17B:20-1

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2005 **CHAPTER**: 193

NJSA: 17B:20-1 (Increases certain investment limits for domestic insurers)

BILL NO: S2173 (Substituted for A3624)

SPONSOR(S): Lesniak and others

DATE INTRODUCED: January 11, 2005

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Financial Institutions and Insurance

SENATE: Commerce

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 30, 2005

SENATE: March 14, 2005

DATE OF APPROVAL: August 18, 2005

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Original version of bill enacted)

S2173

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 9 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A3624

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 9 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS: No No Newspaper articles: No

IS 9/12/07

P.L. 2005, CHAPTER 193, *approved August 18, 2005* Senate, No. 2173

AN ACT concerning the investment powers of domestic insurers and amending N.J.S.17B:20-1 and 17B:20-2 and repealing N.J.S. 17B:28-13.

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5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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8 1. N.J.S.17B:20-1 is amended to read as follows:

9 17B:20-1. Any domestic insurer may invest its capital, surplus and other funds, or any part thereof, in:

a. Bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness or public stock issued, created, insured or guaranteed by the United States, any territory or possession thereof, this or any other state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Canada, or any of the provinces thereof, or any instrumentality, agency or political subdivision of one or more of the foregoing.

b. Real estate which may be improved or which is unimproved but acquired in accordance with a definite plan for development within not more than five years, and in the improvement, development, operation or leasing thereof; provided, that if the commissioner shall determine that the interest of such insurer's policyholders requires that any specific real estate so acquired be disposed of, then such insurer shall dispose of such real estate within such reasonable time as the commissioner shall direct; and provided further, that the sum of (1) the aggregate amount invested in such real estate (including real estate held pursuant to N.J.S.17B:18-45 of this title) and (2) the aggregate amount invested in capital stock of any subsidiary of the insurer pursuant to N.J.S.17B:20-4, engaged in a business primarily involving the owning, improving, developing, operating or leasing of real estate, shall not exceed 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurer as of December 31 next preceding. Real estate used primarily for agricultural, horticultural, ranching, mining, forestry or recreational purposes shall be deemed improved within the meaning of this subsection b. The term "real estate" as used in this chapter shall include any real property and any interest therein, including, without limitation, any interest on, above or below the surface of the land, any leasehold estate therein, and any such interest held or to be held by the insurer in cotenancy with one or more other persons and any partnership interest held by the insurer in any general or limited partnership engaged in a business primarily involving the owning, improving, developing, operating or leasing of real estate. Income

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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1 produced by investment in any such leasehold shall be applied in a 2 manner calculated to amortize the amount invested in such leasehold 3 within a period not exceeding eight-tenths of the unexpired term of the 4 leasehold, inclusive of enforceable options, or within 40 years, whichever is the lesser, or where the peculiar nature of the leasehold 5 6 involved so dictates, within such period and subject to such other 7 reasonable limitations as the commissioner shall by regulation impose. 8 For the purposes of this subsection b., a mortgage loan shall not be 9 deemed to be an investment in real estate, notwithstanding the 10 mortgagor is an institution in which such insurer has an ownership 11 interest as shareholder, partner, or otherwise. The commissioner may 12 promulgate a regulation in connection with investments under this 13 subsection b. which shall, as far as practicable, be consistent with 14 those regulations of the department which treat with securities 15 supported by such interests in real estate.

16 c. Mortgage loans on unencumbered real estate, located within the 17 United States, any territory or possession thereof, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or Canada. The amount of any such loan shall not 18 19 exceed 80% of the value of the real estate mortgaged unless (1) the 20 loan is also secured by the mortgagor's interest in a lease or leases 21 whose aggregate rentals shall be sufficient, after payment of operating 22 expenses and fixed charges, to repay 90% of the loan with interest 23 thereon during the initial term or terms of such lease or leases and shall be payable directly or indirectly by any governmental units, 24 25 instrumentalities, agencies or political subdivisions or an institution or 26 institutions which meet the credit standards of the insurer for an 27 unsecured loan to such institution or institutions or (2) the loan is 28 secured by a purchase money mortgage or like security received by the 29 insurer upon the sale or exchange of real estate acquired pursuant to 30 any provision of this title or (3) the excess over such 80% is insured 31 or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed by the United States, any 32 territory or possession thereof, this or any other state of the United 33 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, 34 Canada or any of the provinces thereof, or any instrumentality, agency 35 or political subdivision of one or more of the foregoing. Any mortgage loan so insured or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed 36 37 shall not be subject to the provisions of any law of this State 38 prescribing or limiting the interest which may be charged or taken 39 upon any such loan.

Any such insurer may hold a participation in any such mortgage loan if (1) such participation is senior and gives the holder substantially the rights of a first mortgagee or (2) the interest of such insurer in the evidence or evidences of indebtedness is of equal priority, to the extent of such interest, with other interests therein.

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Any such mortgage loan which exceeds two-thirds of the value of the real estate mortgaged shall provide for such payments of principal,

whatever the period of the loan, that at no time during the period of the loan shall the aggregate payments of principal theretofore required to be made under the terms of the loan be less than would have been necessary to reduce the loan to two-thirds of such value by the end of 35 years through payments of interest only for five years and equal payments applicable first to interest and then to principal at the end of each year thereafter. The commissioner may promulgate such supplemental regulations as he deems necessary with regard to particular classes of such investments, taking into consideration the type of security and the ratio of the loan to the value of the real estate mortgaged. No loan may be made on leasehold real estate unless the terms of such loan provide for payments to be made by the borrower on the principal thereof in amounts sufficient to completely repay the loan within a period not exceeding nine-tenths of the term of the leasehold, inclusive of the term or terms which may be provided by any enforceable option or options of extension or of renewal, which is unexpired at the time the loan is made.

Real estate shall not be deemed to be encumbered within the meaning of this subsection c. by reason of the existence of taxes or assessments that are not delinquent, or encumbrances that do not adversely affect the salability of the property to a material extent or as to which the insurer is insured against loss by title insurance, or any prior mortgage or mortgages held by such insurer if the aggregate of the mortgages held shall not exceed the amount hereinbefore set forth, nor when such real estate is subject to lease in whole or in part; provided, that the security created by the mortgage on such real estate is a first lien thereon. Real estate shall not be deemed to be encumbered and the security of the mortgage thereon shall be deemed a first lien within the meaning of this subsection c., notwithstanding the mortgagor is an institution in which such insurer has an ownership interest as shareholder, partner or otherwise.

No such insurer shall, pursuant to this subsection c., invest more than 2% of its total admitted assets as of December 31 next preceding in any mortgage loan secured by any one property, nor shall its total mortgage investments pursuant to this subsection c., exclusive of any mortgage loans secured by a purchase money mortgage or like security received by the insurer upon the sale or exchange of real estate acquired pursuant to any provision of this title or insured or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed as hereinbefore provided, exceed 60% of such admitted assets.

d. Tangible personal property, equipment trust obligations or other instruments evidencing an ownership interest or other interest in tangible personal property where there is a right to receive determined portions of rental, purchase or other fixed obligatory payments for the use or purchase of such personal property, provided, that the aggregate of such payments, together with the estimated salvage value

1 of such property at the end of its minimum useful life and the 2 estimated tax benefits to the insurer resulting from ownership of such 3 property, is adequate to return the cost of the investment in such 4 property, and provided further, that the aggregate net investments therein shall not exceed 10% of the total admitted assets of such 5 insurer as of December 31 next preceding; or certificates of receivers 6 7 of any institution where such purchase is necessary to protect an 8 investment in the securities of such institution theretofore made under 9 authority of this chapter; or the capital stock, beneficial shares or other 10 instruments evidencing an ownership interest, bonds, securities or 11 evidences of indebtedness issued, assumed or guaranteed by any 12 institution created or existing under the laws of the United States, any 13 territory or possession thereof, this or any other state of the United 14 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, 15 Canada or any of the provinces thereof; provided, that no purchase of any evidence of indebtedness which is in default as to interest shall be 16 17 made by such insurer unless such purchase is necessary to protect an 18 investment theretofore made under statutory authority.

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The term "institution" as used in this chapter shall include any corporation, joint stock association, business trust, business joint venture, business partnership, savings and loan association, credit union or other mutual savings institution or limited liability company, limited liability partnership or any other similar entity. No purchase shall be made of the stock of any class of any corporation, except a subsidiary of the insurer pursuant to N.J.S.17B:20-4, unless (1) such corporation has paid cash dividends on such class of stock during each of the past five years preceding the time of purchase or (2) such corporation shall have earned during the period of such five years an aggregate sum available for dividends upon such stock which would have been sufficient, after all fixed charges and obligations, to pay dividends upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during such period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value (or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the stated capital in respect thereof) of such stock. In the case of the stock of a corporation resulting from or formed by merger, consolidation, acquisition or otherwise less than five years prior to such purchase, each consecutive year next preceding the effective date of such merger, consolidation or acquisition during which dividends or other distributions of profits shall have been paid by any one or more of its constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year during which dividends have been paid on such class of stock and the earnings of such constituent or predecessor institutions available for dividends during each of such years may be included as earnings of the existing corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each of such years; provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prohibit the 46 purchase of stock of any class which is preferred, as to dividends, over

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any class the purchase of which is not prohibited by this section; and provided further, that no purchase of its own stock shall be made by any insurer except for the purpose of the retirement of such stock or except as specifically permitted by any law of this State applicable by its terms only to insurers.

e. Securities, properties and other investments in foreign countries, 6 7 in addition to those specified in N.J.S.17B:20-5, which are 8 substantially of the same character as prescribed for authorized 9 investments for funds of the insurer under the preceding subsections 10 of this section, to an amount valued at cost, not exceeding in the 11 aggregate at any one time [5%] 20% of the total admitted assets of 12 such insurer as of December 31 next preceding; provided, however, 13 that the amount invested pursuant to this subsection e. in authorized 14 investments, other than qualified foreign investments, shall not exceed 15 in the aggregate, at any one time, [2%] 3% of such admitted assets; and provided further that the amount invested in authorized 16 17 investments in any one foreign country pursuant to this subsection e. shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, [2%] 10% of such 18 19 admitted assets. For the purposes of this subsection e., Canada shall 20 not be deemed to be a foreign country.

21 The term "qualified foreign investment" as used in this subsection 22 e. shall include any investment in a foreign country where: (1) the 23 issuer or obligor is (a) a jurisdiction which is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized 24 25 United States rating agency, (b) any political subdivision or other 26 governmental unit of any such jurisdiction, or any agency or 27 instrumentality of any such jurisdiction, political subdivision or other 28 governmental unit, or (c) an institution which is organized under the 29 laws of any such jurisdiction, or, in the case of investments which are 30 substantially of the same character as prescribed for investments under 31 subsections b. and c. of this section, the real property is located in any 32 such jurisdiction; and (2) if the investment is denominated in any currency other than United States dollars, the investment is effectively 33 34 hedged, substantially in its entirety, against the United States dollar 35 pursuant to contracts or agreements which are (a) issued by or traded 36 on a securities exchange or board of trade regulated under the laws of 37 the United States or Canada or a province thereof, (b) entered into 38 with a United States banking institution which has assets in excess of 39 \$5,000,000,000 and which has obligations outstanding, or has a parent 40 corporation which has obligations outstanding, which are rated in one 41 of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally 42 recognized United States rating agency, or with a broker-dealer 43 registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission which has net 44 capital in excess of \$250,000,000, or (c) entered into with any other 45 banking institution which has assets in excess of \$5,000,000,000 and 46 which has obligations outstanding, or has a parent corporation which

- 1 has obligations outstanding, which are rated in one of the two highest
- 2 rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized United
- 3 States rating agency and which is organized under the laws of a
- 4 jurisdiction which is rated in one of the two highest rating categories
- by an independent, nationally recognized United States rating agency. 5
- Any investment qualified pursuant to paragraph (2) of the preceding 6
- 7 definition of "qualified foreign investment" shall remain so qualified
- 8 only at such time or times that the hedging requirements of paragraph 9
 - (2) are met.
- 10 f. Bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness, issued, insured
- 11 or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed by the International Bank
- 12 for Reconstruction and Development, or by the International Finance
- 13 Corporation, or by the Inter-American Development Bank, or by the
- 14 Asian Development Bank, or by the African Development Bank.
- 15 g. Collateral loans secured by a pledge of capital stock, beneficial
- shares or other instruments evidencing an ownership interest, bonds, 16
- 17 securities or evidences of indebtedness qualified or permitted for
- 18 investment under any of the preceding subsections of this section. The
- 19 amount of any such loan shall not exceed 80% of the market value of
- 20 the security pledged at the date of the loan.
- 21 h. Loans or investments which are not qualified or permitted under
- 22 any of the preceding subsections of this section or which are not
- 23 otherwise expressly authorized by law; provided, that the aggregate
- 24 amount of such loans and investments, valued at cost, shall not exceed
- 25 at any one time [7%] 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurer
- as of December 31 next preceding. 26
- 27 For the purposes of subsection c. and this subsection h., the portion
- 28 of a mortgage loan on unencumbered real estate which does not
- 29 exceed 80% of the value of the real estate mortgaged shall be deemed
- to be a permitted investment under subsection c. and the remainder of 30
- said loan may be deemed to be made under this subsection h. Any 31
- 32 investment originally made under this subsection h. which would
- 33 subsequently, if it were being made, qualify as a permitted investment
- 34 under another subsection of this section shall thenceforth be deemed
- 35 to be a permitted investment under such other subsection.
- (cf: P.L.1994, c.20, s.1) 36

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- 2. N.J.S.17B:20-2 is amended to read as follows:
- 39 17B:20-2. The amount (excluding amounts invested in the common
- 40 stock of any corporation pursuant to N.J.S.17B:20-3 and
- 41 N.J.S.17B:20-4) invested by a domestic insurer (a) in the common
- 42 stock of any one corporation shall not exceed 2% of the total admitted
- 43 assets of such insurer as of December 31 next preceding, or (b) in the
- 44 common stock of all corporations valued at cost shall not exceed 15%
- 45 of such assets except that to the extent that such aggregate investment
- in common stock exceeds 10% of such assets, further investments shall 46

be subject to regulation by the commissioner under a formula which shall take into consideration the actual mandatory securities valuation reserve, as defined by the Subcommittee on Valuation of Securities of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, held by a company which is applicable to such common stock in the corresponding annual statement filed with the department. The term "common stock" shall mean any voting stock of any class of a corporation which shall not be limited to a fixed sum or percentage of par value in respect to the rights of the holders thereof to participate in dividends or in the distribution of assets upon the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the corporation. Neither shall the amount invested in the beneficial shares or other ownership interests (other than common stock), evidences of indebtedness (excluding amounts invested in mortgage loans pursuant to subsection c. of N.J.S.17B:20-1), preferred stock and certificates of receivers of any one institution exceed 5% of such assets of the insurer. Nothing herein contained shall prevent any such insurer from purchasing, or in any other way acquiring the voting stock of, or

The total amount of admitted assets invested in the types of investments authorized by subsections b. and c. of N.J.S.17B:20-1 shall not, in the aggregate, exceed 60% of the domestic insurer's total admitted assets.

otherwise investing in certain corporations as hereinafter provided in

N.J.S.17B:20-3 and N.J.S.17B:20-4.

All investments made by any such insurer shall be authorized or approved by the board of directors, or by a committee designated by the board of directors and charged with the duty of supervising such investment, or shall be made in conformity with standards or investment objectives approved by such board of directors or such committee.

No such insurer shall [enter into any agreement to withhold from sale any of its property or] jointly or severally enter into any agreement to purchase the unsold amount of securities which are the subject of an offering for sale to the public or otherwise to guarantee the sale of such securities.

Nothing contained in this section shall prevent any such insurer from distributing shares of an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for which such insurer or its subsidiary is the investment manager or investment adviser.

The term "Investment Company Act of 1940" as used in this section shall mean an Act of Congress entitled "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 847 (15 U.S.C. s.80a-1 et seq.) as amended from time to time, or any similar statute enacted in substitution therefor.

44 (cf: P.L.1989, c.267, s.2)

3. N.J.S.17B:28-13 is repealed.

1	4. This act shall take effect immediately.
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4	STATEMENT
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6	The purpose of this bill is to provide greater flexibility for domestic
7	insurers with respect to their investments. The bill (1) increases the
8	amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may invest in a
9	foreign country from 5% to 20%; (2) increases the single country
10	limits for a qualified foreign investment from 2% to 10%; and (3)
11	increases the amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may
12	invest in investments that are "not qualified or permitted" under N.J.S.
13	17B:20-1 ("leeway basket assets") from 7% to 10%. These provisions
14	mirror the foreign investment limits and the "not qualified or
15	permitted" investment limits stipulated by the National Association of
16	Insurance Commissioners' "Investments of Insurers Model Act -
17	Defining Limits Version."
18	In addition, the bill amends the definition of "institution" contained
19	in N.J.S.17B:20-1(d) to specifically include a "limited liability
20	company, limited liability partnership or any other similar entity." The
21	bill also removes the current prohibition against a domestic insurer
22	entering into an agreement to withhold its property from sale.
23	Finally, the bill repeals N.J.S.17B:28-13 which limits under certain
24	conditions, the amount that a stock insurer may withdraw from a
25	separate account.
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30 Increases certain investment limits for domestic insurers.

SENATE, No. 2173

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 11, 2005

Sponsored by:

Senator RAYMOND J. LESNIAK

District 20 (Union)

Senator GERALD CARDINALE

District 39 (Bergen)

Assemblyman NEIL M. COHEN

District 20 (Union)

Assemblyman CHRISTOPHER "KIP" BATEMAN

District 16 (Morris and Somerset)

SYNOPSIS

Increases certain investment limits for domestic insurers.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 7/1/2005)

AN ACT concerning the investment powers of domestic insurers and amending N.J.S.17B:20-1 and 17B:20-2 and repealing N.J.S. 17B:28-13.

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5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. N.J.S.17B:20-1 is amended to read as follows:

9 17B:20-1. Any domestic insurer may invest its capital, surplus and other funds, or any part thereof, in:

a. Bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness or public stock issued, created, insured or guaranteed by the United States, any territory or possession thereof, this or any other state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Canada, or any of the provinces thereof, or any instrumentality, agency or political subdivision of one or more of the foregoing.

b. Real estate which may be improved or which is unimproved but acquired in accordance with a definite plan for development within not more than five years, and in the improvement, development, operation or leasing thereof; provided, that if the commissioner shall determine that the interest of such insurer's policyholders requires that any specific real estate so acquired be disposed of, then such insurer shall dispose of such real estate within such reasonable time as the commissioner shall direct; and provided further, that the sum of (1) the aggregate amount invested in such real estate (including real estate held pursuant to N.J.S.17B:18-45 of this title) and (2) the aggregate amount invested in capital stock of any subsidiary of the insurer pursuant to N.J.S.17B:20-4, engaged in a business primarily involving the owning, improving, developing, operating or leasing of real estate, shall not exceed 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurer as of December 31 next preceding. Real estate used primarily for agricultural, horticultural, ranching, mining, forestry or recreational purposes shall be deemed improved within the meaning of this subsection b. The term "real estate" as used in this chapter shall include any real property and any interest therein, including, without limitation, any interest on, above or below the surface of the land, any leasehold estate therein, and any such interest held or to be held by the insurer in cotenancy with one or more other persons and any partnership interest held by the insurer in any general or limited partnership engaged in a business primarily involving the owning, improving, developing, operating or leasing of real estate. Income produced by investment in any such leasehold shall be applied in a manner calculated to amortize the amount invested in such leasehold

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 within a period not exceeding eight-tenths of the unexpired term of the

- 2 leasehold, inclusive of enforceable options, or within 40 years,
- 3 whichever is the lesser, or where the peculiar nature of the leasehold
- 4 involved so dictates, within such period and subject to such other
- 5 reasonable limitations as the commissioner shall by regulation impose.
- 6 For the purposes of this subsection b., a mortgage loan shall not be
- 7 deemed to be an investment in real estate, notwithstanding the
- 8 mortgagor is an institution in which such insurer has an ownership
- 9 interest as shareholder, partner, or otherwise. The commissioner may
- 10 promulgate a regulation in connection with investments under this
- subsection b. which shall, as far as practicable, be consistent with
- 12 those regulations of the department which treat with securities
- 13 supported by such interests in real estate.
- 14 c. Mortgage loans on unencumbered real estate, located within the 15 United States, any territory or possession thereof, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or Canada. The amount of any such loan shall not 16 17 exceed 80% of the value of the real estate mortgaged unless (1) the 18 loan is also secured by the mortgagor's interest in a lease or leases 19 whose aggregate rentals shall be sufficient, after payment of operating 20 expenses and fixed charges, to repay 90% of the loan with interest 21 thereon during the initial term or terms of such lease or leases and 22 shall be payable directly or indirectly by any governmental units, 23 instrumentalities, agencies or political subdivisions or an institution or 24 institutions which meet the credit standards of the insurer for an 25 unsecured loan to such institution or institutions or (2) the loan is 26 secured by a purchase money mortgage or like security received by the 27 insurer upon the sale or exchange of real estate acquired pursuant to 28 any provision of this title or (3) the excess over such 80% is insured 29 or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed by the United States, any 30 territory or possession thereof, this or any other state of the United 31 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, 32 Canada or any of the provinces thereof, or any instrumentality, agency 33 or political subdivision of one or more of the foregoing. Any 34 mortgage loan so insured or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed 35 shall not be subject to the provisions of any law of this State 36 prescribing or limiting the interest which may be charged or taken 37 upon any such loan. 38

Any such insurer may hold a participation in any such mortgage loan if (1) such participation is senior and gives the holder substantially the rights of a first mortgagee or (2) the interest of such insurer in the evidence or evidences of indebtedness is of equal priority, to the extent of such interest, with other interests therein.

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Any such mortgage loan which exceeds two-thirds of the value of the real estate mortgaged shall provide for such payments of principal, whatever the period of the loan, that at no time during the period of the loan shall the aggregate payments of principal theretofore required

to be made under the terms of the loan be less than would have been necessary to reduce the loan to two-thirds of such value by the end of 35 years through payments of interest only for five years and equal payments applicable first to interest and then to principal at the end of each year thereafter. The commissioner may promulgate such supplemental regulations as he deems necessary with regard to particular classes of such investments, taking into consideration the type of security and the ratio of the loan to the value of the real estate mortgaged. No loan may be made on leasehold real estate unless the terms of such loan provide for payments to be made by the borrower on the principal thereof in amounts sufficient to completely repay the loan within a period not exceeding nine-tenths of the term of the leasehold, inclusive of the term or terms which may be provided by any enforceable option or options of extension or of renewal, which is unexpired at the time the loan is made.

Real estate shall not be deemed to be encumbered within the meaning of this subsection c. by reason of the existence of taxes or assessments that are not delinquent, or encumbrances that do not adversely affect the salability of the property to a material extent or as to which the insurer is insured against loss by title insurance, or any prior mortgage or mortgages held by such insurer if the aggregate of the mortgages held shall not exceed the amount hereinbefore set forth, nor when such real estate is subject to lease in whole or in part; provided, that the security created by the mortgage on such real estate is a first lien thereon. Real estate shall not be deemed to be encumbered and the security of the mortgage thereon shall be deemed a first lien within the meaning of this subsection c., notwithstanding the mortgagor is an institution in which such insurer has an ownership interest as shareholder, partner or otherwise.

No such insurer shall, pursuant to this subsection c., invest more than 2% of its total admitted assets as of December 31 next preceding in any mortgage loan secured by any one property, nor shall its total mortgage investments pursuant to this subsection c., exclusive of any mortgage loans secured by a purchase money mortgage or like security received by the insurer upon the sale or exchange of real estate acquired pursuant to any provision of this title or insured or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed as hereinbefore provided, exceed 60% of such admitted assets.

d. Tangible personal property, equipment trust obligations or other instruments evidencing an ownership interest or other interest in tangible personal property where there is a right to receive determined portions of rental, purchase or other fixed obligatory payments for the use or purchase of such personal property, provided, that the aggregate of such payments, together with the estimated salvage value of such property at the end of its minimum useful life and the estimated tax benefits to the insurer resulting from ownership of such

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1 property, is adequate to return the cost of the investment in such 2 property, and provided further, that the aggregate net investments 3 therein shall not exceed 10% of the total admitted assets of such 4 insurer as of December 31 next preceding; or certificates of receivers 5 of any institution where such purchase is necessary to protect an 6 investment in the securities of such institution theretofore made under authority of this chapter; or the capital stock, beneficial shares or other 7 8 instruments evidencing an ownership interest, bonds, securities or 9 evidences of indebtedness issued, assumed or guaranteed by any 10 institution created or existing under the laws of the United States, any 11 territory or possession thereof, this or any other state of the United 12 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, 13 Canada or any of the provinces thereof; provided, that no purchase of 14 any evidence of indebtedness which is in default as to interest shall be 15 made by such insurer unless such purchase is necessary to protect an investment theretofore made under statutory authority. 16

The term "institution" as used in this chapter shall include any 17 18 corporation, joint stock association, business trust, business joint 19 venture, business partnership, savings and loan association, credit 20 union or other mutual savings institution or limited liability company. 21 <u>limited liability partnership or any other similar entity</u>. No purchase 22 shall be made of the stock of any class of any corporation, except a 23 subsidiary of the insurer pursuant to N.J.S.17B:20-4, unless (1) such 24 corporation has paid cash dividends on such class of stock during each 25 of the past five years preceding the time of purchase or (2) such 26 corporation shall have earned during the period of such five years an 27 aggregate sum available for dividends upon such stock which would 28 have been sufficient, after all fixed charges and obligations, to pay 29 dividends upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during 30 such period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value (or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the stated capital in 31 respect thereof) of such stock. In the case of the stock of a 32 33 corporation resulting from or formed by merger, consolidation, 34 acquisition or otherwise less than five years prior to such purchase, each consecutive year next preceding the effective date of such 35 36 merger, consolidation or acquisition during which dividends or other 37 distributions of profits shall have been paid by any one or more of its 38 constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year during 39 which dividends have been paid on such class of stock and the earnings 40 of such constituent or predecessor institutions available for dividends 41 during each of such years may be included as earnings of the existing 42 corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each of such years; 43 provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prohibit the 44 purchase of stock of any class which is preferred, as to dividends, over 45 any class the purchase of which is not prohibited by this section; and provided further, that no purchase of its own stock shall be made by 46

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any insurer except for the purpose of the retirement of such stock or except as specifically permitted by any law of this State applicable by its terms only to insurers.

4 e. Securities, properties and other investments in foreign countries, 5 in addition to those specified in N.J.S.17B:20-5, which are 6 substantially of the same character as prescribed for authorized 7 investments for funds of the insurer under the preceding subsections 8 of this section, to an amount valued at cost, not exceeding in the 9 aggregate at any one time [5%] 20% of the total admitted assets of 10 such insurer as of December 31 next preceding; provided, however, 11 that the amount invested pursuant to this subsection e. in authorized 12 investments, other than qualified foreign investments, shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, [2%] 3% of such admitted assets; 13 14 and provided further that the amount invested in authorized 15 investments in any one foreign country pursuant to this subsection e. shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, [2%] 10% of such 16 17 admitted assets. For the purposes of this subsection e., Canada shall 18 not be deemed to be a foreign country.

19 The term "qualified foreign investment" as used in this subsection 20 e. shall include any investment in a foreign country where: (1) the 21 issuer or obligor is (a) a jurisdiction which is rated in one of the two 22 highest rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized 23 United States rating agency, (b) any political subdivision or other 24 governmental unit of any such jurisdiction, or any agency or 25 instrumentality of any such jurisdiction, political subdivision or other 26 governmental unit, or (c) an institution which is organized under the 27 laws of any such jurisdiction, or, in the case of investments which are 28 substantially of the same character as prescribed for investments under 29 subsections b. and c. of this section, the real property is located in any 30 such jurisdiction; and (2) if the investment is denominated in any 31 currency other than United States dollars, the investment is effectively 32 hedged, substantially in its entirety, against the United States dollar 33 pursuant to contracts or agreements which are (a) issued by or traded 34 on a securities exchange or board of trade regulated under the laws of 35 the United States or Canada or a province thereof, (b) entered into 36 with a United States banking institution which has assets in excess of 37 \$5,000,000,000 and which has obligations outstanding, or has a parent 38 corporation which has obligations outstanding, which are rated in one 39 of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally 40 recognized United States rating agency, or with a broker-dealer 41 registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission which has net 42 capital in excess of \$250,000,000, or (c) entered into with any other 43 banking institution which has assets in excess of \$5,000,000,000 and 44 which has obligations outstanding, or has a parent corporation which 45 has obligations outstanding, which are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized United 46

States rating agency and which is organized under the laws of a jurisdiction which is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized United States rating agency.

Any investment qualified pursuant to paragraph (2) of the preceding definition of "qualified foreign investment" shall remain so qualified only at such time or times that the hedging requirements of paragraph (2) are met.

- f. Bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness, issued, insured or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, or by the International Finance Corporation, or by the Inter-American Development Bank, or by the Asian Development Bank, or by the African Development Bank.
- g. Collateral loans secured by a pledge of capital stock, beneficial shares or other instruments evidencing an ownership interest, bonds, securities or evidences of indebtedness qualified or permitted for investment under any of the preceding subsections of this section. The amount of any such loan shall not exceed 80% of the market value of the security pledged at the date of the loan.
 - h. Loans or investments which are not qualified or permitted under any of the preceding subsections of this section or which are not otherwise expressly authorized by law; provided, that the aggregate amount of such loans and investments, valued at cost, shall not exceed at any one time [7%] 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurer as of December 31 next preceding.

For the purposes of subsection c. and this subsection h., the portion of a mortgage loan on unencumbered real estate which does not exceed 80% of the value of the real estate mortgaged shall be deemed to be a permitted investment under subsection c. and the remainder of said loan may be deemed to be made under this subsection h. Any investment originally made under this subsection h. which would subsequently, if it were being made, qualify as a permitted investment under another subsection of this section shall thenceforth be deemed to be a permitted investment under such other subsection.

34 (cf: P.L.1994, c.20, s.1)

2. N.J.S.17B:20-2 is amended to read as follows:

17B:20-2. The amount (excluding amounts invested in the common stock of any corporation pursuant to N.J.S.17B:20-3 and N.J.S.17B:20-4) invested by a domestic insurer (a) in the common stock of any one corporation shall not exceed 2% of the total admitted assets of such insurer as of December 31 next preceding, or (b) in the common stock of all corporations valued at cost shall not exceed 15% of such assets except that to the extent that such aggregate investment in common stock exceeds 10% of such assets, further investments shall be subject to regulation by the commissioner under a formula which shall take into consideration the actual mandatory securities valuation

reserve, as defined by the Subcommittee on Valuation of Securities of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, held by a company which is applicable to such common stock in the corresponding annual statement filed with the department. The term "common stock" shall mean any voting stock of any class of a corporation which shall not be limited to a fixed sum or percentage of par value in respect to the rights of the holders thereof to participate in dividends or in the distribution of assets upon the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the corporation. Neither shall the amount invested in the beneficial shares or other ownership interests (other than common stock), evidences of indebtedness (excluding amounts invested in mortgage loans pursuant to subsection c. of N.J.S.17B:20-1), preferred stock and certificates of receivers of any one institution exceed 5% of such assets of the insurer. Nothing herein contained shall prevent any such insurer from purchasing, or in any other way acquiring the voting stock of, or

The total amount of admitted assets invested in the types of investments authorized by subsections b. and c. of N.J.S.17B:20-1 shall not, in the aggregate, exceed 60% of the domestic insurer's total admitted assets.

otherwise investing in certain corporations as hereinafter provided in

N.J.S.17B:20-3 and N.J.S.17B:20-4.

All investments made by any such insurer shall be authorized or approved by the board of directors, or by a committee designated by the board of directors and charged with the duty of supervising such investment, or shall be made in conformity with standards or investment objectives approved by such board of directors or such committee.

No such insurer shall [enter into any agreement to withhold from sale any of its property or] jointly or severally enter into any agreement to purchase the unsold amount of securities which are the subject of an offering for sale to the public or otherwise to guarantee the sale of such securities.

Nothing contained in this section shall prevent any such insurer from distributing shares of an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for which such insurer or its subsidiary is the investment manager or investment adviser.

The term "Investment Company Act of 1940" as used in this section shall mean an Act of Congress entitled "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 847 (15 U.S.C. s.80a-1 et seq.) as amended from time to time, or any similar statute enacted in substitution therefor.

42 (cf: P.L.1989, c.267, s.2)

3. N.J.S.17B:28-13 is repealed.

4. This act shall take effect immediately.

1	STATEMENT
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3	The purpose of this bill is to provide greater flexibility for domestic
4	insurers with respect to their investments. The bill (1) increases the
5	amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may invest in a
6	foreign country from 5% to 20%; (2) increases the single country
7	limits for a qualified foreign investment from 2% to 10%; and (3)
8	increases the amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may
9	invest in investments that are "not qualified or permitted" under N.J.S.
10	17B:20-1 ("leeway basket assets") from 7% to 10%. These provisions
11	mirror the foreign investment limits and the "not qualified or
12	permitted" investment limits stipulated by the National Association of
13	Insurance Commissioners' "Investments of Insurers Model Act -
14	Defining Limits Version."
15	In addition, the bill amends the definition of "institution" contained
16	in N.J.S.17B:20-1(d) to specifically include a "limited liability
17	company, limited liability partnership or any other similar entity." The
18	bill also removes the current prohibition against a domestic insurer
19	entering into an agreement to withhold its property from sale.
20	Finally, the bill repeals N.J.S.17B:28-13 which limits under certain
21	conditions, the amount that a stock insurer may withdraw from a
22	separate account.

ASSEMBLY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2173

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 9, 2005

The Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2173.

This bill provides greater flexibility for domestic life and health insurers with respect to their investments. The bill (1) increases the amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may invest in a foreign country from 5% to 20%; (2) increases the single country limits for a qualified foreign investment from 2% to 10%; and (3) increases the amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may invest in investments that are "not qualified or permitted" under N.J.S. 17B:20-1 ("leeway basket assets") from 7% to 10%. These provisions mirror the foreign investment limits and the "not qualified or permitted" investment limits stipulated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' "Investments of Insurers Model Act (Defined Limits Version)."

In addition, the bill amends the definition of "institution" contained in subsection d. of N.J.S.17B:20-1 to specifically include a "limited liability company, limited liability partnership or any other similar entity." The bill also removes the current prohibition against a domestic insurer entering into an agreement to withhold its property from sale.

Finally, the bill repeals N.J.S.17B:28-13, which limits, under certain conditions, the amount that a stock insurer may withdraw from a separate account.

SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2173

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 7, 2005

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2173.

The purpose of this bill is to provide greater flexibility for domestic life and health insurers with respect to their investments. The bill (1) increases the amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may invest in a foreign country from 5% to 20%; (2) increases the single country limits for a qualified foreign investment from 2% to 10%; and (3) increases the amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may invest in investments that are "not qualified or permitted" under N.J.S. 17B:20-1 ("leeway basket assets") from 7% to 10%. These provisions mirror the foreign investment limits and the "not qualified or permitted" investment limits stipulated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' "Investments of Insurers Model Act - Defining Limits Version."

In addition, the bill amends the definition of "institution" contained in N.J.S.17B:20-1(d) to specifically include a "limited liability company, limited liability partnership or any other similar entity." The bill also removes the current prohibition against a domestic insurer entering into an agreement to withhold its property from sale.

Finally, the bill repeals N.J.S.17B:28-13 which limits under certain conditions, the amount that a stock insurer may withdraw from a separate account.

ASSEMBLY, No. 3624

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 10, 2005

Sponsored by:
Assemblyman NEIL M. COHEN
District 20 (Union)
Assemblyman CHRISTOPHER "KIP" BATEMAN
District 16 (Morris and Somerset)

SYNOPSIS

Increases certain investment limits for domestic insurers.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/10/2005)

AN ACT concerning the investment powers of domestic insurers and amending N.J.S.17B:20-1 and 17B:20-2 and repealing N.J.S. 17B:28-13.

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5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. N.J.S.17B:20-1 is amended to read as follows:

9 17B:20-1. Any domestic insurer may invest its capital, surplus and other funds, or any part thereof, in:

a. Bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness or public stock issued, created, insured or guaranteed by the United States, any territory or possession thereof, this or any other state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Canada, or any of the provinces thereof, or any instrumentality, agency or political subdivision of one or more of the foregoing.

b. Real estate which may be improved or which is unimproved but acquired in accordance with a definite plan for development within not more than five years, and in the improvement, development, operation or leasing thereof; provided, that if the commissioner shall determine that the interest of such insurer's policyholders requires that any specific real estate so acquired be disposed of, then such insurer shall dispose of such real estate within such reasonable time as the commissioner shall direct; and provided further, that the sum of (1) the aggregate amount invested in such real estate (including real estate held pursuant to N.J.S.17B:18-45 of this title) and (2) the aggregate amount invested in capital stock of any subsidiary of the insurer pursuant to N.J.S.17B:20-4, engaged in a business primarily involving the owning, improving, developing, operating or leasing of real estate, shall not exceed 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurer as of December 31 next preceding. Real estate used primarily for agricultural, horticultural, ranching, mining, forestry or recreational purposes shall be deemed improved within the meaning of this subsection b. The term "real estate" as used in this chapter shall include any real property and any interest therein, including, without limitation, any interest on, above or below the surface of the land, any leasehold estate therein, and any such interest held or to be held by the insurer in cotenancy with one or more other persons and any partnership interest held by the insurer in any general or limited partnership engaged in a business primarily involving the owning, improving, developing, operating or leasing of real estate. Income produced by investment in any such leasehold shall be applied in a manner calculated to amortize the amount invested in such leasehold

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 within a period not exceeding eight-tenths of the unexpired term of the

- 2 leasehold, inclusive of enforceable options, or within 40 years,
- 3 whichever is the lesser, or where the peculiar nature of the leasehold
- 4 involved so dictates, within such period and subject to such other
- 5 reasonable limitations as the commissioner shall by regulation impose.
- 6 For the purposes of this subsection b., a mortgage loan shall not be
- 7 deemed to be an investment in real estate, notwithstanding the
- 8 mortgagor is an institution in which such insurer has an ownership
- 9 interest as shareholder, partner, or otherwise. The commissioner may
- 10 promulgate a regulation in connection with investments under this
- subsection b. which shall, as far as practicable, be consistent with
- 12 those regulations of the department which treat with securities
- 13 supported by such interests in real estate.

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14 c. Mortgage loans on unencumbered real estate, located within the 15 United States, any territory or possession thereof, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or Canada. The amount of any such loan shall not 16 17 exceed 80% of the value of the real estate mortgaged unless (1) the 18 loan is also secured by the mortgagor's interest in a lease or leases 19 whose aggregate rentals shall be sufficient, after payment of operating 20 expenses and fixed charges, to repay 90% of the loan with interest 21 thereon during the initial term or terms of such lease or leases and 22 shall be payable directly or indirectly by any governmental units, 23 instrumentalities, agencies or political subdivisions or an institution or 24 institutions which meet the credit standards of the insurer for an 25 unsecured loan to such institution or institutions or (2) the loan is 26 secured by a purchase money mortgage or like security received by the 27 insurer upon the sale or exchange of real estate acquired pursuant to 28 any provision of this title or (3) the excess over such 80% is insured 29 or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed by the United States, any 30 territory or possession thereof, this or any other state of the United 31 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, 32 Canada or any of the provinces thereof, or any instrumentality, agency 33 or political subdivision of one or more of the foregoing. Any 34 mortgage loan so insured or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed 35 shall not be subject to the provisions of any law of this State 36 prescribing or limiting the interest which may be charged or taken 37 upon any such loan.

Any such insurer may hold a participation in any such mortgage loan if (1) such participation is senior and gives the holder substantially the rights of a first mortgagee or (2) the interest of such insurer in the evidence or evidences of indebtedness is of equal priority, to the extent of such interest, with other interests therein.

Any such mortgage loan which exceeds two-thirds of the value of the real estate mortgaged shall provide for such payments of principal, whatever the period of the loan, that at no time during the period of the loan shall the aggregate payments of principal theretofore required

to be made under the terms of the loan be less than would have been necessary to reduce the loan to two-thirds of such value by the end of 35 years through payments of interest only for five years and equal payments applicable first to interest and then to principal at the end of each year thereafter. The commissioner may promulgate such supplemental regulations as he deems necessary with regard to particular classes of such investments, taking into consideration the type of security and the ratio of the loan to the value of the real estate mortgaged. No loan may be made on leasehold real estate unless the terms of such loan provide for payments to be made by the borrower on the principal thereof in amounts sufficient to completely repay the loan within a period not exceeding nine-tenths of the term of the leasehold, inclusive of the term or terms which may be provided by any enforceable option or options of extension or of renewal, which is unexpired at the time the loan is made.

Real estate shall not be deemed to be encumbered within the meaning of this subsection c. by reason of the existence of taxes or assessments that are not delinquent, or encumbrances that do not adversely affect the salability of the property to a material extent or as to which the insurer is insured against loss by title insurance, or any prior mortgage or mortgages held by such insurer if the aggregate of the mortgages held shall not exceed the amount hereinbefore set forth, nor when such real estate is subject to lease in whole or in part; provided, that the security created by the mortgage on such real estate is a first lien thereon. Real estate shall not be deemed to be encumbered and the security of the mortgage thereon shall be deemed a first lien within the meaning of this subsection c., notwithstanding the mortgagor is an institution in which such insurer has an ownership interest as shareholder, partner or otherwise.

No such insurer shall, pursuant to this subsection c., invest more than 2% of its total admitted assets as of December 31 next preceding in any mortgage loan secured by any one property, nor shall its total mortgage investments pursuant to this subsection c., exclusive of any mortgage loans secured by a purchase money mortgage or like security received by the insurer upon the sale or exchange of real estate acquired pursuant to any provision of this title or insured or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed as hereinbefore provided, exceed 60% of such admitted assets.

d. Tangible personal property, equipment trust obligations or other instruments evidencing an ownership interest or other interest in tangible personal property where there is a right to receive determined portions of rental, purchase or other fixed obligatory payments for the use or purchase of such personal property, provided, that the aggregate of such payments, together with the estimated salvage value of such property at the end of its minimum useful life and the estimated tax benefits to the insurer resulting from ownership of such

1 property, is adequate to return the cost of the investment in such 2 property, and provided further, that the aggregate net investments 3 therein shall not exceed 10% of the total admitted assets of such 4 insurer as of December 31 next preceding; or certificates of receivers 5 of any institution where such purchase is necessary to protect an 6 investment in the securities of such institution theretofore made under 7 authority of this chapter; or the capital stock, beneficial shares or other 8 instruments evidencing an ownership interest, bonds, securities or 9 evidences of indebtedness issued, assumed or guaranteed by any 10 institution created or existing under the laws of the United States, any 11 territory or possession thereof, this or any other state of the United 12 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, 13 Canada or any of the provinces thereof; provided, that no purchase of 14 any evidence of indebtedness which is in default as to interest shall be 15 made by such insurer unless such purchase is necessary to protect an investment theretofore made under statutory authority. 16

The term "institution" as used in this chapter shall include any 17 18 corporation, joint stock association, business trust, business joint 19 venture, business partnership, savings and loan association, credit 20 union or other mutual savings institution or limited liability company. 21 <u>limited liability partnership or any other similar entity</u>. No purchase 22 shall be made of the stock of any class of any corporation, except a 23 subsidiary of the insurer pursuant to N.J.S.17B:20-4, unless (1) such 24 corporation has paid cash dividends on such class of stock during each 25 of the past five years preceding the time of purchase or (2) such 26 corporation shall have earned during the period of such five years an 27 aggregate sum available for dividends upon such stock which would 28 have been sufficient, after all fixed charges and obligations, to pay 29 dividends upon all shares of such class of stock outstanding during 30 such period averaging 4% per annum computed upon the par value (or in the case of stock having no par value, upon the stated capital in 31 respect thereof) of such stock. In the case of the stock of a 32 33 corporation resulting from or formed by merger, consolidation, 34 acquisition or otherwise less than five years prior to such purchase, each consecutive year next preceding the effective date of such 35 36 merger, consolidation or acquisition during which dividends or other 37 distributions of profits shall have been paid by any one or more of its 38 constituent or predecessor institutions shall be deemed a year during 39 which dividends have been paid on such class of stock and the earnings 40 of such constituent or predecessor institutions available for dividends 41 during each of such years may be included as earnings of the existing 42 corporation whose stock is to be purchased for each of such years; 43 provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prohibit the 44 purchase of stock of any class which is preferred, as to dividends, over 45 any class the purchase of which is not prohibited by this section; and provided further, that no purchase of its own stock shall be made by 46

any insurer except for the purpose of the retirement of such stock or except as specifically permitted by any law of this State applicable by its terms only to insurers.

4 e. Securities, properties and other investments in foreign countries, 5 in addition to those specified in N.J.S.17B:20-5, which are 6 substantially of the same character as prescribed for authorized 7 investments for funds of the insurer under the preceding subsections 8 of this section, to an amount valued at cost, not exceeding in the 9 aggregate at any one time [5%] 20% of the total admitted assets of 10 such insurer as of December 31 next preceding; provided, however, 11 that the amount invested pursuant to this subsection e. in authorized 12 investments, other than qualified foreign investments, shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, [2%] 3% of such admitted assets; 13 14 and provided further that the amount invested in authorized 15 investments in any one foreign country pursuant to this subsection e. shall not exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, [2%] 10% of such 16 17 admitted assets. For the purposes of this subsection e., Canada shall 18 not be deemed to be a foreign country.

19 The term "qualified foreign investment" as used in this subsection 20 e. shall include any investment in a foreign country where: (1) the 21 issuer or obligor is (a) a jurisdiction which is rated in one of the two 22 highest rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized 23 United States rating agency, (b) any political subdivision or other 24 governmental unit of any such jurisdiction, or any agency or 25 instrumentality of any such jurisdiction, political subdivision or other 26 governmental unit, or (c) an institution which is organized under the 27 laws of any such jurisdiction, or, in the case of investments which are 28 substantially of the same character as prescribed for investments under 29 subsections b. and c. of this section, the real property is located in any 30 such jurisdiction; and (2) if the investment is denominated in any 31 currency other than United States dollars, the investment is effectively 32 hedged, substantially in its entirety, against the United States dollar 33 pursuant to contracts or agreements which are (a) issued by or traded 34 on a securities exchange or board of trade regulated under the laws of 35 the United States or Canada or a province thereof, (b) entered into 36 with a United States banking institution which has assets in excess of 37 \$5,000,000,000 and which has obligations outstanding, or has a parent 38 corporation which has obligations outstanding, which are rated in one 39 of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally 40 recognized United States rating agency, or with a broker-dealer 41 registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission which has net 42 capital in excess of \$250,000,000, or (c) entered into with any other 43 banking institution which has assets in excess of \$5,000,000,000 and 44 which has obligations outstanding, or has a parent corporation which 45 has obligations outstanding, which are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized United 46

States rating agency and which is organized under the laws of a jurisdiction which is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by an independent, nationally recognized United States rating agency.

Any investment qualified pursuant to paragraph (2) of the preceding definition of "qualified foreign investment" shall remain so qualified only at such time or times that the hedging requirements of paragraph (2) are met.

- f. Bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness, issued, insured or guaranteed or to be insured or guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, or by the International Finance Corporation, or by the Inter-American Development Bank, or by the Asian Development Bank.
- g. Collateral loans secured by a pledge of capital stock, beneficial shares or other instruments evidencing an ownership interest, bonds, securities or evidences of indebtedness qualified or permitted for investment under any of the preceding subsections of this section. The amount of any such loan shall not exceed 80% of the market value of the security pledged at the date of the loan.
- h. Loans or investments which are not qualified or permitted under any of the preceding subsections of this section or which are not otherwise expressly authorized by law; provided, that the aggregate amount of such loans and investments, valued at cost, shall not exceed at any one time [7%] 10% of the total admitted assets of such insurer as of December 31 next preceding.

For the purposes of subsection c. and this subsection h., the portion of a mortgage loan on unencumbered real estate which does not exceed 80% of the value of the real estate mortgaged shall be deemed to be a permitted investment under subsection c. and the remainder of said loan may be deemed to be made under this subsection h. Any investment originally made under this subsection h. which would subsequently, if it were being made, qualify as a permitted investment under another subsection of this section shall thenceforth be deemed to be a permitted investment under such other subsection.

34 (cf: P.L.1994, c.20, s.1)

2. N.J.S.17B:20-2 is amended to read as follows:

17B:20-2. The amount (excluding amounts invested in the common stock of any corporation pursuant to N.J.S.17B:20-3 and N.J.S.17B:20-4) invested by a domestic insurer (a) in the common stock of any one corporation shall not exceed 2% of the total admitted assets of such insurer as of December 31 next preceding, or (b) in the common stock of all corporations valued at cost shall not exceed 15% of such assets except that to the extent that such aggregate investment in common stock exceeds 10% of such assets, further investments shall be subject to regulation by the commissioner under a formula which shall take into consideration the actual mandatory securities valuation

reserve, as defined by the Subcommittee on Valuation of Securities of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, held by a company which is applicable to such common stock in the corresponding annual statement filed with the department. The term "common stock" shall mean any voting stock of any class of a corporation which shall not be limited to a fixed sum or percentage of par value in respect to the rights of the holders thereof to participate in dividends or in the distribution of assets upon the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the corporation. Neither shall the amount invested in the beneficial shares or other ownership interests (other than common stock), evidences of indebtedness (excluding amounts invested in mortgage loans pursuant to subsection c. of N.J.S.17B:20-1), preferred stock and certificates of receivers of any one institution exceed 5% of such assets of the insurer. Nothing herein contained shall prevent any such insurer from purchasing, or in any other way acquiring the voting stock of, or

The total amount of admitted assets invested in the types of investments authorized by subsections b. and c. of N.J.S.17B:20-1 shall not, in the aggregate, exceed 60% of the domestic insurer's total admitted assets.

otherwise investing in certain corporations as hereinafter provided in

N.J.S.17B:20-3 and N.J.S.17B:20-4.

All investments made by any such insurer shall be authorized or approved by the board of directors, or by a committee designated by the board of directors and charged with the duty of supervising such investment, or shall be made in conformity with standards or investment objectives approved by such board of directors or such committee.

No such insurer shall [enter into any agreement to withhold from sale any of its property or] jointly or severally enter into any agreement to purchase the unsold amount of securities which are the subject of an offering for sale to the public or otherwise to guarantee the sale of such securities.

Nothing contained in this section shall prevent any such insurer from distributing shares of an investment company within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for which such insurer or its subsidiary is the investment manager or investment adviser.

The term "Investment Company Act of 1940" as used in this section shall mean an Act of Congress entitled "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 847 (15 U.S.C. s.80a-1 et seq.) as amended from time to time, or any similar statute enacted in substitution therefor.

(cf: P.L.1989, c.267, s.2)

3. N.J.S. 17B:28-13 is repealed.

4. This act shall take effect immediately.

A3624 COHEN, BATEMAN

1	STATEMENT
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3	The purpose of this bill is to provide greater flexibility for domestic
4	insurers with respect to their investments. The bill (1) increases the
5	amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may invest in a
6	foreign country from 5% to 20%; (2) increases the single country
7	limits for a qualified foreign investment from 2% to 10%; and (3)
8	increases the amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may
9	invest in investments that are "not qualified or permitted" under N.J.S.
10	17B:20-1 ("leeway basket assets") from 7% to 10%. These provisions
11	mirror the foreign investment limits and the "not qualified or
12	permitted" investment limits stipulated by the National Association of
13	Insurance Commissioners' "Investments of Insurers Model Act -
14	Defining Limits Version."
15	In addition, the bill amends the definition of "institution" contained
16	in N.J.S.17B:20-1(d) to specifically include a "limited liability
17	company, limited liability partnership or any other similar entity." The
18	bill also removes the current prohibition against a domestic insurer
19	entering into an agreement to withhold its property from sale.
20	Finally, the bill repeals N.J.S.17B:28-13 which limits under certain
21	conditions, the amount that a stock insurer may withdraw from a
22	separate account.

ASSEMBLY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3624

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 9, 2005

The Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3624.

This bill provides greater flexibility for domestic insurers with respect to their investments. The bill (1) increases the amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may invest in a foreign country from 5% to 20%; (2) increases the single country limits for a qualified foreign investment from 2% to 10%; and (3) increases the amount of its admitted assets a domestic insurer may invest in investments that are "not qualified or permitted" under N.J.S.17B:20-1 ("leeway basket assets") from 7% to 10%. These provisions mirror the foreign investment limits and the "not qualified or permitted" investment limits stipulated by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' "Investments of Insurers Model Act (Defined Limits Version)."

In addition, the bill amends the definition of "institution" contained in subsection d. of N.J.S.17B:20-1 to specifically include a "limited liability company, limited liability partnership or any other similar entity." The bill also removes the current prohibition against a domestic insurer entering into an agreement to withhold its property from sale.

Finally, the bill repeals N.J.S.17B:28-13, which limits, under certain conditions, the amount that a stock insurer may withdraw from a separate account.