54:4-3.30

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2007 **CHAPTER**: 317

NJSA: 54:4-3.30 (Allows disabled veteran's surviving spouse to claim property tax exemption when veteran's

disability declaration is granted after death)

BILL NO: A2426 (Substituted for S188)

SPONSOR(S) Chivukula and Others

DATE INTRODUCED: February 6, 2006

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Housing and Local Government

SENATE: Budget and Appropriations

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: December 11, 2006

SENATE: January 3, 2008

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 13, 2008

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Original version of bill enacted)

A2426

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 5 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: Yes

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, may **possibly** be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

<u>LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE</u>: <u>Yes</u>

S188

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 5 of original bill)
Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes Community 5-11-06

Budget 12-3-07

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

VETO MESSAGE: No

OLLOWING WERE PRINTED: To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext. 103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.or				
REPORTS:	No			
HEARINGS:	No			

No

No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:

RWH 6/5/08

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:

P.L. 2007, CHAPTER 317, *approved January 13*, *2008*Assembly, No. 2426

1 **AN ACT** concerning certain disabled veterans' property tax exemption claims and amending P.L.1948, c.259.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.30) is amended to read as follows:
- 9 1. a. The dwelling house and the lot or curtilage whereon the 10 same is erected, of any citizen and resident of this State, now or hereafter honorably discharged or released under honorable 11 12 circumstances, from active service, in time of war, in any branch of 13 the Armed Forces of the United States, who has been or shall be 14 declared by the United States Veterans Administration or its successor to have a service-connected disability from paraplegia, 15 16 sarcoidosis, osteochondritis resulting in permanent loss of the use of 17 both legs, or permanent paralysis of both legs and lower parts of the 18 body, or from hemiplegia and has permanent paralysis of one leg 19 and one arm or either side of the body, resulting from injury to the 20 spinal cord, skeletal structure, or brain or from disease of the spinal 21 cord not resulting from any form of syphilis; or from total 22 blindness; or from amputation of both arms or both legs, or both 23 hands or both feet, or the combination of a hand and a foot; or from 24 other service-connected disability declared by the United States 25 Veterans Administration or its successor to be a total or 100% 26 permanent disability, and not so evaluated solely because of 27 hospitalization or surgery and recuperation, sustained through enemy action, or accident, or resulting from disease contracted 28 29 while in such active service, shall be exempt from taxation, on 30 proper claim made therefor, and such exemption shall be in addition 31 to any other exemption of such person's real and personal property 32 which now is or hereafter shall be prescribed or allowed by the 33 Constitution or by law but no taxpayer shall be allowed more than 34 one exemption under this act.
 - b. (1) The surviving spouse of any such citizen and resident of this State, who at the time of death was entitled to the exemption provided under this act, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to the same exemption as the deceased had, during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the said dwelling house or any other dwelling house thereafter acquired.
 - (2) The surviving spouse of any citizen and resident of this State who was honorably discharged and, after the citizen and resident's

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- death, is declared to have suffered a service-connected disability as provided in subsection a. of this section, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to the same exemption the deceased would have become eligible for. The exemption shall continue during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the dwelling house or any other dwelling house thereafter acquired.
 - c. The surviving spouse of any citizen and resident of this State, who died in active service in time of war in any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to an exemption from taxation on the dwelling house and lot or curtilage whereon the same is erected, during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the said dwelling or any other dwelling house thereafter acquired.
 - d. The surviving spouse of any citizen and resident of this State who died prior to January 10, 1972, that being the effective date of P.L.1971, c.398, and whose circumstances were such that, had said law become effective during the deceased's lifetime, the deceased would have become eligible for the exemption granted under this section as amended by said law, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to the same exemption as the deceased would have become eligible for upon the dwelling house and lot or curtilage occupied by the deceased at the time of death, during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the said dwelling house on the premises to be exempted.
 - e. Nothing in this act shall be intended to include paraplegia or hemiplegia resulting from locomotor ataxia or other forms of syphilis of the central nervous system, or from chronic alcoholism, or to include other forms of disease resulting from the veteran's own misconduct which may produce signs and symptoms similar to those resulting from paraplegia, osteochondritis, or hemiplegia.
 - (cf: P.L.1985, c.515, s.2)

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.31) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. All exemptions from taxation under this act shall be allowed by the assessor upon the filing with him of a claim in writing under oath, made by or on behalf of the person claiming the same, showing the right to the exemption, briefly describing the property for which exemption is claimed and having annexed thereto a certificate of the claimant's honorable discharge or release under honorable circumstances, from active service, in time of war, in any branch of the armed forces and a certificate from the United States

1 Veterans Administration or its successor, certifying to 2 service-connected disability of such claimant of the character 3 described in section 1 of this act. In the case of a claim by a 4 surviving spouse of such veteran, the claimant shall establish in 5 writing under oath that the claimant is the owner of the legal title to 6 the premises on which exemption is claimed; that the claimant 7 occupies the dwelling house on said premises as the claimant's legal 8 residence in this State; that the veteran shall have been declared, 9 either during the veteran's lifetime or after the veteran's death, by 10 the United States Veterans Administration to have or to have had a 11 service-connected disability of a character described in this act, or, 12 in the case of a claim for an exemption under subsection c. of 13 section 1 of this act (C.54:4-3.30), that the veteran shall have been 14 declared to have died in active service in time of war; that the 15 veteran was entitled to an exemption provided for in this act, except 16 for an exemption under paragraph (2) of subsection b. and 17 subsection c. of section 1 hereof, at the time of death; and that the 18 claimant is a resident of this State and has not remarried. Such 19 exemptions shall be allowed and prorated by the assessor for the 20 remainder of any taxable year from the date the claimant shall have 21 acquired title to the real property intended to be exempt by this act. 22 Where a portion of a multiple-family building or structure occupied 23 by the claimant is the subject of such exemption, the assessor shall 24 aggregate the assessment on the lot or curtilage and building or 25 structure and allow an exemption of that percentage of the 26 aggregate assessment as the value of the portion of the building or 27 structure occupied by the claimant bears to the value of the entire 28 building or structure.

(cf: P.L.1985, c.515, s.3)

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- 3. Section 3 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.32) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The governing body of each municipality, by appropriate resolution, may return all taxes collected on property which would have been exempt had proper claim in writing been made therefor in the manner provided by this act [;provided, however, that such]. The governing body of each municipality, by appropriate resolution, may also return to the veteran or the veteran's surviving spouse all property tax payments made since the time of the veteran's actual disability or since the time of the veteran's death. No refunds shall [not] be made under this section for any year or portion thereof prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.30 et seq.).

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4. This act shall take effect immediately.

(cf: P.L.1948, c.259, s.3)

1 STATEMENT

Current law exempts certain veterans and their surviving spouses from paying property taxes on their place of residence upon the filing of a claim with the municipal tax assessor. To qualify for this exemption a veteran must have been honorably discharged from any branch of the United States Armed Forces and must have been declared to have a 100% permanent disability that is service-connected. The law also allows the surviving spouse of a veteran who at the time of death was receiving the tax exemption to continue to receive the tax exemption. The exemption ends when the surviving spouse remarries, ceases to be the legal owner of the property, moves out of the State, or ceases to occupy the dwelling unit or any other dwelling unit thereafter acquired.

This bill amends sections 1, 2 and 3 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.30, C.54:4-3.31 and C.54:4-3.32, respectively), in order to expand the eligibility criteria to include the surviving spouse of a veteran whose disability declaration is granted after the death of the veteran. This bill also empowers municipalities to refund, at their discretion, all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual disability, or since the time of death.

Allows disabled veteran's surviving spouse to claim property tax exemption when veteran's disability declaration is granted after death.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2426

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

212th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 6, 2006

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman UPENDRA J. CHIVUKULA District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset) Assemblyman JOSEPH VAS District 19 (Middlesex) Assemblyman JOHN S. WISNIEWSKI District 19 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblymen Thompson, Mayer, Conaway, Conners, Senators Doria, Sarlo, Madden, Bucco and Allen

SYNOPSIS

Allows disabled veteran's surviving spouse to claim property tax exemption when veteran's disability declaration is granted after death.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/4/2008)

AN ACT concerning certain disabled veterans' property tax exemption claims and amending P.L.1948, c.259.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.30) is amended to read as follows:
- 9 1. a. The dwelling house and the lot or curtilage whereon the 10 same is erected, of any citizen and resident of this State, now or 11 hereafter honorably discharged or released under honorable 12 circumstances, from active service, in time of war, in any branch of 13 the Armed Forces of the United States, who has been or shall be 14 declared by the United States Veterans Administration or its 15 successor to have a service-connected disability from paraplegia, 16 sarcoidosis, osteochondritis resulting in permanent loss of the use of 17 both legs, or permanent paralysis of both legs and lower parts of the 18 body, or from hemiplegia and has permanent paralysis of one leg 19 and one arm or either side of the body, resulting from injury to the 20 spinal cord, skeletal structure, or brain or from disease of the spinal 21 cord not resulting from any form of syphilis; or from total 22 blindness; or from amputation of both arms or both legs, or both 23 hands or both feet, or the combination of a hand and a foot; or from 24 other service-connected disability declared by the United States 25 Veterans Administration or its successor to be a total or 100% 26 permanent disability, and not so evaluated solely because of 27 hospitalization or surgery and recuperation, sustained through 28 enemy action, or accident, or resulting from disease contracted 29 while in such active service, shall be exempt from taxation, on 30 proper claim made therefor, and such exemption shall be in addition 31 to any other exemption of such person's real and personal property 32 which now is or hereafter shall be prescribed or allowed by the 33 Constitution or by law but no taxpayer shall be allowed more than 34 one exemption under this act.
 - b. (1) The surviving spouse of any such citizen and resident of this State, who at the time of death was entitled to the exemption provided under this act, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to the same exemption as the deceased had, during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the said dwelling house or any other dwelling house thereafter acquired.
 - (2) The surviving spouse of any citizen and resident of this State who was honorably discharged and, after the citizen and resident's death, is declared to have suffered a service-connected disability as

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- provided in subsection a. of this section, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to the same exemption the deceased would have become eligible for. The exemption shall continue during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the dwelling house or any other dwelling house thereafter acquired.
 - c. The surviving spouse of any citizen and resident of this State, who died in active service in time of war in any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to an exemption from taxation on the dwelling house and lot or curtilage whereon the same is erected, during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the said dwelling or any other dwelling house thereafter acquired.
 - d. The surviving spouse of any citizen and resident of this State who died prior to January 10, 1972, that being the effective date of P.L.1971, c.398, and whose circumstances were such that, had said law become effective during the deceased's lifetime, the deceased would have become eligible for the exemption granted under this section as amended by said law, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to the same exemption as the deceased would have become eligible for upon the dwelling house and lot or curtilage occupied by the deceased at the time of death, during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the said dwelling house on the premises to be exempted.
 - e. Nothing in this act shall be intended to include paraplegia or hemiplegia resulting from locomotor ataxia or other forms of syphilis of the central nervous system, or from chronic alcoholism, or to include other forms of disease resulting from the veteran's own misconduct which may produce signs and symptoms similar to those resulting from paraplegia, osteochondritis, or hemiplegia.

(cf: P.L.1985, c.515, s.2)

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.31) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. All exemptions from taxation under this act shall be allowed by the assessor upon the filing with him of a claim in writing under oath, made by or on behalf of the person claiming the same, showing the right to the exemption, briefly describing the property for which exemption is claimed and having annexed thereto a certificate of the claimant's honorable discharge or release under honorable circumstances, from active service, in time of war, in any branch of the armed forces and a certificate from the United States Veterans Administration or its successor, certifying to a

A2426 CHIVUKULA, VAS

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1 service-connected disability of such claimant of the character 2 described in section 1 of this act. In the case of a claim by a 3 surviving spouse of such veteran, the claimant shall establish in 4 writing under oath that the claimant is the owner of the legal title to 5 the premises on which exemption is claimed; that the claimant 6 occupies the dwelling house on said premises as the claimant's legal 7 residence in this State; that the veteran shall have been declared, 8 either during the veteran's lifetime or after the veteran's death, by 9 the United States Veterans Administration to have or to have had a 10 service-connected disability of a character described in this act, or, 11 in the case of a claim for an exemption under subsection c. of 12 section 1 of this act (C.54:4-3.30), that the veteran shall have been declared to have died in active service in time of war; that the 13 14 veteran was entitled to an exemption provided for in this act, except 15 for an exemption under paragraph (2) of subsection b. and 16 subsection c. of section 1 hereof, at the time of death; and that the 17 claimant is a resident of this State and has not remarried. Such 18 exemptions shall be allowed and prorated by the assessor for the 19 remainder of any taxable year from the date the claimant shall have 20 acquired title to the real property intended to be exempt by this act. 21 Where a portion of a multiple-family building or structure occupied 22 by the claimant is the subject of such exemption, the assessor shall 23 aggregate the assessment on the lot or curtilage and building or 24 structure and allow an exemption of that percentage of the 25 aggregate assessment as the value of the portion of the building or 26 structure occupied by the claimant bears to the value of the entire 27 building or structure.

(cf: P.L.1985, c.515, s.3)

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- 3. Section 3 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.32) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The governing body of each municipality, by appropriate resolution, may return all taxes collected on property which would have been exempt had proper claim in writing been made therefor in the manner provided by this act [;provided, however, that such]. The governing body of each municipality, by appropriate resolution, may also return to the veteran or the veteran's surviving spouse all property tax payments made since the time of the veteran's actual disability or since the time of the veteran's death. No refunds shall [not] be made under this section for any year or portion thereof prior to the effective date of [this act] P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.30 et seq.).

43 (cf: P.L.1948, c.259, s.3)

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4. This act shall take effect immediately.

A2426 CHIVUKULA, VAS

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STATEMENT

Current law exempts certain veterans and their surviving spouses from paying property taxes on their place of residence upon the filing of a claim with the municipal tax assessor. To qualify for this exemption a veteran must have been honorably discharged from any branch of the United States Armed Forces and must have been declared to have a 100% permanent disability that is service-connected. The law also allows the surviving spouse of a veteran who at the time of death was receiving the tax exemption to continue to receive the tax exemption. The exemption ends when the surviving spouse remarries, ceases to be the legal owner of the property, moves out of the State, or ceases to occupy the dwelling unit or any other dwelling unit thereafter acquired.

This bill amends sections 1, 2 and 3 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.30, C.54:4-3.31 and C.54:4-3.32, respectively), in order to expand the eligibility criteria to include the surviving spouse of a veteran whose disability declaration is granted after the death of the veteran. This bill also empowers municipalities to refund, at their discretion, all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual disability, or since the time of death.

ASSEMBLY HOUSING AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2426

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 12, 2006

The Assembly Housing and Local Government Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2426.

Current law exempts certain veterans and their surviving spouses from paying property taxes on their place of residence upon the filing of a claim with the municipal tax assessor. To qualify for this exemption, a veteran must have been honorably discharged from any branch of the United States Armed Forces and must have been declared to have a 100% permanent disability that is service-connected. The law also allows the surviving spouse of a veteran who at the time of death was receiving the tax exemption to continue to receive the tax exemption. The exemption ends when the surviving spouse remarries, ceases to be the legal owner of the property, moves out of the State, or ceases to occupy the dwelling unit or any other dwelling unit thereafter acquired.

This bill amends sections 1, 2 and 3 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.30, C.54:4-3.31 and C.54:4-3.32, respectively), in order to expand the eligibility criteria to include the surviving spouse of a veteran whose disability declaration is granted after the death of the veteran. This bill also empowers municipalities to refund, at their discretion, all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual disability, or since the time of death.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2426

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 3, 2007

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2426.

This bill allows a disabled veteran's surviving spouse to claim a disabled veterans property tax exemption when the veteran's disability declaration is granted after the death of the veteran. The bill also permits municipalities, at its discretion, to refund all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual disability, or since the time of death.

Under current law, to qualify for this exemption a veteran must have been honorably discharged from any branch of the United States Armed Forces and must have been declared to have a 100% permanent disability that is service-connected. Current law allows the surviving spouse of a veteran who at the time of death was receiving the tax exemption to continue to receive the tax exemption.

This bill would expand the current criteria so that the surviving spouse of a veteran whose disability declaration is granted *after* the death of the veteran would be eligible.

As under current law, the exemption would end when the surviving spouse remarries, ceases to be the legal owner of the property, moves out of the State, or ceases to occupy the dwelling unit or any other dwelling unit thereafter acquired.

This bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 188, as also reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Although the Office of Legislative Services (OLS) cannot predict the number of surviving spouses of 100 percent disabled veterans to whom this legislation would apply, the OLS anticipates that this number would be minimal. As a result, very few municipalities are likely to be impacted. Moreover, any potential loss of property tax revenue resulting from the tax exemption granted under this bill would be absorbed by all other municipal taxpayers within the taxing district.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2426 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 212th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JUNE 26, 2007

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Allows disabled veteran's surviving spouse to claim property tax

exemption when veteran's disability declaration is granted after death.

Type of Impact: Municipal cost of reimbursing veteran's surviving spouse for property

taxes paid.

Agencies Affected: Municipalities.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	Year 2	Year 3		
Loss of Revenue	Minimal potential loss of property tax revenue to municipalities resulting from 100 % property tax exemption granted to disabled veteran's surviving				
	spouse.				

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the number of surviving spouses of 100 percent disabled veterans who may qualify under this bill will likely be minimal and therefore the bill's fiscal impact will affect very few municipalities.
- The OLS is unable to provide a precise estimate for the cost of this bill to municipalities
 because OLS cannot predict the number of totally disabled veteran homeowners who will die
 before the United States Department of Military and Veterans Affairs is able to officially
 declare that the veteran has received a 100 percent war time related disability, which would
 then qualify their surviving spouse for a full property tax exemption on their primary
 residence.
- This bill expands the eligibility criteria for a totally disabled veterans property tax exemption to include the surviving spouse of a veteran whose disability declaration is granted after the death of the veteran.
- This bill also permits municipalities, at their discretion to refund all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual disability, or since the time of death.



The average annual residential property tax in New Jersey was \$6,331 in 2006, \$5,914 in 2005, \$5,513 in 2004, \$5,185 in 2003, and \$4,961 in 2002.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Bill No. 2426 of 2006 expands the eligibility criteria for a totally disabled veterans property tax exemption to include the surviving spouse of a veteran whose disability declaration is granted after the death of the veteran. This bill also permits municipalities, at their discretion to refund all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual disability, or since the time of death.

Current law exempts certain veterans and their surviving spouses from paying property taxes on their place of residence upon the filing of a claim with the municipal tax assessor. To qualify for this exemption, a veteran must have been honorably discharged from any branch of the United States Armed Forces and must have been declared to have a 100 percent permanent disability that is service-connected. The law also allows the surviving spouse of a veteran who at the time of death was receiving the tax exemption to continue to receive the tax exemption. The exemption ends when the surviving spouse remarries, ceases to be the legal owner of the property, moves out of the State, or ceases to occupy the dwelling unit or any other dwelling unit thereafter acquired.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS is unable to provide an estimate for the cost of this bill to municipalities, because OLS cannot predict the number of totally disabled veteran homeowners who will die before the United States Department of Military and Veterans Affairs is able to officially declare the veteran has received a 100% war time related disability which would than qualify their surviving spouse for a full property tax exemption on their primary residence. Furthermore, OLS is unable to provide an estimate for the amount property tax revenue that municipalities may choose to reimburse the surviving spouses of 100 percent disabled veterans who become eligible for reimbursement because OLS cannot predict how many municipalities will adopt resolutions requiring property tax reimbursement payments to those qualifying spouses of deceased 100 percent disabled veterans. The OLS notes however, the potential loss of property tax revenue resulting from the tax exemption granted under this bill would have to be absorbed by all other municipal taxpayers within the taxing district. The average annual residential property tax in New Jersey was \$6,331 in 2006, \$5,914 in 2005, \$5,513 in 2004, \$5,185 in 2003, and \$4,961 in 2002.

Section: Local Government

Analyst: Pedro Carrasquillo Associate Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L. 1980, c.67.

SENATE, No. 188

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

212th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2006 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH V. DORIA, JR. District 31 (Hudson) Senator PAUL A. SARLO District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Madden and Bucco

SYNOPSIS

Allows disabled veteran's surviving spouse to claim property tax exemption when veteran's disability declaration is granted after death.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel



AN ACT concerning certain disabled veterans' property tax exemption claims and amending P.L.1948, c.259.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.30) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. The dwelling house and the lot or curtilage whereon the same is erected, of any citizen and resident of this State, now or hereafter honorably discharged or released under honorable circumstances, from active service, in time of war, in any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, who has been or shall be declared by the United States Veterans Administration or its successor to have a service-connected disability from paraplegia, sarcoidosis, osteochondritis resulting in permanent loss of the use of both legs, or permanent paralysis of both legs and lower parts of the body, or from hemiplegia and has permanent paralysis of one leg and one arm or either side of the body, resulting from injury to the spinal cord, skeletal structure, or brain or from disease of the spinal cord not resulting from any form of syphilis; or from total blindness; or from amputation of both arms or both legs, or both hands or both feet, or the combination of a hand and a foot; or from other service-connected disability declared by the United States Veterans Administration or its successor to be a total or 100% permanent disability, and not so evaluated solely because of hospitalization or surgery and recuperation, sustained through enemy action, or accident, or resulting from disease contracted while in such active service, shall be exempt from taxation, on proper claim made therefor, and such exemption shall be in addition to any other exemption of such person's real and personal property which now is or hereafter shall be prescribed or allowed by the Constitution or by law but no taxpayer shall be allowed more than one exemption under this act.
 - b. (1) The surviving spouse of any such citizen and resident of this State, who at the time of death was entitled to the exemption provided under this act, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to the same exemption as the deceased had, during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the said dwelling house or any other dwelling house thereafter acquired.
- (2) The surviving spouse of any citizen and resident of this State who was honorably discharged and, after the citizen and resident's death, is declared to have suffered a service-connected disability as

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- provided in subsection a. of this section, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to the same exemption the deceased would have become eligible for. The exemption shall continue during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the dwelling house or any other dwelling house thereafter acquired.
 - c. The surviving spouse of any citizen and resident of this State, who died in active service in time of war in any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to an exemption from taxation on the dwelling house and lot or curtilage whereon the same is erected, during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the said dwelling or any other dwelling house thereafter acquired.
 - d. The surviving spouse of any citizen and resident of this State who died prior to January 10, 1972, that being the effective date of P.L.1971, c.398, and whose circumstances were such that, had said law become effective during the deceased's lifetime, the deceased would have become eligible for the exemption granted under this section as amended by said law, shall be entitled, on proper claim made therefor, to the same exemption as the deceased would have become eligible for upon the dwelling house and lot or curtilage occupied by the deceased at the time of death, during the surviving spouse's widowhood or widowerhood, as the case may be, and while a resident of this State, for the time that the surviving spouse is the legal owner thereof and actually occupies the said dwelling house on the premises to be exempted.
 - e. Nothing in this act shall be intended to include paraplegia or hemiplegia resulting from locomotor ataxia or other forms of syphilis of the central nervous system, or from chronic alcoholism, or to include other forms of disease resulting from the veteran's own misconduct which may produce signs and symptoms similar to those resulting from paraplegia, osteochondritis, or hemiplegia.

36 (cf: P.L.1985, c.515, s.2)

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.31) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. All exemptions from taxation under this act shall be allowed by the assessor upon the filing with him of a claim in writing under oath, made by or on behalf of the person claiming the same, showing the right to the exemption, briefly describing the property for which exemption is claimed and having annexed thereto a certificate of the claimant's honorable discharge or release under honorable circumstances, from active service, in time of war, in any branch of the armed forces and a certificate from the United States Veterans Administration or its successor, certifying to a service-

S188 DORIA, SARLO

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connected disability of such claimant of the character described in 1 2 section 1 of this act. In the case of a claim by a surviving spouse of 3 such veteran, the claimant shall establish in writing under oath that 4 the claimant is the owner of the legal title to the premises on which 5 exemption is claimed; that the claimant occupies the dwelling house 6 on said premises as the claimant's legal residence in this State; that 7 the veteran shall have been declared, either during the veteran's 8 <u>lifetime or after the veteran's death</u>, by the United States Veterans 9 Administration to have <u>or to have had</u> a service-connected disability 10 of a character described in this act, or, in the case of a claim for an 11 exemption under subsection c. of section 1 of this act (C.54:4-3.30), 12 that the veteran shall have been declared to have died in active 13 service in time of war; that the veteran was entitled to an exemption 14 provided for in this act, except for an exemption under paragraph 15 (2) of subsection <u>b.</u> and <u>subsection</u> <u>c</u>. of section 1 hereof, at the time 16 of death; and that the claimant is a resident of this State and has not 17 remarried. Such exemptions shall be allowed and prorated by the 18 assessor for the remainder of any taxable year from the date the 19 claimant shall have acquired title to the real property intended to be 20 exempt by this act. Where a portion of a multiple-family building or 21 structure occupied by the claimant is the subject of such exemption, 22 the assessor shall aggregate the assessment on the lot or curtilage 23 and building or structure and allow an exemption of that percentage 24 of the aggregate assessment as the value of the portion of the 25 building or structure occupied by the claimant bears to the value of 26 the entire building or structure.

27 (cf: P.L.1985, c.515, s.3)

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- 3. Section 3 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.32) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The governing body of each municipality, by appropriate resolution, may return all taxes collected on property which would have been exempt had proper claim in writing been made therefor in the manner provided by this act[;provided, however, that such]. The governing body of each municipality, by appropriate resolution, may also return to the veteran or the veteran's surviving spouse all property tax payments made since the time of the veteran's actual
- property tax payments made since the time of the veteran's actual disability or since the time of the veteran's death. No refunds shall
- disability or since the time of the veteran's death. No refunds shall
- 39 [not] be made <u>under this section</u> for any year or portion thereof
- 40 prior to the effective date of [this act] <u>P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-3.30</u>
- 41 <u>et seq.)</u>.
- 42 (cf: P.L.1948, c.259, s.3)

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4. This act shall take effect immediately.

1	STATEMENT			
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3	This bill allows a disabled veteran's surviving spouse to claim			
4	the disabled veterans' property tax exemption when the veteran's			
5	disability declaration is granted after the veteran's death.			
6	Under current law, to qualify for this exemption a veteran must			
7	have been honorably discharged from any branch of the United			
8	States Armed Forces and must have been declared to have a 100%			
9	permanent disability that is service-connected. The law also allows			
10	the surviving spouse of a veteran who at the time of death was			
11	receiving the tax exemption to continue to receive the tax			
12	exemption.			
13	This bill amends sections 1, 2 and 3 of P.L.1948, c.259 (C.54:4-			
14	3.30, C.54:4-3.31 and C.54:4-3.32, respectively), in order to expand			
15	the eligibility criteria to include the surviving spouse of a veteran			
16	whose disability declaration is granted after the death of the			
17	veteran.			
18	As under current law, the exemption ends when the surviving			
19	spouse remarries, ceases to be the legal owner of the property,			
20	moves out of the State, or ceases to occupy the dwelling unit or any			
21	other dwelling unit thereafter acquired.			
22	The bill also empowers municipalities to refund, at their			
23	discretion, all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual			

disability, or since the time of death.

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SENATE COMMUNITY AND URBAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 188

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 11, 2006

The Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 188.

This bill would allow a disabled veteran's surviving spouse to claim a disabled veterans' property tax exemption when the veteran's disability declaration is granted after the veteran's death.

Under current law, to qualify for this exemption a veteran must have been honorably discharged from any branch of the United States Armed Forces and must have been declared to have a 100% permanent disability that is service-connected. Current law allows the surviving spouse of a veteran who at the time of death was receiving the tax exemption to continue to receive the tax exemption.

This bill would expand the current criteria so that the surviving spouse of a veteran whose disability declaration is granted *after* the death of the veteran would be eligible.

As under current law, the exemption would end when the surviving spouse remarries, ceases to be the legal owner of the property, moves out of the State, or ceases to occupy the dwelling unit or any other dwelling unit thereafter acquired.

The bill would also empower municipalities to refund, at their discretion, all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual disability, or since the time of death.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2006-2007 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 188

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 3, 2007

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 188.

This bill allows a disabled veteran's surviving spouse to claim a disabled veterans property tax exemption when the veteran's disability declaration is granted after the death of the veteran. The bill also permits municipalities, at its discretion, to refund all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual disability, or since the time of death.

Under current law, to qualify for this exemption a veteran must have been honorably discharged from any branch of the United States Armed Forces and must have been declared to have a 100% permanent disability that is service-connected. Current law allows the surviving spouse of a veteran who at the time of death was receiving the tax exemption to continue to receive the tax exemption.

This bill would expand the current criteria so that the surviving spouse of a veteran whose disability declaration is granted *after* the death of the veteran would be eligible.

As under current law, the exemption would end when the surviving spouse remarries, ceases to be the legal owner of the property, moves out of the State, or ceases to occupy the dwelling unit or any other dwelling unit thereafter acquired.

This bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 2426, as also reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Although the Office of Legislative Services (OLS) cannot predict the number of surviving spouses of 100 percent disabled veterans to whom this legislation would apply, the OLS anticipates that this number would be minimal. As a result, very few municipalities are likely to be impacted. Moreover, any potential loss of property tax revenue resulting from the tax exemption granted under this bill would be absorbed by all other municipal taxpayers within the taxing district.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 188 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 212th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JUNE 25, 2007

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Allows disabled veteran's surviving spouse to claim property tax

exemption when veteran's disability declaration is granted after death.

Type of Impact: Municipal cost of reimbursing veteran's surviving spouse for property

taxes paid.

Agencies Affected: Municipalities.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3		
Loss of Revenue	Minimal potential loss of property tax revenue to municipalities resulting				
	from 100% property tax exemption granted to disabled veteran's surviving				
	spouse.				

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the number of surviving spouses of 100 percent disabled veterans who may qualify under this bill will likely be minimal and therefore the bill's fiscal impact will affect very few municipalities.
- The OLS is unable to provide a precise estimate for the cost of this bill to municipalities because OLS cannot predict the number of totally disabled veteran homeowners who will die before the United States Department of Military and Veterans Affairs is able to officially declare the veteran has received a 100 percent war time related disability, which would than qualify their surviving spouse for a full property tax exemption on their primary residence.
- This bill expands the eligibility criteria for a totally disabled veterans property tax exemption to include the surviving spouse of a veteran whose disability declaration is granted after the death of the veteran.
- This bill also permits municipalities, at their discretion to refund all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual disability, or since the time of death.
- The average annual residential property tax in New Jersey was \$6,331 in 2006, \$5,914 in 2005, \$5,513 in 2004, \$5,185 in 2003, and \$4,961 in 2002.



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BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 188 of 2006 expands the eligibility criteria for a totally disabled veterans property tax exemption to include the surviving spouse of a veteran whose disability declaration is granted after the death of the veteran. This bill also permits municipalities, at their discretion to refund all taxes paid since the time of the veteran's actual disability, or since the time of death.

Current law exempts certain veterans and their surviving spouses from paying property taxes on their place of residence upon the filing of a claim with the municipal tax assessor. To qualify for this exemption, a veteran must have been honorably discharged from any branch of the United States Armed Forces and must have been declared to have a 100 percent permanent disability that is service-connected. The law also allows the surviving spouse of a veteran who at the time of death was receiving the tax exemption to continue to receive the tax exemption. The exemption ends when the surviving spouse remarries, ceases to be the legal owner of the property, moves out of the State, or ceases to occupy the dwelling unit or any other dwelling unit thereafter acquired.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS is unable to provide an estimate for the cost of this bill to municipalities, because OLS cannot predict the number of totally disabled veteran homeowners who will die before the United States Department of Military and Veterans Affairs is able to officially declare the veteran has received a 100 percent war time related disability which would than qualify their surviving spouse for a full property tax exemption on their primary residence. Furthermore, OLS is unable to provide an estimate for the amount property tax revenue that municipalities may choose to reimburse the surviving spouses of 100 percent disabled veterans who become eligible for reimbursement because OLS cannot predict how many municipalities will adopt resolutions requiring property tax reimbursement payments to those qualifying spouses of deceased 100 percent disabled veterans. The OLS notes however, the potential loss of property tax revenue resulting from the tax exemption granted under this bill would have to be absorbed by all other municipal taxpayers within the taxing district. The average annual residential property tax in New Jersey was \$6,331 in 2006, \$5,914 in 2005, \$5,513 in 2004, \$5,185 in 2003, and \$4,961 in 2002.

Section: Local Government

Analyst: Pedro Carrasquillo

Associate Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.