#### 40A:4-41

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF**: 2007 **CHAPTER**: 344

**NJSA:** 40A:4-41 (Permits municipal calculation of reserve for uncollected taxes by alternate method when tax

appeal judgments are at least 0.75% of tax levy)

BILL NO: A4667 (Substituted for S3017)

SPONSOR(S) Wisniewski and Others

DATE INTRODUCED: January 3, 2008

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Appropriations

SENATE:

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No.

**DATE OF PASSAGE:** ASSEMBLY: January 7, 2008

**SENATE:** January 7, 2008

**DATE OF APPROVAL:** January 13, 2008

**FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** 

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Original version of bill enacted)

A4667

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL NOTE: No

S3017

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 3 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

**SENATE**: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

#### **FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:**

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REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: No

LAW/RWH 6/20/08

#### P.L. 2007, CHAPTER 344, *approved January 13*, 2008 Assembly, No. 4667

**AN ACT** concerning the calculation of the reserve for uncollected taxes and amending N.J.S.40A:4-41.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. N.J.S.40A:4-41 is amended to read as follows:
- 40A:4-41. a. For the purpose of determining the amount of the appropriation for "reserve for uncollected taxes" required to be included in each annual budget where less than 100% of current tax collections may be and are anticipated, anticipated cash receipts shall be as set forth in the budget of the current year, and in accordance with the limitations of statute for anticipated revenue from, surplus appropriated, miscellaneous revenues and receipts from delinquent taxes.
- b. Receipts from the collection of taxes levied or to be levied in the municipality, or in the case of a county for general county purposes and payable in the fiscal year shall be anticipated in an amount which is not in excess of the percentage of taxes levied and payable during the next preceding fiscal year which was received in cash by the last day of the preceding fiscal year.
- c. (1) For any municipality in which tax appeal judgments have been awarded to property owners from action of the county tax board pursuant to R.S.54:3-21 et seq., or the State tax court pursuant to R.S.54:48-1 et seq. in the preceding fiscal year, the governing body of the municipality may elect to determine the reserve for uncollected taxes by using the average of the percentages of taxes levied which were received in cash by the last day of each of the three preceding fiscal years. Election of this choice shall be made by resolution, approved by a majority vote of the full membership of the governing body prior to the introduction of the annual budget pursuant to N.J.S.40A:4-5.
- (2) If the amount of tax reductions resulting from tax appeal judgments of the county tax board pursuant to R.S.54:3-21 et seq., or the State tax court pursuant to R.S.54:48-1 et seq., for the previous fiscal year exceeds [1%] 0.75% of the tax levy for that previous fiscal year, the governing body of the municipality may elect to calculate the current year reserve for uncollected taxes by reducing the certified tax levy of the prior year by the amount of the tax levy adjustments resulting from those judgments. Election of this choice shall be made by resolution, approved by a majority vote of the full membership of the governing body prior to the introduction of the annual budget pursuant to N.J.S.40A:4-5.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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d. The director may promulgate rules and regulations to permit a three-year average to be used to determine the amount required for the reserve for uncollected taxes for municipalities to which subsection c. of this section is not applicable.

(cf: P.L.2000, c.126, s.18)

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2. (New section) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph 2 of subsection c. of N.J.S.40A:4-41 (as amended by section 1 of this bill), a municipality operating under the State fiscal year that has introduced, but not adopted, its budget for fiscal year 2008 prior to the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) may adopt the resolution permitted by that paragraph prior to the adoption of the budget by the governing body.

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3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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#### **STATEMENT**

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This bill would lower the threshold for county tax board and State tax court judgments against a municipality, expressed as a percentage of the tax levy for the previous local fiscal year, that are used to calculate the reserve for uncollected taxes under a special rule in subsection c. of N.J.S.40A:4-41. Prior to 1997 amendments to N.J.S.40A:4-41, large tax appeal awards against a municipality in the preceding fiscal year would cause the current fiscal year's reserve for uncollected taxes to be unnecessarily high, thereby increasing the burden on the municipal taxpayers. amendments permit the reserve for uncollected taxes to be calculated using either a three-year averaging of receipts received on the last day of each of the three preceding fiscal years, or, when the amount of the county tax board and tax court ordered tax reductions for the previous fiscal year exceed 1% of that previous fiscal year's tax levy, through the reduction of the previous year's certified tax levy by the amount of the tax levy adjustments required by the county tax board and tax court orders. This bill would lower the 1% threshold by a quarter percent, to 0.75%, in order to permit this alternative calculation to be used by more municipalities, thereby lessening the tax burden caused by an unnecessarily high reserve for uncollected taxes.

This bill would also permit a municipality operating under the State fiscal year that has introduced, but not adopted, its budget for fiscal year 2008 prior to the effective date of the bill to adopt the resolution authorizing the alternative calculation prior to the adoption of the budget by the governing body. Current law requires that this resolution must be approved by the governing body prior to the introduction of the budget.

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3	Permits municipal calculation of reserve for uncollected taxes by
1	alternate method when tax appeal judgments are at least 0.75% of
5	tax levy.

## ASSEMBLY, No. 4667

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 212th LEGISLATURE

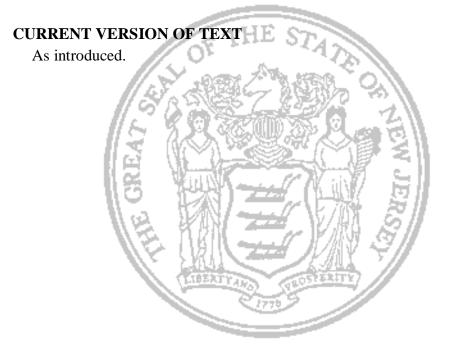
INTRODUCED JANUARY 3, 2008

Sponsored by:
Assemblyman JOHN S. WISNIEWSKI
District 19 (Middlesex)
Assemblyman JOSEPH VAS
District 19 (Middlesex)
Assemblyman UPENDRA J. CHIVUKULA
District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Vitale

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Permits municipal calculation of reserve for uncollected taxes by alternate method when tax appeal judgments are at least 0.75% of tax levy.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/8/2008)

**AN ACT** concerning the calculation of the reserve for uncollected taxes and amending N.J.S.40A:4-41.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. N.J.S.40A:4-41 is amended to read as follows:
- 40A:4-41. a. For the purpose of determining the amount of the appropriation for "reserve for uncollected taxes" required to be included in each annual budget where less than 100% of current tax collections may be and are anticipated, anticipated cash receipts shall be as set forth in the budget of the current year, and in accordance with the limitations of statute for anticipated revenue from, surplus appropriated, miscellaneous revenues and receipts from delinquent taxes.
- b. Receipts from the collection of taxes levied or to be levied in the municipality, or in the case of a county for general county purposes and payable in the fiscal year shall be anticipated in an amount which is not in excess of the percentage of taxes levied and payable during the next preceding fiscal year which was received in cash by the last day of the preceding fiscal year.
- c. (1) For any municipality in which tax appeal judgments have been awarded to property owners from action of the county tax board pursuant to R.S.54:3-21 et seq., or the State tax court pursuant to R.S.54:48-1 et seq. in the preceding fiscal year, the governing body of the municipality may elect to determine the reserve for uncollected taxes by using the average of the percentages of taxes levied which were received in cash by the last day of each of the three preceding fiscal years. Election of this choice shall be made by resolution, approved by a majority vote of the full membership of the governing body prior to the introduction of the annual budget pursuant to N.J.S.40A:4-5.
- (2) If the amount of tax reductions resulting from tax appeal judgments of the county tax board pursuant to R.S.54:3-21 et seq., or the State tax court pursuant to R.S.54:48-1 et seq., for the previous fiscal year exceeds [1%] 0.75% of the tax levy for that previous fiscal year, the governing body of the municipality may elect to calculate the current year reserve for uncollected taxes by reducing the certified tax levy of the prior year by the amount of the tax levy adjustments resulting from those judgments. Election of this choice shall be made by resolution, approved by a majority vote of the full membership of the governing body prior to the introduction of the annual budget pursuant to N.J.S.40A:4-5.
- d. The director may promulgate rules and regulations to permit a three-year average to be used to determine the amount required

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

#### A4667 WISNIEWSKI, VAS

1 for the reserve for uncollected taxes for municipalities to which 2 subsection c. of this section is not applicable. 3

(cf: P.L.2000, c.126, s.18)

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(New section) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph 2 of subsection c. of N.J.S.40A:4-41 (as amended by section 1 of this bill), a municipality operating under the State fiscal year that has introduced, but not adopted, its budget for fiscal year 2008 prior to the effective date of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) may adopt the resolution permitted by that paragraph prior to the adoption of the budget by the governing body.

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3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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#### **STATEMENT**

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This bill would lower the threshold for county tax board and State tax court judgments against a municipality, expressed as a percentage of the tax levy for the previous local fiscal year, that are used to calculate the reserve for uncollected taxes under a special rule in subsection c. of N.J.S.40A:4-41. Prior to 1997 amendments to N.J.S.40A:4-41, large tax appeal awards against a municipality in the preceding fiscal year would cause the current fiscal year's reserve for uncollected taxes to be unnecessarily high, thereby increasing the burden on the municipal taxpayers. The 1997 amendments permit the reserve for uncollected taxes to be calculated using either a three-year averaging of receipts received on the last day of each of the three preceding fiscal years, or, when the amount of the county tax board and tax court ordered tax reductions for the previous fiscal year exceed 1% of that previous fiscal year's tax levy, through the reduction of the previous year's certified tax levy by the amount of the tax levy adjustments required by the county tax board and tax court orders. This bill would lower the 1% threshold by a quarter percent, to 0.75%, in order to permit this alternative calculation to be used by more municipalities, thereby lessening the tax burden caused by an unnecessarily high reserve for uncollected taxes.

This bill would also permit a municipality operating under the State fiscal year that has introduced, but not adopted, its budget for fiscal year 2008 prior to the effective date of the bill to adopt the resolution authorizing the alternative calculation prior to the adoption of the budget by the governing body. Current law requires that this resolution must be approved by the governing body prior to the introduction of the budget.

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#### ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

### ASSEMBLY, No. 4667

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 3, 2008

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 4667.

This bill lowers the threshold for county tax board and State tax court judgments against a municipality, expressed as a percentage of the tax levy for the previous local fiscal year, that are used to calculate the reserve for uncollected taxes under a special rule in subsection c. of N.J.S.40A:4-41.

Prior to 1997 amendments to N.J.S.40A:4-41, large tax appeal awards against a municipality in the preceding fiscal year would cause the current fiscal year's reserve for uncollected taxes to be unnecessarily high, thereby increasing the burden on the municipal taxpayers. The 1997 amendments permit the reserve for uncollected taxes to be calculated using either (1) a three-year averaging of receipts received on the last day of each of the three preceding fiscal years, or, (2) when the amount of the county tax board and tax court ordered tax reductions for the previous fiscal year exceed 1% of that previous fiscal year's tax levy, through the reduction of the previous year's certified tax levy by the amount of the tax levy adjustments required by the county tax board and tax court orders. This bill lowers the 1% threshold to 0.75%, to permit this alternative calculation to be used by more municipalities and lessen the tax burden otherwise caused by an unnecessarily high reserve for uncollected taxes.

This bill also permits a municipality operating under the State fiscal year that has introduced, but not adopted, its budget for fiscal year 2008 prior to the effective date of the bill to adopt the resolution authorizing the alternative calculation prior to the adoption of the budget by the governing body. Current law requires that this resolution must be approved by the governing body prior to the *introduction* of the budget.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

This bill was not certified as requiring a fiscal note: it has no impact on State revenues or expenditures.

## SENATE, No. 3017

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 212th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 10, 2007

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Permits municipal calculation of reserve for uncollected taxes by alternate method when tax appeal judgments are at least 0.75% of tax levy.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



**AN ACT** concerning the calculation of the reserve for uncollected taxes and amending N.J.S.40A:4-41.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. N.J.S.40A:4-41 is amended to read as follows:
- 40A:4-41. a. For the purpose of determining the amount of the appropriation for "reserve for uncollected taxes" required to be included in each annual budget where less than 100% of current tax collections may be and are anticipated, anticipated cash receipts shall be as set forth in the budget of the current year, and in accordance with the limitations of statute for anticipated revenue from, surplus appropriated, miscellaneous revenues and receipts from delinquent taxes.
- b. Receipts from the collection of taxes levied or to be levied in the municipality, or in the case of a county for general county purposes and payable in the fiscal year shall be anticipated in an amount which is not in excess of the percentage of taxes levied and payable during the next preceding fiscal year which was received in cash by the last day of the preceding fiscal year.
- c. (1) For any municipality in which tax appeal judgments have been awarded to property owners from action of the county tax board pursuant to R.S.54:3-21 et seq., or the State tax court pursuant to R.S.54:48-1 et seq. in the preceding fiscal year, the governing body of the municipality may elect to determine the reserve for uncollected taxes by using the average of the percentages of taxes levied which were received in cash by the last day of each of the three preceding fiscal years. Election of this choice shall be made by resolution, approved by a majority vote of the full membership of the governing body prior to the introduction of the annual budget pursuant to N.J.S.40A:4-5.
- (2) If the amount of tax reductions resulting from tax appeal judgments of the county tax board pursuant to R.S.54:3-21 et seq., or the State tax court pursuant to R.S.54:48-1 et seq., for the previous fiscal year exceeds [1%] 0.75% of the tax levy for that previous fiscal year, the governing body of the municipality may elect to calculate the current year reserve for uncollected taxes by reducing the certified tax levy of the prior year by the amount of the tax levy adjustments resulting from those judgments. Election of this choice shall be made by resolution, approved by a majority vote of the full membership of the governing body prior to the introduction of the annual budget pursuant to N.J.S.40A:4-5.
- d. The director may promulgate rules and regulations to permit a three-year average to be used to determine the amount required

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

#### **S3017** VITALE

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for the reserve for uncollected taxes for municipalities to which subsection c. of this section is not applicable.

3 (cf: P.L.2000, c.126, s.18)

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2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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#### **STATEMENT**

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This bill would lower the threshold for county tax board and State tax court judgments against a municipality, expressed as a percentage of the tax levy for the previous local fiscal year, that are used to calculate the reserve for uncollected taxes under a special rule in subsection c. of N.J.S.40A:4-41. Prior to 1997 amendments to N.J.S.40A:4-41, large tax appeal awards against a municipality in the preceding fiscal year would cause the current fiscal year's reserve for uncollected taxes to be unnecessarily high, thereby increasing the burden on the municipal taxpayers. amendments permit the reserve for uncollected taxes to be calculated using either a three-year averaging of receipts received on the last day of each of the three preceding fiscal years, or, when the amount of the county tax board and tax court ordered tax reductions for the previous fiscal year exceed 1% of that previous fiscal year's tax levy, through the reduction of the previous year's certified tax levy by the amount of the tax levy adjustments required by the county tax board and tax court orders. This bill would lower the 1% threshold by a quarter percent, to 0.75%, in order to permit this alternative calculation to be used by more municipalities, thereby lessening the tax burden caused by an unnecessarily high reserve for uncollected taxes.

#### SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

### SENATE, No. 3017

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 3, 2008

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 3017 with committee amendments.

This bill, as amended, would lower the threshold for county tax board and State tax court judgments against a municipality, expressed as a percentage of the tax levy for the previous local fiscal year, that are used to calculate the reserve for uncollected taxes under a special rule in subsection c. of N.J.S.40A:4-41. Prior to 1997 amendments to N.J.S.40A:4-41, large tax appeal awards against a municipality in the preceding fiscal year would cause the current fiscal year's reserve for uncollected taxes to be unnecessarily high, thereby increasing the burden on the municipal taxpayers. The 1997 amendments permit the reserve for uncollected taxes to be calculated using either a three-year averaging of receipts received on the last day of each of the three preceding fiscal years, or, when the amount of the county tax board and tax court ordered tax reductions for the previous fiscal year exceeds 1% of that previous fiscal year's tax levy, through the reduction of the previous year's certified tax levy by the amount of the tax levy adjustments required by the county tax board and tax court orders. This bill would lower the 1% threshold by a quarter percent, to 0.75%, in order to permit this alternative calculation to be used by more municipalities, thereby lessening the tax burden caused by an unnecessarily high reserve for uncollected taxes.

As amended, the bill also permits a municipality operating under the State fiscal year that has introduced, but not adopted, its budget for fiscal year 2008 prior to the effective date of the bill to adopt a resolution allowing the use of the alternative method of calculating the reserve for uncollected taxes.

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:**

The committee amendments permit a municipality operating under the State fiscal year that has introduced, but not adopted, its budget for fiscal year 2008 prior to the effective date of the bill to adopt a resolution allowing the use of the alternative calculation. A majority of the full membership of the governing body of the municipality would be required to approve the resolution. Current law requires municipalities to elect to use the alternative calculation prior to the introduction of its annual budget pursuant to N.J.S.40A:4-5.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

This bill is not certified for a fiscal note.