34:13A-5.1

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2005 **CHAPTER**: 161

NJSA: 34:13A-5.1 (Concerns "card check" method of union recognition)

BILL NO: A1820 (Substituted for S194)

SPONSOR(S): Egan and others

DATE INTRODUCED: Pre-filed

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Labor

SENATE:

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 30, 2005

SENATE: June 27, 2005

DATE OF APPROVAL: July 19, 2005

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (2nd reprint enacted)

A1820

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 6 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S194

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: Yes <u>5-12-2005</u>

<u>6-23-2008</u>

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS: No
HEARINGS: No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: No

IS 8/23/07

P.L. 2005, CHAPTER 161, approved July 19, 2005 Assembly, No. 1820 (Second Reprint)

1 **AN ACT** concerning recognition of representatives for certain employees and amending P.L.1968, c.303.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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thereof.

- 7 1. Section 5 of P.L.1968, c.303 (C.34:13A-5.1) is amended to read 8 as follows:
 - 5. There is hereby established a Division of Public Employment Relations and a Division of Private Employment Dispute Settlement.
- (a) The Division of Public Employment Relations shall be 11 concerned exclusively with matters of public employment related to 12 13 determining negotiating units, elections, certifications and settlement 14 of public employee representative and public employer disputes and 15 grievance procedures. For the purpose of complying with the provisions of Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey 16 Constitution, the Division of Public Employment Relations is hereby 17 allocated within the Department of Labor [and Industry] ¹and 18 19 Workforce Development¹, and located in the city of Trenton, but notwithstanding said allocation, the office shall be independent of any 20 21 supervision or control by the department or by any board or officer
- 23 (b) The Division of Private Employment Dispute Settlement shall 24 assist the New Jersey State Board of Mediation in the resolution of 25 disputes in private employment. The New Jersey State Board of 26 Mediation, its objectives and the powers and duties granted by this act 27 and the act of which this act is amendatory and supplementary shall be 28 concerned exclusively with matters of private employment and the 29 office shall continue to be located in the city of Newark.
- (c) In the case of a private employer not regulated by the National
 Labor Relations Board pursuant to the National Labor Relations Act
 (29 U.S.C. 151 et seq.), the New Jersey State Board of Mediation
 shall designate a representative for a unit of employees of the private
 employer for the purposes of collective bargaining when:
- (1) In any case in which the board determines that only one employee organization is seeking to be the majority representative, that organization demonstrates that a majority of employees in the unit have shown their preference to have that organization be their representative by signing ¹authorization ¹ cards indicating that

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly ALA committee amendments adopted June 13, 2005.

² Senate floor amendments adopted June 23, 2005.

1 preference; or

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(2) The employees in the unit have selected a representative by an
 election that conforms with the procedures outlined in section 159 of
 the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. s.159).

¹For the purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, an authorization card indicating preference shall not be valid unless it is printed in a language understood by the employee who signs it.¹

7 Any employer who refuses to provide information requested by the 8 9 New Jersey State Board of Mediation or otherwise acts to prevent the 10 board from carrying out its responsibilities pursuant to this subsection (c) shall have violated this ¹[act] subsection ¹ and shall be liable to a 11 fine of not more than \$1,000, to be recovered ¹[in an action at law] 12 under the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 13 14 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.)¹ in the name of the board and to be used by the board for costs of implementing this ¹[act] subsection¹. In addition, 15 ¹[a labor] an employee ¹ organization seeking to represent the 16 17 employees of the employer may institute an action in a court of 18 competent jurisdiction to obtain an injunction to restrain any continuation of the violation, to reimburse the ¹[representative] 19 20 employee organization¹ or any effected employee for any damages caused by the violation plus reasonable costs and attorney's fees of the 21

¹The provisions of this subsection (c) shall not apply to religious or parochial schools or their employees ² or to any private nonprofit organization exempt from federal taxation under section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 501)². ¹

27 (d) In the case of a private employer regulated by the National
28 Labor Relations Board pursuant to the National Labor Relations Act
29 (29 U.S.C. 151 et seq.), the New Jersey State Board of Mediation
30 shall, based on the mutual agreement of the private employer and an
31 organization seeking to represent employees of the employer,
32 designate a representative for a unit of employees of the private
33 employer for the purposes of collective bargaining when:

(1) In any case in which the board determines that only one employee organization is seeking to be the majority representative, that organization demonstrates, in a manner mutually agreed upon by the representative and the employer, that a majority of employees in the unit have shown their preference to have that organization be their representative by signing ¹authorization ¹ cards indicating that preference; or

41 (2) the employees in the unit have selected the representative by an 42 election that conforms with the procedures outlined in section 159 of 43 the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. s.159).

(e) For the purposes of subsections (c) and (d) of this section,

"employee unit" means an appropriate group of employees for the

purposes of collective bargaining as determined, if necessary, by the

New Jersey State Board of Mediation.

2 (cf: P.L.1973, c.326, s.2)

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2. Section 7 of P.L.1968, c.303 (C.34:13A-5.3) is amended to read as follows:

7. Except as hereinafter provided, public employees shall have, and 6 7 shall be protected in the exercise of, the right, freely and without fear 8 of penalty or reprisal, to form, join and assist any employee 9 organization or to refrain from any such activity; provided, however, 10 that this right shall not extend to elected officials, members of boards 11 and commissions, managerial executives, or confidential employees, 12 except in a school district the term managerial executive shall mean the 13 superintendent of schools or his equivalent, nor, except where 14 established practice, prior agreement or special circumstances dictate 15 the contrary, shall any supervisor having the power to hire, discharge, 16 discipline, or to effectively recommend the same, have the right to be 17 represented in collective negotiations by an employee organization that 18 admits nonsupervisory personnel to membership, and the fact that any 19 organization has such supervisory employees as members shall not 20 deny the right of that organization to represent the appropriate unit in 21 collective negotiations; and provided further, that, except where 22 established practice, prior agreement, or special circumstances dictate 23 the contrary, no policeman shall have the right to join an employee 24 organization that admits employees other than policemen to 25 membership. The negotiating unit shall be defined with due regard for 26 the community of interest among the employees concerned, but the 27 commission shall not intervene in matters of recognition and unit 28 definition except in the event of a dispute.

Representatives designated or selected by public employees for the purposes of collective negotiation by the majority of the employees in a unit appropriate for such purposes. [or] by the majority of the employees voting in an election conducted by the commission as authorized by this act or, at the option of the representative in a case in which the commission finds that only one representative is seeking to be the majority representative, by a majority of the employees in the unit signing authorization cards indicating their preference for that representative, shall be the exclusive representatives for collective negotiation concerning the terms and conditions of employment of the employees in such unit. ¹An authorization card indicating preference shall not be valid unless it is printed in a language understood by the employee who signs it. ¹

Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent any official from meeting with an employee organization for the purpose of hearing the views and requests of its members in such unit so long as (a) the majority representative is informed of the meeting; (b) any changes or modifications in terms and conditions of employment are made only

1 through negotiation with the majority representative; and (c) a 2 minority organization shall not present or process grievances. Nothing 3 herein shall be construed to deny to any individual employee his rights 4 under Civil Service laws or regulations. When no majority representative has been selected as the bargaining agent for the unit of 5 6 which an individual employee is a part, he may present his own 7 grievance either personally or through an appropriate representative 8 or an organization of which he is a member and have such grievance 9 adjusted.

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A majority representative of public employees in an appropriate unit shall be entitled to act for and to negotiate agreements covering all employees in the unit and shall be responsible for representing the interest of all such employees without discrimination and without regard to employee organization membership. Proposed new rules or modifications of existing rules governing working conditions shall be negotiated with the majority representative before they are established. In addition, the majority representative and designated representatives of the public employer shall meet at reasonable times and negotiate in good faith with respect to grievances, disciplinary disputes, and other terms and conditions of employment. Nothing herein shall be construed as permitting negotiation of the standards or criteria for employee performance.

When an agreement is reached on the terms and conditions of employment, it shall be embodied in writing and signed by the authorized representatives of the public employer and the majority representative.

Public employers shall negotiate written policies setting forth grievance and disciplinary review procedures by means of which their employees or representatives of employees may appeal the interpretation, application or violation of policies, agreements, and administrative decisions, including disciplinary determinations, affecting them, provided that such grievance and disciplinary review procedures shall be included in any agreement entered into between the public employer and the representative organization. Such grievance and disciplinary review procedures may provide for binding arbitration as a means for resolving disputes. Except as otherwise provided herein, the procedures agreed to by the parties may not replace or be inconsistent with any alternate statutory appeal procedure nor may they provide for binding arbitration of disputes involving the discipline of employees with statutory protection under tenure or civil service laws, except that such procedures may provide for binding arbitration of disputes involving the minor discipline of any public employees protected under the provisions of section 7 of 44 P.L.1968, c.303 (C.34:13A-5.3), other than public employees subject to discipline pursuant to R.S.53:1-10. Grievance and disciplinary 46 review procedures established by agreement between the public employer and the representative organization shall be utilized for any

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dispute covered by the terms of such agreement. For the purposes of 1 2 this section, minor discipline shall mean a suspension or fine of less 3 than five days unless the employee has been suspended or fined an 4 aggregate of 15 or more days or received more than three suspensions 5 or fines of five days or less in one calendar year. Where the State of New Jersey and the majority representative have 6 7 agreed to a disciplinary review procedure that provides for binding arbitration of disputes involving the major discipline of any public 8 9 employee protected under the provisions of this section, other than 10 public employees subject to discipline pursuant to R.S.53:1-10, the 11 grievance and disciplinary review procedures established by agreement between the State of New Jersey and the majority representative shall 12 be utilized for any dispute covered by the terms of such agreement. 13 14 For the purposes of this section, major discipline shall mean a removal, 15 disciplinary demotion, suspension or fine of more than five days, or less where the aggregate number of days suspended or fined in any one 16 17 calendar year is 15 or more days or unless the employee received more 18 than three suspensions or fines of five days or less in one calendar 19 (cf: P.L.2003, c.119, s.2) 20 21 22 3. This act shall take effect immediately. 23 24 25 26

27 Concerns "card check" method of union recognition.

ASSEMBLY, No. 1820

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2004 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOSEPH V. EGAN
District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)
Assemblyman JEFF VAN DREW
District 1 (Cape May, Atlantic and Cumberland)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Gordon

SYNOPSIS

Concerns "card check" method of union recognition.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/4/2004)

1 **AN ACT** concerning recognition of representatives for certain employees and amending P.L.1968, c.303.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 5 of P.L.1968, c.303 (C.34:13A-5.1) is amended to read as follows:
 - 5. There is hereby established a Division of Public Employment Relations and a Division of Private Employment Dispute Settlement.
- 11 (a) The Division of Public Employment Relations shall be 12 concerned exclusively with matters of public employment related to 13 determining negotiating units, elections, certifications and settlement 14 of public employee representative and public employer disputes and 15 grievance procedures. For the purpose of complying with the 16 provisions of Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey 17 Constitution, the Division of Public Employment Relations is hereby allocated within the Department of Labor [and Industry], and located 18 19 in the city of Trenton, but notwithstanding said allocation, the office 20 shall be independent of any supervision or control by the department 21 or by any board or officer thereof.
 - (b) The Division of Private Employment Dispute Settlement shall assist the New Jersey State Board of Mediation in the resolution of disputes in private employment. The New Jersey State Board of Mediation, its objectives and the powers and duties granted by this act and the act of which this act is amendatory and supplementary shall be concerned exclusively with matters of private employment and the office shall continue to be located in the city of Newark.
 - (c) In the case of a private employer not regulated by the National Labor Relations Board pursuant to the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 151 et seq.), the New Jersey State Board of Mediation shall designate a representative for a unit of employees of the private employer for the purposes of collective bargaining when:
 - (1) In any case in which the board determines that only one employee organization is seeking to be the majority representative, that organization demonstrates that a majority of employees in the unit have shown their preference to have that organization be their representative by signing cards indicating that preference; or
- (2) The employees in the unit have selected a representative by an
 election that conforms with the procedures outlined in section 159 of
 the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. s.159).
- Any employer who refuses to provide information requested by the
 New Jersey State Board of Mediation or otherwise acts to prevent the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 board from carrying out its responsibilities pursuant to this subsection
- 2 (c) shall have violated this act and shall be liable to a fine of not more
- 3 than \$1,000, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the
- 4 board and to be used by the board for costs of implementing this act.
- <u>In addition, a labor organization seeking to represent the employees</u> 5
- 6 of the employer may institute an action in a court of competent
- 7 jurisdiction to obtain an injunction to restrain any continuation of the
- 8 violation, to reimburse the representative or any effected employee for
- 9 any damages caused by the violation plus reasonable costs and
- 10 attorney's fees of the action.
- 11 (d) In the case of a private employer regulated by the National
- 12 Labor Relations Board pursuant to the National Labor Relations Act
- 13 (29 U.S.C. 151 et seq.), the New Jersey State Board of Mediation
- 14 shall, based on the mutual agreement of the private employer and an
- 15 organization seeking to represent employees of the employer,
- designate a representative for a unit of employees of the private 16
- employer for the purposes of collective bargaining when: 17
- 18 (1) In any case in which the board determines that only one
- 19 employee organization is seeking to be the majority representative,
- 20 that organization demonstrates, in a manner mutually agreed upon by
- 21 the representative and the employer, that a majority of employees in
- 22 the unit have shown their preference to have that organization be their
- 23 representative by signing cards indicating that preference; or
- 24 (2) the employees in the unit have selected the representative by an
- 25 election that conforms with the procedures outlined in section 159 of
- the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. s.159). 26
- 27 (e) For the purposes of subsections (c) and (d) of this section,
- 28 "employee unit" means an appropriate group of employees for the
- 29 purposes of collective bargaining as determined, if necessary, by the
- 30 New Jersey State Board of Mediation.
- 31 (cf: P.L.1973, c.326, s.2)

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- 33 2. Section 7 of P.L.1968, c.303 (C.34:13A-5.3) is amended to read 34 as follows:
- 35 7. Except as hereinafter provided, public employees shall have, and
- shall be protected in the exercise of, the right, freely and without fear 36
- 37 of penalty or reprisal, to form, join and assist any employee
- 38 organization or to refrain from any such activity; provided, however,
- 39 that this right shall not extend to elected officials, members of boards
- 40 and commissions, managerial executives, or confidential employees,
- 41 except in a school district the term managerial executive shall mean the
- superintendent of schools or his equivalent, nor, except where 42
- 43 established practice, prior agreement or special circumstances dictate
- the contrary, shall any supervisor having the power to hire, discharge, 45 discipline, or to effectively recommend the same, have the right to be
- represented in collective negotiations by an employee organization that 46

A1820 EGAN, VAN DREW

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1 admits nonsupervisory personnel to membership, and the fact that any 2 organization has such supervisory employees as members shall not 3 deny the right of that organization to represent the appropriate unit in 4 collective negotiations; and provided further, that, except where 5 established practice, prior agreement, or special circumstances dictate 6 the contrary, no policeman shall have the right to join an employee 7 organization that admits employees other than policemen to 8 membership. The negotiating unit shall be defined with due regard for 9 the community of interest among the employees concerned, but the 10 commission shall not intervene in matters of recognition and unit 11 definition except in the event of a dispute.

12 Representatives designated or selected by public employees for the 13 purposes of collective negotiation by the majority of the employees in 14 a unit appropriate for such purposes, [or] by the majority of the 15 employees voting in an election conducted by the commission as authorized by this act or, at the option of the representative in a case 16 17 in which the commission finds that only one representative is seeking 18 to be the majority representative, by a majority of the employees in the 19 unit signing authorization cards indicating their preference for that 20 representative, shall be the exclusive representatives for collective 21 negotiation concerning the terms and conditions of employment of the 22 employees in such unit. Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent any official from meeting with an employee organization for the 23 24 purpose of hearing the views and requests of its members in such unit 25 so long as (a) the majority representative is informed of the meeting; (b) any changes or modifications in terms and conditions of 26 27 employment are made only through negotiation with the majority 28 representative; and (c) a minority organization shall not present or 29 process grievances. Nothing herein shall be construed to deny to any 30 individual employee his rights under Civil Service laws or regulations. 31 When no majority representative has been selected as the bargaining 32 agent for the unit of which an individual employee is a part, he may 33 present his own grievance either personally or through an appropriate 34 representative or an organization of which he is a member and have 35 such grievance adjusted.

A majority representative of public employees in an appropriate unit shall be entitled to act for and to negotiate agreements covering all employees in the unit and shall be responsible for representing the interest of all such employees without discrimination and without regard to employee organization membership. Proposed new rules or modifications of existing rules governing working conditions shall be negotiated with the majority representative before they are established. In addition, the majority representative and designated representatives of the public employer shall meet at reasonable times and negotiate in good faith with respect to grievances, disciplinary disputes, and other terms and conditions of employment. Nothing herein shall be

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1 construed as permitting negotiation of the standards or criteria for 2 employee performance.

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When an agreement is reached on the terms and conditions of employment, it shall be embodied in writing and signed by the authorized representatives of the public employer and the majority representative.

7 Public employers shall negotiate written policies setting forth 8 grievance and disciplinary review procedures by means of which their 9 employees or representatives of employees may appeal the 10 interpretation, application or violation of policies, agreements, and 11 administrative decisions, including disciplinary determinations, 12 affecting them, provided that such grievance and disciplinary review 13 procedures shall be included in any agreement entered into between 14 the public employer and the representative organization. 15 grievance and disciplinary review procedures may provide for binding 16 arbitration as a means for resolving disputes. Except as otherwise 17 provided herein, the procedures agreed to by the parties may not 18 replace or be inconsistent with any alternate statutory appeal 19 procedure nor may they provide for binding arbitration of disputes 20 involving the discipline of employees with statutory protection under 21 tenure or civil service laws, except that such procedures may provide 22 for binding arbitration of disputes involving the minor discipline of any 23 public employees protected under the provisions of section 7 of 24 P.L.1968, c.303 (C.34:13A-5.3), other than public employees subject 25 to discipline pursuant to R.S.53:1-10. Grievance and disciplinary 26 review procedures established by agreement between the public 27 employer and the representative organization shall be utilized for any 28 dispute covered by the terms of such agreement. For the purposes of 29 this section, minor discipline shall mean a suspension or fine of less 30 than five days unless the employee has been suspended or fined an 31 aggregate of 15 or more days or received more than three suspensions 32 or fines of five days or less in one calendar year.

33 Where the State of New Jersey and the majority representative have 34 agreed to a disciplinary review procedure that provides for binding 35 arbitration of disputes involving the major discipline of any public 36 employee protected under the provisions of this section, other than 37 public employees subject to discipline pursuant to R.S.53:1-10, the 38 grievance and disciplinary review procedures established by agreement 39 between the State of New Jersey and the majority representative shall 40 be utilized for any dispute covered by the terms of such agreement. 41 For the purposes of this section, major discipline shall mean a removal, 42 disciplinary demotion, suspension or fine of more than five days, or 43 less where the aggregate number of days suspended or fined in any one 44 calendar year is 15 or more days or unless the employee received more 45 than three suspensions or fines of five days or less in one calendar 46 year.

47 (cf: P.L.2003, c.119, s.2)

A1820 EGAN, VAN DREW

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3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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STATEMENT

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This bill authorizes the New Jersey State Board of Mediation to 6 recognize representatives for employees of private employers who are 7 8 not covered by the National Labor Relations Act. The bill allows 9 these employees to legitimately choose representatives either by 10 signing cards to demonstrate a majority preference to have a representative, known as the "card-check" method, or by holding a 11 12 traditional election in conformity with the procedures outlined in the 13 National Labor Relations Act. The bill does not apply to any employer 14 or employee who is under the jurisdiction of the National Labor 15 Relations Board, except in cases where both the employer and the union agree to seek a representation election or card check procedure 16 through the State Board of Mediation. The bill authorizes the New 17 18 Jersey State Board of Mediation to determine whether an employee unit is an appropriate unit for collective bargaining, if a determination 19 20 is necessary.

The bill also requires that the Public Employment Relations Commission recognize a labor organization as the majority representative of public employees in a unit if a majority of the employees in the unit sign authorization cards indicating their preference for that organization and if the commission finds that there is only one labor organization seeking to be the majority representative.

ASSEMBLY LABOR COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1820

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 13, 2005

The Assembly Labor Committee reports favorably, and with committee amendments, Assembly Bill No. 1820.

As amended by the committee, this bill authorizes the New Jersey State Board of Mediation to recognize representatives for the employees of any private employers who are not covered by the National Labor Relations Act, except for a religious or parochial school. The bill allows these employees to legitimately choose representatives either by signing cards to demonstrate a majority preference to have a representative, known as the "card-check" method, or by holding a traditional election in conformity with the procedures outlined in the National Labor Relations Act. The bill does not apply to any employer or employee who is under the jurisdiction of the National Labor Relations Board, except in cases where both the employer and the union agree to seek a representation election or card check procedure through the State Board of Mediation. The bill authorizes the New Jersey State Board of Mediation to determine whether an employee unit is an appropriate unit for collective bargaining, if a determination is necessary.

The bill also requires that the Public Employment Relations Commission recognize a labor organization as the majority representative of public employees in a unit if a majority of the employees in the unit sign authorization cards indicating their preference for that organization and if the commission finds that there is only one labor organization seeking to be the majority representative.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amendments, which make the bill identical to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 194 (1R), exclude religious or parochial schools from the bill's requirement to accept "card check" union authorization, or the results of a traditional election which conforms with the National Labor Relations Act.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1820

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed by Senator SMITH)

ADOPTED: JUNE 23, 2005

These amendments exempt private, federal tax-exempt, nonprofit organizations from the bill's requirement that an employer recognize a union as a collective bargaining representative based on the "card check" method of union authorization, or based on a traditional election in conformity with the procedures outlined in the National Labor Relations Act.

SENATE, No. 194

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

211th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2004 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Senator BOB SMITH

District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

Senator STEPHEN M. SWEENEY

District 3 (Salem, Cumberland and Gloucester)

SYNOPSIS

Authorizes the New Jersey State Board of Mediation to recognize representatives for certain employees by card-check and other methods.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 12/14/2004)

1 **AN ACT** concerning recognition of representatives for certain employees and amending P.L.1968, c.303.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 5 of P.L.1968, c.303 (C.34:13A-5.1) is amended to read 8 as follows:
 - 5. There is hereby established a Division of Public Employment Relations and a Division of Private Employment Dispute Settlement.
- 11 (a) The Division of Public Employment Relations shall be 12 concerned exclusively with matters of public employment related to 13 determining negotiating units, elections, certifications and settlement 14 of public employee representative and public employer disputes and 15 grievance procedures. For the purpose of complying with the 16 provisions of Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey 17 Constitution, the Division of Public Employment Relations is hereby allocated within the Department of Labor [and Industry], and located 18 19 in the city of Trenton, but notwithstanding said allocation, the office 20 shall be independent of any supervision or control by the department 21 or by any board or officer thereof.
 - (b) The Division of Private Employment Dispute Settlement shall assist the New Jersey State Board of Mediation in the resolution of disputes in private employment. The New Jersey State Board of Mediation, its objectives and the powers and duties granted by this act and the act of which this act is amendatory and supplementary shall be concerned exclusively with matters of private employment and the office shall continue to be located in the city of Newark.
- (c) The New Jersey State Board of Mediation shall designate a
 representative for a unit of employees of a private employer for the
 purposes of collective bargaining when:
- (1) that representative demonstrates that a majority of employees
 in the unit have shown interest in representation by signing cards so
 indicating their interest; or
- (2) the employees in the unit have selected a representative by an
 election that conforms with the procedures outlined in section 159 of
 the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. s.159).
- For the purposes of this subsection (c), "employee unit" means an appropriate group of employees for the purposes of collective
- 40 bargaining as determined, if necessary, by the New Jersey State Board
- 41 <u>of Mediation.</u>
- 42 (cf: P.L.1973, c.326, s.2)

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

S194 B. SMITH, SWEENEY 3

1	2. This act shall take effect on the 90th day following enactment.
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4	STATEMENT
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6	This bill authorizes the New Jersey State Board of Mediation to
7	recognize representatives for employees of private employers who are
8	not covered by the National Labor Relations Act. The bill allows
9	these employees to legitimately choose representatives either by
10	signing cards to demonstrate a majority interest in having a
11	representative, known as the "card-check" method, or by holding a
12	traditional election in conformity with the procedures outlined in the
13	National Labor Relations Act. The bill also authorizes the New Jersey
14	State Board of Mediation to determine whether an employee unit is an
15	appropriate unit for collective bargaining, if a determination is
16	necessary.

SENATE LABOR COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 194

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 13, 2004

The Senate Labor Committee reports favorably the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 194.

This substitute authorizes the New Jersey State Board of Mediation to recognize representatives for employees of private employers who are not covered by the National Labor Relations Act. The substitute allows these employees to legitimately choose representatives either by signing cards to demonstrate a majority preference to have a representative, known as the "card-check" method, or by holding a traditional election in conformity with the procedures outlined in the National Labor Relations Act. The substitute does not apply to any employer or employee who is under the jurisdiction of the National Labor Relations Board, except in cases where both the employer and the union agree to seek a representation election or card check procedure through the State Board of Mediation. The substitute authorizes the New Jersey State Board of Mediation to determine whether an employee unit is an appropriate unit for collective bargaining, if a determination is necessary.

The substitute also requires that the Public Employment Relations Commission recognize a labor organization as the majority representative of public employees in a unit if a majority of the employees in the unit sign authorization cards indicating their preference for that organization and if the commission finds that there is only one labor organization seeking to be the majority representative.

Finally, the substitute requires an authorizing card to be printed in the language of the employee who signs it.

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 194

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senator SMITH)

ADOPTED: MAY 12, 2005

These amendments exempt religious or parochial schools from the bill's requirement that an employer recognize a union as a collective bargaining representative based on the "card check" method of union authorization, or based on a traditional election in conformity with the procedures outlined in the National Labor Relations Act.

In <u>NLRB v. Catholic Bishop of Chicago</u>, 440 <u>U.S.</u> 490 (1978), the Supreme Court found "no clear expression of an affirmative intention of Congress that teachers in church-operated schools should be covered by the Act." Accordingly, the Court concluded that there is no National Labor Relations Board jurisdiction in these instances.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 194

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed by Senator SMITH)

ADOPTED: JUNE 23, 2005

These amendments exempt private, federal tax-exempt, nonprofit organizations from the bill's requirement that an employer recognize a union as a collective bargaining representative based on the "card check" method of union authorization, or based on a traditional election in conformity with the procedures outlined in the National Labor Relations Act.