43:21-7

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2005 **CHAPTER**: 239

NJSA: 43:21-7 (Deters unemployment tax avoidance)

BILL NO: S1847 (Substituted for A2941)

SPONSOR(S): Coniglio and others

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SENATE: Labor

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

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S1847

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No.

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A2941

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: No

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LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

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P.L. 2005, CHAPTER 239, approved December 15, 2005

Senate Committee Substitute for Senate, No. 1847

1 **AN ACT** to deter unemployment tax avoidance and amending R.S.43:21-7, 43:21-11, 43:21-14 and 43:21-16.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. R.S.43:21-7 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 43:21-7. Contributions. Employers other than governmental 9 entities, whose benefit financing provisions are set forth in section 4 10 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), and those nonprofit organizations liable for payment in lieu of contributions on the basis set forth in 11 section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2), shall pay to the controller 12 for the unemployment compensation fund, contributions as set forth 13 14 in subsections (a), (b) and (c) hereof, and the provisions of subsections 15 (d) and (e) shall be applicable to all employers, consistent with the provisions of the "unemployment compensation law" and the 16 17 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et
- 18 seq.).

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- (a) Payment.
- 20 (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this chapter 21 22 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), with respect to having individuals in his employ 23 during that calendar year, at the rates and on the basis hereinafter set forth. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each 24 25 employer to the controller for the fund, in accordance with such 26 regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole 27 or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ.
 - (2) In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
- 31 (b) Rate of contributions. Each employer shall pay the following 32 contributions:
 - (1) For the calendar year 1947, and each calendar year thereafter, 2 7/10% of wages paid by him during each such calendar year, except as otherwise prescribed by subsection (c) of this section.
- 36 (2) The "wages" of any individual, with respect to any one 37 employer, as the term is used in this subsection (b) and in subsections 38 (c), (d) and (e) of this section 7, shall include the first \$4,800.00 paid 39 during calendar year 1975, for services performed either within or 40 without this State; provided that no contribution shall be required by

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 this State with respect to services performed in another state if such 2 other state imposes contribution liability with respect thereto. If an 3 employer (hereinafter referred to as a successor employer) during any 4 calendar year acquires substantially all the property used in a trade or 5 business of another employer (hereinafter referred to as a 6 predecessor), or used in a separate unit of a trade or business of a 7 predecessor, and immediately after the acquisition employs in his trade 8 or business an individual who immediately prior to the acquisition was 9 employed in the trade or business of such predecessors, then, for the 10 purpose of determining whether the successor employer has paid 11 wages with respect to employment equal to the first \$4,800.00 paid 12 during calendar year 1975, any wages paid to such individual by such 13 predecessor during such calendar year and prior to such acquisition 14 shall be considered as having been paid by such successor employer.

- 15 (3) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 1976, the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding paragraph (2) 16 17 of this subsection (b), shall be established and promulgated by the 18 Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before 19 September 1 of the preceding year and shall be, 28 times the Statewide 20 average weekly remuneration paid to workers by employers, as 21 determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of 22 \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, provided that if the amount 23 of wages so determined for a calendar year is less than the amount 24 similarly determined for the preceding year, the greater amount will be 25 used; provided, further, that if the amount of such wages so 26 determined does not equal or exceed the amount of wages as defined 27 in subsection (b) of section 3306 of the Federal Unemployment Tax 28 Act, Chapter 23 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 29 s.3306(b)), the wages as determined in this paragraph in any calendar 30 year shall be raised to equal the amount established under the Federal 31 Unemployment Tax Act for that calendar year.
 - (c) Future rates based on benefit experience.

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33 (1) A separate account for each employer shall be maintained and 34 this shall be credited with all the contributions which he has paid on 35 his own behalf on or before January 31 of any calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year; 36 37 provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a 38 Saturday or Sunday, an employer's account shall be credited as of 39 January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he 40 has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday 41 or Sunday. But nothing in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) shall be 42 construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior 43 claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund either on his 44 own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid with respect 45 to benefit years commencing on and after January 1, 1953, to any 46 individual on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect

to unemployment in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account or accounts of the employer or employers in whose employment such individual established base weeks constituting the basis of such benefits, except that, with respect to benefit years commencing after January 4, 1998, an employer's account shall not be charged for benefits paid to a claimant if the claimant's employment by that employer was ended in any way which, pursuant to subsection (a), (b), (c), (f), (g) or (h) of R.S.43:21-5, would have disqualified the claimant for benefits if the claimant had applied for benefits at the time when that employment ended. Benefits paid under a given benefit determination shall be charged against the account of the employer to whom such determination relates. When each benefit payment is made, either a copy of the benefit check or other form of notification shall be promptly sent to the employer against whose account the benefits are to be charged. Such copy or notification shall identify the employer against whose account the amount of such payment is being charged, shall show at least the name and social security account number of the claimant and shall specify the period of unemployment to which said check applies. If the total amount of benefits paid to a claimant and charged to the account of the appropriate employer exceeds 50% of the total base year, base week wages paid to the claimant by that employer, then such employer shall have canceled from his account such excess benefit charges as specified above.

Each employer shall be furnished an annual summary statement of benefits charged to his account.

- (2) Regulations may be prescribed for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (3) No employer's rate shall be lower than 5.4% unless assignment of such lower rate is consistent with the conditions applicable to additional credit allowance for such year under section 3303(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3303(a)(1)), any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding.
- (4) Employer Reserve Ratio. (A) Each employer's rate shall be 2 8/10%, except as otherwise provided in the following provisions. No employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be other than 2 8/10%, unless as of the preceding January 31 such employer shall have paid contributions with respect to wages paid in each of the three calendar years immediately preceding such year, in which case such employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be determined on the basis of his record up to the beginning of such calendar year. If, at the beginning of such

- 1 calendar year, the total of all his contributions, paid on his own behalf,
- 2 for all past years exceeds the total benefits charged to his account for
- 3 all such years, his contribution rate shall be:
- 4 (1) 2 5/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 4%, but less than
- 5 5%, of his average annual payroll (as defined in paragraph (2),
- 6 subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-19);
- 7 (2) 2 2/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 5%, but is less than 8 6%, of his average annual payroll;
- 9 (3) 1 9/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 6%, but is less than 7%, of his average annual payroll;
- 11 (4) 1 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 7%, but is less than 8%, of his average annual payroll;
- 13 (5) 1 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 8%, but is less than 9%, of his average annual payroll;
- (6) 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 9%, but is less than 10%,of his average annual payroll;
- 17 (7) 7/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 11%, of his average annual payroll;
- 19 (8) 4/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 11% of his 20 average annual payroll.
- 21 (B) If the total of an employer's contributions, paid on his own 22 behalf, for all past periods for the purposes of this paragraph (4), is 23 less than the total benefits charged against his account during the same 24 period, his rate shall be:
- 25 (1) 4%, if such excess is less than 10% of his average annual 26 payroll;
- 27 (2) 4 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 28 20%, of his average annual payroll;
- 29 (3) 4 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 20% of his average 30 annual payroll.
 - (C) Specially assigned rates.

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- 32 (i) If no contributions were paid on wages for employment in any 33 calendar year used in determining the average annual payroll of an 34 employer eligible for an assigned rate under this paragraph (4), the 35 employer's rate shall be specially assigned as follows:
- [(i)] if the reserve balance in its account is positive, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for positive balance accounts for that period, or 5.4%, whichever is higher, and
 - [(ii)] if the reserve balance in its account is negative, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for deficit accounts for that period.
- 42 (ii) If, following the purchase of a corporation with little or no
 43 activity, known as a corporate shell, the resulting employing unit
 44 operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall
 45 be assigned a new employer rate.
- 46 (iii) Entities operating under common ownership, management or

control, when the operation of the entities is not identifiable,
 distinguishable and severable, shall be considered a single employer for
 the purposes of this chapter (R.S. 43:21-1 et seq.).

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- (D) The contribution rates prescribed by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph (4) shall be increased or decreased in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of this subsection (c) for experience rating periods through June 30, 1986.
- 8 (5) (A) Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio. If on March 31 9 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals 10 or exceeds 4% but is less than 7% of the total taxable wages reported 11 to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 12 13 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation 14 based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 3/10 of 1% over 15 the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection. If on March 31 of any 16 17 calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund exceeds 2 1/2% but is less than 4% of the total taxable wages reported to the 18 19 controller as of that date in respect to employment during the 20 preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 21 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation 22 based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over 23 the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of 24 paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection.

25 If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the 26 unemployment trust fund is less than 2 1/2% of the total taxable wages 27 reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment 28 during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective 29 July 1 following, of each employer (1) eligible for a contribution rate 30 calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by (i) 31 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the 32 provisions of paragraph (3), (4)(A) or (4)(B) of this subsection, and 33 (ii) an additional amount equal to 20% of the total rate established 34 herein, provided, however, that the final contribution rate for each 35 employer shall be computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof; (2) not eligible for a contribution rate 36 37 calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 38 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the 39 provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection. For the period 40 commencing July 1, 1984 and ending June 30, 1986, the contribution 41 rate for each employer liable to pay contributions under R.S.43:21-7 shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple 42 of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof. 43

(B) If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 10% but is less than 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that

1 date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the 2 contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible 3 for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall 4 be reduced by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this 5 subsection; provided that in no event shall the contribution rate of any 6 7 employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 1%. If on March 31 of any 8 calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or 9 exceeds 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller 10 as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar 11 year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit 12 experience, shall be reduced by 6/10 of 1% if his account for all past 13 14 periods reflects an excess of contributions paid over total benefits charged of 3% or more of his average annual payroll, otherwise by 15 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the 16 17 provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to 18 19 less than 4/10 of 1%.

- (C) The "balance" in the unemployment trust fund, as the term is used in subparagraphs (A) and (B) above, shall not include moneys credited to the State's account under section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C.s.1103), during any period in which such moneys are appropriated for the payment of expenses incurred in the administration of the "unemployment compensation law."
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the Unemployment Trust Reserve Ratio, which shall be calculated by dividing the balance of the unemployment trust fund as of the prior March 31 by total taxable wages reported to the controller by all employers as of March 31 with respect to their employment during the last calendar year.
 - (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.152).
- 34 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.107).
 - (iv) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.45).
 - (v) With respect to the experience rating year beginning on July 1, 2003, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph 4 of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

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EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE
Fund Reserve Ratio¹

| 1 | | 2.50% | 2.00% | 1.50% | 1.00% | 0.99% | | |
|----|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|
| 2 | Employer | and | to | to | to | and | | |
| 3 | Reserve | Over | 2.49% | 1.99% | 1.49% | Under | | |
| 4 | Ratio ² | A | В | C | D | E | | |
| 5 | Positive Reserve Ratio: | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 17% and over | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.2 | | |
| 7 | 16.00% to 16.99% | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.2 | | |
| 8 | 15.00% to 15.99% | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.2 | | |
| 9 | 14.00% to 14.99% | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.2 | | |
| 10 | 13.00% to 13.99% | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.2 | | |
| 11 | 12.00% to 12.99% | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 | | |
| 12 | 11.00% to 11.99% | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | | |
| 13 | 10.00% to 10.99% | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | | |
| 14 | 9.00% to 9.99% | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | | |
| 15 | 8.00% to 8.99% | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.3 | | |
| 16 | 7.00% to 7.99% | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | | |
| 17 | 6.00% to 6.99% | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.0 | | |
| 18 | 5.00% to 5.99% | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.4 | | |
| 19 | 4.00% to 4.99% | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.7 | | |
| 20 | 3.00% to 3.99% | 2.1 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.9 | | |
| 21 | 2.00% to 2.99% | 2.2 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.0 | | |
| 22 | 1.00% to 1.99% | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.1 | | |
| 23 | 0.00% to 0.99% | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.3 | | |
| 24 | Deficit Reserve Ratio: | | | | | | | |
| 25 | -0.00% to -2.99% | 3.4 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 6.1 | | |
| 26 | -3.00% to -5.99% | 3.4 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 6.2 | | |
| 27 | -6.00% to -8.99% | 3.5 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 6.3 | | |
| 28 | -9.00% to-11.99% | 3.5 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 6.4 | | |
| 29 | -12.00%to-14.99% | 3.6 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 6.5 | | |
| 30 | -15.00%to-19.99% | 3.6 | 4.6 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.6 | | |
| 31 | -20.00%to-24.99% | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 6.7 | | |
| 32 | -25.00%to-29.99% | 3.7 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 6.8 | | |
| 33 | -30.00%to-34.99% | 3.8 | 4.8 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 6.9 | | |
| 34 | -35.00% and under | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 6.4 | 7.0 | | |
| 35 | New Employer Rate | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.4 | | |
| 36 | ¹ Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wage | | | | | | | |

¹Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in 37 the prior calendar year.

²Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a percentage of employer's taxable wages).

40 (vi) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2004, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph 4 of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

| 1 | EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|--|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | Fund Reserve Ratio ¹ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Tunc | Tuliu Reserve Rauo | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | | 1.40% | 1.00% | 0.75% | 0.50% | 0.49% | | | | | |
| 5 | Employer | and | to | to | to | and | | | | | |
| 6 | Reserve | Over | 1.39% | 0.99% | 0.74% | Under | | | | | |
| 7 | Ratio ² | A | В | C | D | E | | | | | |
| 8 | Positive Reserve Ratio: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 17% and over | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| 10 | 16.00% to 16.99% | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| 11 | 15.00% to 15.99% | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| 12 | 14.00% to 14.99% | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| 13 | 13.00% to 13.99% | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| 14 | 12.00% to 12.99% | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| 15 | 11.00% to 11.99% | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | | | | | |
| 16 | 10.00% to 10.99% | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | | | | | |
| 17 | 9.00% to 9.99% | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | | | | | |
| 18 | 8.00% to 8.99% | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.3 | | | | | |
| 19 | 7.00% to 7.99% | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | | | | | |
| 20 | 6.00% to 6.99% | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.0 | | | | | |
| 21 | 5.00% to 5.99% | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.4 | | | | | |
| 22 | 4.00% to 4.99% | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.7 | | | | | |
| 23 | 3.00% to 3.99% | 2.1 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.9 | | | | | |
| 24 | 2.00% to 2.99% | 2.2 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.0 | | | | | |
| 25 | 1.00% to 1.99% | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.1 | | | | | |
| 26 | 0.00% to 0.99% | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.3 | | | | | |
| 27 | Deficit Reserve Ratio: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28 | -0.00% to -2.99% | 3.4 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 6.1 | | | | | |
| 29 | -3.00% to -5.99% | 3.4 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 6.2 | | | | | |
| 30 | -6.00% to -8.99% | 3.5 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 6.3 | | | | | |
| 31 | -9.00% to-11.99% | 3.5 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 6.4 | | | | | |
| 32 | -12.00%to-14.99% | 3.6 | 4.6 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 6.5 | | | | | |
| 33 | -15.00%to-19.99% | 3.6 | 4.6 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 6.6 | | | | | |
| 34 | -20.00%to-24.99% | 3.7 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 6.7 | | | | | |
| 35 | -25.00%to-29.99% | 3.7 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 6.8 | | | | | |
| 36 | -30.00% to-34.99% | 3.8 | 4.8 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 6.9 | | | | | |
| 37 | -35.00% and under | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 6.4 | 7.0 | | | | | |
| 38 | New Employer Rate | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.4 | | | | | |
| 39 | ¹ Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | the prior calendar year. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 41 | ² Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a | | | | | | | | | | |
| 42 | percentage of employer's taxable wages). | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | | | | | | | |

 $⁽F)\ (i)\ (Deleted\ by\ amendment,\ P.L.1997,\ c.263).$

⁴⁴ (ii) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after 45 July 1, 1997, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of 46 the prior March 31, is less than 1.00%, the contribution rate for each

1 employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph 2 (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% 3 computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple 4

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(iii) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2004, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 0.50%, the contribution rate for each 8 employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

(G) On or after January 1, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.1%, except that, during any experience rating year starting before January 1, 1998 in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 7.00% or during any experience rating year starting on or after January 1, 1998, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (G) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under.

23 (H) On or after January 1, 1993 until December 31, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the 24 25 contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as 26 computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be 27 decreased by a factor of 52.0% computed to the nearest multiple of 28 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of 29 negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not 30 be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%. The 31 amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by 32 this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the 33 reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) 34 of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an 35 employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 36 37 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be 38 reduced to less than 0.0%. On or after January 1, 1994 until 39 December 31, 1995, except as provided pursuant to subparagraph (I) 40 of this paragraph (5), notwithstanding any other provisions of this 41 paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph 42 (5), shall be decreased by a factor of 36.0% computed to the nearest 43 44 multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve 45 ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution 46 shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than

5.4%. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions

stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative

6 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) 7 to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer

8 shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

On or after April 1, 1996 until December 31, 1996, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor of 25.0% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

On or after January 1, 1997 until December 31, 1997, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor of 10.0% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

On and after January 1, 1998 until December 31, 2000 and on or after January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2006, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor, as set out below, computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%:

- From January 1, 1998 until December 31, 1998, a factor of 12%;
- From January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, a factor of 10%;
- From January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2000, a factor of 7%;
- 4 From January 1, 2002 until March 31,2002, a factor of 36%;
- 5 From April 1, 2002 until June 30, 2002, a factor of 85%;
- 6 From July 1, 2002 until June 30, 2003, a factor of 15%;
- From July 1, 2003 until June 30, 2004, a factor of 15%; and
- 8 From July 1, 2004 until June 30, 2005, a factor of 7%; and
- 9 From July 1, 2005 until June 30, 2006, a factor of 16%.

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10 The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions 11 stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by 12 13 subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of 14 contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 15 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer 16 17 shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

(I) the fund reserve ratio decreases to a level of less than 4.00% on March 31 of calendar year 1994 or calendar year 1995, the provisions of subparagraph (H) of this paragraph (5) shall cease to be in effect as of July 1 of that calendar year.

22 If, upon calculating the unemployment compensation fund reserve 23 ratio pursuant to R.S.43:21-7(c)(5)(D) prior to March 31, 1997, 24 March 31, 1998 or March 31, 1999, the controller finds that the fund 25 reserve ratio has decreased to a level of less than 3.00%, the 26 Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development shall notify the 27 State Treasurer of this fact and of the dollar amount necessary to bring 28 the fund reserve ratio up to a level of 3.00%. The State Treasurer 29 shall, prior to March 31, 1997, March 31, 1998 or March 31, 1999, as 30 applicable, transfer from the General Fund to the unemployment 31 compensation fund, revenues in the amount specified by the 32 commissioner and which, upon deposit in the unemployment 33 compensation fund, shall result, upon recalculation, in a fund reserve 34 ratio used to determine employer contributions beginning July 1, 1997, July 1, 1998, July 1, 1999, as applicable, of at least 3.00%. If, upon 35 calculating the unemployment compensation fund reserve ratio 36 37 pursuant to R.S.43:21-7(c)(5)(D) prior to March 31, 2000, the 38 controller finds that the fund reserve ratio has decreased to a level of 39 less than 3.00%, the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce 40 Development shall notify the State Treasurer of this fact and of the 41 dollar amount necessary to bring the fund reserve ratio up to a level of 3.00%. The State Treasurer shall, prior to March 31, 2000, transfer 42 from the General Fund to the unemployment compensation fund, 43 44 revenues in the amount specified by the commissioner and which, upon 45 deposit in the unemployment compensation fund, shall result, upon 46 recalculation, in a fund reserve ratio used to determine employer

1 contributions beginning July 1, 2000 of at least 3.00%.

2 (J) On or after July 1, 2001, notwithstanding any other provisions 3 of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to 4 pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this 5 paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.0175%, except that, during any experience rating year starting on or after July 1, 2001, in which the 6 7 fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no 8 decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (J) in the contribution of any 9 employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under. 10 The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated 11 by this subparagraph (J) shall be in addition to the amount of the 12 reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraphs 13 (G) and (H) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution 14 of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or 15 under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (J) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not 16 17 be reduced to less than 0.0%.

(6) Additional contributions.

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19 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any employer who has 20 been assigned a contribution rate pursuant to subsection (c) of this 21 section for the year commencing July 1, 1948, and for any year 22 commencing July 1 thereafter, may voluntarily make payment of 23 additional contributions, and upon such payment shall receive a 24 recomputation of the experience rate applicable to such employer, 25 including in the calculation the additional contribution so made, except 26 that, following a transfer as described under R.S.43:21-7(c)(7)(D), 27 neither the predecessor nor successor in interest shall be eligible to 28 make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year 29 the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year. Any such 30 additional contribution shall be made during the 30-day period 31 following the date of the mailing to the employer of the notice of his 32 contribution rate as prescribed in this section, unless, for good cause, 33 the time for payment has been extended by the controller for not to 34 exceed an additional 60 days; provided that in no event may such 35 payments which are made later than 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective be considered in 36 37 determining the experience rate for the year in which the payment is 38 made. Any employer receiving any extended period of time within 39 which to make such additional payment and failing to make such 40 payment timely shall be, in addition to the required amount of 41 additional payment, liable for a penalty of 5% thereof or \$5.00, 42 whichever is greater, not to exceed \$50.00. Any adjustment under this 43 subsection shall be made only in the form of credits against accrued or future contributions. 44

(7) Transfers.

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46 (A) Upon the transfer of the organization, trade or business, or

1 substantially all the assets of an employer to a successor in interest, 2 whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, 3 the controller shall transfer the employment experience of the 4 predecessor employer to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et 5 cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer, pursuant to 6 7 regulation, if it is determined that the employment experience of the 8 predecessor employer with respect to the organization, trade, assets 9 or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative 10 of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. 11 [Unless the predecessor employer was owned or controlled (by legally enforceable means or otherwise), directly or indirectly, by the 12 13 successor in interest, or the predecessor employer and the successor 14 in interest were owned or controlled (by legally enforceable means or 15 otherwise), directly or indirectly, by the same interest or interests, the 16 transfer of the employment experience of the predecessor shall not be 17 effective if such The successor in interest may, within four months of 18 the date of such transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, 19 or thereafter upon good cause shown, [files a written notice protesting 20 the transfer of the employment experience of the predecessor 21 employer] request a reconsideration of the transfer of employment 22 experience of the predecessor employer. The request for 23 reconsideration shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the controller, 24 that the employment experience of the predecessor is not indicative of 25 the future employment experience of the successor.

(B) An employer who transfers part of his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, may jointly make application with such successor in interest for transfer of that portion of the employment experience of the predecessor employer relating to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer. The transfer of employment experience may be allowed pursuant to regulation only if it is found that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. Credit shall be given to the successor in interest only for the years during which contributions were paid by the predecessor employer with respect to that part of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred.

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(C) A transfer of the employment experience in whole or in part having become final, the predecessor employer thereafter shall not be entitled to consideration for an adjusted rate based upon his or its experience or the part thereof, as the case may be, which has thus been transferred. A successor in interest to whom employment experience or a part thereof is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall, as of the date of the transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or part thereof, immediately become an employer if not theretofore an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).

(D) If an employer who transfers in whole or in part his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. The transfer of the employment experience is mandatory and not subject to appeal or protest.

(E) The transfer of part of an employer's employment experience to a successor in interest shall become effective as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the acquisition by the successor in interest. As of the effective date, the successor in interest shall have its employer rate recalculated by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it shall be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.

(F) Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of the acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.

- (d) Contributions of workers to the unemployment compensation fund and the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) (A) For periods after January 1, 1975, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1% of his wages with respect to his employment with an employer, which occurs on and after January 1, 1975, after such employer has satisfied the condition set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer; provided, however, that such contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1% of wages paid with respect to employment while the worker is in the employ of the State of New Jersey, or any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), or is covered by an approved private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31).
 - (B) Effective January 1, 1978 there shall be no contributions by workers in the employ of any governmental or nongovernmental

1 employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of 2 contributions unless the employer is covered by the State plan under 3 the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and in 4 that case contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1%, except that commencing July 1, 1986, workers in the employ of any 5 6 nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in 7 lieu of contributions shall be required to make contributions to the 8 fund at the same rate prescribed for workers of other nongovernmental 9 employers.

10 (C) (i) Notwithstanding the above provisions of this paragraph (1), 11 during the period starting July 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1992, 12 each worker shall contribute to the fund 1.125% of wages paid with 13 respect to his employment with a governmental employer electing or 14 required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including 15 a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(6), regardless of whether that nonprofit organization 16 17 elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer 18 19 has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection R.S.43:21-19(h) 20 with respect to becoming an employer. Contributions, however, shall 21 be at the rate of 0.625% while the worker is covered by an approved 22 private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" while the 23 worker is exempt under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 24 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law; provided that such 25 contributions shall be at the rate of 0.625% of wages paid with respect 26 to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other 27 governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make 28 payments in lieu of contributions and which is covered by the State 29 plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while 30 the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 31 32 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan of the employer, the 33 34 contributions to the fund shall be 0.125%.

(ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.422.)

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(D) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (1), 36 37 during the period starting January 1, 1993 and ending June 30, 1994, 38 each worker shall contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 39 0.5% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a 40 governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or 41 nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of 42 R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects 43 44 or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund 45 or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has 46 satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19

1 with respect to becoming an employer. No contributions, however,

2 shall be made by the worker while the worker is covered by an

3 approved private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law,"

4 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.) or while the worker is exempt

under section 7 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other 5

provision of that law; provided that the contributions shall be at the 6

rate of 0.50% of wages paid with respect to employment with the 7

8 State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or 9 instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of

10 contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the

11 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker is

exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 12

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Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any

14 other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits by an

approved private plan of the employer, no contributions shall be made

16 to the fund.

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Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1996 and ending March 31, 1996, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.60% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

32 Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1998 and ending 33 December 31, 1998, contribute to the unemployment compensation 34 fund 0.10% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment 35 with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit 36 37 organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of 38 subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit 39 organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with 40 contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after 41 that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of 42 R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the 43 contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect 44 to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other 45 governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make 46 payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1 2 1999, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.15% of 3 wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a 4 governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or 5 nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of 6 R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects 7 8 or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund 9 or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has 10 satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 11 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to 12 13 employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental 14 entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu 15 of contributions.

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Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2001, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.20% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

31 Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2004, 32 contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.1825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental 33 34 employer electing or required to pay contributions or a 35 nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of 36 37 R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects 38 or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund 39 or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has 40 satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 41 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions 42 shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental 43 44 entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu 45 of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on and after July 1, 2004, contribute to

1 the unemployment compensation fund 0.3825% of wages paid with

- 2 respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer
- 3 electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental
- 4 employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as
- 5 defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19,
- 6 regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required
- 7 to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by
- 8 payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the
- 9 conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to
- 10 becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the
- 11 rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the
- 12 State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or
- 13 instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of
- 14 contributions.

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- (E) Each employer shall, notwithstanding any provision of law in this State to the contrary, withhold in trust the amount of his workers' contributions from their wages at the time such wages are paid, shall show such deduction on his payroll records, shall furnish such evidence thereof to his workers as the division or controller may prescribe, and shall transmit all such contributions, in addition to his own contributions, to the office of the controller in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed. If any employer fails to deduct the contributions of any of his workers at the time their wages are paid, or fails to make a deduction therefor at the time wages are paid for the next succeeding payroll period, he alone shall thereafter be liable for such contributions, and for the purpose of R.S.43:21-14, such contributions shall be treated as employer's contributions required from him.
- (F) As used in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except when the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "contributions" shall include the contributions of workers pursuant to this section.
- 32 (G) Each worker shall, starting on July 1, 1994, contribute to the 33 State disability benefits fund an amount equal to 0.50% of wages paid 34 with respect to the worker's employment with a government employer 35 electing or required to pay contributions to the State disability benefits fund or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization 36 37 which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) 38 of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved 39 private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the 40 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et 41 seq.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other provision 42 of that law.
- 43 (2) (A) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 44 (B) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 45 (C) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 46 (D) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)

- 1 (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 2 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1996, c.28.)
- 3 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)

4 (3) If an employee receives wages from more than one employer 5 during any calendar year, and either the sum of his contributions deposited in and credited to the State disability benefits fund plus the 6 7 amount of his contributions, if any, required towards the costs of 8 benefits under one or more approved private plans under the 9 provisions of section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" 10 (C.43:21-33) and deducted from his wages, or the sum of such latter 11 contributions, if the employee is covered during such calendar year 12 only by two or more private plans, exceeds an amount equal to 1/2 of 13 1% of the "wages" determined in accordance with the provisions of 14 R.S.43:21-7(b)(3) during the calendar years beginning on or after 15 January 1, 1976, the employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two years after the 16 17 end of the calendar year in which the wages are received with respect 18 to which the refund is claimed and establishes his right to such refund. 19 Such refund shall be made by the controller from the State disability 20 benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any 21 such refund. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed 22 regulations, determine the portion of the aggregate amount of such 23 refunds made during any calendar year which is applicable to private 24 plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the 25 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) such determination 26 to be based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from 27 contributions to such fund, as provided in subparagraph (B) of 28 paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to coverage under private 29 plans, to the total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages 30 subject to contributions to the disability benefits fund, as provided in 31 subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The controller 32 shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount 33 so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion 34 that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan 35 wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the 36 37 employer with respect thereto, the amount so prorated. 38 provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer 39 contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so 40 recovered by the controller shall be paid into the State disability 41 benefits fund.

(4) If an individual does not receive any wages from the employing unit which for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) is treated as his employer, or receives his wages from some other employing unit, such employer shall nevertheless be liable for such individual's contributions in the first instance; and after payment

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- 1 thereof such employer may deduct the amount of such contributions
- 2 from any sums payable by him to such employing unit, or may recover
- 3 the amount of such contributions from such employing unit, or, in the
- 4 absence of such an employing unit, from such individual, in a civil
- 5 action; provided proceedings therefor are instituted within three
- 6 months after the date on which such contributions are payable. General
- 7 rules shall be prescribed whereby such an employing unit may recover
- 8 the amount of such contributions from such individuals in the same
- 9 manner as if it were the employer.

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- (5) Every employer who has elected to become an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or to cease to be an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), pursuant to the provisions of R.S.43:21-8, shall post and maintain printed notices of such election on his premises, of such design, in such numbers, and at such places as the director may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in his service.
- (6) Contributions by workers, payable to the controller as herein provided, shall be exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution, or any other remedy for the collection of debts.
 - (e) Contributions by employers to State disability benefits fund.
- 21 (1) Except as hereinafter provided, each employer shall, in addition 22 to the contributions required by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this 23 section, contribute 1/2 of 1% of the wages paid by such employer to workers with respect to employment unless he is not a covered 24 employer as defined in section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 25 26 Law" (C.43:21-27 (a)), except that the rate for the State of New 27 Jersey shall be 1/10 of 1% for the calendar year 1980 and for the first 28 six months of 1981. Prior to July 1, 1981 and prior to July 1 each year 29 thereafter, the controller shall review the experience accumulated in the account of the State of New Jersey and establish a rate for the next 30 31 following fiscal year which, in combination with worker contributions, 32 will produce sufficient revenue to keep the account in balance; except 33 that the rate so established shall not be less than 1/10 of 1%. Such 34 contributions shall become due and be paid by the employer to the controller for the State disability benefits fund as established by law, 35 in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall 36 37 not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of 38 individuals in his employ. In the payment of any contributions, a 39 fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to 40 \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
 - (2) During the continuance of coverage of a worker by an approved private plan of disability benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," the employer shall be exempt from the contributions required by subparagraph (1) above with respect to wages paid to such worker.
 - (3) (A) The rates of contribution as specified in subparagraph (1)

above shall be subject to modification as provided herein with respect 2 to employer contributions due on and after July 1, 1951.

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- 3 (B) A separate disability benefits account shall be maintained for 4 each employer required to contribute to the State disability benefits fund and such account shall be credited with contributions deposited 5 in and credited to such fund with respect to employment occurring on 6 7 and after January 1, 1949. Each employer's account shall be credited 8 with all contributions paid on or before January 31 of any calendar 9 year on his own behalf and on behalf of individuals in his service with 10 respect to employment occurring in preceding calendar years; 11 provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a 12 Saturday or Sunday an employer's account shall be credited as of 13 January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he 14 has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday 15 or Sunday. But nothing in this act shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the 16 17 amounts paid by him to the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid to any covered individual in 18 accordance with Article III of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 19 20 Law" on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to 21 disability in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be 22 charged against the account of the employer by whom such individual 23 was employed at the commencement of such disability or by whom he 24 was last employed, if out of employment.
 - (C) The controller may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
 - (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year, the controller shall make a preliminary determination of the rate of contribution for the 12 months commencing on such July 1 for each employer subject to the contribution requirements of this subsection (e).
 - (1) Such preliminary rate shall be 1/2 of 1% unless on the preceding January 31 of such year such employer shall have been a covered employer who has paid contributions to the State disability benefits fund with respect to employment in the three calendar years immediately preceding such year.
 - (2) If the minimum requirements in (1) above have been fulfilled and the credited contributions exceed the benefits charged by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- 43 (i) 2/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 exceeds 1% but is less 44 than 1 1/4% of his average annual payroll (as defined in this chapter 45 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.);
 - (ii) 15/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1

1 1/4% but is less than 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll;

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- 2 (iii) 1/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 3 1/2% of his average annual payroll.
 - (3) If the minimum requirements in (1) above have been fulfilled and the contributions credited exceed the benefits charged but by not more than \$500.00 plus 1% of his average annual payroll, or if the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited but by not more than \$500.00, the preliminary rate shall be 1/4 of 1%.
 - (4) If the minimum requirements in (1) above have been fulfilled and the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- 12 (i) 35/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 is less than 1/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
 - (ii) 45/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/4 of 1% but is less than 1/2 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- 16 (iii) 55/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 17 1/2 of 1% but is less than 3/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
 - (iv) 65/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% but is less than 1% of his average annual payroll;
 - (v) 75/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1% of his average annual payroll.
 - (5) Determination of the preliminary rate as specified in (2), (3) and (4) above shall be subject, however, to the condition that it shall in no event be decreased by more than 1/10 of 1% of wages or increased by more than 2/10 of 1% of wages from the preliminary rate determined for the preceding year in accordance with (1), (2), (3) or (4), whichever shall have been applicable.
- 28 (E) (1) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall 29 determine the amount of the State disability benefits fund as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year, increased by the 30 contributions paid thereto during January of the current calendar year 31 32 with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year. If such amount exceeds the net amount withdrawn from the 33 34 unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 23 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-47) plus the 35 amount at the end of such preceding calendar year of the 36 unemployment disability account (as defined in section 22 of said law 37 (C.43:21-46), such excess shall be expressed as a percentage of the 38 39 wages on which contributions were paid to the State disability benefits 40 fund on or before January 31 with respect to employment in the 41 preceding calendar year.
 - (2) The controller shall then make a final determination of the rates of contribution for the 12 months commencing July 1 of such year for employers whose preliminary rates are determined as provided in (D) hereof, as follows:
- 46 (i) If the percentage determined in accordance with paragraph

- 1 (E)(1) of this subsection equals or exceeds 1 1/4%, the final employer
- 2 rates shall be the preliminary rates determined as provided in (D)
- 3 hereof, except that if the employer's preliminary rate is determined as
- 4 provided in (D)(2) or (D)(3) hereof, the final employer rate shall be
- 5 the preliminary employer rate decreased by such percentage of excess
- 6 taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%, but in no case shall such final rate
- 7 be less than 1/10 of 1%.
- 8 (ii) If the percentage determined in accordance with paragraph
- 9 (E)(1) of this subsection equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% and is less than
- 10 1 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer
- 11 rates.
- 12 (iii) If the percentage determined in accordance with paragraph
- 13 (E)(1) of this subsection is less than 3/4 of 1%, but in excess of 1/4 of
- 14 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates
- 15 determined as provided in (D) hereof increased by the difference
- between 3/4 of 1% and such percentage taken to the nearest 5/100 of
- 17 1%; provided, however, that no such final rate shall be more than 1/4
- 18 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined
- 19 as provided in (D)(2) hereof, more than 1/2 of 1% in the case of an
- 20 employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in (D)(1)
- 21 and (D)(3) hereof, nor more than 3/4 of 1% in the case of an employer
- 22 whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in (D)(4) hereof.
- 23 (iv) If the amount of the State disability benefits fund determined 24 as provided in paragraph (E)(1) of this subsection is equal to or less
- 25 than 1/4 of 1%, then the final rate shall be 2/5 of 1% in the case of an
- 26 employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in (D)(2)
- 27 hereof, 7/10 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate
- 28 is determined as provided in (D)(1) and (D)(3) hereof, and 1.1% in the
- 29 case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided
- 30 in (D)(4) hereof. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any
- 31 determination made by the controller with respect to any 12-month
- 32 period commencing on July 1, 1970, the final rates for all employers
- for the period beginning January 1, 1971, shall be as set forth herein.
- 34 (cf: P.L.2005, c.123, s.1)

- 2. R.S.43:21-11 is amended to read as follows:
- 43:21-11. (a) Duties and powers of the Department of Labor and
- 38 <u>Workforce Development</u>. The department shall have power and
- 39 authority to adopt, amend, or rescind such rules and regulations,
- 40 require such reports, make such investigations, and take such other
- 41 action as it deems necessary or suitable or to administer this chapter;
- 42 provided that the Commissioner of Labor <u>and Workforce Development</u>
- 43 may delegate such power and authority, subject to his ultimate
- supervision and control. Such rules and regulations shall be effective
- 45 upon publication in the manner, not inconsistent with the provisions of
- 46 this chapter, which the department shall prescribe. The department

shall determine its own organization and methods of procedure, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. Whenever the department believes that a change in contribution or benefit rates will become necessary to protect the solvency of the fund, it shall promptly so inform the Governor and the Legislature, and make recommendations with respect thereto.

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- (b) Regulations and general and special rules. General and special rules may be adopted, amended, or rescinded by the department. General rules shall become effective 10 days after filing with the Secretary of State and publication in one or more newspapers of general circulation in this State. Special rules shall become effective 10 days after notification to or mailing to the last known address of the individuals or concerns affected thereby. Regulations may be adopted, amended, or rescinded by the department and shall become effective in the manner and at the time prescribed by the department.
 - (c) Publication. The department shall cause to be printed for distribution to the public the text of this chapter, the department's regulations and general rules, its annual reports to the Governor, and any other material the department deems relevant and suitable and shall furnish the same to any person upon application therefor.
- 21 (d) Personnel. Subject to other provisions of this chapter, the 22 department is authorized to appoint (subject to the provisions of Title 23 11, Civil Service), fix the compensation, and prescribe the duties and 24 powers of such officers, accountants, attorneys, experts, and other 25 persons as may be necessary in the performance of its duties under 26 R.S. 43:21-1 et seq. All positions shall be filled by persons selected 27 and appointed on a nonpartisan merit basis from lists of eligible 28 persons prepared by the Civil Service Commission, in accordance with 29 the provisions of Title 11, Civil Service, except that any attorney, now 30 or hereafter in office or position of legal assistant for the department, 31 shall be placed in the exempt class of the civil service and thereafter 32 shall not be subject to removal except for cause and then only in 33 accordance with the provisions of Title 11, Civil Service; provided, 34 however, that nothing herein shall be construed to apply to any attorney designated as special counsel in accordance with the 35 provisions of sections 43:21-6, subsection (h), and 43:21-17. The 36 37 division shall not employ or pay any person who is an officer or 38 committee member of any political party organization. 39 commissioner may delegate to any such person so appointed such 40 power and authority as he deems reasonable and proper for the 41 effective administration of this chapter, and may in his discretion bond 42 any person handling moneys or signing checks hereunder.
 - (e) Employment Security Council. There shall be within the department an Employment Security Council, as established and constituted under the Department of Labor and Industry Act of 1948 (P.L.1948, c. 446; C. 34:1A-1 et seq.).

(f) Employment stabilization. The department, with the advice and aid of the Employment Security Council, shall take all appropriate steps to reduce and prevent unemployment; to encourage and assist in the adoption of practical methods of vocational training, retraining and vocational guidance; to investigate, recommend, advise, and assist in the establishment and operation, by municipalities, counties, school districts, and the State, of reserves for public works to be used in times of business depression and unemployment; to promote the re-employment of unemployed workers throughout the State in every other way that may be feasible, and to these ends to carry on and publish the records of investigations and research studies.

(g) Records and reports. Each employing unit shall keep true and accurate employment records, containing such information as may be prescribed. Such records shall be open to inspection and be subject to being copied by the director of the division and the controller or their authorized representatives at any reasonable time. The department may require from any employing unit any sworn or unsworn reports, with respect to persons employed by it, which are deemed necessary for the effective administration of this chapter. Under such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the department, reports relative to wages and separation from employment may be required from any employer or employing unit at the time such employer or employing unit suspends business operations in this State, or from any employer or employing unit which fails to cooperate in submitting promptly the wage and employment data which may be required under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of section 43:21-6 of this Title. If the nature of such suspension is temporary or in the nature of a transfer, then the employer or employing unit may be excused from furnishing such a termination report upon assurances that proper arrangements have been made to supply any information which may be required under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of section 43:21-6 of this Title. The department may require from any employer or employing unit reports relative to wages and separation in such manner and at such time as may be necessary for the effective administration of this chapter.

All records, reports and other information obtained from employers and employees under this chapter, except to the extent necessary for the proper administration of this chapter, shall be confidential and shall not be published or open to public inspection other than to public employees in the performance of their public duties, and shall not be subject to subpena or admissible in evidence in any civil action or proceeding other than one arising under this chapter, but any claimant at a hearing before an appeal tribunal, the division or the board of review shall be supplied with information from such records to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of his claim. Any officer or employee of the department who violates any provision of this section shall be liable to a fine of \$200.00, to be recovered in a civil

action in the name of the division, said fine when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund.

- (h) Oaths and witnesses. In the discharge of the duties imposed by this chapter, the controller, the appeal tribunal and any duly authorized representative or member of the division, the director or any deputy director thereof or member of the board of review shall have power to administer oaths and affirmations, take depositions, certify to official acts, and issue subpenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, correspondence, memoranda and other records deemed necessary as evidence in connection with a disputed claim or the administration of this chapter. Witnesses subpenaed pursuant to this section shall in the discretion of the department be allowed fees at a rate to be fixed by it. Such fees shall be deemed a part of the expense of administering this chapter.
- (i) Subpenas. In case of contumacy by or refusal to obey a subpena issued to any person, any court of this State within the jurisdiction of which the inquiry is carried on or within the jurisdiction of which said person guilty of contumacy or refusal to obey is found or resides or transacts business, upon application by the department or its duly authorized representative, or the board of review, shall have jurisdiction to issue to such person an order requiring such person to appear before the board of review or a member thereof, the department or its duly authorized representative, there to produce evidence if so ordered or there to give testimony touching the matter under investigation or in question; and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by said court as a contempt thereof. Any person who shall without just cause fail or refuse to attend and testify or to answer any lawful inquiry or to produce books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, and other records, if it is in his power so to do, in obedience to a subpena of the division or of the board of review shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$200.00 or by imprisonment for not longer than 60 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and each day such violation continues shall be deemed to be a separate offense.
- (j) Protection against self-incrimination. No person shall be excused from attending and testifying or from producing books, papers, correspondence, memoranda and other records before the department or the board of review or in obedience to the subpena of a member of the department or the board of review or a member thereof, or any duly authorized representative thereof in any cause or proceeding before the department, the board of review or a member thereof, on the ground that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, required of him may tend to incriminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture; but no individual shall be prosecuted or subject to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any

transaction, matter, or thing concerning which he is compelled, after having claimed his privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence, documentary or otherwise, except that such individual so testifying shall not be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying.

(k) State-Federal cooperation. In the administration of this chapter the department shall cooperate to the fullest extent, consistent with the provisions of this chapter, with the United States Department of Labor to secure to this State and its citizens all advantages available under the provisions of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s. 301 et seq.), as amended, the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (26 U.S.C. s. 3301 et seq.), as amended, and the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. s. 49 et seq.), as amended; shall make such reports, in such form and containing such information as the United States Secretary of Labor may from time to time require; and shall comply with such provisions as the United States Secretary of Labor may from time to time find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports; and shall comply with the regulations prescribed by the United States Secretary of Labor governing the expenditure of such sums as may be allotted and paid to this State under any of such federal acts.

Upon request therefor, the department shall furnish to any agency of the United States charged with the administration of public works or assistance through public employment, the name, address, ordinary occupation and employment status of each recipient of benefits and such recipient's rights to further benefits under this chapter.

The department may afford reasonable cooperation with every agency of the United States charged with the administration of any unemployment insurance law.

The department is authorized to make such investigations and exercise such of the other powers provided herein with respect to the administration of this chapter and to transmit such information and make available such services and facilities to the agency charged with the administration of any State or federal unemployment insurance or public employment service law as it deems necessary or appropriate to facilitate the administration of such law and to accept and utilize information, services and facilities made available to this State by such agency.

The department shall adopt regulations prescribed by the United States Secretary of Labor to address state unemployment tax avoidance and to insure that the transfer or acquisition of a business is not done for the specific purpose of avoiding higher contribution rates.

(1) The controller shall establish procedures to identify employers who engage in the transfer or acquisition of a business, trade or organization for the purposes of achieving an unemployment tax rate unrelated to employment experience.

(cf: P.L.1984, c. 24, s. 8)

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3 R.S.43:21-14 is amended to read as follows:

4 43:21-14. (a) (1) In addition to such reports as may be required 5 under the provisions of subsection (g) of R.S.43:21-11, every 6 employer shall file with the controller periodic contribution reports on 7 such forms and at such times as the controller shall prescribe, to 8 disclose the employer's liability for contributions under the provisions 9 of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), and at the time of filing each 10 contribution report shall pay the contributions required by this chapter 11 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), for the period covered by such report. The 12 controller may require that such reports shall be under oath of the 13 employer. Any employer who shall fail to file any report, required by 14 the controller, on or before the last day for the filing thereof shall pay 15 a penalty of \$10.00 for each day of delinquency until and including the fifth day following such last day and for any period of delinquency 16 17 after such fifth day, a penalty of \$10.00 a day or 25% of the amount 18 of the contributions due and payable by the employer for the period 19 covered by the report, whichever is the lesser; if there be no liability 20 for contributions for the period covered by any contribution report or 21 in the case of any report other than a contribution report, the employer 22 or employing unit shall pay a penalty of \$10.00 a day for each day of 23 delinquency in filing or \$50.00, whichever is the lesser; provided, 24 however, that when it is shown to the satisfaction of the controller that 25 the failure to file any such report was not the result of fraud or an 26 intentional disregard of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or the 27 regulations promulgated hereunder, the controller, in his discretion, 28 may remit or abate any unpaid penalties heretofore or hereafter 29 imposed under this section. On or before October 1 of each year, the 30 controller shall submit to the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce 31 Development a report covering the 12-month period ending on the 32 preceding June 30, and showing the names and addresses of all 33 employers for whom the controller remitted or abated any penalties, 34 or ratified any remission or abatement of penalties, and the amount of 35 such penalties with respect to each employer. Any employer who shall 36 fail to pay the contributions due for any period, on or before the date 37 they are required by the controller to be paid, shall pay interest on the 38 amount thereof from such date until the date of payment thereof, at the 39 rate of 1% a month through June 30, 1981 and at the rate of 1 1/4% 40 a month after June 30, 1981. Upon the written request of any 41 employer or employing unit, filed with the controller on or before the 42 due date of any report or contribution payment, the controller, for 43 good cause shown, may grant, in writing, an extension of time for the 44 filing of such report or the paying of such contribution, with interest 45 at the applicable rate; provided no such extension shall exceed 30 days 46 and that no such extension shall postpone payment of any contribution

for any period beyond the day preceding the last day for filing tax returns under Title IX of the federal Social Security Act for the year in which said period occurs.

- 4 (2)(A) For the calendar quarter commencing July 1, 1984 and each 5 successive quarter thereafter, each employer shall file a report with the controller within 30 days after the end of each quarter in a form and 6 7 manner prescribed by the controller, listing the name, social security 8 number and wages paid to each employee and the number of base 9 weeks (as defined in subsection (t) of R.S.43:21-19) worked by the 10 employee during the calendar quarter. (B) Any employer who fails 11 without reasonable cause to comply with the reporting requirements 12 of this paragraph (2) shall be liable for a penalty in the following 13 amount for each employee with respect to whom the employer is 14 required to file a report but who is not included in the report or for 15 whom the required information is not accurately reported for each employee required to be included, whether or not the employee is 16 17 included:
 - (i) For the first failure for one quarter in any eight consecutive quarters, \$5.00 for each employee;

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- (ii) For the second failure for any quarter in any eight consecutive quarters, \$10.00 for each employee; and
- (iii) For the third failure for any quarter in any eight consecutive quarters, and for any failure in any eight consecutive quarters, which failure is subsequent to the third failure, \$25.00 for each employee.
- 25 (C) Information reported by employers as requested by this 26 paragraph (2) shall be used by the Department of Labor and 27 Workforce Development for the purpose of determining eligibility for 28 benefits of individuals in accordance with the provisions of 29 R.S.43:21-1 et seq. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g) of R.S.43:21-11, the Department of Labor and Workforce 30 31 Development is hereby authorized to provide the Department of 32 Human Services and the Higher Education Assistance Authority with 33 information reported by employers as required by this paragraph (2). 34 For each fiscal year, the Director of the Division of Budget and Accounting of the Department of the Treasury shall charge the 35 appropriate account of the Department of Human Services and the 36 37 Higher Education Assistance Authority in amounts sufficient to 38 reimburse the Department of Labor and Workforce Development for 39 the cost of providing information under this subparagraph (C).
- 40 (D) For the purpose of administering the provisions of this paragraph (2), all appropriations, files, books, papers, records, equipment and other property, and employees currently assigned to the Division of Taxation for the implementation of the "Wage Reporting Act," P.L.1980, c.48 (C.54:1-55 et seq.), shall be transferred to the Department of Labor and Workforce Development as of September 1, 1984 in accordance with the provisions of the "State Agency Transfer

1 Act," P.L.1971, c.375 (C.52:14D-1 et seq.).

2 (b) The contributions, penalties, and interest due from any 3 employer under the provisions of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), 4 from the time they shall be due, shall be a personal debt of the employer to the State of New Jersey, recoverable in any court of 5 6 competent jurisdiction in a civil action in the name of the State of New 7 Jersey; provided, however, that except in the event of fraud, no 8 employer shall be liable for contributions or penalties unless 9 contribution reports have been filed or assessments have been made in 10 accordance with subsection (c) or (d) of this section before four years 11 have elapsed from the last day of the calendar year with respect to 12 which any contributions become payable under this chapter 13 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), nor shall any employer be required to pay 14 interest on any such contribution unless contribution reports were filed 15 or assessments made within such four-year period; provided further that if such contribution reports were filed or assessments made within 16 17 the four-year period, no civil action shall be instituted, nor shall any certificate be issued to the Clerk of the Superior Court under 18 19 subsection (e) of this section, except in the event of fraud, after six 20 years have elapsed from the last day of the calendar year with respect 21 to which any contributions become payable under this chapter 22 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or July 1, 1958, whichever is later. Payments 23 received from an employer on account of any debt incurred under the 24 provisions of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) may be applied by the 25 controller on account of the contribution liability of the employer and 26 then to interest and penalties, and any balance remaining shall be 27 recoverable by the controller from the employer. Upon application 28 therefor, the controller shall furnish interested persons and entities 29 certificates of indebtedness covering employers, employing units and 30 others for contributions, penalties and interest, for each of which 31 certificates the controller shall charge and collect a fee of \$2.00 per 32 name; no such certificate to be issued, however, for a fee of less than 33 \$10.00. All fees so collected shall be paid into the unemployment 34 compensation administration fund.

(c) If any employer shall fail to make any report as required by the rules and regulations of the division pursuant to the provisions of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), the controller may make an estimate of the liability of such employer from any information it may obtain, and, according to such estimate so made, assess such employer for the contributions, penalties, and interest due the State from him, give notice of such assessment to the employer, and make demand upon him for payment.

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(d) After a report is filed under the provisions of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) and the rules and regulations thereof, the controller shall cause the report to be examined and shall make such further audit and investigation as it may deem necessary, and if

therefrom there shall be determined that there is a deficiency with respect to the payment of the contributions due from such employer, the controller shall assess the additional contributions, penalties, and interest due the State from such employer, give notice of such assessment to the employer, and make demand upon him for payment.

(e) As an additional remedy, the controller may issue to the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Jersey a certificate stating the amount of the employer's indebtedness under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) and describing the liability, and thereupon the clerk shall immediately enter upon his record of docketed judgments such certificate or an abstract thereof and duly index the same. Any such certificate or abstract, heretofore or hereafter docketed, from the time of docketing shall have the same force and effect as a judgment obtained in the Superior Court of New Jersey, and the controller shall have all the remedies and may take all the proceedings for the collection thereof which may be had or taken upon the recovery of such a judgment in a civil action upon contract in said court. Such debt, from the time of docketing thereof, shall be a lien on and bind the lands, tenements and hereditaments of the debtor.

The Clerk of the Superior Court shall be entitled to receive for docketing such certificate, \$0.50, and for a certified transcript of such docket, \$0.50. If the amount set forth in said certificate as a debt shall be modified or reversed upon review, as hereinafter provided, the Clerk of the Superior Court shall, when an order of modification or reversal is filed, enter in the margin of the docket opposite the entry of the judgment, the word "modified" or "reversed," as the case may be, and the date of such modification or reversal.

The employer, or any other party having an interest in the property upon which the debt is a lien, may deposit the amount claimed in the certificate with the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Jersey, together with an additional 10% of the amount thereof, or \$100.00, whichever amount is the greater, to cover interest and the costs of court, or in lieu of depositing the amount in cash, may give a bond to the State of New Jersey in double the amount claimed in the certificate, and file the same with the Clerk of the Superior Court. Said bond shall have such surety and shall be approved in the manner required by the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.

After the deposit of said money or the filing of said bond, the employer, or any other party having an interest in the said property, may, after exhausting all administrative remedies, secure judicial review of the legality or validity of the indebtedness or the amount thereof, and the said deposit of cash shall be as security for, and the bond shall be conditioned to prosecute, the judicial review with effect.

Upon the deposit of said money or the filing of the said bond with the Clerk of the Superior Court, all proceedings on such judgment shall be stayed until the final determination of the cause, and the moneys so deposited shall be subject to the lien of the indebtedness and costs and interest thereon, and the lands, tenements, and hereditaments of said debtor shall forthwith be discharged from the lien of the State of New Jersey and no execution shall issue against the same by virtue of said judgment.

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Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) through (c) of this section, the Department of Labor <u>and Workforce Development</u> may, with the concurrence of the State Treasurer, when all reasonable efforts to collect amounts owed have been exhausted, or to avoid litigation, reduce any liability for contributions, penalties and interest, provided no portion of those amounts represents contributions made by an employee pursuant to subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-7.

(f) If, not later than two years after the calendar year in which any moneys were erroneously paid to or collected by the controller, whether such payments were voluntarily or involuntarily made or made under mistake of law or of fact, an employer, employing unit, or employee who has paid such moneys shall make application for an adjustment thereof, the said moneys shall, upon order of the controller, be either credited or refunded, without interest, from the appropriate fund. For like cause and within the same period, credit or refund may be so made on the initiative of the controller.

23 (g) All interest and penalties collected pursuant to this section shall 24 be paid into a special fund to be known as the unemployment 25 compensation auxiliary fund; all moneys in this special fund shall be 26 deposited, administered and disbursed in the same manner and under 27 the same conditions and requirements as is provided by law for other 28 special funds in the State Treasury, and shall be expended, under 29 legislative appropriation, for the purpose of aiding in defraying the 30 cost of the administration of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.); for the 31 repayment of any interest bearing advances made from the federal 32 unemployment account pursuant to the provisions of section 1202(b) of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. s.1322; and for essential and 33 34 necessary expenditures in connection with programs designed to 35 stimulate employment, as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development, except that any moneys in this special 36 37 fund shall be first applied to aiding in the defraying of necessary costs 38 of the administration of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) as 39 determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce 40 <u>Development</u>. The Treasurer of the State shall be ex officio the 41 treasurer and custodian of this special fund and, subject to legislative 42 appropriation, shall administer the fund in accordance with the 43 directions of the controller. Any balances in this fund shall not lapse 44 at any time, but shall be continuously available, subject to legislative 45 appropriation, to the controller for expenditure. The State Treasurer 46 shall give a separate and additional bond conditioned upon the faithful

performance of his duties in connection with the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund, in an amount to be fixed by the division, the premiums for such bond to be paid from the moneys in the said special fund.

(h) All disputes under R.S.43:21-1 et seq. unless specifically
 indicated otherwise, shall be resolved in accordance with the "New
 Jersey Administrative Procedures Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1
 et seq.).

(cf: P.L.2003, c.117, s.20)

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4. R.S.43:21-16 is amended to read as follows:

12 43:21-16. (a) Whoever makes a false statement or representation, 13 knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, 14 to obtain or increase or attempts to obtain or increase any benefit or 15 other payment under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or under an employment security law of any other state or of the federal 16 17 government, either for himself or for any other person, shall be liable to a fine of \$20.00 for each offense, or 25% of the amount 18 19 fraudulently obtained, whichever is greater, to be recovered in an 20 action at law in the name of the Division of Unemployment and 21 Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and 22 Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in 23 subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, said fine when recovered to be paid to 24 the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said 25 fund; and each such false statement or representation or failure to 26 disclose a material fact shall constitute a separate offense. Any 27 penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those 28 otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).

(b) (1) An employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who makes a false statement or representation, knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to prevent or reduce the payment of benefits to any individual entitled thereto or to avoid becoming or remaining subject hereto or to avoid or reduce any contribution or other payment required from an employing unit under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or under an employment security law of any other state or of the federal government, or who willfully fails or refuses to furnish any reports required hereunder (except for such reports as may be required under subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-6) or to produce or permit the inspection or copying of records, as required hereunder, shall be liable to a fine of \$100.00, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, said fine when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund; and each such false statement

or representation or failure to disclose a material fact, and each day of such failure or refusal shall constitute a separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this paragraph shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).

(2) Any employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who fails to submit any report required under subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-6 shall be subject to a penalty of \$25.00 for the first report not submitted within 10 days after the mailing of a request for such report, and an additional \$25.00 penalty may be assessed for the next 10-day period, which may elapse after the end of the initial 10-day period and before the report is filed; provided that when such report or reports are not filed within the prescribed time but it is shown to the satisfaction of the director that the failure was due to a reasonable cause, no such penalty shall be imposed. Any penalties imposed by this paragraph shall be recovered as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, and when recovered shall be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund.

(3) Any employing unit, officer or agent of the employing unit, or any other person, determined by the controller to have knowingly violated, or attempted to violate, or advised another person to violate the transfer of employment experience provisions found at R.S. 43:21-7 (c)(7), or who otherwise knowingly attempts to obtain a lower rate of contributions by failing to disclose material information, or by making a false statement, or by a misrepresentation of fact, shall be subject to a fine of \$5,000 or 25% of the contributions under-reported or attempted to be under-reported, whichever is greater, to be recovered as provided in subsection (e) of R.S. 43:21-14, and when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund. For the purposes of this subsection, "knowingly" means having actual knowledge of, or acting with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved.

(c) Any person who shall willfully violate any provision of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) or any rule or regulation thereunder, the violation of which is made unlawful or the observance of which is required under the terms of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), and for which a penalty is neither prescribed herein nor provided by any other applicable statute, shall be liable to a fine of \$50.00, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, said fine when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund; and each day such violation continues shall be deemed to be a separate offense.

1 (d) (1) When it is determined by a representative or representatives 2 designated by the Director of the Division of Unemployment and 3 Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and 4 Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey that any person, whether (i) by reason of the nondisclosure or misrepresentation by him 5 6 or by another of a material fact (whether or not such nondisclosure or 7 misrepresentation was known or fraudulent), or (ii) for any other 8 reason, has received any sum as benefits under this chapter 9 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) while any conditions for the receipt of benefits 10 imposed by this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) were not fulfilled in his 11 case, or while he was disqualified from receiving benefits, or while 12 otherwise not entitled to receive such sum as benefits, such person, 13 unless the director (with the concurrence of the controller) directs 14 otherwise by regulation, shall be liable to repay those benefits in full. 15 The sum shall be deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) or shall be paid by 16 17 the individual to the division for the unemployment compensation fund, and such sum shall be collectible in the manner provided for by 18 19 law, including, but not limited to, the filing of a certificate of debt with 20 the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Jersey; provided, however, 21 that, except in the event of fraud, no person shall be liable for any such 22 refunds or deductions against future benefits unless so notified before 23 four years have elapsed from the time the benefits in question were 24 paid. Such person shall be promptly notified of the determination and 25 the reasons therefor. Unless such person, within seven calendar days 26 after the delivery of such determination, or within 10 calendar days 27 after such notification was mailed to his last-known address, files an 28 appeal from such determination, such determination shall be final. 29

(2) Interstate and cross-offset of state and federal unemployment benefits. To the extent permissible under the laws and Constitution of the United States, the commissioner is authorized to enter into or cooperate in arrangements or reciprocal agreements with appropriate and duly authorized agencies of other states or the United States Secretary of Labor, or both, whereby:

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(A) Overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits otherwise payable under the unemployment compensation law of another state, and overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under the unemployment compensation law of another state shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits otherwise payable under R.S.43:21-1 et seq.; and

(B) Overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under applicable federal law, with respect to benefits or allowances for unemployment provided under a federal program administered by this State under an agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor,

1 shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits otherwise 2 payable under R.S.43:21-1 et seq., or any federal program 3 administered by this State, or under the unemployment compensation 4 law of another state or any federal unemployment benefit or allowance program administered by another state under an agreement with the 5 6 United States Secretary of Labor, if the other state has in effect a 7 reciprocal agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor as 8 authorized by subsection (g) of 42 U.S.C.s.503, and if the United 9 States agrees, as provided in the reciprocal agreement with this State 10 entered into under subsection (g) of 42 U.S.C.s.503, that 11 overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under 12 subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 and overpayments as determined under 13 the unemployment compensation law of another state which has in 14 effect a reciprocal agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor as authorized by subsection (g) of 42 U.S.C.s.503, shall be 15 16 recovered by offset from benefits or allowances otherwise payable 17 under a federal program administered by this State or another state 18 under an agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor.

19 (e) (1) Any employing unit, or any officer or agent of an employing 20 unit, which officer or agent is directly or indirectly responsible for 21 collecting, truthfully accounting for, remitting when payable any 22 contribution, or filing or causing to be filed any report or statement 23 required by this chapter, or employer, or person failing to remit, when 24 payable, any employer contributions, or worker contributions (if 25 withheld or deducted), or the amount of such worker contributions (if 26 not withheld or deducted), or filing or causing to be filed with the 27 controller or the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability 28 Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of 29 the State of New Jersey, any false or fraudulent report or statement, 30 and any person who aids or abets an employing unit, employer, or any 31 person in the preparation or filing of any false or fraudulent report or 32 statement with intent to defraud the State of New Jersey or an 33 employment security agency of any other state or of the federal 34 government, or with intent to evade the payment of any contributions, 35 interest or penalties, or any part thereof, which shall be due under the provisions of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), shall be liable for each 36 37 offense upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, 38 to a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a term not 39 to exceed 90 days, or both, at the discretion of the court. The fine 40 upon conviction shall be payable to the unemployment compensation 41 auxiliary fund. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in 42 addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et 43 seq.).

(2) Any employing unit, officer or agent of the employing unit, or any other person, who knowingly violates, or attempts to violate, or advise another person to violate the transfer of employment experience

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- 1 provisions found at R.S.43:21-7 (c)(7) shall be, upon conviction
- 2 <u>before any Superior Court or municipal court, guilty of a crime of the</u>
- 3 <u>fourth degree</u>. For the purposes of this subsection, "knowingly" means
 - having actual knowledge of, or acting with deliberate ignorance or
- 5 reckless disregard for the prohibition involved.

- (f) Any employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who aids and abets any person to obtain any sum of benefits under this chapter to which he is not entitled, or a larger amount as benefits than that to which he is justly entitled, shall be liable for each offense upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, to a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a term not to exceed 90 days, or both, at the discretion of the court. The fine upon conviction shall be payable to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (g) There shall be created in the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor <u>and Workforce Development</u> of the State of New Jersey an investigative staff for the purpose of investigating violations referred to in this section and enforcing the provisions thereof.
- (h) An employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit who makes a false statement or representation, knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to reduce benefit charges to the employing unit pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of R.S.43:21-7, shall be liable to a fine of \$1,000, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14. The fine when recovered shall be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of the fund. Each false statement or representation or failure to disclose a material fact, and each day of that failure or refusal shall constitute a separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in R.S.43:21-1 et seq.
- (cf: P.L.1997, c. 255, s.4)
 - 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

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43 Deters unemployment tax avoidance.

SENATE, No. 1847

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 4, 2004

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH CONIGLIO District 38 (Bergen)

SYNOPSIS

Deters State Unemployment Tax Avoidance by penalizing knowing avoidance of unemployment tax payment.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 **AN ACT** to deter unemployment tax avoidance and supplementing 2 Title 43 of the Revised Statutes.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. a. If there is a transfer of business from one employer to another, while both employers are under substantially common ownership, management or control, then the unemployment benefit and contribution experience attributable to the transferred business shall be transferred to and combined with the unemployment benefit and contribution experience attributable to the employer to whom the business is transferred, provided that in no case, whether or not the employers are under substantially common ownership, management or control, shall unemployment benefit and contribution experience be transferred by virtue of a transfer of business if the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development determines that the transfer of the business is done primarily for the purpose of, or will result in, obtaining a lower total rate of contributions. The commissioner shall adopt regulations to ensure that lower total rates of contributions are not obtained, and higher total rates of contributions are not avoided, through the transfer or acquisition of a business.
- b. Any employer or officer or agent of the employer who reduces or attempts to reduce contributions required to be paid pursuant to R.S.43:21-7 by knowingly making a false statement or representation, failing to disclose a material fact, or transferring its business to another employer or accepting a transfer of business from another employer in a manner which reduces contributions or avoids increased contributions in violation of the provisions of subsection a. of this act or any regulation adopted pursuant to that subsection, shall:
- (1) Be liable for the payment of any amount of contributions not paid as the result of a violation of this act, together with accrued interest on the amounts not paid, to be collected by any of the means provided by R.S.43:21-14 for the collection of amounts of contributions owed by employers;
- (2) Be charged, for five calendar quarters, at the highest rate of contribution charged to any employer pursuant to R.S.43:21-7 during those quarters; and
- 39 (3) Be guilty of a crime of the third degree, if the total amount of 40 contributions not paid or, in the case of an attempt to reduce 41 contributions in violation of this act which was prevented by action of 42 the department, the total amount which would not have been paid 43 during a twelve-month period had the attempt not been prevented, is 44 more than \$50,000; be guilty of a crime of the fourth second degree 45 if either total amount is more than \$5,000, but not more than \$50,000; or be guilty of a disorderly persons offense if either total amount is not 46

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more than \$5,000, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development. Any penalties imposed by this paragraph shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in R.S.43:21-1 et seq.

- 5 c. Any tax preparer who advises or assists an employer, or acts on 6 behalf of the employer, to make any transfer, false statement or representation indicated in subsection a. of this section, shall be guilty 7 8 of a crime of the third degree, if the total amount of contributions not 9 paid by the employer or, in the case of an attempt to reduce 10 contributions in violation of this act which was prevented by action of the department, the total amount which would not have been paid by 11 12 the employer during a 12-month period had the attempt not been 13 prevented, is more than \$50,000; be guilty of a crime of the fourth 14 degree if either total amount is more than \$5,000, but not more than 15 \$50,000; or be guilty of a disorderly persons offense if either total amount is not more than \$5,000, to be recovered in an action at law 16 in the name of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development. 17 Any penalties imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be in addition 18 19 to those otherwise prescribed in R.S.43:21-1 et seq.
 - d. Any fine recovered pursuant to this section shall be paid into the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of the fund.
 - e. For the purposes of this section:

"Employer" shall include any employee leasing company or client company of an employee leasing company which enters into an employee leasing agreement pursuant to P.L.2001, c.260 (C.34:8-67 et seq.).

"Tax preparer" means a person who prepares for an employer the filing of payments, or claims for refunds, of contributions paid pursuant to R.S.43:21-1 et seq., or advises the employer regarding the payment of those contributions, but is not an employee of the employer.

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2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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STATEMENT

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This bill is designed to deter the practice of state unemployment tax avoidance (SUTA dumping), in which an employer avoids an unemployment tax rate based on its history in the system by means of transfers or acquisitions of business, such as creating a "dummy" company and shifting employees there.

The bill requires that if business is transferred between employers while both employers are under substantially common ownership, management or control, the unemployment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with

- 1 the unemployment experience attributable to the employer to whom
- 2 the business is transferred, provided that in no case, whether or not the
- 3 employers are under common ownership, management or control, shall
- 4 unemployment experience be transferred by virtue of a transfer of
- business if the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development 5
- 6 determines that the transfer of the business is done primarily for the
- purpose of, or will result in, obtaining a lower total rate of 7
- 8 contributions. The bill directs the commissioner to adopt regulations
- 9 to ensure that lower total rates of contributions are not obtained, and
- 10 higher total rates of contributions are not avoided, through the transfer
- 11 or acquisition of a business.

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- The bill provides that any employer or officer or agent of the employer who reduces or attempts to reduce unemployment contributions by knowingly making a false representation or withholding a material fact, transferring its business to another employer or accepting a transfer of business in violation of the provisions the bill or any regulation adopted under it:
- 1. Is liable for the payment of any amounts of contributions not paid in violation of the bill, with accrued interest;
- 2. Will be charged, for five calendar quarters, at the highest rate of contribution charged to any employer during those quarters; and
- 3. Is guilty of a crime of the third degree, if the total amount of unpaid contributions or, in the case of an attempt to reduce contributions prevented by department action, the amount which
- 25 would have been unpaid during a 12-month period had the attempt not 26 been prevented, is more than \$50,000; a crime of the fourth degree if
- 27 either total amount is more than \$5,000, but not more than \$50,000;
- 28 or a disorderly persons offense if either total amount is not more than 29 \$5,000.
- The bill provides that any tax preparer who advises or assists an 30 employer, or acts on behalf of the employer, to make any of the 31
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- indicated transfers, false statements or representations is also guilty of
- 33 a crime, the degree of which is based on the same threshold amounts
- 34 of unpaid contributions.

SENATE LABOR COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 1847

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 1, 2005

The Senate Labor Committee reports favorably the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 1847.

The committee substitute is designed to deter the practice of State unemployment tax avoidance (SUTA dumping), in which an employer avoids an unemployment tax rate based on its history in the system by means of transfers or acquisitions of business, such as creating a "dummy" company and shifting employees there.

The bill requires that when business entities operate under common ownership, management or control and the operation of those entities is not identifiable, distinguishable and severable, the business entities shall be considered a single employer for the purposes of determining unemployment insurance (UI) tax rates.

Following the purchase of a "corporate shell," that is, a corporation with little or no activity, the bill requires that if the resulting employing unit operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall be assigned a new employer UI tax rate.

If an employer transfers in whole or in part organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the transferred business must also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. Following the transfer, neither the predecessor nor successor in interest would be eligible to make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year.

The bill provides that if part of an employer's employment experience is transferred to a successor in interest, the successor in interest will have its employer rate recalculated, as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the transfer, by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it will be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.

Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of such acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.

The Department of Labor and Workforce Development is required to adopt regulations prescribed by the United States Secretary of Labor to address State unemployment tax avoidance and to insure that the transfer or acquisition of a business is not done for the specific purpose of avoiding higher contribution rates.

If an employing unit, or officer or agent of the employing unit, or any other person, knowingly violates, or attempts to violate, or advises another person to violate the provisions of the bill regarding transfer of employment experience, or who otherwise knowingly attempts to obtain a lower rate of contributions by failing to disclose material information, or by making a false statement, or by a misrepresentation of fact, the bill imposes on the person a fine of \$5,000 or 25% of the contributions under-reported or attempted to be under-reported, whichever is greater, to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund. The person, upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

As reported, this Senate Committee Substitute is identical to the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 2941.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2941

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 27, 2004

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOSEPH V. EGAN
District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)
Assemblyman LOUIS MANZO
District 31 (Hudson)
Assemblyman ROBERT GORDON
District 38 (Bergen)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblymen Diegnan, Scalera, Barnes, Chivukula and Vas

SYNOPSIS

Deters State Unemployment Tax Avoidance by penalizing knowing avoidance of unemployment tax payment.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 10/1/2004)

AN ACT to deter unemployment tax avoidance and supplementing 2 Title 43 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. a. If there is a transfer of business from one employer to another, while both employers are under substantially common ownership, management or control, then the unemployment benefit and contribution experience attributable to the transferred business shall be transferred to and combined with the unemployment benefit and contribution experience attributable to the employer to whom the business is transferred, provided that in no case, whether or not the employers are under substantially common ownership, management or control, shall unemployment benefit and contribution experience be transferred by virtue of a transfer of business if the Commissioner of Labor determines that the transfer of the business is done primarily for the purpose of, or will result in, obtaining a lower total rate of contributions. The commissioner shall adopt regulations to ensure that lower total rates of contributions are not obtained, and higher total rates of contributions are not avoided, through the transfer or acquisition of a business.
 - b. Any employer or officer or agent of the employer who reduces or attempts to reduce contributions required to be paid pursuant to R.S.43:21-7 by knowingly making a false statement or representation, failing to disclose a material fact, or transferring its business to another employer or accepting a transfer of business from another employer in a manner which reduces contributions or avoids increased contributions in violation of the provisions of subsection a. of this act or any regulation adopted pursuant to that subsection, shall:
 - (1) Be liable for the payment of any amount of contributions not paid as the result of a violation of this act, together with accrued interest on the amounts not paid, to be collected by any of the means provided by R.S.43:21-14 for the collection of amounts of contributions owed by employers;
 - (2) Be charged, for five calendar quarters, at the highest rate of contribution charged to any employer pursuant to R.S.43:21-7 during those quarters; and
- (3) Be guilty of a crime of the third degree, if the total amount of contributions not paid or, in the case of an attempt to reduce contributions in violation of this act which was prevented by action of the department, the total amount which would not have been paid during a twelve-month period had the attempt not been prevented, is more than \$50,000; be guilty of a crime of the fourth second degree if either total amount is more than \$5,000, but not more than \$50,000; or be guilty of a disorderly persons offense if either total amount is not

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more than \$5,000, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Department of Labor. Any penalties imposed by this paragraph shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in R.S.43:21-1 et seq.

- 5 c. Any tax preparer who advises or assists an employer, or acts on 6 behalf of the employer, to make any transfer, false statement or 7 representation indicated in subsection a. of this section, shall be guilty 8 of a crime of the third degree, if the total amount of contributions not 9 paid by the employer or, in the case of an attempt to reduce 10 contributions in violation of this act which was prevented by action of the department, the total amount which would not have been paid by 11 12 the employer during a 12-month period had the attempt not been 13 prevented, is more than \$50,000; be guilty of a crime of the fourth 14 degree if either total amount is more than \$5,000, but not more than 15 \$50,000; or be guilty of a disorderly persons offense if either total amount is not more than \$5,000, to be recovered in an action at law 16 in the name of the Department of Labor. Any penalties imposed 17 pursuant to this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise 18 19 prescribed in R.S.43:21-1 et seq.
 - d. Any fine recovered pursuant to this section shall be paid into the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of the fund.
 - e. For the purposes of this section:

"Employer" shall include any employee leasing company or client company of an employee leasing company which enters into an employee leasing agreement pursuant to P.L.2001, c.260 (C.34:8-67 et seq.).

"Tax preparer" means a person who prepares for an employer the filing of payments, or claims for refunds, of contributions paid pursuant to R.S.43:21-1 et seq., or advises the employer regarding the payment of those contributions, but is not an employee of the employer.

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2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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This bill is designed to deter the practice of state unemployment tax avoidance (SUTA dumping), in which an employer avoids an unemployment tax rate based on its history in the system by means of transfers or acquisitions of business, such as creating a "dummy" company and shifting employees there.

The bill requires that if business is transferred between employers while both employers are under substantially common ownership, management or control, the unemployment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with

- 1 the unemployment experience attributable to the employer to whom
- 2 the business is transferred, provided that in no case, whether or not the
- 3 employers are under common ownership, management or control, shall
- 4 unemployment experience be transferred by virtue of a transfer of
- 5 business if the Commissioner of Labor determines that the transfer of
- 6 the business is done primarily for the purpose of, or will result in,
- 7 obtaining a lower total rate of contributions. The bill directs the
- 8 commissioner to adopt regulations to ensure that lower total rates of 9 contributions are not obtained, and higher total rates of contributions
- 10 are not evolded through the transfer or equivilian of a hydrogen
- 10 are not avoided, through the transfer or acquisition of a business.
 - The bill provides that any employer or officer or agent of the employer who reduces or attempts to reduce unemployment contributions by knowingly making a false representation or withholding a material fact, transferring its business to another employer or accepting a transfer of business in violation of the provisions the bill or any regulation adopted under it:
 - 1. Is liable for the payment of any amounts of contributions not paid in violation of the bill, with accrued interest;
 - 2. Will be charged, for five calendar quarters, at the highest rate of contribution charged to any employer during those quarters; and
 - 3. Is guilty of a crime of the third degree, if the total amount of unpaid contributions or, in the case of an attempt to reduce contributions prevented by department action, the amount which would have been unpaid during a 12-month period had the attempt not been prevented, is more than \$50,000; a crime of the fourth degree if either total amount is more than \$5,000, but not more than \$50,000; or a disorderly persons offense if either total amount is not more than \$5,000.
- The bill provides that any tax preparer who advises or assists an employer, or acts on behalf of the employer, to make any of the indicated transfers, false statements or representations is also guilty of a crime, the degree of which is based on the same threshold amounts
- 33 of unpaid contributions.

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ASSEMBLY LABOR COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 2941

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 13, 2005

The Assembly Labor Committee reports favorably this Assembly committee substitute for A-2941.

The bill is designed to deter the practice of State unemployment tax avoidance (SUTA dumping), in which an employer avoids an unemployment tax rate based on its history in the system by means of transfers or acquisitions of business, such as creating a "dummy" company and shifting employees there.

The bill requires that when business entities operating under common ownership, management or control and the operation of those entities is not identifiable, distinguishable and severable, the business entities shall be considered a single employer for the purposes of determining unemployment insurance (UI) tax rates.

Following the purchase of a "corporate shell," that is, a corporation with little or no activity, the bill requires that if the resulting employing unit operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall be assigned a new employer UI tax rate.

If an employer who transfers in whole or in part his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the transferred business must also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. Following the transfer, neither the predecessor nor successor in interest would be eligible to make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year.

The bill provides that if part of an employer's employment experience is transferred to a successor in interest, the successor in interest will have its employer rate recalculated, as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the transfer, by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it will be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.

Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of such acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.

The Department of Labor and Workforce Development is required to adopt regulations prescribed by the United States Secretary of Labor to address State unemployment tax avoidance and to insure that the transfer or acquisition of a business is not done for the specific purpose of avoiding higher contribution rates.

If an employing unit, or officer or agent of the employing unit, or any other person, knowingly violates, or attempts to violate, or advises another person to violate the provisions of the bill regarding transfer of employment experience, or who otherwise knowingly attempts to obtain a lower rate of contributions by failing to disclose material information, or by making a false statement, or by a misrepresentation of fact, the bill imposes on the person a fine of \$5,000 or 25% of the contributions under-reported or attempted to be under-reported, whichever is greater, to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund. The person, upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.