# 45:5-1

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF: 2005 CHAPTER: 259** 

**NJSA:** 45:5-1 (Revises references pertaining to podiatrists in statutes)

**BILL NO**: A2024

SPONSOR(S): Biondi and others

DATE INTRODUCED: February 5, 2004

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Regulated Professions and Independent Authorities

**SENATE:** Commerce

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 20, 2005

**SENATE:** December 15, 2005

**DATE OF APPROVAL:** January 4, 2006

**FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** 

A2024

**FINAL TEXT OF BILL** (1st reprint enacted)

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 33 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

#### **FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:**

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REPORTS: No

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# P.L. 2005, CHAPTER 259, approved January 4, 2006 Assembly, No. 2024 (First Reprint)

1 **AN ACT** concerning podiatrists and revising various parts of the statutory law.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. R.S.45:5-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 45:5-1. The degree of ["D.S.C." is the abbreviation for "doctor of surgical chiropody" and the degree of "D.P." is the abbreviation for "doctor of podiatry" and the degree of ["D.P.M." is the abbreviation for "doctor of podiatric medicine" when used in this chapter.

12 (cf: P.L.1983, c.529, s.1)

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- 14 2. R.S.45:5-2 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 45:5-2. The State Board of Medical Examiners, hereinafter in this 16 chapter designated as the "board," shall, in addition to the 17 examinations provided for in chapter 9 of [this] Title [(s. 45:9-1 et seq.)] 45 of the Revised Statutes, hold meetings for the examination 18 19 of all applicants under this chapter for a license to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine in this State, which meetings shall be held at the 20 21 capitol building on the third Tuesday of June and October of each 22 year, and at such other times and places as the board may deem expedient. The board shall keep an official record of all such 23 24 meetings, and an official register of all applicants for a license to 25 practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine in this State. The register shall 26 show the name, age, nativity, last and intended place of residence of 27 each candidate, the time he has spent in obtaining a competent 28 academic education, and an education in [podiatry] podiatric medicine 29 in a school teaching [podiatry] podiatric medicine, and the names and 30 location of all [podiatry] podiatric medicine schools or examining 31 boards which have granted the applicant any degree or certificate of attendance upon lectures upon [podiatry] podiatric medicine, or State 32 examinations. The register shall also show whether said applicant was 33
- 36 (cf: P.L.1965, c.141, s.2)

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38 3. R.S.45:5-3 is amended to read as follows:

facie evidence of all matters therein contained.

39 45:5-3. All persons desiring to commence the practice of

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

examined, licensed or rejected under this chapter, and it shall be prima

Matter underlined  $\underline{thus}$  is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assembly ARP committee amendments adopted May 3, 2004.

[chiropody] podiatric medicine in this State shall apply to the board 1 2 for a license so to do. Every such applicant for examination shall 3 present to the secretary of said board, at least ten days before the 4 commencement of the examination at which he is to be examined, a 5 written application on a form provided by the board, together with 6 satisfactory proof that he is a citizen of the United States more than 7 twenty-one years of age, is of good moral character, has obtained a 8 certificate from the Commissioner of Education of this State, showing 9 that before entering a school or college of [chiropody] podiatric 10 medicine he had obtained an academic education consisting of a four 11 years' course of study in an approved public or private high school or 12 the equivalent thereof, and has received a diploma conferring the 13 degree of doctor of [surgical chiropody] podiatric medicine from 14 some legally incorporated school or college of [chiropody] podiatric 15 medicine of the United States requiring personal attendance, in good 16 standing in the opinion of the board at the time of issuance of such 17 diploma, and that prior to the receipt of such diploma from any such 18 school or college of [chiropody] podiatric medicine of the United States, he had studied [chiropody] podiatric medicine not less than 19 20 two full school years, including two satisfactory courses of lectures of 21 at least eight months each, in two different calendar years in some 22 legally incorporated American school or college of [chiropody] 23 podiatric medicine requiring personal attendance, in good standing in 24 the opinion of said board, and wherein the curriculum of study shall 25 include instruction in the following branches: 26

Practical [chiropody] <u>podiatric medicine</u>, [chiropodial] <u>podiatric</u> orthopaedics, dermatology, diagnosis, anatomy, physiology, therapeutics in all its branches, pathology, histology, bacteriology, pharmacy and materia medica, chemistry, [minor] surgery and bandaging pertaining to the ailments of the feet <u>or ankles</u>.

(cf: P.L.1947, c.355, s.2)

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# 4. R.S.45:5-4 is amended to read as follows:

34 45:5-4. No person who shall have graduated after January first, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, shall be admitted to 35 examination for license to practice [chiropody] podiatric medicine 36 37 unless, in addition to the requirements of [section] R.S.45:5-3 [of this 38 Title] he shall prove further to the board that after the receipt of the diploma conferring the degree of doctor of [surgical chiropody] 39 40 <u>podiatric medicine</u> he had served an [interneship] <u>internship</u> in a duly 41 licensed clinic, connected or affiliated with a school or college of [chiropody] <u>podiatric medicine</u> and approved by the board, for one 42 43 full school year of not less than eight months, consisting of a minimum 44 number of four hundred and eighty hours devoted to the practice of

[chiropody] podiatric medicine in all its branches. 1

2 (cf: P.L.1947, c.355, s.3)

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5. R.S.45:5-5 is amended to read as follows:

5 45:5-5. No person who shall have graduated after January first, 6 one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight, shall be admitted to 7 examination for license to practice [chiropody] podiatric medicine 8 unless in addition to the above requirements, as set forth in [section] 9 R.S. 45:5-3 [of this Title], he shall prove further to the said board that 10 prior to the receipt of diploma conferring the degree of doctor of [surgical chiropody] podiatric medicine, he had studied [chiropody] 11 podiatric medicine not less than three full school years, including three 12 13 satisfactory courses of at least eight months each, in three different 14 calendar years in some legally incorporated American school or college of [chiropody] podiatric medicine requiring personal 15 attendance, in good standing in the opinion of said board, and wherein 16 17 the curriculum of study shall include instructions as provided in [said 18 section] R.S.45:5-3, and that after the receipt of such diploma, as 19 aforesaid, he had served an [interneship] internship in a duly licensed clinic, connected or affiliated with a school or college of [chiropody] 20 21 podiatric medicine and approved by said board, for one full school 22 year of not less than eight months, consisting of a minimum number of 23 four hundred and eighty hours devoted to the practice of [chiropody] 24 podiatric medicine in all its branches.

25 (cf: P.L.1947, c.355, s.4)

- 27 6. Section 5 of P.L. 1954, c.261 (C.45:5-5.1) is amended to read 28
  - as follows: 5. No person who shall have graduated after January 1, 1955, shall
- 29 30 be admitted to examination for a license to practice [chiropody]
- podiatric medicine unless in addition to the requirements set forth in 31
- [section] R.S.45:5-3 [of this Title], he shall prove further to the said 32
- 33 board (1) that prior to the receipt of a diploma conferring the degree
- 34 of doctor of [surgical chiropody] podiatric medicine, he had completed a satisfactory course of one full school year in a legally 35
- incorporated and recognized college or university, approved by the 36
- 37 Commissioner of Education of this State; (2) that he had then studied
- [chiropody] podiatric medicine for not less than 4 full school years, 38
- 39 including the satisfactory completion of 4 courses of at least 8 months
- 40 each, in 4 different calendar years in a legally incorporated American 41 school or college of [chiropody] podiatric medicine, requiring
- 42 personal attendance, in good standing in the opinion of said board,
- 43 wherein the curriculum of study included instructions as provided in
- 44 [section] R.S.45:5-3; and that (3) after the receipt of such diploma,
- 45 as aforesaid, he had served a rotating internship in a duly licensed
- 46 clinic, hospital or institution approved by the board, for one full year

- devoted to the practice of [chiropody] <u>podiatric medicine</u> in all its branches.
- 3 (cf: P.L.1962, c.187, s.1)

- 5 7. Section 10 of P.L.1965, c.141 (C.45:5-5.2) is amended to read 6 as follows:
- as follows:
  10. Any person desiring to commence the practice of [podiatry]
- 8 <u>podiatric medicine</u> in this State who has graduated from a college of
   9 [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> approved by the board after May 1,
- 10 1964 shall apply to the board for a license so to do. Every such
- applicant for examination shall present to the secretary of said board,
- 12 at least 20 days before the commencement of the examination at which
- 13 he is to be examined, a written application on a form provided by the
- board, together with satisfactory proof that he is a citizen of the
- 15 United States, more than 21 years of age, is of good moral character,
- 16 and

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- 17 (1) He has obtained an academic education consisting of a 4-year 18 course of study in an approved public or private high school or the 19 equivalent thereof, and
- 20 (2) He has completed a satisfactory course of 2 full school years 21 in a legally incorporated and recognized college or university, 22 approved by the board, and
  - (3) He has studied [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> for not less than 4 full school years, including the satisfactory completion of 4 courses of at least 8 months each, in 4 different calendar years, or has graduated from an equivalent accelerated course, in a legally incorporated American school or college of [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u>, requiring personal attendance, in good standing in the opinion of said board, wherein the curriculum of study included instruction in the following branches:
- Practical [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u>, podiatric orthopedics, dermatology, diagnosis, anatomy, physiology, therapeutics in all its branches, pathology, histology, bacteriology, pharmacy and materia medica, chemistry, [minor] surgery and bandaging pertaining to the ailments of the feet <u>or ankles</u>, and
- 36 (4) He has received a doctorate degree in [podiatry] <u>podiatric</u> 37 <u>medicine</u>, and
- 38 (5) Thereafter he has served [an internship] <u>a residency</u> in a duly 39 licensed clinic, hospital, or institution, approved by the board, for 1 40 full year devoted to the practice of [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> in all 41 its branches.
- 42 (cf: P.L.1977, c.46, s.1)

- 8. R.S.45:5-7 is amended to read as follows:
- 45 45:5-7. All examinations shall be written in the English language,
- 46 but the board, in its discretion, may use supplementary oral or

1 practical examinations, either of the whole class or of individuals. The 2 examinations shall be in all subjects taught and practiced in the legally 3 incorporated schools or colleges of [podiatry] podiatric medicine, in 4 good standing in the opinion of the board, which confer the degree of 5 doctor of [surgical chiropody] podiatric medicine or other doctorate 6 degree in [podiatry] podiatric medicine. Said application and 7 examination papers shall be deposited in the files of the said board for 8 at least five years, and they shall be prima facie evidence of all matters 9 therein contained. All licenses shall be signed by the president and 10 secretary of the board and shall be attested by the seal thereof.

If the examination is satisfactory, the board shall issue a license entitling the applicant to practice [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> in this State.

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14 ["Podiatry"] "Podiatric medicine" or "practice of [podiatry] 15 podiatric medicine" is defined to be the diagnosis or treatment of or 16 the holding out of a right or ability to diagnose or treat any ailment of 17 the human foot or ankle, including local manifestations of systemic 18 diseases as they appear on the lower leg [or], foot or ankle but not 19 treatment of systemic diseases of any other part of the body, or the 20 holding out of a right or ability to treat the same by any one or more 21 of the following means: local medical, mechanical, surgical, 22 manipulative and physio-therapeutic, including the application of any of the aforementioned means to the lower leg and ankle for the 23 24 treatment of a foot or ankle ailment. Such means shall not be 25 construed to include the amputation of the leg or foot. The term 26 "local medical" hereinbefore mentioned shall be construed to mean the 27 prescription or use of a therapeutic agent or remedy where the action 28 or reaction is intended for a localized area or part. A podiatrist is a 29 physician within the scope of this chapter, and may be referred to as 30 a podiatric physician.

Every person practicing [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> under this act shall at all times conspicuously display in his place of practice his license and yearly registration to practice. It shall be unlawful to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine in this State without so displaying such license and registration. Any applicant for a license to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine upon proving that he has been examined and licensed by the examining and licensing board of another state, territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, may in the discretion of the board be granted a license to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine without further examination upon payment to the board of a license fee of \$100.00; provided, such applicant shall furnish proof that he can fulfill the requirements demanded in the other sections of this chapter relating to applicants for admission by examinations; provided further, that the laws of such state, territory or the District of Columbia accord equal reciprocal rights to a licensed podiatrist of this State, who desires to practice his

profession in such state, territory or the District of Columbia; provided further, that said applicant has been in lawful and ethical practice of [podiatry] podiatric medicine in the state, territory or District of Columbia from which he applies for five full consecutive years next prior to filing his application; and provided, further, that said applicant shall, within six months after the issuance of his license hereunder, remove to this State, establish his permanent and only legal residence and cease to operate his practice in the state from which he applies and not use such license for part-time practice in this State. An affidavit setting forth his intention to comply with the requirements of this proviso must be filed with the application for license. In any such application for a license without examination, all reciprocal questions of academic requirements of other states, territories or the District of Columbia shall be determined by the board. The board shall consider each application for such license on its individual merits and may, in its discretion and without establishing a precedent, waive the requirements for [internship] residency in lieu of 10 or more years of active and continuous ethical practice outside of this State.

The board may issue to any licensed podiatrist of this State, known to it to be of good moral character and who has conducted an ethical practice in this State, and who desires to remove his residence and practice to another state, a certificate or certification authenticated with its seal, which shall attest such information as may be necessary for competent boards of other states to determine reciprocity qualifications, upon payment of a fee of \$10.00.

The board may, in its discretion, accept in lieu of its own examination, either in whole or in part, the certificate of the National Board of [Podiatry] Podiatric Medical Examiners; and provided further, that the applicant satisfies in all other respects the requirements for licensure by examination. Such application to the board shall be accompanied by an application fee of \$100.00 plus \$10.00 for verification. In the event an oral or practical examination or both is given under this provision, an additional fee of \$25.00 may be required for examiner compensation.

The board, in its discretion, may grant a license without further examination to any person whose previous license has been revoked under R.S.45:5-8 and upon payment to the board of a license fee of \$100.00.

39 (cf: P.L.1993, c.185, s.1)

42 45:5-9. <sup>1</sup>a. <sup>1</sup> Every licensed podiatrist shall procure <sup>1</sup>[each year]
43 every two years <sup>1</sup> from the <sup>1</sup>[secretary] executive director <sup>1</sup> of the
44 board, on or before November 1, <sup>1</sup>[an annual] a biennial <sup>1</sup> certificate of
45 registration, which shall be issued by <sup>1</sup>[said secretary] the executive
46 director <sup>1</sup> upon payment of a fee <sup>1</sup>[of \$15.00] to be determined by the

9. R.S.45:5-9 is amended to read as follows:

1 board<sup>1</sup>. The '[secretary] executive director shall mail to each licensed podiatrist on or before October 1 <sup>1</sup>[each year] every two 2 3 <u>years</u><sup>1</sup> a printed blank form to be properly filled in and returned to <sup>1</sup>[said secretary] the executive director <sup>1</sup> by such licensed person on 4 or before the succeeding November 1, together with such fee. Upon 5 the receipt of said form properly filled in, and such fee, the <sup>1</sup>[annual] 6 7 biennial<sup>1</sup> certificate of registration shall be issued and transmitted. 8 <sup>1</sup>[Said secretary shall annually, on or before January 1, mail to each 9 licensed podiatrist who has registered for the preceding year a list 10 containing the names and post-office addresses of all licensed podiatrists who have registered under this section for said year.]<sup>1</sup> 11 Every licensed podiatrist who continues the practice of [podiatry] 12 13 podiatric medicine after having failed to secure <sup>1</sup>[an annual] a biennial<sup>1</sup> certificate of registration at the time and in the manner 14 15 required by this section shall be subject to a penalty of \$25.00 for each failure. Immediately after November 1, the <sup>1</sup>[secretary] executive 16 <u>director</u><sup>1</sup> shall send by registered mail to every podiatrist who has 17 failed to obtain <sup>1</sup> [an annual] <u>a biennial</u> <sup>1</sup> registration certificate for the 18 19 ensuing <sup>1</sup>[year] two-year period <sup>1</sup> a notice that their license will be automatically suspended within 30 days unless the penalty and 20 <sup>1</sup>[annual] registration fee is paid immediately. 21 Upon failure to 22 register after such notice, the license of such person shall be 23 automatically suspended and shall not be reinstated except upon full 24 payment of penalty and <sup>1</sup>[annual] <sup>1</sup> registration fee. However, such 25 suspension shall not apply to anyone who has ceased to practice in this 26 State. Any person whose license shall have been automatically 27 suspended under this section shall during such period of suspension be 28 regarded as an unlicensed person, and if he continue to engage in the 29 practice of [podiatry] podiatric medicine during such period, he shall 30 be liable to the penalties prescribed by [sections] R.S.45:5-11 [and 31 45:5-12 of this chapter].

32 <sup>1</sup>b. If an applicant for reinstatement of licensure has not engaged 33 in practice in any jurisdiction for a period of more than five years, or 34 the board's review of the reinstatement application establishes a basis 35 for concluding that there may be clinical deficiencies in need of 36 remediation, before reinstatement the board may require the applicant 37 to submit to, and successfully pass, an examination or an assessment 38 of skills. If that examination or assessment identifies clinical 39 deficiencies or educational needs, the board may require the licensee, 40 as a condition of reinstatement of licensure, to take and successfully 41 complete any educational training, or to submit to any supervision, 42 monitoring or limitations, as the board determines are necessary to assure that the licensee practices with reasonable skill and safety.<sup>1</sup> 43 44 (cf: P.L.2001, c.307, s.4)

45:5-10. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a duly licensed physician from treating diseases or ailments of the feet or ankles, or a lawfully qualified podiatrist residing in another State from meeting registered podiatrists of this State in consultation, or any legally qualified podiatrist of another State from taking charge of the practice of a legally qualified podiatrist of this State temporarily on written permission of the board during the latter's absence therefrom and upon the latter's written request to the board for permission so to do. Such permission may be granted for a period of not more than 3 months upon payment of a fee of \$10.00. The board, in its discretion and upon payment of an additional fee of \$10.00, may extend such permission for a further period but not to exceed 6 months. Nothing in this act shall prohibit the fitting, recommending or sale of corrective shoes, arch supports or other mechanical appliances by retail dealers or manufacturers, provided, however, that they shall not be made or fabricated from plaster casts or models or by any other means for specific individual persons except upon the prescription of a podiatrist or physician.

(cf: P.L.1965, c.141, s.6)

### 11. R.S.45:5-11 is amended to read as follows:

45:5-11. (a) Whoever practices [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> in this State without first having obtained and filed the license herein provided for, or contrary to any of the provisions of this chapter, or whoever practices [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> under a false or assumed name, or falsely impersonates another practitioner of a like or different name, or buys, sells, or fraudulently obtains any diploma as a podiatrist, or any [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> license, record or registration, or aids or assists any person not regularly licensed and registered to practice [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> in this State, to practice [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> therein, or whoever violates any of the provisions of this chapter, shall be liable to a penalty of \$200.00.

Every person practicing [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> and every person practicing [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> as an employee of another shall cause his name to be conspicuously displayed and kept in a conspicuous place at the entrance of the place where such practice shall be conducted, and any person who shall neglect to cause his name to be displayed as herein required shall be liable to a penalty of \$100.00.

Using the title doctor or its abbreviation in the practice of [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> must be qualified by the word or words "podiatrist" or "surgeon podiatrist." Any person who violates this provision shall be liable to a penalty of \$100.00.

It shall be unlawful for any person not licensed under this act to use terms, titles, words or letters which would designate or imply that he

- 1 or she is qualified to treat foot <u>or ankle</u> ailments, or to hold himself or
- 2 herself out as being able to diagnose, treat, operate, or prescribe for
- 3 any ailment of the human foot or ankle, or offer or attempt to
- 4 diagnose, treat, operate or prescribe for any ailment of the human foot
- 5 or ankle.
- 6 (b) The Superior Court and municipal courts, within their
- 7 respective territorial jurisdictions, shall have jurisdiction to hear and
- 8 determine actions for penalties under this chapter. The penalties
- 9 provided for by this section shall be sued for and recovered by and in
- 10 the name of the State Board of Medical Examiners of New Jersey, as
- plaintiff. Penalties imposed because of the violation of any provision
- 12 of this chapter shall be collected and enforced by summary
- 13 proceedings pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law"
- 14 (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999,"
- 15 <u>P.L.1999</u>, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). Process shall issue at the suit
- 16 of the board, as plaintiff, and shall be either in the nature of a
- 17 summons or warrant.
- 18 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.450)

- 20 12. Section 5 of P.L.1943, c.95 (C.45:5-17) is amended to read as
- 21 follows:
- 5. The Superior Court may in an action at the suit of the Attorney
- 23 General or of the said board prevent and restrain the practice of
- 24 [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> in this State by any person who has not
- 25 first obtained and filed the license herein provided for, or the violation
- 26 by any person of the provisions of this act; or of the practice of
- 27 [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> by any person under a false or assumed
- 28 name; or the false presentation of another practitioner of a like or
- 29 different name; or for practicing [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> under
- 30 any name, title or heading other than that under which he or she has
- 31 a license to practice [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u>. This section shall
- 32 not apply nor shall it in any manner be construed to apply to persons
- 33 practicing healing by spiritual or religious means if no material
- 34 medicine is prescribed or used and no manipulation or material means
- 35 are used.
- 36 (cf: P.L.1965, c.141, s.9)

- 38 13. Section 1 of P.L.1966, c.89 (C.45:5-20) is amended to read as 39 follows:
- 1. The services of a podiatrist [(chiropodist)] which he is
- authorized by law to perform shall be considered as medical or surgical
   services under the Workmen's Compensation Act, or any standard
- 43 health and accident, disability, sickness or other insurance policy, or
- 44 coverage under labor-management trustee plan, union welfare plan,
- 45 employee organization plan, employee benefit plan, or any private
- 46 insurance or welfare plan, for which he shall be entitled to

- 1 compensation under said act, or under any such policy or plan if such
- 2 policy or plan provides compensation for medical or surgical services
- 3 and does not exclude services which, under the law, such podiatrist
- 4 [(chiropodist)] is authorized to perform.
- 5 (cf: P.L.1966, c.89, s.1)

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- 7 14. Section 9 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.45:9-19.9) is amended to read 8 as follows:
  - 9. a. The review panel shall receive:
- 10 (1) Notice from a health care facility or health maintenance organization, pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1983, c.247 11 12 (C.26:2H-12.2);
- Notice from an insurer or insurance association or a practitioner, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1983, c.247 (C.17:30D-17), 14 15 regarding a medical malpractice claim settlement, judgment or arbitration award or a termination or denial of, or surcharge on, the 16 medical malpractice liability insurance coverage of a practitioner; and
- b. The review panel may receive referrals from the board which 19 include complaints alleging professional misconduct, incompetence, negligence or impairment of a practitioner from other 20 health care providers and consumers of health care.
  - c. Upon receipt of a notice or complaint pursuant to this section, the review panel shall promptly investigate the information received and obtain any additional information that may be necessary in order to make a recommendation to the board. The review panel may seek the assistance of a consultant or other knowledgeable person, as necessary, in making its recommendation. The review panel may request the board or the Attorney General to exercise investigative powers pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-18) in the conduct of its investigation.
  - (1) If the review panel has reasonable cause to believe that a practitioner represents an imminent danger to his patients, the review panel shall immediately notify the State Board of Medical Examiners and the Attorney General and recommend the initiation of an application before the board to temporarily suspend or otherwise limit the practitioner's license pending further proceedings by the review panel or the board.
  - If the board temporarily suspends or otherwise limits the license, the board shall notify each licensed health care facility and health maintenance organization with which the practitioner is affiliated and every practitioner in the State with which the practitioner is directly associated in his private practice.
- 43 (2) A practitioner who is the subject of an investigation shall be 44 promptly notified of the investigation, pursuant to procedures adopted 45 by regulation of the board that give consideration to the health, safety and welfare of the practitioner's patients and to the necessity for a 46

- 1 confidential or covert investigation by the review panel. At the panel's
- 2 request or upon a good cause showing by the practitioner an informal
- 3 hearing shall be scheduled before the review panel or a subcommittee
- 4 of at least three review panel members, in accordance with regulations
- 5 adopted by the board. The hearing shall be transcribed and the
- 6 practitioner shall be entitled to a copy of the transcript, at his own
- 7 expense. A practitioner who presents information to the review panel
- 8 is entitled to be represented by counsel.

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- (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any case in which the board determines to conduct an investigation of a practitioner who it has reasonable cause to believe represents an imminent danger to his patients, the board may direct the review panel to provide the board with its files pertaining to that practitioner and may direct the review panel to promptly terminate its investigation of that practitioner without making a recommendation pursuant to subsection d. of this section.
- Upon request of the review panel, the State Board of Medical Examiners shall provide the review panel with any information contained in the board's files concerning a practitioner.
- d. Upon completion of its review, the review panel shall prepare a report recommending one of the following dispositions:
- (1) Recommend to the State Board of Medical Examiners that the matter be referred to the Attorney General for the initiation of disciplinary action against the practitioner who is the subject of the notice or complaint, pursuant to <sup>1</sup>[R.S.45:9-16 or]<sup>1</sup> section 8 or 9 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-21 and 45:1-22);
- (2) Defer making a recommendation to the board pending the outcome of litigation or a health care facility or health maintenance organization disciplinary proceeding, if there is no evidence that the practitioner's professional conduct may jeopardize or improperly risk the health, safety or life of a patient;
- (3) Refer the practitioner to the appropriate licensed health care practitioner treatment program recognized by the State Board of Medical Examiners and promptly notify the medical director of the board of the referral; <sup>1</sup>[or]<sup>1</sup>
- (4) <sup>1</sup>Refer the practitioner to the appropriate focused education program recognized by the State Board of Medical Examiners and promptly notify the educational director of the board of the referral; or
- 40  $(5)^1$  Find that no further action is warranted at this time.
- e. A member of the State Board of Medical Examiners shall not participate by voting or any other action in any matter before the board on which the board member has participated previously as a review panel member.
- f. The State Board of Medical Examiners may affirm, reject or modify any disposition of the review panel. After its consideration of

the panel recommendation the board shall notify the practitioner who has been the subject of a notice or complaint of the review panel's recommendation and the board's determination.

g. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the State Board of Medical Examiners, the Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety or the Attorney General from taking any other action permitted by law against a practitioner who is the subject of an investigation by the review panel.

h. For the purposes of this section, "practitioner" means a person licensed to practice: medicine and surgery under chapter 9 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes or a medical resident or intern; or [podiatry] podiatric medicine under chapter 5 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes.

<sup>1</sup>i. As used in this section, "focused education program" means an individualized and systematic process to assess the educational needs of a licensee based on scientific analysis, technical skill and interpersonal evaluation as they relate to the licensee's professional practice, and the institution of remedial education and any supervision, monitoring or limitations of the licensee.<sup>1</sup>

20 (cf: P.L.2001, c.307, s.8)

22 15. Section 12 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.45:9-19.12) is amended to 23 read as follows:

12. The State Board of Medical Examiners shall, by regulation, provide for the issuance of permits to, or registration of, persons engaging in the practice of medicine or surgery or [podiatry] podiatric medicine while in training, and establish the scope of permissible practice by these persons <sup>1</sup>within the context of an accredited graduate medical education program conducted at a hospital licensed by the Department of Health and Senior Services. A permit holder shall be permitted to engage in practice outside the context of a graduate medical education program for additional remuneration only if that practice is:

a. Approved by the director of the graduate medical education program in which the permit holder is participating; and

b. With respect to any practice at or through a health care facility
 licensed by the Department of Health and Senior Services, supervised
 by a plenary licensee who shall either remain on the premises of the
 health care facility or be available through electronic communications;
 or

c. With respect to any practice outside of a health care facility
licensed by the Department of Health and Senior Services, supervised
by a plenary licensee who shall remain on the premises<sup>1</sup>.

44 (cf: P.L.2001, c.307, s.9)

16. R.S.45:9-21 is amended to read as follows:

- 1 45:9-21. The prohibitory provisions of this chapter shall not apply 2 to the following:
- a. A commissioned surgeon or physician of the regular United States Army, Navy, or Marine hospital service while so commissioned and actively engaged in the performance of his official duties. This exemption shall not apply to reserve officers of the United States Army, Navy or Marine Corps, or to any officer of the National Guard of any state or of the United States;
- 9 b. A lawfully qualified physician or surgeon of another state taking 10 charge temporarily, on written permission of the board, of the practice 11 of a lawfully qualified physician or surgeon of this State during his absence from the State, upon written request to the board for 12 13 permission so to do. Before such permission is granted by the board 14 and before any person may enter upon such practice he must submit 15 proof that he can fulfill the requirements demanded in the other sections of this article relating to applicants for admission by 16 17 examination or indorsement from another state. Such permission may be granted for a period of not less than two weeks nor more than four 18 19 months upon payment of a fee of \$50. The board in its discretion may 20 extend such permission for further periods of two weeks to four 21 months but not to exceed in the aggregate one year;
  - c. A physician or surgeon of another state of the United States and duly authorized under the laws thereof to practice medicine or surgery therein, if such practitioner does not open an office or place for the practice of his profession in this State;

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- d. A person while actually serving as a member of the resident medical staff of any legally incorporated charitable or municipal hospital or asylum approved by the board. Hereafter such exemption of any such resident physician shall not apply with respect to any individual after he shall have served as a resident physician for a total period of five years;
- e. The practice of dentistry by any legally qualified and registered dentist;
  - f. The ministration to, or treatment of, the sick or suffering by prayer or spiritual means, whether gratuitously or for compensation, and without the use of any drug material remedy;
  - g. The practice of optometry by any legally qualified and registered optometrist;
- h. The practice of [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> by any legally licensed podiatrist;
- i. The practice of pharmacy by a legally licensed and registered pharmacist of this State, but this exception shall not be extended to give to said licensed pharmacist the right and authority to carry on the business of a dispensary, unless the dispensary shall be in charge of a legally licensed and registered physician and surgeon of this State;
  - j. A person claiming the right to practice medicine and surgery in

- 1 this State who has been practicing therein since before July 4, 1890,
- 2 if said right or title was obtained upon a duly registered diploma, of
- 3 which the holder and applicant was the lawful possessor, issued by a
- 4 legally chartered medical institution which, in the opinion of the board,
- 5 was in good standing at the time the diploma was issued;
- 6 k. A [podiatrist,] professional nurse, or a registered physical
- 7 therapist, masseur, while operating in each particular case under the
- 8 specific direction of a regularly licensed physician or surgeon. This
- 9 exemption shall not apply to such assistants of persons who are
- 10 licensed as osteopaths, chiropractors, optometrists or other
- 11 practitioners holding limited licenses;
- 12 l. A person while giving aid, assistance or relief in emergency or
- 13 accident cases pending the arrival of a regularly licensed physician, or
- surgeon or under the direction thereof;
- m. The operation of a bio-analytical laboratory by a licensed
- 16 bio-analytical laboratory director, or any person working under the
- 17 direct and constant supervision of a licensed bio-analytical laboratory
- 18 director;
- 19 n. Any employee of a State or county institution holding the degree
- 20 of M.D. or D.O., regularly employed on a salary basis on its medical
- 21 staff or as a member of the teaching or scientific staff of a State
- agency, may apply to the State Board of Medical Examiners of New
- 23 Jersey and may, in the discretion of said board, be granted exemption
- 24 from the provisions of this chapter; provided said employee continues
- 25 as a member of the medical staff of a State agency or county
- 26 institution or of the teaching or scientific staff of a State agency and
- 27 does not conduct any type of private medical practice;
- o. The practice of chiropractic by any legally licensed chiropractor;
- 29 or
- p. The practice of a physician assistant in compliance with the
- 31 provisions of P.L.1991, c.378 (C.45:9-27.10 et al.).
- 32 (cf: P.L.1991, c.378, s.20)
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- 34 17. Section 3 of P.L.1991, c.512 (C.45:12B-3) is amended to read
- as follows:
- 36 3. As used in this act:
- 37 "Board" means the Orthotics and Prosthetics Board of Examiners
- 38 created by section 4 of this act.
- 39 "Chairperson" means the member that is elected yearly by the
- 40 board.
- "Director" means the Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs
- 42 in the Department of Law and Public Safety.
- "Orthotic appliance" means, solely for the purposes of this act, a
- 44 brace or support but does not include fabric and elastic supports,
- 45 corsets, arch supports, trusses, elastic hose, canes, crutches, cervical
- 46 collars, dental appliances or other similar devices carried in stock and

1 sold by drug stores, department stores, corset shops or surgical supply 2 facilities.

3 "Orthotics" means the science or practice of measuring, designing, 4 constructing, assembling, fitting, adjusting or servicing orthotic appliances for the correction or alleviation of musculoskeletal diseases, 5 injuries, or deformities as permitted by prescriptions from a licensed 6 7 doctor of medicine, dentist, or podiatrist.

8 "Licensed orthotist" means any person who practices orthotics and 9 who represents himself to the public by title or by description of 10 services, under any title incorporating such terms as "orthotics," 11 "orthotists," "orthotic," or "L.O." or any similar title or description of services, provided that the individual has met the eligibility 12 requirements contained in section 11 of this act and has been duly 13 14 licensed under this act.

"Licensed orthotist assistant" means a person who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act and who assists a licensed orthotist under his supervision.

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"Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, or other organization.

"Prosthetic appliance" means, solely for the purposes of this act, any artificial device that is not surgically implanted and that is used to replace a missing limb, appendage, or any other external human body part including devices such as artificial limbs, hands, fingers, feet and toes, but excluding dental appliances and largely cosmetic devices such as artificial breasts, eyelashes, wigs, or other devices which could not by their use have a significantly detrimental impact upon the musculoskeletal functions of the body.

"Prosthetics" means the science or practice of measuring, designing, constructing, assembling, fitting, adjusting or servicing prosthetic appliances as permitted by prescriptions from a licensed doctor of medicine or [podiatry] podiatric medicine.

"Licensed prosthetist" means a person who practices prosthetics and who represents himself to the public by title or by description of services, under any title incorporating such terms as "prosthetics," "prosthetist," "prosthetic," or "L.P." or any similar title or description of services, provided that the individual has met the eligibility requirements contained in section 11 and has been duly licensed under this act.

"Licensed prosthetist assistant" means a person who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act and who assists a licensed prosthetist under his supervision.

42 "Licensed prosthetist-orthotist" means any person who practices both disciplines of prosthetics and orthotics and who represents 44 himself to the public by title or by description of services, under any incorporating such terms as "prosthetics-orthotics," "prosthetist-orthotist," "prosthetic- orthotic," or "L.P.O." or any 46

- 1 similar title or description of services, provided that the individual has
- 2 met the eligibility requirements contained in section 11 and has been
- 3 duly licensed in both disciplines of prosthetics and orthotics under this
- 4 act.
- 5 "Licensed prosthetist-orthotist assistant" means a person who is
- 6 licensed pursuant to the provisions of this amendatory and
- 7 supplementary act and who assists a licensed prosthetist-orthotist
- 8 under his supervision.
- 9 (cf: P.L.1999, c.115, s.1)

- 11 18. Section 5 of P.L.1991, c.512 (C.45:12B-5) is amended to read as follows:
- as follows.
  5. The board shall consist of 11 residents of this State, 10 of whom
- shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the
- 15 Senate, as follows. Two members shall be orthotists who shall fulfill
- 16 the licensure requirements of this act, and two members shall be
- prosthetists who shall fulfill the licensure requirements of this act.
- 18 Two members shall be prosthetist-orthotists who shall fulfill the
- 19 licensure requirements of this act. One member shall be licensed to
- 20 practice medicine and surgery in this State pursuant to chapter 9 of
- 21 Title 45 of the Revised Statutes and one member shall be a doctor of
- podiatric medicine licensed to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine
- 23 pursuant to chapter 5 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. Two
- 24 members shall be public members, one of whom is a prosthetic user
- and one of whom is an orthotic user. One member shall be a member
- 26 of the executive branch who shall be appointed by the Governor.
- 27 Members shall be appointed to affect balanced geographic
- 28 representation from the central, northern and southern areas of the
- 29 State. The board shall annually elect from its members a chairperson
- and a vice-chairperson.
- 31 (cf: P.L.1991, c.512, s.5)

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- 33 19. Section 18 of P.L.1991, c.512 (C.45:12B-18) is amended to read as follows:
- 35 18. The provisions of this act shall not apply to:
- a. The activities and services of any person who is licensed to practice medicine and surgery, dentistry or [podiatry] podiatric
- 38 <u>medicine</u> by this State;
- b. The activities and services of a student, fellow, or trainee in orthotics or prosthetics pursuing a course of study at an accredited
- 41 college or university, or working in a recognized training center or

research facility, if these activities and services constitute a part of his

- 43 course of study under a supervisor licensed pursuant to this act;
- c. The design, modification, fabrication and application of upper
- 45 extremity adaptive equipment, finger splints and hand splints by an
- 46 occupational therapist or a licensed physical therapist;

- d. The provision of corsets and soft cervical collars by licensed physical therapists;
- e. The provision of lower extremity orthotics made of fabric,
  canvas, neoprene or elastic with or without metal or plastic insertable
  or removable hinges or stays by licensed physical therapists;
- f. The provision by a licensed physical therapist of any lower extremity, low temperature splint or ankle foot orthotic when such bracing is for the evaluation or treatment of an adult patient for less than three months or a pediatric patient for less than one year without the consultation of a licensed orthotist and when the braces do not become the patient's property;
  - g. The provision of any off-the-shelf ankle foot orthosis made of fabric, canvas, neoprene, elastic with or without metal or plastic inserts and any low temperature posterior leaf ankle foot orthosis by a licensed physical therapist;
  - h. The provision of any high temperature posterior leaf ankle foot orthosis by a licensed physical therapist conducting research at a college or university accredited by a regional or national accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education in accordance with standard protocols;
  - i. The management of lower extremity prosthetic volumetric changes by a licensed physical therapist. Any non-reversible changes shall be addressed by the treating licensed physical therapist only after direct consultation with the treating prosthetist; or
  - j. The activities and services of a certified pedorthist; except that this subsection shall not prevent any certified pedorthist from applying for and obtaining a license under the provisions of P.L.1991, c.512 (C.45:12B-1 et seq.) limiting that person's practice of orthotics and prosthetics to the ankle and below. As used in this subsection: "certified pedorthist" means a person certified by the American Board for Certification in Pedorthics, or its successor, in the design, manufacture, fit and modification of shoes and related foot appliances from the ankle and below as prescribed by a licensed doctor of medicine or [podiatry] podiatric medicine for the amelioration of painful or disabling conditions of the foot; and "foot appliances" includes, but is not limited to, prosthetic fillers and orthotic appliances for use from the ankle and below.

38 (cf: P.L.1999, c.115, s.8)

40 20. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.353 (C.2C:21-4.2) is amended to read 41 as follows:

2. As used in this act:

"Health care claims fraud" means making, or causing to be made, a false, fictitious, fraudulent, or misleading statement of material fact in, or omitting a material fact from, or causing a material fact to be omitted from, any record, bill, claim or other document, in writing,

1 electronically or in any other form, that a person attempts to submit, 2 submits, causes to be submitted, or attempts to cause to be submitted

3 for payment or reimbursement for health care services.

4 "Practitioner" means a person licensed in this State to practice 5 medicine and surgery, chiropractic, [podiatry] podiatric medicine, dentistry, optometry, psychology, pharmacy, nursing, physical therapy, 6

7 or law; any other person licensed, registered or certified by any State 8 agency to practice a profession or occupation in the State of New

9 Jersey or any person similarly licensed, registered, or certified in 10 another jurisdiction.

(cf: P.L.1997, c.353, s.2) 11

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- 21. Section 14 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.2C:21-20) is amended to read as follows:
- 15 14. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if he knowingly 16 does not possess a license or permit to practice medicine and surgery 17 or [podiatry] podiatric medicine, or knowingly has had the license or permit suspended, revoked or otherwise limited by an order entered by 18 19 the State Board of Medical Examiners, and he:
  - a. engages in that practice;
  - b. exceeds the scope of practice permitted by the board order;
- 22 c. holds himself out to the public or any person as being eligible to 23 engage in that practice;
  - d. engages in any activity for which such license or permit is a necessary prerequisite, including, but not limited to, the ordering of controlled dangerous substances or prescription legend drugs from a distributor or manufacturer; or
- e. practices medicine or surgery or [podiatry] podiatric medicine 28 under a false or assumed name or falsely impersonates another person 30 licensed by the board.
- 31 (cf: P.L.1989, c.300, s.14)

- 33 22. Section 3 of P.L.1969, c.232 (C.14A:17-3) is amended to read 34 as follows:
- 35 3. Terms defined. As used in this act, the following words shall 36 have the meanings indicated:
- (1) "Professional service" shall mean any type of personal service 37 38 to the public which requires as a condition precedent to the rendering 39 of such service the obtaining of a license or other legal authorization 40 and which prior to the passage of this act and by reason of law could 41 not be performed by a corporation. By way of example and without 42 limiting the generality thereof, the personal services which come within 43 the provisions of this act are the personal services rendered by 44 certified public accountants, architects, optometrists, professional 45 engineers, land surveyors, land planners, chiropractors, physical 46 therapists, registered professional nurses, dentists, osteopaths,

- 1 physicians and surgeons, doctors of medicine, doctors of dentistry,
- 2 podiatrists, [chiropodists,] veterinarians and, subject to the Rules of
- 3 the Supreme Court, attorneys-at-law;
- 4 (2) "Professional corporation" means a corporation which is 5 organized under this act for the sole and specific purpose of rendering
- 6 the same or closely allied professional service as its shareholders, each
- 7 of whom must be licensed or otherwise legally authorized within this
- 8 State to render such professional service;
- 9 (3) "Closely allied professional service" means and is limited to the 10 practice of (a) architecture, professional engineering, land surveying 11 and land planning and (b) any branch of medicine and surgery,
- and land planning and (b) any branch of medicine and surgery, optometry, physical therapy, registered professional nursing, and
- dentistry;
- 14 (4) "Domestic professional legal corporation" means a professional
- 15 corporation incorporated under P.L.1969, c.232 (C.14A:17-1 et seq.)
- 16 for the sole purpose of rendering legal services of the type provided by
- 17 attorneys-at-law;
- 18 (5) "Foreign professional legal corporation" means a corporation
- 19 incorporated under the laws of another state for the purpose of
- 20 rendering legal services of the type provided by attorneys-at-law.
- 21 (cf: P.L.1995, c.375, s.1)

- 23. Section 3 of P.L.1975, c.301 (C.17:30D-3) is amended to read as follows:
  - 3. As used in this act:
- a. "Association" means the New Jersey Medical Malpractice
- 27 Reinsurance Association established pursuant to the provisions of this
- 28 act.
- b. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of <u>Banking and</u>
- 30 Insurance.
- 31 c. "Licensed medical practitioner" means and includes all persons
- 32 licensed in this State to practice medicine and surgery, chiropractic,
- 33 [podiatry] podiatric medicine, dentistry, optometry, psychology,
- 34 pharmacy, nursing, physical therapy and as a bioanalytical laboratory
- 35 director.
- d. "Medical malpractice liability insurance" means insurance
- 37 coverage against the legal liability of the insured and against loss,
- 38 damage or expense incident to a claim arising out of the death or
- 39 injury of any person as the result of negligence or malpractice in
- 40 rendering professional service by any licensed medical practitioner or
- 41 health care facility or a claim arising out of ownership, operation or
- 42 maintenance of the practitioner's or facility's business premises,
- 43 including primary and excess coverages.
- e. "Health care facility" means and includes all hospitals within this
- 45 State, and any other health care facility as defined in the "Health Care
- 46 Facilities Planning Act" (P.L.1971, c.136, C.26:2H-1 et seq.).

- f. "Plan of operation" means the plan of operation of the association approved by the commissioner pursuant to the provisions of this act.
- g. "Net direct premium written" means direct written personal injury liability and property damage liability insurance as provided in R.S.17:17-1 d. and e., excluding workmen's compensation and employer's liability insurance written in connection therewith, less policyholder dividends and return premiums for the unused or unabsorbed portion of premium deposits and excluding premiums ceded to or written by the association.
- h. "Provider" means an insurer admitted and licensed in this State to write general liability insurance which has been qualified by the board of directors of the association and has not been disqualified by the commissioner.
- 15 (cf: P.L.1978, c.153, s.2)

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- 17 24. Section 2 of P.L.1983, c.247 (C.17:30D-17) is amended to 18 read as follows:
- 19 2. a. Any insurer or insurance association authorized to issue 20 medical malpractice liability insurance in the State shall notify the 21 Medical Practitioner Review Panel established pursuant to section 8 22 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.45:9-19.8) in writing of any medical malpractice 23 claim settlement, judgment or arbitration award involving any practitioner licensed by the State Board of Medical Examiners and 24 insured by the insurer or insurance association. Any practitioner 25 26 licensed by the board who is not covered by medical malpractice 27 liability insurance issued in this State, who has coverage through a 28 self-insured health care facility or health maintenance organization, or 29 has medical malpractice liability insurance which has been issued by an insurer or insurance association from outside the State shall notify the 30 31 review panel in writing of any medical malpractice claim settlement, 32 judgment or arbitration award to which the practitioner is a party. The review panel or board, as the case may be, shall not presume that the 33 34 judgment or award is conclusive evidence in any disciplinary 35 proceeding and the fact of a settlement is not admissible in any disciplinary proceeding. 36
  - In any malpractice action against a practitioner, a settlement prohibiting a complaint against the practitioner or the providing of information to the review panel or board concerning the underlying facts or circumstances of the action is void and unenforceable.
- b. An insurer or insurance association authorized to issue medical malpractice liability insurance in the State shall notify the review panel in writing of any termination or denial of coverage to a practitioner or surcharge assessed on account of the practitioner's practice method or medical malpractice claims history.
- 46 c. The form of notification shall be prescribed by the Commissioner

of Banking and Insurance, shall contain such information as may be 2 required by the board and the review panel and shall be made within

3 seven days of the settlement, judgment or award or the final action for

4 a termination or denial of, or surcharge on, the medical malpractice

liability insurance. Upon request of the board, the review panel or the 5

6 commissioner, an insurer or insurance association shall provide all

7 records regarding the defense of a malpractice claim, the processing

8 of the claim and the legal proceeding; except that nothing in this

subsection shall be construed to authorize disclosure of any

10 confidential communication which is otherwise protected by statute,

11 court rule or common law.

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An insurer or insurance association, or any employee thereof, shall be immune from liability for furnishing information to the review panel and the board in fulfillment of the requirements of this section unless the insurer or insurance association, or any employee thereof, knowingly provided false information.

- d. An insurer, insurance association or practitioner who fails to notify the review panel as required pursuant to this section shall be subject to such penalties as the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance may determine pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1975, c.301 (C.17:30D-12). In addition to, or in lieu of suspension or revocation, 22 the commissioner may assess a fine which shall not exceed \$1,000 for 23 the first offense and \$2,000 for the second and each subsequent offense, which may be recovered in a summary proceeding, brought in 24 the name of the State in a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to 26 ["the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.).
  - e. A practitioner who fails to notify the review panel as required pursuant to this section shall be subject to disciplinary action and civil penalties pursuant to sections 8, 9 and 12 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-21 [to], 45:1-22 and 45:1-25).
- f. An insurer or insurance association shall make available to the review panel or the board, upon request, any records of termination or 34 denial of coverage to a practitioner or surcharge assessed on account of the practitioner's practice method or medical malpractice claims history, which occurred up to five years prior to the effective date of 36 P.L.1989, c.300 (C.45:9-19.4 et al.).
  - g. For the purposes of this section, "practitioner" means a person licensed to practice: medicine and surgery under chapter 9 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes or a medical resident or intern; or [podiatry] podiatric medicine under chapter 5 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes.

42 (cf: P.L.1989, c.300, s.4)

44 25. Section 63 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-58) is amended to read 45 as follows:

63. The State Board of Medical Examiners shall assess an annual

- 1 fee in the amount of \$100 payable by:
- a. Each physician licensed to practice medicine or surgery in this
- 3 State pursuant to the provisions of R.S.45:9-1 et seq., and certified or
- 4 registered pursuant to the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1971, c.236
- 5 (C.45:9-6.1), except physicians holding a certificate of registration as
- 6 a retired physician pursuant to that section. As used in this subsection
- 7 "physician" includes both doctors of medicine and doctors of
- 8 osteopathy; and
- 9 b. Each person licensed in this State to practice [podiatry]
- 10 <u>podiatric medicine</u> pursuant to the provisions of R.S.45:5-1 et seq. and
- 11 registered pursuant to the provisions of R.S.45:5-9.
- Fees imposed pursuant to this section shall be payable on or before
- 13 July 1 of each calendar year from 1990 through 1996. Payments are
- 14 to be remitted to the board and credited by the State Treasurer to the
- 15 New Jersey Automobile Insurance Guaranty Fund created by section
- 16 23 of this 1990 amendatory and supplementary act.
- 17 (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.63)

- 19 26. Section 1 of P.L.1953, c.283 (C.17:48A-26) is amended to 20 read as follows:
- 21 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of the act to which this act
- 22 is a supplement, benefits shall not be denied to an eligible individual
- 23 for eligible services when such services are performed or rendered
- such persons by a licensed [chiropodist] podiatrist within the scope
- of his practice. The practice of [chiropody] <u>podiatric medicine</u> shall
- 26 be deemed to be within the provisions of the act to which this act is a
- 27 supplement and licensed [chiropodists] podiatrists shall have the
- 28 privileges and benefits in the scope of their practice under such act as
- 29 are afforded thereunder to licensed physicians and surgeons in the
- 30 scope of their practice.
- 31 (cf: P.L.1953, c.283, s.1)

- 33 27. Section 1 of P.L.1985, c.236 (C.17:48E-1) is amended to read as follows:
- 35 1. As used in this act:
- a. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Banking andInsurance.
- b. "Board" and "board of directors" means the board of directorsof the health service corporation.
- 40 c. "Elective surgical procedure" means any nonemergency surgical 41 procedure which may be scheduled at the convenience of the patient
- procedure which may be scheduled at the convenience of the patient or the surgeon without jeopardizing the patient's life or causing serious
- 43 impairment to the patient's bodily functions.
- d. "Eligible physician" means a physician licensed to practice
- 45 medicine and surgery who holds the rank of Diplomate of an American
- 46 Board (M.D.) or Certified Specialist (D.O.) in the surgical or medical

1 specialty for which surgery is proposed.

- e. "Health service corporation" means a health service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of this act, which is organized, without capital stock and not for profit, for the purpose of (1) establishing, maintaining and operating a nonprofit health service plan and (2) supplying services in connection with (a) the providing of health care or (b) conducting the business of insurance as provided for in this act.
- f. "Health service plan" means a plan under which contracts are issued providing complete or partial prepayment or postpayment of health care services and supplies eligible under the contracts for a given period to persons covered under the contracts where arrangements are made for payment for health care services and supplies directly to the provider thereof or to a covered person under those contracts.
- g. "Hospital service corporation" means a hospital service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1938, c.366 (C.17:48-1 et seq.).
- h. "Medical service corporation" means a medical service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1940, c.74 (C.17:48A-1 et seq.).
- 22 i. "Provider of health care services" shall include, but not be limited 23 to: (1) a health service corporation, a hospital service corporation or 24 medical service corporation; (2) a hospital or health care facility under 25 contract with a health service corporation to provide health care 26 services or supplies to persons who become subscribers under 27 contracts with the health service corporation; (3) a hospital or health 28 care facility which is maintained by a state or any of its political 29 subdivisions; (4) a hospital or health care facility licensed by the 30 Department of Health and Senior Services; (5) other hospitals or 31 health care facilities, as designated by the Department of Health and 32 Senior Services to provide health care services; (6) a registered 33 nursing home providing convalescent care; (7) a nonprofit voluntary 34 visiting nurse organization providing health care services other than in 35 a hospital; (8) hospitals or other health care facilities located in other states, which are subject to the supervision of those states, which if 36 37 located in this State would be eligible to be licensed or designated by 38 the Department of Health and Senior Services; (9) nonprofit hospital, 39 medical or health service plans of other states approved by the 40 commissioner; (10) physicians licensed to practice medicine and 41 surgery; (11) licensed chiropractors; (12) licensed dentists; (13) licensed optometrists; (14) licensed pharmacists; (15) licensed 42 43 [chiropodists] podiatrists; (16) registered bio-analytical laboratories; 44 (17) licensed psychologists; (18) registered physical therapists; (19) 45 certified nurse-midwives; (20) registered professional nurses; (21)

licensed health maintenance organizations; (22) licensed audiologists;

- 1 (23) licensed speech-language pathologists; and (24) providers of 2 other similar health care services or supplies as are approved by the 3 commissioner.
  - j. "Second surgical opinion" means an opinion of an eligible physician based on that physician's examination of a person for the purpose of evaluating the medical advisability of that person undergoing an elective surgical procedure, but prior to the performance of the surgical procedure.
- k. "Subscriber" means a person to whom a subscription certificate is issued by a health service corporation, and the term shall also include "policyholder," "member," or "employer" under a group contract where the context requires.

13 (cf: P.L.1997, c.419, s.1)

(cf: P.L.1985, c.236, s.12)

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- 15 28. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.236 (C.17:48E-12) is amended to 16 read as follows:
- 17 12. In any contract entered into by a health service corporation, 18 which includes coverage for health care services provided by a 19 physician, coverage shall be deemed to include health care services 20 provided by a registered bio-analytic laboratory or physical therapist, 21 a certified nurse-midwife, a registered professional nurse, or a licensed 22 [chiropodist] podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, psychologist or 23 chiropractor, when the provider performs an eligible service within the 24 scope of his practice and for which he is not being compensated by a 25 hospital or other health care facility. The practices of the providers of health care services shall be deemed to be within the provisions of this 26 27 act and the providers shall have the privileges and benefits in the scope of their practices under this act afforded hereunder to other approved 28 29 providers of health care services in the scope of their practices.

- 29. N.J.S.18A:6-40 is amended to read as follows:
- 33 18A:6-40. For the purposes of this article, the term "qualifying 34 academic certificate" shall be deemed to be any certificate issued by 35 the commissioner certifying that the person to whom the same is issued has had the preliminary academic education required by the 36 37 rules of the supreme court or by any law of this State at the time the 38 certificate is issued for admission to an examination for license to 39 practice law, medicine, dentistry, [chiropody] podiatric medicine, 40 pharmacy, or for license as a certified public accountant, and for any 41 other profession or vocation for which a certificate of academic 42 education, issued by the commissioner, is now or may hereafter be required by law or by the rules of the supreme court or certifying that 43 44 the person to whom the same is issued has had the education required 45 for high school graduation in this state, as the case may be.
- 46 (cf: N.J.S.18A:6-40)

- 1 30. N.J.S.18A:68-17 is amened to read as follows:
- 2 18A:68-17. This article shall not apply to a school conducted for
- 3 the sole purpose of training persons to practice midwifery or
- 4 [chiropody] podiatric medicine.
- 5 (cf: N.J.S.18A:68-17)

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- 7 31. Section 3 of P.L.1981, c.295 (C.26:2D-26) is amended to read 8 as follows:
  - 3. As used in this act:
- a. "Board" means the Radiologic Technology Board of Examiners 10 created pursuant to section 5 of this act. 11
- b. "License" means a certificate issued by the board authorizing the 12
- licensee to use equipment emitting ionizing radiation on human beings 13
- 14 for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes in accordance with the
- 15 provisions of this act.
- 16 c. "Chest x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a licensed practitioner, whose practice of radiologic technology is limited to the 17
- chest area for diagnostic purposes only. 18
- 19 d. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Environmental 20 Protection.
- 21 e. "Dental x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a
- 22 licensed practitioner, whose practice of radiologic technology is
- limited to intraoral radiography for diagnostic purposes only. 23
- 24 f. "Health physicist" means a person who is certified by the
- 25 American Board of Health Physics or the American Board of
- Radiology in radiation physics. 26
- g. "Licensed practitioner" means a person licensed or otherwise 27
- authorized by law to practice medicine, dentistry, dental hygiene, 28
- 29 [podiatry, chiropody] <u>podiatric medicine</u>, osteopathy or chiropractic.
- h. "Radiation therapy technologist" means a person, other than a 30
- 31 licensed practitioner, whose application of radiation on human beings
- 32 is for therapeutic purposes.
- 33 i. "Diagnostic x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a
- 34 licensed practitioner, whose application of radiation on human beings
- 35 is for diagnostic purposes.
- 36 j. "Radiologic technologist" means any person who is licensed
- 37 pursuant to this act.

- k. "Radiologic technology" means the use of equipment emitting
- 39 ionizing radiation on human beings for diagnostic or therapeutic
- 40 purposes under the supervision of a licensed practitioner.
- 1. "Podiatric x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a 41
- 42 licensed practitioner, whose practice of radiologic technology is
- 43 limited to the operation of x-ray machines as used by podiatrists on the
- 44 lower leg [and], foot and ankle area for diagnostic purposes only.
- 45 m. "Orthopedic x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a
- 46 licensed practitioner, whose practice of radiologic technology is

1 limited to the spine and extremities for diagnostic purposes only.

n. "Urologic x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a licensed practitioner, whose practice of radiologic technology is limited to the abdomen and pelvic area for diagnostic purposes only. (cf: P.L.1985, c.540, s.1)

- 7 32. Section 4 of P.L.1981, c.295 (C.26:2D-27) is amended to read 8 as follows:
  - 4. a. Except as hereinafter provided, no person other than a licensed practitioner or the holder of a license as provided in this act shall use x-rays on a human being.
    - b. A person holding a license as a diagnostic x-ray technologist may use the title "licensed radiologic technologist" or the letters (LRT) (R) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed diagnostic x-ray technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed diagnostic technologist.
    - c. A person holding a limited license as a chest x-ray technologist may use the title "licensed chest x-ray technologist" or the letters (LRT)(C) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed chest x-ray technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed chest x-ray technologist.
    - d. A person holding a limited license as a dental x-ray technologist may use the title "licensed dental x-ray technologist" or the letters (LRT)(D) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed dental x-ray technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed dental x-ray technologist.
    - e. A person holding a license as a radiation therapy technologist may use the title "licensed therapy technologist" or (LRT)(T) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed therapy technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed therapy technologist.
    - f. A person holding a license as provided by this act shall use medical equipment emitting ionizing radiation on human beings only for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes on a case by case basis at the specific direction of a licensed practitioner, and only if the application of the equipment is limited in a manner hereinafter specified.
- g. Nothing in the provisions of this act relating to radiologic technologists shall be construed to limit, enlarge or affect, in any

1 respect, the practice of their respective professions by duly licensed 2 practitioners.

- 3 h. The requirement of a license shall not apply to a hospital 4 resident specializing in radiology, who is not a licensed practitioner in the State of New Jersey, or a student enrolled in and attending a 5 school or college of medicine, osteopathy, [chiropody, podiatry] 6 7 podiatric medicine, dentistry, dental hygiene, dental assistance, 8 chiropractic or radiologic technology, who applies radiation to a 9 human being while under the direct supervision of a licensed 10 practitioner.
- i. A person holding a license as a diagnostic x-ray technologist and a license as a radiation therapy technologist may use the letters (LRT)(R)(T) after his name.
- 14 A person holding a limited license as a podiatric x-ray 15 technologist may use the title "licensed podiatric x-ray technologist" or the letters (LRT)(P) after his name. No other person shall be 16 entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his 17 name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed podiatric x-ray 18 19 technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether 20 orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed podiatric 21 x-ray technologist.
  - k. A person holding a limited license as an orthopedic x-ray technologist may use the title "licensed orthopedic x-ray technologist" or the letters (LRT)(O) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed orthopedic x-ray technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed orthopedic x-ray technologist.
- A person holding a limited license as a urologic x-ray 30 technologist may use the title "licensed urologic x-ray technologist" or 31 32 the letters (LRT)(U) after his name. No other person shall be entitled 33 to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that 34 indicate or imply that he is a licensed urologic x-ray technologist; nor 35 may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed urologic x-ray 36 37 technologist.
- 38 (cf: P.L.1985, c.540, s.2)

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40 33. Section 5 of P.L.1981, c.295 (C.26:2D-28) is amended to read 41 as follows:

5. a. There is created a Radiologic Technology Board of Examiners which shall be an agency of the Commission on Radiation Protection in the Department of Environmental Protection and which shall report to the commission. The board shall consist of two commission members appointed annually to the membership of the

- 1 board by the chairman of the commission, and 13 additional members
- 2 appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- 3 Of the members appointed by the Governor, two shall be radiologists
- 4 who have practiced not less than five years; one shall be a licensed
- physician who has actively engaged in the practice of medicine not less 5
- 6 than five years; one shall be a licensed dentist who has actively
- 7 engaged in the practice of dentistry for not less than five years; one
- 8 shall be a licensed podiatrist who has actively engaged in the practice
- 9 of [podiatry] podiatric medicine for not less than five years; one shall
- 10 be an administrator of a general hospital with at least five years'
- experience; one shall be a health physicist who has practiced not less 11
- than five years; three shall be practicing radiologic technologists with 12
- at least five years of experience in the practice of radiologic 13
- 14 technology and holders of current certificates issued pursuant to this
- 15 act; two shall be members of the general public; and one shall be a
- representative of the department designated by the Governor pursuant 16
- 17 to subsection c. of section 2 of P.L.1971, c.60 (C.45:1-2.2)[;
- 18 provided, however, that for the remainder of their prescribed terms the
- 19 members of the x-ray technicians board created by section 4 of
- 20 P.L.1968, c. 291 (C.45:25-4) shall constitute the membership of the
- 21 board created by this section].
- 22 b. The terms of office of the members appointed by the Governor 23 shall be three years. Vacancies shall be filled for an unexpired term
- 24 only in the manner provided for the original appointment.
- 25 c. Members of the board shall serve without compensation but shall 26 be reimbursed for their reasonable and necessary traveling and other
- 27 expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.
- d. The commissioner shall designate an officer or employee of the 29 department to act as secretary of the board who shall not be a member
- 30 of the board.

- 31 e. The board, for the purpose of transacting its business, shall meet
- 32 at least once every four months at times and places fixed by the board.
- At its first meeting each year it shall organize and elect from its 33
- 34 members a chairman. Special meetings also may be held at times as
- 35 the board may fix, or at the call of the chairman or the commissioner.
- 36 A written and timely notice of the time, place and purpose of any
- 37 special meeting shall be mailed by the secretary to all members of the
- 38 board.
- 39 f. A majority of the members of the board shall constitute a 40 quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting.
- (cf: P.L.1987, c.121, s.1) 41

- 43 34. Section 1 of P.L.1983, c.247 (C.26:2H-12.2) is amended to 44 read as follows:
- 45 1. A health care facility licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136
- 46 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.) or a health maintenance organization operating

- 1 pursuant to P.L.1973, c.337 (C.26:2J-1 et seq.) shall notify the
- 2 Medical Practitioner Review Panel established pursuant to section 8
- 3 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.45:9-19.8) in writing if a practitioner who is
- 4 employed by, under contract to render professional services to, or has
- 5 privileges at that health care facility or health maintenance
- 6 organization:

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- a. voluntarily resigns from the staff if the facility or health maintenance organization is reviewing the practitioner's conduct or patient care or, through any member of the medical or administrative staff, has expressed an intention to do so;
  - b. voluntarily relinquishes any partial privilege to perform a specific procedure if the facility or health maintenance organization is reviewing the practitioner's conduct or patient care or, through any member of the medical or administrative staff, has expressed an intention to do so;
  - c. has full or partial privileges summarily or temporarily revoked or suspended, permanently reduced, suspended or revoked, has been discharged from the staff or has had a contract to render professional services terminated or rescinded for reasons relating to the practitioner's incompetency, misconduct or impairment;
  - d. agrees to the placement of conditions or limitations on the exercise of clinical privileges or practice within the health care facility or health maintenance organization including, but not limited to, second opinion requirements, nonroutine concurrent or retrospective review of admissions or care, nonroutine supervision by one or more members of the staff, or the completion of remedial education or training;
  - e. is granted a leave of absence pursuant to which the practitioner may not exercise clinical privileges or practice within the health care facility or health maintenance organization if the reasons provided in support of the leave relate to any physical, mental or emotional condition or drug or alcohol use, which might impair the practitioner's ability to practice with reasonable skill and safety; or
  - f. is a party to a medical malpractice liability suit, in which the health care facility or health maintenance organization is also a party, and in which there is a settlement, judgment or arbitration award.
  - The form of notification shall be prescribed by the Commissioner of Health <u>and Senior Services</u>, shall contain such information as may be required by the board and the review panel and shall be made within seven days of the date of the action, settlement, judgment or award.
- seven days of the date of the action, settlement, judgment or award.

  A health care facility or health maintenance organization which fails
  to provide such notice or shall fail to cooperate with such request for
  information by the board or the review panel shall be subject to such
  penalties as the State Department of Health and Senior Services may
  determine pursuant to sections 13 and 14 of P.L.1971, c.136
  (C.26:2H-13 and 26:2H-14).

1 A health care facility or health maintenance organization, or any 2 employee thereof, which provides information to the board, the review 3 panel, or the Department of Health and Senior Services regarding a 4 practitioner pursuant to the provisions of this section or section 3 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.26:2H-12.2a), is not liable for damages for 5 providing or reporting the information unless the health care facility or 6 7 health maintenance organization, or employee, knowingly provided 8 false information.

9 For the purposes of this section and section 3 of P.L.1989, c.300 10 (C.26:2H-12.2a), "practitioner" means a person licensed to practice: medicine and surgery under chapter 9 of Title 45 of the Revised 11 12 Statutes or a medical resident or intern; or [podiatry] podiatric medicine under chapter 5 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. 13

14 (cf: P.L.1989, c.300, s.2)

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- 16 35. Section 2 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2) is amended to read as 17 follows:
  - 2. As used in this act:
- a. "Automobile" means a private passenger automobile of a private passenger or station wagon type that is owned or hired and is neither used as a public or livery conveyance for passengers nor rented to 22 others with a driver; and a motor vehicle with a pickup body, a delivery sedan, a van, or a panel truck or a camper type vehicle used 23 for recreational purposes owned by an individual or by husband and wife who are residents of the same household, not customarily used in the occupation, profession or business of the insured other than 26 farming or ranching. An automobile owned by a farm family copartnership or corporation, which is principally garaged on a farm 29 or ranch and otherwise meets the definitions contained in this section, shall be considered a private passenger automobile owned by two or 30 more relatives resident in the same household.
  - b. "Essential services" means those services performed not for income which are ordinarily performed by an individual for the care and maintenance of such individual's family or family household.
  - c. "Income" means salary, wages, tips, commissions, fees and other earnings derived from work or employment.
  - d. "Income producer" means a person who, at the time of the accident causing personal injury or death, was in an occupational status, earning or producing income.
- 40 e. "Medical expenses" means reasonable and necessary expenses 41 for treatment or services as provided by the policy, including medical, 42 surgical, rehabilitative and diagnostic services and hospital expenses, 43 provided by a health care provider licensed or certified by the State or 44 by another state or nation, and reasonable and necessary expenses for 45 ambulance services or other transportation, medication and other services as may be provided for, and subject to such limitations as 46

- 1 provided for, in the policy, as approved by the commissioner.
- 2 "Medical expenses" shall also include any nonmedical remedial
- 3 treatment rendered in accordance with a recognized religious method
- 4 of healing.

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- 5 f. "Hospital expenses" means the cost of treatment and services, as provided in the policy approved by the commissioner, by a licensed 6 7 and accredited acute care facility which engages primarily in providing 8 diagnosis, treatment and care of sick and injured persons on an 9 inpatient or outpatient basis; the cost of covered treatment and 10 services provided by an extended care facility which provides room 11 and board and skilled nursing care 24 hours a day and which is 12 recognized by the administrators of the federal Medicare program as 13 an extended care facility; and the cost of covered services at an 14 ambulatory surgical facility supervised by a physician licensed in this 15 State or in another jurisdiction and recognized by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, or any other facility licensed, certified 16 17 or recognized by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or the Commissioner of Human Services or a nationally recognized 18 19 system such as the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation 20 Facilities, or by another jurisdiction in which it is located.
  - g. "Named insured" means the person or persons identified as the insured in the policy and, if an individual, his or her spouse, if the spouse is named as a resident of the same household, except that if the spouse ceases to be a resident of the household of the named insured, coverage shall be extended to the spouse for the full term of any policy period in effect at the time of the cessation of residency.
  - h. "Pedestrian" means any person who is not occupying, entering into, or alighting from a vehicle propelled by other than muscular power and designed primarily for use on highways, rails and tracks.
    - i. "Noneconomic loss" means pain, suffering and inconvenience.
  - j. "Motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle as defined in R.S.39:1-1, exclusive of an automobile as defined in subsection a. of this section.
  - k. "Economic loss" means uncompensated loss of inc-ome or property, or other uncompensated expenses, including, but not limited to, medical expenses.
- "Health care provider" or "provider" means those persons 36 37 licensed or certified to perform health care treatment or services 38 compensable as medical expenses and shall include, but not be limited 39 to, (1) a hospital or health care facility which is maintained by a state 40 or any of its political subdivisions, (2) a hospital or health care facility 41 licensed by the Department of Health and Senior Services, (3) other hospitals or health care facilities designated by the Department of 42 Health and Senior Services to provide health care services, or other 43 44 facilities, including facilities for radiology and diagnostic testing, 45 freestanding emergency clinics or offices, and private treatment 46 centers, (4) a nonprofit voluntary visiting nurse organization providing

- 1 health care services other than in a hospital, (5) hospitals or other
- 2 health care facilities or treatment centers located in other states or
- anations, (6) physicians licensed to practice medicine and surgery, (7)
- 4 licensed chiropractors, (8) licensed dentists, (9) licensed optometrists,
- 5 (10) licensed pharmacists, (11) licensed [chiropodists] podiatrists,
- 6 (12) registered bio-analytical laboratories, (13) licensed psychologists,
- 7 (14) licensed physical therapists, (16) certified nurse-midwives, (17)
- 8 certified nurse-practitioners/clinical nurse-specialists, (18) licensed
- 9 health maintenance organizations, (19) licensed orthotists and
- 10 prosthetists, (20) licensed professional nurses, and (21) providers of
- 11 other health care services or supplies, including durable medical
- 12 goods.
- m. "Medically necessary" means that the treatment is consistent
- with the symptoms or diagnosis, and treatment of the injury (1) is not
- 15 primarily for the convenience of the injured person or provider, (2) is
- 16 the most appropriate standard or level of service which is in
- 17 accordance with standards of good practice and standard professional
- 18 treatment protocols, as such protocols may be recognized or
- 19 designated by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, in
- 20 consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or
- 21 with a professional licensing or certifying board in the Division of
- 22 Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety, or by
- 23 a nationally recognized professional organization, and (3) does not
- 24 involve unnecessary diagnostic testing.
- 25 n. "Standard automobile insurance policy" means an automobile
- insurance policy with at least the coverage required pursuant to sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-3 and 39:6A-4).
- o. "Basic automobile insurance policy" means an automobile
- 29 insurance policy pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1998, c.21
- 30 (C.39:6A-3.1).
- 31 (cf: P.L.1998, c.21, s.2)

(cf: P.L.1977, c.323, s.1)

- 36. Section 1 of P.L.1973, c.322 (C.45:1-10) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. It shall be unlawful for any person licensed in the State of New
- 36 Jersey to practice medicine or surgery, dentistry, osteopathy,
- 37 [podiatry] podiatric medicine or chiropractic to agree with any
- 38 clinical, bio-analytical or hospital laboratory, wheresoever located, to
- 39 make payments to such laboratory for individual tests, combination of
- 40 tests, or test series for patients unless such person discloses on the
- 41 bills to patients and third party payors the name and address of such
- 42 laboratory and the net amount or amounts paid or to be paid to such
- 43 laboratory for individual tests, combination of tests or test series.
- 4445
- 46 37. Section 1 of P.L.1975, c.300 (C.45:1-12) is amended to read

# A2024 [1R]

1	as follows:
2	1. No podiatrist, optometrist or psychologist and no professional
3	service corporation engaging in the practice of [podiatry] podiatric
4	medicine, optometry or psychology in this State shall charge a patient
5	an extra fee for services rendered in completing a medical claim form
6	in connection with a health insurance policy. Any person violating this
7	act shall be subject to a fine of \$100.00 for each offense.
8	Such penalty shall be collected and enforced by summary
9	proceedings pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law"
10	(N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999,"
11	P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). The Superior Court and
12	municipal court shall have jurisdiction within its territory of such
13	proceedings. Process shall be either in the nature of a summons or
14	warrant and shall issue in the name of the State, upon the complaint of
15	the State Board of Medical Examiners with respect to podiatrists, the
16	New Jersey State Board of Optometry for optometrists or the State
17	Board of Psychological Examiners for psychologists.
18	(cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.447)
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20	38. This act shall take effect immediately.
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25	Revises references pertaining to podiatrists in statutes.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2024

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

**INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 5, 2004** 

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman ANTHONY IMPREVEDUTO District 32 (Bergen and Hudson) Assemblyman PETER J. BIONDI District 16 (Morris and Somerset)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Stack

## **SYNOPSIS**

Revises references pertaining to podiatrists in statutes.

# **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**



1 **AN ACT** concerning podiatrists and revising various parts of the statutory law.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. R.S.45:5-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 45:5-1. The degree of ["D.S.C." is the abbreviation for "doctor of surgical chiropody" and the degree of "D.P." is the abbreviation for "doctor of podiatry" and the degree of ["D.P.M." is the abbreviation for "doctor of podiatric medicine" when used in this chapter.
- 12 (cf: P.L.1983, c.529, s.1)

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- 2. R.S.45:5-2 is amended to read as follows:
- 45:5-2. The State Board of Medical Examiners, hereinafter in this 15 chapter designated as the "board," shall, in addition to the 16 17 examinations provided for in chapter 9 of [this] Title [(s. 45:9-1 et 18 seq.)] 45 of the Revised Statutes, hold meetings for the examination of all applicants under this chapter for a license to practice [podiatry] 19 20 podiatric medicine in this State, which meetings shall be held at the 21 capitol building on the third Tuesday of June and October of each 22 year, and at such other times and places as the board may deem 23 expedient. The board shall keep an official record of all such 24 meetings, and an official register of all applicants for a license to 25 practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine in this State. The register shall 26 show the name, age, nativity, last and intended place of residence of 27 each candidate, the time he has spent in obtaining a competent academic education, and an education in [podiatry] podiatric medicine 28 29 in a school teaching [podiatry] podiatric medicine, and the names and 30 location of all [podiatry] podiatric medicine schools or examining boards which have granted the applicant any degree or certificate of 31 32 attendance upon lectures upon [podiatry] podiatric medicine, or State 33 examinations. The register shall also show whether said applicant was 34 examined, licensed or rejected under this chapter, and it shall be prima facie evidence of all matters therein contained. 35

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- 38 3. R.S.45:5-3 is amended to read as follows:
- 45:5-3. All persons desiring to commence the practice of [chiropody] podiatric medicine in this State shall apply to the board for a license so to do. Every such applicant for examination shall present to the secretary of said board, at least ten days before the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

(cf: P.L.1965, c.141, s.2)

1 commencement of the examination at which he is to be examined, a 2 written application on a form provided by the board, together with 3 satisfactory proof that he is a citizen of the United States more than 4 twenty-one years of age, is of good moral character, has obtained a 5 certificate from the Commissioner of Education of this State, showing that before entering a school or college of [chiropody] podiatric 6 7 medicine he had obtained an academic education consisting of a four 8 years' course of study in an approved public or private high school or 9 the equivalent thereof, and has received a diploma conferring the 10 degree of doctor of [surgical chiropody] podiatric medicine from 11 some legally incorporated school or college of [chiropody] podiatric 12 medicine of the United States requiring personal attendance, in good 13 standing in the opinion of the board at the time of issuance of such 14 diploma, and that prior to the receipt of such diploma from any such 15 school or college of [chiropody] podiatric medicine of the United 16 States, he had studied [chiropody] podiatric medicine not less than 17 two full school years, including two satisfactory courses of lectures of 18 at least eight months each, in two different calendar years in some 19 legally incorporated American school or college of [chiropody] 20 podiatric medicine requiring personal attendance, in good standing in 21 the opinion of said board, and wherein the curriculum of study shall 22 include instruction in the following branches:

Practical [chiropody] <u>podiatric medicine</u>, [chiropodial] <u>podiatric</u> orthopaedics, dermatology, diagnosis, anatomy, physiology, therapeutics in all its branches, pathology, histology, bacteriology, pharmacy and materia medica, chemistry, [minor] surgery and bandaging pertaining to the ailments of the feet <u>or ankles</u>.

28 (cf: P.L.1947, c.355, s.2)

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#### 4. R.S.45:5-4 is amended to read as follows:

31 45:5-4. No person who shall have graduated after January first, 32 one thousand nine hundred and thirty-four, shall be admitted to examination for license to practice [chiropody] podiatric medicine 33 34 unless, in addition to the requirements of [section] R.S.45:5-3 [of this 35 Title] he shall prove further to the board that after the receipt of the 36 diploma conferring the degree of doctor of [surgical chiropody] podiatric medicine he had served an [interneship] internship in a duly 37 38 licensed clinic, connected or affiliated with a school or college of 39 [chiropody] podiatric medicine and approved by the board, for one 40 full school year of not less than eight months, consisting of a minimum 41 number of four hundred and eighty hours devoted to the practice of [chiropody] podiatric medicine in all its branches. 42

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5. R.S.45:5-5 is amended to read as follows:

(cf: P.L.1947, c.355, s.3)

1 45:5-5. No person who shall have graduated after January first, 2 one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight, shall be admitted to 3 examination for license to practice [chiropody] podiatric medicine 4 unless in addition to the above requirements, as set forth in [section] 5 R.S. 45:5-3 [of this Title], he shall prove further to the said board 6 that prior to the receipt of diploma conferring the degree of doctor of 7 [surgical chiropody] podiatric medicine, he had studied [chiropody] 8 <u>podiatric medicine</u> not less than three full school years, including three 9 satisfactory courses of at least eight months each, in three different 10 calendar years in some legally incorporated American school or 11 college of [chiropody] podiatric medicine requiring personal 12 attendance, in good standing in the opinion of said board, and wherein the curriculum of study shall include instructions as provided in [said 13 14 section] R.S. 45:5-3, and that after the receipt of such diploma, as 15 aforesaid, he had served an [interneship] internship in a duly licensed 16 clinic, connected or affiliated with a school or college of [chiropody] podiatric medicine and approved by said board, for one full school 17 18 year of not less than eight months, consisting of a minimum number of 19 four hundred and eighty hours devoted to the practice of [chiropody] 20 podiatric medicine in all its branches. 21 (cf: P.L.1947, c.355, s.4)

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6. Section 5 of P.L. 1954, c.261 (C.45:5-5.1) is amended to read as follows:

25 5. No person who shall have graduated after January 1, 1955, shall 26 be admitted to examination for a license to practice [chiropody] podiatric medicine unless in addition to the requirements set forth in 27 28 [section] R.S. 45:5-3 [of this Title], he shall prove further to the said 29 board (1) that prior to the receipt of a diploma conferring the degree of doctor of [surgical chiropody] podiatric medicine, he had 30 31 completed a satisfactory course of one full school year in a legally 32 incorporated and recognized college or university, approved by the 33 Commissioner of Education of this State; (2) that he had then studied 34 [chiropody] podiatric medicine for not less than 4 full school years, 35 including the satisfactory completion of 4 courses of at least 8 months 36 each, in 4 different calendar years in a legally incorporated American 37 school or college of [chiropody] podiatric medicine, requiring 38 personal attendance, in good standing in the opinion of said board, 39 wherein the curriculum of study included instructions as provided in 40 [section] R.S.45:5-3; and that (3) after the receipt of such diploma, 41 as aforesaid, he had served a rotating internship in a duly licensed 42 clinic, hospital or institution approved by the board, for one full year 43 devoted to the practice of [chiropody] podiatric medicine in all its 44 branches.

(cf: P.L.1962, c.187, s.1)

- 1 7. Section 10 of P.L.1965, c.141 (C.45:5-5.2) is amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 10. Any person desiring to commence the practice of [podiatry] 4 podiatric medicine in this State who has graduated from a college of
- 5 [podiatry] podiatric medicine approved by the board after May 1,
- 6 1964 shall apply to the board for a license so to do. Every such
- 7 applicant for examination shall present to the secretary of said board,
- 8 at least 20 days before the commencement of the examination at which
- 9 he is to be examined, a written application on a form provided by the
- 10 board, together with satisfactory proof that he is a citizen of the
- 11 United States, more than 21 years of age, is of good moral character,
- 12 and

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- (1) He has obtained an academic education consisting of a 4-year course of study in an approved public or private high school or the equivalent thereof, and
- (2) He has completed a satisfactory course of 2 full school years in a legally incorporated and recognized college or university, approved by the board, and
- 19 (3) He has studied [podiatry] podiatric medicine for not less than 20 4 full school years, including the satisfactory completion of 4 courses 21 of at least 8 months each, in 4 different calendar years, or has graduated from an equivalent accelerated course, in a legally 22 23 incorporated American school or college of [podiatry] podiatric 24 medicine, requiring personal attendance, in good standing in the 25 opinion of said board, wherein the curriculum of study included instruction in the following branches: 26
  - Practical [podiatry] podiatric medicine, podiatric orthopedics, dermatology, diagnosis, anatomy, physiology, therapeutics in all its branches, pathology, histology, bacteriology, pharmacy and materia medica, chemistry, [minor] surgery and bandaging pertaining to the ailments of the feet or ankles, and
- 32 (4) He has received a doctorate degree in [podiatry] podiatric 33 medicine, and
- 34 (5) Thereafter he has served [an internship] a residency in a duly 35 licensed clinic, hospital, or institution, approved by the board, for 1 full year devoted to the practice of [podiatry] podiatric medicine in all 36 37 its branches.
- 38 (cf: P.L.1977, c.46, s.1)

- 40 8. R.S.45:5-7 is amended to read as follows:
- 45:5-7. All examinations shall be written in the English language, 41
- 42 but the board, in its discretion, may use supplementary oral or
- 43 practical examinations, either of the whole class or of individuals. The 44
- examinations shall be in all subjects taught and practiced in the legally
- 45 incorporated schools or colleges of [podiatry] podiatric medicine, in

good standing in the opinion of the board, which confer the degree of doctor of [surgical chiropody] <u>podiatric medicine</u> or other doctorate degree in [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u>. Said application and examination papers shall be deposited in the files of the said board for at least five years, and they shall be prima facie evidence of all matters therein contained. All licenses shall be signed by the president and secretary of the board and shall be attested by the seal thereof.

If the examination is satisfactory, the board shall issue a license entitling the applicant to practice [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> in this State.

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["Podiatry"] "Podiatric medicine" or "practice of [podiatry] 11 12 podiatric medicine" is defined to be the diagnosis or treatment of or 13 the holding out of a right or ability to diagnose or treat any ailment of 14 the human foot or ankle, including local manifestations of systemic 15 diseases as they appear on the lower leg [or], foot or ankle but not 16 treatment of systemic diseases of any other part of the body, or the 17 holding out of a right or ability to treat the same by any one or more 18 of the following means: local medical, mechanical, surgical, 19 manipulative and physio-therapeutic, including the application of any 20 of the aforementioned means to the lower leg and ankle for the 21 treatment of a foot or ankle ailment. Such means shall not be 22 construed to include the amputation of the leg or foot. The term 23 "local medical" hereinbefore mentioned shall be construed to mean the 24 prescription or use of a therapeutic agent or remedy where the action 25 or reaction is intended for a localized area or part. A podiatrist is a physician within the scope of this chapter, and may be referred to as 26 27 a podiatric physician.

Every person practicing [podiatry] podiatric medicine under this act shall at all times conspicuously display in his place of practice his license and yearly registration to practice. It shall be unlawful to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine in this State without so displaying such license and registration. Any applicant for a license to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine upon proving that he has been examined and licensed by the examining and licensing board of another state, territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, may in the discretion of the board be granted a license to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine without further examination upon payment to the board of a license fee of \$100.00; provided, such applicant shall furnish proof that he can fulfill the requirements demanded in the other sections of this chapter relating to applicants for admission by examinations; provided further, that the laws of such state, territory or the District of Columbia accord equal reciprocal rights to a licensed podiatrist of this State, who desires to practice his profession in such state, territory or the District of Columbia; provided further, that said applicant has been in lawful and ethical practice of

[podiatry] podiatric medicine in the state, territory or District of Columbia from which he applies for five full consecutive years next prior to filing his application; and provided, further, that said applicant shall, within six months after the issuance of his license hereunder, remove to this State, establish his permanent and only legal residence and cease to operate his practice in the state from which he applies and not use such license for part-time practice in this State. An affidavit setting forth his intention to comply with the requirements of this proviso must be filed with the application for license. In any such application for a license without examination, all reciprocal questions of academic requirements of other states, territories or the District of Columbia shall be determined by the board. The board shall consider each application for such license on its individual merits and may, in its discretion and without establishing a precedent, waive the requirements for [internship] residency in lieu of 10 or more years of active and continuous ethical practice outside of this State. 

The board may issue to any licensed podiatrist of this State, known to it to be of good moral character and who has conducted an ethical practice in this State, and who desires to remove his residence and practice to another state, a certificate or certification authenticated with its seal, which shall attest such information as may be necessary for competent boards of other states to determine reciprocity qualifications, upon payment of a fee of \$10.00.

The board may, in its discretion, accept in lieu of its own examination, either in whole or in part, the certificate of the National Board of [Podiatry] Podiatric Medical Examiners; and provided further, that the applicant satisfies in all other respects the requirements for licensure by examination. Such application to the board shall be accompanied by an application fee of \$100.00 plus \$10.00 for verification. In the event an oral or practical examination or both is given under this provision, an additional fee of \$25.00 may be required for examiner compensation.

The board, in its discretion, may grant a license without further examination to any person whose previous license has been revoked under R.S.45:5-8 and upon payment to the board of a license fee of \$100.00.

37 (cf: P.L.1993, c.185, s.1)

#### 9. R.S.45:5-9 is amended to read as follows:

45:5-9. Every licensed podiatrist shall procure each year from the secretary of the board, on or before November 1, an annual certificate of registration, which shall be issued by said secretary upon payment of a fee of \$15.00. The secretary shall mail to each licensed podiatrist on or before October 1 each year a printed blank form to be properly filled in and returned to said secretary by such licensed person on or before the succeeding November 1, together with such fee. Upon the

receipt of said form properly filled in, and such fee, the annual 1 2 certificate of registration shall be issued and transmitted. Said 3 secretary shall annually, on or before January 1, mail to each licensed 4 podiatrist who has registered for the preceding year a list containing 5 the names and post-office addresses of all licensed podiatrists who 6 have registered under this section for said year. Every licensed 7 podiatrist who continues the practice of [podiatry] podiatric medicine 8 after having failed to secure an annual certificate of registration at the 9 time and in the manner required by this section shall be subject to a penalty of \$25.00 for each failure. Immediately after November 1, the 10 secretary shall send by registered mail to every podiatrist who has 11 12 failed to obtain an annual registration certificate for the ensuing year 13 a notice that their license will be automatically suspended within 14 30 days unless the penalty and annual registration fee is paid 15 immediately. Upon failure to register after such notice, the license of such person shall be automatically suspended and shall not be 16 17 reinstated except upon full payment of penalty and annual registration 18 fee. However, such suspension shall not apply to anyone who has 19 ceased to practice in this State. Any person whose license shall have 20 been automatically suspended under this section shall during such 21 period of suspension be regarded as an unlicensed person, and if he 22 continue to engage in the practice of [podiatry] podiatric medicine 23 during such period, he shall be liable to the penalties prescribed by 24 [sections] R.S. 45:5-11 [and 45:5-12 of this chapter]. 25 (cf: P.L.1971, c.236, s.2)

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#### 10. R.S.45:5-10 is amended to read as follows:

28 45:5-10. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a 29 duly licensed physician from treating diseases or ailments of the feet 30 or ankles, or a lawfully qualified podiatrist residing in another State from meeting registered podiatrists of this State in consultation, or any 31 32 legally qualified podiatrist of another State from taking charge of the 33 practice of a legally qualified podiatrist of this State temporarily on written permission of the board during the latter's absence therefrom 34 35 and upon the latter's written request to the board for permission so to 36 do. Such permission may be granted for a period of not more than 37 3 months upon payment of a fee of \$10.00. The board, in its 38 discretion and upon payment of an additional fee of \$10.00, may 39 extend such permission for a further period but not to exceed 40 6 months. Nothing in this act shall prohibit the fitting, recommending 41 or sale of corrective shoes, arch supports or other mechanical 42 appliances by retail dealers or manufacturers, provided, however, that 43 they shall not be made or fabricated from plaster casts or models or by 44 any other means for specific individual persons except upon the 45 prescription of a podiatrist or physician.

46 (cf: P.L.1965, c.141, s.6)

11. R.S.45:5-11 is amended to read as follows:

45:5-11. (a) Whoever practices [podiatry] podiatric medicine in this State without first having obtained and filed the license herein provided for, or contrary to any of the provisions of this chapter, or whoever practices [podiatry] podiatric medicine under a false or assumed name, or falsely impersonates another practitioner of a like or different name, or buys, sells, or fraudulently obtains any diploma as a podiatrist, or any [podiatry] podiatric medicine license, record or registration, or aids or assists any person not regularly licensed and registered to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine in this State, to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine therein, or whoever violates any of the provisions of this chapter, shall be liable to a penalty of \$200.00.

Every person practicing [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> and every person practicing [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> as an employee of another shall cause his name to be conspicuously displayed and kept in a conspicuous place at the entrance of the place where such practice shall be conducted, and any person who shall neglect to cause his name to be displayed as herein required shall be liable to a penalty of \$100.00.

Using the title doctor or its abbreviation in the practice of [podiatry] podiatric medicine must be qualified by the word or words "podiatrist" or "surgeon podiatrist." Any person who violates this provision shall be liable to a penalty of \$100.00.

It shall be unlawful for any person not licensed under this act to use terms, titles, words or letters which would designate or imply that he or she is qualified to treat foot <u>or ankle</u> ailments, or to hold himself or herself out as being able to diagnose, treat, operate, or prescribe for any ailment of the human foot <u>or ankle</u>, or offer or attempt to diagnose, treat, operate or prescribe for any ailment of the human foot <u>or ankle</u>.

(b) The Superior Court and municipal courts, within their respective territorial jurisdictions, shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine actions for penalties under this chapter. The penalties provided for by this section shall be sued for and recovered by and in the name of the State Board of Medical Examiners of New Jersey, as plaintiff. Penalties imposed because of the violation of any provision of this chapter shall be collected and enforced by summary proceedings pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). Process shall issue at the suit of the board, as plaintiff, and shall be either in the nature of a summons or warrant.

44 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.450)

- 1 12. Section 5 of P.L.1943, c.95 (C.45:5-17) is amended to read as 2 follows:
- 3 5. The Superior Court may in an action at the suit of the Attorney
- 4 General or of the said board prevent and restrain the practice of
- 5 [podiatry] podiatric medicine in this State by any person who has not
- first obtained and filed the license herein provided for, or the violation 6
- 7 by any person of the provisions of this act; or of the practice of
- [podiatry] podiatric medicine by any person under a false or assumed 8
- 9 name; or the false presentation of another practitioner of a like or
- 10 different name; or for practicing [podiatry] podiatric medicine under
- 11 any name, title or heading other than that under which he or she has
- 12 a license to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine. This section shall
- 13 not apply nor shall it in any manner be construed to apply to persons
- 14 practicing healing by spiritual or religious means if no material
- 15 medicine is prescribed or used and no manipulation or material means
- 16 are used.
- 17 (cf: P.L.1965, c.141, s.9)

- 19 13. Section 1 of P.L. 1966, c.89 (C.45:5-20) is amended to read as 20 follows:
- 21 1. The services of a podiatrist [(chiropodist)] which he is
- 22 authorized by law to perform shall be considered as medical or surgical
- 23 services under the Workmen's Compensation Act, or any standard
- 24 health and accident, disability, sickness or other insurance policy, or
- 25 coverage under labor-management trustee plan, union welfare plan,
- employee organization plan, employee benefit plan, or any private 26
- 27 insurance or welfare plan, for which he shall be entitled to
- 28 compensation under said act, or under any such policy or plan if such
- 29 policy or plan provides compensation for medical or surgical services
- 30 and does not exclude services which, under the law, such podiatrist
- 31 [(chiropodist)] is authorized to perform.
- 32 (cf: P.L.1966, c.89, s.1)

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- 34 14. Section 9 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.45:9-19.9) is amended to read 35 as follows:
- 36 9. a. The review panel shall receive:
- 37 (1) Notice from a health care facility or health maintenance
- 38 organization, pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1983,
- 39 (C.26:2H-12.2);
- Notice from an insurer or insurance association or a 40 practitioner, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1983, c.247 (C.17:30D-17), 41
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- regarding a medical malpractice claim settlement, judgment or

arbitration award or a termination or denial of, or surcharge on, the

- 44 medical malpractice liability insurance coverage of a practitioner; and
- 45 b. The review panel may receive referrals from the board which
- 46 may include complaints alleging professional misconduct,

incompetence, negligence or impairment of a practitioner from other
 health care providers and consumers of health care.

- c. Upon receipt of a notice or complaint pursuant to this section, the review panel shall promptly investigate the information received and obtain any additional information that may be necessary in order to make a recommendation to the board. The review panel may seek the assistance of a consultant or other knowledgeable person, as necessary, in making its recommendation. The review panel may request the board or the Attorney General to exercise investigative powers pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-18) in the conduct of its investigation.
- (1) If the review panel has reasonable cause to believe that a practitioner represents an imminent danger to his patients, the review panel shall immediately notify the State Board of Medical Examiners and the Attorney General and recommend the initiation of an application before the board to temporarily suspend or otherwise limit the practitioner's license pending further proceedings by the review panel or the board.

If the board temporarily suspends or otherwise limits the license, the board shall notify each licensed health care facility and health maintenance organization with which the practitioner is affiliated and every practitioner in the State with which the practitioner is directly associated in his private practice.

- (2) A practitioner who is the subject of an investigation shall be promptly notified of the investigation, pursuant to procedures adopted by regulation of the board that give consideration to the health, safety and welfare of the practitioner's patients and to the necessity for a confidential or covert investigation by the review panel. At the panel's request or upon a good cause showing by the practitioner an informal hearing shall be scheduled before the review panel or a subcommittee of at least three review panel members, in accordance with regulations adopted by the board. The hearing shall be transcribed and the practitioner shall be entitled to a copy of the transcript, at his own expense. A practitioner who presents information to the review panel is entitled to be represented by counsel.
- (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, in any case in which the board determines to conduct an investigation of a practitioner who it has reasonable cause to believe represents an imminent danger to his patients, the board may direct the review panel to provide the board with its files pertaining to that practitioner and may direct the review panel to promptly terminate its investigation of that practitioner without making a recommendation pursuant to subsection d. of this section.
- Upon request of the review panel, the State Board of Medical Examiners shall provide the review panel with any information contained in the board's files concerning a practitioner.

- d. Upon completion of its review, the review panel shall prepare a report recommending one of the following dispositions:
- 3 (1) Recommend to the State Board of Medical Examiners that the 4 matter be referred to the Attorney General for the initiation of 5 disciplinary action against the practitioner who is the subject of the 6 notice or complaint, pursuant to R.S.45:9-16 or section 8 or 9 of 7 P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-21 and 45:1-22);
- 8 (2) Defer making a recommendation to the board pending the 9 outcome of litigation or a health care facility or health maintenance 10 organization disciplinary proceeding, if there is no evidence that the 11 practitioner's professional conduct may jeopardize or improperly risk 12 the health, safety or life of a patient;
  - (3) Refer the practitioner to the appropriate licensed health care practitioner treatment program recognized by the State Board of Medical Examiners and promptly notify the medical director of the board of the referral; or
    - (4) Find that no further action is warranted at this time.
  - e. A member of the State Board of Medical Examiners shall not participate by voting or any other action in any matter before the board on which the board member has participated previously as a review panel member.
  - f. The State Board of Medical Examiners may affirm, reject or modify any disposition of the review panel. After its consideration of the panel recommendation the board shall notify the practitioner who has been the subject of a notice or complaint of the review panel's recommendation and the board's determination.
- g. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the
  State Board of Medical Examiners, the Director of the Division of
  Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety or the
  Attorney General from taking any other action permitted by law
  against a practitioner who is the subject of an investigation by the
  review panel.
  - h. For the purposes of this section, "practitioner" means a person licensed to practice: medicine and surgery under chapter 9 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes or a medical resident or intern; or [podiatry] podiatric medicine under chapter 5 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. (cf: P.L.1989, c.300, s.9)

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- 39 15. Section 12 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.45:9-19.12) is amended to 40 read as follows:
- 12. The State Board of Medical Examiners shall, by regulation, provide for the issuance of permits to, or registration of, persons engaging in the practice of medicine or surgery or [podiatry] podiatric medicine while in training, and establish the scope of permissible practice by these persons.
- 46 (cf: P.L.1989, c.300, s.12)

1 16. R.S.45:9-21 is amended to read as follows:

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- 2 45:9-21. The prohibitory provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the following:
- a. A commissioned surgeon or physician of the regular United States Army, Navy, or Marine hospital service while so commissioned and actively engaged in the performance of his official duties. This exemption shall not apply to reserve officers of the United States Army, Navy or Marine Corps, or to any officer of the National Guard of any state or of the United States;
  - b. A lawfully qualified physician or surgeon of another state taking charge temporarily, on written permission of the board, of the practice of a lawfully qualified physician or surgeon of this State during his absence from the State, upon written request to the board for permission so to do. Before such permission is granted by the board and before any person may enter upon such practice he must submit proof that he can fulfill the requirements demanded in the other sections of this article relating to applicants for admission by examination or indorsement from another state. Such permission may be granted for a period of not less than two weeks nor more than four months upon payment of a fee of \$50. The board in its discretion may extend such permission for further periods of two weeks to four months but not to exceed in the aggregate one year;
  - c. A physician or surgeon of another state of the United States and duly authorized under the laws thereof to practice medicine or surgery therein, if such practitioner does not open an office or place for the practice of his profession in this State;
- d. A person while actually serving as a member of the resident medical staff of any legally incorporated charitable or municipal hospital or asylum approved by the board. Hereafter such exemption of any such resident physician shall not apply with respect to any individual after he shall have served as a resident physician for a total period of five years;
- e. The practice of dentistry by any legally qualified and registered dentist;
- f. The ministration to, or treatment of, the sick or suffering by prayer or spiritual means, whether gratuitously or for compensation, and without the use of any drug material remedy;
- g. The practice of optometry by any legally qualified and registeredoptometrist;
- 40 h. The practice of [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u> by any legally licensed podiatrist;
- i. The practice of pharmacy by a legally licensed and registered pharmacist of this State, but this exception shall not be extended to give to said licensed pharmacist the right and authority to carry on the business of a dispensary, unless the dispensary shall be in charge of a legally licensed and registered physician and surgeon of this State;

- j. A person claiming the right to practice medicine and surgery in this State who has been practicing therein since before July 4, 1890.
- 2 this State who has been practicing therein since before July 4, 1890,
- 3 if said right or title was obtained upon a duly registered diploma, of
- 4 which the holder and applicant was the lawful possessor, issued by a
- 5 legally chartered medical institution which, in the opinion of the board,
- 6 was in good standing at the time the diploma was issued;
- 7 k. A [podiatrist,] professional nurse, or a registered physical
- 8 therapist, masseur, while operating in each particular case under the
- 9 specific direction of a regularly licensed physician or surgeon. This
- 10 exemption shall not apply to such assistants of persons who are
- 11 licensed as osteopaths, chiropractors, optometrists or other
- 12 practitioners holding limited licenses;
- 13 l. A person while giving aid, assistance or relief in emergency or
  - accident cases pending the arrival of a regularly licensed physician, or
- surgeon or under the direction thereof;
- m. The operation of a bio-analytical laboratory by a licensed
- 17 bio-analytical laboratory director, or any person working under the
- direct and constant supervision of a licensed bio-analytical laboratory
- 19 director;

- 20 n. Any employee of a State or county institution holding the degree
- 21 of M.D. or D.O., regularly employed on a salary basis on its medical
- 22 staff or as a member of the teaching or scientific staff of a State
- 23 agency, may apply to the State Board of Medical Examiners of New
- 24 Jersey and may, in the discretion of said board, be granted exemption
- 25 from the provisions of this chapter; provided said employee continues
- 26 as a member of the medical staff of a State agency or county
- 27 institution or of the teaching or scientific staff of a State agency and
- 28 does not conduct any type of private medical practice;
- 29 o. The practice of chiropractic by any legally licensed chiropractor;
- 30 or
- p. The practice of a physician assistant in compliance with the
- 32 provisions of P.L.1991, c.378 (C.45:9-27.10 et al.).
- 33 (cf: P.L.1991, c.378, s.20)

- 35 17. Section 3 of P.L.1991, c.512 (C.45:12B-3) is amended to read as follows:
- 37 3. As used in this act:
- "Board" means the Orthotics and Prosthetics Board of Examinerscreated by section 4 of this act.
- 40 "Chairperson" means the member that is elected yearly by the
- 41 board.
- "Director" means the Director of the Division of Consumer Affairsin the Department of Law and Public Safety.
- "Orthotic appliance" means, solely for the purposes of this act, a
- 45 brace or support but does not include fabric and elastic supports,
- 46 corsets, arch supports, trusses, elastic hose, canes, crutches, cervical

collars, dental appliances or other similar devices carried in stock and 2 sold by drug stores, department stores, corset shops or surgical supply 3 facilities.

4 "Orthotics" means the science or practice of measuring, designing, constructing, assembling, fitting, adjusting or servicing orthotic 6 appliances for the correction or alleviation of musculoskeletal diseases, injuries, or deformities as permitted by prescriptions from a licensed 7 8 doctor of medicine, dentist, or podiatrist.

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"Licensed orthotist" means any person who practices orthotics and who represents himself to the public by title or by description of services, under any title incorporating such terms as "orthotics," "orthotists," "orthotic," or "L.O." or any similar title or description of services, provided that the individual has met the eligibility requirements contained in section 11 of this act and has been duly licensed under this act.

"Licensed orthotist assistant" means a person who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act and who assists a licensed orthotist under his supervision.

"Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association, or other organization.

"Prosthetic appliance" means, solely for the purposes of this act, any artificial device that is not surgically implanted and that is used to replace a missing limb, appendage, or any other external human body part including devices such as artificial limbs, hands, fingers, feet and toes, but excluding dental appliances and largely cosmetic devices such as artificial breasts, eyelashes, wigs, or other devices which could not by their use have a significantly detrimental impact upon the musculoskeletal functions of the body.

"Prosthetics" means the science or practice of measuring, designing, constructing, assembling, fitting, adjusting or servicing prosthetic appliances as permitted by prescriptions from a licensed doctor of medicine or [podiatry] podiatric medicine.

"Licensed prosthetist" means a person who practices prosthetics and who represents himself to the public by title or by description of services, under any title incorporating such terms as "prosthetics," "prosthetist," "prosthetic," or "L.P." or any similar title or description of services, provided that the individual has met the eligibility requirements contained in section 11 and has been duly licensed under this act.

"Licensed prosthetist assistant" means a person who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act and who assists a licensed prosthetist under his supervision.

"Licensed prosthetist-orthotist" means any person who practices both disciplines of prosthetics and orthotics and who represents himself to the public by title or by description of services, under any incorporating such terms "prosthetics-orthotics," as

"prosthetist-orthotist," "prosthetic- orthotic," or "L.P.O." or any 1 2 similar title or description of services, provided that the individual has met the eligibility requirements contained in section 11 and has been 3

4 duly licensed in both disciplines of prosthetics and orthotics under this 5 act.

6 "Licensed prosthetist-orthotist assistant" means a person who is 7 licensed pursuant to the provisions of this amendatory and 8 supplementary act and who assists a licensed prosthetist-orthotist 9 under his supervision.

(cf: P.L.1999, c.115, s.1) 10

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- 12 18. Section 5 of P.L.1991, c.512 (C.45:12B-5) is amended to read 13 as follows:
- 14 5. The board shall consist of 11 residents of this State, 10 of whom shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the 15 Senate, as follows. Two members shall be orthotists who shall fulfill 16
- the licensure requirements of this act, and two members shall be 17
- prosthetists who shall fulfill the licensure requirements of this act. 18
- 19 Two members shall be prosthetist-orthotists who shall fulfill the
- 20 licensure requirements of this act. One member shall be licensed to
- 21 practice medicine and surgery in this State pursuant to chapter 9 of
- 22 Title 45 of the Revised Statutes and one member shall be a doctor of 23 podiatric medicine licensed to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine
- 24 pursuant to chapter 5 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. Two
- 25 members shall be public members, one of whom is a prosthetic user
- and one of whom is an orthotic user. One member shall be a member 26
- 27 of the executive branch who shall be appointed by the Governor. Members shall be appointed to affect balanced geographic 28
- 29 representation from the central, northern and southern areas of the
- 30 State. The board shall annually elect from its members a chairperson
- 31 and a vice-chairperson.
- 32 (cf: P.L.1991, c.512, s.5)

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- 34 19. Section 18 of P.L.1991, c.512 (C.45:12B-18) is amended to 35 read as follows:
  - 18. The provisions of this act shall not apply to:
- a. The activities and services of any person who is licensed to practice medicine and surgery, dentistry or [podiatry] podiatric 38 medicine by this State;
  - b. The activities and services of a student, fellow, or trainee in orthotics or prosthetics pursuing a course of study at an accredited college or university, or working in a recognized training center or research facility, if these activities and services constitute a part of his course of study under a supervisor licensed pursuant to this act;
- 45 c. The design, modification, fabrication and application of upper 46 extremity adaptive equipment, finger splints and hand splints by an

1 occupational therapist or a licensed physical therapist;

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- d. The provision of corsets and soft cervical collars by licensed physical therapists;
- e. The provision of lower extremity orthotics made of fabric, canvas, neoprene or elastic with or without metal or plastic insertable or removable hinges or stays by licensed physical therapists;
- f. The provision by a licensed physical therapist of any lower extremity, low temperature splint or ankle foot orthotic when such bracing is for the evaluation or treatment of an adult patient for less than three months or a pediatric patient for less than one year without the consultation of a licensed orthotist and when the braces do not become the patient's property;
  - g. The provision of any off-the-shelf ankle foot orthosis made of fabric, canvas, neoprene, elastic with or without metal or plastic inserts and any low temperature posterior leaf ankle foot orthosis by a licensed physical therapist;
  - h. The provision of any high temperature posterior leaf ankle foot orthosis by a licensed physical therapist conducting research at a college or university accredited by a regional or national accrediting agency recognized by the United States Secretary of Education in accordance with standard protocols;
    - i. The management of lower extremity prosthetic volumetric changes by a licensed physical therapist. Any non-reversible changes shall be addressed by the treating licensed physical therapist only after direct consultation with the treating prosthetist; or
- 26 j. The activities and services of a certified pedorthist; except that 27 this subsection shall not prevent any certified pedorthist from applying for and obtaining a license under the provisions of P.L.1991, c.512 28 29 (C.45:12B-1 et seq.) limiting that person's practice of orthotics and prosthetics to the ankle and below. As used in this subsection: 30 "certified pedorthist" means a person certified by the American Board 31 32 for Certification in Pedorthics, or its successor, in the design, 33 manufacture, fit and modification of shoes and related foot appliances 34 from the ankle and below as prescribed by a licensed doctor of 35 medicine or [podiatry] podiatric medicine for the amelioration of painful or disabling conditions of the foot; and "foot appliances" 36 37 includes, but is not limited to, prosthetic fillers and orthotic appliances
- 39 (cf: P.L.1999, c.115, s.8)

for use from the ankle and below.

- 20. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.353 (C.2C:21-4.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 43 2. As used in this act:
- "Health care claims fraud" means making, or causing to be made, a false, fictitious, fraudulent, or misleading statement of material fact in, or omitting a material fact from, or causing a material fact to be

- 1 omitted from, any record, bill, claim or other document, in writing,
- 2 electronically or in any other form, that a person attempts to submit,
- 3 submits, causes to be submitted, or attempts to cause to be submitted
- 4 for payment or reimbursement for health care services.
- 5 "Practitioner" means a person licensed in this State to practice
- 6 medicine and surgery, chiropractic, [podiatry] podiatric medicine,
- 7 dentistry, optometry, psychology, pharmacy, nursing, physical therapy,
- 8 or law; any other person licensed, registered or certified by any State
- 9 agency to practice a profession or occupation in the State of New
- 10 Jersey or any person similarly licensed, registered, or certified in
- 11 another jurisdiction.
- 12 (cf: P.L.1997, c.353, s.2)

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- 14 21. Section 14 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.2C:21-20) is amended to 15 read as follows:
- 14. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if he knowingly
- 17 does not possess a license or permit to practice medicine and surgery
- or [podiatry] podiatric medicine, or knowingly has had the license or
- 19 permit suspended, revoked or otherwise limited by an order entered by
- 20 the State Board of Medical Examiners, and he:
  - a. engages in that practice;
- b. exceeds the scope of practice permitted by the board order;
- c. holds himself out to the public or any person as being eligible to engage in that practice;
- d. engages in any activity for which such license or permit is a
- 26 necessary prerequisite, including, but not limited to, the ordering of
- 27 controlled dangerous substances or prescription legend drugs from a
- 28 distributor or manufacturer; or
- e. practices medicine or surgery or [podiatry] <u>podiatric medicine</u>
- 30 under a false or assumed name or falsely impersonates another person
- 31 licensed by the board.
- 32 (cf: P.L.1989, c.300, s.14)

- 34 22. Section 3 of P.L.1969, c. 232 (C.14A:17-3) is amended to read as follows:
- 36 3. Terms defined. As used in this act, the following words shall have the meanings indicated:
- 38 (1) "Professional service" shall mean any type of personal service
- 39 to the public which requires as a condition precedent to the rendering
- 40 of such service the obtaining of a license or other legal authorization
- and which prior to the passage of this act and by reason of law could
- 42 not be performed by a corporation. By way of example and without
- 43 limiting the generality thereof, the personal services which come within
- 44 the provisions of this act are the personal services rendered by
- 45 certified public accountants, architects, optometrists, professional
- 46 engineers, land surveyors, land planners, chiropractors, physical

- therapists, registered professional nurses, dentists, osteopaths,
- 2 physicians and surgeons, doctors of medicine, doctors of dentistry,
- 3 podiatrists, [chiropodists,] veterinarians and, subject to the Rules of
- 4 the Supreme Court, attorneys-at-law;
- 5 "Professional corporation" means a corporation which is organized under this act for the sole and specific purpose of rendering 6 7 the same or closely allied professional service as its shareholders, each of whom must be licensed or otherwise legally authorized within this 8 9 State to render such professional service;
- 10 (3) "Closely allied professional service" means and is limited to the practice of (a) architecture, professional engineering, land surveying 12 and land planning and (b) any branch of medicine and surgery, optometry, physical therapy, registered professional nursing, and 14 dentistry;
- (4) "Domestic professional legal corporation" means a professional corporation incorporated under P.L.1969, c.232 (C.14A:17-1 et seq.) 16 for the sole purpose of rendering legal services of the type provided by attorneys-at-law;
- 19 (5) "Foreign professional legal corporation" means a corporation 20 incorporated under the laws of another state for the purpose of 21 rendering legal services of the type provided by attorneys-at-law.
- 22 (cf: P.L.1995, c.375, s.1)

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- 24 23. Section 3 of P.L.1975, c.301 (C.17:30D-3) is amended to read 25 as follows:
- 3. As used in this act: 26
- a. "Association" means the New Jersey Medical Malpractice 27
- Reinsurance Association established pursuant to the provisions of this 28 29
- 30 b. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of <u>Banking and</u> 31 Insurance.
- 32 c. "Licensed medical practitioner" means and includes all persons
- 33 licensed in this State to practice medicine and surgery, chiropractic,
- 34 [podiatry] podiatric medicine, dentistry, optometry, psychology,
- pharmacy, nursing, physical therapy and as a bioanalytical laboratory 35
- 36 director.
- 37 "Medical malpractice liability insurance" means insurance coverage against the legal liability of the insured and against loss, 38
- 39 damage or expense incident to a claim arising out of the death or
- 40 injury of any person as the result of negligence or malpractice in
- rendering professional service by any licensed medical practitioner or 41
- 42 health care facility or a claim arising out of ownership, operation or
- 43 maintenance of the practitioner's or facility's business premises,
- 44 including primary and excess coverages.
- 45 e. "Health care facility" means and includes all hospitals within this
- 46 State, and any other health care facility as defined in the "Health Care

1 Facilities Planning Act" (P.L.1971, c.136, C.26:2H-1 et seq.).

- f. "Plan of operation" means the plan of operation of the association approved by the commissioner pursuant to the provisions of this act.
- g. "Net direct premium written" means direct written personal injury liability and property damage liability insurance as provided in R.S.17:17-1 d. and e., excluding workmen's compensation and employer's liability insurance written in connection therewith, less policyholder dividends and return premiums for the unused or unabsorbed portion of premium deposits and excluding premiums ceded to or written by the association.
- h. "Provider" means an insurer admitted and licensed in this State to write general liability insurance which has been qualified by the board of directors of the association and has not been disqualified by the commissioner.
- 16 (cf: P.L.1978, c.153, s.2)

disciplinary proceeding.

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- 18 24. Section 2 of P.L.1983, c.247 (C.17:30D-17) is amended to read as follows:
- 20 2. a. Any insurer or insurance association authorized to issue 21 medical malpractice liability insurance in the State shall notify the 22 Medical Practitioner Review Panel established pursuant to section 8 23 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.45:9-19.8) in writing of any medical malpractice 24 claim settlement, judgment or arbitration award involving any 25 practitioner licensed by the State Board of Medical Examiners and 26 insured by the insurer or insurance association. Any practitioner 27 licensed by the board who is not covered by medical malpractice 28 liability insurance issued in this State, who has coverage through a 29 self-insured health care facility or health maintenance organization, or 30 has medical malpractice liability insurance which has been issued by an 31 insurer or insurance association from outside the State shall notify the 32 review panel in writing of any medical malpractice claim settlement, 33 judgment or arbitration award to which the practitioner is a party. The 34 review panel or board, as the case may be, shall not presume that the judgment or award is conclusive evidence in any disciplinary 35 proceeding and the fact of a settlement is not admissible in any 36
  - In any malpractice action against a practitioner, a settlement prohibiting a complaint against the practitioner or the providing of information to the review panel or board concerning the underlying facts or circumstances of the action is void and unenforceable.
- b. An insurer or insurance association authorized to issue medical malpractice liability insurance in the State shall notify the review panel in writing of any termination or denial of coverage to a practitioner or surcharge assessed on account of the practitioner's practice method or medical malpractice claims history.

c. The form of notification shall be prescribed by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, shall contain such information as may be required by the board and the review panel and shall be made within seven days of the settlement, judgment or award or the final action for a termination or denial of, or surcharge on, the medical malpractice liability insurance. Upon request of the board, the review panel or the commissioner, an insurer or insurance association shall provide all records regarding the defense of a malpractice claim, the processing of the claim and the legal proceeding; except that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize disclosure of any confidential communication which is otherwise protected by statute, court rule or common law.

An insurer or insurance association, or any employee thereof, shall be immune from liability for furnishing information to the review panel and the board in fulfillment of the requirements of this section unless the insurer or insurance association, or any employee thereof, knowingly provided false information.

- d. An insurer, insurance association or practitioner who fails to notify the review panel as required pursuant to this section shall be subject to such penalties as the Commissioner of <u>Banking and</u> Insurance may determine pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1975, c.301 (C.17:30D-12). In addition to, or in lieu of suspension or revocation, the commissioner may assess a fine which shall not exceed \$1,000 for the first offense and \$2,000 for the second and each subsequent offense, which may be recovered in a summary proceeding, brought in the name of the State in a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.).
- e. A practitioner who fails to notify the review panel as required pursuant to this section shall be subject to disciplinary action and civil penalties pursuant to sections 8, 9 and 12 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-21 [to] . 45:1-22 and 45:1-25).
- f. An insurer or insurance association shall make available to the review panel or the board, upon request, any records of termination or denial of coverage to a practitioner or surcharge assessed on account of the practitioner's practice method or medical malpractice claims history, which occurred up to five years prior to the effective date of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.45:9-19.4 et al.).
- g. For the purposes of this section, "practitioner" means a person licensed to practice: medicine and surgery under chapter 9 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes or a medical resident or intern; or [podiatry] podiatric medicine under chapter 5 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. (cf: P.L.1989, c.300, s.4)

45 25. Section 63 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-58) is amended to read 46 as follows:

- 1 63. The State Board of Medical Examiners shall assess an annual 2 fee in the amount of \$100 payable by:
- a. Each physician licensed to practice medicine or surgery in this
- 4 State pursuant to the provisions of R.S.45:9-1 et seq., and certified or
- 5 registered pursuant to the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1971, c.236
- 6 (C.45:9-6.1), except physicians holding a certificate of registration as
- 7 a retired physician pursuant to that section. As used in this subsection
- 8 "physician" includes both doctors of medicine and doctors of
- 9 osteopathy; and
- b. Each person licensed in this State to practice [podiatry] podiatric medicine pursuant to the provisions of R.S.45:5-1 et seq. and registered pursuant to the provisions of R.S.45:5-9.
- 12 registered pursuant to the provisions of K.S.45.5-9.
- Fees imposed pursuant to this section shall be payable on or before
- 14 July 1 of each calendar year from 1990 through 1996. Payments are
- 15 to be remitted to the board and credited by the State Treasurer to the
- 16 New Jersey Automobile Insurance Guaranty Fund created by section
- 17 23 of this 1990 amendatory and supplementary act.
- 18 (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.63)

- 26. Section 1 of P.L. 1953, c.283 (C.17:48A-26) is amended to read as follows:
- 22 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of the act to which this act
- 23 is a supplement, benefits shall not be denied to an eligible individual
- 24 for eligible services when such services are performed or rendered
- such persons by a licensed [chiropodist] podiatrist within the scope
- of his practice. The practice of [chiropody] <u>podiatric medicine</u> shall
- 27 be deemed to be within the provisions of the act to which this act is a
- 28 supplement and licensed [chiropodists] podiatrists shall have the
- 29 privileges and benefits in the scope of their practice under such act as
- 30 are afforded thereunder to licensed physicians and surgeons in the
- 31 scope of their practice.
- 32 (cf: P.L.1953, c.283, s.1)

- 34 27. Section 1 of P.L.1985, c.236 (C.17:48E-1) is amended to read as follows:
- 36 1. As used in this act:
- a. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Banking andInsurance.
- b. "Board" and "board of directors" means the board of directorsof the health service corporation.
- c. "Elective surgical procedure" means any nonemergency surgical
- 42 procedure which may be scheduled at the convenience of the patient
- or the surgeon without jeopardizing the patient's life or causing serious
- 44 impairment to the patient's bodily functions.
- d. "Eligible physician" means a physician licensed to practice
- 46 medicine and surgery who holds the rank of Diplomate of an American

- 1 Board (M.D.) or Certified Specialist (D.O.) in the surgical or medical 2 specialty for which surgery is proposed.
- e. "Health service corporation" means a health service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of this act, which is organized, without capital stock and not for profit, for the purpose of (1) establishing, maintaining and operating a nonprofit health service plan and (2) supplying services in connection with (a) the providing of
- 8 health care or (b) conducting the business of insurance as provided for

9 in this act.

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- f. "Health service plan" means a plan under which contracts are issued providing complete or partial prepayment or postpayment of health care services and supplies eligible under the contracts for a given period to persons covered under the contracts where arrangements are made for payment for health care services and supplies directly to the provider thereof or to a covered person under those contracts.
- g. "Hospital service corporation" means a hospital service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1938, c.366 (C.17:48-1 et seq.).
- h. "Medical service corporation" means a medical service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1940, c.74
- 22 (C.17:48A-1 et seq.). 23 i. "Provider of health care services" shall include, but not be limited 24 to: (1) a health service corporation, a hospital service corporation or 25 medical service corporation; (2) a hospital or health care facility under 26 contract with a health service corporation to provide health care 27 services or supplies to persons who become subscribers under 28 contracts with the health service corporation; (3) a hospital or health 29 care facility which is maintained by a state or any of its political 30 subdivisions; (4) a hospital or health care facility licensed by the 31 Department of Health and Senior Services; (5) other hospitals or 32 health care facilities, as designated by the Department of Health and 33 Senior Services to provide health care services; (6) a registered 34 nursing home providing convalescent care; (7) a nonprofit voluntary visiting nurse organization providing health care services other than in 35 a hospital; (8) hospitals or other health care facilities located in other 36 37 states, which are subject to the supervision of those states, which if 38 located in this State would be eligible to be licensed or designated by 39 the Department of Health and Senior Services; (9) nonprofit hospital, 40 medical or health service plans of other states approved by the 41 commissioner; (10) physicians licensed to practice medicine and 42 surgery; (11) licensed chiropractors; (12) licensed dentists; (13) 43 licensed optometrists; (14) licensed pharmacists; (15) licensed
- (17) licensed psychologists; (18) registered physical therapists; (19)
   certified nurse-midwives; (20) registered professional nurses; (21)

[chiropodists] podiatrists; (16) registered bio-analytical laboratories;

- 1 licensed health maintenance organizations; (22) licensed audiologists;
- 2 (23) licensed speech-language pathologists; and (24) providers of
- 3 other similar health care services or supplies as are approved by the
- 4 commissioner.
- j. "Second surgical opinion" means an opinion of an eligible 5
- 6 physician based on that physician's examination of a person for the
- 7 purpose of evaluating the medical advisability of that person
- 8 undergoing an elective surgical procedure, but prior to the 9
  - performance of the surgical procedure.
- 10 k. "Subscriber" means a person to whom a subscription certificate
- 11 is issued by a health service corporation, and the term shall also
- 12 include "policyholder," "member," or "employer" under a group
- 13 contract where the context requires.
- 14 (cf: P.L.1997, c.419, s.1)

- 16 28. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.236 (C.17:48E-12) is amended to 17 read as follows:
- 12. In any contract entered into by a health service corporation, 18
- which includes coverage for health care services provided by a 19
- 20 physician, coverage shall be deemed to include health care services
- 21 provided by a registered bio-analytic laboratory or physical therapist,
- 22 a certified nurse-midwife, a registered professional nurse, or a licensed
- 23 [chiropodist] podiatrist, dentist, optometrist, psychologist or
- 24 chiropractor, when the provider performs an eligible service within the
- 25 scope of his practice and for which he is not being compensated by a
- hospital or other health care facility. The practices of the providers of 26
- 27 health care services shall be deemed to be within the provisions of this
- 28 act and the providers shall have the privileges and benefits in the scope
- 29 of their practices under this act afforded hereunder to other approved
- providers of health care services in the scope of their practices. 30
- 31 (cf: P.L.1985, c.236, s.12)

- 29. N.J.S.18A:6-40 is amended to read as follows:
- 34 18A:6-40. For the purposes of this article, the term "qualifying
- 35 academic certificate" shall be deemed to be any certificate issued by
- 36 the commissioner certifying that the person to whom the same is
- 37 issued has had the preliminary academic education required by the
- 38 rules of the supreme court or by any law of this State at the time the
- 39 certificate is issued for admission to an examination for license to
- practice law, medicine, dentistry, [chiropody] podiatric medicine, 40
- pharmacy, or for license as a certified public accountant, and for any 41
- 42 other profession or vocation for which a certificate of academic
- 43 education, issued by the commissioner, is now or may hereafter be
- 44 required by law or by the rules of the supreme court or certifying that
- 45 the person to whom the same is issued has had the education required
- for high school graduation in this state, as the case may be. 46

- 1 (cf: N.J.S.18A:6-40)
- 2 30. N.J.S.18A:68-17 is amened to read as follows:
- 3 18A:68-17. This article shall not apply to a school conducted for
- 4 the sole purpose of training persons to practice midwifery or
- 5 [chiropody] podiatric medicine.
- 6 (cf: N.J.S.18A:68-17)

- 8 31. Section 3 of P.L.1981, c.295 (C.26:2D-26) is amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 3. As used in this act:
- a. "Board" means the Radiologic Technology Board of Examiners created pursuant to section 5 of this act.
- b. "License" means a certificate issued by the board authorizing the
- 14 licensee to use equipment emitting ionizing radiation on human beings
- for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes in accordance with the provisions of this act.
- 17 c. "Chest x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a licensed 18 practitioner, whose practice of radiologic technology is limited to the
- 19 chest area for diagnostic purposes only.
- d. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Environmental Protection.
- e. "Dental x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a
- 23 licensed practitioner, whose practice of radiologic technology is
- 24 limited to intraoral radiography for diagnostic purposes only.
- 25 f. "Health physicist" means a person who is certified by the
- 26 American Board of Health Physics or the American Board of
- 27 Radiology in radiation physics.
- g. "Licensed practitioner" means a person licensed or otherwise
- 29 authorized by law to practice medicine, dentistry, dental hygiene,
- 30 [podiatry, chiropody] <u>podiatric medicine</u>, osteopathy or chiropractic.
- 31 h. "Radiation therapy technologist" means a person, other than a
- 32 licensed practitioner, whose application of radiation on human beings
- 33 is for therapeutic purposes.
- i. "Diagnostic x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a
- 35 licensed practitioner, whose application of radiation on human beings
- 36 is for diagnostic purposes.
- j. "Radiologic technologist" means any person who is licensed
- 38 pursuant to this act.
- k. "Radiologic technology" means the use of equipment emitting
- 40 ionizing radiation on human beings for diagnostic or therapeutic
- 41 purposes under the supervision of a licensed practitioner.
- 1. "Podiatric x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a
- 43 licensed practitioner, whose practice of radiologic technology is
- limited to the operation of x-ray machines as used by podiatrists on the
- lower leg [and], foot and ankle area for diagnostic purposes only.
- 46 m. "Orthopedic x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a

- licensed practitioner, whose practice of radiologic technology is
   limited to the spine and extremities for diagnostic purposes only.
- n. "Urologic x-ray technologist" means a person, other than a licensed practitioner, whose practice of radiologic technology is limited to the abdomen and pelvic area for diagnostic purposes only.

6 (cf: P.L.1985, c.540, s.1)

- 8 32. Section 4 of P.L.1981, c.295 (C.26:2D-27) is amended to read 9 as follows:
- 4. a. Except as hereinafter provided, no person other than a licensed practitioner or the holder of a license as provided in this act shall use x-rays on a human being.
  - b. A person holding a license as a diagnostic x-ray technologist may use the title "licensed radiologic technologist" or the letters (LRT) (R) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed diagnostic x-ray technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed diagnostic technologist.
  - c. A person holding a limited license as a chest x-ray technologist may use the title "licensed chest x-ray technologist" or the letters (LRT)(C) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed chest x-ray technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed chest x-ray technologist.
  - d. A person holding a limited license as a dental x-ray technologist may use the title "licensed dental x-ray technologist" or the letters (LRT)(D) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed dental x-ray technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed dental x-ray technologist.
  - e. A person holding a license as a radiation therapy technologist may use the title "licensed therapy technologist" or (LRT)(T) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed therapy technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed therapy technologist.
  - f. A person holding a license as provided by this act shall use medical equipment emitting ionizing radiation on human beings only for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes on a case by case basis at the specific direction of a licensed practitioner, and only if the application of the equipment is limited in a manner hereinafter specified.
  - g. Nothing in the provisions of this act relating to radiologic

technologists shall be construed to limit, enlarge or affect, in any respect, the practice of their respective professions by duly licensed practitioners.

- 4 h. The requirement of a license shall not apply to a hospital resident specializing in radiology, who is not a licensed practitioner in 5 6 the State of New Jersey, or a student enrolled in and attending a school or college of medicine, osteopathy, [chiropody, podiatry] 7 8 podiatric medicine, dentistry, dental hygiene, dental assistance, 9 chiropractic or radiologic technology, who applies radiation to a 10 human being while under the direct supervision of a licensed 11 practitioner.
- i. A person holding a license as a diagnostic x-ray technologist and a license as a radiation therapy technologist may use the letters (LRT)(R)(T) after his name.
  - j. A person holding a limited license as a podiatric x-ray technologist may use the title "licensed podiatric x-ray technologist" or the letters (LRT)(P) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed podiatric x-ray technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed podiatric x-ray technologist.
  - k. A person holding a limited license as an orthopedic x-ray technologist may use the title "licensed orthopedic x-ray technologist" or the letters (LRT)(O) after his name. No other person shall be entitled to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed orthopedic x-ray technologist; nor may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed orthopedic x-ray technologist.
- 31 A person holding a limited license as a urologic x-ray 32 technologist may use the title "licensed urologic x-ray technologist" or 33 the letters (LRT)(U) after his name. No other person shall be entitled 34 to use the title or letters, or any other title or letters after his name that indicate or imply that he is a licensed urologic x-ray technologist; nor 35 may any person hold himself out in any way, whether orally or in 36 37 writing, expressly or by implication, as a licensed urologic x-ray 38 technologist.
- 39 (cf: P.L.1985, c.540, s.2)

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- 41 33. Section 5 of P.L.1981, c.295 (C.26:2D-28) is amended to read 42 as follows:
- 5. a. There is created a Radiologic Technology Board of Examiners which shall be an agency of the Commission on Radiation Protection in the Department of Environmental Protection and which shall report to the commission. The board shall consist of two

- 1 commission members appointed annually to the membership of the
- 2 board by the chairman of the commission, and 13 additional members
- 3 appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- 4 Of the members appointed by the Governor, two shall be radiologists
- 5 who have practiced not less than five years; one shall be a licensed
- 6 physician who has actively engaged in the practice of medicine not less
- 7 than five years; one shall be a licensed dentist who has actively
- 8 engaged in the practice of dentistry for not less than five years; one
- 9 shall be a licensed podiatrist who has actively engaged in the practice
- of [podiatry] podiatric medicine for not less than five years; one shall
- 11 be an administrator of a general hospital with at least five years'
- 12 experience; one shall be a health physicist who has practiced not less
- than five years; three shall be practicing radiologic technologists with
- 14 at least five years of experience in the practice of radiologic
- 15 technology and holders of current certificates issued pursuant to this
- act; two shall be members of the general public; and one shall be a
- 17 representative of the department designated by the Governor pursuant
- 18 to subsection c. of section 2 of P.L.1971, c.60 (C.45:1-2.2)[;
- 19 provided, however, that for the remainder of their prescribed terms the
- 20 members of the x-ray technicians board created by section 4 of
- 21 P.L.1968, c. 291 (C. 45:25-4) shall constitute the membership of the
- board created by this section.
- b. The terms of office of the members appointed by the Governor
   shall be three years. Vacancies shall be filled for an unexpired term
- 25 only in the manner provided for the original appointment.
- 26 c. Members of the board shall serve without compensation but shall
- be reimbursed for their reasonable and necessary traveling and other
- 28 expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.
- d. The commissioner shall designate an officer or employee of the department to act as secretary of the board who shall not be a member
- 31 of the board.
- e. The board, for the purpose of transacting its business, shall meet
- at least once every four months at times and places fixed by the board.
- 34 At its first meeting each year it shall organize and elect from its
- 35 members a chairman. Special meetings also may be held at times as
- 36 the board may fix, or at the call of the chairman or the commissioner.
- 37 A written and timely notice of the time, place and purpose of any
- 38 special meeting shall be mailed by the secretary to all members of the
- 39 board.
- f. A majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting.
- 42 (cf: P.L.1987, c.121, s.1)

- 44 34. Section 1 of P.L.1983, c.247 (C.26:2H-12.2) is amended to
- 45 read as follows:
- 1. A health care facility licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136

- 1 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.) or a health maintenance organization operating
- 2 pursuant to P.L.1973, c.337 (C.26:2J-1 et seq.) shall notify the
- 3 Medical Practitioner Review Panel established pursuant to section 8
- 4 of P.L.1989, c.300 (C.45:9-19.8) in writing if a practitioner who is
- 5 employed by, under contract to render professional services to, or has
- 6 privileges at that health care facility or health maintenance
- 7 organization:

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- a. voluntarily resigns from the staff if the facility or health maintenance organization is reviewing the practitioner's conduct or patient care or, through any member of the medical or administrative staff, has expressed an intention to do so;
  - b. voluntarily relinquishes any partial privilege to perform a specific procedure if the facility or health maintenance organization is reviewing the practitioner's conduct or patient care or, through any member of the medical or administrative staff, has expressed an intention to do so;
  - c. has full or partial privileges summarily or temporarily revoked or suspended, permanently reduced, suspended or revoked, has been discharged from the staff or has had a contract to render professional services terminated or rescinded for reasons relating to the practitioner's incompetency, misconduct or impairment;
  - d. agrees to the placement of conditions or limitations on the exercise of clinical privileges or practice within the health care facility or health maintenance organization including, but not limited to, second opinion requirements, nonroutine concurrent or retrospective review of admissions or care, nonroutine supervision by one or more members of the staff, or the completion of remedial education or training;
  - e. is granted a leave of absence pursuant to which the practitioner may not exercise clinical privileges or practice within the health care facility or health maintenance organization if the reasons provided in support of the leave relate to any physical, mental or emotional condition or drug or alcohol use, which might impair the practitioner's ability to practice with reasonable skill and safety; or
  - f. is a party to a medical malpractice liability suit, in which the health care facility or health maintenance organization is also a party, and in which there is a settlement, judgment or arbitration award.
  - The form of notification shall be prescribed by the Commissioner of Health <u>and Senior Services</u>, shall contain such information as may be required by the board and the review panel and shall be made within seven days of the date of the action, settlement, judgment or award.
- A health care facility or health maintenance organization which fails to provide such notice or shall fail to cooperate with such request for information by the board or the review panel shall be subject to such penalties as the State Department of Health <u>and Senior Services</u> may determine pursuant to sections 13 and 14 of P.L.1971, c.136

1 (C.26:2H-13 and 26:2H-14).

2 A health care facility or health maintenance organization, or any 3 employee thereof, which provides information to the board, the review 4 panel, or the Department of Health and Senior Services regarding a practitioner pursuant to the provisions of this section or section 3 of 5 6 P.L.1989, c.300 (C.26:2H-12.2a), is not liable for damages for providing or reporting the information unless the health care facility or 7 8 health maintenance organization, or employee, knowingly provided

9 false information.

10 For the purposes of this section and section 3 of P.L.1989, c.300 11 (C.26:2H-12.2a), "practitioner" means a person licensed to practice: medicine and surgery under chapter 9 of Title 45 of the Revised 12 Statutes or a medical resident or intern; or [podiatry] podiatric 13 medicine under chapter 5 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. 14

15 (cf: P.L.1989, c.300, s.2)

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- 35. Section 2 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2) is amended to read as 17 18 follows:
  - 2. As used in this act:
  - a. "Automobile" means a private passenger automobile of a private passenger or station wagon type that is owned or hired and is neither used as a public or livery conveyance for passengers nor rented to others with a driver; and a motor vehicle with a pickup body, a delivery sedan, a van, or a panel truck or a camper type vehicle used for recreational purposes owned by an individual or by husband and wife who are residents of the same household, not customarily used in the occupation, profession or business of the insured other than farming or ranching. An automobile owned by a farm family copartnership or corporation, which is principally garaged on a farm or ranch and otherwise meets the definitions contained in this section, shall be considered a private passenger automobile owned by two or more relatives resident in the same household.
  - b. "Essential services" means those services performed not for income which are ordinarily performed by an individual for the care and maintenance of such individual's family or family household.
  - c. "Income" means salary, wages, tips, commissions, fees and other earnings derived from work or employment.
- 38 d. "Income producer" means a person who, at the time of the accident causing personal injury or death, was in an occupational status, earning or producing income.
- 41 e. "Medical expenses" means reasonable and necessary expenses 42 for treatment or services as provided by the policy, including medical, 43 surgical, rehabilitative and diagnostic services and hospital expenses, 44 provided by a health care provider licensed or certified by the State or 45 by another state or nation, and reasonable and necessary expenses for ambulance services or other transportation, medication and other 46

- services as may be provided for, and subject to such limitations as
- provided for, in the policy, as approved by the commissioner.
- "Medical expenses" shall also include any nonmedical remedial
- 4 treatment rendered in accordance with a recognized religious method
- 5 of healing.
- 6 f. "Hospital expenses" means the cost of treatment and services, as
- provided in the policy approved by the commissioner, by a licensed 7
- 8 and accredited acute care facility which engages primarily in providing 9 diagnosis, treatment and care of sick and injured persons on an
- 10 inpatient or outpatient basis; the cost of covered treatment and
- 11 services provided by an extended care facility which provides room
- 12 and board and skilled nursing care 24 hours a day and which is
- 13 recognized by the administrators of the federal Medicare program as
- an extended care facility; and the cost of covered services at an 14
- 15 ambulatory surgical facility supervised by a physician licensed in this
- State or in another jurisdiction and recognized by the Commissioner 16
- of Health and Senior Services, or any other facility licensed, certified 17
- 18 or recognized by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or
- 19 the Commissioner of Human Services or a nationally recognized
- 20 system such as the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation
- 21 Facilities, or by another jurisdiction in which it is located.
- 22 g. "Named insured" means the person or persons identified as the
- 23 insured in the policy and, if an individual, his or her spouse, if the 24
- spouse is named as a resident of the same household, except that if the
- 25 spouse ceases to be a resident of the household of the named insured,
- 26 coverage shall be extended to the spouse for the full term of any policy
- 27 period in effect at the time of the cessation of residency.
  - h. "Pedestrian" means any person who is not occupying, entering into, or alighting from a vehicle propelled by other than muscular
- 29 30 power and designed primarily for use on highways, rails and tracks.
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- i. "Noneconomic loss" means pain, suffering and inconvenience. 32 j. "Motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle as defined in R.S.39:1-1,
- exclusive of an automobile as defined in subsection a. of this section. 33
- 34 k. "Economic loss" means uncompensated loss of inc-ome or
- property, or other uncompensated expenses, including, but not limited 35
- 36 to, medical expenses.

- "Health care provider" or "provider" means those persons 37
- 38 licensed or certified to perform health care treatment or services
- 39 compensable as medical expenses and shall include, but not be limited
- 40 to, (1) a hospital or health care facility which is maintained by a state
- 41 or any of its political subdivisions, (2) a hospital or health care facility
- 42 licensed by the Department of Health and Senior Services, (3) other
- 43 hospitals or health care facilities designated by the Department of
- Health and Senior Services to provide health care services, or other 45 facilities, including facilities for radiology and diagnostic testing,
- freestanding emergency clinics or offices, and private treatment 46

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- centers, (4) a nonprofit voluntary visiting nurse organization providing
- 2 health care services other than in a hospital, (5) hospitals or other
- 3 health care facilities or treatment centers located in other states or
- 4 nations, (6) physicians licensed to practice medicine and surgery, (7)
- licensed chiropractors, (8) licensed dentists, (9) licensed optometrists, 5
- (10) licensed pharmacists, (11) licensed [chiropodists] podiatrists, 6
- 7 (12) registered bio-analytical laboratories, (13) licensed psychologists,
- 8 (14) licensed physical therapists, (16) certified nurse-midwives, (17) 9
- certified nurse-practitioners/clinical nurse-specialists, (18) licensed
- health maintenance organizations, (19) licensed orthotists and 10
- 11 prosthetists, (20) licensed professional nurses, and (21) providers of
- 12 other health care services or supplies, including durable medical
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- 14 m. "Medically necessary" means that the treatment is consistent
- 15 with the symptoms or diagnosis, and treatment of the injury (1) is not
- primarily for the convenience of the injured person or provider, (2) is 16
- the most appropriate standard or level of service which is in 17
- 18 accordance with standards of good practice and standard professional
- 19 treatment protocols, as such protocols may be recognized or
- 20 designated by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, in
- 21 consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or
- 22 with a professional licensing or certifying board in the Division of
- Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety, or by 23
- 24 a nationally recognized professional organization, and (3) does not
- 25 involve unnecessary diagnostic testing.
- n. "Standard automobile insurance policy" means an automobile 26 27 insurance policy with at least the coverage required pursuant to
- sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-3 and 39:6A-4). 28
- 29 o. "Basic automobile insurance policy" means an automobile
- insurance policy pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1998, c.21 30
- 31 (C.39:6A-3.1).
- 32 (cf: P.L.1998, c.21, s.2)

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- 34 36. Section 1 of P.L.1973, c.322 (C.45:1-10) is amended to read 35 as follows:
- 1. It shall be unlawful for any person licensed in the State of New 36
- 37 Jersey to practice medicine or surgery, dentistry, osteopathy,
- [podiatry] podiatric medicine or chiropractic to agree with any 38
- 39 clinical, bio-analytical or hospital laboratory, wheresoever located, to
- 40 make payments to such laboratory for individual tests, combination of
- 41 tests, or test series for patients unless such person discloses on the
- bills to patients and third party payors the name and address of such 43 laboratory and the net amount or amounts paid or to be paid to such
- 44 laboratory for individual tests, combination of tests or test series.
- 45 (cf: P.L.1977, c.323, s.1)

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1	37. Section 1 of P.L.1975, c.300 (C.45:1-12) is amended to read
2	as follows:
3	1. No podiatrist, optometrist or psychologist and no professional
4	service corporation engaging in the practice of [podiatry] podiatric
5	medicine, optometry or psychology in this State shall charge a patient
6	an extra fee for services rendered in completing a medical claim form
7	in connection with a health insurance policy. Any person violating this
8	act shall be subject to a fine of \$100.00 for each offense.
9	Such penalty shall be collected and enforced by summary
10	proceedings pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law"
11	(N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999,"
12	P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). The Superior Court and
13	municipal court shall have jurisdiction within its territory of such
14	proceedings. Process shall be either in the nature of a summons or
15	warrant and shall issue in the name of the State, upon the complaint of
16	the State Board of Medical Examiners with respect to podiatrists, the
17	New Jersey State Board of Optometry for optometrists or the State
18	Board of Psychological Examiners for psychologists.
19	(cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.447)
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21	38. This act shall take effect immediately.
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24	STATEMENT
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26	This bill eliminates references to outdated terms in the statutes
27	relating to podiatrists and the practice of podiatric medicine and
28	replaces them with terms currently in use. The bill also includes some
29	technical changes to existing law.

# ASSEMBLY REGULATED PROFESSIONS AND INDEPENDENT AUTHORITIES COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2024

with committee amendments

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 3, 2004

The Assembly Regulated Professions and Independent Authorities Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 2024.

As amended, this bill eliminates references to outdated terms in the statutes relating to podiatrists and the practice of podiatric medicine and replaces them with terms currently in use. The bill also includes some technical changes to existing law.

### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:**

The committee adopted technical amendments so that the current language contained in various sections of law is included in the bill.

## SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

## STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 2024

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 5, 2005

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2024 (1R).

This bill eliminates references to outdated terms in the statutes relating to podiatrists and the practice of podiatric medicine and replaces them with terms currently in use. The bill also includes some technical changes to existing law.