45:19-28

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2005 **CHAPTER**: 376

NJSA: 45:19-28 (The "Bounty Hunter Licensing Act")

BILL NO: A3828 (Substituted for S2829)

SPONSOR(S): Barnes and others

DATE INTRODUCED: February 24, 2005

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Law and Public Safety

SENATE: Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: January 9, 2006

SENATE: January 9, 2006

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 12, 2006

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (4th reprint enacted)

A3828

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 6 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes 1-6-2005

<u>1-9-2006</u>

<u>LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE</u>: <u>Yes</u>

S2829

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 8 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No	
HEARINGS:	No	

No

IS 3/18/08

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:

P.L. 2005, CHAPTER 376, approved January 12, 2006 Assembly, No. 3828 (Fourth Reprint)

1 **AN ACT** concerning the regulation of bounty hunters and supplementing Title 45 of the Revised Statutes.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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7 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Bounty Hunter 8 Licensing Act."

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2. As used in this act:

"Bounty hunter" means and includes any bail runner, bail 11 recovery agent, bail enforcement agent, fugitive recovery agent or any 12 13 other person who, for fee, hire or reward: makes any investigation or 14 investigations as to the location or whereabouts of any person who has 15 violated the provisions of N.J.S.2C:29-7 or has failed to appear in any court of law in this State or any other state, when so required by law, 16 17 or has failed to answer any charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry, when so required by law; ²engages in or ² assists in the apprehension, 18 arrest, detention, confinement, surrender or securing of any such 19 20 person; or keeps any such person under surveillance.

The term shall mean and include any person who owns or operates any agency, firm, association, corporation or other entity which is organized primarily for the purpose of engaging in any of the above enumerated activities, and to any employee, agent, associate or subcontractor of any such agency, firm, association, corporation or other entity who performs any of the functions, activities or services of a bounty hunter as described in this subsection.

The term shall not mean or include, and nothing in this act shall apply to, law enforcement officers of this State, or of any political subdivision of this State, while in the actual performance of their duties, nor to officers or employees of any law enforcement agency of the United States or of any State, Territory or Possession of the United States, while in the actual performance of their duties.

b. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the Division ofState Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

- ¹ Assembly ALP committee amendments adopted June 9, 2005.
- ² Senate SLP committee amendments adopted December 15, 2005.
- ³ Senate floor amendments adopted January 5, 2006.
- ⁴ Senate floor amendments adopted January 9, 2006.

3. No person shall engage in the business of, or perform, or offer to perform, the functions, activities or services of a bounty hunter, or advertise or hold a business out to be that of a bounty hunter, unless the person is licensed by the superintendent as set forth in this act. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

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- 4. a. An application for licensure as a bounty hunter shall be submitted to the superintendent by the applicant on a form and in a manner prescribed by the superintendent and shall contain the following information:
- (1) the full name, age, which shall be at least 25 years, and residence of the applicant;
 - (2) the full and complete employment history of the applicant;
 - (3) verification that the applicant has had at least five years of law enforcement experience as a law enforcement officer with an organized law enforcement agency of this State, or of any political subdivision of this State, or of the United States or of any state, territory or possession of the United States, and is no longer employed by or attached in any capacity whatsoever to any law enforcement agency or that the applicant is a licensed private detective or has been employed by a licensed private detective for at least five years²;
 - (4) the location of the applicant's proposed principal place of business and any office, bureau, agency or subdivision; and
 - (5) such further information as the superintendent may require to show the good character, competency and integrity of the applicant.

Each application shall be accompanied by the written approval of not fewer than five reputable citizens who have known the applicant for at least three years preceding the date of application and who shall certify that the applicant is a person of good moral character and behavior.

b. Any person who shall knowingly make a false statement in or knowingly omit any material information from the application required by this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by law.

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5. a. Each applicant for licensure as a bounty hunter shall submit to being fingerprinted in accordance with applicable State and federal laws, rules and regulations for the purpose of a criminal history record background check to be performed by the superintendent. No check

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

- ¹ Assembly ALP committee amendments adopted June 9, 2005.
- ² Senate SLP committee amendments adopted December 15, 2005.
- ³ Senate floor amendments adopted January 5, 2006.
- ⁴ Senate floor amendments adopted January 9, 2006.

- 1 of criminal history record background information shall be performed
- 2 pursuant to this section unless the applicant has furnished written
- 3 consent to such check. An applicant who refuses to consent to, or
- 4 cooperate in, the securing of a check of criminal history record
- 5 background information shall not be considered for licensure as a
- 6 bounty hunter. Each applicant shall bear the cost of the criminal
- 7 history record background check, including all costs of administering
- 8 and processing the check. The superintendent shall compare the
- 9 applicant's fingerprints with information on file with the State Bureau
- of Identification in the Division of State Police and the Federal Bureau
- of Investigation consistent with applicable State and federal laws, rules
- 12 and regulations.
 - b. No person shall be licensed as a bounty hunter under the provisions of this act if the person has been convicted, as indicated by a criminal history record background check performed pursuant to the provisions of this section, of:
 - (1) a crime of the first, second, third or fourth degree;
 - (2) an offense involving the unlawful use, possession or sale of a controlled dangerous substance as defined in N.J.S.2C:35-2; or
 - (3) an offense where the issuance of a license would be contrary to the public interest, as determined by the superintendent.

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6. The superintendent, when satisfied with the examination of any application, and such further inquiry and investigations as he shall deem proper as to the good character, competency and integrity of the applicant, ⁴ and upon proof of satisfactory completion by the applicant of the education and training program if required. ⁴ shall issue a bounty hunter license to an applicant upon payment of a fee in an amount established by the superintendent by rule and regulation and execution of a bond in a manner, form and amount satisfactory to the superintendent as established by rule and regulation. The license shall be renewable every two years upon payment of a renewal fee in an amount established by the superintendent by rule and regulation.

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- 7. a. The superintendent shall cause to be issued to a licensed bounty hunter an identification card containing such information as the superintendent shall prescribe.
- b. A person who is issued an identification card pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be responsible for its safekeeping and shall not lend, let or allow any other person to use, possess, exhibit or display the card.
- c. No person shall use, possess, exhibit or display any license or identification card purporting to authorize such person to act as a bounty hunter, unless such person is the holder of a valid bounty hunter license issued pursuant to the provisions of this act.
- d. If it is established to the satisfaction of the superintendent that

a license or identification card has been lost or destroyed, the superintendent shall, upon payment of an appropriate fee, cause to be issued a duplicate license or identification card.

e. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by law.

¹8. a. The holder of any license issued under the provisions of this act may employ as many persons as the licensee may deem necessary to assist the licensee in the licensee's work and in the conduct of the licensee's business. The licensee shall be liable, accountable and responsible for the actions and conduct in connection with his or her business of each person so employed.

b. The holder of any license issued under the provisions of this act shall require each person employed to execute and furnish a verified statement, to be known as an "employee's statement," which shall set forth the employee's full name, residence, place and date of birth and such other information as the superintendent shall require by rule or regulation. The licensee shall retain in safe keeping, and the superintendent shall at all times have access to and may from time to time examine, each "employee's statement." The holder of any license issued under the provisions of this act shall pay to the superintendent an additional fee, in an amount established by the superintendent by rule or regulation, for each person employed by the licensee.

c. A licensee who fails to comply with any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by law. Any person who shall knowingly make a false statement in or knowingly omit any material information from the "employee's statement" required by this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by law. ¹

¹9. a. Each person seeking employment by a licensed bounty hunter pursuant to the provisions of this act shall submit to being fingerprinted in accordance with applicable State and federal laws, rules and regulations for the purpose of a criminal history record background check to be performed by the superintendent. No check of criminal history record background information shall be performed pursuant to this section unless the person has furnished written consent to such check. Anyone who refuses to consent to, or cooperate in, the securing of a check of criminal history record background information shall not be considered for employment by the licensee. The prospective employee shall bear the cost of the criminal history record background check, including all costs of administering and processing the check. The superintendent shall compare the person's fingerprints with information on file with the State Bureau of

- 1 <u>Identification in the Division of State Police and the Federal Bureau</u>
- 2 <u>of Investigation consistent with applicable State and federal laws, rules</u>
- 3 and regulations.
- b. A person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the
- 5 provisions of this act shall not knowingly employ in any capacity
- 6 whatsoever any person who has been convicted, as indicated by a
- 7 <u>criminal history record background check performed pursuant to the</u>
- 8 provisions of this section, of:
 - (1) a crime of the first, second, third or fourth degree;
- 10 (2) an offense involving the unlawful use, possession or sale of a controlled dangerous substance as defined in N.J.S.2C:35-2; or
 - (3) an offense where employment of the person by the licensee would be contrary to the public interest, as determined by the superintendent.
 - c. A person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act who employs any person for whom a criminal history record background check required by this section has not been performed or whom the licensee knows has been convicted of a disqualifying crime or offense as set forth in this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by applicable law. Each violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense.¹

- ¹[8.] 10.¹ a. Any person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act who enters any premises or dwelling without license or privilege or who employs the use of unlawful force in ²engaging in or² assisting in the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender, securing or surveillance of any person who has violated the provisions of N.J.S.2C:29-7 or has failed to appear in any court of law in this State or any other state, when so required by law, or has failed to answer any charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry, when so required by law, shall, in addition to any other criminal penalties provided under law, be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- As used in this section, the term "unlawful force" shall have the same meaning as set forth in N.J.S.2C:3-11.
- b. A person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act shall not purchase, possess or carry a handgun, firearm or other weapon unless otherwise permitted under chapter 39 or 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection shall, in addition to any other criminal penalties provided under law, be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

¹[9.] 11. For the purpose of investigating whether a person has engaged in, or is engaging in, any act or practice declared unlawful under this act, or for the purpose of investigating the character, competency, integrity or methods of operation of applicants or

- 1 licensees hereunder, the superintendent shall have the power to:
- 2 a. require any person to file on such form as may be prescribed by 3 the superintendent, a statement or report in writing under oath, or 4 otherwise, as to the facts and circumstances concerning any matter
- being investigated; 5
- b. administer oaths or affirmations and examine any person in 6 7 connection with any investigation;
- 8 c. inspect any premises and examine any record, book, computer, 9 electronic database, recording device, document, account, paper or 10 other tangible thing, without prior notification, in connection with any 11 investigation;
- 12 d. upon court order or warrant, seize and impound any record, book, computer, electronic database, recording device, document, 13 14 account, paper or other tangible thing in connection with any 15 investigation, except that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit the seizure and impoundment of any of the foregoing items 16 in the absence of a court order or warrant:
 - (1) with the consent of the applicant, licensee or other person being investigated or the employee, agent or other individual who is in control of the premises upon which an investigation is being conducted;
 - (2) when circumstances presenting an imminent danger to the public health or safety exist; or
 - (3) when any other legally recognized exception to the warrant requirement exists and a court order or warrant is not constitutionally required;
 - e. hold investigative hearings and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of any person or the production of any record, book, computer, electronic database, recording device, document, account, paper or other tangible thing in connection with any investigation; and
 - f. apply to the Superior Court for an order compelling compliance with any subpoena or other request for information.
 - Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to limit, waive or abrogate the scope or effect of any statutory or common law privilege, including but not limited to, the attorney-client privilege.

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- ¹[10.] <u>12.</u> a. A violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be cause for revocation or suspension of any license issued hereunder, notwithstanding that the same violation may constitute a crime or other offense under the laws of this State or any other state or jurisdiction. An indictment, prosecution and conviction arising out of any of the provisions of this act shall not be construed to preclude, if the evidence so warrants, an indictment, prosecution and conviction for any other crime or offense in this State or any other state or jurisdiction.
 - b. In addition to any other penalties prescribed by this act or any

- 1 other law, a person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall
- 2 be liable to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for a first offense and
- 3 not to exceed \$2,500 for a second or subsequent offense. Each
- 4 violation shall constitute a separate offense for the purposes of this
- 5 section. A penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be recovered
- 6 in a civil action pursuant to "The Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999,"
- 7 P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.).

¹[11.] 13. The superintendent shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out this the provisions of this act.

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³14. A person who, for at least five years prior to the effective date 12 13 of this act, has engaged in the business of or performed the functions, 14 activities or services of a bounty hunter, or has held a business out to 15 be that of a bounty hunter, and who fulfills all the requirements of this 16 act, except for the requirements set forth in paragraph (3) of 17 subsection a. of section 4 of this act, may make application to the 18 superintendent to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act, provided such application shall be received by the superintendent 19 within 60 days of the effective date of this act.³

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- ⁴15. a. The superintendent, through rule and regulation, shall establish an education and training program for bounty hunters who make application to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of section 14 of this act. The program shall consist of such subjects and courses as the superintendent may deem appropriate and shall include a minimum number of hours of classroom or other instruction.
- b. In implementing and administering the education and training
 program required in subsection a. of this section, the superintendent
 shall have the power:
- (1) to implement and administer or approve the minimum courses
 of study and training;
- (2) to issue certificates of approval to schools approved by the
 superintendent and to withdraw certificates of approval from those
 schools disapproved by the superintendent;
- (3) to certify instructors pursuant to the minimum qualifications
 established by the superintendent;
- (4) to consult and cooperate with universities, colleges, community
 colleges and institutes for the development of specialized courses for
 bounty hunters;
- 41 (5) to consult and cooperate with departments and agencies of this 42 State, other states and the federal government concerned with training 43 of bounty hunters;
- (6) to certify those persons who have satisfactorily completed basic
 educational and training requirements;
- 46 (7) to visit and inspect approved schools:

A3828 [4R]

(8) to establish reasonable charges for training and education
provided by the superintendent; and
(9) to make such rules and regulations and to perform such other
duties as may be reasonably necessary or appropriate to implement the
education and training program. ⁴
$^{1}[12.]$ $^{3}[14.]$ $^{4}[15.]$ $^{3}[16.]$ This act shall take effect on the first
day of the 13th month after enactment, except that the superintendent
may take, prior to the effective date, such anticipatory administrative
action as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.
The "Bounty Hunter Licensing Act."

ASSEMBLY, No. 3828

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 24, 2005

Sponsored by: Assemblyman PETER J. BARNES, JR. District 18 (Middlesex) Assemblyman GORDON M. JOHNSON District 37 (Bergen)

SYNOPSIS

The "Bounty Hunter Licensing Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/10/2005)

A3828 BARNES, JOHNSON

AN ACT concerning the regulation of bounty hunters and supplementing Title 45 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

7 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Bounty Hunter8 Licensing Act."

2. As used in this act:

a. "Bounty hunter" means and includes any bail runner, bail recovery agent, bail enforcement agent, fugitive recovery agent or any other person who, for fee, hire or reward: makes any investigation or investigations as to the location or whereabouts of any person who has violated the provisions of N.J.S.2C:29-7 or has failed to appear in any court of law in this State or any other state, when so required by law, or has failed to answer any charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry, when so required by law; assists in the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender or securing of any such person; or keeps any such person under surveillance.

The term shall mean and include any person who owns or operates any agency, firm, association, corporation or other entity which is organized primarily for the purpose of engaging in any of the above enumerated activities, and to any employee, agent, associate or subcontractor of any such agency, firm, association, corporation or other entity who performs any of the functions, activities or services of a bounty hunter as described in this subsection.

The term shall not mean or include, and nothing in this act shall apply to, law enforcement officers of this State, or of any political subdivision of this State, while in the actual performance of their duties, nor to officers or employees of any law enforcement agency of the United States or of any State, Territory or Possession of the United States, while in the actual performance of their duties.

b. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety.

 3. No person shall engage in the business of, or perform, or offer to perform, the functions, activities or services of a bounty hunter, or advertise or hold a business out to be that of a bounty hunter, unless the person is licensed by the superintendent as set forth in this act. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

4. a. An application for licensure as a bounty hunter shall be submitted to the superintendent by the applicant on a form and in a manner prescribed by the superintendent and shall contain the

1 following information:

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- (1) the full name, age, which shall be at least 25 years, and residence of the applicant;
 - (2) the full and complete employment history of the applicant;
- (3) verification that the applicant has had at least five years of law enforcement experience as a law enforcement officer with an organized law enforcement agency of this State, or of any political subdivision of this State, or of the United States or of any state, territory or possession of the United States, and is no longer employed by or attached in any capacity whatsoever to any law enforcement agency;
- (4) the location of the applicant's proposed principal place of business and any office, bureau, agency or subdivision; and
- (5) such further information as the superintendent may require to show the good character, competency and integrity of the applicant.

Each application shall be accompanied by the written approval of not fewer than five reputable citizens who have known the applicant for at least three years preceding the date of application and who shall certify that the applicant is a person of good moral character and behavior.

b. Any person who shall knowingly make a false statement in or knowingly omit any material information from the application required by this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by law.

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- 5. a. Each applicant for licensure as a bounty hunter shall submit to being fingerprinted in accordance with applicable State and federal laws, rules and regulations for the purpose of a criminal history record background check to be performed by the superintendent. No check of criminal history record background information shall be performed pursuant to this section unless the applicant has furnished written consent to such check. An applicant who refuses to consent to, or cooperate in, the securing of a check of criminal history record background information shall not be considered for licensure as a bounty hunter. Each applicant shall bear the cost of the criminal history record background check, including all costs of administering and processing the check. The superintendent shall compare the applicant's fingerprints with information on file with the State Bureau of Identification in the Division of State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation consistent with applicable State and federal laws, rules and regulations.
- b. No person shall be licensed as a bounty hunter under the provisions of this act if the person has been convicted, as indicated by a criminal history record background check performed pursuant to the provisions of this section, of:
- (1) a crime of the first, second, third or fourth degree;
- 46 (2) an offense involving the unlawful use, possession or sale of a

1 controlled dangerous substance as defined in N.J.S.2C:35-2; or

(3) an offense where the issuance of a license would be contrary to the public interest, as determined by the superintendent.

6. The superintendent, when satisfied with the examination of any application, and such further inquiry and investigations as he shall deem proper as to the good character, competency and integrity of the applicant, shall issue a bounty hunter license to an applicant upon payment of a fee in an amount established by the superintendent by rule and regulation and execution of a bond in a manner, form and amount satisfactory to the superintendent as established by rule and regulation. The license shall be renewable every two years upon payment of a renewal fee in an amount established by the superintendent by rule and regulation.

- 7. a. The superintendent shall cause to be issued to a licensed bounty hunter an identification card containing such information as the superintendent shall prescribe.
- b. A person who is issued an identification card pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be responsible for its safekeeping and shall not lend, let or allow any other person to use, possess, exhibit or display the card.
- c. No person shall use, possess, exhibit or display any license or identification card purporting to authorize such person to act as a bounty hunter, unless such person is the holder of a valid bounty hunter license issued pursuant to the provisions of this act.
- d. If it is established to the satisfaction of the superintendent that a license or identification card has been lost or destroyed, the superintendent shall, upon payment of an appropriate fee, cause to be issued a duplicate license or identification card.
- e. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by law.

- 8. a. Any person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act who enters any premises or dwelling without license or privilege or who employs the use of unlawful force in assisting in the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender, securing or surveillance of any person who has violated the provisions of N.J.S.2C:29-7 or has failed to appear in any court of law in this State or any other state, when so required by law, or has failed to answer any charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry, when so required by law, shall, in addition to any other criminal penalties provided under law, be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- As used in this section, the term "unlawful force" shall have the same meaning as set forth in N.J.S.2C:3-11.

1 b. A person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the 2 provisions of this act shall not purchase, possess or carry a handgun, 3 firearm or other weapon unless otherwise permitted under chapter 39 4 or 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection shall, in addition to any other criminal 5 6 penalties provided under law, be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

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- 9. For the purpose of investigating whether a person has engaged in, or is engaging in, any act or practice declared unlawful under this act, or for the purpose of investigating the character, competency, integrity or methods of operation of applicants or licensees hereunder, the superintendent shall have the power to:
- a. require any person to file on such form as may be prescribed by 14 the superintendent, a statement or report in writing under oath, or otherwise, as to the facts and circumstances concerning any matter being investigated; 16
- b. administer oaths or affirmations and examine any person in 17 18 connection with any investigation;
 - c. inspect any premises and examine any record, book, computer, electronic database, recording device, document, account, paper or other tangible thing, without prior notification, in connection with any investigation;
 - d. upon court order or warrant, seize and impound any record, book, computer, electronic database, recording device, document, account, paper or other tangible thing in connection with any investigation, except that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit the seizure and impoundment of any of the foregoing items in the absence of a court order or warrant:
 - (1) with the consent of the applicant, licensee or other person being investigated or the employee, agent or other individual who is in control of the premises upon which an investigation is being conducted;
- 33 (2) when circumstances presenting an imminent danger to the public 34 health or safety exist; or
- (3) when any other legally recognized exception to the warrant 35 36 requirement exists and a court order or warrant is not constitutionally 37 required;
 - e. hold investigative hearings and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of any person or the production of any record, book, computer, electronic database, recording device, document, account, paper or other tangible thing in connection with any investigation; and
- 42 f. apply to the Superior Court for an order compelling compliance 43 with any subpoena or other request for information.
- 44 Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to limit, waive 45 or abrogate the scope or effect of any statutory or common law privilege, including but not limited to, the attorney-client privilege. 46

A3828 BARNES, JOHNSON

- 1 10. a. A violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be cause 2 for revocation or suspension of any license issued hereunder, 3 notwithstanding that the same violation may constitute a crime or 4 other offense under the laws of this State or any other state or jurisdiction. An indictment, prosecution and conviction arising out of 5 6 any of the provisions of this act shall not be construed to preclude, if 7 the evidence so warrants, an indictment, prosecution and conviction 8 for any other crime or offense in this State or any other state or 9 jurisdiction.
 - b. In addition to any other penalties prescribed by this act or any other law, a person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be liable to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for a first offense and not to exceed \$2,500 for a second or subsequent offense. Each violation shall constitute a separate offense for the purposes of this section. A penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be recovered in a civil action pursuant to "The Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.).

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11. The superintendent shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out this the provisions of this act.

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12. This act shall take effect on the first day of the 13th month after enactment, except that the superintendent may take, prior to the effective date, such anticipatory administrative action as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

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STATEMENT

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This bill would require that bounty hunters be regulated by the State Police. Bounty hunters currently are unregulated.

The bill defines a "bounty hunter" as a bail runner, bail recovery agent, bail enforcement agent, fugitive recovery agent or any other person who, for fee, hire or reward: 1) investigates the location or whereabouts of a person who has jumped bail or has failed to appear in a State or other court of law or failed to answer a charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry when required; 2) assists in the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender or securing of such person; or 3) keeps any such person under surveillance. The definition does not apply to law enforcement officers while in the performance of their duties.

Under the bill, bounty hunters would be required to be licensed by the State Police. An applicant for a bounty hunter license must complete the State Police application, pass a criminal history record background check and pay a fee and execute a bond in amounts established by rule and regulation. The license would be renewable

A3828 BARNES, JOHNSON

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every two years. A licensed bounty hunter would be issued a bounty
hunter identification card.

3 An unlicensed person who performs the functions of a bounty 4 hunter or uses or displays a bounty hunter license or identification card 5 commits a crime of the fourth degree. Fourth degree crimes are punishable by imprisonment of up to 18 months, a fine of up to 6 \$10,000, or both. The bill specifies that a bounty hunter license does 7 not confer upon the licensee the right to carry a weapon unless that 8 9 person is otherwise authorized to do so under the State's firearms 10 licensing laws. A person who violates this provision commits a crime of the fourth degree. 11

The bill also outlines the powers of the State Police to investigate violations of the bill's provisions. In addition, the bill establishes that the State Police may revoke or suspend a bounty hunter license for any such violation and that a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for a first offense and up to \$2,500 for a subsequent offense may be imposed.

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ASSEMBLY LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3828

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 9, 2005

The Assembly Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 3828.

As amended and reported by the committee, Assembly Bill No. 3828 requires bounty hunters to be regulated by the State Police. Bounty hunters currently are unregulated.

The amended bill defines a "bounty hunter" as a bail runner, bail recovery agent, bail enforcement agent, fugitive recovery agent or any other person who, for fee, hire or reward: 1) investigates the location or whereabouts of a person who has jumped bail or has failed to appear in a State or other court of law or failed to answer a charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry when required; 2) assists in the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender or securing of such person; or 3) keeps any such person under surveillance. The definition does not apply to law enforcement officers while in the performance of their duties.

Under the amended bill, bounty hunters are required to be licensed by the State Police. An applicant for a bounty hunter license must complete the State Police application, pass a criminal history record background check and pay a fee and execute a bond in amounts established by rule and regulation. The license would be renewable every two years. A licensed bounty hunter would be issued a bounty hunter identification card.

An unlicensed person who performs the functions of a bounty hunter or uses or displays a bounty hunter license or identification card commits a crime of the fourth degree. Fourth degree crimes are punishable by imprisonment of up to 18 months, a fine of up to \$10,000, or both. The amended bill specifies that a bounty hunter license does not confer upon the licensee the right to carry a weapon unless that person is otherwise authorized to do so under the State's firearms licensing laws. A person who violates this provision commits a crime of the fourth degree.

The amended bill also outlines the powers of the State Police to investigate violations of the bill's provisions. In addition, the amended bill establishes that the State Police may revoke or suspend a bounty hunter license for any such violation and that a civil penalty of up to

\$1,000 for a first offense and up to \$2,500 for a subsequent offense may be imposed.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amended the bill to:

- 1) allow licensed bounty hunters to hire employees as necessary, but require the licensee to keep on file an "employee's statement," containing information about each employee; and
- 2) require any employee of a licensed bounty hunter to undergo a criminal history record background check.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3828

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 15, 2005

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports without recommendation and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 3828 (1R).

This bill would require bounty hunters to be regulated by the State Police. Bounty hunters currently are unregulated.

As amended and reported by the committee, the bill defines a "bounty hunter" as a bail runner, bail recovery agent, bail enforcement agent, fugitive recovery agent or any other person who, for fee, hire or reward: 1) investigates the location or whereabouts of a person who has jumped bail or has failed to appear in a State or other court of law or failed to answer a charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry when required; 2) engages in or assists in the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender or securing of such person; or 3) keeps any such person under surveillance. The definition does not apply to law enforcement officers while in the performance of their duties.

Under the bill, bounty hunters are required to be licensed by the State Police. An applicant for a bounty hunter license must complete the State Police application, pass a criminal history record background check and pay a fee and execute a bond in amounts established by rule and regulation. The license would be renewable every two years. A licensed bounty hunter would be issued a bounty hunter identification card.

An unlicensed person who performs the functions of a bounty hunter or uses or displays a bounty hunter license or identification card commits a crime of the fourth degree. Fourth degree crimes are punishable by imprisonment of up to 18 months, a fine of up to \$10,000, or both. The bill specifies that a bounty hunter license does not confer upon the licensee the right to carry a weapon unless that person is otherwise authorized to do so under the State's firearms licensing laws. A person who violates this provision commits a crime

of the fourth degree.

The bill also outlines the powers of the State Police to investigate violations of the bill's provisions. In addition, the bill establishes that the State Police may revoke or suspend a bounty hunter license for any such violation and that a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for a first offense and up to \$2,500 for a subsequent offense may be imposed.

Under the bill, licensed bounty hunters could hire employees as necessary, but require the licensee to keep on file an "employee's statement," containing information about each employee. These employees would be required to undergo a criminal history record background check.

It is the committee's understanding that nothing in this bill is to be construed to limit, restrict, or abrogate an individual's right to effectuate a citizen's arrest. Additionally, it is the committee's understanding that nothing in this bill is to be construed to prohibit a licensed bounty hunter from employing the use of force in effectuating an arrest of a defendant consistent with N.J.S.2C:3-11 and any other applicable law.

The committee amended the definition of bounty hunter in the bill to clarify that bounty hunters engage in, in addition to providing assistance in, the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender or securing of certain offenders. The amendments also provide that an applicant may substitute five years experience as a licensed private detective or five years employment with a licensed private detective for the law enforcement experience required in the bill.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 2829.

STATEMENT TO

[Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3828

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senators BUCCO and INVERSO)

ADOPTED: JANUARY 6, 2005

Assembly Bill No. 3828 (2R) requires bounty hunters to be regulated by the State Police. Bounty hunters currently are unregulated. Under the provisions of the bill, an applicant for a bounty hunter license must complete the State Police application, pass a criminal history record background check and pay a fee and execute a bond in amounts established by rule and regulation.

The bill also requires that bounty hunters have at least five years of law enforcement experience as a law enforcement officer with an organized law enforcement agency or at least five years experience as a licensed private detective or five years employment with a licensed private detective.

This Senate amendment provides that a person who, for at least five years prior to the bill's effective date, was employed as or in the business of being a bounty hunter, and who fulfills all of the bill's requirements except for the law enforcement or licensed private detective requirements in section 4, may apply to the superintendent to be licensed as a bounty hunter. The application must be received by the superintendent within 60 days of the bill's effective date.

STATEMENT TO

[Third Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3828

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senator LESNIAK)

ADOPTED: JANUARY 9, 2006

Assembly Bill No. 3828 (3R) requires bounty hunters to be regulated by the State Police. Bounty hunters currently are unregulated. Under the provisions of the bill, an applicant for a bounty hunter license must complete the State Police application, pass a criminal history record background check and pay a fee and execute a bond in amounts established by rule and regulation.

The bill also requires that bounty hunters have at least five years of law enforcement experience as a law enforcement officer with an organized law enforcement agency, or at least five years experience as a licensed private detective. As amended by the Senate, the bill also offers bounty hunters with at least five years experience prior to the bill's effective date a 60-day window to apply to the superintendent to be licensed as a bounty hunter.

This Senate amendment requires those applicants, who do not possess law enforcement or private detective experience, to complete a training program established by the superintendent prior to being licensed as a bounty hunter.

It is the Legislature's intent that the education and training program required in this amendment is substantially similar to the requirements of states in proximity to New Jersey which offer training for bounty hunters.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[Fourth Reprint]

ASSEMBLY, No. 3828 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

DATED: FEBRUARY 21, 2006

SUMMARY

Synopsis: The "Bounty Hunter Licensing Act."

Type of Impact: Minimal expenditure to be offset by fees authorized by the bill.

Agencies Affected: Department of Law and Public Safety; Division of State Police.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>FY 2008</u>	<u>FY 2009</u>	FY 2010
State Cost	Minimal expenditure to be offset by fees authorized by the bill.		
Revenue	Undetermined See comments below.		

- ! Requires the Superintendent of State Police to regulate bounty hunters under the "Bounty Hunter Licensing Act."
- ! Provides that a licensed bounty hunter would be issued a bounty hunter identification card renewable every two years. A fee may be established to cover expenses incurred by the State.
- ! Requires bounty hunters and their employees to undergo a criminal history record background check by the Division of State Police.
- ! Specifies those who perform the functions of a bounty hunter without being properly licensed by the State commit a crime of the fourth degree.
- ! Requires applicants who do not have five years law enforcement or private detective experience to complete a training program established by the superintendent prior to being licensed as a bounty hunter. The bill allows for expenses associated with this training to be offset by fees charged to the applicants.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Bill No. 3828 (4R) of 2005 requires bounty hunters to be regulated by the Division of State Police under the "Bounty Hunter Licensing Act."



Currently, bounty hunters are unregulated. This bill requires an applicant for a bounty hunter license to complete the State Police application, pass a criminal history record background check and pay a fee and execute a bond in amounts established by rule and regulation. The license would be renewable every two years. A licensed bounty hunter would be issued a bounty hunter identification card. Additionally, the bill requires any employee of a licensed bounty hunter to undergo a criminal history record background check.

This bill also requires the Superintendent of State Police to establish an education and training program for bounty hunters who apply for a license. The superintendent may also establish reasonable charges for training and education to offset costs as needed.

An unlicensed person who performs the functions of a bounty hunter or uses or displays a bounty hunter license or identification card commits a crime of the fourth degree which is punishable by 18 months imprisonment, a fine of \$10,000, or both. The bill specifies that a bounty hunter license does not confer upon the licensee the right to carry a weapon unless that person is otherwise authorized to do so under the State's firearms licensing laws. A person who violates this provision commits a crime of the fourth degree. The bill also outlines the powers of the State Police to investigate violations of the bill's provisions.

In addition, the bill establishes that the State Police may revoke or suspend a bounty hunter license for any such violation and that a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for a first offense and up to \$2,500 for a subsequent offense may be imposed.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

A representative from the Department of Law and Public Safety unofficially determined there would be a minimal expenditure to implement this bill. The Division of State Police is currently conducting background checks for private investigators and security guards. The representative noted that the division could absorb the additional background checks and licensure for bounty hunters.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services estimates this bill would require minimal expenditures that would be offset by authorized fees.

According to a representative from the America Bail Coalition, there are an estimated 300 bounty hunters nationwide.

Section: Law and Public Safety

Analyst: Kristin A. Brunner

Associate Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

SENATE, No. 2829

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED NOVEMBER 10, 2005

Sponsored by:
Senator SHIRLEY K. TURNER
District 15 (Mercer)
Senator FRED MADDEN
District 4 (Camden and Gloucester)

SYNOPSIS

The "Bounty Hunter Licensing Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 12/16/2005)

S2829 TURNER, MADDEN

AN ACT concerning the regulation of bounty hunters and supplementing Title 45 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

7 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Bounty Hunter8 Licensing Act."

2. As used in this act:

a. "Bounty hunter" means and includes any bail runner, bail recovery agent, bail enforcement agent, fugitive recovery agent or any other person who, for fee, hire or reward: makes any investigation or investigations as to the location or whereabouts of any person who has violated the provisions of N.J.S.2C:29-7 or has failed to appear in any court of law in this State or any other state, when so required by law, or has failed to answer any charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry, when so required by law; assists in the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender or securing of any such person; or keeps any such person under surveillance.

The term shall mean and include any person who owns or operates any agency, firm, association, corporation or other entity which is organized primarily for the purpose of engaging in any of the above enumerated activities, and to any employee, agent, associate or subcontractor of any such agency, firm, association, corporation or other entity who performs any of the functions, activities or services of a bounty hunter as described in this subsection.

The term shall not mean or include, and nothing in this act shall apply to, law enforcement officers of this State, or of any political subdivision of this State, while in the actual performance of their duties, nor to officers or employees of any law enforcement agency of the United States or of any State, Territory or Possession of the United States, while in the actual performance of their duties.

b. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety.

 3. No person shall engage in the business of, or perform, or offer to perform, the functions, activities or services of a bounty hunter, or advertise or hold a business out to be that of a bounty hunter, unless the person is licensed by the superintendent as set forth in this act. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

4. a. An application for licensure as a bounty hunter shall be submitted to the superintendent by the applicant on a form and in a manner prescribed by the superintendent and shall contain the

1 following information:

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- (1) the full name, age, which shall be at least 25 years, and residence of the applicant;
 - (2) the full and complete employment history of the applicant;
- (3) verification that the applicant has had at least five years of law enforcement experience as a law enforcement officer with an organized law enforcement agency of this State, or of any political subdivision of this State, or of the United States or of any state, territory or possession of the United States, and is no longer employed by or attached in any capacity whatsoever to any law enforcement agency;
- (4) the location of the applicant's proposed principal place of business and any office, bureau, agency or subdivision; and
- (5) such further information as the superintendent may require to show the good character, competency and integrity of the applicant.

Each application shall be accompanied by the written approval of not fewer than five reputable citizens who have known the applicant for at least three years preceding the date of application and who shall certify that the applicant is a person of good moral character and behavior.

b. Any person who shall knowingly make a false statement in or knowingly omit any material information from the application required by this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by law.

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- 5. a. Each applicant for licensure as a bounty hunter shall submit to being fingerprinted in accordance with applicable State and federal laws, rules and regulations for the purpose of a criminal history record background check to be performed by the superintendent. No check of criminal history record background information shall be performed pursuant to this section unless the applicant has furnished written consent to such check. An applicant who refuses to consent to, or cooperate in, the securing of a check of criminal history record background information shall not be considered for licensure as a bounty hunter. Each applicant shall bear the cost of the criminal history record background check, including all costs of administering and processing the check. The superintendent shall compare the applicant's fingerprints with information on file with the State Bureau of Identification in the Division of State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation consistent with applicable State and federal laws, rules and regulations.
- b. No person shall be licensed as a bounty hunter under the provisions of this act if the person has been convicted, as indicated by a criminal history record background check performed pursuant to the provisions of this section, of:
- (1) a crime of the first, second, third or fourth degree;
- 46 (2) an offense involving the unlawful use, possession or sale of a

1 controlled dangerous substance as defined in N.J.S.2C:35-2; or

(3) an offense where the issuance of a license would be contrary to the public interest, as determined by the superintendent.

6. The superintendent, when satisfied with the examination of any application, and such further inquiry and investigations as he shall deem proper as to the good character, competency and integrity of the applicant, shall issue a bounty hunter license to an applicant upon payment of a fee in an amount established by the superintendent by rule and regulation and execution of a bond in a manner, form and amount satisfactory to the superintendent as established by rule and regulation. The license shall be renewable every two years upon payment of a renewal fee in an amount established by the superintendent by rule and regulation.

- 7. a. The superintendent shall cause to be issued to a licensed bounty hunter an identification card containing such information as the superintendent shall prescribe.
- b. A person who is issued an identification card pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be responsible for its safekeeping and shall not lend, let or allow any other person to use, possess, exhibit or display the card.
- c. No person shall use, possess, exhibit or display any license or identification card purporting to authorize such person to act as a bounty hunter, unless such person is the holder of a valid bounty hunter license issued pursuant to the provisions of this act.
- d. If it is established to the satisfaction of the superintendent that a license or identification card has been lost or destroyed, the superintendent shall, upon payment of an appropriate fee, cause to be issued a duplicate license or identification card.
- e. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by law.

- 8. a. The holder of any license issued under the provisions of this act may employ as many persons as the licensee may deem necessary to assist the licensee in the licensee's work and in the conduct of the licensee's business. The licensee shall be liable, accountable and responsible for the actions and conduct in connection with his or her business of each person so employed.
- b. The holder of any license issued under the provisions of this act shall require each person employed to execute and furnish a verified statement, to be known as an "employee's statement," which shall set forth the employee's full name, residence, place and date of birth and such other information as the superintendent shall require by rule or regulation. The licensee shall retain in safe keeping, and the

superintendent shall at all times have access to and may from time to time examine, each "employee's statement." The holder of any license issued under the provisions of this act shall pay to the superintendent an additional fee, in an amount established by the superintendent by rule or regulation, for each person employed by the licensee.

c. A licensee who fails to comply with any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by law. Any person who shall knowingly make a false statement in or knowingly omit any material information from the "employee's statement" required by this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by law.

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- 9. a. Each person seeking employment by a licensed bounty hunter pursuant to the provisions of this act shall submit to being fingerprinted in accordance with applicable State and federal laws, rules and regulations for the purpose of a criminal history record background check to be performed by the superintendent. No check of criminal history record background information shall be performed pursuant to this section unless the person has furnished written consent to such check. Anyone who refuses to consent to, or cooperate in, the securing of a check of criminal history record background information shall not be considered for employment by the licensee. The prospective employee shall bear the cost of the criminal history record background check, including all costs of administering and processing the check. The superintendent shall compare the person's fingerprints with information on file with the State Bureau of Identification in the Division of State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation consistent with applicable State and federal laws, rules and regulations.
- b. A person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act shall not knowingly employ in any capacity whatsoever any person who has been convicted, as indicated by a criminal history record background check performed pursuant to the provisions of this section, of:
 - (1) a crime of the first, second, third or fourth degree;
- (2) an offense involving the unlawful use, possession or sale of a controlled dangerous substance as defined in N.J.S.2C:35-2; or
- (3) an offense where employment of the person by the licensee would be contrary to the public interest, as determined by the superintendent.
- c. A person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act who employs any person for whom a criminal history record background check required by this section has not been performed or whom the licensee knows has been convicted of a disqualifying crime or offense as set forth in this section shall be guilty

of a crime of the fourth degree in addition to any other crime or offense specified by applicable law. Each violation of this section shall constitute a separate offense.

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- 10. a. Any person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act who enters any premises or dwelling without license or privilege or who employs the use of unlawful force in assisting in the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender, securing or surveillance of any person who has violated the provisions of N.J.S.2C:29-7 or has failed to appear in any court of law in this State or any other state, when so required by law, or has failed to answer any charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry, when so required by law, shall, in addition to any other criminal penalties provided under law, be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- As used in this section, the term "unlawful force" shall have the same meaning as set forth in N.J.S.2C:3-11.
- b. A person who is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act shall not purchase, possess or carry a handgun, firearm or other weapon unless otherwise permitted under chapter 39 or 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection shall, in addition to any other criminal penalties provided under law, be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

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- 11. For the purpose of investigating whether a person has engaged in, or is engaging in, any act or practice declared unlawful under this act, or for the purpose of investigating the character, competency, integrity or methods of operation of applicants or licensees hereunder, the superintendent shall have the power to:
- a. require any person to file on such form as may be prescribed by the superintendent, a statement or report in writing under oath, or otherwise, as to the facts and circumstances concerning any matter being investigated;
- b. administer oaths or affirmations and examine any person in connection with any investigation;
- c. inspect any premises and examine any record, book, computer, electronic database, recording device, document, account, paper or other tangible thing, without prior notification, in connection with any investigation;
- d. upon court order or warrant, seize and impound any record, book, computer, electronic database, recording device, document, account, paper or other tangible thing in connection with any investigation, except that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit the seizure and impoundment of any of the foregoing items in the absence of a court order or warrant:
- 45 (1) with the consent of the applicant, licensee or other person 46 being investigated or the employee, agent or other individual who is

S2829 TURNER, MADDEN

1 in control of the premises upon which an investigation is being 2 conducted;

- (2) when circumstances presenting an imminent danger to the public health or safety exist; or
- 5 (3) when any other legally recognized exception to the warrant requirement exists and a court order or warrant is not constitutionally required;
 - e. hold investigative hearings and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of any person or the production of any record, book, computer, electronic database, recording device, document, account, paper or other tangible thing in connection with any investigation; and
- f. apply to the Superior Court for an order compelling compliance with any subpoena or other request for information.

Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to limit, waive or abrogate the scope or effect of any statutory or common law privilege, including but not limited to, the attorney-client privilege.

- 12. a. A violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be cause for revocation or suspension of any license issued hereunder, notwithstanding that the same violation may constitute a crime or other offense under the laws of this State or any other state or jurisdiction. An indictment, prosecution and conviction arising out of any of the provisions of this act shall not be construed to preclude, if the evidence so warrants, an indictment, prosecution and conviction for any other crime or offense in this State or any other state or jurisdiction.
- b. In addition to any other penalties prescribed by this act or any other law, a person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be liable to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for a first offense and not to exceed \$2,500 for a second or subsequent offense. Each violation shall constitute a separate offense for the purposes of this section. A penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be recovered in a civil action pursuant to "The Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.).

13. The superintendent shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out this the provisions of this act.

 14. This act shall take effect on the first day of the 13th month after enactment, except that the superintendent may take, prior to the effective date, such anticipatory administrative action as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

STATEMENT

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This bill would require bounty hunters to be regulated by the State Police. Bounty hunters currently are unregulated.

The bill defines a "bounty hunter" as a bail runner, bail recovery agent, bail enforcement agent, fugitive recovery agent or any other person who, for fee, hire or reward: 1) investigates the location or whereabouts of a person who has jumped bail or has failed to appear in a State or other court of law or failed to answer a charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry when required; 2) assists in the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender or securing of such person; or 3) keeps any such person under surveillance. The definition does not apply to law enforcement officers while in the performance of their duties.

Under the bill, bounty hunters are required to be licensed by the State Police. An applicant for a bounty hunter license must complete the State Police application, pass a criminal history record background check and pay a fee and execute a bond in amounts established by rule and regulation. The license would be renewable every two years. A licensed bounty hunter would be issued a bounty hunter identification card.

An unlicensed person who performs the functions of a bounty hunter or uses or displays a bounty hunter license or identification card commits a crime of the fourth degree. Fourth degree crimes are punishable by imprisonment of up to 18 months, a fine of up to \$10,000, or both. The bill specifies that a bounty hunter license does not confer upon the licensee the right to carry a weapon unless that person is otherwise authorized to do so under the State's firearms licensing laws. A person who violates this provision commits a crime of the fourth degree.

The bill also outlines the powers of the State Police to investigate violations of the bill's provisions. In addition, the bill establishes that the State Police may revoke or suspend a bounty hunter license for any such violation and that a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for a first offense and up to \$2,500 for a subsequent offense may be imposed.

Under the bill, licensed bounty hunters could hire employees as necessary, but require the licensee to keep on file an "employee's statement," containing information about each employee. These employees would be required to undergo a criminal history record background check.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2829

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 15, 2005

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports without recommendation and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 2829.

This bill would require bounty hunters to be regulated by the State Police. Bounty hunters currently are unregulated.

As amended and reported by the committee, the bill defines a "bounty hunter" as a bail runner, bail recovery agent, bail enforcement agent, fugitive recovery agent or any other person who, for fee, hire or reward: 1) investigates the location or whereabouts of a person who has jumped bail or has failed to appear in a State or other court of law or failed to answer a charge, subpoena or court ordered inquiry when required; 2) engages in or assists in the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender or securing of such person; or 3) keeps any such person under surveillance. The definition does not apply to law enforcement officers while in the performance of their duties.

Under the bill, bounty hunters are required to be licensed by the State Police. An applicant for a bounty hunter license must complete the State Police application, pass a criminal history record background check and pay a fee and execute a bond in amounts established by rule and regulation. The license would be renewable every two years. A licensed bounty hunter would be issued a bounty hunter identification card.

An unlicensed person who performs the functions of a bounty hunter or uses or displays a bounty hunter license or identification card commits a crime of the fourth degree. Fourth degree crimes are punishable by imprisonment of up to 18 months, a fine of up to \$10,000, or both. The bill specifies that a bounty hunter license does not confer upon the licensee the right to carry a weapon unless that person is otherwise authorized to do so under the State's firearms licensing laws. A person who violates this provision commits a crime of the fourth degree.

The bill also outlines the powers of the State Police to investigate

violations of the bill's provisions. In addition, the bill establishes that the State Police may revoke or suspend a bounty hunter license for any such violation and that a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 for a first offense and up to \$2,500 for a subsequent offense may be imposed.

Under the bill, licensed bounty hunters could hire employees as necessary, but require the licensee to keep on file an "employee's statement," containing information about each employee. These employees would be required to undergo a criminal history record background check.

It is the committee's understanding that nothing in this bill is to be construed to limit, restrict, or abrogate an individual's right to effectuate a citizen's arrest. Additionally, it is the committee's understanding that nothing in this bill is to be construed to prohibit a licensed bounty hunter from employing the use of force in effectuating an arrest of a defendant consistent with N.J.S.2C:3-11 and any other applicable law.

The committee amended the definition of bounty hunter in the bill to clarify that bounty hunters engage in, in addition to providing assistance in, the apprehension, arrest, detention, confinement, surrender or securing of certain offenders. The amendments also provide that an applicant may substitute five years experience as a licensed private detective or five years employment with a licensed private detective for the law enforcement experience required in the bill.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 3828 (1R).