during each of such years may be included as earnings of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each such years.

For any stock purchase, other than a purchase representing a majority in control of all the stock of a corporation then outstanding, the cost of the stock investment may not exceed more than 25% of the total admitted assets of the purchasing insurance company, with no more than 5% in any one stock.

Regarding investments in subsidiaries, the aggregate amount invested at cost, including but not limited to common stock, preferred

stock, and debt obligations, shall not exceed the lesser of 10% of the total admitted assets of the insurance company or 50% of such insurance company's surplus as regards policyholders. In calculating the amount of any such subsidiary investment, any investment in a domestic or foreign insurance subsidiary shall be excluded.

The bill also adds flexibility regarding the amount insurance companies may invest through loans or investments that are otherwise "not qualified or permitted" pursuant to the provisions of the applicable investment law. An insurance company's loans or investments of that kind shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, the greater of 5% of the total admitted assets of the insurance company, or 50% of the excess of total admitted assets over the sum of liabilities plus capital and surplus required to transact business, but in any event shall not exceed 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurance company. Under the current law, this category of investment is limited to only 5% or less of the total admitted assets of an insurance company.

The bill further provides requirements for insurance companies' boards of directors to adopt written plans for acquiring and holding investments, as well as investment practices that specify guidelines as to the quality, maturity, and diversification of investments. Insurance companies' boards of directors are expressly responsible for the acquisition and holding of investments, and shall by formal resolution, at least annually, state that they have determined whether all investments are made in accordance with their adopted written plans and other investment objectives prescribed by such boards or appropriate committees of such boards.

Finally, in relation to insurance company investments, the bill prohibits, unless there is prior written approval of the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, the making of loans or other investments, guarantees, or real estate transactions between an insurance company and an officer or director of such company, or any person with which that officer or director has any direct or indirect financial interest. However, the bill provides limited exceptions not requiring the commissioner's written approval for situations.

### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

This bill is not certified for a fiscal note.