26:3A2-22

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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	LAWS OF:	2005	CHAPTER:	3
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- NJSA: 26:3A2-22 (Provides for State and county coordination of emergency response programs)
- BILL NO: A1447 (Substituted for S948)

SPONSOR(S): Scalera and others

- DATE INTRODUCED: Pre-filed
- COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Environment and Solid Waste; Homeland Security SENATE Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: March 15, 2004

> SENATE: December 13, 2004

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 19, 2005

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL Assembly Committee Substitute (2R) enacted

A1447 <u>SPONSOR'S STATEMENT</u> : (B	Begins on page 4 of original bill)	Yes
COMMITTEE STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	Yes <u>2-</u>

SENATE: Yes FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes **LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:** Yes S948 SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 4 of original bill) Yes COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No SENATE: Yes FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes VETO MESSAGE: No **GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:** No

Yes

1-26-2004 (Env. & SW)

2-19-2004 (Home. Sec.)

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

DWING WERE PRINTED:	
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IS 2/21/07

P.L. 2005, CHAPTER 3, *approved January 19, 2005* Assembly Committee Substitute (*Second Reprint*) for Assembly, No. 1447

1 AN ACT concerning hazardous materials emergency response, and 2 amending and supplementing P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-21 et 3 seq.). 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. Section 2 of P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-22) is amended to read 9 as follows: 10 2. The Legislature finds that environmental health programs for the control of air pollution, solid waste, hazardous waste, noise, 11 pesticides, radiation, and water pollution and to protect workers and 12 the public from hazardous substances and toxic catastrophes are 13 14 inherently regional in nature and that the existing county health 15 departments have experience administering environmental health programs on a regional basis and that they are among the most 16 17 efficient health units in the State. The Legislature [, therefore,] declares that it is the policy of this 18 19 State to provide for the administration of environmental health 20 services by county departments of health throughout the State in a manner which is consistent with certain overall performance standards 21 22 to be promulgated by the Department of Environmental Protection. 23 The environmental health services shall include the monitoring and 24 enforcement of environmental health standards, the operation of a technical resource center and the enactment and enforcement of 25 26 environmental health ordinances to control air pollution, solid waste, hazardous waste, noise, pesticides, radiation, and water pollution, to 27 28 protect workers and the public from hazardous substances and toxic 29 catastrophes, and to protect against other threats to environmental 30 health. 31 The Legislature further declares that the burdens placed upon the 32 existing system of emergency and hazardous materials response programs require the implementation of measures to improve the 33 34 coordination between the Department of Environmental Protection, 35 the Department of Health and Senior Services, the State Office of 36 Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the 37 Department of Law and Public Safety, and county health departments

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AHS committee amendments adopted February 19, 2004.

² Assembly floor amendments adopted March 11, 2004.

in order to provide comprehensive Statewide planning and supervision 1 of all ¹emergency management¹ emergency response activities ¹by 2 these departments^{1 2}, and to provide for the Statewide standardization 3 of the necessary and appropriate levels of planning, training, 4 exercising, and equipment availability and usage for each county² for 5 the protection of the public health and the environment, and to 6 7 properly prepare to respond to a terrorist incident involving chemical. 8 biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive weapons. 9 (cf: P.L.1991, c.99, s.1)

10

11 2. (New section) The Department of Environmental a. Protection, with the concurrence of the Department of Health and 12 Senior Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the 13 Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, 14 shall develop a comprehensive plan for ²[county coordination of 15 response to threats posed by hazardous materials, and] the 16 standardization and coordination of county hazardous material 17 response programs to effectively address all incidents involving 18 hazardous materials, including, but not limited to,² chemical, 19 20 biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.

The plan shall include procedures for ²[a coordinated county,]² 21 State, ²<u>county</u>,² and local response to ²[any incident involving] 22 incidents involving² hazardous materials, ²[or] <u>, including, but not</u> 23 limited to,² chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive 24 ²[materials] <u>incidents²</u>, and planning ²[and], ² training ², exercising, 25 and equipment² requirements designed to assure that local responders 26 27 have the capacity, competency and capability to protect the public from exposure to those materials, and shall include the adoption of 28 29 environmental health performance standards and standards of administrative procedures for county ²[chemical, biological, 30 radiological, nuclear, or explosive] <u>hazardous materials</u>² response. 31

b. The certified local health agency in each county shall develop, 32 33 in consultation with their county office of emergency management, a 34 comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program 35 for incidents involving hazardous materials, ²[and] <u>including, but not</u> limited to,² chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive 36 ²[materials] $incidents^{2}$ for the county that is consistent with the plan 37 38 developed by the department pursuant to subsection a. of this section. 39 c. In any county in which there is no certified local health agency, 40 the board of chosen freeholders shall designate a local health agency 41 from the county to develop, in consultation with the county office of emergency management ²and the Department of Health and Senior 42 <u>Services</u>², a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency 43 response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, ²[and] 44 including, but not limited to,² chemical, biological, radiological, 45

nuclear, or explosive ²[materials] <u>incidents</u>² for the county that is
 consistent with the plan developed by the department pursuant to
 subsection a. of this section.

4

5 3. (New section) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection, in accordance with the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to 6 7 section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (before the Legislature as 2 section 4 \underline{of}^2 this bill), to the extent that State or federal funding is available for 8 9 the purpose, shall make grants available to certified local health 10 agencies, or local health agencies designated by the board of chosen freeholders, as appropriate, for the costs, including the costs of 11 12 training, equipment and personnel, associated with developing and 13 maintaining an emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, ²[or] <u>including</u>, <u>but not limited to</u>,² chemical, 14 biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive ²[materials] <u>incidents</u>² 15 , that is consistent with the plan developed by the department pursuant 16 to subsection a. of section 2 of P.L. , c. 17 (C.) (before the Legislature as 2 section 2 of 2 this bill). 18

19

The Department of Environmental 20 4. (New section) a. 21 Protection, with the concurrence of the Department of Health and ²[Human] <u>Senior</u>² Services and the State Office of Emergency 22 Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law 23 24 and Public Safety, and in consultation with representatives of certified 25 local health agencies, shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative 26 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and 27 regulations that:

(1) establish criteria and procedures for the award of grants to
certified local health agencies, or local health agencies, as appropriate,
pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (before the Legislature as
²section 3 of² this bill); ²[and]²

(2) establish environmental health performance standards and
 standards of administrative procedures for county ²hazardous
 <u>materials response for incidents involving hazardous materials</u>,
 <u>including, but not limited to</u>,² chemical, biological, radiological,
 nuclear, or explosive ²[response] <u>incidents; and</u>

37 (3) establish criteria and procedures for the development of inter38 local agreements to facilitate the creation of a Statewide mutual aid
39 network for responding to incidents involving hazardous materials,
40 including, but not limited to, chemical, biological, radiological,
41 nuclear, or explosive incidents².

b. Prior to the adoption of rules and regulations pursuant to
subsection a. of this section, and notwithstanding the provisions of the
"Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.)
to the contrary, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection may,
immediately upon filing the proper notice with the Office of

1 Administrative Law, adopt such temporary rules and regulations as the 2 commissioner determines are necessary to implement the provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (before the Legislature as this bill). The temporary 3 4 rules and regulations shall be in effect for a period not to exceed 270 5 days after the date of the filing, except that in no case shall the 6 temporary rules and regulations be in effect one year after the effective 7 date of P.L., c. (C.) (before the Legislature as this bill). The temporary rules and regulations shall thereafter be amended, adopted 8 9 or readopted by the commissioner as the commissioner determines is necessary in accordance with the requirements of the "Administrative 10 Procedure Act." 11 12 13 5. This act shall take effect immediately. 14 15 16 17 18 Provides for State and county coordination of emergency response 19 programs.

ASSEMBLY, No. 1447 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2004 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblyman FREDERICK SCALERA District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic) Assemblyman GORDON M. JOHNSON District 37 (Bergen)

SYNOPSIS

Requires adoption of model plan for county coordination of hazardous materials response.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



AN ACT concerning hazardous materials response, and amending and
 supplementing P.L.1977, c.443.
 3

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
of New Jersey:

6

1. Section 2 of P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-22) is amended to readas follows:

9 2. The Legislature finds that environmental health programs for the control of air pollution, solid waste, hazardous waste, noise, 10 11 pesticides, radiation, and water pollution and to protect workers and 12 the public from hazardous substances and toxic catastrophes are 13 inherently regional in nature and that the existing county health 14 departments have experience administering environmental health 15 programs on a regional basis and that they are among the most 16 efficient health units in the State.

The Legislature[, therefore,] declares that it is the policy of this 17 18 State to provide for the administration of environmental health 19 services by county departments of health throughout the State in a 20 manner which is consistent with certain overall performance standards 21 to be promulgated by the Department of Environmental Protection. 22 The environmental health services shall include the monitoring and 23 enforcement of environmental health standards, the operation of a technical resource center and the enactment and enforcement of 24 25 environmental health ordinances to control air pollution, solid waste, hazardous waste, noise, pesticides, radiation, and water pollution, to 26 27 protect workers and the public from hazardous substances and toxic 28 catastrophes, and to protect against other threats to environmental 29 health.

30 The Legislature further declares that the burdens placed upon the 31 existing system of hazardous materials response programs requires the 32 implementation of measures to improve the coordination between 33 responsible State agencies and county health departments in order to 34 provide comprehensive statewide planning and supervision of all 35 hazardous materials response activities in order to protect the public 36 health and the environment, and to properly prepare to respond to a terrorist incident involving a weapon of mass destruction. 37 (cf: P.L.1991, c.99, s.1) 38 39

2. (New section) a. The Department of Environmental Protection,
in consultation with the Department of Health and Senior Services and
the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of State
Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, shall develop a

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 model plan for county coordination of hazardous materials response. 2 The model plan shall include procedures for a coordinated county, 3 State, and local response to any incident involving hazardous materials 4 in order to protect the public from exposure to hazardous materials, and shall include the adoption of environmental and health standards. 5 6 b. The certified local health agency in each county shall develop a 7 comprehensive, coordinated county-wide hazardous materials response 8 program for the county that is consistent with the model plan 9 developed by the department pursuant to subsection a. of this section. 10 In counties in which there is no certified local health agency, the board 11 of chosen freeholders shall designate a local health agency from the county to develop a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide 12 13 hazardous materials response program for the county that is consistent 14 with the model plan adopted by the department. 15 16 3. (New section) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection, 17 in accordance with the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), 18 19 may make grants available to certified local health agencies for the 20 costs associated with developing and maintaining a hazardous 21 materials response program that is consistent with the model plan 22 developed by the department pursuant to subsection a. of section 2 of 23 P.L., c. (C.) (now in the Legislature as this bill). 24 25 4. (New section) a. The Department of Environmental Protection 26 shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," 27 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) rules and regulations that: 28 (1) establish criteria and procedures for the award of grants to 29 certified local health agencies pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (now 30 before the Legislature as this bill); and 31 (2) establish environmental and health standards for exposure to 32 hazardous materials. 33 b. Prior to the adoption of rules and regulations pursuant to 34 subsection a. of this section, and notwithstanding the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) 35 to the contrary, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection may, 36 37 immediately upon filing the proper notice with the Office of 38 Administrative Law, adopt such temporary regulations as the 39 commissioner determines is necessary to implement the provisions of 40 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill). P.L., c. 41 The temporary regulations shall be in effect for a period not to exceed 42 270 days after the date of the filing, except that in no case shall the 43 temporary regulations be in effect one year after the effective date of 44 P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill). 45 The temporary regulations may thereafter be amended, adopted or readopted by the commissioner as the commissioner determines is 46

1	necessary in accordance with the requirements of the "Administrative
2	Procedure Act".
3	
4	5. This act shall take effect immediately.
5	
6	
7	STATEMENT
8	
9	This bill would require the Department of Environmental
10	Protection, in consultation with the Department of Health and Senior
11	Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the
12	Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety,
13	to develop a model plan for county coordination of hazardous
14	materials response. The model plan shall include procedures for a
15	coordinated county, State, and local response to protect the public
16	from exposure to hazardous materials and the adoption of
17	environmental and health standards. The bill would also require the
18	certified local health agency in each county to develop a
19	comprehensive, coordinated county-wide hazardous materials response
20	program for the county that is consistent with the model plan
21	developed by the department. In counties in which there is no certified
22	local health agency, the board of chosen freeholders shall designate a
23	local health agency from the county to develop the plan. The
24	Commissioner of Environmental Protection may make grants available
25	to certified local health agencies for the costs associated with
26	developing and maintaining a hazardous materials response program
27	that is consistent with the model plan developed by the department.
28	Finally, the bill would authroize the adoption of temporary regulations
29	to implement the provisions of the act.

ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENT AND SOLID WASTE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 1447

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 26, 2004

The Assembly Environment and Solid Waste Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 1447.

This committee substitute requires the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, to develop a comprehensive plan for county coordination of response to threats posed by hazardous materials, and chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.

The substitute requires the plan to include procedures for a coordinated county, State, and local response to any incident involving hazardous materials, or chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials, and planning and training requirements designed to assure that local responders have the capacity, competency and capability to protect the public from exposure to those materials. The plan would include the adoption of environmental health performance standards and standards of administrative procedures for county chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive response.

The substitute requires the certified local health agency in each county to develop, in consultation with their county office of emergency management, a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, and chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials for the county consistent with the plan developed by the DEP. For any county in which there is no certified local health agency, the substitute requires the board of chosen freeholders to designate a local health agency from the county to develop, in consultation with their county office of emergency management, the comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for the county consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

The substitute provides that the DEP Commissioner, to the extent

that State or federal funding is available for the purpose, will make grants available to certified local health agencies, or local health agencies designated by the board of chosen freeholders, as appropriate, for the costs, including the costs of training, equipment and personnel, associated with developing and maintaining an emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, or chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials, that is consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

Lastly, the substitute requires the DEP, with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, and in consultation with representatives of certified local health agencies, to adopt, rules and regulations that: (1) establish criteria and procedures for the award of grants to certified local health agencies, or local health agencies, as appropriate; and (2) establish environmental health performance standards and standards of administrative procedures for county chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive response.

ASSEMBLY HOMELAND SECURITY AND STATE PREPAREDNESS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 1447

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 19, 2004

The Assembly Homeland Security and State Preparedness Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 1447.

This substitute, originally adopted by the Assembly Environment and Solid Waste Committee on January 26, 2004, was second referenced to this committee for further consideration. The substitute is reported favorably by the Assembly Homeland Security and State Preparedness Committee with an additional change to clarify the scope of the legislation.

The substitute requires the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, to develop a comprehensive plan for county coordination of response to threats posed by hazardous materials, and chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.

The substitute requires the plan to include procedures for a coordinated county, State, and local response to any incident involving hazardous materials, or chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials, and planning and training requirements designed to assure that local responders have the capacity, competency and capability to protect the public from exposure to those materials. The plan would include the adoption of environmental health performance standards and standards of administrative procedures for county chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive response.

The substitute requires the certified local health agency in each county to develop, in consultation with their county office of emergency management, a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, and chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials for the county consistent with the plan developed by the DEP. For any county in which there is no certified local health agency, the substitute requires the board of chosen freeholders to designate a local health agency from the county to develop, in consultation with their county office of emergency management, the comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for the county consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

The substitute provides that the DEP Commissioner, to the extent that State or federal funding is available for the purpose, will make grants available to certified local health agencies, or local health agencies designated by the board of chosen freeholders, as appropriate, for the costs, including the costs of training, equipment and personnel, associated with developing and maintaining an emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, or chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials, that is consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

Lastly, the substitute requires the DEP, with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, and in consultation with representatives of certified local health agencies, to adopt, rules and regulations that: (1) establish criteria and procedures for the award of grants to certified local health agencies, or local health agencies, as appropriate; and (2) establish environmental health performance standards and standards of administrative procedures for county chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive response.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The amendments to the substitute clarify the scope of the legislation. The findings and declarations of the Legislature set forth in the substitute are amended to clarify that the substitute applies to the improved coordination of *emergency management* emergency response activities by the DEP, the Department of Health and Senior Services, the Department of Law and Public Safety through its Office of Emergency Management, and the county health departments.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 1447

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 8, 2004

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports favorably the Assembly Committee Substitute (2R) for Assembly Bill No. 1447.

This committee substitute requires the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, to develop a comprehensive plan for the standardization and coordination of county hazardous materials response programs to effectively address all incidents involving hazardous materials, including but not limited to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.

The substitute requires the plan to include procedures for the standardization and coordination of county hazardous materials programs, including but not limited to State, county and local response to incidents involving hazardous materials, including but not limited to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents, and planning, training exercising and equipment requirements designed to assure that local responders have the capacity, competency and capability to protect the public from exposure to those materials. The plan would include the adoption of environmental health performance standards and standards of administrative procedures for county hazardous materials response.

The substitute requires the certified local health agency in each county to develop, in consultation with their county office of emergency management, a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, including but not limited to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents for the county consistent with the plan developed by the DEP. For any county in which there is no certified local health agency, the substitute requires the board of chosen freeholders to designate a local health agency from the county to develop, in consultation with their county office of emergency management and the Department of Health and Senior Services, the comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for the county consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

The substitute provides that the DEP Commissioner, to the extent that State or federal funding is available for the purpose, will make grants available to certified local health agencies, or local health agencies designated by the board of chosen freeholders, as appropriate, for the costs, including the costs of training, equipment and personnel, associated with developing and maintaining an emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, including but not limited to, chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents, that is consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

Lastly, the substitute requires the DEP, with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, and in consultation with representatives of certified local health agencies, to adopt, rules and regulations that: (1) establish criteria and procedures for the award of grants to certified local health agencies, or local health agencies, as appropriate; and (2) establish environmental health performance standards and standards of administrative procedures for county hazardous materials response for incidents involving hazardous materials, including but not limited to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.

This committee substitute is identical to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 948, which also was reported by the committee on this same date.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 1447

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed By Assemblyman SCALERA)

ADOPTED: MARCH 11, 2004

These amendments would make several changes to the proposed development and coordination of State, county, and local hazardous materials response programs. Specifically, the amendments would: 1) broaden the scope of the bill to address the concepts of standardized planning, training, exercising, and equipment availability and usage throughout the State; 2) clarify the Statewide coordination of countybased hazardous materials response planning; and 3) increase the role of the Department of Health and Senior Services in the development and implementation of hazardous materials response programs, including the creation of a Statewide network of mutual aid for responding to incidents involving hazardous materials.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE [Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 1447 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

DATED: NOVEMBER 5, 2004

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Provides for State and county coordination of emergency response programs.		
Type of Impact:	None		
Agencies Affected:	Department of Environmental Protection, Department of Health and Senior Services, State Office of Emergency Management, and county health agencies.		

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost		None-See Comments Below	v
Local Cost		None-See Comments Below	V

- ! The bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to develop a comprehensive plan to standardize and coordinate county hazardous materials (Hazmat) response programs to address all hazardous materials incidents including, but not limited to, chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.
- ! The bill requires each county's certified health agency to develop a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials that is consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.
- ! The bill directs the DEP to adopt regulations to award grants to counties, establish environmental performance standards for county Hazmat response, and develop inter-local agreements to create a Statewide mutual aid network for responding to Hazmat incidents.
- ! The Office of Legislative Services, with information informally provided by the DEP, estimate that the bill will have no major fiscal impact on the State or the counties.



BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 1447 (2R) of 2004 amends and supplements the "County Environmental Health Act" by requiring the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS) and the State Office of Emergency Management (OEM), to develop a comprehensive plan to standardize and coordinate county hazardous materials response programs to address all hazardous materials incidents including, but not limited to, chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.

The substitute further requires each county's certified local health agency to develop a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials that is consistent with the plan developed by the DEP. The substitute authorizes the DEP Commissioner, to the extent that State or federal funding is available for this purpose, to make grants available to certified local health agencies for the costs of training, equipment and personnel associated with developing and maintaining an emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, provided it is consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

Last, the substitute requires the DEP, with the concurrence of the DHSS and the State OEM, and in consultation with representatives of certified local health agencies, to adopt, rules and regulations that: (1) establish criteria and procedures for the award of grants to certified local health agencies; (2) establish environmental health performance standards and administrative procedures for county hazardous materials response to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents; and (3) establish criteria and procedures to develop inter-local agreements to create a Statewide mutual aid network for responding to incidents involving hazardous materials.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

Although a Fiscal Note worksheet was not submitted by the Executive Branch, the DEP informally provided the Office of Legislative Services with an analysis of the bill's potential fiscal impacts. With respect to new plan development and rules promulgation, the DEP states that existing personnel would be able to perform these duties at no additional cost. Any State or federal grant-related expenses would likely be covered by the administrative set-asides of such grant programs.

Concerning potential county costs under the bill, the DEP notes that since 2003, \$10 million in federal and state grants have been awarded to counties to fund equipment, training, drills and exercises for Hazmat first responders. As a result, most counties now meet or exceed the minimum Hazmat standards set by the State Police. Regarding current and future support of Hazmat activities described in the bill, State Aid funding to counties is provided under the "County Environmental Health Act", which was increased by \$1 million (to \$3.45 million) in FY 2005. Federal grants and the New Jersey Spill Fund (in cases where responsible party costs cannot be recovered) also provide sources of funding for Hazmat costs. In most instances, however, responsible parties quickly reimburse the Hazmat responders for their costs.

The DEP addresses the potential for additional Hazmat personnel expenses under the bill by pointing out that counties have structured their Hazmat response programs to provide emergency response coverage in a variety of ways, using both full-time and volunteer Hazmat responders. Some personnel may be based in fire departments while others are based in county emergency management offices or health [2R] ACS for A1447 3

departments. Many such responders are assigned to unrelated, full-time job responsibilities but respond as needed to Hazmat incidents.

In sum, the DEP believes that, considering the present and future funding sources available to the counties and their current state of Hazmat response readiness, the bill should not have any major fiscal impacts on the State or the counties.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services concurs with the DEP's statements but notes that additional State Aid may be needed in the future if counties are unable to meet rising or extraordinary Hazmat response costs.

Section:	Environment, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources
Analyst:	Richard M. Handelman Senior Fiscal Analyst
Approved:	David J. Rosen Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

SENATE, No. 948

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 9, 2004

Sponsored by: Senator PAUL SARLO District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic) Senator BARBARA BUONO District 18 (Middlesex)

SYNOPSIS

Provides for State and county coordination of emergency response programs.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/7/2004)

Z

AN ACT concerning hazardous materials emergency response, and
amending and supplementing P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-21 et
seq.).

4

5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
6 of New Jersey:

7

8 1. Section 2 of P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-22) is amended to read9 as follows:

10 2. The Legislature finds that environmental health programs for the 11 control of air pollution, solid waste, hazardous waste, noise, 12 pesticides, radiation, and water pollution and to protect workers and 13 the public from hazardous substances and toxic catastrophes are 14 inherently regional in nature and that the existing county health departments have experience administering environmental health 15 programs on a regional basis and that they are among the most 16 17 efficient health units in the State.

The Legislature [, therefore,] declares that it is the policy of this 18 19 State to provide for the administration of environmental health 20 services by county departments of health throughout the State in a 21 manner which is consistent with certain overall performance standards 22 to be promulgated by the Department of Environmental Protection. 23 The environmental health services shall include the monitoring and enforcement of environmental health standards, the operation of a 24 technical resource center and the enactment and enforcement of 25 environmental health ordinances to control air pollution, solid waste, 26 hazardous waste, noise, pesticides, radiation, and water pollution, to 27 28 protect workers and the public from hazardous substances and toxic 29 catastrophes, and to protect against other threats to environmental 30 health.

31 The Legislature further declares that the burdens placed upon the 32 existing system of emergency and hazardous materials response 33 programs require the implementation of measures to improve the 34 coordination between the Department of Environmental Protection, 35 the Department of Health and Senior Services, the State Office of 36 Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, and county health departments 37 38 in order to provide comprehensive Statewide planning and supervision 39 of all emergency response activities for the protection of the public 40 health and the environment, and to properly prepare to respond to a 41 terrorist incident involving chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, 42 or explosive weapons.

43 (cf: P.L.1991, c.99, s.1)

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 2. (New section) a. The Department of Environmental Protection, 2 with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services 3 and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of 4 State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, shall develop a comprehensive plan for county coordination of response to threats 5 6 posed by hazardous materials, and chemical, biological, radiological, 7 nuclear, or explosive incidents.

8 The plan shall include procedures for a coordinated county, State, 9 and local response to any incident involving hazardous materials, or 10 chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials, and 11 planning and training requirements designed to assure that local 12 responders have the capacity, competency and capability to protect the 13 public from exposure to those materials, and shall include the adoption 14 of environmental health performance standards and standards of 15 administrative procedures for county chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive response. 16

b. The certified local health agency in each county shall develop, 17 18 in consultation with their county office of emergency management, a 19 comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program 20 for incidents involving hazardous materials, and chemical, biological, 21 radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials for the county that is 22 consistent with the plan developed by the department pursuant to 23 subsection a. of this section.

24 c. In any county in which there is no certified local health agency, 25 the board of chosen freeholders shall designate a local health agency 26 from the county to develop, in consultation with the county office of 27 emergency management, a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide 28 emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous 29 materials, and chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive 30 materials for the county that is consistent with the plan developed by 31 the department pursuant to subsection a. of this section.

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33 3. (New section) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection, 34 in accordance with the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (before the Legislature as this bill), to 35 the extent that State or federal funding is available for the purpose, 36 37 shall make grants available to certified local health agencies, or local 38 health agencies designated by the board of chosen freeholders, as 39 appropriate, for the costs, including the costs of training, equipment 40 and personnel, associated with developing and maintaining an 41 emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous 42 materials, or chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive 43 materials, that is consistent with the plan developed by the department 44 pursuant to subsection a. of section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (before the 45 Legislature as this bill).

4. (New section) a. The Department of Environmental Protection,
 with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Human Services
 and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of
 State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, and in
 consultation with representatives of certified local health agencies,
 shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968,
 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations that:

8 (1) establish criteria and procedures for the award of grants to
9 certified local health agencies, or local health agencies, as appropriate,
10 pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (before the Legislature as
11 this bill); and

(2) establish environmental health performance standards and
standards of administrative procedures for county chemical, biological,
radiological, nuclear, or explosive response.

15 b. Prior to the adoption of rules and regulations pursuant to subsection a. of this section, and notwithstanding the provisions of the 16 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) 17 18 to the contrary, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection may, 19 immediately upon filing the proper notice with the Office of 20 Administrative Law, adopt such temporary rules and regulations as the 21 commissioner determines are necessary to implement the provisions of 22 P.L., c. (C.) (before the Legislature as this bill). The temporary 23 rules and regulations shall be in effect for a period not to exceed 270 days after the date of the filing, except that in no case shall the 24 25 temporary rules and regulations be in effect one year after the effective 26 date of P.L., c. (C.) (before the Legislature as this bill). The 27 temporary rules and regulations shall thereafter be amended, adopted 28 or readopted by the commissioner as the commissioner determines is 29 necessary in accordance with the requirements of the "Administrative 30 Procedure Act."

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STATEMENT

5. This act shall take effect immediately.

This bill requires the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, to develop a comprehensive plan for county coordination of response to threats posed by hazardous materials, and chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.

The bill requires the plan to include procedures for a coordinated
county, State, and local response to any incident involving hazardous
materials, or chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive

materials, and planning and training requirements designed to assure
that local responders have the capacity, competency and capability to
protect the public from exposure to those materials. The plan would
include the adoption of environmental health performance standards
and standards of administrative procedures for county chemical,
biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive response.

7 The bill requires the certified local health agency in each county to 8 develop, in consultation with their county office of emergency 9 management, a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency 10 response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, and 11 chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials for 12 the county consistent with the plan developed by the DEP. For any 13 county in which there is no certified local health agency, the bill 14 requires the board of chosen freeholders to designate a local health 15 agency from the county to develop, in consultation with their county office of emergency management, the comprehensive, coordinated 16 17 county-wide emergency response program for the county consistent 18 with the plan developed by the DEP.

19 The bill provides that the DEP Commissioner, to the extent that 20 State or federal funding is available for the purpose, will make grants 21 available to certified local health agencies, or local health agencies 22 designated by the board of chosen freeholders, as appropriate, for the 23 costs, including the costs of training, equipment and personnel, 24 associated with developing and maintaining an emergency response 25 program for incidents involving hazardous materials, or chemical, 26 biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive materials, that is 27 consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

28 Lastly, the bill requires the DEP, with the concurrence of the 29 Department of Health and Senior Services and the State Office of 30 Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, and in consultation with 31 32 representatives of certified local health agencies, to adopt, rules and 33 regulations that: (1) establish criteria and procedures for the award of 34 grants to certified local health agencies, or local health agencies, as appropriate; and (2) establish environmental health performance 35 36 standards and standards of administrative procedures for county 37 chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive response.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 948

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 8, 2004

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 948.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill requires the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, to develop a comprehensive plan for the standardization and coordination of county hazardous materials response programs to effectively address all incidents involving hazardous materials, including but not limited to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.

The bill requires the plan to include 1) procedures for the standardization and coordination of county hazardous materials programs, including but not limited to State, county and local response to incidents involving hazardous materials, including but not limited to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents, and 2) planning, training exercising and equipment requirements designed to assure that local responders have the capacity, competency and capability to protect the public from exposure to those materials. The plan would include the adoption of environmental health performance standards and standards of administrative procedures for county hazardous materials response.

The bill also requires the certified local health agency in each county to develop, in consultation with their county office of emergency management, a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, including but not limited to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents for the county consistent with the plan developed by the DEP. For any county in which there is no certified local health agency, the bill requires the board of chosen freeholders to designate a local health agency from the county to develop, in consultation with their county office of emergency management and the Department of Health and Senior Services, the comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for the county consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

The bill provides that the DEP Commissioner, to the extent that State or federal funding is available for the purpose, will make grants available to certified local health agencies, or local health agencies designated by the board of chosen freeholders, as appropriate, for the costs, including the costs of training, equipment and personnel, associated with developing and maintaining an emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, including but not limited to, chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents, that is consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

Lastly, the bill requires the DEP, with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services and the State Office of Emergency Management in the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety, and in consultation with representatives of certified local health agencies, to adopt, rules and regulations that: (1) establish criteria and procedures for the award of grants to certified local health agencies, or local health agencies, as appropriate; and (2) establish environmental health performance standards and standards of administrative procedures for county hazardous materials response for incidents involving hazardous materials, including but not limited to chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.

The committee amended the bill to clarify its scope. The findings and declarations of the Legislature set forth in the bill are amended to clarify that the bill applies to the improved coordination of *emergency* management emergency response activities by the DEP, the Department of Health and Senior Services, the Department of Law and Public Safety through its Office of Emergency Management, and the county health departments. The amendments also broaden the scope of the bill to address the concepts of standardized planning, training, exercising, and equipment availability and usage throughout the State. The amendments also clarify the Statewide coordination of countybased hazardous materials response planning. In addition, the amendments increase the role of the Department of Health and Senior Services in the development and implementation of hazardous materials response programs, including the creation of a Statewide network of mutual aid for responding to incidents involving hazardous materials.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill is identical to the Assembly Committee Substitute (2R) for Assembly Bill No. 1447, which was reported by the committee on this same date.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 948 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

DATED: NOVEMBER 17, 2004

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Provides for State and county coordination of emergency response programs.
Type of Impact:	None
Agencies Affected:	Department of Environmental Protection, Department of Health and Senior Services, State Office of Emergency Management, and county health agencies.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost		None-See Comments Below	
Local Cost		None-See Comments Below	

- ! The bill directs the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to develop a comprehensive plan for county coordination of response programs to threats posed by hazardous materials, and chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents.
- ! The bill requires each county's certified health agency to develop a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials that is consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.
- ! The bill directs the DEP to adopt regulations that establish criteria and procedures to award grants to county health agencies and establish environmental health performance standards and procedures for county chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive response.
- ! The Office of Legislative Services, with information informally provided by the DEP, estimate that the bill will have no major fiscal impact on the State or the counties.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 948 of 2004 amends and supplements the "County Environmental Health Act" by requiring the DEP, with the concurrence of the Department of Health and Senior Services (DHSS) and the State Office of Emergency Management (OEM), to develop a

Office of Legislative Services State House Annex P.O. Box 068 Trenton, New Jersey 08625



comprehensive plan for county coordination of response programs to threats posed by hazardous materials, and chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive incidents. The plan is to include procedures for State, county and local response to any incident involving hazardous materials and must address planning and training requirements.

The substitute further requires each county's certified local health agency to develop a comprehensive, coordinated county-wide emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials that is consistent with the plan developed by the DEP. The substitute authorizes the DEP Commissioner, to the extent that State or federal funding is available for this purpose, to make grants available to certified local health agencies for the costs of training, equipment and personnel associated with developing and maintaining an emergency response program for incidents involving hazardous materials, provided it is consistent with the plan developed by the DEP.

Last, the substitute requires the DEP, with the concurrence of the DHSS and the State OEM, and in consultation with representatives of certified local health agencies, to adopt, rules and regulations that: (1) establish criteria and procedures for the award of grants to certified local health agencies; and (2) establish environmental health performance standards and administrative procedures for county chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, or explosive response.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

Although a Fiscal Note worksheet was not submitted by the Executive Branch, the DEP informally provided the Office of Legislative Services with an analysis of the bill's potential fiscal impacts. With respect to new plan development and rules promulgation, the DEP states that existing personnel would be able to perform these duties at no additional cost. Any new State or federal grant-related expenses would likely be covered by the administrative set-asides of such grant programs.

Concerning potential county costs under the bill, the DEP notes that since 2003, \$10 million in federal and state grants have been awarded to counties to fund equipment, training, drills and exercises for Hazmat first responders. As a result, most counties now meet or exceed the minimum Hazmat standards set by the State Police. Regarding current and future support of Hazmat activities described in the bill, State Aid funding to counties is provided under the "County Environmental Health Act", which was increased by \$1 million (to \$3.45 million) in FY 2005. Federal grants and the New Jersey Spill Fund (in cases when responsible party costs cannot be recovered) also provide sources of funding for Hazmat costs. In most instances, however, responsible parties quickly reimburse the Hazmat responders for their costs.

The DEP addresses the potential for additional Hazmat personnel expenses under the bill by pointing out that counties have structured their Hazmat response programs to provide emergency response coverage in a variety of ways, using both full-time and volunteer Hazmat responders. Some personnel may be based in fire departments while others are based in county emergency management offices or health departments. Many such responders are assigned to unrelated, full-time job responsibilities but respond as needed to Hazmat incidents.

In sum, the DEP believes that, considering the present and future funding sources available to the counties and their current state of Hazmat response readiness, the bill should not have any major fiscal impacts on the State or the counties.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services concurs with the DEP's statements but notes that additional State Aid may be needed in the future if counties are unable to meet rising or extraordinary Hazmat response costs.

Section: Environment, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources

Analyst: Richard M. Handelman Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.