#### 33:1-93.12

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF:** 2005 **CHAPTER:** 243

NJSA: 33:1-93.12 (Concerns relationship between manufacturers and wholesalers of malt alcoholic beverages)

BILL NO: A3619 (Substituted for S2170)

**SPONSOR(S):** Cryan and others

**DATE INTRODUCED:** January 10, 2005

**COMMITTEE:** ASSEMBLY: Law and Public Safety

**SENATE** Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No.

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 20, 2005

SENATE: December 8, 2005

**DATE OF APPROVAL:** December 15, 2005

**FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** 

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Assembly Committee Substitute for A3619 enacted)

A3619

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S2170

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

Yes

**COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

#### **FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:**

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REPORTS: No No Newspaper articles: No

IS 11/27/07

§§1-9 -C.33:1-93.12 to 33:1-93.20 §10 - C.33:1-43.2 §11 - Note to §§1-10

# P.L. 2005, CHAPTER 243, *approved December 15*, 2005 Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly, No. 3619

**AN ACT** concerning alcoholic beverages and supplementing Title 33 of the Revised Statutes.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Sections 1 through 9 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the "Malt Alcoholic Beverage Practices Act."

- 2. The Legislature finds and declares that:
- a. The distribution and sale of malt alcoholic beverages in this State vitally affects the general economy and revenues of the State, as well as the public interest and public welfare.
- b. It is appropriate to recognize the guiding characteristics regarding the distribution of malt alcoholic beverages to foster responsible industry practices involving the moderate and responsible use of these beverages, to provide a framework for the malt alcohol beverage industry that recognizes and encourages the beneficial aspects of competition, to provide trade stability, to maintain the three-tier distribution system, to protect the interests of the consumer regarding product quality and freshness and to achieve all facets of the legislatively declared public policy of this State as set forth in section 4 of P.L.1985, c.258 (C.33:1-3.1).
- c. It is therefore fitting and proper to regulate the business relationship between and brewers and wholesalers of malt alcoholic beverages and set forth their respective responsibilities to further the public policy of this State and protect beer wholesalers from unreasonable demands and requirements by brewers, while devoting sufficient efforts and resources to the distribution and sale of malt alcoholic beverages.
- d. The Legislature also finds and declares that nothing in sections 1 through 9 of this act shall be construed in any manner whatsoever to apply to wholesalers of wines and spirits and that sections 1 through 9 of the act shall be strictly limited to the responsibilities of brewers and wholesalers. But section 10 of this act shall apply to wholesalers of beer, wine and spirits alike.

- 3. As used in sections 1 through 9 of this act:
- 39 "Base product" is a malt alcoholic beverage product distributed by 40 a wholesaler.

1 "Brand extension" means any malt alcoholic beverage product 2 offered for sale in the State, other than on a test market basis in a 3 defined market area, that uses as part of its brand name, logo, 4 packaging or trade dress, including but not limited to, the name of the brewer if the brewer's name is a part of the product name, or that is 5 sold or marketed to the beer trade or to the consumer substantially in 6 7 association with, a brand name, logo, packaging or trade dress, 8 including, but not limited to, the name of the brewer if the brewer's 9 name is a part of the product name, of a malt alcoholic beverage 10 product then distributed by a wholesaler.

"Brewer" means any person, whether located within or outside the State who:

- a. brews, manufactures, imports, markets or supplies malt alcoholic beverages and sells malt alcoholic beverages to a plenary wholesale licensee or a limited wholesale licensee for the purpose of resale; or
- b. is an agent or broker of such a person who solicits orders for or arranges sales of such person's malt alcoholic beverages to a plenary wholesale licensee or a limited wholesale licensee for the purpose of resale; or
- c. is a successor brewer.

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"Fair market value" of an asset means the price at which the asset would change hands between a willing seller and a willing buyer when neither is acting under compulsion and when both have knowledge of the relevant facts.

"Good cause" means and is limited to a failure to substantially comply with reasonable terms contained in a contract or agreement between a brewer and wholesaler that contains the same terms as the brewer's contract with similarly situated United States, not including United States territories or possessions, distributors.

"Person" means a natural person, corporation, partnership, trust, or other entity and, in case of an entity, it shall include any other entity, except a natural person, which has a majority interest in such entity or effectively controls such entity.

"Sale or transfer" means any disposition of a contract, agreement or relationship between a brewer and a wholesaler or of any rights to acquire and distribute products of a brewer, or any interest therein, with or without consideration, including, but not limited to, bequest, inheritance, gift, exchange, lease or license.

"Successor brewer" means any person, not under common control with the predecessor brewer, who by any means, including, without limitation, by way of purchase, assignment, transfer, lease, license, appointment, contract, agreement, joint venture, merger, or other disposition of all or part of the business, assets, including trademarks, brands, distribution rights and other intangible assets, or ownership interests of a brewer, acquires the business or malt alcoholic beverage

brands of another brewer, or otherwise succeeds to a brewer's interest
 with respect to any malt alcoholic beverage brands.

"Wholesaler" means a plenary wholesale licensee or a limited wholesale licensee who purchases malt alcoholic beverages from a brewer for the purpose of resale to Class C licensees or State Beverage Distributor Licensees.

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- 4. a. Every brewer shall contract and agree in writing with a wholesaler for all supply, distribution and sale of the products of the brewer in this State, and each contract shall provide and specify the rights and duties of the brewer and the wholesaler with regard to such supply, distribution and sale. The terms and provisions of such contracts shall be reasonable, reflect the parties' mutuality of purpose and community of interest in the responsible sale and marketing of their products, and shall comply with and conform to State law and the terms of this act. The provisions of this act may not be waived or modified by written or oral agreement, estoppel or otherwise, and any provision of a contract or ancillary agreement that directly or indirectly requires or amounts to a waiver of any provision of this act, or that would relieve any person of any obligation or liability under this act, or that imposes unreasonable standards of performance on a wholesaler, shall be a violation of this act and shall be null, void and of no effect.
- b. This act shall apply to all contracts, agreements and relationships among any brewers and wholesalers, including contracts, agreements or relationships entered into, renewed, extended or modified after the effective date of this act. Contracts, agreements and relationships existing prior to the effective date of this act that are continuing in nature, have an indefinite term or have no specific duration shall be deemed for purposes of this act to have been renewed 60 days after the effective date of this act.
- c. The terms or provisions of a contract or agreement between a brewer and wholesaler shall not permit a brewer, and it shall be a violation of this act for a brewer:
- (1) to terminate, cancel or refuse to renew a contract, agreement or relationship with a wholesaler, or to fail or refuse to grant to a wholesaler the right to purchase and resell any brand extension under the same form of agreement as the base product, in part or in whole, except where the brewer establishes that it has acted for good cause and in good faith;
- 41 (2) to terminate, cancel or refuse to renew a contract, agreement 42 or relationship with a wholesaler, in part or in whole, because the 43 wholesaler refuses or fails to accept an unreasonable amendment to the 44 contract, agreement or relationship;
  - (3) to terminate, cancel or refuse to renew a contract, agreement or relationship with a wholesaler, in part or in whole, without first

giving the wholesaler written notice setting forth all of the alleged deficiencies on the part of the wholesaler and giving the wholesaler a reasonable opportunity of not more than 120 days to cure the alleged deficiencies; provided, however, that such period for cure may be increased or reduced to a commercially reasonable period by an order of a court in this State in a proceeding in which each party shall bear its own costs and expenses;

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- (4) to require the brewer's consent to the acquisition, sale or transfer of distribution rights for products other than those of the brewer or of assets unrelated to the distribution of the brewer's products;
- (5) to unreasonably withhold consent to a proposed sale or transfer of any ownership interests in the wholesaler to the spouse, children or heirs of existing holders of such ownership interests or to employees of the wholesaler, or to trusts for the benefit of such persons, except upon a statement of reasonable grounds, provided such transfer does not result in a sale or transfer of effective control, including but not limited to a change in the persons holding the majority voting power, of the wholesaler; or to take more than 30 days to approve or disapprove the proposed sale or transfer after the brewer has received written notice of the proposal from the wholesaler and received all reasonably requested information from the wholesaler to enable the brewer to pass upon the proposed sale or transfer.
- (6) to unreasonably withhold consent to a proposed sale or transfer, in part or in whole, of any ownership interests in the wholesaler or the distribution rights for the brewer's products, assets of the wholesaler related to the distribution of the brewer's products, or of ownership interests in the wholesaler to other parties, except upon a statement of reasonable grounds that are based upon reasonable, previously announced, in an agreement with its wholesalers or otherwise, standards of the brewer, relating to the qualifications of such transferee relating to the character, financial ability or business experience of the proposed transferee, or relating to the resulting market combinations or territory to be serviced by the transferee; or to take more than 30 days to approve or disapprove the proposed sale or transfer after the brewer has received written notice of the proposal from the wholesaler and received all reasonably requested information from the wholesaler to enable the brewer to pass upon the proposed sale or transfer, provided that such period may be extended by agreement of the parties; provided, however, that at any time within such 30-day period prior to the date on which the brewer approves or disapproves such a proposed sale or transfer, the brewer shall have the right and option to purchase, and in the event of a brewer's disapproval relating to the resulting market combinations or territory to be serviced by the transferee, the wholesaler shall have the right and option to require the brewer to purchase at the price and on

the terms and conditions set forth in the agreement between the wholesaler and the proposed transferee, all of the distribution rights, assets or ownership interest that are the subject of the proposed sale or transfer, at the price and on the terms and conditions set forth in the agreement between the wholesaler and the proposed transferee, subject to the following:

- (a) if the proposed transferee is the spouse, children or heirs of existing holders of ownership interests in the wholesaler, then the brewer shall not have the right and option to purchase such ownership interest;
- (b) if the proposed transferee is an existing holder of ownership interests in the wholesaler, or is the manager or the successor manager of the wholesaler, then if the brewer exercises its option to purchase under this section, the wholesaler may, instead of selling or transferring to the brewer, rescind the proposed sale or transfer by notice to the brewer; and
- (c) the brewer shall complete such purchase within sixty days of its exercise of its right to do so.
- (7) to allow more than one wholesaler to sell any of the brewer's product lines or brands within the same territory or area at the same time. This paragraph shall not apply to contracts or agreements entered into prior to the effective date of this act, or future renewals of such contracts or agreements, to the extent that, as permitted under the existing contract or agreement and the future renewals allow, as of the effective date of this act, different wholesalers to sell certain but not all of the brewer's brands or brand extensions within the same territory or area at the same time;
- (8) to unreasonably fail to consent to the wholesaler's designation of an individual as the wholesaler's manager or successor-manager in accordance with previously announced non-discriminatory and reasonable qualifications and standards;
- (9) to withdraw approval of an individual as the wholesaler's manager or successor-manager unless in good faith and with just cause based upon deficiencies in the performance of the manager or successor-manager, which in the case of the manager shall be material deficiencies; or
- (10) to prohibit, directly or indirectly, the right of free association among wholesalers for any lawful purpose; or
- (11) to fail to act, during the term of the contract, agreement or relationship between them in a manner consistent with the covenant of good faith and fair dealing implicit in State contract law.
- A wholesaler also shall act in a manner consistent with the covenant of good faith and fair dealing implied in State contract.
- d. It shall not be a violation of this act for a successor brewer to:
- 45 (1) terminate, in whole or in part, its contract, agreement or 46 relationship with a wholesaler, or the contract, agreement or

relationship with a wholesaler of the brewer it succeeded, for the purpose of transferring the distribution rights in the wholesaler's territory for the malt alcoholic beverage brands to which the successor brewer succeeded, to a wholesaler or wholesalers that then distributes other products of the successor brewer in such territory, provided that the successor brewer or the second wholesaler or wholesalers first pays to the first wholesaler the fair market value of the first wholesaler's business with respect to the terminated brand or brands; provided, however, that such termination shall not be permitted, and may be enjoined, where it may cause irreparable injury to the first wholesaler and the standards for injunctive relief are otherwise met; and provided further that a rebuttable presumption of such irreparable injury shall be inferred when the terminated brand or brands represent 20% or more of the first wholesaler's gross sales; or

- (2) to assume and continue the contract, agreement or relationship of the brewer it succeeded with a wholesaler in the wholesaler's territory for the malt alcoholic beverage brands to which it succeeded, notwithstanding that the successor brewer distributes other products in such territory through another wholesaler.
- e. Whether the terms of a contract, agreement or relationship conform with the provisions of this section shall be determined by a court of this State in the context of a specific case or controversy among wholesalers and brewers only, and not by generally applicable rule, regulation or otherwise. In any such determination proper consideration should be given to relevant precedents provided under the "Franchise Practices Act," P.L.1971, c.356 (C.56:10-1 et seq.), and the fact that a term of a contract, agreement or relationship may be a term of the kind described in section 9 of this act shall not be considered in making such determination.

- 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection c. of section 4 of this act, a brewer may immediately terminate a contract or agreement with a wholesaler, to the extent provided in reasonable terms of the contract or agreement that contains the same terms as the brewer's contract with similarly situated United States, not including United States territories or possessions, distributors, if any of the following occur:
- a. The assignment or attempted assignment by the wholesaler for the benefit of creditors, the institution of proceedings in bankruptcy by or against the wholesaler, the dissolution or liquidation of the wholesaler, the insolvency of the wholesaler or the wholesaler's failure to pay for malt alcoholic beverages in accordance with the agreed terms;
- b. Failure of any owner to sell his ownership interest in a wholesaler within 120 days after the:
  - (1) owner has been convicted of a felony or crime of the third

- degree or higher which, in the reasonable judgment of the brewer, may adversely affect the goodwill or interests of the wholesaler or the brewer and the brewer notifies the wholesaler that it requires such ale; or
  - (2) brewer learns of such conviction and notifies the wholesaler that it requires such sale because, in the reasonable judgment of the brewer, it may adversely affect the goodwill or interests of the wholesaler or the brewer and the brewer notifies the wholesaler that it requires such sale;
  - c. Fraudulent conduct of the wholesaler, in any of its dealings with the brewer or the brewer's products, that is known to, or should have been known to the senior management or the owners of the wholesaler;
  - d. Revocation or suspension for more than 31 days of the wholesaler's federal basic permit or of any state or local license required of a wholesaler for the normal operation of its business;
  - e. Intentional sale, directly or indirectly, of malt alcoholic beverages by a wholesaler outside the sales territory prescribed by the brewer; or
  - f. Without brewer consent, the wholesaler engages in changes in ownership, the establishment of trusts or other ownership interests, enters into buy-sell agreements, or grants an option to purchase an ownership interest; this provision will not apply if the wholesaler establishes that the brewer's failure to consent, after having received notice as provided in paragraphs (5) or (6) of subsection c. of section 4 of this act, was in violation of this act.

6. During the term of a contract or agreement between a brewer and a wholesaler subject to this act, the wholesaler shall, in accordance with the reasonable standards of such contract or agreement, as reasonably relied upon by the wholesaler, enforced without discriminatory intent and in good faith, and uniformly applicable to similarly situated distributors, maintain physical facilities, equipment and personnel so that the product and brand of the brewer are properly represented in the territory of the wholesaler, the reputation and trade name of the brewer are reasonably protected, and the public is served.

7. a. Any brewer or wholesaler may bring an action against a brewer for violation of this act, or against a successor brewer in connection with a termination pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection d. of section 4 of this act, in the Superior Court of the State of New Jersey. Any brewer who violates any provision of this act, and any successor brewer who terminates a contract, agreement or relationship with a wholesaler pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection d. of section 4 of this act, shall pay the injured wholesaler all reasonable damages sustained by it as a result of the brewer's violations. Injunctive and

1 other equitable relief also shall be available in appropriate

- 2 circumstances under the applicable standards for such relief under
- 3 State law. Injunctive equitable relief shall be granted against an actual
- 4 or threatened unlawful failure or refusal to grant a wholesaler the right
- 5 to purchase and resell a brand extension. The wholesaler or brewer
- 6 who sues alleging a violation of this act shall, if successful, also be
- 7 entitled to the costs of the action including, but not limited to,
- 8 reasonable attorney's fees.

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- b. Without limiting the provisions of subsection a. of this section, if a brewer violates paragraphs (1), (2) or (3) of subsection c. of section 4 of this act, the injured wholesaler's reasonable damages shall include the fair market value of the wholesaler's business with respect to the terminated brand or brands.
- 14 c. If a brewer terminates or fails to renew, in whole or in part, a 15 contract, agreement or relationship with a wholesaler for good cause and in good faith, other than terminations or failures to renew properly 16 17 based upon grounds for immediate termination under section 5 of this act, the brewer shall pay to the wholesaler reasonable compensation, 18 19 which may be established by a reasonable liquidated damages provision 20 in a written contract or written agreement between the brewer and the 21 wholesaler. Payment for inventory and other tangible assets owned and 22 used by the wholesaler in its operation as a wholesaler for the brewer's 23 products as provided for under the standards of a written contract or 24 written agreement, as well as a payment determined by multiplying by two the wholesaler's pre-tax net income attributable to the sale of the 25 26 brewer's brand or brands for the wholesaler's most recently completed 27 fiscal year preceding the year in which the termination occurs, is 28 deemed to be a reasonable liquidated damages provision under this act 29 for such a termination of the right to distribute brands representing 30 more than 20% of the wholesaler's revenues. This payment shall not 31 be deemed reasonable compensation in any other circumstance or to 32 represent a basis for calculating fair market value. In particular and 33 without limitation, in the case of brands representing 20% or less of a 34 wholesaler's revenues, which may not require significant incremental 35 expenses for delivery, sales and service, making a net income standard inappropriate, such payment shall not be deemed to be a reasonable 36 37 liquidated damages provision under this act.
  - d. In the event of a termination under section 5 of this act, payment for inventory in the manner prescribed under the reasonable standards of a contract or agreement is reasonable compensation under this act.
- e. Nothing in this act shall be deemed to give a right of action for violation of this act to any third party to the relationship between a brewer and a wholesaler, except for a brewer adversely affected by another brewer's violation of this act with respect to a common wholesaler.

1 8. If any material provision within any section of this act is held 2 invalid, the remainder of this act and the act as a whole shall be held 3 invalid; provided that if the application of any material provision 4 within any section of this act to any person or circumstance is held invalid, then the remainder of this act and the act as a whole shall be 5 held invalid as to such person or circumstance. The "Franchise 6 7 Practices Act," P.L.1971, c. 356 (C.56:10-1 et seq.) shall not apply to 8 those agreements subject to this act; provided, however, that as the 9 material provisions of this act are not severable, this section shall not 10 be severable from the provisions of sections 3, 4 and 7 of this act, and 11 in the event that any provision thereof is held invalid, then the "Franchise Practices Act" shall be fully applicable to the extent it 12 13 would otherwise apply as if this act had not been enacted, and if the 14 application of any provision thereof to any person or circumstance is 15 held invalid, then the "Franchise Practices Act" shall be fully applicable to such person or circumstance to the extent it would otherwise apply 16 17 as if this act had not been enacted with respect to such person or 18 circumstance.

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- 9. The Legislature finds that where a brewer's products represent more than 20% of a wholesaler's gross sales and the brewer and wholesaler have a community of interest in the marketing of the brewer's products, there is a justification for certain input by the brewer into the operations of the wholesaler, but that such input from numerous brewers representing smaller percentages of a wholesaler's gross sales might subject wholesalers to inconsistent obligations, create uncertainty as to those obligations, and interfere unreasonably with the wholesaler's ability to operate its business. Accordingly, consistent with the legislatively declared public policy of this State in section 4 of P.L.1985, c.258 (C.33:1-3.1), the use of the following terms in any agreement or contract, including agreements or contracts existing on the effective date of this act, between manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages and wholesalers, shall not be construed to grant such manufacturer or wholesaler an interest in another manufacturer or wholesaler under the relevant provisions of Title 33 of the Revised Statutes or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder provided that the brewer's products represent more than 20% of the wholesaler's gross sales and the brewer and wholesaler have a community of interest in the marketing of the brewer's
- a. Terms providing brewers the ability to give reasonable consent to wholesaler ownership and management changes, including successor management;
- b. Terms setting forth quality, operational, marketing and sales standards designed to properly represent the products, brands, reputation and trade name of the brewer, in the territory and at retail,

including terms under which a wholesaler commits to provide certain
 efforts and resources toward a brewer's products;

- c. Terms concerning ordering and inventory methods with respect to the brewer's products; and
- d. Terms requiring wholesalers to provide financial information to a brewer related to sales and operations of the brewer's products, and reasonable aggregated financial information related to the sales and operations of all other malt alcoholic beverage products distributed by the wholesaler.

- 10. a. Manufacturers, importing entities or wholesalers, as these terms are defined in R.S.33:1-1, or third parties at the direction of manufacturers, importing entities or wholesalers, may sell, lease or provide services, items or equipment to retailers that are intended to enhance or protect the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers, including:
- (1) Cleaning and needed repairs of dispensing systems for alcoholic beverage products, including draught systems for malt alcoholic beverages, powered decanter systems for wine and pouring systems, and decanter racks or blending machines for distilled spirits.
- (2) Certain equipment, such as tap handles, filters, faucets, tavern heads, regulators, and similar ancillary equipment, that protects the quality or taste of the alcoholic beverage products produced or supplied by the appropriate licensee, subject to the provisions of R.S.33:1-43.1. Substantial equipment such as complete draught or refrigeration systems, or coolant shall only be sold at no less than fair market value; however nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent a licensee from renting or providing such substantial equipment to a retailer on a short-term temporary basis for special events.
- (3) Delivery of alcoholic beverages into a retail account at the number of locations as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler and the retailer.
- (4) Occasional, unscheduled placing, and stocking of alcoholic beverages sold by the wholesaler within a retail accounts' premises, to ensure the alcoholic beverages will be available for consumers to purchase, as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler and retailer, and regular rotation of alcoholic beverages sold by the wholesaler as necessary to ensure the freshness of those products with a limited shelf life.
- (5) Shelf management, marketing and pricing recommendations, and implementation of shelf management decisions and resets of a manufacturer's supplier's, wholesaler's, or third party's own products as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler and the retailer.
- (6) Building product displays, including price signs denoting prices established by the retailer, sweepstakes prizes for customers as

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part of a display and advertising items such as point of sale advertising 2 and consumer novelties, as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler 3 and retailer.

4 b. A licensee may provide reasonable entertainment to another licensee, such as engaging in sporting activities, taking a licensee to an entertainment or sports event, or providing meals and beverages to the licensee. The licensee shall not condition the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment on an agreement to sell the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier or wholesaler. A retailer shall not request the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment as a condition for selling the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier or wholesaler.

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11. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third month after enactment.

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21 Concerns relationship between manufacturers and wholesalers of malt 22 alcoholic beverages; authorizes certain alcoholic beverage trade

23 practices.

### ASSEMBLY, No. 3619

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 10, 2005

Sponsored by:
Assemblyman JOSEPH CRYAN
District 20 (Union)
Assemblyman JOSEPH J. ROBERTS, JR.
District 5 (Camden and Gloucester)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Concerns certain agreements between brewers and beer wholesalers; regulates the provision of certain services to alcoholic beverage retailers.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning alcoholic beverages and supplementing Title 33 of the Revised Statutes.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. The use of the following terms in any agreement or contract, including agreements or contracts existing on the effective date of this act, between manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages and wholesalers, shall not be construed to grant such manufacturer or wholesaler an interest in another manufacturer or wholesaler under
- 12 R.S.33:1-1 et seq. or any other statute, rule or regulation:
  - a. Terms providing manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages the ability to give reasonable consent to wholesaler ownership and management changes, including successor management;
    - b. Terms setting forth quality, operational, marketing and sales standards designed to properly represent the products, brands, reputation and trade name of the manufacturer of malt alcoholic beverages, in the territory and at retail, including terms under which a wholesaler commits to provide certain efforts and resources toward a manufacturer's products;
      - c. Terms concerning ordering and inventory methods;
    - d. Terms requiring wholesalers to provide financial information to a manufacturer related to sales and operations of malt beverage products; and
    - e. Terms arising from modifications that occur after written notice to the wholesaler by a manufacturer after having consulted with an advisory panel of wholesalers.

- 2. Manufacturers, suppliers, wholesalers, or third parties at the direction of manufacturers, suppliers or wholesalers, may provide services, items or equipment to retailers that are intended to enhance the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers, including:
- a. Systematic cleaning and needed repairs of dispensing systems for alcoholic beverage products, including draught systems for malt alcoholic beverages, powered decanter systems for wine and pouring systems, and decanter racks or blending machines for distilled spirits.
- b. Certain equipment that enhances the quality or taste of the alcoholic beverage products produced or supplied by the appropriate licensee, subject to the provisions of R.S.33:1-43.1. Tap handlers, filters, faucets, tavern heads, regulators, and similar ancillary equipment may be provided pursuant to the provisions of this subsection, but not substantial equipment such as complete draught or refrigeration systems, or coolant. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent a licensee from renting such substantial

equipment to a retailer at a fair market rental, or providing such equipment to a retailer on a short-term temporary basis for special events.

- c. Delivery of malt beverages into a retail account at the number of locations as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler and the retailer.
- d. Placing, stocking and rotating their alcoholic beverages within a retail account's premises, to ensure the alcoholic beverages will be available for consumers to purchase, and as necessary to ensure the freshness of those products with a limited shelf life.
- e. Shelf management, marketing and pricing recommendations, and implementation of shelf management decisions and resets of a manufacturer's, supplier's, wholesaler's or third party's own products as reasonably directed by the retailer.
- f. Building product displays, including price signs denoting prices directed by the retailer, sweepstakes prizes for customers as part of a display and advertising items such as point of sale advertising and consumer novelties.
- 3. A licensee may provide reasonable entertainment to another licensee, such as engaging in sporting activities, taking a licensee to an entertainment or sports event, or providing meals and beverages to the licensee. The licensee shall not condition the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment on an agreement to sell the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler. A retailer shall not request the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment as a condition for selling the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler.

4. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third month after enactment.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill supplements Title 33 of the Revised Statutes (Alcoholic Beverages) to establish permissible terms that may appear in agreements or contracts between manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages and wholesalers and which do not constitute a manufacturer or wholesaler holding an interest in another manufacturer or wholesaler. Permissble terms would include:

- 1) Terms providing manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages the ability to give reasonable consent to wholesaler ownership and management, including successor management, changes;
- 2) Terms setting forth quality, operational, marketing and sales standards designed to properly represent the products, brands,

#### A3619 CRYAN, ROBERTS

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- 1 reputation and trade name of the manufacturer of malt alcoholic
- 2 beverages, in the territory and at retail, including terms under which
- 3 a wholesaler commits to provide certain efforts and resources toward
- 4 a manufacturer's products;

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- 3) Terms concerning ordering and inventory methods;
- 4) Terms requiring wholesalers to provide financial information to a manufacturer related to sales and operations of malt beverage products; and
- 5) Terms arising from modifications that occur after written notice to the wholesaler by a manufacturer after having consulted with an advisory panel of wholesalers.

The bill further provides that manufacturers, suppliers, wholesalers, 12 13 or third parties at the direction of manufacturers, suppliers or 14 wholesalers, may provide services, items or equipment to retailers that 15 are intended to enhance the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers, including: systematic cleaning and 16 needed repairs of dispensing systems for alcoholic beverage products; 17 18 certain equipment that enhances the quality or taste of the alcoholic 19 beverage products; delivery of malt beverages into a retail account at 20 the number of locations as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler and 21 the retailer; placing, stocking and rotating their alcoholic beverages 22 within a retail account's premises, to ensure the alcoholic beverages 23 will be available for consumers to purchase, and as necessary to 24 ensure the freshness of those products with a limited shelf life; shelf 25 management, marketing and pricing recommendations, 26 implementation of shelf management decisions and resets of one's own 27 products as reasonably directed by the retailer; and building product 28 displays.

The bill also provides that a licensee may provide reasonable entertainment to another licensee, such as engaging in sporting activities, taking a licensee to an entertainment or sports event, or providing meals and beverages to the licensee. However, a licensee is prohibited from conditioning the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment on an agreement to sell the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler. Finally, retailers are prohibited from requesting the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment as a condition for selling the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler.

#### ASSEMBLY LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 3619

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 9, 2005** 

The Assembly Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3619.

This Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3619 establishes the "Malt Alcoholic Beverages Act" governing written agreements between brewers and wholesalers; establishes that certain contractual terms between manufactures and wholesalers of malt alcoholic beverages do not constitute "ownership;" and authorizes manufacturers, suppliers and wholesalers to provide to retailers certain services, items or equipment intended to enhance the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers.

The specific provisions of the committee substitute are as follows:

I. Written Agreements between Brewers and Wholesalers under the "Malt Alcoholic Beverages Act"

Sections 1 through 8 of the committee substitute, to be known as the "Malt Alcoholic Beverages Act," (MABA) require all agreements between brewers and wholesalers of malt alcoholic beverages to be in writing and to specify the rights and duties of the brewer and wholesaler in regard to the supply, distribution and sale of these beverages. The terms of the agreement must be reasonable and any provision that imposes an unreasonable standard of performance on a wholesaler is a violation of the substitute's provisions and as such would be null and void.

The MABA makes it a violation for a brewer to terminate, cancel or refuse to renew a contract with a wholesaler unless the brewer establishes that it has acted for good cause and in good faith. The MABA also sets forth limited specific grounds for immediate termination of a wholesaler, such as wholesaler insolvency or when a wholesaler has been convicted of a felony crime of the third degree or higher or engages in fraudulent conduct.

The MABA establishes a framework for damages and injunctive relief in the event of reasonable and unreasonable terminations and provides for actions that violate the committee substitute's provisions to be brought in the Superior Court of New Jersey.

If a material provision within a section of the MABA is held invalid as a whole or in application to a particular person or circumstance, then the remainder of this bill shall be held invalid in whole or in application to a particular person or circumstance, as the case may be and the "Franchise Practices Act" would be applicable.

The committee substitute specifically states that nothing in the "Malt Alcoholic Beverages Act" shall be construed in any manner whatsoever to apply to wholesalers of wines and spirits and the act shall be strictly limited to the responsibilities of brewers and wholesalers. But section 10 of the substitute does apply to beer, wine and spirits wholesalers alike.

#### II. Terms Not Constituting Ownership Interests

The committee substitute also establishes that certain common terms in agreements or contracts between manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages and wholesalers do not constitute one of the parties holding an "interest" in the other if the manufacturer's products represent 20% or more of the wholesaler's gross sales. The categories of terms are those:

- (1) providing manufacturers the ability to give reasonable consent to wholesaler ownership and management, including successor management, changes;
- (2) setting forth quality, operational, marketing and sales standards designed to properly represent the products, brands, reputation and trade name of the manufacturer in the territory and at retail, including terms under which a wholesaler commits to provide certain efforts and resources toward the manufacturer's products;
- (3) concerning ordering and inventory methods regarding the manufacturer's products; and
- (4) requiring wholesalers to provide financial information to a manufacturer related to sales and operations of the manufacturer's products, as well as other aggregated financial information.

#### III. Trade Practices

The committee substitute further provides that manufacturers, suppliers, wholesalers, or third parties at the direction of manufacturers, suppliers or wholesalers, may provide services, items or equipment to retailers that are intended to enhance the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers, including: cleaning and needed repairs of dispensing systems for alcoholic beverage products; certain equipment that enhances the quality or taste of the alcoholic beverage products; delivery of malt beverages into a retail account at the number of locations as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler and the retailer; placing, stocking and rotating their alcoholic beverages within a retail account's premises, to ensure the alcoholic beverages will be available for consumers to purchase, and as necessary to ensure the freshness of those products with a limited shelf life; shelf management, marketing and pricing recommendations, and implementation of shelf management decisions and resets of one's own products as mutually agreed upon by the retailer and wholesaler; and building product displays.

The committee substitute also provides that a licensee may provide

reasonable entertainment to another licensee, such as engaging in sporting activities, taking a licensee to an entertainment or sports event, or providing meals and beverages to the licensee. However, a licensee is prohibited from conditioning the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment on an agreement to sell the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler. Finally, retailers are prohibited from requesting the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment as a condition for selling the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler.

### SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 3619

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 26, 2005

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports favorably the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3619.

This committee substitute establishes the "Malt Alcoholic Beverages Act" governing written agreements between brewers and wholesalers; establishes that certain contractual terms between manufactures and wholesalers of malt alcoholic beverages do not constitute "ownership;" and authorizes manufacturers, suppliers and wholesalers to provide to retailers certain services, items or equipment intended to enhance the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers.

The specific provisions of the committee substitute are as follows:

I. Written Agreements between Brewers and Wholesalers under the "Malt Alcoholic Beverages Act"

Sections 1 through 8 of the committee substitute, to be known as the "Malt Alcoholic Beverages Act," (MABA) require all agreements between brewers and wholesalers of malt alcoholic beverages to be in writing and to specify the rights and duties of the brewer and wholesaler in regard to the supply, distribution and sale of these beverages. The terms of the agreement must be reasonable and any provision that imposes an unreasonable standard of performance on a wholesaler is a violation of the substitute's provisions and as such would be null and void.

The MABA makes it a violation for a brewer to terminate, cancel or refuse to renew a contract with a wholesaler unless the brewer establishes that it has acted for good cause and in good faith. The MABA also sets forth limited specific grounds for immediate termination of a wholesaler, such as wholesaler insolvency or when a wholesaler has been convicted of a felony or crime of the third degree or higher or engages in fraudulent conduct.

The MABA establishes a framework for damages and injunctive relief in the event of reasonable and unreasonable terminations and provides for actions that violate the committee substitute's provisions to be brought in the Superior Court of New Jersey.

If a material provision within a section of the MABA is held invalid as a whole or in application to a particular person or circumstance, then the remainder of shall be held invalid in whole or in application to a particular person or circumstance, as the case may be and the "Franchise Practices Act" would be applicable.

The committee substitute specifically states that nothing in the MABA shall be construed in any manner whatsoever to apply to wholesalers of wines and spirits and that its provisions are strictly limited to the responsibilities of brewers and wholesalers. But section 10 of the substitute does apply to beer, wine and spirits wholesalers alike.

#### II. Terms Not Constituting Ownership Interests

The committee substitute also establishes that certain common terms in agreements or contracts between manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages and wholesalers do not constitute one of the parties holding an "interest" in the other if the manufacturer's products represent 20% or more of the wholesaler's gross sales. The categories of terms are those:

- (1) providing manufacturers the ability to give reasonable consent to wholesaler ownership and management, including successor management, changes;
- (2) setting forth quality, operational, marketing and sales standards designed to properly represent the products, brands, reputation and trade name of the manufacturer in the territory and at retail, including terms under which a wholesaler commits to provide certain efforts and resources toward the manufacturer's products;
- (3) concerning ordering and inventory methods regarding the manufacturer's products; and
- (4) requiring wholesalers to provide financial information to a manufacturer related to sales and operations of the manufacturer's products, as well as other aggregated financial information.

#### III. Trade Practices

The committee substitute further provides that manufacturers, suppliers, wholesalers, or third parties at the direction of manufacturers, suppliers or wholesalers, may provide services, items or equipment to retailers that are intended to enhance the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers, including: cleaning and needed repairs of dispensing systems for alcoholic beverage products; certain equipment that enhances the quality or taste of the alcoholic beverage products; delivery of malt beverages into a retail account at the number of locations as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler and the retailer; placing, stocking and rotating their alcoholic beverages within a retail account's premises, to ensure the alcoholic beverages will be available for consumers to purchase, and as necessary to ensure the freshness of those products with a limited shelf life; shelf management, marketing and pricing recommendations, and implementation of shelf management decisions and resets of one's own products as mutually agreed upon by the

retailer and wholesaler; and building product displays.

The committee substitute also provides that a licensee may provide reasonable entertainment to another licensee, such as engaging in sporting activities, taking a licensee to an entertainment or sports event, or providing meals and beverages to the licensee. However, a licensee is prohibited from conditioning the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment on an agreement to sell the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler. Finally, retailers are prohibited from requesting the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment as a condition for selling the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler.

As reported by the committee, this committee substitute is identical to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2170, which also was reported by the committee on this same date.

### **SENATE, No. 2170**

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 13, 2004

Sponsored by: Senator BERNARD F. KENNY, JR. District 33 (Hudson)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Concerns certain agreements between brewers and beer wholesalers; regulates the provision of certain services to alcoholic beverage retailers.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning alcoholic beverages and supplementing Title 33 of the Revised Statutes.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. The use of the following terms in any agreement or contract, including agreements or contracts existing on the effective date of this act, between manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages and wholesalers, shall not be construed to grant such manufacturer or wholesaler an interest in another manufacturer or wholesaler under

12 R.S.33:1-1 et seq. or any other statute, rule or regulation:

- a. Terms providing manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages the ability to give reasonable consent to wholesaler ownership and management changes, including successor management;
- b. Terms setting forth quality, operational, marketing and sales standards designed to properly represent the products, brands, reputation and trade name of the manufacturer of malt alcoholic beverages, in the territory and at retail, including terms under which a wholesaler commits to provide certain efforts and resources toward a manufacturer's products;
  - c. Terms concerning ordering and inventory methods;
- d. Terms requiring wholesalers to provide financial information to a manufacturer related to sales and operations of malt beverage products; and
- e. Terms arising from modifications that occur after written notice to the wholesaler by a manufacturer after having consulted with an advisory panel of wholesalers.

- 2. Manufacturers, suppliers, wholesalers, or third parties at the direction of manufacturers, suppliers or wholesalers, may provide services, items or equipment to retailers that are intended to enhance the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers, including:
- a. Systematic cleaning and needed repairs of dispensing systems for alcoholic beverage products, including draught systems for malt alcoholic beverages, powered decanter systems for wine and pouring systems, and decanter racks or blending machines for distilled spirits.
- b. Certain equipment that enhances the quality or taste of the alcoholic beverage products produced or supplied by the appropriate licensee, subject to the provisions of R.S.33:1-43.1. Tap handlers, filters, faucets, tavern heads, regulators, and similar ancillary equipment may be provided pursuant to the provisions of this subsection, but not substantial equipment such as complete draught or refrigeration systems, or coolant. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent a licensee from renting such substantial

equipment to a retailer at a fair market rental, or providing such equipment to a retailer on a short-term temporary basis for special events.

- c. Delivery of malt beverages into a retail account at the number of locations as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler and the retailer.
- d. Placing, stocking and rotating their alcoholic beverages within a retail account's premises, to ensure the alcoholic beverages will be available for consumers to purchase, and as necessary to ensure the freshness of those products with a limited shelf life.
- e. Shelf management, marketing and pricing recommendations, and implementation of shelf management decisions and resets of a manufacturer's, supplier's, wholesaler's or third party's own products as reasonably directed by the retailer.
- f. Building product displays, including price signs denoting prices directed by the retailer, sweepstakes prizes for customers as part of a display and advertising items such as point of sale advertising and consumer novelties.
- 3. A licensee may provide reasonable entertainment to another licensee, such as engaging in sporting activities, taking a licensee to an entertainment or sports event, or providing meals and beverages to the licensee. The licensee shall not condition the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment on an agreement to sell the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler. A retailer shall not request the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment as a condition for selling the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler.

4. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third month after enactment.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill supplements Title 33 of the Revised Statutes (Alcoholic Beverages) to establish permissible terms that may appear in agreements or contracts between manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages and wholesalers and which do not constitute a manufacturer or wholesaler holding an interest in another manufacturer or wholesaler. Permissble terms would include:

- 1) Terms providing manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages the ability to give reasonable consent to wholesaler ownership and management, including successor management, changes;
- 2) Terms setting forth quality, operational, marketing and sales standards designed to properly represent the products, brands,

- 1 reputation and trade name of the manufacturer of malt alcoholic
- 2 beverages, in the territory and at retail, including terms under which
- 3 a wholesaler commits to provide certain efforts and resources toward
- 4 a manufacturer's products;

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- 3) Terms concerning ordering and inventory methods;
- 4) Terms requiring wholesalers to provide financial information to a manufacturer related to sales and operations of malt beverage products; and
- 5) Terms arising from modifications that occur after written notice to the wholesaler by a manufacturer after having consulted with an advisory panel of wholesalers.

The bill further provides that manufacturers, suppliers, wholesalers, 12 13 or third parties at the direction of manufacturers, suppliers or 14 wholesalers, may provide services, items or equipment to retailers that 15 are intended to enhance the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers, including: systematic cleaning and 16 needed repairs of dispensing systems for alcoholic beverage products; 17 18 certain equipment that enhances the quality or taste of the alcoholic 19 beverage products; delivery of malt beverages into a retail account at 20 the number of locations as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler and 21 the retailer; placing, stocking and rotating their alcoholic beverages 22 within a retail account's premises, to ensure the alcoholic beverages 23 will be available for consumers to purchase, and as necessary to 24 ensure the freshness of those products with a limited shelf life; shelf 25 management, marketing and pricing recommendations, 26 implementation of shelf management decisions and resets of one's own 27 products as reasonably directed by the retailer; and building product 28 displays.

The bill also provides that a licensee may provide reasonable entertainment to another licensee, such as engaging in sporting activities, taking a licensee to an entertainment or sports event, or providing meals and beverages to the licensee. However, a licensee is prohibited from conditioning the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment on an agreement to sell the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler. Finally, retailers are prohibited from requesting the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment as a condition for selling the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler.

## SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

## SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 2170

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 26, 2005

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports favorably a Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2170.

This Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2170 establishes the "Malt Alcoholic Beverages Act" governing written agreements between brewers and wholesalers; establishes that certain contractual terms between manufactures and wholesalers of malt alcoholic beverages do not constitute "ownership;" and authorizes manufacturers, suppliers and wholesalers to provide to retailers certain services, items or equipment intended to enhance the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers.

The specific provisions of the committee substitute are as follows:

I. Written Agreements between Brewers and Wholesalers under the "Malt Alcoholic Beverages Act"

Sections 1 through 8 of the committee substitute, to be known as the "Malt Alcoholic Beverages Act," (MABA) require all agreements between brewers and wholesalers of malt alcoholic beverages to be in writing and to specify the rights and duties of the brewer and wholesaler in regard to the supply, distribution and sale of these beverages. The terms of the agreement must be reasonable and any provision that imposes an unreasonable standard of performance on a wholesaler is a violation of the substitute's provisions and as such would be null and void.

The MABA makes it a violation for a brewer to terminate, cancel or refuse to renew a contract with a wholesaler unless the brewer establishes that it has acted for good cause and in good faith. The MABA also sets forth limited specific grounds for immediate termination of a wholesaler, such as wholesaler insolvency or when a wholesaler has been convicted of a felony or crime of the third degree or higher or engages in fraudulent conduct.

The MABA establishes a framework for damages and injunctive relief in the event of reasonable and unreasonable terminations and provides for actions that violate the committee substitute's provisions to be brought in the Superior Court of New Jersey.

If a material provision within a section of the MABA is held invalid as a whole or in application to a particular person or circumstance, then the remainder shall be held invalid in whole or in application to a particular person or circumstance, as the case may be and the "Franchise Practices Act" would be applicable.

The committee substitute specifically states that nothing in the MABA shall be construed in any manner whatsoever to apply to wholesalers of wines and spirits and that its provisions are strictly limited to the responsibilities of brewers and wholesalers. But section 10 of the substitute does apply to beer, wine and spirits wholesalers alike.

#### II. Terms Not Constituting Ownership Interests

The committee substitute also establishes that certain common terms in agreements or contracts between manufacturers of malt alcoholic beverages and wholesalers do not constitute one of the parties holding an "interest" in the other if the manufacturer's products represent 20% or more of the wholesaler's gross sales. The categories of terms are those:

- (1) providing manufacturers the ability to give reasonable consent to wholesaler ownership and management, including successor management, changes;
- (2) setting forth quality, operational, marketing and sales standards designed to properly represent the products, brands, reputation and trade name of the manufacturer in the territory and at retail, including terms under which a wholesaler commits to provide certain efforts and resources toward the manufacturer's products;
- (3) concerning ordering and inventory methods regarding the manufacturer's products; and
- (4) requiring wholesalers to provide financial information to a manufacturer related to sales and operations of the manufacturer's products, as well as other aggregated financial information.

#### III. Trade Practices

The committee substitute further provides that manufacturers, suppliers, wholesalers, or third parties at the direction of manufacturers, suppliers or wholesalers, may provide services, items or equipment to retailers that are intended to enhance the quality, display, availability or marketing of their products to consumers, including: cleaning and needed repairs of dispensing systems for alcoholic beverage products; certain equipment that enhances the quality or taste of the alcoholic beverage products; delivery of malt beverages into a retail account at the number of locations as mutually agreed upon by the wholesaler and the retailer; placing, stocking and rotating their alcoholic beverages within a retail account's premises, to ensure the alcoholic beverages will be available for consumers to purchase, and as necessary to ensure the freshness of those products with a limited shelf life; shelf management, marketing and pricing recommendations, and implementation of shelf management decisions and resets of one's own products as mutually agreed upon by the retailer and wholesaler; and building product displays.

The committee substitute also provides that a licensee may provide reasonable entertainment to another licensee, such as engaging in sporting activities, taking a licensee to an entertainment or sports event, or providing meals and beverages to the licensee. However, a licensee is prohibited from conditioning the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment on an agreement to sell the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler. Finally, retailers are prohibited from requesting the provision of such services, equipment, consumer sweepstakes prizes or entertainment as a condition for selling the alcoholic beverage products of a manufacturer, supplier, or wholesaler.

As reported by the committee, this committee substitute is identical to the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3619, which also was reported by the committee on this same date.