#### 43:21-49

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF: 2005 CHAPTER: 106** 

NJSA: 43:21-49 (Requires employer notifications to workers regarding temporary disability benefits)

BILL NO: S488 (Substituted for A1517)

SPONSOR(S): Buono and others

**DATE INTRODUCED:** January 13, 2004

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY:

**SENATE**: Labor

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: May 16, 2005

**SENATE:** March 29, 2004

**DATE OF APPROVAL:** June 29, 2005

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (1st reprint enacted)

**S488** 

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

Yes

**COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: No

**SENATE**: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A1517

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

#### **FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:**

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REPORTS: No No Newspaper articles: No

IS 6/13/07

#### P.L. 2005, CHAPTER 106, approved June 29, 2005 Senate, No. 488 (First Reprint)

1 **AN ACT** requiring employer notice to workers of temporary disability benefit rights and amending P.L.1948, c.110.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

6

- 7 1. Section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49) is amended to read 8 as follows:
- 25. (a) (1) Every employer shall post, in prominent locations, notices to employees in the form provided by the division of whether the employer is permitted or required to participate in a temporary disability benefits program pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and whether the employer does or does not participate. <sup>1</sup>[The] For employers who
- participate in a temporary disability benefits program, the notice shall
- 16 <u>also describe the temporary disability benefits available to the</u>
- 17 employees <sup>1</sup>[of employers who participate] <sup>1</sup> and prominently disclose
- 18 that pregnancy is regarded by law as a disability and that pregnant
- 19 employees are regarded as disabled and entitled to temporary disability
- 20 <u>benefits to the same extent as other disabled employees.</u> Upon the
- 21 request of an employer, the division shall, without charge, provide the 22 employer with a copy of each applicable notice, suitable for
- employer with a copy of each applicable notice, suitable for reproduction by the employer. Each employer participating in the
- 24 <u>State plan or a private plan shall give a printed copy of benefit</u>
- 25 <u>instructions to any disabled employee as soon as the employer</u>
- 26 <u>becomes aware of the disability.</u>
- 27 (2) In addition, in the event of the disability of any individual 28 covered under the State plan, the employer shall, on the ninth day of 29 disability, issue to the individual and to the division printed notices on 30 division forms containing the name, address and Social Security 31 number of the individual, such wage information as the division may 32 require to determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, and the name, address, and division identity number of the employer[, together 33 34 with a printed copy of benefit instructions of the division]. Not later than 30 days after the commencement of the period of disability for 35 which such notice is furnished, the individual shall furnish to the 36 division a notice and claim for disability benefits under the State plan 37 or for disability during unemployment. Upon the submission of such 38 39 notices by the employer and the individual, the division may issue

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

benefit payments for periods not exceeding 3 weeks pending the

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

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Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Senate SLA committee amendments adopted March 1, 2004.

#### S488 [1R]

receipt of medical proof. When requested by the division, such notice and proof shall include certification of total disability by the attending physician, or a record of hospital confinement. Failure to furnish notice and proof within the time or in the manner above provided shall not invalidate or reduce any claim if it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the division not to have been reasonably possible to furnish such notice and proof and that such notice and proof was furnished as soon as reasonably possible.

- (b) A person claiming benefits under the State plan or for disability during unemployment shall, when requested by the division, submit at intervals, but not more often than once a week, to an examination by a legally licensed physician, dentist, podiatrist, chiropractor, or public health nurse designated by the division. In all cases of physical examination of a claimant, the examination shall be made by a designee of the division, who shall be the same sex as the claimant if so requested by the claimant. All such examinations by physicians, dentists, podiatrists, chiropractors or nurses designated by the division shall be without cost to the claimant and shall be held at a reasonable time and place. Refusal to submit to such a requested examination shall disqualify the claimant from all benefits for the period of disability in question, except as to benefits already paid.
- (c) All medical records of the division, except to the extent necessary for the proper administration of this act, shall be confidential and shall not be published or be open to public inspection (other than to public employees in the performance of their public duties) in any manner revealing the identity of the claimant, or the nature or cause of disability nor admissible in evidence in any action or special proceeding other than one arising under this act.

(cf: P.L.1980, c.90, s.15)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Requires employer notifications to workers regarding temporary disability benefits.

## SENATE, No. 488

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 211th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2004 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator BARBARA BUONO District 18 (Middlesex) Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Requires employer notifications to workers regarding temporary disability benefits.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



1 **AN ACT** requiring employer notice to workers of temporary disability benefit rights and amending P.L.1948, c.110.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

6

- 7 1. Section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49) is amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 25. (a) (1) Every employer shall post, in prominent locations, 10 notices to employees in the form provided by the division of whether 11 the employer is permitted or required to participate in a temporary 12 disability benefits program pursuant to the "Temporary Disability 13 Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and whether the 14 employer does or does not participate. The notice shall also describe 15 the temporary disability benefits available to the employees of 16 employers who participate and prominently disclose that pregnancy is 17 regarded by law as a disability and that pregnant employees are 18 regarded as disabled and entitled to temporary disability benefits to the 19 same extent as other disabled employees. Upon the request of an 20 employer, the division shall, without charge, provide the employer 21 with a copy of each applicable notice, suitable for reproduction by the 22 employer. Each employer participating in the State plan or a private 23 plan shall give a printed copy of benefit instructions to any disabled 24 employee as soon as the employer becomes aware of the disability.
- 25 (2) In addition, in the event of the disability of any individual 26 covered under the State plan, the employer shall, on the ninth day of 27 disability, issue to the individual and to the division printed notices on 28 division forms containing the name, address and Social Security 29 number of the individual, such wage information as the division may 30 require to determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, and the 31 name, address, and division identity number of the employer [, together 32 with a printed copy of benefit instructions of the division. Not later than 30 days after the commencement of the period of disability for 33 34 which such notice is furnished, the individual shall furnish to the 35 division a notice and claim for disability benefits under the State plan 36 or for disability during unemployment. Upon the submission of such 37 notices by the employer and the individual, the division may issue 38 benefit payments for periods not exceeding 3 weeks pending the 39 receipt of medical proof. When requested by the division, such notice 40 and proof shall include certification of total disability by the attending 41 physician, or a record of hospital confinement. Failure to furnish notice 42 and proof within the time or in the manner above provided shall not 43 invalidate or reduce any claim if it shall be shown to the satisfaction of

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the division not to have been reasonably possible to furnish such notice
 and proof and that such notice and proof was furnished as soon as
 reasonably possible.

- (b) A person claiming benefits under the State plan or for disability during unemployment shall, when requested by the division, submit at intervals, but not more often than once a week, to an examination by a legally licensed physician, dentist, podiatrist, chiropractor, or public health nurse designated by the division. In all cases of physical examination of a claimant, the examination shall be made by a designee of the division, who shall be the same sex as the claimant if so requested by the claimant. All such examinations by physicians, dentists, podiatrists, chiropractors or nurses designated by the division shall be without cost to the claimant and shall be held at a reasonable time and place. Refusal to submit to such a requested examination shall disqualify the claimant from all benefits for the period of disability in question, except as to benefits already paid.
- (c) All medical records of the division, except to the extent necessary for the proper administration of this act, shall be confidential and shall not be published or be open to public inspection (other than to public employees in the performance of their public duties) in any manner revealing the identity of the claimant, or the nature or cause of disability nor admissible in evidence in any action or special proceeding other than one arising under this act.

24 (cf: P.L.1980, c.90, s.15)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### STATEMENT

This bill requires every employer to prominently post notices of whether the employer is required or permitted to participate in a temporary disability insurance (TDI) program pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and whether or not the employer participates. The bill also requires that the notice describe the TDI benefits available to employees of participating employers and disclose that pregnancy is regarded by law as a disability and that pregnant employees are entitled to TDI benefits to the same extent as other disabled employees. Each participating employer is required to give a copy of benefit instructions to any disabled employee as soon as the employer is aware of the disability.

The Department of Labor is required to provide the applicable notices to employers upon request and without charge.

TDI benefits are not fully utilized by pregnant workers. In 1998, pregnancy accounted for 18,500 out of the 118,900 claims under the

#### **S488** BUONO, VITALE

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- 1 State-operated TDI plan. Those 18,500 claims represented less than
- 2 half of the pregnant workers who were eligible. That year, 61,000
- 3 workers in New Jersey gave birth. Since 70% of the total workforce
- 4 in this State is covered by the State TDI plan, about 43,000 New
- 5 Jersey workers are eligible for State TDI Plan benefits during
- 6 pregnancy. With only 18,500 out of about 43,000 potentially eligible
- 7 pregnant workers actually receiving TDI benefits, it is reasonable to
- 8 expect comprehensive notification to increase utilization rates.

#### SENATE LABOR COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 488

with committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 1, 2004

The Senate Labor Committee reports favorably, and with committee amendments, Senate Bill No. 488.

This bill, as amended, requires every employer to prominently post notices of whether they are required or permitted to participate in a temporary disability insurance (TDI) program pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," and whether or not the employer participates. The bill also requires that participating employers include in the notice a description of the TDI benefits available to employees and disclose that pregnancy is regarded by law as a disability and that pregnant employees are entitled to TDI benefits to the same extent as other disabled employees. Each participating employer is required to give a copy of benefit instructions to any disabled employee as soon as the employer is aware of the disability.

The Department of Labor is required to provide the applicable notices to employers upon request and without charge.

This bill was amended to clarify that only employers participating in a TDI program must include a description of the benefits available and disclose that pregnancy is regarded by law as a disability.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2004 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.

## ASSEMBLY, No. 1517

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2004 SESSION

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblyman HERBERT CONAWAY, JR. District 7 (Burlington and Camden)
Assemblyman FREDERICK SCALERA
District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)

**Co-Sponsored by:** 

**Assemblymen Conners and Gusciora** 

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Requires employer notifications to workers regarding temporary disability benefits.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



1 **AN ACT** requiring employer notice to workers of temporary disability benefit rights and amending P.L.1948, c.110.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 25 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-49) is amended to read as follows:
- 9 25. (a) (1) Every employer shall post, in prominent locations, 10 notices to employees in the form provided by the division of whether 11 the employer is permitted or required to participate in a temporary disability benefits program pursuant to the "Temporary Disability 12 13 Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and whether the 14 employer does or does not participate. The notice shall also describe 15 the temporary disability benefits available to the employees of 16 employers who participate and prominently disclose that pregnancy is 17 regarded by law as a disability and that pregnant employees are 18 regarded as disabled and entitled to temporary disability benefits to the 19 same extent as other disabled employees. Upon the request of an 20 employer, the division shall, without charge, provide the employer 21 with a copy of each applicable notice, suitable for reproduction by the 22 employer. Each employer participating in the State plan or a private 23 plan shall give a printed copy of benefit instructions to any disabled
  - (2) In addition, in the event of the disability of any individual covered under the State plan, the employer shall, on the ninth day of disability, issue to the individual and to the division printed notices on division forms containing the name, address and Social Security number of the individual, such wage information as the division may require to determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, and the name, address, and division identity number of the employer [, together with a printed copy of benefit instructions of the division]. Not later than 30 days after the commencement of the period of disability for which such notice is furnished, the individual shall furnish to the division a notice and claim for disability benefits under the State plan or for disability during unemployment. Upon the submission of such notices by the employer and the individual, the division may issue benefit payments for periods not exceeding 3 weeks pending the receipt of medical proof. When requested by the division, such notice and proof shall include certification of total disability by the attending physician, or a record of hospital confinement. Failure to furnish notice and proof within the time or in the manner above provided shall not invalidate or reduce any claim if it shall be shown to the

employee as soon as the employer becomes aware of the disability.

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satisfaction of the division not to have been reasonably possible to furnish such notice and proof and that such notice and proof was furnished as soon as reasonably possible.

- (b) A person claiming benefits under the State plan or for disability during unemployment shall, when requested by the division, submit at intervals, but not more often than once a week, to an examination by a legally licensed physician, dentist, podiatrist, chiropractor, or public health nurse designated by the division. In all cases of physical examination of a claimant, the examination shall be made by a designee of the division, who shall be the same sex as the claimant if so requested by the claimant. All such examinations by physicians, dentists, podiatrists, chiropractors or nurses designated by the division shall be without cost to the claimant and shall be held at a reasonable time and place. Refusal to submit to such a requested examination shall disqualify the claimant from all benefits for the period of disability in question, except as to benefits already paid.
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24 (cf: P.L.1980, c.90, s.15)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### STATEMENT

This bill requires every employer to prominently post notices of whether the employer is required or permitted to participate in a temporary disability insurance (TDI) program pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and whether or not the employer participates. The bill also requires that the notice describe the TDI benefits available to employees of participating employers and disclose that pregnancy is regarded by law as a disability and that pregnant employees are entitled to TDI benefits to the same extent as other disabled employees. Each participating employer is required to give a copy of benefit instructions to any disabled employee as soon as the employer is aware of the disability.

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#### A1517 CONAWAY, SCALERA

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- 1 State-operated TDI plan. Those 18,500 claims represented less than
- 2 half of the pregnant workers who were eligible. That year, 61,000
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- 4 in this State is covered by the State TDI plan, about 43,000 New
- 5 Jersey workers are eligible for State TDI Plan benefits during
- 6 pregnancy. With only 18,500 out of about 43,000 potentially eligible
- 7 pregnant workers actually receiving TDI benefits, it is reasonable to
- 8 expect comprehensive notification to increase utilization rates.

#### ASSEMBLY LABOR COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### ASSEMBLY, No. 1517

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 4, 2004

The Assembly Labor Committee reports favorably, and with committee amendments, Assembly Bill No.1517.

As amended by the committee, the bill requires every employer to prominently post notices of whether the employer is required or permitted to participate in a temporary disability insurance (TDI) program pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and whether or not the employer participates. The bill also requires that, in the case of employers participating in the TDI program, the notice posted by the employer also describe available TDI benefits and prominently disclose that pregnancy is regarded by law as a disability and that pregnant employees are regarded as disabled and entitled to TDI benefits to the same extent as other disabled employees. Each participating employer is required to give a copy of benefit instructions to any disabled employee as soon as the employer is aware of the disability.

The Department of Labor is required to provide the applicable notices to employers upon request and without charge.

TDI benefits are not fully utilized by pregnant workers. In 1998, pregnancy accounted for 18,500 out of the 118,900 claims under the State-operated TDI plan. Those 18,500 claims represented less than half of the pregnant workers who were eligible. That year, 61,000 workers in New Jersey gave birth. Since 70% of the total workforce in this State is covered by the State TDI plan, about 43,000 New Jersey workers are eligible for State TDI Plan benefits during pregnancy. With only 18,500 out of about 43,000 potentially eligible pregnant workers actually receiving TDI benefits, it is likely that comprehensive notification will increase utilization rates.

The committee amendments provide for two different types of notice, one for employers who do participate, which describes TDI benefits and that pregnancy is a covered disability eligible for TDI benefits, and another for employers who do not participate, which does not describe TDI benefits or their availability for pregnant workers. Unamended, the bill required all notices, even those for non-participating employers, to decribed TDI benefits. As amended, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 488(1R).

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2004-2005 session

pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.