17:16G-5

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

LAWS OF:	2005	CHAPTER:	287	
NJSA:	17:16G-5	(Establishes a	dditional requirements for license	d debt adjusters)
BILL NO:	S1722 (Substituted for A4133)			
SPONSOR(S) Coniglio and	others		
DATE INTRO	DUCED: June	e 21, 2004		
COMMITTEE	: ASSE	MBLY: Finan	cial Institutions and Insurance	
	SENAT	E: Comme	rce	
AMENDED D	URING PASSA	GE: Yes		
DATE OF PA	SSAGE:	ASSEMBLY:	January 9, 2006	
		SENATE:	January 9, 2006	
DATE OF AP	PROVAL:	January 9, 20	06	
FOLLOWING	ARE ATTACHE	ED IF AVAILABL	E:	
<u>FINAI</u>	TEXT OF BILL	(2nd reprint ena	cted)	
S1722 SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of original bill) Yes				
	COMMITTEE		ASSEMBLY	Yes
			SENATE:	Yes
	FLOOR AMEN			No
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL NOTE:		Yes
A413				
	SPONSOR'S	STATEMENT: (B	egins on page 4 of original bill)	<u>Yes</u>
	COMMITTEE	STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	Yes
			SENATE:	No
	FLOOR AMEN	DMENT STATE	MENT:	No
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL NOTE:		Yes
VETO MESSAGE: No				No
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No				No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government

Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext. 103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org

REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

IS 1/3/08

P.L. 2005, CHAPTER 287, approved January 9, 2006 Senate, No. 1722 (Second Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning debt adjustment and credit counseling and 2 amending and supplementing P.L.1979, c.16. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 5 of P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-5) is amended to read as 8 follows: 5. ¹<u>a.</u>¹ Any <u>nonprofit</u> social service agency or <u>nonprofit</u> consumer 9 credit counseling agency licensed under this act shall be bonded to the 10 satisfaction of the commissioner ¹[and] for each location pursuant to 11 regulation. In setting the bonding requirements for each location, the 12 commissioner shall consider the number of debtors provided credit 13 14 counseling and debt adjustment services at that location, and the 15 balance of funds in the trust account required to be maintained 16 pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 17 Legislature as this bill). 18 b. Each licensee shall file with the commissioner on or before 19 April 1 of each year a copy of its annual report, containing the information required by the commissioner by regulation pursuant to 20 21 P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.) and section 3 of P.L., c. 22 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) accompanied by a fee 23 in an amount set by the commissioner by regulation. c. Each licensee¹ shall have its financial records relating to debt 24 25 adjustment audited annually by a certified public accountant or a registered public accountant, which audit shall be filed with the 26 27 commissioner. Such an audit shall certify that the salaries and expenses paid by the licensee are reasonable compared to those 28 incurred by comparable organizations providing similar services. 29 ¹<u>d.</u>¹ After reviewing the annual ¹<u>report and</u>¹ 30 audit, the 31 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance may cause an examination of 32 the [social service agency or consumer credit counseling agency] 33 licensee to be made, the actual expenses of such an examination shall 34 be paid by the [social service agency or consumer credit counseling agency;] licensee, and the commissioner may maintain any action 35 36 against any [such agency] licensee to recover the fees and expenses 37 herein provided for.

38

¹<u>e.</u>¹<u>The licensee shall make a copy of the annual</u> ¹<u>report and</u>¹<u>audit</u>

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SCM committee amendments adopted February 7, 2005.

² Assembly AFI committee amendments adopted June 9, 2005.

1 available for public inspection at each of the licensee's locations. 2 (cf: P.L.1979, c.16, s.5) 3 4 2. Section 8 of P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-8) is amended to read as 5 follows: 6 8. Any person who violates any provisions of this act shall be 7 subject to a penalty of [\$500.00] <u>\$1,000 for the first offense and not</u> 8 more than \$5,000 for the second and each subsequent offense to be 9 collected by and in the name of the commissioner in a summary 10 proceeding under ["the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 11 12 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). 13 If the commissioner has reason to believe that any person or 14 licensee has engaged in or is engaging in any practice or transaction 15 prohibited by P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), the commissioner 16 may, in addition to any remedies available, bring a summary action in 17 the name of and on behalf of the State against the person or licensee 18 and any other person concerned or in any way participating in or about 19 to participate in those practices or transactions, to enjoin the person 20 or licensee from continuing those practices or engaging in or doing any 21 act in furtherance of those practices or in violation of that act. In 22 addition to any other remedies or penalties available for a violation of 23 P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), any debtor injured by a violation 24 of P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.) may bring a civil action for 25 recovery of damages. 26 (cf: P.L.1986, c.184, s.5) 27 28 3. (New section) Every licensee acting as a debt adjuster shall: 29 a. disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any fees permitted by section 6 of P.L.1979, c.16 30 (C.17:16G-6), within 1 [30] <u>10</u> 1 days of receipt of those funds; 31 32 1 [and] 1b. maintain a separate trust account ¹[for each debtor for the 33 34 receipt of funds from that debtor and the disbursement of funds on behalf of that debtor] in ²[the trust department of]² a qualified bank 35 as defined in paragraph (12) of section 1 of P.L.1948, c.67 (C.17:9A-36 1), in the name of the debt adjuster for the benefit of the debtors 37 38 serviced by the debt adjuster; and 39 c. maintain an appropriate ledger book for the trust account 40 required by subsection b. of this section, having at least one single 41 page for each debtor, with appropriate entries of all deposits into and 42 disbursements from each debtor's account, including copies of all 43 records showing disbursements to creditors and receipts from debtors, which ledger book and records shall be maintained in accordance with 44 45 generally accepted accounting principles for not less than six years following the close of each debtor's account¹. 46

S1722 [2R] 3

4. This act shall take effect ¹[immediately] on the 90th day after
 the date of enactment¹.
 4
 5
 6
 7 Establishes additional requirements for licensed debt adjusters;

8 increases penalties for licensing law violations.

SENATE, No. 1722 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 21, 2004

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH CONIGLIO District 38 (Bergen)

SYNOPSIS

Establishes additional requirements for licensed debt adjusters; increases penalties for licensing law violations.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



2

AN ACT concerning debt adjustment and credit counseling and
 amending and supplementing P.L.1979, c.16.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
of New Jersey:

6

3

1. Section 5 of P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-5) is amended to read asfollows:

9 5. Any <u>nonprofit</u> social service agency or <u>nonprofit</u> consumer 10 credit counseling agency licensed under this act shall be bonded to the 11 satisfaction of the commissioner and shall have its financial records 12 relating to debt adjustment audited annually by a certified public 13 accountant or a registered public accountant, which audit shall be filed 14 with the commissioner. Such an audit shall certify that the salaries and 15 expenses paid by the licensee are reasonable compared to those 16 incurred by comparable organizations providing similar services. After 17 reviewing the annual audit, the Commissioner of Banking and <u>Insurance</u> may cause an examination of the **[**social service agency or 18 19 consumer credit counseling agency] licensee to be made, the actual 20 expenses of such an examination shall be paid by the [social service 21 agency or consumer credit counseling agency;] licensee, and the 22 commissioner may maintain any action against any [such agency] 23 licensee to recover the fees and expenses herein provided for. The 24 licensee shall make a copy of the annual audit available for public 25 inspection at each of the licensee's locations.

- 26 (cf: P.L.1979, c.16, s.5)
- 27

28 2. Section 8 of P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-8) is amended to read as
29 follows:

8. Any person who violates any provisions of this act shall be
 subject to a penalty of [\$500.00] <u>\$1,000 for the first offense and not</u>
 more than \$5,000 for the second and each subsequent offense to be
 collected by and in the name of the commissioner in a summary
 proceeding under ["the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et
 seq.] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274
 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.).

If the commissioner has reason to believe that any person or licensee has engaged in or is engaging in any practice or transaction prohibited by P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), the commissioner may, in addition to any remedies available, bring a summary action in the name of and on behalf of the State against the person or licensee and any other person concerned or in any way participating in or about

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

1 to participate in those practices or transactions, to enjoin the person 2 or licensee from continuing those practices or engaging in or doing any act in furtherance of those practices or in violation of that act. In 3 4 addition to any other remedies or penalties available for a violation of P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), any debtor injured by a violation 5 6 of P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.) may bring a civil action for 7 recovery of damages. 8 (cf: P.L.1986, c.184, s.5) 9 10 3. (New section) Every licensee acting as a debt adjuster shall: 11 a. disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any fees permitted by section 6 of P.L.1979, c.16 12 13 (C.17:16G-6), within 30 days of receipt of those funds; and 14 b. maintain a separate trust account for each debtor for the receipt 15 of funds from that debtor and the disbursement of funds on behalf of that debtor. 16 17 4. This act shall take effect immediately. 18 19 20 21 **STATEMENT** 22 23 This bill is intended to increase consumer protection for debtors, by amending and supplementing P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), 24 25 which is commonly known as the debt adjuster act. This act permits 26 nonprofit social services agencies and nonprofit consumer credit 27 counseling agencies to be licensed by the Department of Banking and Insurance to provide debt adjustment and credit counseling services. 28 29 The bill provides that a copy of the annual audit currently required 30 to be filed with the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance must be available for public inspection at each of the licensee's locations. The 31 32 bill requires every licensee acting as a debt adjuster to disburse to the 33 appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any 34 permissible fees, within 30 days of receipt of the funds. The bill also requires the licensee to maintain a separate trust account for the 35 receipt and disbursement of funds on behalf of each debtor. 36 Further, the bill increases the current penalty of \$500 for any 37 38 violation of the debt adjuster act, to \$1,000 for the first offense and 39 not more than \$5,000 for the second and each subsequent offense. 40 Finally, the bill clarifies that a debtor injured by a violation of the act 41 may bring a civil action for recovery of damages, in addition to any 42 other available remedy.

ASSEMBLY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 1722**

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 9, 2005

The Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1722 (1R).

This bill is intended to increase consumer protection for debtors by amending and supplementing P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), which is commonly known as the debt adjuster act. The act permits nonprofit social services agencies and nonprofit consumer credit counseling agencies to be licensed by the Department of Banking and Insurance to provide debt adjustment and credit counseling services.

As amended, the bill requires every licensee acting as a debt adjuster to disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any permissible fees, within 10 days of receipt of the funds. The bill also requires the licensee to maintain a separate trust account in a qualified bank, in the name of the debt adjuster, for the benefit of the debtors serviced by the debt adjuster. It also requires the licensee to maintain an appropriate ledger book for the trust account, having at least one single page for each debtor, with appropriate entries of all deposits into and disbursements from each debtor's account, including copies of all records showing disbursements to creditors and receipts from debtors. The ledger book and records shall be maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for not less than six years following the close of each debtor's account.

The bill revises the bonding requirement in the law to make it more specific to the size and book of business of each location of a debt adjuster. It also requires licensees to submit a copy of their annual report to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and provides that a copy of the annual report and the annual audit currently required to be filed with the commissioner must be available for public inspection at each of the licensee's locations.

Further, the bill increases the current penalty of \$500, for any

violation of the debt adjuster act, to \$1,000 for the first offense and not more than \$5,000 for the second and each subsequent offense. Finally, the bill clarifies that a debtor injured by a violation of the act may bring a civil action for recovery of damages, in addition to any other available remedy.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amended the bill to provide that:

(1) The requirement that debtor client funds be deposited "*in the trust department*" of an FDIC insured bank is eliminated. Such funds would still be required to be deposited in an FDIC insured bank, but the proposed change would remove potentially expensive and overburdensome administrative considerations for a bank holding and disbursing the funds.

(2) The bill, as amended, is identical to its Assembly counterpart, Assembly Bill No. 4133(1R).

SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1722

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 7, 2005

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably, and with committee amendments, Senate Bill No. 1722.

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1722.As amended, this bill is intended to increase consumer protection for debtors by amending and supplementing P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), which is commonly known as the debt adjuster act. This act permits nonprofit social services agencies and nonprofit consumer credit counseling agencies to be licensed by the Department of Banking and Insurance to provide debt adjustment and credit counseling services.

As amended, the bill requires every licensee acting as a debt adjuster to disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any permissible fees, within 10 days of receipt of the funds. The bill also requires the licensee to maintain a separate trust account in the trust department of a qualified bank in the name of the debt adjuster for the benefit of the debtors serviced by the debt adjuster. It also requires the licensee to maintain an appropriate ledger book for the trust account, having at least one single page for each debtor, with appropriate entries of all deposits into and disbursements from each debtor's account, including copies of all records showing disbursements to creditors and receipts from debtors. The ledger book and records shall be maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for not less than six years following the close of each debtor's account.

The bill revises the bonding requirement in the law to make it more specific to the size and book of business of each location of a debt adjuster. It also requires licensees to submit a copy of their annual report to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and provides that a copy of the annual report and the annual audit currently required to be filed with the commissioner must be available for public inspection at each of the licensee's locations.

Further, the bill increases the current penalty of \$500 for any violation of the debt adjuster act, to \$1,000 for the first offense and not more than \$5,000 for the second and each subsequent offense.

Finally, the bill clarifies that a debtor injured by a violation of the act may bring a civil action for recovery of damages, in addition to any other available remedy.

The committee amended the bill to:

a. revise the bonding requirement in the law to make it more specific to the size and book of business of each location of a debt adjuster;

b. require licensees to submit a copy of their annual report to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and authorizes the commissioner to assess a fee therefor;

c. decrease the number of days from 30 to 10, within which the debt adjuster must disburse funds to creditors.

d. specify that the required trust account be maintained in the trust department of a qualified bank and clarify that the debt adjuster need not maintain a separate trust account for each debtor serviced;

e. require the debt adjuster to maintain an appropriate ledger book with a separate page for each debtor, and require that all books and records be maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, for a period of not less than six years after the close of the debtor's account; and

f. extend the bill's effective date by 90 days.

FISCAL NOTE [Second Reprint] SENATE, No. 1722 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

DATED: NOVEMBER 4, 2005

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Establishes additional requirements for licensed debt adjusters; increases penalties for licensing law violations.
Type of Impact:	No State cost
Agencies Affected:	Department of Banking and Insurance

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0

- ! The Office of Legislative Services **concurs** with the Executive estimate.
- I The bill amends and supplements P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), which is commonly known as the debt adjuster act.
- ! The bill requires every licensee acting as a debt adjuster to disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any permissible fees, within 10 days of receipt of the funds.
- ! The bill revises the bonding requirement in the law to make it more specific to the size and book of business of each location of a debt adjuster. The bill also requires licensees to submit a copy of their annual report to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance.
- ! The Department of Banking and Insurance estimates that any additional costs will be insignificant. The department indicates that they expect to receive a small number of additional annual reports to review as a result of the bill and will verify bonding compliance on an equally small amount of entities. As a result, the department does not anticipate that the additional oversight will require additional staff or financial resources.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 1722 (2R) of 2004 amends and supplements P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), which is commonly known as the debt adjuster act. The act permits nonprofit social services agencies and nonprofit consumer credit counseling agencies to be licensed by the

Office of Legislative Services State House Annex P.O. Box 068 Trenton, New Jersey 08625



Legislative Budget and Finance Office Phone (609) 292-8030 Fax (609) 777-2442 www.njleg.state.nj.us

S1722 [2R]

Department of Banking and Insurance to provide debt adjustment and credit counseling services. The bill requires every licensee acting as a debt adjuster to disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any permissible fees, within 10 days of receipt of the funds. The bill also requires the licensee to maintain a separate trust account in a qualified bank, in the name of the debt adjuster. It also requires the licensee to maintain an appropriate ledger book for the trust account.

The bill revises the bonding requirement in the law to make it more specific to the size and book of business of each location of a debt adjuster. It also requires licensees to submit a copy of their annual report to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and provides that a copy of the annual report and the annual audit currently required to be filed with the commissioner must be available for public inspection at each of the licensee's locations.

The bill increases the current penalty of \$500, for any violation of the debt adjuster act, to \$1,000 for the first offense and not more than \$5,000 for the second and each subsequent offense.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

The Department of Banking and Insurance estimates that any additional costs will be insignificant. The department indicates that they expect to receive a small number of additional annual reports to review as a result of the bill and will verify bonding compliance on an equally small amount of entities. As a result, the department does not anticipate that the increased oversight will require additional staff or financial resources.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services concurs with the Executive estimate.

Section:	Commerce, Labor and Industry
Analyst:	Sonya S. Davis Associate Fiscal Analyst
Approved:	David J. Rosen Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal note has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

ASSEMBLY, No. 4133 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 19, 2005

Sponsored by: Assemblyman NEIL M. COHEN District 20 (Union) Assemblyman BRIAN P. STACK District 33 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblywoman Quigley, Assemblymen Prieto and Manzo

SYNOPSIS

Establishes additional requirements for licensed debt adjusters; increases penalties for licensing law violations.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



2

1 AN ACT concerning debt adjustment and credit counseling and 2 amending and supplementing P.L.1979, c.16. 3 4 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 1. Section 5 of P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-5) is amended to read as 7 8 follows: 9 5. <u>a.</u> Any <u>nonprofit</u> social service agency or <u>nonprofit</u> consumer 10 credit counseling agency licensed under this act shall be bonded to the satisfaction of the commissioner [and] for each location pursuant to 11 12 regulation. In setting the bonding requirements for each location, the 13 commissioner shall consider the number of debtors provided credit 14 counseling and debt adjustment services at that location, and the 15 balance of funds in the trust account required to be maintained 16 pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 17 Legislature as this bill). 18 b. Each licensee shall file with the commissioner on or before April 19 1 of each year a copy of its annual report, containing the information 20 required by the commissioner by regulation pursuant to P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.) and section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now 21 22 before the Legislature as this bill) accompanied by a fee in an amount 23 set by the commissioner by regulation. c. Each licensee shall have its financial records relating to debt 24 25 adjustment audited annually by a certified public accountant or a registered public accountant, which audit shall be filed with the 26 commissioner. Such an audit shall certify that the salaries and 27 28 expenses paid by the licensee are reasonable compared to those 29 incurred by comparable organizations providing similar services. 30 d. After reviewing the annual report and audit, the Commissioner 31 of Banking and Insurance may cause an examination of the [social 32 service agency or consumer credit counseling agency] licensee to be made, the actual expenses of such an examination shall be paid by the 33 [social service agency or consumer credit counseling agency;] 34 35 licensee, and the commissioner may maintain any action against any [such agency] licensee to recover the fees and expenses herein 36 provided for. 37 38 e. The licensee shall make a copy of the annual report and audit 39 available for public inspection at each of the licensee's locations.

40 (cf: P.L.1979, c.16, s.5)

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 2. Section 8 of P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-8) is amended to read as 2 follows: 3 8. Any person who violates any provisions of this act shall be 4 subject to a penalty of [\$500.00] <u>\$1,000 for the first offense and not</u> 5 more than \$5,000 for the second and each subsequent offense to be 6 collected by and in the name of the commissioner in a summary 7 proceeding under ["the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et 8 seq.] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 9 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). 10 If the commissioner has reason to believe that any person or 11 licensee has engaged in or is engaging in any practice or transaction prohibited by P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), the commissioner 12 13 may, in addition to any remedies available, bring a summary action in 14 the name of and on behalf of the State against the person or licensee and any other person concerned or in any way participating in or about 15 to participate in those practices or transactions, to enjoin the person 16 17 or licensee from continuing those practices or engaging in or doing any 18 act in furtherance of those practices or in violation of that act. In 19 addition to any other remedies or penalties available for a violation of 20 P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), any debtor injured by a violation 21 of P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.) may bring a civil action for 22 recovery of damages. 23 (cf: P.L.1986, c.184, s.5) 24 25 3. (New section) Every licensee acting as a debt adjuster shall: 26 a. disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a 27 debtor, less any fees permitted by section 6 of P.L.1979, c.16 28 (C.17:16G-6), within 10 days of receipt of those funds; b. maintain a separate trust account in the trust department of a 29 30 qualified bank as defined in paragraph (12) of section 1 of P.L.1948, c.67 (C.17:9A-1), in the name of the debt adjuster for the benefit of 31 32 the debtors serviced by the debt adjuster; and c. maintain an appropriate ledger book for the trust account 33 required by subsection b. of this section, having at least one single 34 page for each debtor, with appropriate entries of all deposits into and 35 36 disbursements from each debtor's account, including copies of all 37 records showing disbursements to creditors and receipts from debtors, 38 which ledger book and records shall be maintained in accordance with 39 generally accepted accounting principles for not less than six years 40 following the close of each debtor's account. 41 42 4. This act shall take effect on the 90th day after the date of

43 enactment.

A4133 COHEN, STACK

1

2

STATEMENT

3 This bill is intended to increase consumer protection for debtors by 4 amending and supplementing P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), 5 which is commonly known as the debt adjuster act. This act permits 6 nonprofit social services agencies and nonprofit consumer credit 7 counseling agencies to be licensed by the Department of Banking and 8 Insurance to provide debt adjustment and credit counseling services. 9 The bill requires every licensee acting as a debt adjuster to disburse 10 to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any 11 permissible fees, within 10 days of receipt of the funds. The bill also requires the licensee to maintain a separate trust account in the trust 12 13 department of a qualified bank in the name of the debt adjuster for the 14 benefit of the debtors serviced by the debt adjuster. It also requires 15 the licensee to maintain an appropriate ledger book for the trust account, having at least one single page for each debtor, with 16 17 appropriate entries of all deposits into and disbursements from each debtor's account, including copies of all records showing 18 19 disbursements to creditors and receipts from debtors. The ledger book 20 and records shall be maintained in accordance with generally accepted 21 accounting principles for not less than six years following the close of 22 each debtor's account.

The bill revises the bonding requirement in the law to make it more specific to the size and book of business of each location of a debt adjuster. It also requires licensees to submit a copy of their annual report to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and provides that a copy of the annual report and the annual audit currently required to be filed with the commissioner must be available for public inspection at each of the licensee's locations.

Further, the bill increases the current penalty of \$500 for any
violation of the debt adjuster act, to \$1,000 for the first offense and
not more than \$5,000 for the second and each subsequent offense.
Finally, the bill clarifies that a debtor injured by a violation of the act
may bring a civil action for recovery of damages, in addition to any
other available remedy.

ASSEMBLY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 4133

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 9, 2005

The Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 4133.

This bill is intended to increase consumer protection for debtors by amending and supplementing P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), which is commonly known as the debt adjuster act. The act permits nonprofit social services agencies and nonprofit consumer credit counseling agencies to be licensed by the Department of Banking and Insurance to provide debt adjustment and credit counseling services.

As amended, the bill requires every licensee acting as a debt adjuster to disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any permissible fees, within 10 days of receipt of the funds. The bill also requires the licensee to maintain a separate trust account in a qualified bank, in the name of the debt adjuster, for the benefit of the debtors serviced by the debt adjuster. It also requires the licensee to maintain an appropriate ledger book for the trust account, having at least one single page for each debtor, with appropriate entries of all deposits into and disbursements from each debtor's account, including copies of all records showing disbursements to creditors and receipts from debtors. The ledger book and records shall be maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for not less than six years following the close of each debtor's account.

The bill revises the bonding requirement in the law to make it more specific to the size and book of business of each location of a debt adjuster. It also requires licensees to submit a copy of their annual report to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and provides that a copy of the annual report and the annual audit currently required to be filed with the commissioner must be available for public inspection at each of the licensee's locations.

Further, the bill increases the current penalty of \$500, for any violation of the debt adjuster act, to \$1,000 for the first offense and not more than \$5,000 for the second and each subsequent offense.

Finally, the bill clarifies that a debtor injured by a violation of the act may bring a civil action for recovery of damages, in addition to any other available remedy.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amended the bill to provide that:

(1) The requirement that debtor client funds be deposited *"in the trust department"* of an FDIC insured bank is eliminated. Such funds would still be required to be deposited in an FDIC insured bank, but the proposed change would remove potentially expensive and overburdensome administrative considerations for a bank holding and disbursing the funds.

(2) The bill, as amended, is identical to its Senate counterpart, Senate Bill No. 1722(2R).

FISCAL NOTE [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 4133 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

DATED: NOVEMBER 4, 2005

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Establishes additional requirements for licensed debt adjusters; increases penalties for licensing law violations.
Type of Impact:	No State cost
Agencies Affected:	Department of Banking and Insurance

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0

- ! The Office of Legislative Services **concurs** with the Executive estimate.
- ! The bill amends and supplements P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), which is commonly known as the debt adjuster act.
- ! The bill requires every licensee acting as a debt adjuster to disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any permissible fees, within 10 days of receipt of the funds.
- ! The bill revises the bonding requirement in the law to make it more specific to the size and book of business of each location of a debt adjuster. The bill also requires licensees to submit a copy of their annual report to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance.
- ! The Department of Banking and Insurance estimates that any additional costs will be insignificant. The department indicates that they expect to receive a small number of additional annual reports to review as a result of the bill and will verify bonding compliance on an equally small amount of entities. As a result, the department does not anticipate that the additional oversight will require additional staff or financial resources.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Bill No. 4133 (1R) of 2005 amends and supplements P.L.1979, c.16 (C.17:16G-1 et seq.), which is commonly known as the debt adjuster act. The act permits nonprofit social



A4133 [1R]

services agencies and nonprofit consumer credit counseling agencies to be licensed by the Department of Banking and Insurance to provide debt adjustment and credit counseling services. The bill requires every licensee acting as a debt adjuster to disburse to the appropriate creditors all funds received from a debtor, less any permissible fees, within 10 days of receipt of the funds. The bill also requires the licensee to maintain a separate trust account in a qualified bank, in the name of the debt adjuster. It also requires the licensee to maintain an appropriate ledger book for the trust account.

The bill revises the bonding requirement in the law to make it more specific to the size and book of business of each location of a debt adjuster. It also requires licensees to submit a copy of their annual report to the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and provides that a copy of the annual report and the annual audit currently required to be filed with the commissioner must be available for public inspection at each of the licensee's locations.

The bill increases the current penalty of \$500, for any violation of the debt adjuster act, to \$1,000 for the first offense and not more than \$5,000 for the second and each subsequent offense.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

The Department of Banking and Insurance estimates that any additional costs will be insignificant. The department indicates that they expect to receive a small number of additional annual reports to review as a result of the bill and will verify bonding compliance on an equally small amount of entities. As a result, the department does not anticipate that the increased oversight will require additional staff or financial resources.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services concurs with the Executive estimate.

Section:Commerce, Labor and IndustryAnalyst:Sonya S. Davis
Associate Fiscal AnalystApproved:David J. Rosen
Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal note has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.