52:27EE-1

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2005 **CHAPTER:** 155

NJSA: 52:27EE-1 ("Public Advocate Restoration Act of 2005")

BILL NO: A1424

SPONSOR(S): Caraballo and others

DATE INTRODUCED: January 13, 2004

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: State Government; Appropriations

SENATE:

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 23, 2005

SENATE: June 20, 2005

DATE OF APPROVAL: July 12, 2005

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Assembly Committee Substitute (2R) for A1424 enacted)

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 44 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes <u>2-14-2005 (State Gov't)</u>

3-10-2005 (Approp.)

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes

<u>LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE</u>: <u>Yes</u>

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext. 103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org

REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: Yes

[&]quot;Codey signs law to restore Office of Public Advocate," 7-13-2005 New York Times, p.B6

- "State watchdog lives again," 7-13-2005 The Record, p.A3
- "Law restores Public Advocate department," 7-13-2005 Courier News, p.A3
- "Public advocate office returns to NJ," 7-13-2005 The Times, p.A5
- "Watchdog agency regains its bite," 7-13-2005 The Star Ledger, p.13
- "Codey signs law to reinstate office for state grievances, 7-13-2005 The Philadelphia Inquirer, p.B1

Title 52.
Chapter 27EE (New)
Public Advocate
§§1-85 C.52:27EE-1
to 52:27EE-85
§110 - Repealer
§111 - Approp.
§112 - Note to all §§

P.L. 2005, CHAPTER 155, *approved July 12, 2005*Assembly Committee Substitute (*Second Reprint*) for Assembly, No. 1424

1	AN ACT restoring the Department of the Public Advocate as a
2	principal department in the Executive Branch of State government,
3	supplementing Title 52 of the Revised Statutes ¹ [,] and ¹ amending
4	and repealing various parts of the statutory law ¹ [and making an
5	appropriation] ¹ .
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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

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1. (New section) Short title.

This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Public Advocate Restoration Act of 2005."

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- 2. (New section) Legislative findings and declaration.
- 17 The Legislature finds and declares that:
 - a. There is a great need for consumer protection and advocacy on behalf of the indigent, the elderly, children, and other persons unable to protect themselves as individuals or a class.
 - b. Consolidating the diffuse functions of ombudspersons, ratepayer advocate, and other functions within a single Department of the Public Advocate will produce cost savings and more effective protection of the public interest and empower the Public Advocate to coordinate an efficient and timely process for evaluation and resolution of problems and disputes that affect consumers and other interested parties.
 - c. The abolition of the Public Advocate and the transfer of some of its functions to various departments has resulted in diffuse, ineffective representation of the rights of those unable to effectively advocate for themselves.
- d. It is essential that the State of New Jersey marshal existing

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AAP committee amendments adopted March 10, 2005.

² Senate floor amendments adopted May 12, 2005.

1 resources scattered throughout State government and create 2 economies of scale that will aid in the effective delivery of public 3 services and the appropriate allocation of public resources.

- e. The Legislature must protect the public and restore confidence in government through effective advocacy, provided by the Department of the Public Advocate.
- f. Litigation is a costly and oftentimes ineffective means of resolving disputes, and State government must provide leadership and foster an environment for alternative dispute resolution. The public will benefit greatly from a Public Advocate devoted to a cost-effective means to avoid expensive litigation and an amicable way to resolve disputes.
 - g. Children have special advocacy needs that require familiarity and expertise regarding the issues that affect them and the ¹[Division] Office ¹ of ¹ the ¹ Child ¹[Advocacy] Advocate allocated ¹ within the Department of the Public Advocate can effectively fulfill those needs.
 - h. The elderly represent an ever-increasing portion of the population that requires special attention, and a Division of Elder Advocacy can effectively meet those needs.
 - i. There must be a transfer of funding ¹[and an appropriation]¹ to fund the operations of the Department of the Public Advocate and the salary of its appointed commissioner known as the "Public Advocate".

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- 3. (New section) Department established.
- There is hereby established in the Executive Branch of the State Government a principal department which shall be known as the Department of the Public Advocate.

- 4. (New section) Commissioner; appointment; term; salary.
- The administrator and chief executive officer of the Department of 31 32 the Public Advocate shall be a commissioner, who shall be known as the Public Advocate and who shall be an attorney-at-law of this State 33 34 and a person qualified by training and experience to perform the duties of the office. The Public Advocate shall be appointed by the 35 36 Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall serve during the Governor's term of office and until the appointment and 37 38 qualification of the Public Advocate's successor.
- The Governor shall have the power to remove the Public Advocate for cause.
- The Public Advocate shall receive such salary as shall be provided by law.
- The Public Advocate may, in the discretion of the Governor, concurrently hold another position established in or allocated to the Department of the Public Advocate, notwithstanding any requirement of law that the Public Advocate devote his or her entire time to the

duties of one position or the other. In such case, the Public Advocate shall receive only the salary provided for the Public Advocate, and not the salary for such other position.

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- 5. (New section) Powers and duties of Public Advocate.
- The Public Advocate as administrator and chief executive officer of the department shall:
 - a. administer the work of the department;
 - b. appoint and remove such officers, investigators, stenographic and clerical assistants and other personnel as may be required for the conduct of the department, subject to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes, Civil Service, and other applicable statutes, except as provided otherwise herein;
 - c. adopt, issue and promulgate, in the name of the department, such rules and regulations as may be necessary, consistent with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.);
 - d. formulate and adopt rules and regulations for the efficient conduct of the work and general administration of the department, its officers and employees;
 - e. institute or cause to be instituted such legal proceedings or processes consistent with the rules governing the courts of New Jersey and the practice of law therein as may be necessary to properly enforce and give effect to any of his or her powers or duties;
 - f. have the authority to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of books, papers and other documents, and administer oaths to witnesses in any matter under the investigation of the office. If any person to whom such subpoena is issued fails to appear or, having appeared, refuses to give testimony, or fails to produce the books, papers or other documents required, the public advocate may apply to the Superior Court, which may order the person to appear and give testimony or produce the books, papers or other documents, as applicable;
 - g. prepare schedules of rates to be paid for services rendered other than by the staff, taking into account the nature of the services, the time involved, the skill and experience required and other pertinent factors;
- 38 h. make such reports of the department's operation as the 39 Governor or the Legislature shall from time to time request, or as may 40 be required by law. In addition, the Public Advocate shall report to 41 the Governor and the Legislature annually with respect to such matters relating to the work of the Public Advocate and at such times as he or 42 she may deem in the public interest. This report shall describe the 43 matters and activities involving the Department of the Public 44 45 Advocate, its divisions and offices, including the status and description 46 of significant cases that have been litigated, mediated, or otherwise

- 1 administered by the Public Advocate. This report shall include an
- 2 analysis on the costs and benefits of the litigation brought by the
- 3 Public Advocate, and include any recommendations for administrative
- 4 or legislative action that he or she deems necessary or appropriate;

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- i. perform, exercise and discharge the functions, powers and duties of the department through such divisions or offices as may be established by this act or otherwise by law;
- j. organize and coordinate the work of the department in such divisions or offices, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, and in such other organizational units as he or she may determine to be necessary for efficient and effective operation;
- 12 k. integrate within the department, so far as practicable, all staff 13 services of the department and of the several divisions and other 14 offices therein;
- 15 l. maintain suitable headquarters for the department and such other 16 quarters as he or she shall deem necessary to the proper functioning of 17 the department;
- m. except as otherwise provided by law, appoint division directors, office directors, and ombudspersons who are qualified by training and experience to direct, under the supervision of the Public Advocate, the several divisions and offices established pursuant to this act. Such division directors, office directors, and ombudspersons shall serve at the pleasure of the Public Advocate who shall fix their compensation within the limits of available appropriations;
 - n. adopt policies and procedures to manage any litigation so that the Public Advocate may reasonably ensure that all litigation matters are effectively managed by the relevant division overseeing such actions;
 - o. solicit and accept grants of funds from the federal government and from private foundations, and allocate or restrict the use of such funds as may be required by the grantor;
 - p. be the request officer for the department within the meaning of such term as defined in P.L.1944, c.112 (C.52:27B-1 et seq.);
- q. hire independent counsel on a case-by-case basis to provide competent representation in light of the nature of the case, the services to be performed, the experience of the particular attorney and other relevant factors, notwithstanding the provisions of section 11 of P.L.1944, c.20 (C.52:17A-11) to the contrary;
- 39 ¹r. consult with the child advocate prior to the exercise of the Public Advocate's duties, or those of a division, office or 40 41 ombudsperson, by commencing an investigation, legal proceeding or 42 other matter, or taking an action, that may be co-extensive with the 43 duties of the child advocate. The purpose of the consultation shall be 44 to provide the child advocate with an opportunity to assist or collaborate with the Public Advocate on such investigation, legal 45 46 proceeding, matter or action if the extent of the assistance or

[2R] ACS for A1424 1 collaboration is within the powers and duties of the child advocate as 2 those powers and duties are provided in this act. This requirement to consult the child advocate or the failure to do so in a timely manner 3 4 shall not preclude or serve to restrict the Public Advocate in the 5 performance of his duties, or those of a division, office or ombudsperson, at the Public Advocate's discretion;¹ and 6 ¹[r.] \underline{s} . perform such other functions as may be prescribed in this 7 8 act or by any other law. 9 6. (New section) Appointment of Assistant Public Advocate. 10 11 The Public Advocate may appoint an Assistant Public Advocate to 12 serve at the pleasure of the Public Advocate. Such appointment shall be in writing and filed with the Secretary of State. The Assistant 13 14 Public Advocate shall have and shall exercise the powers and perform the functions and duties of the Public Advocate during the absence or 15 16 disability of the Public Advocate. The Assistant Public Advocate shall 17 also have and exercise such of the powers and perform such of the 18 functions and duties of the Public Advocate as he or she shall be 19 authorized and directed by the Public Advocate. Any such 20 authorization and direction shall be in writing, signed by the Public Advocate and filed with the Secretary of State, and shall include a 21 22 designation of the period during which it shall be and remain in force. 23 No such authorization and direction shall be deemed to preclude the 24 Public Advocate from himself or herself exercising the powers and the 25 performance of the duties included in the authorization and direction. In the event that the Public Advocate shall die, resign or be removed 26 27 from office, or become disqualified to execute the duties of the office, 28

or a vacancy shall occur in the office of the Public Advocate for any cause whatsoever, the person then holding the office of Assistant

Public Advocate shall continue to hold such office and shall have and 30 31 shall exercise the powers and perform the functions and duties of the 32 Public Advocate until the successor of the Public Advocate shall be

The Assistant Public Advocate shall receive such salary as shall be provided by law.

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appointed and shall qualify.

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7. (New section) Deputy public advocates and other assistants.

The Public Advocate shall appoint deputy public advocates and other expert assistants in such number as he or she shall require to assist him or her in the performance of the duties of the office. Deputies shall be attorneys-at-law of this State. Deputies and other expert assistants shall serve at the pleasure of the Public Advocate and shall receive such salaries as the Public Advocate shall from time to time designate.

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8. (New section) Professional responsibilities.

The primary duty of all staff members and of others engaged by the department on a temporary or case basis shall be to the individual client, with like effect and to the same purpose as though privately engaged by the client and without regard to the use of public funds to provide the service. This responsibility shall not preclude the designation or assignment of different individuals to perform various parts of the service from time to time, the duty in such cases to be the same as would exist in the case of a privately engaged law firm.

- 9. (New section) Attorney-client and work product privileges.
- a. All communications between the individual client and any attorney in or engaged by the Department of the Public Advocate shall be fully protected by the attorney-client privilege to the same extent and degree as though counsel has been engaged privately, and the work product of such attorneys shall be fully protected by the work product privilege to the same extent and degree as though counsel has been engaged privately. These privileges shall in no way preclude the use by the department of material in its files, otherwise privileged, for the preparation and disclosure of statistical, case study and other sociological data, provided always that in any such use there shall be no disclosure of the identity or the means for discovering the identity of particular clients.
- b. Any record held by the department which includes information about the identity, care or treatment of any person seeking or receiving services from the department, or the identity of any person seeking services from the department on behalf of another person, shall not be a government record as defined in section 1 of P.L.1995, c.23 (C.47:1A-1.1) and shall not be available for public inspection, copying, or the purchase of copies.
- c. Any person acting reasonably and in good faith who seeks assistance from the department on behalf of another person shall be immune from civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed and shall have the same immunity with respect to testimony given in any judicial proceeding resulting from that request for assistance.

10. (New section) Standard of performance.

In providing legal services to clients pursuant to this act, every attorney, whether a member of the staff or engaged by the department on a temporary or case basis, shall adhere to the standards of performance established from time to time by the Supreme Court of New Jersey in the execution of its duty to supervise the practice of law.

- 11. (New section) Organization of department.
- ¹a. ¹ There are hereby established ¹[eight] seven ¹ divisions and

1 one office within the Department of the Public Advocate.

The divisions within the department shall be the: Division of

- 3 Administration; Division of Citizen Relations; Division of Mental
- 4 Health Advocacy; Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally
- 5 Disabled; Division of Rate Counsel; Division of Public Interest
- 6 Advocacy; ¹and ¹ Division of Elder Advocacy ¹[; and Division of
- 7 Child Advocacy]¹.
- The office within the department shall be the Office of Public
- 9 Advocate.
- independent of supervision and control by the department and its
 officers and divisions, as provided in this act.
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- 12. (New section) Definitions.
- 16 As used in this act:
- 17 "administrative action" means and includes any action, omission,
- 18 decision, recommendation, practice or procedure of an agency, but
- 19 does not include the preparation, presentation or introduction of
- 20 legislation;
- 21 "agency" means and includes the State of New Jersey and its
- 22 principal departments, and any division, bureau, board, commission,
- 23 agency, office, authority, or institution of the Executive Branch of the
- 24 State government, or any other agency, including bi-state agencies, or
- 25 any instrumentality created by the State, including counties,
- 26 municipalities, or political subdivisions thereof, or any officer,
- 27 employee, or member thereof acting or purporting to act in the
- 28 exercise of his or her official duties, except the Governor and the
- 29 Governor's personal staff and any portion of the Legislative Branch or
- 30 Judicial Branch of State government;
- 31 "compensatory damages" means damages intended to make good
- 32 the loss of an injured party, and no more. The term includes general
- and special damages, and does not include nominal, exemplary, or
- 34 punitive damages;
- 35 "consumer insurance rate increases" means prior approval rate
- 36 increases for: personal lines property casualty coverages; Medicare
- 37 supplemental coverages; or a rating system change pursuant to section
- 38 14 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.1 et seq.);
- 39 "correctional facility" means a jail, prison, lockup, penitentiary,
- 40 reformatory, training school, or other similar facility within the State
- 41 of New Jersey;
- "department" means the Department of the Public Advocate
- 43 established herein, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise;
- "elderly" means a person age 60 years or older;
- 45 "facility" whenever referred to in sections 61 through 65 of this
- 46 act, means any facility or institution, whether public or private,

- 1 offering health or health related services for the institutionalized
- 2 elderly, and which is subject to regulation, visitation, inspection, or
- 3 supervision by any government agency. Facilities include, but are not
- 4 limited to, nursing homes, skilled nursing homes, intermediate care
- 5 facilities, extended care facilities, convalescent homes, rehabilitation
- 6 centers, residential health care facilities, special hospitals, veterans'
- 7 hospitals, chronic disease hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, mental
- 8 hospitals, mental retardation centers or facilities, day care facilities for
- 9 the elderly, and medical day care centers;

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"funded entity" means any party to and beneficiary of contracts with the State or its political subdivisions, including any business, corporation, association, partnership, sole proprietorship, firm, trust, organization, unincorporated organization, individual, enterprise, or other legal entity receiving public funds;

"indigent mental hospital admittee" means a person who has been admitted to and is a patient in a mental hospital, an institution for the care and treatment of the mentally ill, or a similar facility, whether public or private, State, county or local, or who is the subject of an action for admission as provided by P.L.1987, c.116 (C.30:4-27.1 et seq.) and who does not have the financial ability to secure competent representation and to provide all other necessary expenses of representation;

"institutionalized elderly" means any person 60 years of age or older, who is a patient, resident or client of any facility, as described herein:

"nominal damages" means damages that are designed to compensate a plaintiff and are less than \$500;

"public employee" means an employee of a public entity, and includes a person participating, under the supervision of the Palisades Interstate Park Commission, in a volunteer program in that part of the Palisades Interstate Park located in New Jersey;

"public entity" means and includes the State, and any county, municipality, district, public authority, public agency, and any other political subdivision or public body in the State;

"public interest" means an interest or right arising from the Constitution, decisions of court, common law or other laws of the United States or of this State inhering in the citizens of this State or in a broad class of such citizens;

"punitive damages" means and includes exemplary damages and means damages awarded against a party in a civil action because of aggravating circumstances in order to penalize and to provide additional deterrence against a defendant to discourage similar conduct in the future. Punitive damages do not include compensatory damages or nominal damages.

13. (New section) Office of Public Advocate; established.

3 and appoint to such office those persons necessary to the supervision

The Public Advocate may establish an Office of Public Advocate

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4 5	and efficient operations of the department.
6 7	ARTICLE 3. DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION
8	14. (New section) Division of Administration; established. There is hereby established in the Department of the Public
10	Advocate the Division of Administration to be under the supervision
11	of the Director of the Division of Administration.
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13	15. (New section) Division of Administration; duties.
14	It shall be the duty of the Division of Administration, at the
15	direction of the Public Advocate, to prepare a budget for the
16	department, fulfill personnel requirements, provide public information
17	concerning department activities, and conduct such research as the
18	Public Advocate determines to be relevant and necessary to the
19	department's functions.
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21	ARTICLE 4. DIVISION OF CITIZEN RELATIONS
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23	16. (New section) Division of Citizen Relations; established.
24	There is hereby established in the Department of the Public
25	Advocate the Division of Citizen Relations to be under the supervision
26	of the Director of the Division of Citizen Relations.
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28	17. (New section) Division of Citizen Relations; powers and
29	duties.
30	The Division of Citizen Relations shall, under the direction and
31	supervision of the Director of the Division of Citizen Relations, in
32	addition to other powers and duties vested in it by this act, or any
33	other law:
34	a. receive and forward to appropriate agencies of the State for
35	determination complaints from any citizen relating to the
36	administrative action or inaction of agencies;
37	b. investigate any complaint from any citizen relating to the
38	administrative action or inaction of any agency, whether or not such
39	action or inaction is final, where the complaint indicates that the action
40	or inaction may have been:
41	(1) unreasonable, unfair, oppressive, or potentially discriminatory,
42	although in accordance with law:

(2) unaccompanied by an adequate explanation; or

c. maintain records indicating the final disposition of any

(3) performed in an inefficient manner; and

complaint forwarded by the division to an agency.

[2R] ACS for A1424

1 18. (New section) Division of Citizen Relations; notice to 2 complainant and agency.

The Division of Citizen Relations shall determine whether a complaint is or is not an appropriate subject for investigation under this act, and shall inform the complainant of that decision, stating its reasons therefore. If the division decides to investigate a complaint, it shall also notify the affected agency of its decision.

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- 9 19. (New section) Division of Citizen Relations; procedure after 10 investigation.
- 11 If, after investigation, the Division of Citizen Relations finds that:
- a. a matter should be further considered by the agency,
- b. an administrative action or inaction should be modified or canceled,
- 15 c. a statute or regulation on which an administrative action or 16 inaction is based should be altered,
 - d. reasons or more complete reasons should be given for an administrative action or inaction, or
 - e. any other action should be taken by the agency, it shall report its findings and recommendations to the Public Advocate who may request the agency to notify him or her, within a specified time, of the action taken on such recommendations. The division is also authorized to conduct public hearings on such an issue if it determines that such hearings are necessary. The Public Advocate may refer the findings and recommendations of the Division of Citizen Relations to the Division of Public Interest Advocacy or, if appropriate, to the Division of Rate Counsel.

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- 29 20. (New section) Division of Citizen Relations; notice to the 30 complainant.
- After a reasonable time has elapsed, the Division of Citizen Relations shall notify the complainant of the action taken by the Division of Citizen Relations and by the agency which was the subject of the complaint.

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- 36 21. (New section) Division of Citizen Relations; Dispute 37 Settlement Office; established.
- There is hereby established in the Division of Citizen Relations the Dispute Settlement Office.

- 41 22. (New section) Dispute Settlement Office; services.
- a. The Dispute Settlement Office may provide, in the discretion of
 the Public Advocate, mediation and other third party neutral services
- 44 in the resolution of disputes which involve the public interest and may
- 45 enter into agreements or contracts to carry out any of the purposes or
- 46 functions of this section. The office may assist public or private

parties in resolving disputes. The office is authorized to:

- (1) facilitate the resolution of disputes through the provision of mediation and other neutral dispute resolution services;
- (2) establish standards for the selection, assignment, and conduct of persons acting on behalf of the office in the resolution of disputes;
- (3) conduct educational programs and provide other services designed to reduce the occurrence, magnitude, or cost of disputes;
- (4) design, develop, or operate dispute resolution programs, or assist in improving or extending existing dispute resolution programs;
- 10 (5) work with the business ombudsman or advocate in the New 11 Jersey Commerce and Economic Growth Commission and take such 12 other action as will promote and facilitate dispute resolution in the 13 State; and
 - (6) coordinate and cooperate with the Office of Administrative Law so as to avoid duplication of effort and to facilitate alternate resolution of disputes that would otherwise require administrative hearings.
- 18 b. The Public Advocate may establish reasonable fees to be charged 19 to public or private parties for the provision of the educational, 20 consultation, dispute resolution, or other services authorized herein 21 and may apply for and accept on behalf of the State any federal, local, 22 or private grants, bequests, gifts, or contributions to aid in the 23 financing of any of the programs or activities of the office. The Public 24 Advocate in the name of the State shall do all that is necessary and proper to receive or to collect all moneys due to the State, including 25 26 such fees, grants, bequests, gifts, or contributions, by or 27 reimbursement for services rendered pursuant to this section.

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23. (New section) Dispute Settlement Office; transfer of functions.

All functions, powers and duties which had been vested in the Office of Dispute Settlement in the Division of Citizen Complaints and Dispute Settlement in the Department of Public Advocate prior to the effective date of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) and which were transferred by P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) to the Office of the Public Defender, and are now vested in the Office of the Public Defender, are hereby transferred to and assumed by the Dispute Settlement Office of the Division of Citizen Relations in the Department of the Public Advocate.

Whenever any law, rule, regulation, order, reorganization plan, contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding or otherwise, reference is made to the Office of Dispute Settlement in the Office of the Public Defender concerning functions, powers and duties which had been vested in the Office of Dispute Settlement in the Division of Citizen Complaints and Dispute Settlement in the Department of Public Advocate prior to the effective date of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) and are now vested in the Dispute Settlement

Office of the Division of Citizen Relations in the Department of the Public Advocate, the same shall mean and refer to the Dispute

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Settlement Office in the Division of Citizens Relations in the 3 Department of the Public Advocate. 4 5 6 24. (New section) Corrections Ombudsperson; established. 7 There is hereby established in the Division of Citizen Relations in 8 the Department of the Public Advocate a Corrections Ombudsperson. 9 10 25. (New section) Corrections Ombudsperson; appointment. 11 The Corrections Ombudsperson shall be appointed by the Public 12 Advocate and shall serve at the pleasure of the Public Advocate during 13 the Public Advocate's term of office. 14 15 26. (New section) Corrections Ombudsperson; transfer of 16 functions. a. All functions, powers, and duties now vested in the Ombudsman 17 in the Department of Corrections, as referenced in N.J.A.C.10A:1-1.1 18 19 et seq., are hereby transferred to and assumed by the Corrections 20 Ombudsperson in the Division of Citizen Relations in the Department of the Public Advocate. 21 22 b. Whenever, in any law, rule, regulation, order, reorganization 23 plan, contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding, or 24 otherwise, reference is made to the Ombudsman in the Department of Corrections concerning functions, powers, and duties which had been 25 26 vested in the Ombudsman, the same shall mean and refer to the Corrections Ombudsperson in the Division of Citizen Relations in the 27 28 Department of the Public Advocate. 29 30 27. (New section) Corrections Ombudsperson; jurisdiction. 31 Any person, over the age of 18 years, who is convicted of a crime 32 under the laws of the State of New Jersey and sentenced to a correctional facility for more than 364 days is a "State-sentenced" 33 34 inmate and considered to be among the individuals who may properly 35 seek redress from the Corrections Ombudsperson concerning the conditions of their confinement. 36 37 38 28. (New section) Corrections Ombudsperson; duties. 39 The Corrections Ombudsperson shall establish and implement 40 procedures for eliciting, receiving, processing, responding, and 41 resolving complaints from inmates, their families, other interested 42 citizens, public officials, and government agencies concerning

45 ARTICLE 5. DIVISION OF MENTAL HEALTH ADVOCACY

conditions in the correctional facilities noted in section 27 of this act.

[2R] ACS for A1424

- 1 29. (New section) Division of Mental Health Advocacy; 2 established.
- a. There is hereby established in the Department of the Public
 Advocate a Division of Mental Health Advocacy to be under the
 supervision of the Director of the Division of Mental Health
 Advocacy.
- b. The division is hereby designated as the State's mental health protection and advocacy agency. ²The intent of this article is that the division shall have all the powers necessary to carry out its responsibilities as required to quality for federal funding as the State protection and advocacy agency. Until such designation is effectuated, the division may take such action as it deems appropriate for the purpose of coordinating with the private entity designated as the State's mental health protection and advocacy agency on the date of enactment of this act. ²

- 30. (New section) Division of Mental Health Advocacy; objective; duties.
- a. The Division of Mental Health Advocacy shall promote, advocate, and ensure the adequacy of the care received, and the quality of life experienced, by persons with mental illness, including patients, residents, and clients within the mental health facilities and programs operated, funded, or licensed by the State. In determining what elements are essential to ensure adequate care and quality of life, the division shall consider the unique medical, social, and economic needs and problems of persons with mental illness as patients, residents, and clients of facilities and as citizens and community members.
- b. The director shall establish and implement procedures to elicit, receive, process, respond, and resolve complaints from patients, their families, other interested citizens, public officials, and government agencies concerning conditions in the State's mental health facilities.

31. (New section) Division of Mental Health Advocacy; class actions.

The Director of the Division of Mental Health Advocacy may represent, with the approval of the Public Advocate, the interests of indigent mental hospital admittees in such disputes and litigation as will, in the discretion of the Public Advocate, best advance the interests of indigent mental hospital admittees as a class on an issue of general application to them, and may act as representative of indigent mental hospital admittees with any principal department or other instrumentality of State, county or local government.

32. (New section) Division of Mental Health Advocacy; legal representation; medical consultation.

The Division of Mental Health Advocacy may provide such legal representation and medical consultation as the director deems appropriate for any indigent mental hospital admittee in any proceeding concerning the admittee's admission to, and retention in, or release from confinement in such a hospital, institution or facility.

33. (New section) Division of Mental Health Advocacy; eligibility for services.

Eligibility for mental health ¹advocacy ¹ services shall be determined on the basis of the need of the client. Need shall be measured according to the financial ability of the client to engage and compensate competent private counsel and to provide all other necessary expenses of representation. Such ability shall be recognized to be a variable depending on the nature, extent and liquidity of assets and on the disposable net income of the client as compared with the nature of the case, the effort and skill required to gather pertinent information, render advice, conduct trial or render other legal services, and probable expenses to be incurred. In the event that a determination of eligibility cannot be made before the time when the first services are to be rendered, or if an initial determination is found to be erroneous, the division shall undertake the same provisionally, and if it is determined subsequently that the client is ineligible, the division shall so inform the client, and the client shall thereupon, with the approval of the court, be obliged to engage his or her own counsel and to reimburse the division for the cost of the services rendered to that time.

34. (New section) Division of Mental Health Advocacy; financial status of client; investigation.

The Division of Mental Health Advocacy shall make such investigation of the financial status of each mental health client as the circumstances warrant. The division, pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the department for this purpose, may obtain information from any public record, office of the State or of any subdivision or agency thereof on request and without payment of the fees ordinarily required by law.

35. (New section) Division of Mental Health Advocacy; staff.

¹<u>a.</u> ¹ The Director of the Division of Mental Health Advocacy may employ, with the approval of the Public Advocate, such assistants on a full-time basis as are necessary to protect the rights of persons with mental illness. When exceptional circumstances arise, the director may retain, with the approval of the Public Advocate, on a temporary basis such other expert assistants as are necessary pursuant to a reasonable fee schedule established in advance by the Public Advocate.

¹b. ¹ Cases shall be assigned to staff attorneys or attorneys hired

by case on a basis calculated to provide competent representation in
 light of the nature of the case, the services to be performed, the
 experience of the particular attorney and other relevant factors.

²[¹c. Employees of the Division of Mental Health Services in the 4 5 Department of Human Services who are client services representatives or patient advocates for the mentally ill providing patient advocacy 6 7 services in State or county facilities that provide inpatient care, supervision and treatment for persons with mental illness, including 8 9 psychiatric facilities, and the functions of such employees, are hereby transferred to the Department of the Public Advocate to be employees 10 and functions thereof. The Public Advocate through the Division of 11 12 Mental Health Advocacy shall employ such persons and continue such functions in the manner the Public Advocate and the director of the 13 14 division shall deemed appropriate and necessary. These employees shall report to the division director and the Public Advocate.¹]² 15

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36. (New section) Division of Mental Health Advocacy; status of staff.

Independent contractors or other individuals, agencies, or entities not established in or employed by the Department of the Public Advocate retained to provide protection and advocacy services to indigent mental hospital admittees ², or designated to provide mental health protection and advocacy services, ² are not public entities or public employees for purposes of the "New Jersey Tort Claims Act," N.J.S.59:1-1 et seq.

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37. (New section) Division of Mental Health Advocacy; transfer of functions.

28 29 All functions, powers, and duties which had been vested in the 30 Division of Mental Health Advocacy in the Department of the Public Advocate prior to the effective date of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 31 et al.) and which ² [were transferred by P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 32 et al.) to are exercised by the private entity New Jersey Protection 33 and Advocacy, Inc. or its successor, ²[designated] pursuant to 34 35 <u>designation</u>² by the Governor as the State's mental health protection and advocacy agency, or ²which were transferred by P.L.1994, c.58 36 (C.52:27E-50 et al.)² to the Office of the Public Defender, and are 37 now ² exercised by or ² vested in ², as the case may be, ² the private 38 39 entity or the Office of the Public Defender, including those related to 40 any indigent mental hospital admittee's admission to, retention in, or release from confinement in a hospital, institution or facility, are 41 hereby transferred to and assumed by the Division of Mental Health 42 Advocacy in the Department of the Public Advocate ², except that the 43 44 private entity shall exercise the functions, powers and duties as the 45 State's mental health protection and advocacy agency until the 46 designation of the division as the State's mental health protection and

1 <u>advocacy agency is effectuated</u>².

2 Whenever, in any law, rule, regulation, order, reorganization plan, 3 contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding, or 4 otherwise, reference is made to the private entity New Jersey 5 Protection and Advocacy, Inc. or its successor, designated by the Governor as the State's mental health protection and advocacy agency, 6 7 or the Office of the Public Defender, concerning functions, powers, and duties which had been vested in the Division of Mental Health 8 Advocacy in the Department of the Public Advocate prior to the 9 10 effective date of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) and are now 11 vested in the private entity or the Office of the Public Defender, the same shall mean and refer to the Division of Mental Health Advocacy 12 in the Department of the Public Advocate ², except that with regard 13 to the private entity the reference shall be effective when the 14 15 designation of the division as the State's mental health protection and advocacy agency is effectuated². 16

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18 ARTICLE 6. DIVISION OF ADVOCACY FOR THE 19 DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED

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- 38. (New section) Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled; established; appointment.
- a. There is hereby established in the Department of the Public Advocate the Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled to be under the supervision of the Director of the Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled, appointed by the Public Advocate.
 - b. The division is hereby designated as the State's protection and advocacy agency for persons with developmental disabilities. ²The intent of this article is that the division shall have all the powers necessary to carry out its responsibilities as required to qualify for federal funding as the State protection and advocacy agency. Until such designation is effectuated, the division may take such action as it deems appropriate for the purpose of coordinating with the private entity designated the State's protection and advocacy agency for persons with developmental disabilities on the date of enactment of this act.²

- 39 39. (New section) Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally40 Disabled; objective; duties.
- a. The Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled shall promote, advocate, and ensure the adequacy of the care received, and the quality of life experienced, by persons with developmental disabilities, including patients, residents, and clients within the developmental disabilities facilities and programs operated, funded, or licensed by the State. In determining what elements are essential to

ensure adequate care and quality of life, the division shall consider the unique medical, social, and economic needs and problems of persons with developmental disabilities as patients, residents, and clients of facilities and as citizens and community members.

b. The director shall establish and implement procedures to elicit, receive, process, respond, and resolve complaints from patients, their families, other interested citizens, public officials, and government agencies concerning conditions in the State's developmental disabilities facilities.

40. (New section) Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled; services.

The Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled may receive and investigate complaints and provide such legal representation and other advocacy services on an individual or class basis as the Public Advocate deems appropriate to protect and advocate the rights of developmentally disabled persons. The division may also, within the limits of available funding, provide services to other handicapped persons or classes of persons found by the Public Advocate to have needs similar to developmentally disabled people.

41. (New section) Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled; eligibility for services.

Eligibility for services for the developmentally disabled shall be determined on the basis of the need of the client and in a manner consistent with the conditions of any grant obtained by the Public Advocate to assist in implementing this act.

42. (New section) Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled; staff.

The Director of the Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled may employ, with the approval of the Public Advocate, such assistants on a full-time basis as are necessary to protect the rights of developmentally disabled persons. When exceptional circumstances arise, the director may retain, with the approval of the Public Advocate, on a temporary basis such other expert assistants as are necessary pursuant to a reasonable fee schedule established in advance by the Public Advocate.

Cases shall be assigned to staff attorneys or attorneys hired by case on a basis calculated to provide competent representation in light of the nature of the case, the services to be performed, the experience of the particular attorney and other relevant factors.

- 44 43. (New section) Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally 45 Disabled; status of staff.
- Independent contractors or other individuals, agencies, or entities

1 not established in or employed by the Department of the Public

- 2 Advocate retained ²or designated ² to provide protection and advocacy
- 3 services to persons with a developmental disability as the term is
- 4 defined in section 3 of the "Developmentally Disabled Rights Act,"
- 5 P.L.1977, c.82 (C.30:6D-3), are not public entities or public
- 6 employees for purposes of the "New Jersey Tort Claims Act,"
- 7 N.J.S.59:1-1 et seq..

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9 44. (New section) Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally 10 Disabled; definition.

For purposes of this act, a developmentally disabled person is a person with a developmental disability as that term is defined in section 3 of the "Developmentally Disabled Rights Act," P.L.1977, c.82 (C.30:6D-3).

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45. (New section) Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled; transfer of functions.

17 18 All functions, powers, and duties which had been vested in the 19 Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled in the Department of the Public Advocate prior to the effective date of 20 P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) and which ² [were transferred by 21 P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) to are exercised by the private 22 entity New Jersey Protection and Advocacy, Inc. or its successor, 23 ²[designated] <u>pursuant to designation</u>² by the Governor as the State's 24 protection and advocacy agency for persons with developmental 25 disabilities, or ² which were transferred by P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-26 50 et al.)² to the Office of the Public Defender, and are ²now exercised 27 by² or vested in ², as the case may be,² the private entity or the Office 28 of the Public Defender, are hereby transferred to and assumed by the 29 30 Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled in the Department of the Public Advocate ², except that the private entity 31 32 shall continue to exercise the functions, powers and duties as the 33 State's protection and advocacy agency for persons with

developmental disabilities until the designation of the division as the State's protection and advocacy agency for persons with developmental disabilities is effectuated².

Whenever, in any law, rule, regulation, order, reorganization plan, contract, document, judicial, or, administrative, proceeding, or

37 contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding, or 38 otherwise, reference is made to the private entity New Jersey 39 40 Protection and Advocacy, Inc. or its successor, designated by the 41 Governor as the State's protection and advocacy agency for persons 42 with developmental disabilities, or the Office of the Public Defender, concerning functions, powers, and duties which had been vested in the 43 Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled in the 44 45 Department of the Public Advocate prior to the effective date of 46 P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) and are now vested in the private

- 1 entity or the Office of the Public Defender, the same shall mean and
- 2 refer to the Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled in
- 3 the Department of the Public Advocate ², except that with regard to
- 4 the private entity the reference shall be effective when the designation
- 5 of the division as the State's protection and advocacy agency for
- 6 persons with developmental disabilities is effectuated².

ARTICLE 7. DIVISION OF RATE COUNSEL

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- 46. (New section) Division of Rate Counsel; established.
- 11 There is hereby established in the Department of the Public 12 Advocate the Division of Rate Counsel to be under the supervision of 13 the Director of the Division of Rate Counsel.

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- 47. (New section) Director of the Division of Rate Counsel; staff.
- a. The Director of the Division of Rate Counsel shall be an attorney-at-law of this State, appointed by the Public Advocate.
- b. When exceptional circumstances arise, the Director of the Division of Rate Counsel, with the approval of the Public Advocate, may on a temporary basis retain such expert assistants as are necessary to protect the public interest, pursuant to a reasonable fee schedule established in advance by the Public Advocate.
- c. Cases shall be assigned to staff attorneys or to attorneys hired on a case by case basis calculated to provide competent representation in the light of the nature of the case, the services to be performed, the experience of the particular attorney, and other relevant factors.

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- 48. (New section) Division of Rate Counsel; jurisdiction.
- The Division of the Rate Counsel shall have the authority to conduct investigations, initiate studies, conduct research, present comments and testimony before governmental bodies, issue reports, and produce and disseminate consumer guides on any matters that fall within the Rate Counsel's jurisdiction. The Rate Counsel shall also have the authority to represent the public interest as set forth below.
- a. Utilities. The Division of Rate Counsel may represent and protect the public interest as defined in section 12 of this act in proceedings before and appeals from any State department, commission, authority, council, agency, or board charged with the regulation or control of any business, industry, or utility regarding a requirement that the business, industry, or utility provide a service or regarding the fixing of a rate, toll, fare, or charge for a product or service. The Division of Rate Counsel may initiate any such proceedings when the director determines that a discontinuance or change in a required service or a rate, toll, fare, or charge for a product or service is in the public interest.
 - b. Insurance; limited jurisdiction. The ¹Department of the Public

- 1 Advocate shall represent and protect the public interest with respect
- 2 to insurance matters through the Division of Rate Counsel 1, which 1
- 3 may represent and protect the public interest as defined in section 12
- 4 of this act in significant proceedings that pertain ¹solely ¹ to ¹[: (1)] ¹
- 5 prior approval rate increases for ¹[: (a)] ¹ personal lines property
- 6 casualty coverages ¹[, (b)] or ¹ Medicare supplemental coverages ¹[;
- 7 or (2) a rating system change pursuant to P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-
- 8 46.1 et seq.), if the Commissioner of the Department of Banking and
- 9 Insurance advises the Rate Counsel that such proposed change
- 10 pursuant to P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.1 et seq.) is likely to result
- in an overall increase in revenue of greater than seven percent in a
- 12 filing made by an insurer or affiliated group of insurers]¹. The
- 13 Division of Rate Counsel shall have no jurisdiction or authority to
- 14 participate or intervene in $\frac{1}{(1)}$ expedited prior approval rate filings
- 15 made by an insurer or affiliated group of insurers pursuant to section
- 16 34 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.6) or section 3 of P.L.2001,
- 17 c.409 (C.17:36-5.35) ¹, or (2) prior approval rate filings of seven
- percent or less, or (3) rule or form filings for any other form of

19 <u>insurance</u>¹.20 In determinin

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In determining, in his or her discretion, whether a proceeding is significant, the Director of the Division of Rate Counsel shall consider the following factors:

- (1) the overall dollar impact of the requested increase, considering the filer's market share and the magnitude of the requested rate change;
- (2) whether the increase, if granted, will increase the filer's rates significantly above market norms;
- (3) whether the filer is advancing a significantly different alternate ratemaking methodology to the standard methodology established pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1988, c.119 (C.17:29A-36.2);
- (4) whether the insurer is experiencing financial difficulties at its present rate level, as evidenced by the filing of rehabilitation proceedings, recent downgrading by insurance rating services, or significant losses reported on the filer's public financial statement.

Upon the effective date of this act, the Director of the Division of Rate Counsel in the Department of the Public Advocate shall, in addition to the powers set forth in this act, have the express authority to intervene in public hearings pursuant to section 66 of P.L.1998, c.21 (C.17:29A-46.8).

- 49. (New section) Division of Rate Counsel; intent.
- It is the intent of the Legislature that the resources of the Division
- 43 of Rate Counsel be devoted to the maximum extent possible to
- 44 ensuring adequate representation of the interests of those consumers
- 45 whose interests would otherwise be inadequately represented in
- 46 matters within the jurisdiction of the Division of Rate Counsel.

When the interests of consumers differ, the Director of the Division of Rate Counsel shall give priority to representing the interests of consumers whose interests the Director of the Division of Rate Counsel finds to be inadequately represented.

This section does not require the Division of Rate Counsel to represent the interests of a consumer or group of consumers if the Director of the Division of Rate Counsel determines that such representation is adverse to the overall interests of the using and consuming public.

50. (New section) Division of Rate Counsel; required notices to the division.

The Division of Rate Counsel shall receive a copy from the filer of any ¹prior approval ¹ rate filing seeking consumer insurance rate increases, including any amendments or supplements thereto. A copy of such rate filing shall be received by the Division of Rate Counsel concurrent with any rate filing with the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance; except, however, the filer is not required to provide a copy of such rate filing with the Division of Rate Counsel if: (a) the filing is an expedited prior approval rate filing made pursuant to either section 34 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.6) or section 3 of P.L.2001, c.409 (C.17:36-5.35); or (b) the filing is made pursuant to any statutory change in coverage provided under a policy of private passenger automobile insurance ¹: or (c) the filing is a prior approval rate filing of seven percent or less ¹.

51. (New section) Division of Rate Counsel; public notices of certain consumer insurance rate increases.

The Division of Rate Counsel and the Department of Banking and Insurance may publish on their respective official websites, to the extent practicable, as the case may be: (a) notice of all filings for consumer insurance rate increases; (b) all requests for hearing dates for such increases; and (c) the date or dates a hearing is to be held. The Division of Rate Counsel and the Department of Banking and Insurance, pursuant to regulations established by the Division of Rate Counsel, shall establish operational links such that each respective website may be accessed from the other. Publication on the applicable website shall take place within three business days of the applicable notice of filing, request for hearing, and date or dates of hearings.

If an insurer or rating organization files for a ¹[consumer insurance] personal lines prior approval rate increase, excluding rating system changes made pursuant to P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.1 et seq.), the insurer or ratings organization shall, in conjunction with such filing, notify the public of the proposed rate change; except, however, the filer is not required to notify the public of the proposed rate change if the rate increase pertains to: (a) an expedited prior

- 1 approval rate filing made pursuant to either section 34 of P.L.1997,
- 2 c.151 (C.17:29A-46.6) or section 3 of P.L.2001, c.409 (C.17:36-
- 3 5.35); or (b) a rate filing made pursuant to any statutory change in
- 4 coverage provided under a policy of private passenger automobile
- 5 insurance; or (c) a ¹[rating system change made pursuant to P.L.1997,
- 6 c.151 (C.17:29A-46.1 et seq.), as referenced above] prior approval

7 <u>rate filing of seven percent or less</u>¹.

Such notice shall be communicated through regular or electronic mail to the named policy holders who use the products and services subject to the rate increase, within seven business days of the applicable filing and shall conform to a form prescribed by the Department of Banking and Insurance pursuant to regulations established in conjunction with the Rate Counsel.

- 52. (New section) Division of Rate Counsel; payment of expenses of division; annual utility assessment.
- a. Annual utility assessment. The Division of Rate Counsel shall annually make an assessment against each public utility consistent with, but separate from, the Board of Public Utilities' assessments under the provisions of P.L.1968, c.173 (C.48:2-59 et seq.). All assessments due and owing to the Division of Rate Counsel as of the effective date of this act shall be deemed due and owing to the Division of Rate Counsel in the Department of the Public Advocate as of the effective date of this act.
- b. Calculation of annual utility assessment. The annual assessment shall be equal to a percentage of the gross operating revenue of the public utilities under the jurisdiction of the Board of Public Utilities derived from intrastate operations during the preceding calendar year at a rate determined annually by the Director of the Division of Rate Counsel in the manner set forth in section 2 of P.L.1968, c.173 (C.48:2-60), except that the total amount assessed to any public utility shall not exceed ¼ of 1 percent of the gross operating revenue subject to assessment hereunder. The minimum annual assessment under this section shall not be less than \$500.
- c. Levy and payment of annual assessment. The annual assessment set forth in subsections a. and b. above shall be levied by the Division of the Rate Counsel no later than August 15, and shall be paid within 30 days of mailing notice thereof and a statement of the amount by first class mail to any public utility, except that for Fiscal Year 2006 this assessment shall be levied no later than August 1, 2005.

- 53. (New section) Division of Rate Counsel; payment of expenses of division; annual insurance assessment.
- a. Annual insurance assessment. The Director of the Division of
 Budget and Accounting in the Department of the Treasury shall, on or

- before August 15 in each year, ascertain and certify to the 1
- 2 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by category the total amount
- of expenses incurred by the State in connection with the administration 3
- 4 of the special functions of the Division of Rate Counsel in the
- 5 Department of the Public Advocate relative to the expenses of the
- Division of Rate Counsel in connection with the administration of 6
- 7 insurance rate cases during the preceding fiscal year. The Department
- of Banking and Insurance shall make a separate special assessment on 8
- 9 lines of insurance subject to the jurisdiction of the Rate Counsel
- 10 pursuant to subsection b. of section 48 of this act, on an annual basis,
- 11 in accordance with the formula set forth in P.L.1995 c.156 (C.17:1C-
- 12 19 et seq.).

b. Calculation of annual insurance assessment. The annual assessment shall be no more than a specified aggregate amount adjusted annually for inflation, which shall be calculated and applied separately from the maximum total assessment set forth in section 13 of P.L.1995, c.156 (C.17:1C-31). The amount collected for expenses pursuant subsection a. of this section, shall not exceed the amount appropriated by the Legislature for those expenses.

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- 54. (New section) Division of Rate Counsel; transfer of powers and duties.
- All functions, powers, and duties which had been vested in the
- 24 Division of Rate Counsel in the Department of the Public Advocate
- 25 prior to the effective date of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) and
- 26 which were transferred by P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) to the
- Department of Insurance and to the Division of the Ratepayer 27
- 28 Advocate established by Reorganization Plan 94-001, are hereby
- 29 transferred to and assumed by the Division of Rate Counsel in the
- 30 Department of the Public Advocate.
 - Whenever, in any law, rule, regulation, order, reorganization plan,
- 32 contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding, or
- otherwise, reference is made to the Department of Banking and 33
- 34 Insurance, or to the Division of the Ratepayer Advocate concerning
- 35 functions, powers and duties which had been vested in the Division of
- Rate Counsel in the Department of the Public Advocate prior to the 36
- effective date of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.), the same shall 37
- 38 mean and refer to the Division of Rate Counsel in the Department of
- 39 the Public Advocate.

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- 41 55. (New section) Division of Rate Counsel; right to intervene in 42 federal proceedings.
- 43 The Division of Rate Counsel shall have the right to represent the
- 44 public interest in any federal proceeding, including but not limited to

proceedings before the Federal Communications Commission, the

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and the Federal Trade 46

1 Commission.

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ARTICLE 8. DIVISION OF PUBLIC INTEREST ADVOCACY

5 56. (New section) Division of Public Interest Advocacy; 6 established.

There is hereby established in the Department of the Public Advocate the Division of Public Interest Advocacy to be under the supervision of the Director of the Division of Public Interest Advocacy, who shall be an attorney-at-law of this State, appointed by the Public Advocate.

13 57. (New section) Division of Public Interest Advocacy; 14 jurisdiction.

The Division of Public Interest Advocacy may represent the public interest in such administrative and court proceedings, other than those under the jurisdiction of the Division of Rate Counsel pursuant to this act, as the Public Advocate deems shall best serve the public interest.

and resolution.

58. (New section) Division of Public Interest Advocacy; decision to represent particular public interest.

The Public Advocate shall have sole discretion to represent or refrain from representing the public interest in any proceeding. The Public Advocate shall consider in exercising his or her discretion the importance and the extent of the public interest involved and whether that interest would be adequately represented without the action of the department. If the Public Advocate determines that there are inconsistent public interests involved in a particular matter, the Public Advocate may choose to represent one such interest based on the considerations in this section, to represent no interest in that matter, or to represent one such interest through the Division of Public Interest Advocacy and another or others through other divisions of the department or through outside counsel engaged on a case by case basis. The Public Advocate has the authority to use his or her discretion to refer potential litigation or other matters to the Dispute Settlement Office in the Division of Citizen Relations for mediation

- 59. (New section) Division of Public Interest Advocacy; power. The Division of Public Interest Advocacy may represent and protect the public interest by:
- a. intervening in or instituting proceedings before any department, commission, agency, or board leading to an administrative adjudication or administrative rule as defined in section 2 of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-2), or intervening in any matter involving the grant or denial of a permit issued by an agency; and

1	b. instituting litigation on behalf of a broad public interest when
2	authorized to do so by the Public Advocate. Such litigation or
3	representation may include, but is not limited to, litigation on behalf
4	of, or representation of, consumers, the indigent, the elderly, senior
5	citizens, people with disabilities, persons with mental illness and
6	developmental disabilities, or any other group or interest deemed
7	appropriate by the Public Advocate.
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9	60. (New section) Division of Public Interest Advocacy;
10	additional powers
11	a. The Division of Public Interest Advocacy may receive and
12	investigate complaints and provide such legal representation and other
13	advocacy services as the Public Advocate deems appropriate to
14	protect and advocate the rights of any group or interest deemed
15	appropriate by the Public Advocate, except, however, the provisions
16	of this act shall not be construed to authorize the Division of Public
17	Interest Advocacy, or any other division within the Department of the
18	Public Advocate, to ¹ [: (1) represent any individual in any civil
19	commitment proceeding pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1987, c.116
20	(C.30:4-27.10); or (2)] ¹ represent any individual in any matters
21	involving incarceration, except as expressly set forth as the duties of
22	the Corrections Ombudsperson in the Division of Citizen Relations.
23	b. The Division of Public Interest Advocacy may, in its discretion,
24	commence negotiation, mediation, or alternative dispute resolution
25	prior to, or in lieu of, the initiation of any litigation.
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27	ARTICLE 9. DIVISION OF ELDER ADVOCACY
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29	61. (New section) Division of Elder Advocacy; established.
30	There is hereby established in the Department of the Public
31	Advocate the Division of Elder Advocacy to be under the supervision
32	of the Director of the Division of Elder Advocacy, appointed by the
33	Public Advocate.
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35	62. (New section) Division of Elder Advocacy; jurisdiction.
36	The Division of Elder Advocacy may represent the public interest
37	in such administrative and court proceedings as the Public Advocate
38	deems shall best serve the interests of elderly adults.
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40	63. (New section) Division of Elder Advocacy; powers and
41	duties.
42	The Division of Elder Advocacy may protect the interests of the
43	elderly by:
44	a. intervening in or instituting proceedings involving the interests
45	of the elderly before any department, commission, agency, or board of
46	the State leading to an administrative adjudication or administrative

- 1 rule as defined in section 2 of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-2);
- b. instituting litigation on behalf of the elderly when authorized to
 do so by the Public Advocate; and
- 4 c. commencing negotiation, mediation, or alternative dispute 5 resolution prior to, or in lieu of, the initiation of any litigation.

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- 64. (New section) Division of Elder Advocacy; additional powers and duties.
- a. The Division of Elder Advocacy shall report to the Governor and the Legislature on recommendations that will further the State's ability to secure, preserve, and promote the health, safety, and welfare of New Jersey's elderly.
 - b. The Division of Elder Advocacy shall have the authority to hold a public hearing on the subject of any investigation or study. The division shall hear testimony from agency and program representatives, the public in general, and such others as may be deemed appropriate.
- c. The Division of Elder Advocacy shall have access to the records 17 and facilities of every agency, funded entity, or other recipient of 18 public funds to the extent that any such records and facilities are 19 20 related to the expenditure of public funds, provided that the division complies with all privacy and confidentiality protections applicable to 21 those records and facilities, notwithstanding any contrary provision of 22 23 law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Division of Elder Advocacy 24 shall have access to any facility or institution, whether public or 25 private, offering health or health-related services for the institutionalized elderly which is subject to regulation, visitation, 26 inspection or supervision by any government agency, provided such 27 access is permitted by State or federal law. All agencies shall 28 29 cooperate with the Division of Elder Advocacy and, when requested, 30 shall provide specific information in the form requested.

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- 65. (New section) Ombudsperson for the Institutionalized Elderly; transfer to Department of the Public Advocate.
- a. There is hereby established in the Division of Elder Advocacy in the Department of the Public Advocate an Ombudsperson for the Institutionalized Elderly.
- b. The Ombudsperson for the Institutionalized Elderly shall be appointed by the Public Advocate.
- c. All functions, powers, and duties now vested in the Office of the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly pursuant to P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-1 et seq.) are hereby transferred to and assumed by the Ombudsperson for the Institutionalized Elderly in the Department of the Public Advocate.
- Whenever, in any law, rule, regulation, order, reorganization plan, contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding, or otherwise, reference is made to the Office of the Ombudsman for the

- 1 Institutionalized Elderly in, but not of, the Department of Community
- 2 Affairs, or the Office of the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized
- 3 Elderly in, but not of, the Department of Health and Senior Services,
- 4 or Nursing Home Ombudsman in Department of Community Affairs,
- 5 the same shall mean and refer to the Ombudsperson for the
- 6 Institutionalized Elderly in the Department of the Public Advocate.

8 ARTICLE 10. ¹[DIVISION] <u>OFFICE</u> ¹ OF <u>THE</u> ¹CHILD 9 ¹[ADVOCACY] <u>ADVOCATE</u>¹

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11 66. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] <u>Office of the</u> 12 <u>Child Advocate</u>¹; established.

There is established ¹[in the Department of the Public Advocate the Division of Child Advocacy to be under the supervision of the child advocate] the Office of the Child Advocate in the Executive Branch of the State Government. For purposes of complying with Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution, the office is allocated within the Department of the Public Advocate, but notwithstanding the allocation, the office shall be independent of any supervision or control by the department, or a division, office or

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67. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy; qualifications of child advocate; appointment.] Office of the Child Advocate; qualifications; appointment; term. ¹

officer thereof, in the performance of its duties¹.

¹[The child advocate shall be an attorney admitted to practice law in New Jersey and qualified by training and experience to perform the duties of the division. The child advocate shall be appointed by the Public Advocate.]

a. The administrator and chief executive officer of the office shall be the Child Advocate, who shall be an attorney admitted to practice law in New Jersey and be qualified by training and experience to perform the duties of the office.

b. The child advocate shall be appointed by the Governor and shall serve for a term of five years and until the appointment and qualification of his successor. The Governor shall have the power to remove the child advocate for cause. The child advocate shall devote his or her entire professional time to the duties of this position and receive such salary as shall be provided by law. A vacancy occurring in the position of child advocate shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment, except that if the child advocate dies, resigns, becomes ineligible to serve for any reason or is removed from office, the Governor shall appoint an acting child advocate who shall serve until the appointment and qualification of the child advocate's

45 <u>successor.</u>¹

46 68. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] <u>Office of Child</u>

1 Advocate ¹; purpose ¹; consultation ¹.

¹a. The child advocate shall seek to ensure the provision of effective, appropriate and timely services for children at risk of abuse and neglect in the State, and that children under State supervision due to abuse or neglect are served adequately and appropriately by the State.

7 1b.1 The 1[division] Office of the Child Advocate 3 shall be 8 deemed a child protective agency for the purposes of section 1 of 9 P.L.1977, c.102 (C.9:6-8.10a).

10 ¹c. The child advocate shall consult with the Public Advocate prior to exercising his duties by commencing an investigation, legal 11 12 proceeding, inspection, evaluation or other matter that may be coextensive with the duties of the Public Advocate or of a division of the 13 14 Department of the Public Advocate. The purpose of the consultation 15 shall be to provide the Public Advocate with an opportunity to assist 16 or collaborate with the child advocate on such investigation, legal 17 proceeding, inspection, evaluation or other matter if the extent of the 18 assistance or collaboration is within the powers and duties of the 19 Public Advocate or of a division as those powers and duties are 20 provided in this act. This requirement to consult the Public Advocate 21 or the failure to do so in a timely manner shall not preclude or serve 22 to restrict the child advocate in the performance of his duties at his 23 discretion.¹

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- 25 69. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] <u>Office of the</u> 26 <u>Child Advocate</u> ¹; duties.
 - a. The child advocate shall:
- 28 (1) administer the work of the ¹[division] <u>Office of the Child</u> 29 <u>Advocate</u>¹;
 - (2) ¹[employ, with the approval of the Public Advocate, such officers and investigators as may be required for the conduct of the work of the division, except as otherwise provided herein] appoint and remove such officers, investigators, stenographic and clerical assistants and other personnel, in the career or unclassified service, as may be required for the conduct of the office, subject to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes (Civil Service), and other applicable statutes, except as provided otherwise herein¹;
 - (3) formulate ¹and adopt ¹ rules and regulations for the efficient conduct of the work and ¹general ¹ administration of the ¹[division and] office, ¹ its officers and employees, ¹ [which rules and regulations shall be adopted] ¹ in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.); and
 - (4) institute or cause to be instituted such legal proceedings or processes consistent with the Rules Governing the Courts of New Jersey as may be necessary to properly enforce and give effect to any of the child advocate's powers or duties.

- b. Consistent with the provisions of federal and State law,
- (1) the child advocate shall have access to, and the right to inspect and copy, any records, including pupil records in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.18A:36-19, necessary to carry out the responsibilities under this act; and
- 6 (2) the child advocate shall have reasonable access to, and the 7 right to copy any records from, the Division of Youth and Family 8 Services' Service Information System, or its successor, necessary to carry out its responsibilities under this act, and only with regard to 9 10 individuals who are or may be the subject of an investigation by the 11 child advocate, or to assess the status of an individual complaint or 12 inquiry to determine whether further action by the child advocate is 13 appropriate; except that, access provided to the successor system, 14 including the Statewide Automated Child Welfare Information System, 15 shall be limited to information available through the Service Information System, unless otherwise agreed to by the child advocate 16 and the Department of Human Services. 17
 - c. The child advocate may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of books, papers and other documents, and administer oaths to witnesses in any matter under the investigation of the ¹[division] office ¹.

If any person to whom such subpoena is issued fails to appear or, having appeared, refuses to give testimony, or fails to produce the books, papers or other documents required, the child advocate may apply to the Superior Court, which may order the person to appear and give testimony or produce the books, papers or other documents, as applicable.

- d. The child advocate shall disseminate information to the public on the objectives of the ¹[division] office¹, the services the ¹[division] office¹ provides and the methods by which the ¹[division] office¹ may be contacted.
- e. The child advocate shall aid the Governor in proposing methods of achieving increased coordination and collaboration among State agencies to ensure maximum effectiveness and efficiency in the provision of services to children.

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70. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] <u>Office of the Child Advocate</u>¹; powers.

The child advocate may:

- a. investigate, review, monitor or evaluate any State agency response to, or disposition of, an allegation of child abuse or neglect in this State;
 - b. inspect and review the operations, policies and procedures of:
- 44 (1) juvenile detention centers operated by the counties and all 45 juvenile justice facilities operated by or under contract with the 46 Juvenile Justice Commission, including, but not limited to, secure

1 correctional facilities and residential and day treatment programs;

- 2 (2) resource family homes, group homes, residential treatment 3 facilities, shelters for the care of abused or neglected children, shelters 4 for the care of juveniles considered as juvenile-family crisis cases, 5 shelters for the care of homeless youth, or independent living 6 arrangements operated, licensed, or approved for payment, by the 7 Department of Human Services, Department of Community Affairs or 8 Department of Health and Senior Services; and
 - (3) any other public or private setting in which a child has been placed by a State or county agency or department;

- c. review, evaluate, report on and make recommendations concerning the procedures established by any State agency providing services to children who are at risk of abuse or neglect, children in State or institutional custody, or children who receive child protective or permanency services;
- d. review, monitor and report on the performance of State-funded private entities charged with the care and supervision of children due to abuse or neglect by conducting research audits or other studies of case records, policies, procedures and protocols, as deemed necessary by the child advocate to assess the performance of the entities;
- e. receive, investigate and make referrals to other agencies or take other appropriate actions with respect to a complaint received by the ¹[division] office ¹ regarding the actions of a State, county or municipal agency or a State-funded private entity providing services to children who are at risk of abuse or neglect;
- f. hold a public hearing on the subject of an investigation or study underway by the ¹[division] office ¹, and receive testimony from agency and program representatives, the public and other interested parties, as the child advocate deems appropriate;
- g. establish and maintain a 24-hour toll-free telephone hotline to receive and respond to calls from citizens referring problems to the child advocate, both individual and systemic, in how the State, through its agencies or contract services, protects children;
- h. in exercising the authority provided in subsection a. of this section, the child advocate may conduct unannounced site visits to any institution or facility to which children are committed, placed or otherwise disposed if the child advocate, prior to conducting an unannounced site visit, has initiated a project or investigation into the response or disposition of an allegation of abuse or neglect and there is a reasonable basis to believe that an unannounced site visit is necessary to carry out the child advocate's responsibilities under this act, provided, however, that any unannounced site visit shall be conducted at a reasonable time and in a reasonable manner;
- i. in exercising the authority provided under subsections a. through e. of this section, the child advocate shall consult with any appropriate State, county or municipal agency or a State-funded private entity

providing services to children, and may request from any such entity, and the entity is hereby authorized and directed to provide, such cooperation and assistance as will enable the child advocate to properly perform its responsibilities under this act; and

j. notwithstanding the provisions of section 11 of P.L.1944, c.20 (C.52:17A-11) to the contrary ¹[and with the approval of the Public Advocate]¹, hire independent counsel on a case-by-case basis to provide competent representation in light of the nature of the case, the services to be performed, the experience of the particular attorney and other relevant factors.

- 71. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] <u>Office of the Child Advocate</u>¹; findings; recommendations.
- a. If the child advocate identifies a systemic problem in how the State, through its agencies or contract services, protects children, the child advocate shall meet with the State agency or agencies with jurisdiction to provide a reasonable opportunity to discuss the problem and identify possible responses the agency may consider. Taking into account any information provided during the meeting and discussion, the child advocate shall provide its findings and recommendations to the agency affected by the findings and recommendations, and, except as provided in subsections b. and c. of section 76 of this act, make those findings and recommendations available to the public.
- b. Within 30 days from the receipt of the child advocate's findings and recommendations, the agency shall develop a corrective action response that addresses the findings and recommendations of the child advocate and specifies what actions, if any, the agency will take in response to the systemic problem identified by the child advocate, which response may be developed in conjunction with the child advocate.
- c. The agency shall submit its corrective action response to the head of the relevant department or departments with jurisdiction over the agency and simultaneously provide a copy to the child advocate.
- d. The child advocate shall monitor an agency's implementation of its corrective action response. An agency implementing a corrective action response shall provide the child advocate with periodic reports on the status of the actions taken by the agency pursuant to its corrective action response. The child advocate shall monitor the agency's implementation of its corrective action response for a period of one year, during which time the agency shall provide the child advocate with periodic reports, except that the child advocate may determine that the monitoring and periodic reports are required for a period of less than one year. The agency's obligation to provide periodic reports on the implementation of its corrective action response may exceed a period of one year if the child advocate and the agency jointly agree that an extended reporting period is appropriate.

- e. If an agency fails to promptly and adequately implement a corrective action response, the child advocate shall take such action as the child advocate deems necessary.
- f. An agency shall make public the corrective action responses and periodic status reports required by this section, except that the agency may provide to the child advocate an additional response or report containing confidential information.

- 72. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] Office of the Child Advocate¹; additional powers.
- 11 a. In addition to the powers granted in section 70 of this act, the 12 child advocate may:
 - (1) intervene in or institute litigation, including appearing in the capacity of an amicus curiae, as appropriate, or
 - (2) intervene in or institute administrative proceedings before any department, commission, agency or State board, to assert the broad public interest of the State in the welfare of children and to protect and promote the rights of children.

In taking such actions, the child advocate shall consider whether a child or family may be in need of assistance from the child advocate or whether there is a systemic issue in the State's provision of services to children that should be addressed. The child advocate shall make a good faith effort to resolve issues or problems, and shall have the authority to commence negotiations, mediation or alternative dispute resolution in its advocacy efforts prior to, or in lieu of, the initiation of any action brought pursuant to this section.

b. The child advocate shall have discretion to decide whether to intervene in any particular matter or to represent or refrain from representing the public interest in a proceeding. The child advocate shall consider, in exercising his discretion, the resources available, the importance and extent of the public interest involved, and whether that interest would be adequately represented without the action of the ¹ [division] office¹.

- 73. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] <u>Office of the Child Advocate</u>¹; communication.
- a. The child advocate shall seek the approval of a parent, guardian or law guardian, as applicable, or obtain the approval of a court of competent jurisdiction so as to communicate directly with a child who is the subject of a complaint or allegation of child abuse or neglect, if necessary to conduct an investigation authorized under the provisions of this act. The communications with the child shall be conducted under such terms and conditions that protect the best interests of the child.
- b. If court approval is sought, the court, in reviewing an application for approval, shall consider: (1) the best interests of the

- 1 child, so as to minimize any detrimental effects on the child that may
- 2 occur as a result of the communication; and (2) the investigative needs
- 3 of the child advocate and law enforcement authorities, when
- 4 applicable. Upon consideration of the factors in this subsection, the
- 5 court may order any alternative methods for obtaining the required
- 6 information.

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74. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] <u>Office of the Child Advocate</u>¹; protection; resource.

The child advocate shall seek to ensure the protection of children who are in an institution or resource family care by reviewing, evaluating and monitoring the operation and activities of the Institutional Abuse Investigation Unit in the Department of Human Services.

- a. In order to enable the child advocate to carry out the child advocate's responsibilities under this section, the Institutional Abuse Investigation Unit shall:
- (1) promptly notify the child advocate of any allegations of abuse or neglect made against an institution or resource family home serving children in this State;
- (2) promptly provide the child advocate with a copy of the unit's response to the complaint and the actions taken by the unit to address the complaint;
- (3) provide the child advocate with monthly updates of the status of actions proposed by the unit regarding an existing complaint that has not been resolved; and
- (4) provide the child advocate with such other information as the child advocate may deem necessary to carry out the child advocate's responsibilities to review, evaluate and monitor the operation and activities of the unit.
- b. As used in this section, "institution" means a public or private facility, in this State or out-of-State, that provides children with out-of-home care, supervision or maintenance. Institution includes, but is not limited to: a correctional facility, detention facility, treatment facility, child care center, group home, public and nonpublic elementary or secondary school and school bus or other similar vehicle used to transport students to and from school, residential school, shelter, psychiatric hospital and developmental center.

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75. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] Office of the Child Advocate¹; reports.

The child advocate shall report annually to the Governor, the Public Advocate, the Commissioner of Human Services, and the Legislature on: the activities of the ¹ [division] office¹; priorities for children's services that have been identified by the child advocate; and recommendations for improvement or needed changes concerning the 1 provision of services to children who are at risk of abuse or neglect,

- 2 and are in State or institutional custody or receive child protective or
- 3 permanency services by State agencies and State-funded private

4 entities.

The annual report shall be made available to the public.

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- 76. (New section) ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] <u>Office of the Child Advocate</u>¹; disclosure; confidentiality.
- a. The child advocate shall make public its findings of investigation reports or other studies undertaken by the ¹[division] office¹, including its investigatory findings to complaints received pursuant to section 70 of this act, and shall forward any publicly reported findings to the Governor, the Legislature, the Public Advocate, the Commissioner of Human Services, the affected public agencies and the Governor's Cabinet for Children.
 - b. The child advocate shall not disclose:
 - (1) any information that would likely endanger the life, safety, or physical or emotional well-being of a child or the life or safety of a person who filed a complaint or which may compromise the integrity of a State or county department or agency investigation, civil or criminal investigation or judicial or administrative proceeding; and
 - (2) the name of or any other information identifying the person who filed a complaint with, or otherwise provided information to, the ¹[division] office ¹ without the written consent of that person.

The information subject to the provisions of this subsection shall not be considered a public record pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) and P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

c. The child advocate shall not disclose any information that may be deemed confidential by federal or State law, except when necessary to allow the Department of the Public Advocate, Department of Human Services, Attorney General, Juvenile Justice Commission and other State or county department or agency to perform its duties and obligations under the law.

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77. (New section) ¹ [Division of Child Advocacy] <u>Office of the Child Advocate</u>¹; transfer of functions.

All functions, powers, and duties now vested in the Office of the Child Advocate pursuant to P.L.2003, c.187 (C.52:17D-1 et seq.) are transferred to and assumed by the ¹[Division of Child Advocacy in] Office of the Child Advocate allocated in, but not of, ¹ the Department of the Public Advocate.

Whenever, in any law, rule, regulation, order, plan, contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding, or otherwise, reference is made to the Office of the Child Advocate in, but not of, the Department of Law and Public Safety, the same shall mean and

4 5

6 7 Advocate.

AND REPORTS]¹

refer to the ¹[Division of Child Advocacy] Office of the Child Advocate allocated in ¹, but not of, ¹ the Department of the Public

ARTICLE ¹[10.] <u>11.</u> ¹ ACTIONS, TRANSFERS, REPEALS [,

8 78. (New section) Actions; name of party; prior communication 9 to public entity. a. Any action brought by the Public Advocate or any persons 10 11 authorized herein to institute or participate in actions before the courts or agencies of this State shall be brought in the name of the person 12 serving as the Public Advocate or in the name of an affected individual 13 or group, but shall not be brought in the name of the State or the 14 15 people thereof. b. Prior to initiating litigation, the Public Advocate shall 16 17 communicate, in writing, with a public entity against which the Public Advocate anticipates filing adversarial action. The Public Advocate 18 19 shall state unequivocally in its written transmittal to the public entity that the Public Advocate anticipates filing litigation to resolve the 20 matter in controversy. The purpose of this requirement is to clearly 21 provide the potential litigants with a final opportunity to resolve the 22 23 matters in controversy outside the court system. 24 25 79. (New section) Suits or causes of action against Legislature or 26 officers thereof. The provisions of this act in and of themselves shall not be 27 28 construed so as to create any new causes of action, or to authorize any 29 suit against the Legislature or either House or the officers thereof. 30 31 80. (New section) No award of punitive or exemplary damages 32 against public entities or employees. 33 No punitive or exemplary damages shall be awarded against a 34 public entity or public employee in any action brought by the Public Advocate. 35 36 37 81. (New section) Applicability of State Agency Transfer Act. 38 This act shall be subject to the provisions of the "State Agency 39 Transfer Act," P.L.1971, c.375 (C.52:14D-1 et seq.). 40 41 82. (New section) Preservation of rights and terms. 42 This act shall not: 43 a. affect the tenure, compensation, and pension rights, if any, of the lawful holder thereof, in any position not specifically abolished 44 herein, upon the effective date of this act; or 45 b. alter the term of any member of any board, commission, or 46

1 public body, not specifically abolished or repealed herein, lawfully in 2 office on the effective date of this act, or require the reappointment 3 thereof. 4 5 83. (New section) Supersedure and repeal of inconsistent acts. 6 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with any of the provisions of 7 this act are, to the extent of such inconsistency, superseded and 8 repealed. 9 10 84. (New section) Assertion of claim against spill compensation 11 fund for class by Public Advocate. 12 The Department of the Public Advocate may act to assert claims 13 as alleged against the Spill Compensation Fund established pursuant 14 to the "Spill Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 15 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.). 16 85. (New section) Severability. 17 18 If any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, or other part of 19 this act is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid, such judgment shall not 20 affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of this act, but shall be 21 confined in its effect to the section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, 22 or other part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which 23 the judgment shall have been rendered. 24 25 86. Section 3 of P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-3) is amended to read 26 as follows: 27 3. There is [hereby] established in the [Executive Branch of the State Government the Office of the Ombudsman] Department of the 28 29 <u>Public Advocate the Ombudsperson</u> for the Institutionalized Elderly. [For the purposes of complying with the provisions of Article V, 30 31 Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution, the Office of 32 the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly is hereby allocated 33 to the Department of Community Affairs, but, notwithstanding said 34 allocation, the said office shall be independent of any supervision or control by the department or by any board or officer thereof.] 35 (cf: P.L.1977, c.239, s.3) 36 37 38 87. Section 4 of P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-4) is amended to read 39 as follows: 40 4. The administrator and chief executive officer of the office shall 41 be the [ombudsman] Ombudsperson, who shall be a person qualified 42 by training and experience to perform the duties of the office. [The 43 ombudsman shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and 44 consent of the Senate, and shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor 45 during the Governor's term of office and until the appointment and

qualification of the ombudsman's successor. He shall devote his entire

1 time to the duties of his position and shall receive such salary as shall 2 be provided by law. Any vacancy occurring in the position of ombudsman shall be filled in the same manner as the original 3 4 appointment; provided, however, that whenever the ombudsman dies, 5 resigns, becomes ineligible to serve for any reason, or is removed from office, the Governor shall appoint an acting ombudsman who 6 7 shall serve until the appointment and qualification of the ombudsman's 8 successor, but in no event longer than 6 months from the occurrence 9 of the vacancy, and who shall exercise during such period all the 10 powers and duties of the ombudsman pursuant to the provisions of 11 this act.] (cf: P.L.1977, c.239, s.4) 12 13 14 88. Section 1 of P.L.1986, c.205 (C.30:1A-4) is amended to read 15 16 1. a. There is established in, but not of, the Department of Human 17 Services the New Jersey Boarding Home Advisory Council. The council shall consist of 14 members, to be appointed by the Commissioner of Human Services in consultation with the Commissioners of Community Affairs and Health and Senior Services, the Public [Defender] Advocate, and the Public Guardian for Elderly Adults [and the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly], as follows: two persons who own or operate a boarding house as defined in P.L.1979, c.496 (C.55:13B-1 et al.); two persons who own or

18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 operate a residential health care facility as defined in section 1 of P.L.1953, c.212 (C.30:11A-1) or licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 26 27 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.); two persons who currently reside in a boarding 28 house or a residential health care facility; one person who is a member 29 of the organization which represents operators of boarding houses or 30 residential health care facilities, or both; one person who represents 31 the health care professions; one person who represents a county office 32 on aging; one person who represents a municipal building code 33 department; one person who represents an organization or agency 34 which advocates for mentally ill persons in this State; one person who 35 represents an organization or agency which advocates for physically 36 disabled persons in this State; and two other members who shall be 37 chosen from among persons whose work, knowledge or interest 38 relates to boarding houses or residential health care facilities and the 39 residents thereof, including but not limited to municipal and county 40 elected officials, county prosecutors, social workers, and persons 41 knowledgeable about fire prevention standards and measures needed 42 to assure safety from structural, mechanical, plumbing and electrical 43 deficiencies in boarding houses and residential health care facilities. 44 In addition, the Chairman of the General Assembly Standing Reference 45 Committee on Health and Human [Resources] Services and the Chairman of the Senate Standing Reference Committee on 46

- 1 [Institutions, Health and Welfare] <u>Health, Human Services and Senior</u>
- <u>Citizens</u> or their designees shall serve as ex officio members of the
 council.
- 4 b. The terms of office of each appointed member shall be three 5 years, but of the members first appointed, two shall be appointed for 6 [terms] a term of one year, five for terms of two years, and seven for 7 terms of three years. All vacancies shall be filled for the balance of the 8 unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. The 9 members of the council shall not receive any compensation for their 10 services, but shall be reimbursed for the actual and necessary expenses 11 incurred in the performance of their duties as members of the council. (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.47) 12

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- 89. Section 3 of P.L.1976, c.120 (C.30:13-3) is amended to read as follows:
 - 3. Every nursing home shall have the responsibility for:
- 17 a. Maintaining a complete record of all funds, personal property 18 and possessions of a nursing home resident from any source 19 whatsoever, which have been deposited for safekeeping with the nursing home for use by the resident. This record shall contain a 20 21 listing of all deposits and withdrawals transacted, and these shall be 22 substantiated by receipts given to the resident or his guardian. A 23 nursing home shall provide to each resident or his guardian a quarterly 24 statement which shall account for all of such resident's property on 25 deposit at the beginning of the accounting period, all deposits and withdrawals transacted during the period, and the property on deposit 26 27 at the end of the period. The resident or his guardian shall be allowed 28 daily access to his property on deposit during specific periods 29 established by the nursing home for such transactions at a reasonable 30 hour. A nursing home may, at its own discretion, place a limitation as 31 to dollar value and size of any personal property accepted for 32 safekeeping.
 - b. Providing for the spiritual needs and wants of residents by notifying, at a resident's request, a clergyman of the resident's choice and allowing unlimited visits by such clergyman. Arrangements shall be made, at the resident's expense, for attendance at religious services of his choice when requested. No religious beliefs or practices, or any attendance at religious services, shall be imposed upon any resident.
 - c. Admitting only that number of residents for which it reasonably believes it can safely and adequately provide nursing care. Any applicant for admission to a nursing home who is denied such admission shall be given the reason for such denial in writing.
 - d. Ensuring that an applicant for admission or a resident is treated without discrimination as to age, race, religion, sex or national origin. However, the participation of a resident in recreational activities, meals or other social functions may be restricted or prohibited if

recommended by a resident's attending physician in writing and 2 consented to by the resident.

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- Ensuring that no resident shall be subjected to physical restraints except upon written orders of an attending physician for a specific period of time when necessary to protect such resident from injury to himself or others. Restraints shall not be employed for purposes of punishment or the convenience of any nursing home staff personnel. The confinement of a resident in a locked room shall be prohibited.
- f. Ensuring that drugs and other medications shall not be employed for purposes of punishment, for convenience of any nursing home staff personnel or in such quantities so as to interfere with a resident's rehabilitation or his normal living activities.
- 14 g. Permitting citizens, with the consent of the resident being 15 visited, legal services programs, employees of the [Office of the Public 16 Defender, employees of the private entity designated by the Governor 17 as the State's mental health protection and advocacy agency pursuant 18 to section 22 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-68), and employees and 19 volunteers of the Office of the Nursing Home Ombudsman Program in the Department of Community Affairs] Department of the Public 20 Advocate ², and employees of the private entity, if any, designated 21 22 by the Governor as the State's mental health protection and advocacy 23 agency, whose purposes include rendering assistance without charge 24 to nursing home residents, full and free access to the nursing home in 25 order to visit with and make personal, social and legal services available to all residents and to assist and advise residents in the 26 27 assertion of their rights with respect to the nursing home, involved 28 governmental agencies and the judicial system.
 - (1) Such access shall be permitted by the nursing home at a reasonable hour.
 - (2) Such access shall not substantially disrupt the provision of nursing and other care to residents in the nursing home.
 - (3) All persons entering a nursing home pursuant to this section shall promptly notify the person in charge of their presence. They shall, upon request, produce identification to substantiate their identity. No such person shall enter the immediate living area of any resident without first identifying himself and then receiving permission from the resident to enter. The rights of other residents present in the room shall be respected. A resident shall have the right to terminate a visit by a person having access to his living area pursuant to this section at any time. Any communication whatsoever between a resident and such person shall be confidential in nature, unless the resident authorizes the release of such communication in writing.
 - h. Ensuring compliance with all applicable State and federal statutes and rules and regulations.
 - i. Ensuring that every resident, prior to or at the time of admission

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- 1 and during his stay, shall receive a written statement of the services
- 2 provided by the nursing home, including those required to be offered
- by the nursing home on an as-needed basis, and of related charges, 3
- 4 including any charges for services not covered under Title XVIII and
- 5 Title XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended, or not covered by
- the nursing home's basic per diem rate. This statement shall further 6
- 7 include the payment, fee, deposit and refund policy of the nursing
- 8 home.
- j. Ensuring that a prospective resident or the resident's family or 9 10 guardian receives a copy of the contract or agreement between the 11 nursing home and the resident prior to or upon the resident's 12 admission.
- 13 (cf: P.L.1997, c.241, s.1)

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- 90. Section 4 of P.L.1992. c.111 (C.30:4C-69) is amended to read 15
- 16 as follows: 4. The Commissioner of Human Services shall develop an 17
- 18 interdepartmental plan for the implementation of an individualized,
- 19 appropriate child and family driven care system for children with
- 20 special emotional needs and for the reduction of inappropriate use of
- 21 out-of-home placements of these children. The plan shall first address
- 22 children ready to be returned from institutions such as the Arthur
- 23 Brisbane Child Treatment Center and other in-State and out-of-State
- 24 residential facilities, and those at imminent risk of extended
- 25 out-of-home placement. The commissioner shall consult with
- 26 appropriate representatives from the State departments of Education,
- 27 Corrections, Health and Senior Services, Community Affairs and the
- Office of the Public Defender, the private entity designated by the 28
- Governor as the State's mental health protection and advocacy agency 29
- pursuant to section 22 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-68)] Public 30
- Advocate, the Child Advocate², the private entity, if any, designated 31
- 32 by the Governor as the State's mental health protection and advocacy
- agency², the Statewide Children's Coordinating Council in the 33
- Department of Human Services, the Administrative Office of the 34
- 35 Courts, and Statewide family advocacy groups, in the development of
- 36 the plan.
- 37 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.51)

- 39 91. Section 14 of P.L.1944, c.27 (C.17:29A-14) is amended to 40 read as follows:
- 41 14. a. With regard to all property and casualty lines, a filer may,
- 42 from time to time, alter, supplement, or amend its rates, rating
- 43 systems, or any part thereof, by filing with the commissioner copies of such alterations, supplements, or amendments, together with a 44
- 45 statement of the reason or reasons for such alteration, supplement, or
- 46 amendment, in a manner and with such information as may be required

1 by the commissioner. If such alteration, supplement, or amendment 2 shall have the effect of increasing or decreasing rates, the 3 commissioner shall determine whether the rates as altered thereby are 4 reasonable, adequate, and not unfairly discriminatory. If the 5 commissioner shall determine that the rates as so altered are not 6 unreasonably high, or inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, he shall 7 make an order approving them. If he shall find that the rates as altered 8 are unreasonable, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, he shall issue

an order disapproving such alteration, supplement or amendment.

b. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.1.)

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c. If an insurer or rating organization files a proposed alteration, supplement or amendment to its private passenger automobile insurance rating system, or any part thereof, the commissioner shall transmit the filing to the appropriate office in the Division of Insurance, which office shall issue a preliminary determination within 90 days of receipt of a rate filing, except that the commissioner may, for good cause, extend the time for a preliminary determination by not more than 30 days. The preliminary determination shall set forth the basis for accepting, rejecting or modifying the rates as filed. A copy of the preliminary determination shall be provided to the filer and other interested parties. Unless the filer or other interested party, including the Public Advocate, requests a hearing, the commissioner may adopt the preliminary determination as final within 30 days of the preliminary determination. If a hearing is requested, it shall proceed on an expedited basis in accordance with the provisions of this section. If a preliminary determination is not made within the time provided, a filing shall be transmitted to the Office of Administrative Law for a hearing and the commissioner shall adopt the determination of the administrative law judge as a final decision on the filing.

For filings other than private passenger automobile, if an insurer or rating organization files a proposed alteration, supplement or amendment to its rating system, or any part thereof, which would result in a change in rates, the commissioner may, or upon the request of the filer or the appropriate office in the Division of Insurance shall, certify the matter for a hearing. The hearing shall, at the commissioner's discretion, be conducted by himself, by a person appointed by the commissioner pursuant to section 26 of P.L.1944, c.27 (C.17:29A-26), or by the Office of Administrative Law, created by P.L.1978, c.67 (C.52:14F-1 et seq.), as a contested case. The following requirements shall apply to the hearing:

(1) The hearing shall commence within 30 days of the date of the request or decision that a hearing is to be held. The hearing shall be held on consecutive working days, except that the commissioner may, for good cause, waive the consecutive working day requirement. If the hearing is conducted by an administrative law judge, the administrative law judge shall submit his findings and

- 1 recommendations to the commissioner within 30 days of the close of
- 2 the hearing. The commissioner may, for good cause, extend the time
- 3 within which the administrative law judge shall submit his findings and
- 4 recommendations by not more than 30 days. A decision shall be
- 5 rendered by the commissioner not later than 60 days, or, if he has
- 6 granted a 30-day extension, not later than 90 days, from the close of
- 7 the hearing. A filing shall be deemed to be approved unless rejected
- 8 or modified by the commissioner within the time period provided
- 9 herein.
- 10 (2) The commissioner, or the Director of the Office of
- 11 Administrative Law, as appropriate, shall notify all interested parties,
- including the [appropriate office in the Division of Insurance] <u>Public</u>
- 13 Advocate on behalf of insurance consumers, of the date set for
- 14 commencement of the hearing, on the date of the filing of the request
- 15 for a hearing, or within 10 days of the decision that a hearing is to be
- 16 held.

- (3) The insurer or rating organization making a filing on which a
- 18 hearing is held shall bear the costs of the hearing.
- 19 (4) The commissioner may promulgate rules and regulations (a) to
- 20 establish standards for the submission of proposed filings,
- 21 amendments, additions, deletions and alterations to the rating system
- of filers, which may include forms to be submitted by each filer; and
- 23 (b) making such other provisions as he deems necessary for effective
- 24 implementation of this act.
- d. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.1.)
- e. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.89.)
- 27 <u>f. The notice provisions set forth in section 51 of the Public</u>
- 28 Advocate Restoration Act of 2005, P.L. , c. (C.)(now
- 29 pending before the Legislature as this bill), shall apply to this section.
- 30 (cf: P.L.2003, c.89, s.41)

- 32 92. Section 66 of P.L.1998, c.21 (C.17:29A-46.8) is amended to read as follows:
- 34 66. a. For the purposes of this section:
- 35 "Qualified person" means a person qualified by the Commissioner
- 36 of Banking and Insurance to intervene in public hearings pursuant to
- 37 this section, who shall be deemed a "public servant" within the
- 38 meaning of N.J.S.2C:30-2;
- 39 "Rate filing" means a filing for a rate increase by an automobile
- insurer writing private passenger automobile insurance in this State, other than an expedited prior approval rate filing made pursuant to
- 42 section 34 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.6) and other than a rate
- 43 filing made pursuant to any statutory change in coverage provided
- 44 under a policy of private passenger automobile insurance.
- b. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall establish
- standards for qualifying persons to intervene in rate filings pursuant to

- 1 this section. The standards shall include, but shall not necessarily be
- 2 limited to, requiring that any person intervening in a rate filing
- demonstrate: (1) expertise in the insurance laws of this State; (2) an
- 4 understanding of the actuarial principles employed in establishing rates
- 5 and rating systems; (3) sufficient access to a qualified actuary and
- 6 sufficient expertise to conduct a technical examination of a rate filing;
- 7 (4) sufficient resources to intervene in the rate filing process as
- 8 provided herein; and (5) that the person represents the interest of
- 9 consumers and accepts a duty of fidelity to do so.

- c. The commissioner shall require such documentation as he determines is necessary to qualify a person to intervene in a rate filing, and may charge a fee for registration with the department as an intervenor, which fee shall be payable annually.
- d. The commissioner may remove the registration of an intervenor if he determines that (1) the intervenor no longer meets the qualifications, or (2) if the intervenor is convicted of a crime or loses a professional license for misconduct.
- e. If an insurer or rating organization files for a rate increase for private passenger automobile insurance, the commissioner shall notify the public of the proposed rate change in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation throughout the State. A qualified person may request, and shall receive, a copy of the rate filing and any amendments and supplements thereto and shall pay the expenses in connection therewith. The qualified person may request that the commissioner certify the rate filing for a hearing pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1944, c.27 (C.17:29A-14).
- f. The commissioner shall establish by regulation the terms and conditions under which the proceedings under this section shall be conducted, including, but not limited to the supporting material which shall accompany the intervention.
- g. Upon determining that the intervenor has demonstrated that the qualified person has made a substantial contribution to the adoption of any order or decision by the commissioner or a court in connection with a rate filing made pursuant to this section, the commissioner shall award reasonable advocacy and witness fees and expenses.
- h. A person commits a crime of the third degree if he solicits, accepts or agrees to accept any benefits as consideration for knowingly violating or agreeing to violate a duty of fidelity to which he is subject pursuant to this section. In addition to any disposition authorized by law, the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall forever bar from registration as an intervenor any person convicted under this subsection.
- i. A person commits a crime of the third degree if he confers, or offers or agrees to confer, any benefit the acceptance of which would be criminal under this section. In addition to any disposition authorized by law, the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall

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1	deny the rate filing of any person convicted under this subsection and
2	the person shall be barred from filing for any rate increase for a period
3	of one year.
4	j. Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude a prosecution or
5	conviction for a violation of any other law.
6	k. This section shall expire 180 days after the effective date of the
7	Public Advocate Restoration Act of 2005, P.L., c. (C.)
8	(now pending before the Legislature as this bill).
9	(cf: P.L.1998, c.22, s.8)
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11	93. Section 1 of P.L.1974 c.55 (C.52:14-15.107) is amended to
12	read as follows:
13	1. Notwithstanding the provisions of the annual appropriations act
14	and section 7 of P.L.1974, c.55 (C.52:14-15.110), the Governor shall
15	fix and establish the annual salary, not to exceed \$133,330 in calendar
16	year 2000, \$137,165 in calendar year 2001 and \$141,000 in calendar
17	year 2002 and thereafter, for each of the following officers:
18	Title
19	Agriculture Department
20	Secretary of Agriculture
21	Community Affairs Department
22	Commissioner of Community Affairs
23	Corrections Department
24	Commissioner of Corrections
25	Education Department
26	Commissioner of Education
27	Environmental Protection Department
28	Commissioner of Environmental Protection
29	Health and Senior Services Department
30	Commissioner of Health and Senior
31	Services
32	Human Services Department
33	Commissioner of Human Services
34	Banking and Insurance Department
35	Commissioner of Banking and Insurance
36	Labor Department
37	Commissioner of Labor
38	Law and Public Safety Department
39	Attorney General
40	Military and Veterans' Affairs Department
41	Adjutant General
42	Personnel Department
43	Commissioner of Personnel
44	State Department
45	Secretary of State
16	Tues a surfact : a a Description of

Transportation Department

1 Commissioner of Transportation 2 Treasury Department 3 State Treasurer Members, Board of Public Utilities 4 5 Public Advocate Department 6 Public Advocate 7 8 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section to the contrary, the 9 Chief Executive Officer and Secretary of the New Jersey Commerce 10 and Economic Growth Commission shall receive such salary as shall 11 be fixed by the Governor pursuant to subsection b. of section 8 of P.L.1998, c.44 (C.52:27C-68). 12 13 (cf: P.L.1999, c.380, s.2) 14 15 94. Section 1 of P.L.1991, J.R.2 (C.52:9DD-1) is amended to read 16 as follows: 17 1. There is created a 21-member Commission on Racism, Racial Violence and Religious Violence to be appointed as follows: two shall 18 19 be members of the Senate appointed by the President thereof, who 20 shall not be of the same political party; two shall be members of the 21 General Assembly appointed by the Speaker thereof, who shall not be 22 of the same political party; the Attorney General or his designee; the 23 Public [Defender] Advocate or his designee; and 15 public members 24 to be appointed by the Governor. The public members shall be 25 representative of the ethnic, racial and religious diversity of the State's population and shall include representatives from the following 26 27 groups: the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, the Puerto Rican Congress, the Anti-Defamation League of 28 29 [B'Nai B'Rith] B'nai B'rith, the New Jersey Black Issues Convention, 30 the New Jersey Chapter of the National Rainbow Coalition, and the 31 American Civil Liberties Union. 32 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.55) 33 34 95. Section 2 of P.L.1985, c.363 (C.52:9Y-2) is amended to read 35 as follows: 36 2. There is created a permanent commission to be known as the 37 "New Jersey Commission on Legal and Ethical Problems in the Delivery of Health Care." The commission shall consist of ²[28] <u>29</u>² 38 members to be appointed as follows: the Commissioner of the 39 Department of Community Affairs, the Commissioner of the 40 41 Department of Health and Senior Services, the Commissioner of the Department of Human Services, the Department of the Public 42 Advocate, the Public Defender, the ² [Ombudsman] Ombudsperson² 43 44 for the Institutionalized Elderly or their designees; [a representative 45 of the private entity designated by the Governor as the State's mental 46 health protection and advocacy agency pursuant to section 22 of

1 P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-68), ²a representative of the private

- 2 entity, if any, designated by the Governor as the State's mental health
- 3 protection and advocacy agency;² two members of the Senate, to be
- 4 appointed by the President of the Senate, not more than one of whom
- 5 shall be of the same political party; two members of the General
- 6 Assembly, to be appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly,
- 7 not more than one of whom shall be of the same political party; nine
- 8 public members, two to be appointed by the President of the Senate,
- 9 two to be appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly and five
- 10 to be appointed by the Governor, who are distinguished in one or more
- of the fields of medicine, health care and health administration, law,
- 12 ethics, theology, the natural sciences, the social sciences, the
- 13 humanities, and public affairs.

In addition to the nine public members described above, there shall

15 be on the commission five other public members who shall not be from

16 health-related disciplines nor from the immediate families of persons

17 in health-related disciplines. Of these five members, three shall be

18 appointed by the Governor, one by the President of the Senate, and

19 one by the Speaker of the General Assembly. In appointing these

20 members an effort shall be made to insure that diverse viewpoints are

21 represented on the commission.

Also on the commission shall be a representative of the New Jersey

23 Hospital Association, a representative of the New Jersey State Nurses'

24 Association, a representative of the New Jersey Association of Health

25 Care Facilities and a representative of the New Jersey Association of

Nonprofit Homes for the Aging, Inc. These representatives shall be

27 selected by their organizations.

Members of the commission shall serve for three-year terms or until a successor is appointed. However, the term of every member

30 initially appointed shall expire on December 31, 1988.

Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments were made, and the term of

any person reappointed or appointed to fill a vacancy shall only run for

34 the balance of the three-year term that had commenced when the

35 reappointment was made or the vacancy occurred. Members shall

36 serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for the reasonable

37 travel and other out-of-pocket expenses incurred in the performance

38 of their duties.

39 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.52)

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41 96. Section 12 of P.L.1980, c.125 (C.56:12-12) is amended to

42 read as follows:

12. The Office of the Attorney General, the Division of Consumer

44 Affairs, the Department of the Public Advocate, the Commissioner of

45 <u>Banking and</u> Insurance, in regard to contracts of insurance provided

46 for in subsection c. of section 1 of this act (C.56:12-1), or any

1 interested person may seek injunctive relief. The court may authorize

2 reasonable attorney's fees, not to exceed \$2,500.00, and court costs in

3 such a proceeding.

4 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.56)

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6 97. Section 1 of P.L.1981, c.347 (C.58:11-59) is amended to read 7 as follows:

8 1. a. Whenever a small water company or a small sewer company, 9 or both, are found to have failed to comply with any unstayed order of 10 the Department of Environmental Protection concerning the 11 availability of water, the potability of water, or the provision of water 12 at adequate volume and pressure, or any unstayed order finding a small 13 water company or a small sewer company or both a significant 14 noncomplier or requiring the abatement of a serious violation, as those 15 terms are defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1977, c.74 16 (C.58:10A-3), which the department is authorized to enforce pursuant to Title 58 of the Revised Statutes, the department and the Board of 17 18 Public Utilities, and the Department of the Public Advocate, may, after 19 30 days' notice to capable proximate public or private water or sewer 20 companies, municipal utilities authorities established pursuant to 21 P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et seq.), municipalities or any other 22 suitable public or private entities wherein the small water company, 23 small sewer company, or both, provide service, conduct a joint public 24 hearing to announce: the actions that may be taken and the 25 expenditures that may be required, including acquisition costs, to make 26 all improvements necessary to assure the availability of water, the 27 potability of water and the provision thereof at adequate volume and 28 pressure, and the compliance with all applicable federal and State 29 water pollution control requirements for a small sewer company, 30 including, but not necessarily limited to, the acquisition of the small 31 water company or small sewer company, or both, by the most suitable 32 public or private entity.

At the hearing the department and the board shall state the costs that are expected to be borne by the current users of the small water company, small sewer company, or both. The department shall propose an administrative consent order setting forth an agreed upon time schedule by which the acquiring entity would be required to make improvements required to resolve existing violations of federal and State safe drinking water and water pollution control statutes and regulations. The administrative consent order shall stipulate that the acquiring entity shall not be liable for any fines or penalties for continuing violations arising from the deficiencies, obsolescence or disrepair of the facilities at the time of the acquisition, provided that:

(1) the stipulation shall be conditioned upon compliance by the acquiring entity with the time frames established for improving the facilities and eliminating the existing violations; and

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1 (2) the stipulation shall not include any violation to the extent 2 caused by operational error, lack of preventive maintenance or careless 3 or improper operation by the acquiring entity.

Under no circumstances shall the acquiring entity be liable for violations occurring prior to the acquisition.

At the conclusion of a hearing conducted pursuant to this section the record of the hearing shall be kept open for 30 days to allow for the submission of additional comments.

9 b. As used in sections 1 through 4 of P.L.1981, c.347 (C.58:11-59 through 58:11-62):

"Small water company" means any company, purveyor or entity, other than a governmental agency, that provides water for human consumption and which regularly serves less than 1,000 customer connections; and

"Small sewer company" means any company, business, or entity, other than a governmental agency, which is a public utility as defined pursuant to R.S.48:2-13, that collects, stores, conveys, or treats primarily domestic wastewater, and that regularly serves less than 1,000 customer connections.

20 (cf: P.L.1999, c.296, s.2)

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- 22 98. Section 5 of P.L.1985, c.37 (C.58:26-5) is amended to read 23 as follows:
 - 5. A contracting unit which intends to enter into a contract with a private vendor for the provision of water supply services pursuant to the provisions of this act shall notify, at least 60 days prior to issuing a request for qualifications from interested vendors pursuant to section 6 of this act, the division, the department and the Board of Public Utilities and the Department of the Public Advocate of its intention, and shall publish notice of its intention in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction which would be served under the terms of the proposed contract.

33 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.58)

- 35 99. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.37 (C.58:26-11) is amended to read 36 as follows:
- 37 11. Upon designating the selected vendor or vendors pursuant to 38 section 10 of this act, a contracting unit shall negotiate with the 39 selected vendor or vendors a proposed contract, which shall include 40 the accepted proposal and the provisions required pursuant to section 41 15 of this act. Upon negotiating a proposed contract, the contracting 42 unit shall make the proposed contract available to the public at its 43 main offices, and shall transmit a copy of the proposed contract to the 44 division, the department [and], the Board of Public Utilities and the
- 45 <u>Department of the Public Advocate</u>.
- 46 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.59)

100. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.37 (C.58:26-12) is amended to read as follows:

3 12. a. A contracting unit shall conduct a public hearing or 4 hearings on the charges, rates, or fees, or the formula for determining 5 these charges, rates, or fees, and the other provisions contained in a proposed contract negotiated pursuant to section 11 of this act. The 6 7 contracting unit shall provide at least 90 days' public notice of this 8 public hearing to the Department of the Public Advocate, prospective 9 consumers and other interested parties. This notice shall be published 10 in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction to 11 be served under the terms of the proposed contract. Within 45 days after giving notice of the public hearing, the contracting unit shall hold 12 13 a meeting with prospective consumers and other interested parties to 14 explain the terms and conditions of the proposed contract, and to 15 receive written questions which will be part of the record of the public hearing. At the public hearing, the selected vendor or vendors shall be 16 17 present, and the contracting unit shall have the burden to answer the questions received at the meeting, and to show that the proposed 18 19 contract complies with the provisions of section 15 of this act, and that 20 it constitutes the best means of securing the required water supply 21 services among available alternatives. The contracting unit shall 22 provide that a verbatim record be kept of the public hearing, and that 23 a written transcript of this record be printed and made available to the 24 public within 30 days of the close of the public hearing. After the 25 public hearing the contracting unit and the vendor may agree to make changes to the proposed contract, and shall transmit the proposed 26 27 contract, a copy of the printed transcript of the public hearing, and a 28 statement summarizing the major issues raised at the public hearing 29 and the response of the contracting unit to these issues, to the division, 30 the department, the Board of Public Utilities, and the Department of 31 the Public Advocate, and to all persons who attended the public 32 hearing.

b. If the Division of Rate Counsel in the Department of the Public Advocate represents the public interest at a public hearing or hearings conducted pursuant to this section, the Division of Rate Counsel shall be entitled to assess the vendor for costs incurred in this representation in the manner provided in section 20 of P.L.1974, c.27 (C.52:27E-19). The basis of the assessment shall be the prospective first year's revenue realized by the vendor from the provision of the water supply services pursuant to the terms of the proposed contract.

c. If a contract awarded pursuant to the provisions of this act is renegotiated, the contracting unit shall conduct a public hearing on the renegotiated contract pursuant to the provisions of this section.

(cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.60)

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101. Section 5 of P.L.1985, c.72 (C.58:27-5) is amended to read

1 as follows:

2 5. A contracting unit which intends to enter into a contract with 3 a private vendor for the provision of wastewater treatment services 4 pursuant to the provisions of this act shall notify, at least 60 days prior 5 to issuing a request for qualifications from interested vendors pursuant 6 to section 6 of this act, the division [and], the department and the 7 Department of the Public Advocate of its intention, and shall publish 8 notice of its intention in at least one newspaper of general circulation 9 in the jurisdiction which would be served under the terms of the 10 proposed contract.

(cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.61) 11

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- 13 102. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.72 (C.58:27-11) is amended to read as follows:
- 15 11. Upon designating the selected vendor or vendors pursuant to 16 section 10 of this act, a contracting unit shall negotiate with the 17 selected vendor or vendors a proposed contract, which shall include 18 the accepted proposal and the provisions required pursuant to section 19 15 of this act. Upon negotiating a proposed contract, the contracting 20 unit shall make the proposed contract available to the public at its 21 main offices, and shall transmit a copy of the proposed contract to the 22 division [and], the department and the Department of the Public 23 Advocate.

24 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.62)

- 26 103. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.72 (C.58:27-12) is amended to 27 read as follows:
- 28 12. a. A contracting unit shall conduct a public hearing or 29 hearings on the charges, rates, or fees, or the formula for determining 30 these charges, rates, or fees, and the other provisions contained in a 31 proposed contract negotiated pursuant to section 11 of this act. The 32 contracting unit shall provide at least 90 days' public notice of this 33 public hearing to the Department of the Public Advocate, prospective 34 consumers and other interested parties. This notice shall be published 35 in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction to be served under the terms of the proposed contract. Within 45 days 36 37 after giving notice of the public hearing, the contracting unit shall hold 38 a meeting with prospective consumers and other interested parties to 39 explain the terms and conditions of the proposed contract, and to 40 receive written questions which will be part of the record of the public 41 hearing. At the public hearing, the selected vendor or vendors shall be 42 present, and the contracting unit shall have the burden to answer the 43 questions received at the meeting, and to show that the proposed contract complies with the provisions of section 15 of this act, and that 44 45 it constitutes the best means of securing the required wastewater 46 treatment services among available alternatives. The contracting unit

- 1 shall provide that a verbatim record be kept of the public hearing, and
- 2 that a written transcript of this record be printed and made available
- to the public within 45 days of the close of the public hearing. Written 3
- testimony received no more than 15 days after the public hearing shall 4
- 5 be included in the written transcript. After the public hearing the
- 6 contracting unit and the vendor may agree to make changes to the
- 7 proposed contract, and the contracting unit shall transmit the proposed
- 8 contract, a copy of the printed transcript of the public hearing, and a
- 9 statement summarizing the major issues raised at the public hearing
- 10 and the response of the contracting unit to these issues, to the division
- 11 [and], the department, and the Department of the Public Advocate,
- 12 and shall make copies available to any other person upon request.
- 13 b. If the Division of Rate Counsel in the Department of the Public
- 14 Advocate represents the public interest at a public hearing or hearings
- conducted pursuant to this section, the Division of Rate Counsel shall 15
- be entitled to assess the vendor for costs incurred in this 16
- 17 representation in the manner provided in section 20 of P.L.1974, c.27
- 18 (C.52:27E-19). The basis of the assessment shall be the prospective
- 19 first year's revenue realized by the vendor from the provision of the
- 20 wastewater treatment services pursuant to the terms of the proposed
- 21 contract.
- 22 c. If a contract awarded pursuant to the provisions of this act is 23 renegotiated, the contracting unit shall conduct a public hearing on the
- 24 renegotiated contract pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- 25 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.63)

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- 104. N.J.S.59:1-3 is amended to read as follows:
- 59:1-3. Definitions. As used in this subtitle: 28
 - "Employee" includes an officer, employee, or servant, whether or not compensated or part-time, who is authorized to perform any act or service; provided, however, that the term does not include an independent contractor.
- 33 "Employment" includes office; position; employment; or service,
- 34 under the supervision of the Palisades Interstate Park Commission, in
- 35 a volunteer program in that part of the Palisades Interstate Park
- located in New Jersey, as an emergency management volunteer or as
- 37 a volunteer doing work for the Division of Parks and Forestry, the
- Division of Fish, Game and Wildlife, or the New Jersey Natural Lands 38 39 Trust, as authorized by the Commissioner of Environmental
- Protection, or for the New Jersey Historic Trust. 40
- 41 "Enactment" includes a constitutional provision, statute, executive 42 order, ordinance, resolution or regulation.
- 43 "Injury" means death, injury to a person, damage to or loss of 44 property or any other injury that a person may suffer that would be 45 actionable if inflicted by a private person.
- 46 "Law" includes enactments and also the decisional law applicable

within this State as determined and declared from time to time by the courts of this State and of the United States.

"Public employee" means an employee of a public entity, and 3 4 includes: a person participating, under the supervision of the Palisades 5 Interstate Park Commission, in a volunteer program in that part of the 6 Palisades Interstate Park located in New Jersey[; a volunteer doing 7 work for the Division of Parks and Forestry, the Division of Fish, 8 Game and Wildlife, or the New Jersey Natural Lands Trust, as 9 authorized by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection; a 10 volunteer doing work for the New Jersey Historic Trust; and any person retained by the public defender to serve as an arbitrator, 11 mediator, or in such similar capacity. "Public employee" does not 12 include any independent contractors or other individuals, agencies, or 13 14 entities not established in or employed by the Office of the Public 15 Defender designated to provide protection and advocacy services to 16 indigent mental hospital admittees or persons with a developmental 17 disability as the term is defined in section 3 of P.L.1977, c.82 18 (C.30:6D-3).]

"Public entity" includes the State, and any county, municipality, district, public authority, public agency, and any other political subdivision or public body in the State. ["Public entity" does not include any independent contractors or other individuals, agencies, or entities not established in or employed by the Office of the Public Defender designated to provide protection and advocacy services to indigent mental hospital admittees or persons with a developmental disability as the term is defined in section 3 of P.L.1977, c.82 (C.30:6D-3).]

"State" shall mean the State and any office, department, division, bureau, board, commission or agency of the State, but shall not include any such entity which is statutorily authorized to sue and be sued. "State" also means the Palisades Interstate Park Commission, but only with respect to employees, property and activities within the State of New Jersey.

"Statute" means an act adopted by the Legislature of this State orby the Congress of the United States.

36 (cf: P.L.1999, c.152, s.58)

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38 105. Section 70 of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-43) is amended to read as follows:

70. There is established in the Office of the Attorney General the [Unit] Office of Fiscal Integrity in School Construction. The Attorney General or his representative may investigate, examine, and inspect the activities of the authority and districts related to the financing and construction of school facilities and the implementation of the provisions of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.). The Attorney General may require the submission of duly verified reports from the

- 1 authority and districts, which include such information in such form as
- 2 the Attorney General may require. The Attorney General or his
- 3 representative may also consult with the authority on issues and
- 4 procedures related to the exercise of its duties and responsibilities
- 5 under P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.). The Legislature shall
- 6 annually appropriate such funds as may be necessary to finance the
- 7 operations of the [unit] office.
- 8 (cf: P.L.2000, c.72, s.70)

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- 10 106. Section 1 of P.L.1982, c.79 (C.2A:4A-60) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. Disclosure of juvenile information; penalties for disclosure.
- a. Social, medical, psychological, legal and other records of the court and probation division, and records of law enforcement agencies, pertaining to juveniles charged as a delinquent or found to be part of a juvenile-family crisis, shall be strictly safeguarded from public inspection. Such records shall be made available only to:
 - (1) Any court or probation division;
 - (2) The Attorney General or county prosecutor;
 - (3) The parents or guardian and to the attorney of the juvenile;
- 21 (4) The Department of Human Services, if providing care or custody of the juvenile;
 - (5) Any institution or facility to which the juvenile is currently committed or in which the juvenile is placed;
- 25 (6) Any person or agency interested in a case or in the work of the agency keeping the records, by order of the court for good cause shown, except that information concerning adjudications of
- delinquency, records of custodial confinement, payments owed on assessments imposed pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.396
- 30 (C.2C:43-3.1) or restitution ordered following conviction of a crime
- 31 or adjudication of delinquency, and the juvenile's financial resources,
- 32 shall be made available upon request to the Victims of Crime
- 33 Compensation Board established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1971,
- 34 c.317 (C.52:4B-3), which shall keep such information and records
- 35 confidential;
- 36 (7) The Juvenile Justice Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170);
- 38 (8) Law enforcement agencies for the purpose of reviewing 39 applications for a permit to purchase a handgun or firearms purchaser 40 identification card;
- 41 (9) Any potential party in a subsequent civil action for damages 42 related to an act of delinquency committed by a juvenile, including the 43 victim or a member of the victim's immediate family, regardless of 44 whether the action has been filed against the juvenile; provided, 45 however, that records available under this paragraph shall be limited 46 to official court documents, such as complaints, pleadings and orders,

- 1 and that such records may be disclosed by the recipient only in
- 2 connection with asserting legal claims or obtaining indemnification on
- 3 behalf of the victim or the victim's family and otherwise shall be
- 4 safeguarded from disclosure to other members of the public. Any
- 5 potential party in a civil action related to the juvenile offense may file
- 6 a motion with the civil trial judge seeking to have the juvenile's social,
- 7 medical or psychological records admitted into evidence in a civil
- 8 proceeding for damages; [and]
- 9 (10) Any potential party in a subsequent civil action for damages 10 related to an act of delinquency committed by a juvenile, including the
- related to an act of delinquency committed by a juvenile, including the
- victim or a member of the victim's immediate family, regardless of
- whether the action has been filed against the juvenile; provided,
- 13 however, that records available under this paragraph shall be limited
- 14 to police or investigation reports concerning acts of delinquency,
- 15 which shall be disclosed by a law enforcement agency only with the
- approval of the County Prosecutor's Office or the Division of Criminal
- Justice. Prior to disclosure, all personal information regarding all individuals, other than the requesting party and the arresting or
- investigating officer, shall be redacted. Such records may be disclosed
- 20 by the recipient only in connection with asserting legal claims or
- obtaining indemnification on behalf of the victim or the victim's family,
- and otherwise shall be safeguarded from disclosure to other members
- 23 of the public; and
- 24 (11) The ¹[Division of Child Advocacy in the Department of the
- 25 <u>Public Advocate</u>, Office of the Child Advocate established pursuant
- 26 to P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this
- 27 <u>bill</u>). Disclosure of juvenile information received by the child advocate
- 28 pursuant to this paragraph shall be in accordance with the provisions
- 29 of section 76 of P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the
- 30 Legislature as this bill).
- b. Records of law enforcement agencies may be disclosed for law
- 32 enforcement purposes, or for the purpose of reviewing applications for
- a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification
- 34 card to any law enforcement agency of this State, another state or the
- 35 United States, and the identity of a juvenile under warrant for arrest
- 36 for commission of an act that would constitute a crime if committed
- 37 by an adult may be disclosed to the public when necessary to execution
- 38 of the warrant.
- 39 c. At the time of charge, adjudication or disposition, information
- 40 as to the identity of a juvenile charged with an offense, the offense
- 41 charged, the adjudication and disposition shall, upon request, be
- 42 disclosed to:
- 43 (1) The victim or a member of the victim's immediate family;
- 44 (2) Any law enforcement agency which investigated the offense,
- 45 the person or agency which filed the complaint, and any law
- 46 enforcement agency in the municipality where the juvenile resides; and

- (3) On a confidential basis, the principal of the school where the juvenile is enrolled for use by the principal and such members of the staff and faculty of the school as the principal deems appropriate for maintaining order, safety or discipline in the school or to planning programs relevant to the juvenile's educational and social development, provided that no record of such information shall be maintained except as authorized by regulation of the Department of Education: or
 - (4) A party in a subsequent legal proceeding involving the juvenile, upon approval by the court.

- d. A law enforcement or prosecuting agency shall, at the time of a charge, adjudication or disposition, advise the principal of the school where the juvenile is enrolled of the identity of the juvenile charged, the offense charged, the adjudication and the disposition if:
- (1) The offense occurred on school property or a school bus, occurred at a school-sponsored function or was committed against an employee or official of the school; or
- (2) The juvenile was taken into custody as a result of information or evidence provided by school officials; or
- (3) The offense, if committed by an adult, would constitute a crime, and the offense:
- (a) resulted in death or serious bodily injury or involved an attempt or conspiracy to cause death or serious bodily injury; or
- (b) involved the unlawful use or possession of a firearm or other weapon; or
- (c) involved the unlawful manufacture, distribution or possession with intent to distribute a controlled dangerous substance or controlled substance analog; or
- (d) was committed by a juvenile who acted with a purpose to intimidate an individual or group of individuals because of race, color, religion, sexual orientation or ethnicity; or
 - (e) would be a crime of the first or second degree.
- Information provided to the principal pursuant to this subsection shall be treated as confidential but may be made available to such members of the staff and faculty of the school as the principal deems appropriate for maintaining order, safety or discipline in the school or for planning programs relevant to a juvenile's educational and social development, and no record of such information shall be maintained except as authorized by regulation of the Department of Education.
- e. Nothing in this section prohibits a law enforcement or prosecuting agency from providing the principal of a school with information identifying one or more juveniles who are under investigation or have been taken into custody for commission of any act that would constitute an offense if committed by an adult when the law enforcement or prosecuting agency determines that the information may be useful to the principal in maintaining order, safety

or discipline in the school or in planning programs relevant to the juvenile's educational and social development. Information provided to the principal pursuant to this subsection shall be treated as confidential but may be made available to such members of the staff and faculty of the school as the principal deems appropriate for maintaining order, safety or discipline in the school or for planning programs relevant to the juvenile's educational and social development. No information provided pursuant to this section shall be maintained.

- f. Information as to the identity of a juvenile adjudicated delinquent, the offense, the adjudication and the disposition shall be disclosed to the public where the offense for which the juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent if committed by an adult, would constitute a crime of the first, second or third degree, or aggravated assault, destruction or damage to property to an extent of more than \$500.00, unless upon application at the time of disposition the juvenile demonstrates a substantial likelihood that specific and extraordinary harm would result from such disclosure in the specific case. Where the court finds that disclosure would be harmful to the juvenile, the reasons therefor shall be stated on the record.
- g. (1) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the establishment and maintaining of a central registry of the records of law enforcement agencies relating to juveniles for the purpose of exchange between State and local law enforcement agencies and prosecutors of this State, another state, or the United States. These records of law enforcement agencies shall be available on a 24-hour basis.
- (2) Certain information and records relating to juveniles in the central registry maintained by the courts shall be available to State and local law enforcement agencies and prosecutors on a 24-hour basis.
- h. Whoever, except as provided by law, knowingly discloses, publishes, receives, or makes use of or knowingly permits the unauthorized use of information concerning a particular juvenile derived from records listed in subsection a. or acquired in the course of court proceedings, probation, or police duties, shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
 - i. Juvenile delinquency proceedings.
- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the court may, upon application by the juvenile or his parent or guardian, the prosecutor or any other interested party, including the victim or complainant or members of the news media, permit public attendance during any court proceeding at a delinquency case, where it determines that a substantial likelihood that specific harm to the juvenile would not result. The court shall have the authority to limit and control attendance in any manner and to the extent it deems appropriate;
- 45 (2) The court or, in cases where the county prosecutor has entered 46 an appearance, the county prosecutor shall notify the victim or a

- 1 member of the victim's immediate family of any court proceeding
- 2 involving the juvenile and the court shall permit the attendance of the
- 3 victim or family member at the proceeding except when, prior to
- 4 completing testimony as a witness, the victim or family member is
- 5 properly sequestered in accordance with the law or the Rules
- 6 Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey or when the juvenile
- 7 or the juvenile's family member shows, by clear and convincing
- 8 evidence, that such attendance would result in a substantial likelihood
- 9 that specific harm to the juvenile would result from the attendance of
- 10 the victim or a family member at a proceeding or any portion of a
- 11 proceeding and that such harm substantially outweighs the interest of
- 12 the victim or family member to attend that portion of the proceeding;
- 13 (3) The court shall permit a victim, or a family member of a victim
- 14 to make a statement prior to ordering a disposition in any delinquency
- 15 proceeding involving an offense that would constitute a crime if
- 16 committed by an adult.
- j. The Department of Education, in consultation with the Attorney
- 18 General, shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
- 19 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations
- 20 concerning the creation, maintenance and disclosure of pupil records
- 21 including information acquired pursuant to this section.
- 22 (cf: P.L.2001, c.407, s.1)

- 24 107. Section 3 of P.L.1994, c.119 (C.9:6-8.76) is amended to read 25 as follows:
- 3. The task force shall consist of [24] 25 members as follows: the
- 27 Commissioners of Human Services, Education, Community Affairs,
- 28 Corrections and Health, the Attorney General, the Chief Justice of the
- 29 Supreme Court, the Public Defender, the Child Advocate and the
- 30 Superintendent of State Police, or their designees, as ex officio
- 31 members; two members of the Senate and the General Assembly,
- 32 respectively, no more than one of whom in each case shall be of the
- 33 same political party; and the remaining public members to be
- 34 appointed by the Governor.
- The task force membership shall comply with the multidisciplinary requirements set forth in the "Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment"
- 37 Act," Pub.L.93-247 (42 U.S.C. s.5101 et seq.).
- The task force shall be co-chaired, one co-chair shall be the
- 39 Commissioner of Human Services and the other shall be appointed by
- 40 the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The second
- 41 co-chair shall be selected from among the public members and shall
- 42 serve at the pleasure of the Governor for a term not to exceed three
- 43 years. The second co-chair shall be allowed to serve two three-year
- 44 terms.
- 45 (cf: P.L.1994, c.119, s.3)

1 108. Section 7 of P.L.1997, c.175 (C.9:6-8.89) is amended to read 2 as follows:

7. a. The board shall consist of [13] 14 members as follows: the Commissioner of Human Services, the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, the Director of the Division of Youth and Family Services in the Department of Human Services, the Attorney General, the Child Advocate and the Superintendent of [the] State Police, or their designees, the State Medical Examiner, and the Chairperson or Executive Director of the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect, who shall serve ex officio; and six public members appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be a representative of the New Jersey Prosecutors' Association, one of whom shall be a Law Guardian, one of whom shall be a pediatrician with expertise in child abuse and neglect, one of whom shall be a psychologist with expertise in child abuse and neglect, one of whom shall be a social work educator with experience and expertise in the area of child abuse or a related field and one of whom shall have expertise in substance abuse.

b. The public members of the board shall serve for three-year terms. Of the public members first appointed, three shall serve for a period of two years, and three shall serve for a term of three years. They shall serve without compensation but shall be eligible for reimbursement for necessary and reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties and within the limits of funds appropriated for this purpose. Vacancies in the membership of the board shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were made.

- c. The Governor shall appoint a public member to serve as chairperson of the board who shall be responsible for the coordination of all activities of the board and who shall provide the technical assistance needed to execute the duties of the board.
- d. The board is entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of employees of any State, county or municipal department, board, bureau, commission or agency as it may require and as may be available for the purposes of reviewing a case pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1997, c.175 (C.9:6-8.83 et al.). The board may also seek the advice of experts, such as persons specializing in the fields of pediatric, radiological, neurological, psychiatric, orthopedic and forensic medicine; nursing; psychology; social work; education; law enforcement; family law; substance abuse; child advocacy or other related fields, if the facts of a case warrant additional expertise. (cf. P.L.1997, c.175, s.7)

43 109. Section 2 of P.L.2001, c.252 (C.30:4C-3.2) is amended to 44 read as follows:

2. The Review Panel shall consist of [nineteen (19)] <u>20</u> members as follows:

- a. The Commissioner of Human Services, or a designee, shall
 serve ex-officio.
- b. The Commissioner of Personnel, or a designee, shall serve ex-officio.
 - c. The State Treasurer, or a designee, shall serve ex-officio.
 - d. The Attorney General, or a designee, shall serve ex-officio.
- 7 e. The Public Defender, or a designee, shall serve ex-officio.
- f. The Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts, or a designee, shall serve ex-officio.
 - g. A representative of the Office of the Governor.

may be appointed for any number of successive terms.

- 11 h. <u>The Child Advocate, or a designee, shall serve ex-officio.</u>
- i. Two members of the Senate to be appointed by the President of
 the Senate who shall each be of different political parties and who shall
 serve during the legislative session in which the appointment is made,
 one of whom shall be the Chairman of the Senate Health, Human
 Services and Senior Citizens Committee, or its successor. A member
- [i.] j. Two members of the General Assembly to be appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly who shall each be of different political parties and who shall serve during the legislative session in which the appointment is made, one of whom shall be the Chairman of the Assembly Family [Woman] Women and Children's Services Committee, or its successor. A member may be appointed for any number of successive terms.
- 25 **[j.]** <u>k.</u> Eight public members shall be directly appointed by the Governor as follows:
- 27 (1) three public members who are representatives from employee 28 organizations, two of whom are representatives of the 29 Communications Workers of America;
- (2) a public member who is a representative of the Association forChildren of New Jersey;
- 32 (3) a public member who is a representative of Legal Services of33 New Jersey;
- (4) a public member who is a representative of a contracted service
 provider to the Division of Youth and Family Services; and
- (5) two public members, one of whom is a resource family parentand one of whom is an adoptive parent.
- 38 (cf: P.L.2004, c.130, s.48)

40 110. The following are repealed:

- 41 Section 17 of P.L.1979, c.496 (C.30:1A-2);
- 42 Sections 1 and 2 of P.L.1989, c.330 (C.52:27D-29.30 and 52:27D-
- 43 20.31);

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- 44 Sections ¹[1 through 6] <u>2 through 4</u> ¹ of P.L.1994, c.58 [¹
- 45 (C.52:27E-50 through C.52:27E-55)] (C.52:27E-51 through 52:27E-
- 46 $(53)^1$;

[2R] ACS for A1424 60

1	¹ [Section 8 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-56);] ¹
2	Sections ¹ [10 through 17] <u>11 through 20</u> ¹ of P.L.1994, c.58
3	¹ [(C.52:27E-57 through C.52:27E-64)] (C.52:27E-58 through
4	$C.52:27E-67)^{1}$;
5	Sections ¹ [18 through 20 and] ¹ 22 through 25 of P.L.1994, c.58
6	¹ [(C.52:27E-65] (C.52:27E-68 ¹ through 52:27E-71);
7	Sections 27 through 28 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-72 through
8	C.52:27E-73);
9	Section 33 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-74);
10	² [Section 37 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-75);] ²
11	¹ Section 68 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-79);
12	Section 44 of P.L.2003, c.89 (C.17:29A-53); ¹ and
13	Sections 1 through 11 of P.L.2003, c.187 (C.52:17D-1 et seq.).
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15	111. ¹ [There is appropriated from the General Fund] <u>Such sums</u>
16	as may be required for the costs of the Department of the Public
17	Advocate shall be transferred from existing appropriations, subject to
18	the approval of the Director of the Division of Budget and Accounting
19	and such further approval as required pursuant to the transfer
20	provisions of the annual appropriations act, 1 to the Department of the
21	Public Advocate ¹ [the sum of \$5,000,000] ¹ for the purposes of
22	implementing this act.
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24	112. This act shall take effect ² at noon ² on ² [the 90th day
25	following enactment, except that: 1) sections 4 and 5 shall take effect
26	immediately; and 2) such anticipatory administrative action may be
27	taken in advance of the effective date as shall be necessary for the
28	implementation of the act] January 17, 2006 ² .
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35	Restores Department of the Public Advocate as principal department
36	in Executive Branch.

ASSEMBLY, No. 1424

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2004 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman WILFREDO CARABALLO
District 29 (Essex and Union)
Assemblyman ALFRED E. STEELE
District 35 (Bergen and Passaic)
Assemblyman JOHN J. BURZICHELLI
District 3 (Salem, Cumberland and Gloucester)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman Stender, Assemblyman Chivukula, Assemblywoman Greenstein, Assemblyman Gusciora, Assemblywomen Pou, Watson Coleman, Weinberg, Assemblymen Eagler, Stanley, Wisniewski, Fisher, Assemblywoman Vandervalk and Assemblyman Gordon

SYNOPSIS

Restores Department of the Public Advocate as principal department in Executive Branch.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/11/2005)

AN ACT restoring the Department of the Public Advocate as a principal department in the Executive Branch of State government, supplementing Title 52 of the Revised Statutes and amending and repealing various parts of the statutory law.

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6 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey:

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ARTICLE I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

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- 1. (New section) Short title.
- This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Public Advocate Restoration Act of 2002."

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- 2. (New section) Legislative findings and declaration.
- 16 The Legislature finds and declares that:
- a. There is a great need for consumer protection and advocacy on behalf of the indigent, the elderly, children, and other persons unable to protect themselves as individuals or a class.
- b. Consolidating the diffuse functions of ombudspersons, guardians, ratepayer advocate, and other functions within a single Department of the Public Advocate will produce cost savings and more effective protection of the public interest and empower the Public Advocate to coordinate an efficient and timely process for evaluation and resolution of problems and disputes that affect consumers and other interested parties.
 - c. The abolition of the Public Advocate and the transfer of some of its functions to various departments has resulted in diffuse, ineffective representation of the rights of those unable to effectively advocate for themselves.
- d. It is essential that the State of New Jersey marshal existing resources scattered throughout State government and create economies of scale that will aid in the effective delivery of public services and the appropriate allocation of public resources.
- e. The Legislature must protect the public and restore confidence in government through effective advocacy, provided by the Department of the Public Advocate.
- f. Litigation is a costly and oftentimes ineffective means of resolving disputes, and State government must provide leadership and foster an environment for alternative dispute resolution. The public will benefit greatly from a Public Advocate devoted to a cost-effective
- means to avoid expensive litigation and an amicable way to resolve disputes.
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EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

- g. Children have special advocacy needs that require familiarity and expertise regarding the issues that affect them and a Division of Child Advocacy within the Department of the Public Advocate can effectively fulfill those needs.
- 5 h. The elderly represent an ever-increasing portion of the 6 population that requires special attention, and a Division of Elder 7 Advocacy can effectively meet those needs.
 - i. There must be a transfer of funding and an appropriation to fund the operations of the Department of the Public Advocate and the salary of its appointed commissioner known as the "Public Advocate".

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- 3. (New section) Establishment.
- There is hereby established in the Executive Branch of the State Government a principal department which shall be known as the Department of the Public Advocate.

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4. (New section) Commissioner; appointment; term; salary.

The administrator and chief executive officer of the Department of the Public Advocate shall be a commissioner, who shall be known as the Public Advocate and who shall be an attorney-at-law of this State and a person qualified by training and experience to perform the duties of the office. The Public Advocate shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor during the Governor's term of office and until the appointment and qualification of the Public Advocate's successor. The Public Advocate shall receive such salary as shall be provided by law.

The Public Advocate may, in the discretion of the Governor, concurrently hold another position established in or allocated to the Department of the Public Advocate, notwithstanding any requirement of law that the Public Advocate devote his or her entire time to the duties of one position or the other. In such case, the Public Advocate shall receive only the salary provided for the Public Advocate, and not the salary for such other position.

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- 5. (New section) Powers and duties of Public Advocate.
- The Public Advocate as administrator and chief executive officer of the department shall:
 - a. administer the work of the department;
 - b. appoint and remove such officers, investigators, stenographic and clerical assistants and other personnel as may be required for the conduct of the department, subject to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes, Civil Service, and other applicable statutes, except as provided otherwise herein;
- c. adopt, issue and promulgate, in the name of the department, such rules and regulations as may be necessary, consistent with the Administrative Procedures Act, P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.);

d. formulate and adopt rules and regulations for the efficient conduct of the work and general administration of the department, its officers and employees;

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- e. institute or cause to be instituted such legal proceedings or processes consistent with the rules governing the courts of New Jersey and the practice of law therein as may be necessary to properly enforce and give effect to any of his or her powers or duties;
- f. prepare schedules of rates to be paid for services rendered other than by the staff, taking into account the nature of the services, the time involved, the skill and experience required and other pertinent factors;
- 12 g. make such reports of the department's operation as the 13 Governor or the Legislature shall from time to time request, or as may be required by law. In addition, the Public Advocate shall report to 14 15 the Governor and the Legislature annually with respect to such matters relating to the work of the Public Advocate and at such times as he or 16 she may deem in the public interest. This report shall describe the 17 matters and activities involving the Department of the Public 18 19 Advocate, its divisions and offices, including the status and description 20 of significant cases that have been litigated, mediated, or otherwise 21 administered by the Public Advocate. This report shall include an 22 analysis on the costs and benefits of the litigation brought by the 23 Public Advocate, and include any recommendations for administrative 24 or legislative action that he or she deems necessary or appropriate;
 - h. perform, exercise and discharge the functions, powers and duties of the department through such divisions or offices as may be established by this act or otherwise by law;
 - i. organize and coordinate the work of the department in such divisions or offices, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, and in such other organizational units as he or she may determine to be necessary for efficient and effective operation;
 - j. integrate within the department, so far as practicable, all staff services of the department and of the several divisions and other agencies therein;
 - k. maintain suitable headquarters for the department and such other quarters as he or she shall deem necessary to the proper functioning of the department;
- 1. except as otherwise provided by law, appoint division directors, office directors, and ombudspersons who are qualified by training and experience to direct, under the supervision of the Public Advocate, the several divisions and offices established pursuant to this act. Such division directors, office directors, and ombudspersons shall serve at the pleasure of the Public Advocate who shall fix their compensation within the limits of available appropriations;
- m. adopt policies and procedures to manage any litigation so that the Public Advocate may reasonably ensure that all litigation matters are effectively managed by the relevant division overseeing such

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1 actions;

n. solicit and accept grants of funds from the federal government and from private foundations, and allocate or restrict the use of such funds as may be required by the grantor;

- o. be the request officer for the department within the meaning of such term as defined in P.L.1944, c.112 (C.52:27B-1 et seq.); and
- p. perform such other functions as may be prescribed in this act orby any other law.

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6. (New section) Appointment of Assistant Public Advocate.

11 The Public Advocate may appoint an Assistant Public Advocate to serve at the pleasure of the Public Advocate. Such appointment shall 12 13 be in writing and filed with the Secretary of State. The Assistant 14 Public Advocate shall have and exercise the powers and perform the 15 functions and duties of the Public Advocate during the absence or disability of the Public Advocate. The Assistant Public Advocate shall 16 17 also have and exercise such of the powers and perform such of the functions and duties of the Public Advocate as he or she shall be 18 19 authorized and directed by the Public Advocate. 20 authorization and direction shall be in writing, signed by the Public 21 Advocate and filed with the Secretary of State, and shall include a 22 designation of the period during which it shall be and remain in force. 23 No such authorization and direction shall be deemed to preclude the 24 Public Advocate from himself or herself exercising the powers and the 25 performance of the duties included in the authorization and direction. 26 In the event that the Public Advocate shall die, resign or be removed 27 from office, or become disqualified to execute the duties of the office, or a vacancy shall occur in the office of the Public Advocate for any 28 29 cause whatsoever, the person then holding the office of Assistant 30 Public Advocate shall continue to hold such office and shall have and exercise the powers and perform the functions and duties of the Public 31 32 Advocate until the successor of the Public Advocate shall be appointed 33 and shall qualify.

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provided by law.

7. (New section) Deputy public advocates and other assistants.

The Assistant Public Advocate shall receive such salary as shall be

The Public Advocate shall appoint deputy public advocates and other expert assistants in such number as he or she shall require to assist him or her in the performance of the duties of the office. Deputies shall be attorneys-at-law of this State. Deputies and other expert assistants shall serve at the pleasure of the Public Advocate and shall receive such salaries as the Public Advocate shall from time to time designate.

8. (New section) Professional responsibilities.

The primary duty of all staff members and of others engaged by the department on a temporary or case basis shall be to the individual client, with like effect and to the same purpose as though privately engaged by the client and without regard to the use of public funds to provide the service. This responsibility shall not preclude the designation or assignment of different individuals to perform various parts of the service from time to time, the duty in such cases to be the same as would exist in the case of a privately engaged law firm.

- 9. (New section) Attorney-client and work product privileges.
- a. All communications between the individual client and any attorney in or engaged by the Department of the Public Advocate, including the Advisory Council created by section 12 of this act, shall be fully protected by the attorney-client privilege to the same extent and degree as though counsel has been engaged privately, and the work product of such attorneys, including the Advisory Council, shall be fully protected by the work product privilege to the same extent and degree as though counsel has been engaged privately. These privileges shall in no way preclude the use by the department of material in its files, otherwise privileged, for the preparation and disclosure of statistical, case study and other sociological data, provided always that in any such use there shall be no disclosure of the identity or the means for discovering the identity of particular clients.
- b. Any record held by the department which includes information about the identity, care or treatment of any person seeking or receiving services from the department, or the identity of any person seeking services from the department on behalf of another person, shall not be a government record as defined in section 1 of P.L.1995, c.23 (C.47:1A-1.1) and shall not be available for public inspection, copying, or the purchase of copies.
- c. Any person acting reasonably and in good faith who seeks assistance from the department on behalf of another person shall be immune from civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed and shall have the same immunity with respect to testimony given in any judicial proceeding resulting from that request for assistance.

10. (New section) Standard of performance.

In providing legal services to clients pursuant to this act, every attorney, whether a member of the staff or engaged by the department on a temporary or case basis, shall adhere to the standards of performance established from time to time by the Supreme Court of New Jersey in the execution of its duty to supervise the practice of law.

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- 1 11. (New section) Organization of department.
- a. There are hereby established six divisions and one office within
 the Department of the Public Advocate.
- b. The divisions within the department shall be: the Division of
 Administration; the Division of Public Interest Advocacy; the Division
 of Ratepayer Advocate; the Division of Elder Advocacy; the Division
- 8 c. The office within the department shall be the Office of Public 9 Advocate.

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12. (New section) Advisory council; established.

of Child Advocacy; and the Division of Citizen Relations.

12 There shall be within the Department of the Public Advocate an 13 Advisory Council. Such council shall be comprised of nine public 14 members, five to be appointed by the Governor, who serve at the pleasure of the Governor, and one to be appointed by the Senate 15 President, one to be appointed by the Senate Minority Leader, one to 16 be appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, and one to be 17 appointed by the Minority Leader of the General Assembly, who shall 18 19 serve during the Legislative term in which they are appointed. If there 20 is no Minority Leader in the Senate or General Assembly, then the 21 Senate President or the Assembly Speaker, as the case may be, shall 22 appoint two members. Two of the members appointed by the

- The Advisory Council shall:
- a. meet periodically with the Public Advocate to review litigation proposed, and pending litigation filed, by the Public Advocate;

Governor shall be elected local government officials in this State.

- b. determine if such proposed or pending litigation benefits the public and adheres to the mission of the Public Advocate;
- c. propose alternative methods of resolving matters at issue in proposed litigation or of settling litigation filed, if appropriate; and
- d. provide general advice to the Public Advocate and the directors of the divisions on an on-going basis.

After consultation with the Public Advocate, the council shall make recommendations, in writing, concerning proposed or pending litigation and alternative methods and those recommendations shall be submitted to the Public Advocate. The written recommendation shall be available to the public.

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- 39 13. (New section) Advisory council; expenses.
- Members of the Advisory Council shall not receive any compensation, but they shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

- 44 14. (New section) Advisory council chairperson; established.
- The Governor shall appoint a Chairperson to the Advisory Council
- 46 from among the nine members of the Advisory Council. Such
- 47 Chairperson shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor.

1 15. (New section) Advisory council chairperson; duties.

The Chairperson shall convene meetings of the entire Council at least twice a calendar year to carry out the functions described in section 12 of this act.

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16. (New section) Definitions.

7 As used in this act:

"administrative action" means and includes any action, omission, decision, recommendation, practice or procedure of an agency, but does not include the preparation, presentation or introduction of legislation;

12 "agency" means and includes the State of New Jersey and its 13 principal departments, and any division, bureau, board, commission, agency, office, authority, or institution of the Executive Branch of the 14 15 State government, or any other agency, including bi-state agencies, or any instrumentality created by the State, including counties, 16 municipalities, or political subdivisions thereof, or any officer, 17 employee, or member thereof acting or purporting to act in the 18 19 exercise of his or her official duties, except the Governor and the 20 Governor's personal staff and any portion of the Legislative Branch or 21 Judicial Branch of State government;

"child" means any individual less than 18 years of age;

"compensatory damages" means damages intended to make good the loss of an injured party, and no more. The term includes general and special damages, and does not include nominal, exemplary, or punitive damages;

"consumer insurance rate increases" means prior approval rate increases for: personal lines property casualty coverages; Medicare supplemental coverages; or a rating system change pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.1 et seq.);

"correctional facility" means a jail, prison, lockup, penitentiary, reformatory, training school, or other similar facility within the State of New Jersey;

"department" means the Department of the Public Advocate established herein, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise;

"elderly" means a person age 60 years or older;

37 "facility" whenever referred to in sections 53 through 57 of this act, 38 means any facility or institution, whether public or private, offering 39 health or health related services for the institutionalized elderly, and 40 which is subject to regulation, visitation, inspection, or supervision by 41 any government agency. Facilities include, but are not limited to, 42 nursing homes, skilled nursing homes, intermediate care facilities, 43 extended care facilities, convalescent homes, rehabilitation centers, 44 residential health care facilities, special hospitals, veterans' hospitals, 45 chronic disease hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, mental hospitals, mental retardation centers or facilities, day care facilities for the 46 elderly, and medical day care centers; 47

"federal agency" means and includes the United States of America and its principal departments, any division, bureau, board, commission, agency, office, authority, or institution of the Executive branch of the federal government, and any officer, employee, or member thereof acting or purporting to act in the exercise of his of her official duties, except the President of the United States and the President's personal staff;

"funded entities" means any parties to and beneficiaries of contracts with the State or its political subdivisions, including any business, corporation, association, partnership, sole proprietorship, firm, trust, organization, unincorporated organization, individual, enterprise, or other legal entity receiving public funds;

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"indigent mental hospital admittee" means a person who has been admitted to and is a patient in a mental hospital, an institution for the care and treatment of the mentally ill, or a similar facility, whether public or private, State, county or local, or who is the subject of an action for admission as provided by R.S.30:4-27 and who does not have the financial ability to secure competent representation and to provide all other necessary expenses of representation;

"institutionalized elderly" means any person 60 years of age or older, who is a patient, resident or client of any facility, as described herein;

"nominal damages" means damages that are designed to compensate a plaintiff and are less than \$500;

"public employee" means an employee of a public entity, and includes a person participating, under the supervision of the Palisades Interstate Park Commission, in a volunteer program in that part of the Palisades Interstate Park located in New Jersey;

"public entity" means and includes the State, and any county, municipality, district, public authority, public agency, and any other political subdivision or public body in the State;

"public interest" means an interest or right arising from the Constitution, decisions of court, common law or other laws of the United States or of this State inhering in the citizens of this State or in a broad class of such citizens;

"punitive damages" means and includes exemplary damages and means damages awarded against a party in a civil action because of aggravating circumstances in order to penalize and to provide additional deterrence against a defendant to discourage similar conduct in the future. Punitive damages do not include compensatory damages or nominal damages; and

"State-sentenced" means an inmate convicted of a crime under the laws of the State of New Jersey and sentenced to a correctional facility within the State of New Jersey for more than 364 days.

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ARTICLE 2. OFFICES

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3	17. (New section) Office of Public Advocate.
4	The Public Advocate may establish an Office of Public Advocate
5	and appoint to such office those persons necessary to the supervision
6	and efficient operations of the department.
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8	ARTICLE 3. DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION
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10	18. (New section) Division of Administration.
11	There is hereby established in the Department of the Public
12	Advocate the Division of Administration to be under the supervision
13	of the Director of the Division of Administration.
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15	19. (New section) Division of Administration; duties.
16	It shall be the duty of the Division of Administration, at the
17	direction of the Public Advocate, to prepare a budget for the
18	department, fulfill personnel requirements, provide public information
19	concerning department activities, and conduct such research as the
20	Public Advocate determines to be relevant and necessary to the
21	department's functions.
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23	ARTICLE 4. DIVISION OF CITIZEN RELATIONS
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25	20. (New section) Division of Citizen Relations.
26	There is hereby established in the Department of the Public
27	Advocate the Division of Citizen Relations under the supervision of
28	the Director of the Division of Citizen Relations.
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30	21. (New section) Division of Citizen Relations; powers and
31	duties.
32	The Division of Citizen Relations shall, under the direction and
33	supervision of the Director of the Division of Citizen Relations, in
34	addition to other powers and duties vested in it by this act, or any
35	other law:
36	a. receive and forward to appropriate agencies of the State for
37	determination complaints from any citizen relating to the
38	administrative action or inaction of agencies;
39	b. investigate any complaint from any citizen relating to the
40	administrative action or inaction of any agency, whether or not such
41	action or inaction is final, where the complaint indicates that the action
42	or inaction may have been:
43	(1) unreasonable, unfair, oppressive, or potentially discriminatory,
44	although in accordance with law;

(2) unaccompanied by an adequate explanation; or

c. maintain records indicating the final disposition of any complaint

(3) performed in an inefficient manner; and

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forwarded by the division to an agency.

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3 22. (New section) Notice to complainant and agency. 4 The Division of Citizen Relations shall determine whether a complaint is or is not an appropriate subject for investigation under 5 6 this act, and shall inform the complainant of that decision, stating its 7 reasons therefore. If the division decides to investigate a complaint, 8 it shall also notify the affected agency of its decision. 9 10 23. (New section) Procedure after investigation. 11 If, after investigation, the Division of Citizen Relations finds that: a. a matter should be further considered by the agency, 12 13 b. an administrative action or inaction should be modified or 14 canceled, c. a statute or regulation on which an administrative action or 15 inaction is based should be altered, 16 d. reasons or more complete reasons should be given for an 17 18 administrative action or inaction, or 19 e. any other action should be taken by the agency, it shall report its 20 findings and recommendations to the Public Advocate who may request the agency to notify him or her, within a specified time, of the 21 action taken on such recommendations. The division is also 22 authorized to conduct public hearings on such an issue if it determines 23 that such hearings are necessary. The Public Advocate may refer the 24 25 findings and recommendations of the Division of Citizen Relations to 26 the Division of Public Interest Advocacy or, if appropriate, to the 27 Division of Rate Counsel. 28 29 24. (New section) Notice to the complainant. 30 After a reasonable time has elapsed, the Division of Citizen Relations shall notify the complainant of the action taken by the 31 32 Division of Citizen Relations and by the agency which was the subject 33 of the complaint. 34 25. (New section) Corrections Ombudsperson; established. 35 There is hereby established in the Division of Citizen Relations of 36 the Department of the Public Advocate a Corrections Ombuds person. 37 38 39 26. (New section) Corrections Ombudsperson; appointment. 40 The Corrections Ombudsperson shall be appointed by the Public Advocate and shall serve at the pleasure of the Public Advocate during 41 the Public Advocate's term of office. 42 43 44 27. (New section) Corrections Ombudsperson; transfer of 45 functions.

a. All functions, powers, and duties now vested in the Ombudsman

in the Department of Corrections, as referenced in N.J.A.C.10A:1-1.1

et seq. are transferred to and assumed by the Division of Citizen 2 Complaints, Corrections Ombudsperson of the Department of the Public Advocate. 3 4 b. Whenever, in any law, rule, regulation, order, reorganization plan, contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding, or 5 6 otherwise, reference is made to the Ombudsman in the Department of 7 Corrections concerning functions, powers, and duties which had been 8 vested in the Ombudsman, the same shall mean and refer to the 9 Corrections Ombudsperson in the Division of Citizen Complaints of the Department of the Public Advocate. 10 11 12 28. (New section) Corrections Ombudsperson; jurisdiction. 13 Any person, over the age of 18 years, who is convicted of a crime 14 under the laws of the State of New Jersey and sentenced to a jail, 15 prison, lockup, penitentiary, reformatory, training school, or other similar facility within the State of New Jersey for more than 364 days 16 is a "State-sentenced" inmate and considered to be among the 17 individuals who may properly seek redress from the Corrections 18 19 Ombudsperson concerning the conditions of their confinement. 20 21 29. (New section) Corrections Ombudsperson; duties. 22 The Corrections Ombudsperson shall establish and implement procedures for eliciting, receiving, processing, responding, and 23 24 resolving complaints from inmates, their families, other interested 25 citizens, public officials, and government agencies concerning

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30. (New section) Ombudsperson for Persons with Mental Illness; established.

conditions in the correctional facilities listed in section 28 of this act.

30 There is hereby established in the Division of Citizen Relations in the Department of the Public Advocate an Ombudsperson for Persons 31 32 with Mental Illness.

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- 34 31. (New section) Ombudsperson for Persons with Mental Illness; 35 appointment.
 - The Ombudsperson for Persons with Mental Illness shall be appointed by the Public Advocate and shall serve at the pleasure of the Public Advocate during the Public Advocate's term of office.

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40 32. (New section) Ombudsperson for Persons with Mental Illness; objective; duties. 41

The Ombudsperson for Persons with Mental Illness shall promote, 42 43 advocate, and ensure the adequacy of the care received, and the 44 quality of life experienced, by persons with mental illness, including 45 patients, residents, and clients within the mental health facilities and programs operated, funded, or licensed by the State. In determining 46 what elements are essential to ensure adequate care and quality of life, 47

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- 1 the Ombudsperson shall consider the unique medical, social, and
- 2 economic needs and problems of persons with mental illness as
- 3 patients, residents, and clients of facilities and as citizens and
- 4 community members. The Ombudsperson for Persons with Mental
- 5 Illness may act as a representative of indigent mental hospital
- 6 admittees with any principal department or other instrumentality of
- 7 State, county, or local government.
- 8 The Ombudsperson shall establish and implement procedures to
- 9 elicit, receive, process, respond, and resolve complaints from patients,
- 10 their families, other interested citizens, public officials, and
- 11 government agencies concerning conditions in the State's mental
- 12 health facilities.
- 13 The Ombudsperson shall coordinate and cooperate with mental
- 14 health legal advocacy agencies and organizations, and meet with the
- 15 private entity New Jersey Protection and Advocacy, Inc. or its
- successor, designated by the Governor as the State's protection and
- 17 advocacy agency and the Division of Mental Health and Guardianship
- 18 Advocacy in the Office of the Public Defender at least quarterly.
- 19 These meetings shall be for the purpose of preventing duplication of
- 20 efforts, optimizing resources and exchanging information that is not
- 21 privileged or confidential.

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ARTICLE 5. DIVISION OF RATEPAYER ADVOCATE

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- 25 33. (New section) Division of Ratepayer Advocate; established.
- There is hereby established in the Department of the Public
- 27 Advocate the Division of Ratepayer Advocate to be under the
- 28 supervision of the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate.
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- 30 34. (New section) Director of the Division of Ratepayer
- 31 Advocate; staff.
- The Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate shall be an
- 33 attorney-at-law of this State, appointed by the Public Advocate. When
- 34 exceptional circumstances arise, the Director of the Division of
- 35 Ratepayer Advocate, with the approval of the Public Advocate, may
- on a temporary basis retain expert assistants as are necessary to
- 37 protect the public interest, pursuant to a reasonable fee schedule
- 38 established in advance by the Public Advocate.
- Cases shall be assigned to staff attorneys or to attorneys hired on
- 40 a case by case basis calculated to provide competent representation in
- 41 the light of the nature of the case, the services to be performed, the
- 42 experience of the particular attorney, and other relevant factors.

- 44 35. (New section) Division of Ratepayer Advocate; jurisdiction.
- The Division of the Ratepayer Advocate shall have the authority to
- 46 conduct investigations, initiate studies, conduct research, present
- 47 comments and testimony before governmental bodies, issue reports,

- and produce and disseminate consumer guides on any matters that fall
 within the Ratepayer Advocates's jurisdiction. The Ratepayer
 Advocate shall also have the authority to represent the public interest
- 4 as set forth below.

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- a. Utilities. The Division of Ratepayer Advocate may represent 5 6 and protect the public interest as defined in section 16 of this act in proceedings before and appeals from any State department, 7 8 commission, authority, council, agency, or board charged with the 9 regulation or control of any business, industry, or utility regarding a 10 requirement that the business, industry, or utility provide a service or 11 regarding the fixing of a rate, toll, fare, or charge for a product or 12 service. The Division of Ratepayer Advocate may initiate any such 13 proceedings when the director determines that a discontinuance or 14 change in a required service or a rate, toll, fare, or charge for a 15 product or service is in the public interest.
- b. Insurance; limited jurisdiction. The Division of Ratepayer 16 17 Advocate may represent and protect the public interest as defined in 18 section 16 of this act in significant proceedings that pertain to: (1) 19 prior approval rate increases for: (a) personal lines property casualty 20 coverages, (b) Medicare supplemental coverages; or (2) a rating 21 system change pursuant to P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.1 et seq.), 22 if the Commissioner of the Department of Banking and Insurance 23 advises the Ratepayer Advocate that such proposed change pursuant 24 to P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.1 et seq.) is likely to result in an 25 overall increase in revenue of greater than three percent in a filing 26 made by an insurer or affiliated group of insurers. The Division of 27 Ratepayer Advocate shall have no jurisdiction or authority to 28 participate or intervene in expedited prior approval rate filings made 29 by an insurer or affiliated group of insurers pursuant to section 34 of 30 P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.6) or section 3 of P.L.2001, c.409 31 (C.17:36-5.35).
- In determining, in his or her discretion, whether a proceeding is significant, the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate shall consider the following factors:
- 35 (1) the overall dollar impact of the requested increase, considering 36 the filer's market share and the magnitude of the requested rate 37 change;
- 38 (2) whether the increase, if granted, will increase the filer's rates 39 significantly above market norms;
 - (3) whether the filer is advancing a significantly different alternate ratemaking methodology to the standard methodology established pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1988, c.119 (C.17:29A-36.2);
 - (4) whether the insurer is experiencing financial difficulties at its present rate level, as evidenced by the filing of rehabilitation proceedings, recent downgrading by insurance rating services, or significant losses reported on the filer's public financial statement.
- 47 Upon the effective date of this act, the Director of the Division of

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- 1 Ratepayer Advocate in the Department of the Public Advocate shall,
- 2 in addition to the powers set forth in this act, have the express
- 3 authority to intervene in public hearings pursuant to section 66 of
- 4 P.L.1998, c.21 (C.17:29A-46.8).

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- 6 36. (New section) Division of Ratepayer Advocate; intent.
- It is the intent of the Legislature that the resources of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate be devoted to the maximum extent possible to ensuring adequate representation of the interests of those consumers whose interests would otherwise be inadequately represented in matters within the jurisdiction of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate.
- When the interests of consumers differ, the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate shall give priority to representing the interests of consumers whose interests the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate finds to be inadequately represented.
 - This section does not require the Division of Ratepayer Advocate to represent the interests of a consumer or group of consumers if the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate determines that such representation is adverse to the overall interests of the using and consuming public.

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- 37. (New section) Division of Ratepayer Advocate; required notices to the Division of Ratepayer Advocate.
- The Division of Ratepayer Advocate shall receive a copy from the filer of any rate filing seeking consumer insurance rate increases, including any amendments or supplements thereto. A copy of such rate filing shall be received by the Division of Ratepayer Advocate concurrent with any rate filing with the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance; except, however, the filer is not required to provide a copy of such rate filing with the Division of Ratepayer Advocate if: (a) the filing is an expedited prior approval rate filing made pursuant to either section 34 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.6) or section 3 of P.L.2001, c.409 (C.17:36-5.35); or (b) the filing is made pursuant to any statutory change in coverage provided under a policy of private passenger automobile insurance.

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- 38. (New section) Division of Ratepayer Advocate; public notices of certain consumer insurance rate increases.
- 39 The Division of Ratepayer Advocate and the Department of 40 Banking and Insurance may publish on their respective official 41 websites, to the extent practicable, as the case may be: (a) notice of all 42 filings for consumer insurance rate increases; (b) all requests for 43 hearing dates for such increases; and (c) the date or dates a hearing is 44 to be held. The Division of Ratepayer Advocate and the Department 45 of Banking and Insurance, pursuant to regulations established by the Division of Ratepayer Advocate, shall establish operational links such 46 that each respective website may be accessed from the other. 47

1 Publication on the applicable website shall take place within three

2 business days of the applicable notice of filing, request for hearing, and

3 date or dates of hearings.

If an insurer or rating organization files for a consumer insurance rate increase, excluding rating system changes made pursuant to P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.1 et seq.), the insurer or ratings organization shall, in conjunction with such filing, notify the public of the proposed rate change; except, however, the filer is not required to notify the public of the proposed rate change if the rate increase pertains to: (a) an expedited prior approval rate filing made pursuant to either section 34 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.6) or section 3 of P.L.2001, c.409 (C.17:36-5.35); or (b) a rate filing made pursuant to any statutory change in coverage provided under a policy of private passenger automobile insurance; or (c) a rating system change made pursuant to P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.1 et seq.), as referenced

Such notice shall be communicated through regular or electronic mail to the named policy holders who use the products and services subject to the rate increase, within seven business days of the applicable filing and shall conform to a form prescribed by the Department of Banking and Insurance pursuant to regulations established in conjunction with the Ratepayer Advocate.

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39. (New section) Payment of expenses of Division of Ratepayer Advocate; annual utility assessment.

a. Annual utility assessment. The Division of Ratepayer Advocate shall annually make an assessment against each public utility consistent with, but separate from, the Board of Public Utilities' assessments under the provisions of P.L.1968, c.173 (C.48:2-59 et seq.). All assessments due and owing to the Division of Ratepayer Advocate as of the effective date of this act shall be deemed due and owing to the Division of Ratepayer Advocate in the Department of the Public Advocate as of the effective date of this act.

b. Calculation of annual utility assessment. The annual assessment shall be equal to a percentage of the gross operating revenue of the public utilities under the jurisdiction of the Board of Public Utilities derived from intrastate operations during the preceding calendar year at a rate determined annually by the Director of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate in the manner set forth in section 2 of P.L.1968, c.173 (C.48:2-60), except that the total amount assessed to any public utility shall not exceed ¼ of 1 percent of the gross operating revenue subject to assessment hereunder. The minimum annual assessment under this section shall not be less than \$500.

c. Levy and payment of annual assessment. The annual assessment set forth in subsections a. and b. above shall be levied by the Division of the Ratepayer Advocate no later than August 15, and shall be paid within 30 days of mailing notice thereof and a statement of the amount

by first class mail to any public utility, except that for Fiscal Year 2003 2 this assessment shall be levied no later than August 1, 2002.

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- 40. (New section) Payment of expenses of Division of Ratepayer
- 5 Advocate; annual insurance assessment. 6 a. Annual insurance assessment. The Director of the Division of
- 8 before August 15 in each year, ascertain and certify to the

Budget and Accounting in the Department of the Treasury shall, on or

- 9 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by category the total amount
- 10 of expenses incurred by the State in connection with the administration
- 11 of the special functions of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate in the
- Department of the Public Advocate relative to the expenses of the 12
- 13 Division of Ratepayer Advocate in connection with the administration
- 14 of insurance rate cases during the preceding fiscal year.
- 15 Department of Banking and Insurance shall make an assessment, on an
- annual basis, in accordance with the process set forth in P.L.1995 16
- 17 c.156 (C.17:1C-19 et seq.).
 - b. Calculation of annual insurance assessment. The annual assessment shall be no more than a specified aggregate amount adjusted annually for inflation, which shall be calculated and applied separately from the maximum total assessment set forth in section 13 of P.L.1995, c.156 (C.17:1C-31). The amount collected for expenses pursuant subsection a. of this section, shall not exceed the amount appropriated by the Legislature for those expenses.

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- 26 41. (New section) Division of Ratepayer Advocate; transfer of 27 powers and duties.
- 28 All functions, powers, and duties which had been vested in the
- 29 Division of Rate Counsel in the Department of the Public Advocate 30 prior to the effective date of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) and
- which were transferred by P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.) to the 31
- 32 Department of Insurance and to the Division of the Ratepayer
- 33 Advocate established by Reorganization Plan 94-001, are hereby
- 34 transferred to and assumed by the Division of Ratepayer Advocate in
- the Department of the Public Advocate. 35
- 36 Whenever, in any law, rule, regulation, order, reorganization plan,
- contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding, or 37 38 otherwise, reference is made to the Department of Banking and

Insurance, or to the Division of the Ratepayer Advocate concerning

- 40 functions, powers and duties which had been vested in the Division of
- Rate Counsel in the Department of the Public Advocate prior to the 41
- 42 effective date of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 et al.), the same shall
- 43 mean and refer to the Division of Ratepayer Advocate in the
- 44 Department of the Public Advocate.

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- 46 42. (New section) Right to intervene in federal proceedings.
- 47 The Division of Ratepayer Advocate shall have the right to

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represent the public interest in any federal proceeding, including but not limited to proceedings before the Federal Communications Commission, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and the 3 4 Federal Trade Commission. 5 ARTICLE 6. DIVISION OF PUBLIC INTEREST ADVOCACY 6 7 8 43. (New section) Division of Public Interest Advocacy; established. 9 10 There is hereby established in the Department of the Public Advocate the Division of Public Interest Advocacy under the 11 supervision of the Director of the Division of Public Interest 12 13 Advocacy, who shall be an attorney-at-law of this State, appointed by the Public Advocate. 14 15 (New section) Division of Public Interest Advocacy; 16 44. 17 jurisdiction. 18 The Division of Public Interest Advocacy may represent the public 19 interest in such administrative and court proceedings, other than those 20 under the jurisdiction of the Division of Ratepayer Advocate pursuant 21 to this act, as the Public Advocate deems shall best serve the public 22 interest. 23 24 45. (New section) Decision to represent particular public interest. 25 The Public Advocate shall have sole discretion to represent or 26 refrain from representing the public interest in any proceeding. The 27 Public Advocate shall consider in exercising his or her discretion the importance and the extent of the public interest involved and whether 28 29 that interest would be adequately represented without the action of the 30 department. If the Public Advocate determines that there are inconsistent public interests involved in a particular matter, the Public 31 32 Advocate may choose to represent one such interest based on the 33 considerations in this section, to represent no interest in that matter, 34 or to represent one such interest through the Division of Public Interest Advocacy and another or others through other divisions of the 35 36 department or through outside counsel engaged on a case by case

basis. The Public Advocate has the authority to use his or her

discretion to refer potential litigation or other matters to the Office of

Dispute Settlement within the Office of the Public Defender for

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mediation and resolution.

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46. (New section) Division of Public Interest Advocacy; power.
 The Division of Public Interest Advocacy may represent and protect

3 the public interest by:

- a. intervening in or instituting proceedings before any department, commission, agency, or board leading to an administrative adjudication or administrative rule as defined in section 2 of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-2), or intervening in any matter involving the grant or denial of a permit issued by an agency; and
 - b. instituting litigation on behalf of a broad public interest when authorized to do so by the Public Advocate. Such litigation or representation may include, but is not limited to, litigation on behalf of, or representation of, consumers, the indigent, the elderly, senior citizens, people with disabilities, persons with mental illness and developmental disabilities, or any other group or interest deemed appropriate by the Public Advocate.

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- 47. (New section) Division of Public Interest Advocacy; additional powers
- a. The Division of Public Interest Advocacy may receive and investigate complaints and provide such legal representation and other advocacy services as the Public Advocate deems appropriate to protect and advocate the rights of any group or interest deemed appropriate by the Public Advocate, except, however, the provisions of this act shall not be construed to authorize the Division of Public Interest Advocacy, or any other division within the Department of the Public Advocate, to: (1) represent any individual in any civil commitment proceeding pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1987, c.116 (C.30:4-27.10 et seq.); or (2) represent any individual in any matters involving incarceration, except as expressly set forth as the duties of the Corrections Ombudsperson, pursuant to sections 27 through 30of this act.
- b. The Division of Public Interest Advocacy may, in its discretion, commence negotiation, mediation, or alternative dispute resolution prior to, or in lieu of, the initiation of any litigation.

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ARTICLE 7. DIVISION OF CHILD ADVOCACY

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- 38 48. (New section) Division of Child Advocacy; established.
- There is hereby established in the Department of the Public 40 Advocate the Division of Child Advocacy under the supervision of the 41 Director of the Division of Child Advocacy, appointed by the Public 42 Advocate.

- 44 49. (New section) Division of Child Advocacy; jurisdiction.
- The Division of Child Advocacy may represent the interests of children in such administrative and court proceedings as the Public
- 47 Advocate deems shall best serve the interest of children.

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- 1 50. (New section) Division of Child Advocacy; powers and duties.
- The Division of Child Advocacy may represent and protect the interest of children by:
- a. intervening in or instituting proceedings involving the interests of children before any department, commission, agency, or board of the State leading to an administrative adjudication or administrative rule as defined in section 2 of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-2).
- b. instituting litigation on behalf of broad interests of children when
 authorized to do so by the Public Advocate.
- 10 c. commence negotiation, mediation, or alternative dispute 11 resolution in its advocacy efforts prior to, or in lieu of, the initiation 12 of any litigation.

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- 51. (New section) Division of Child Advocacy: additional powers and duties.
- a. The Division of Child Advocacy shall report to the Governor and the Legislature on recommendations that will further the State's ability to secure, preserve, and promote the health, safety, and welfare of New Jersey's children.
 - b. The Division of Child Advocacy shall have the authority to hold a public hearing on the subject of any investigation or study. The division may hear testimony from agency and program representatives, the public in general, and such others as may be deemed appropriate.
 - c. The Division of Child Advocacy shall have access to the records and facilities of every agency, funded entity, or other recipient of public funds, to the extent that any such records and facilities are related to the expenditure of public funds, provided that the division complies with all privacy and confidentiality protections applicable to those records and facilities, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law. All agencies shall cooperate with the Division of Child Advocacy and, when requested, shall provide specific information in the form requested.
 - d. For the purpose of carrying out its duties under this act and notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, the Division of Child Advocacy shall act in furtherance of their clients wishes and interests, as required by applicable statutes and ethical rules.

- 38 52. (New section) Division of Child Advocacy; transfer of
- functions.
 a. All functions, powers and duties now vested in the Office of
- 40 a. All functions, powers and duties now vested in the Office of 41 Public Defender in, but not of, the Department of Treasury, which had
- been previously referred to as the "law guardian program", established
- 43 by section 1 of P.L.1974, c.119 (C.9:6-8.21) and section 3 of
- 44 P.L.1974, c.119 (C.9:6-8.23), are hereby transferred to the Division
- of Child Advocacy in the Department of the Public Advocate.

1 b. Whenever, in any law, rule, regulation, order reorganization 2 plan, contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding, or otherwise, reference is made to the Office of Public Defender in, but not of, the Department of State, or to the Office of Public Defender in, 4 but not of, the Department of Treasury, concerning functions, powers, 5 and duties which had been vested in the law guardian program prior to 6 7 the effective date of this act, the same shall mean and refer to the 8 Division of Child Advocacy in the Department of the Public Advocate. 9 10 ARTICLE 8. DIVISION OF ELDER ADVOCACY 11 12 53. (New section) Division of Elder Advocacy; established. 13 There is hereby established in the Department of the Public 14 Advocate the Division of Elder Advocacy under the supervision of the Director of the Division of Elder Advocacy, appointed by the Public 15 16 Advocate. 17 18 54. (New section) Division of Elder Advocacy; jurisdiction. 19 The Division of Elder Advocacy may represent the public interest 20 in such administrative and court proceedings as the Public Advocate deems shall best serve the interests of elderly adults. 21 22 23 55. (New section) Division of Elder Advocacy; powers and duties. The Division of Elder Advocacy may protect the interests of the 24 25 elderly by: 26 a. intervening in or instituting proceedings involving the interests 27 of the elderly before any department, commission, agency, or board of the State leading to an administrative adjudication or administrative 28 29 rule as defined in section 2 of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-2); 30 b. instituting litigation on behalf of the elderly when authorized to do so by the Public Advocate; and 31 32 c. commencing negotiation, mediation, or alternative dispute resolution prior to, or in lieu of, the initiation of any litigation. 33 34 35 56. (New section) Division of Elder Advocacy; additional powers 36 and duties. 37 a. The Division of Elder Advocacy shall report to the Governor 38 and the Legislature on recommendations that will further the State's 39 ability to secure, preserve, and promote the health, safety, and welfare 40 of New Jersey's elderly. b. The Division of Elder Advocacy shall have the authority to hold 41 42 a public hearing on the subject of any investigation or study. The 43 division shall hear testimony from agency and program representatives, 44 the public in general, and such others as may be deemed appropriate. 45 c. The Division of Elder Advocacy shall have access to the records and facilities of every agency, funded entity, or other recipient of 46 public funds to the extent that any such records and facilities are 47

- 1 related to the expenditure of public funds, provided that the division
- 2 complies with all privacy and confidentiality protections applicable to
- 3 those records and facilities, notwithstanding any contrary provision of
- 4 law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Division of Elder Advocacy
- 5 shall have access to any facility or institution, whether public or
- 6 private, offering health or health-related services for the
- 7 institutionalized elderly which is subject to regulation, visitation,
- 8 inspection or supervision by any government agency, provided such
- 9 access is permitted by State or federal law. All agencies shall
- 10 cooperate with the Division of Elder Advocacy and, when requested,
- shall provide specific information in the form requested.

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- 57. (New section) Ombudsperson for the Institutionalized Elderly; transfer to Department of the Public Advocate.
- a. There is hereby established in the Division of Elder Advocacy of the Department of the Public Advocate an Ombudsperson for the Institutionalized Elderly.
- b. The Ombuds person for the Institutionalized Elderly shall be appointed by the Governor and shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor during the Governor's term of office.
- c. All functions, powers, and duties now vested in the Office of the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-1 et seq.) are hereby transferred to and assumed by the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly in the
- 25 Department of the Public Advocate.
- d. Whenever, in any law, rule, regulation, order, reorganization plan, contract, document, judicial or administrative proceeding, or
- 28 otherwise, reference is made to the Office of the Ombudsman for the
- 29 Institutionalized Elderly in, but not of, the Department of Community
- Affairs, or the Office of the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly in, but not of, the Department of Health and Senior Services,
- 32 or Nursing Home Ombudsman in Department of Community Affairs,
- 33 the same shall mean and refer to the Ombudsperson for the
- 34 Institutionalized Elderly in the Department of the Public Advocate.

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ARTICLE 9. ACTIONS, TRANSFERS, REPEALS, AND REPORTS

- 38 58. (New section) a. Actions; name of party.
- Any action brought by the Public Advocate or any persons authorized herein to institute or participate in actions before the courts or agencies of this State shall be brought in the name of the person serving as the Public Advocate or in the name of an affected individual or group, but shall not be brought in the name of the State or the
- 44 people thereof.
- b. Actions against public entities.
- No action shall be brought by the Public Advocate against a public
- 47 entity unless prior to filing litigation the Public Advocate submitted the

- 1 matter to mediation pursuant to this act.
 - c. Mediation required.

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- The Public Advocate must submit the matter to mediation in the Office of Dispute Settlement in the Office of Public Defender, or
- 5 submit the matter to another mediator as agreed by the parties, to: (1)
- 6 promote discussion between the parties; (2) assist parties to develop
- 7 and exchange pertinent information concerning the subject of the
- 8 litigation; (3) arrive at a mutually acceptable resolution of the
- 9 controversy; and (4) avoid time-consuming and costly litigation
- 10 without infringing upon the rights or claims of any party.
- d. Written communication; "No Other Recourse" requirement.
 - (1) The Public Advocate must determine that no other recourse to litigation exists, prior to initiating litigation, and communicate such determination in writing to the public entity against which the Public
- 15 Advocate anticipates filing adversarial action.
- 16 (2) The Public Advocate shall use the term "no other recourse" in 17 its written transmittal to the public entity to unequivocally 18 communicate that the Public Advocate anticipates filing litigation to 19 resolve the matter in controversy.
 - (3) The purpose of this requirement is to clearly provide the potential litigants one final opportunity to resolve the matters in controversy outside the court system.
 - e. Mandatory mediation.
- 24 (1) All mediation initiated pursuant to this act shall be conducted 25 by the Office of Dispute Settlement in the Office of the Public 26 Defender.
- 27 (2) The mediation shall commence upon receipt of the "No Other Recourse" letter by the parties and Office of Dispute Settlement, and shall proceed for a time period of not more than 90 days. The 30 mediation will conclude at that time, unless the parties consent to an extension.
 - (3) The mediator may require each party to be represented at the mediation by an agent or employee with settlement authority and may require such agent or employee to attend mediation sessions as requested by the mediator.
- 36 (4) The mediator may meet counsel and parties jointly or ex parte, 37 and shall direct them to participate in the mediation process in good 38 faith and with a sense of urgency, attending all sessions scheduled by 39 the mediator.
- 40 (5) The mediator may terminate the mediation at any time if the 41 mediator deems it to be in the public interest to terminate the 42 mediation.
- 43 (6) All mediation initiated pursuant to this act shall be confidential.
- 44 No statements or admissions made during the mediation, or documents
- 45 prepared for a mediation session, may be used, referred to, or
- 46 disclosed in any other proceeding or construed as an admission against
- 47 interest.

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(7) No information presented to the mediator shall be disclosed by

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2 the mediator to any other party or entity without the consent of the parties. The mediator shall have quasi-judicial immunity and shall not 3 4 be subject to subpoena by any party. (8) The parties may, at their discretion, agree to set forth the issues 5 6 in controversy and the resolution of those issues as agreed upon by the 7 parties, in writing, in a "Report of Mediation." The report of the 8 issues and their resolution may be available to the public for inspection 9 and copying during regular business hours, upon consent of the 10 parties. 11 (9) The Office of Dispute Settlement shall be compensated at an hourly rate, with costs to be borne equally by each of the parties 12 13 participating in the mediation. 14 (10) Any and all statutes of limitation applicable to the claim or 15 dispute that gives rise to litigation shall be tolled from the date the Public Advocate transmits its letter of "no other recourse" until the 16 date the mediation concludes. 17 18 19 59. (New section) Suits or causes of action against Legislature or 20 officers thereof. 21 The provisions of this act in and of themselves shall not be 22 construed so as to create any new causes of action, or to authorize any 23 suit against the Legislature or either House or the officers thereof. 24 25 60. (New section) No award of punitive or exemplary damages 26 against public entities or employees. 27 No punitive or exemplary damages shall be awarded against a public entity or public employee in any action brought by the Public 28 29 Advocate. 30 31 61. (New section) Applicability of State Agency Transfer Act. 32 This act shall be subject to the provisions of the "State Agency Transfer Act," P.L.1971, c.375 (C.52:14D-1 et seq.). 33 34 62. (New section) Preservation of rights and terms. 35 36 This act shall not: 37 a. affect the tenure, compensation, and pension rights, if any, of the 38 lawful holder thereof, in any position not specifically abolished herein, 39 upon the effective date of this act; or 40 b. alter the term of any member of any board, commission, or public body, not specifically abolished or repealed herein, lawfully in 41 42 office on the effective date of this act, or require the reappointment 43 thereof. 44

45 63. (New section) Supersedure and repeal of inconsistent acts.

All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are, to the extent of such inconsistency, superseded and 1 repealed.

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- 64. (New section) Assertion of claim against spill compensation
 fund for class by Public Advocate.
- The Department of the Public Advocate may act to assert claims as alleged against the Spill Compensation Fund established pursuant to the "Spill Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.).

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- 10 65. (New section) Severability.
 - If any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, or other part of this act is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of this act, but shall be confined in its effect to the section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, or other part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered.

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- 18 66. Section 3 of P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-3) is amended to read 19 as follows:
- 20 3. There is hereby established in the [Executive Branch of the

State Government the Office of the Ombudsman] Department of the

- 22 <u>Public Advocate the Ombudsperson</u> for the Institutionalized Elderly.
- 23 [For the purposes of complying with the provisions of Article V,
- 24 Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution, the Office of
- 25 the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly is hereby allocated to
- 26 the Department of Community Affairs, but, notwithstanding said
- 27 allocation, the said office shall be independent of any supervision or
- 28 control by the department or by any board or officer thereof.]
- 29 (cf: P.L.1977, c.239, s.3)

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- 31 67. Section 4 of P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-4) is amended to read 32 as follows:
- 33 4. The administrator and chief executive officer of the office shall 34 be the [ombudsman] Ombudsperson, who shall be a person qualified 35 by training and experience to perform the duties of the office. [The 36 ombudsman shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and 37 consent of the Senate, and shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor 38 during the Governor's term of office and until the appointment and 39 qualification of the ombudsman's successor. He shall devote his entire 40 time to the duties of his position and shall receive such salary as shall 41 be provided by law. Any vacancy occurring in the position of 42 ombudsman shall be filled in the same manner as the original 43 appointment; provided, however, that whenever the ombudsman dies, 44 resigns, becomes ineligible to serve for any reason, or is removed from 45 office, the Governor shall appoint an acting ombudsman who shall 46 serve until the appointment and qualification of the ombudsman's

successor, but in no event longer than 6 months from the occurrence

of the vacancy, and who shall exercise during such period all the

2 powers and duties of the ombudsman pursuant to the provisions of this 3 act. 4 (cf: P.L.1977, c.239, s.4) 5 68. Section 1 of P.L.1986, c.205 (C.30:1A-4) is amended to read 6 7 as follows: 8 1. a. There is established in, but not of, the Department of Human 9 Services the New Jersey Boarding Home Advisory Council. The 10 council shall consist of 14 members, to be appointed by the Commissioner of Human Services in consultation with the 11 Commissioners of Community Affairs and Health and Senior Services, 12 13 the Public [Defender] Advocate, and the Public Guardian for Elderly 14 Adults [and the Ombudsman for the Institutionalized Elderly], as 15 follows: two persons who own or operate a boarding house as defined in P.L.1979, c.496 (C.55:13B-1 et al.); two persons who own or 16 17 operate a residential health care facility as defined in section 1 of 18 P.L.1953, c.212 (C.30:11A-1) or licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 19 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.); two persons who currently reside in a boarding 20 house or a residential health care facility; one person who is a member 21 of the organization which represents operators of boarding houses or residential health care facilities, or both; one person who represents 22 23 the health care professions; one person who represents a county office 24 on aging; one person who represents a municipal building code 25 department; one person who represents an organization or agency 26 which advocates for mentally ill persons in this State; one person who represents an organization or agency which advocates for physically 27 28 disabled persons in this State; and two other members who shall be 29 chosen from among persons whose work, knowledge or interest 30 relates to boarding houses or residential health care facilities and the 31 residents thereof, including but not limited to municipal and county 32 elected officials, county prosecutors, social workers, and persons knowledgeable about fire prevention standards and measures needed 33 34 to assure safety from structural, mechanical, plumbing and electrical 35 deficiencies in boarding houses and residential health care facilities. 36 In addition, the Chairman of the General Assembly Standing Reference Committee on Health and Human [Resources] Services and the 37 38 Chairman of the Senate Standing Reference Committee on 39 [Institutions, Health and Welfare] <u>Health, Human Services and Senior</u> 40 <u>Citizens</u> or their designees shall serve as ex officio members of the 41 council.

- 1 b. The terms of office of each appointed member shall be three 2 years, but of the members first appointed, two shall be appointed for 3 [terms] a term of one year, five for terms of two years, and seven for 4 terms of three years. All vacancies shall be filled for the balance of the
- 5 unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. The
- members of the council shall not receive any compensation for their 6
- 7 services, but shall be reimbursed for the actual and necessary expenses
- 8 incurred in the performance of their duties as members of the council.
- 9 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.47)

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- 11 69. Section 9 of P.L.1985, c.133 (C.30:4-165.14) is amended to 12 read as follows:
- 13 9. The court shall appoint the Public [Defender] Advocate to 14 serve as counsel for persons who do not have an attorney and over
- whom guardianship is sought pursuant to P.L.1985, c.133 15 (C.30:4-165.4 et al.) if the petition seeks only guardianship of the 16
- 17 person, to the extent that funds are available for this purpose. If the
- Public [Defender] Advocate is unable to perform this service, the 18
- 19 court shall appoint an attorney licensed by the State of New Jersey and
- 20 in good standing. No attorney's fee is payable for the rendering of this
- 21 service by the private attorney.
- (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.36) 22

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- 24 70. Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.133 (C.30:4-165.15) is amended to 25 read as follows:
- 26 10. a. Whenever the commissioner believes that guardianship is no
- 27 longer required or that another person should be appointed to serve as 28 guardian, he shall apply to the Superior Court for an order modifying
- 29 or terminating the letters of guardianship. Where someone other than
- 30 the commissioner is serving as guardian, notice shall be provided to 31 that person.
- 32 b. At least once every three years, the commissioner shall review
- the case of each person who receives functional or other services and 33 34 who has a guardian.
- 35 c. The Public [Defender] Advocate, the incompetent person, or 36 someone acting in his behalf may institute a similar action for judicial 37 review at any time.
- 38 d. In cases where the commissioner serves as guardian, the Public
- 39 [Defender] Advocate shall be given notice of any actions taken
- 40 pursuant to subsection a. or b. of this section. The Public [Defender]
- Advocate shall be given an opportunity to meet the person subject to 41
- 42 review and inspect the commissioner's records.

(cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.49)

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- 45 71. Section 3 of P.L.1976, c.120 (C.30:13-3) is amended to read 46 as follows:
- 47 3. Every nursing home shall have the responsibility for:

- a. Maintaining a complete record of all funds, personal property and possessions of a nursing home resident from any source whatsoever, which have been deposited for safekeeping with the nursing home for use by the resident. This record shall contain a listing of all deposits and withdrawals transacted, and these shall be substantiated by receipts given to the resident or his guardian. A nursing home shall provide to each resident or his guardian a quarterly statement which shall account for all of such resident's property on deposit at the beginning of the accounting period, all deposits and withdrawals transacted during the period, and the property on deposit at the end of the period. The resident or his guardian shall be allowed daily access to his property on deposit during specific periods established by the nursing home for such transactions at a reasonable hour. A nursing home may, at its own discretion, place a limitation as to dollar value and size of any personal property accepted for safekeeping.
 - b. Providing for the spiritual needs and wants of residents by notifying, at a resident's request, a clergyman of the resident's choice and allowing unlimited visits by such clergyman. Arrangements shall be made, at the resident's expense, for attendance at religious services of his choice when requested. No religious beliefs or practices, or any attendance at religious services, shall be imposed upon any resident.

- c. Admitting only that number of residents for which it reasonably believes it can safely and adequately provide nursing care. Any applicant for admission to a nursing home who is denied such admission shall be given the reason for such denial in writing.
- d. Ensuring that an applicant for admission or a resident is treated without discrimination as to age, race, religion, sex or national origin. However, the participation of a resident in recreational activities, meals or other social functions may be restricted or prohibited if recommended by a resident's attending physician in writing and consented to by the resident.
- e. Ensuring that no resident shall be subjected to physical restraints except upon written orders of an attending physician for a specific period of time when necessary to protect such resident from injury to himself or others. Restraints shall not be employed for purposes of punishment or the convenience of any nursing home staff personnel.
- 38 The confinement of a resident in a locked room shall be prohibited.
 - f. Ensuring that drugs and other medications shall not be employed for purposes of punishment, for convenience of any nursing home staff personnel or in such quantities so as to interfere with a resident's rehabilitation or his normal living activities.
 - g. Permitting citizens, with the consent of the resident being visited, legal services programs, employees of the [Office of the Public Defender, employees of the private entity designated by the Governor as the State's mental health protection and advocacy agency pursuant to section 22 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-68), and employees and

- volunteers of the Office of the Nursing Home Ombudsman Program in
- the Department of Community Affairs] Department of the Public 2
- 3 Advocate, and volunteers, and employees of the private entity
- 4 designated by the Governor as the State's mental health protection and
- 5 advocacy agency pursuant to section 22 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-
- 68) whose purposes include rendering assistance without charge to 6
- 7 nursing home residents, full and free access to the nursing home in
- 8 order to visit with and make personal, social and legal services
- 9 available to all residents and to assist and advise residents in the
- 10 assertion of their rights with respect to the nursing home, involved
- governmental agencies and the judicial system. 11
- (1) Such access shall be permitted by the nursing home at a 12 13 reasonable hour.
 - (2) Such access shall not substantially disrupt the provision of nursing and other care to residents in the nursing home.
 - (3) All persons entering a nursing home pursuant to this section shall promptly notify the person in charge of their presence. They shall, upon request, produce identification to substantiate their identity. No such person shall enter the immediate living area of any resident without first identifying himself and then receiving permission from the resident to enter. The rights of other residents present in the room shall be respected. A resident shall have the right to terminate a visit by a person having access to his living area pursuant to this section at any time. Any communication whatsoever between a resident and such person shall be confidential in nature, unless the
- h. Ensuring compliance with all applicable State and federal statutes and rules and regulations. 28

resident authorizes the release of such communication in writing.

- 29 i. Ensuring that every resident, prior to or at the time of admission and during his stay, shall receive a written statement of the services 30 31 provided by the nursing home, including those required to be offered 32 by the nursing home on an as-needed basis, and of related charges,
- 33 including any charges for services not covered under Title XVIII and
- 34 Title XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended, or not covered by
- 35 the nursing home's basic per diem rate. This statement shall further
- 36 include the payment, fee, deposit and refund policy of the nursing
- 37 home.

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- 38 j. Ensuring that a prospective resident or the resident's family or 39 guardian receives a copy of the contract or agreement between the 40 nursing home and the resident prior to or upon the resident's 41 admission.
- 42 (cf: P.L.1997, c.241, s.1)

- 44 72. Section 4 of P.L.1992. c.111 (C.30:4C-69) is amended to read 45 as follows:
- The Commissioner of Human Services shall develop an 46 47 interdepartmental plan for the implementation of an individualized,

- 1 appropriate child and family driven care system for children with
- 2 special emotional needs and for the reduction of inappropriate use of
- out-of-home placements of these children. The plan shall first address
- 4 children ready to be returned from institutions such as the Arthur
- Brisbane Child Treatment Center and other in-State and out-of-State 5
- 6 residential facilities, and those at imminent risk of extended
- out-of-home placement. 7 The commissioner shall consult with
- 8 appropriate representatives from the State departments of Education,
- 9 Corrections, Health and Senior Services, Community Affairs and the
- [Office of the Public Defender, the private entity designated by the 10
- Governor as the State's mental health protection and advocacy agency 11
- 12 pursuant to section 22 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-68)] Public
- 13 Advocate, the Statewide Children's Coordinating Council in the
- 14 Department of Human Services, the Administrative Office of the
- 15 Courts, and Statewide family advocacy groups, in the development of
- the plan. (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.51) 16

- 18 73. Section 1 of P.L.1974, c.119 (C.9:6-8.21) is amended to read 19 as follows:
- 20 1. As used in this act, unless the specific context indicates 21 otherwise:
- 22 a. "Parent or guardian" means any natural parent, adoptive parent,
- foster parent, stepparent, or any person, who has assumed 23
- 24 responsibility for the care, custody or control of a child or upon whom
- 25 there is a legal duty for such care. Parent or guardian includes a
- 26 teacher, employee or volunteer, whether compensated or
- 27 uncompensated, of an institution who is responsible for the child's
- 28 welfare and any other staff person of an institution regardless of
- 29 whether or not the person is responsible for the care or supervision of
- 30 the child. Parent or guardian also includes a teaching staff member or 31 other employee, whether compensated or uncompensated, of a day
- 32 school as defined in section 1 of P.L.1974, c.119 (C.9:6-8.21).
- 33 "Child" means any child alleged to have been abused or
- 34 neglected.
- 35 c. "Abused or neglected child" means a child less than 18 years of
- 36 age whose parent or guardian, as herein defined, (1) inflicts or allows
- 37 to be inflicted upon such child physical injury by other than accidental
- 38 means which causes or creates a substantial risk of death, or serious
- 39 or protracted disfigurement, or protracted impairment of physical or
- 40 emotional health or protracted loss or impairment of the function of
- any bodily organ; (2) creates or allows to be created a substantial or 41
- ongoing risk of physical injury to such child by other than accidental 43 means which would be likely to cause death or serious or protracted
- 44 disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any
- 45 bodily organ; (3) commits or allows to be committed an act of sexual
- abuse against the child; (4) or a child whose physical, mental, or 46
- 47 emotional condition has been impaired or is in imminent danger of

- 1 becoming impaired as the result of the failure of his parent or 2 guardian, as herein defined, to exercise a minimum degree of care (a) 3 in supplying the child with adequate food, clothing, shelter, education, 4 medical or surgical care though financially able to do so or though offered financial or other reasonable means to do so, or (b) in 5 6 providing the child with proper supervision or guardianship, by 7 unreasonably inflicting or allowing to be inflicted harm, or substantial 8 risk thereof, including the infliction of excessive corporal punishment; 9 or by any other acts of a similarly serious nature requiring the aid of 10 the court; (5) or a child who has been willfully abandoned by his 11 parent or guardian, as herein defined; (6) or a child upon whom 12 excessive physical restraint has been used under circumstances which 13 do not indicate that the child's behavior is harmful to himself, others 14 or property; (7) or a child who is in an institution and (a) has been
- placed there inappropriately for a continued period of time with the knowledge that the placement has resulted or may continue to result in harm to the child's mental or physical well-being or (b) who has been willfully isolated from ordinary social contact under circumstances which indicate emotional or social deprivation.

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A child shall not be considered abused or neglected pursuant to paragraph (7) of subsection c. of this section if the acts or omissions described therein occur in a day school as defined in this section.

No child who in good faith is under treatment by spiritual means alone through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination by a duly accredited practitioner thereof shall for this reason alone be considered to be abused or neglected.

- d. "Law guardian" means an attorney admitted to the practice of law in this State, regularly employed by the [Office of the Public Defender] Department of the Public Advocate or appointed by the court, and designated under this act to represent minors in alleged cases of child abuse or neglect and in termination of parental rights proceedings. The Public Advocate may, by regulation, provide that certain classes of cases be handled by the Office of the Public Defender.
- 36 e. "Attorney" means an attorney admitted to the practice of law in 37 this State who shall be privately retained; or, in the instance of an 38 indigent parent or guardian, an attorney from the [Office of the Public 39 Defender <u>] Office of the Public Defender</u> or an attorney appointed by 40 the court who shall be appointed in order to avoid conflict between the 41 interests of the child and the parent or guardian in regard to 42 representation. The Public Advocate may, by regulation, provide that 43 certain classes of cases be handled by the Office of the Public 44 Defender.
- f. "Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the Department of Human Services unless otherwise specified.
- g. "Institution" means a public or private facility in the State which

- provides children with out of home care, supervision or maintenance.
- 2 Institution includes, but is not limited to, a correctional facility,
- 3 detention facility, treatment facility, day care center, residential school,
- 4 shelter and hospital.
- 5 h. "Day school" means a public or private school which provides
- 6 general or special educational services to day students in grades
- 7 kindergarten through 12. Day school does not include a residential
- 8 facility, whether public or private, which provides care on a 24-hour
- 9 basis.
- 10 (cf: P.L.1999, c.53, s.55)

- 12 74. Section 23 of P.L.1974, c.119 (C.9:6-8.43) is amended to read as follows:
- 14 23. Notice of rights. a. The court shall advise the parent or 15 guardian of his right to have an adjournment to retain counsel and 16 consult with him. The court shall advise the respondent that if he is
- indigent, he may apply for an attorney through the [Office of the
- 10 Date Die 1 1 Office of the Date Die 1 The control of the
- Public Defender] Office of the Public Defender. The court shall
- 19 appoint a law guardian for the child as provided by this act.
- 20 b. The general public may be excluded from any hearing under this 21 act, and only such persons and the representatives of authorized
- 22 agencies may be admitted thereto as have an interest in the case.
- 23 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.40)

- 25 75. Section 14 of P.L.1944, c.27 (C.17:29A-14) is amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 14. a. With regard to all property and casualty lines, a filer may,
- 28 from time to time, alter, supplement, or amend its rates, rating
- 29 systems, or any part thereof, by filing with the commissioner copies of
- 30 such alterations, supplements, or amendments, together with a
- 31 statement of the reason or reasons for such alteration, supplement, or
- 32 amendment, in a manner and with such information as may be required
- 33 by the commissioner. If such alteration, supplement, or amendment
- 34 shall have the effect of increasing or decreasing rates, the
- 35 commissioner shall determine whether the rates as altered thereby are
- 36 reasonable, adequate, and not unfairly discriminatory. If the
- 37 commissioner shall determine that the rates as so altered are not
- unreasonably high, or inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, he shall make an order approving them. If he shall find that the rates as altered
- make an order approving them. If he shall find that the rates as altered are unreasonable, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, he shall issue
- an order disapproving such alteration, supplement or amendment.
- b. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.1.)
- c. If an insurer or rating organization files a proposed alteration,
- supplement or amendment to its rating system, or any part thereof,
- 45 which would result in a change in rates, the commissioner may, or
- 46 upon the request of the filer or the [appropriate division or office in
- 47 the Department of Insurance] Public Advocate shall], certify the

- 1 matter for a hearing. The hearing shall, at the commissioner's
- 2 discretion, be conducted by himself, by a person appointed by the
- 3 commissioner pursuant to section 26 of P.L.1944, c.27 (C.17:29A-26),
- 4 or by the Office of Administrative Law, created by P.L.1978, c.67
- 5 (C.52:14F-1 et seq.), as a contested case. The following requirements
- 6 shall apply to the hearing:
- 7 (1) [The hearing shall commence within 30 days of the date of the
- 8 request or decision that a hearing is to be held. The hearing shall be
- 9 held on consecutive working days, except that the commissioner may,
- 10 for good cause, waive the consecutive working day requirement. If
- 11 the hearing is conducted by an administrative law judge, the
- 12 administrative law judge shall submit his findings and
- 13 recommendations to the commissioner within 30 days of the close of
- 14 the hearing. The commissioner may, for good cause, extend the time
- 15 within which the administrative law judge shall submit his findings and
- 16 recommendations by not more than 30 days. A decision shall be
- 17 rendered by the commissioner not later than 60 days, or, if he has
- 18 granted a 30 day extension, not later than 90 days, from the close of
- 19 the hearing. A filing shall be deemed to be approved unless rejected
- or modified by the commissioner within the time period provided herein. 3 Such hearings are contested cases and shall be conducted in
- 22 accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedures Act.
- 23 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).
- 24 (2) The commissioner, or the Director of the Office of
- 25 Administrative Law, as appropriate, shall notify all interested parties,
- 26 including the [appropriate division or office in the Department of
- 27 Insurance Public Advocate on behalf of insurance consumers, of the
- 28 date set for commencement of the hearing, on the date of the filing of
- 29 the request for a hearing, or within 10 days of the decision that a
- 30 hearing is to be held.
- 31 (3) The insurer or rating organization making a filing on which a
- 32 hearing is held shall bear the costs of the hearing.
- 33 (4) The commissioner may promulgate rules and regulations (a) to
- 34 establish standards for the submission of proposed filings,
- 35 amendments, additions, deletions and alterations to the rating system
- of filers, which may include forms to be submitted by each filer; and
- 37 (b) making such other provisions as he deems necessary for effective
- 38 implementation of this act.
- d. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.1.)

- e. In order to meet, as closely as possible, the deadlines in section 17 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-23) for provision of notice of available optional automobile insurance coverages pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-4.3) and section 8 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-8), and to implement these coverages, the commissioner may require the use of rates, fixed by him in advance of any hearing, for deductible, exclusion, setoff and tort limitation options, on an interim basis, subject to a hearing and to a provision for subsequent adjustment of the rates, by means of a debit, credit or refund retroactive to the effective date of the interim rates. The public hearing on initial rates applicable to the coverages available under section 13 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-4.3) and section 8 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-8) shall not be limited by the provisions of
- rates or rating systems.
 <u>f. The notice provisions set forth in section 46 of the Public</u>
 Advocate Restoration Act of 2002, P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this act), shall apply to this section.

subsection c. of this section governing changes in previously approved

19 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.43)

- 21 76. Section 66 of P.L.1998, c.21 (C.17:29A-46.8) is amended to read as follows:
 - 66. a. For the purposes of this section:

"Qualified person" means a person qualified by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance to intervene in public hearings pursuant to this section, who shall be deemed a "public servant" within the meaning of N.J.S.2C:30-2;

"Rate filing" means a filing for a rate increase by an automobile insurer writing private passenger automobile insurance in this State, other than an expedited prior approval rate filing made pursuant to section 34 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.6) and other than a rate filing made pursuant to any statutory change in coverage provided under a policy of private passenger automobile insurance.

b. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall establish standards for qualifying persons to intervene in rate filings pursuant to this section. The standards shall include, but shall not necessarily be limited to, requiring that any person intervening in a rate filing demonstrate: (1) expertise in the insurance laws of this State; (2) an understanding of the actuarial principles employed in establishing rates and rating systems; (3) sufficient access to a qualified actuary and sufficient expertise to conduct a technical examination of a rate filing; (4) sufficient resources to intervene in the rate filing process as provided herein; and (5) that the person represents the interest of consumers and accepts a duty of fidelity to do so.

c. The commissioner shall require such documentation as he determines is necessary to qualify a person to intervene in a rate filing, and may charge a fee for registration with the department as an

- 1 intervenor, which fee shall be payable annually.
- d. The commissioner may remove the registration of an intervenor if he determines that (1) the intervenor no longer meets the qualifications, or (2) if the intervenor is convicted of a crime or loses a professional license for misconduct.
- 6 e. If an insurer or rating organization files for a rate increase for private passenger automobile insurance, the commissioner shall notify 7 8 the public of the proposed rate change in a newspaper or newspapers 9 of general circulation throughout the State. A qualified person may 10 request, and shall receive, a copy of the rate filing and any 11 amendments and supplements thereto and shall pay the expenses in connection therewith. The qualified person may request that the 12 13 commissioner certify the rate filing for a hearing pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1944, c.27 (C.17:29A-14). 14
 - f. The commissioner shall establish by regulation the terms and conditions under which the proceedings under this section shall be conducted, including, but not limited to the supporting material which shall accompany the intervention.
 - g. Upon determining that the intervenor has demonstrated that the qualified person has made a substantial contribution to the adoption of any order or decision by the commissioner or a court in connection with a rate filing made pursuant to this section, the commissioner shall award reasonable advocacy and witness fees and expenses.
 - h. A person commits a crime of the third degree if he solicits, accepts or agrees to accept any benefits as consideration for knowingly violating or agreeing to violate a duty of fidelity to which he is subject pursuant to this section. In addition to any disposition authorized by law, the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall forever bar from registration as an intervenor any person convicted under this subsection.
 - i. A person commits a crime of the third degree if he confers, or offers or agrees to confer, any benefit the acceptance of which would be criminal under this section. In addition to any disposition authorized by law, the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall deny the rate filing of any person convicted under this subsection and the person shall be barred from filing for any rate increase for a period of one year.
- j. Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude a prosecution orconviction for a violation of any other law.
- 40 <u>k. This section shall expire 180 days after the effective date of the</u>
 41 <u>Public Advocate Restoration Act of 2002, P.L., c. (C.)</u>
- 42 (now pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 43 (cf: P.L.1998, c.22, s.8)

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1	77. Section 1 of P.L.1974 c.55 (C.52:14-15.107) is amended to
2	read as follows:
3	1. Notwithstanding the provisions of the annual appropriations ac
4	and section 7 of P.L.1974, c.55 (C.52:14-15.110), the Governor shall
5	fix and establish the annual salary, not to exceed \$133,330 in calendar
6	year 2000, \$137,165 in calendar year 2001 and \$141,000 in calendar
7	year 2002 and thereafter, for each of the following officers:
8	Title
9	Agriculture Department
10	Secretary of Agriculture
11	Community Affairs Department
12	Commissioner of Community Affairs
13	Corrections Department
14	Commissioner of Corrections
15	Education Department
16	Commissioner of Education
17	Environmental Protection Department
18	Commissioner of Environmental Protection
19	Health and Senior Services Department
20	Commissioner of Health and Senior
21	Services
22	Human Services Department
23	Commissioner of Human Services
24	Banking and Insurance Department
25	Commissioner of Banking and Insurance
26	Labor Department
27	Commissioner of Labor
28	Law and Public Safety Department
29	Attorney General
30	Military and Veterans' Affairs Department
31	Adjutant General
32	Personnel Department
33	Commissioner of Personnel
34	State Department
35	Secretary of State
36	Transportation Department
37	Commissioner of Transportation
38	Treasury Department
39	State Treasurer
40	Members, Board of Public Utilities
41	Public Advocate Department
42	Public Advocate
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44	Notwithstanding the provisions of this section to the contrary, the
45	Chief Executive Officer and Secretary of the New Jersey Commerce
46	and Economic Growth Commission shall receive such salary as shall

47 be fixed by the Governor pursuant to subsection b. of section 8 of

1 P.L.1998, c.44 (C.52:27C-68). 2 (cf: P.L.1999, c.380, s.2) 3 4 78. Section 1 of P.L.1991, J.R.2 (C.52:9DD-1) is amended to read 5 as follows: 6 1. There is created a 21-member Commission on Racism, Racial Violence and Religious Violence to be appointed as follows: two shall 7 8 be members of the Senate appointed by the President thereof, who 9 shall not be of the same political party; two shall be members of the 10 General Assembly appointed by the Speaker thereof, who shall not be 11 of the same political party; the Attorney General or his designee; the 12 Public [Defender] Advocate or his designee; and 15 public members 13 to be appointed by the Governor. The public members shall be 14 representative of the ethnic, racial and religious diversity of the State's population and shall include representatives from the following 15 groups: the National Association for the Advancement of Colored 16 17 People, the Puerto Rican Congress, the Anti-Defamation League of [B'Nai B'Rith] B'nai B'rith, the New Jersey Black Issues Convention, 18 19 the New Jersey Chapter of the National Rainbow Coalition, and the 20 American Civil Liberties Union. 21 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.55) 22 23 79. Section 12 of P.L.1980, c.125 (C.56:12-12) is amended to read 24 25 12. The Office of the Attorney General, the Division of Consumer Affairs, the Department of the Public Advocate, the Commissioner of 26 27 Banking and Insurance, in regard to contracts of insurance provided for in subsection c. of section 1 of this act (C.56:12-1), or any 28 29 interested person may seek injunctive relief. The court may authorize 30 reasonable attorney's fees, not to exceed \$2,500.00, and court costs in 31 such a proceeding. 32 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.56) 33 34 80. Section 1 of P.L.1981, c.347 (C.58:11-59) is amended to read 35 as follows: 36 1. a. Whenever a small water company or a small sewer company, 37 or both, are found to have failed to comply with any unstayed order of the Department of Environmental Protection concerning the 38 39 availability of water, the potability of water, or the provision of water 40 at adequate volume and pressure, or any unstayed order finding a small 41 water company or a small sewer company or both a significant 42 noncomplier or requiring the abatement of a serious violation, as those 43 terms are defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1977, c.74 44 (C.58:10A-3), which the department is authorized to enforce pursuant

47 30 days' notice to capable proximate public or private water or sewer

to Title 58 of the Revised Statutes, the department and the Board of Public Utilities, and the Department of the Public Advocate, may, after

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- 1 companies, municipal utilities authorities established pursuant to
- 2 P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et seq.), municipalities or any other
- 3 suitable public or private entities wherein the small water company,
- 4 small sewer company, or both, provide service, conduct a joint public
- 5 hearing to announce: the actions that may be taken and the
- 6 expenditures that may be required, including acquisition costs, to make
- 7 all improvements necessary to assure the availability of water, the
- 8 potability of water and the provision thereof at adequate volume and
- 9 pressure, and the compliance with all applicable federal and State
- 10 water pollution control requirements for a small sewer company,
- including, but not necessarily limited to, the acquisition of the small
- 12 water company or small sewer company, or both, by the most suitable
- 13 public or private entity.
- 14 At the hearing the department and the board shall state the costs
- 15 that are expected to be borne by the current users of the small water
- 16 company, small sewer company, or both. The department shall
- 17 propose an administrative consent order setting forth an agreed upon
- time schedule by which the acquiring entity would be required to make improvements required to resolve existing violations of federal and
- 20 State safe drinking water and water pollution control statutes and
- 21 regulations. The administrative consent order shall stipulate that the
- 22 acquiring entity shall not be liable for any fines or penalties for
- continuing violations arising from the deficiencies, obsolescence or
- 24 disrepair of the facilities at the time of the acquisition, provided that:
- 25 (1) the stipulation shall be conditioned upon compliance by the 26 acquiring entity with the time frames established for improving the
- 27 facilities and eliminating the existing violations; and
- 28 (2) the stipulation shall not include any violation to the extent
- 29 caused by operational error, lack of preventive maintenance or careless
- 30 or improper operation by the acquiring entity.
- Under no circumstances shall the acquiring entity be liable for
- 32 violations occurring prior to the acquisition.
- At the conclusion of a hearing conducted pursuant to this section
- 34 the record of the hearing shall be kept open for 30 days to allow for
- 35 the submission of additional comments.
- 36 b. As used in sections 1 through 4 of P.L.1981, c.347 (C.58:11-59
- 37 through 58:11-62):
- 38 "Small water company" means any company, purveyor or entity,
- 39 other than a governmental agency, that provides water for human
- 40 consumption and which regularly serves less than 1,000 customer
- 41 connections; and
- "Small sewer company" means any company, business, or entity,
- 43 other than a governmental agency, which is a public utility as defined
- 44 pursuant to R.S.48:2-13, that collects, stores, conveys, or treats
- 45 primarily domestic wastewater, and that regularly serves less than
- 46 1,000 customer connections.
- 47 (cf: P.L.1999, c.296, s.2)

- 1 81. Section 5 of P.L.1985, c.37 (C.58:26-5) is amended to read as follows:
- 5. A contracting unit which intends to enter into a contract with a private vendor for the provision of water supply services pursuant to
- 5 the provisions of this act shall notify, at least 60 days prior to issuing
- 6 a request for qualifications from interested vendors pursuant to section
- 7 6 of this act, the division, the department and the Board of Public
- 8 Utilities and the Department of the Public Advocate of its intention,
- 9 and shall publish notice of its intention in at least one newspaper of
- 10 general circulation in the jurisdiction which would be served under the
- 11 terms of the proposed contract.
- 12 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.58)

- 82. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.37 (C.58:26-11) is amended to read as follows:
- as follows:
 11. Upon designating the selected vendor or vendors pursuant to
- section 10 of this act, a contracting unit shall negotiate with the selected vendor or vendors a proposed contract, which shall include
- 19 the accepted proposal and the provisions required pursuant to section
- 20 15 of this act. Upon negotiating a proposed contract, the contracting
- 21 unit shall make the proposed contract available to the public at its
- 22 main offices, and shall transmit a copy of the proposed contract to the
- 23 division, the department [and], the Board of Public Utilities and the
- 24 <u>Department of the Public Advocate</u>.
- 25 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.59)

- 27 83. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.37 (C.58:26-12) is amended to read 28 as follows:
- 29 12. a. A contracting unit shall conduct a public hearing or hearings
- 30 on the charges, rates, or fees, or the formula for determining these
- 31 charges, rates, or fees, and the other provisions contained in a
- 32 proposed contract negotiated pursuant to section 11 of this act. The
- 33 contracting unit shall provide at least 90 days' public notice of this
- 34 public hearing to the Department of the Public Advocate, prospective
- 35 consumers and other interested parties. This notice shall be published
- in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction to
- be served under the terms of the proposed contract. Within 45 days after giving notice of the public hearing, the contracting unit shall hold
- after giving notice of the public hearing, the contracting unit shall hold a meeting with prospective consumers and other interested parties to
- 40 explain the terms and conditions of the proposed contract, and to
- 41 receive written questions which will be part of the record of the public
- 42 hearing. At the public hearing, the selected vendor or vendors shall be
- present, and the contracting unit shall have the burden to answer the
- 44 questions received at the meeting, and to show that the proposed
- 45 contract complies with the provisions of section 15 of this act, and that
- 46 it constitutes the best means of securing the required water supply
- 47 services among available alternatives. The contracting unit shall

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1 provide that a verbatim record be kept of the public hearing, and that a written transcript of this record be printed and made available to the public within 30 days of the close of the public hearing. After the 3 4 public hearing the contracting unit and the vendor may agree to make changes to the proposed contract, and shall transmit the proposed 5 6 contract, a copy of the printed transcript of the public hearing, and a 7 statement summarizing the major issues raised at the public hearing 8 and the response of the contracting unit to these issues, to the division, 9 the department, the Board of Public Utilities, and the Department of

the Public Advocate, and to all persons who attended the publichearing.

12 b. If the Division of Ratepayer Advocate in the Department of the 13 Public Advocate represents the public interest at a public hearing or 14 hearings conducted pursuant to this section, the Division of Ratepayer 15 Advocate shall be entitled to assess the vendor for costs incurred in this representation in the manner provided in section 20 of P.L.1974, 16 c.27 (C.52:27E-19). The basis of the assessment shall be the 17 18 prospective first year's revenue realized by the vendor from the 19 provision of the water supply services pursuant to the terms of the 20 proposed contract.

c. If a contract awarded pursuant to the provisions of this act is renegotiated, the contracting unit shall conduct a public hearing on the renegotiated contract pursuant to the provisions of this section.

(cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.60)

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26 84. Section 5 of P.L.1985, c.72 (C.58:27-5) is amended to read as follows:

5. A contracting unit which intends to enter into a contract with a private vendor for the provision of wastewater treatment services pursuant to the provisions of this act shall notify, at least 60 days prior to issuing a request for qualifications from interested vendors pursuant to section 6 of this act, the division [and], the department and the Department of the Public Advocate of its intention, and shall publish notice of its intention in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction which would be served under the terms of the proposed contract.

37 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.61)

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39 85. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.72 (C.58:27-11) is amended to read 40 as follows:

1 11. Upon designating the selected vendor or vendors pursuant to 2 section 10 of this act, a contracting unit shall negotiate with the 3 selected vendor or vendors a proposed contract, which shall include 4 the accepted proposal and the provisions required pursuant to section 5 15 of this act. Upon negotiating a proposed contract, the contracting 6 unit shall make the proposed contract available to the public at its 7 main offices, and shall transmit a copy of the proposed contract to the 8 division [and], the department and the Department of the Public 9 Advocate.

10 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.62)

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12 86. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.72 (C.58:27-12) is amended to read

14 12. a. A contracting unit shall conduct a public hearing or hearings 15 on the charges, rates, or fees, or the formula for determining these charges, rates, or fees, and the other provisions contained in a 16 17 proposed contract negotiated pursuant to section 11 of this act. The 18 contracting unit shall provide at least 90 days' public notice of this 19 public hearing to the Department of the Public Advocate, prospective 20 consumers and other interested parties. This notice shall be published 21 in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction to 22 be served under the terms of the proposed contract. Within 45 days 23 after giving notice of the public hearing, the contracting unit shall hold 24 a meeting with prospective consumers and other interested parties to 25 explain the terms and conditions of the proposed contract, and to 26 receive written questions which will be part of the record of the public 27 hearing. At the public hearing, the selected vendor or vendors shall be 28 present, and the contracting unit shall have the burden to answer the 29 questions received at the meeting, and to show that the proposed 30 contract complies with the provisions of section 15 of this act, and that 31 it constitutes the best means of securing the required wastewater 32 treatment services among available alternatives. The contracting unit 33 shall provide that a verbatim record be kept of the public hearing, and 34 that a written transcript of this record be printed and made available 35 to the public within 45 days of the close of the public hearing. Written 36 testimony received no more than 15 days after the public hearing shall 37 be included in the written transcript. After the public hearing the 38 contracting unit and the vendor may agree to make changes to the 39 proposed contract, and the contracting unit shall transmit the proposed 40 contract, a copy of the printed transcript of the public hearing, and a 41 statement summarizing the major issues raised at the public hearing 42 and the response of the contracting unit to these issues, to the division 43 [and], the department, and the Department of the Public Advocate, 44 and shall make copies available to any other person upon request.

b. If the Division of Rate Counsel in the Department of the Public Advocate represents the public interest at a public hearing or hearings conducted pursuant to this section, the Division of Rate Counsel shall

- 1 be entitled to assess the vendor for costs incurred in this
- 2 representation in the manner provided in section 20 of P.L.1974, c.27
- 3 (C.52:27E-19). The basis of the assessment shall be the prospective
- 4 first year's revenue realized by the vendor from the provision of the
- 5 wastewater treatment services pursuant to the terms of the proposed
- 6 contract.
 - c. If a contract awarded pursuant to the provisions of this act is renegotiated, the contracting unit shall conduct a public hearing on the renegotiated contract pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- 10 (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.63)

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- 12 87. N.J.S.59:1-3 is amended to read as follows:
 - 59:1-3. Definitions. As used in this subtitle:

"Employee" includes an officer, employee, or servant, whether or not compensated or part-time, who is authorized to perform any act or service; provided, however, that the term does not include an independent contractor.

"Employment" includes office; position; employment; or service, under the supervision of the Palisades Interstate Park Commission, in a volunteer program in that part of the Palisades Interstate Park located in New Jersey, as an emergency management volunteer or as a volunteer doing work for the Division of Parks and Forestry, the Division of Fish, Game and Wildlife, or the New Jersey Natural Lands Trust, as authorized by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, or for the New Jersey Historic Trust.

"Enactment" includes a constitutional provision, statute, executive order, ordinance, resolution or regulation.

"Injury" means death, injury to a person, damage to or loss of property or any other injury that a person may suffer that would be actionable if inflicted by a private person.

"Law" includes enactments and also the decisional law applicable within this State as determined and declared from time to time by the courts of this State and of the United States.

34 "Public employee" means an employee of a public entity, and includes: a person participating, under the supervision of the Palisades 35 Interstate Park Commission, in a volunteer program in that part of the 36 37 Palisades Interstate Park located in New Jersey[; a volunteer doing 38 work for the Division of Parks and Forestry, the Division of Fish, 39 Game and Wildlife, or the New Jersey Natural Lands Trust, as 40 authorized by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection; a 41 volunteer doing work for the New Jersey Historic Trust; and any 42 person retained by the public defender to serve as an arbitrator, 43 mediator, or in such similar capacity. "Public employee" does not 44 include any independent contractors or other individuals, agencies, or 45 entities not established in or employed by the Office of the Public Defender designated to provide protection and advocacy services to 46

indigent mental hospital admittees or persons with a developmental

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disability as the term is defined in section 3 of P.L.1977, c.82 (C.30:6D-3).]

3 "Public entity" includes the State, and any county, municipality, 4 district, public authority, public agency, and any other political subdivision or public body in the State. ["Public entity" does not 5 6 include any independent contractors or other individuals, agencies, or 7 entities not established in or employed by the Office of the Public 8 Defender designated to provide protection and advocacy services to 9 indigent mental hospital admittees or persons with a developmental 10 disability as the term is defined in section 3 of P.L.1977, c.82 11 (C.30:6D-3).]

"State" shall mean the State and any office, department, division, bureau, board, commission or agency of the State, but shall not include any such entity which is statutorily authorized to sue and be sued. "State" also means the Palisades Interstate Park Commission, but only with respect to employees, property and activities within the State of New Jersey.

"Statute" means an act adopted by the Legislature of this State orby the Congress of the United States.

20 (cf: P.L.1999, c.152, s.58)

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22 88. Section 70 of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-43) is amended to 23 read as follows:

24 70. There is established in the Office of the Attorney General the [Unit] Office of Fiscal Integrity in School Construction. The 25 26 Attorney General or his representative may investigate, examine, and 27 inspect the activities of the authority and districts related to the 28 financing and construction of school facilities and the implementation 29 of the provisions of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.). The Attorney 30 General may require the submission of duly verified reports from the 31 authority and districts, which include such information in such form as 32 the Attorney General may require. The Attorney General or his 33 representative may also consult with the authority on issues and procedures related to the exercise of its duties and responsibilities 34 under P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.). The Legislature shall 35 36 annually appropriate such funds as may be necessary to finance the 37 operations of the [unit] office.

38 (cf: P.L.2000, c.72, s.70)

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40 89. Section 22 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-68) is amended to read as follows:

22. The Office of the Public Defender, through the Division of
Mental Health and Guardianship Advocacy, may take such actions as
the Governor shall by Executive Order, or other formal redesignation
document, authorize for the purpose of coordinating and cooperating
with any private entity designated by the Governor as the State's
mental health protection and advocacy agency. In addition, the

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protection and advocacy agency and the Division of Mental Health and Guardianship Advocacy shall coordinate and cooperate with the Ombudsperson for Persons with Mental Illness in accordance with section 32 of P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the 4 5 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>). (cf: P.L.1994, c.58, s.22) 6 7 8 90. The following are repealed: 9 Section 17 of P.L.1979, c.496 (C.30:1A-2); 10 Section 2 of P.L.1989, c.330 (C.52:27D-29.31); 11 Sections 1 through 6 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-50 through 12 C.52:27E-55); 13 Section 8 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-56); 14 Sections 10 through 16 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-57 through 15 C.52:27E-64); Sections 27 through 28 of P.L.1994, c.58 (C.52:27E-72 through 16 17 C.52:27E-73); and 18 Sections 4 and 5 of P.L.1985, c.298 (C.52:27G-23 and 52:27G-24). 19 20 91. This act shall take effect immediately but remain inoperative 21 until the enactment into law of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as Senate Bill No.1009 of 2002 or Assembly 22 Bill No.2124 of 2002, which establish the New Jersey General 23 24 Accounting Office). 25 26 27 **STATEMENT** 28 29 This bill, entitled the "Public Advocate Restoration Act of 2002," 30 establishes within the Executive Branch a Department of the Public Advocate. It reconstitutes the department, which was abolished in 31 32 1994. Under the bill, a Public Advocate will be appointed by the 33 Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to operate the 34 department. The Public Advocate is to serve at the pleasure of the 35 Governor, during the Governor's term of office, and until the 36 37 appointment and qualification of a successor. 38 The bill establishes six divisions and one office within the 39 department. The divisions will be: 40 1) the Division of Administration, which will be responsible for carrying out the administrative duties of the department; 41 42 2) the Division of Public Interest Advocacy, which will be 43 responsible for representing the public interest in those administrative 44 and court proceedings, other than those under the jurisdiction of the 45 Division of Ratepayer Advocate, that the Public Advocate deems best serve the public interest; 46

3) the Division of Ratepayer Advocate, whose functions are

- 1 currently split among several executive departments, and which will be
- 2 transferred to and consolidated in the Department of the Public
- 3 Advocate, with the division's duties to include oversight of utility and
- 4 insurance rates and charges, and federal issues, report writing, and the
- transmission of advance notice of certain insurance rate increases; 5
- 6 4) the Division of Elder Advocacy, which will protect the interests
- of the elderly and investigate and study issues concerning the elderly. 7 8 The division will include an Ombudsperson for the Institutionalized
- 9 Elderly;

- 10 5) the Division of Child Advocacy, which will assume the duties of the Law Guardian Program in the Office of the Public Defender and 12 have the authority to represent the interests of children and investigate
- 13 and study issues concerning children; and
- 14 6) the Division of Citizen Relations, which is based on the
- 15 Division of Citizen Complaints that existed before the department was
- abolished and will be responsible for receiving and forwarding to 16
- appropriate agencies of the State complaints from any citizen relating 17
- to administrative action or the inaction of agencies and for 18
- 19 investigating any complaint from any citizen relating to the
- 20 administrative action or inaction of any agency. The division would
- 21 include the Corrections Ombudsperson, located currently in the
- 22 Department of Corrections, and the Ombudsperson for Persons with
- 23 Mental Illness, a new entity created to address the concerns of the
- institutionalized mentally ill. 24
- The office created will be the Office of Public Advocate, which will 25
- 26 be responsible for the supervision and efficient operation of the
- 27 department.
- 28 The bill also establishes a nine-member advisory council, to consist
- 29 of five members to be appointed by the Governor and four members
- 30 to be appointed by legislative leaders.
- 31 The bill repeals various sections of the law that: abolished the
- 32 Department of the Public Advocate (P.L.1994, c.58) and transferred
- 33 its functions, powers and duties to other departments; created the
- 34 Office of the Public Guardian for Elderly Adults and the
- Interdepartmental Task Force on the Elderly in the Department of 35
- Community Affairs; relate to applications of the board of the New 36
- Jersey Individual Health Coverage Program to the Hospital Rate 37
- 38 Setting Commission; and that relate to oversight of residential health
- 39 care facilities, rooming houses and boarding houses.
- 40 This bill remove a provision authorizing payment of a per diem fee
- 41 to members of the Advisory Council in the Department of the Public
- 42 Advocate and provide instead for their reimbursement for expenses
- 43 incurred in the performance of their duties.

ASSEMBLY STATE GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 1424

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 14, 2005

The Assembly State Government Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly, No. 1424.

This committee substitute, entitled the "Public Advocate Restoration Act of 2005," establishes within the Executive Branch a Department of the Public Advocate. It reconstitutes the department that was abolished in 1994.

Under the substitute, a Public Advocate will be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Public Advocate is to serve during the Governor's term of office and until the appointment and qualification of a successor. The Governor may remove the Public Advocate for cause.

The substitute establishes eight divisions and one office within the department. Specifically,

- 1) the Division of Administration will be responsible for carrying out the administrative duties of the department;
- 2) the Division of Citizen Relations will be responsible for receiving and forwarding to appropriate agencies of the State complaints from any citizen relating to administrative action or the inaction of agencies and for investigating any complaint from any citizen relating to the administrative action or inaction of any agency; it will include the Corrections Ombudsperson, located currently in the Department of Corrections, and the Dispute Settlement Office, located currently in the Office of the Public Defender;
- 3) the Division of Mental Health Advocacy will advocate for persons with mental illness, receive and respond to complaints, and represent the interests of indigent mental hospital admittees in disputes and litigation on an individual or class basis; and
- 4) the Division for Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled will advocate for persons with developmental disabilities, receive and respond to complaints, and provide legal representation on an individual or class basis to protect and advocate the rights of developmentally disabled persons.
- 5) the Division of Rate Counsel will oversee utility and insurance rates and charges, federal issues, and the dissemination of advance notice of certain insurance rate increases;

- 6) the Division of Public Interest Advocacy will be responsible for representing the public interest in those administrative and court proceedings, other than those under the jurisdiction of the Division of Rate Counsel, that the Public Advocate deems best serves the public interest;
- 7) the Division of Elder Advocacy will protect the interests of the elderly and investigate and study issues concerning the elderly and it will include the Ombudsperson for the Institutionalized Elderly, an existing position currently in, but not of, the Department of Community Affairs; and
- 8) the current Office of the Child Advocate is transferred to the Department of the Public Advocate and becomes the Division of Child Advocacy.

The directors of each of these divisions will be appointed by the Public Advocate. The Office of Public Advocate will be responsible for the supervision and efficient operation of the department.

The substitute repeals various sections of the law that:

- 1) abolished the Department of the Public Advocate (P.L.1994, c.58) and transferred its functions, powers and duties to other departments and agencies;
- 2) created the Interdepartmental Task Force on the Elderly in the Department of Community Affairs;
- 3) relate to oversight of residential health care facilities, rooming houses and boarding houses; and
- 4) established the Office of the Child Advocate in, but not of, the Department of Law and Public Safety.

MINORITY STATEMENT

Submitted by Assemblymen Carroll and Gregg

On one of the rare occasions in which a needless and wasteful governmental program was consigned to a well-deserved place on the ash heap of history, the unlamented Department of the Public Advocate met a long overdue death less than one decade ago.

Proving, however, that old governmental programs never die – and never fade away – the Assembly State Government Committee today resurrects the corpse. Despite record deficits and runaway property taxes, the Committee majority reanimates a creature which will, inevitably, cost State taxpayers tens of millions and, if the past is any guide, will bloat property tax levies with tens of millions of dollars in litigation costs, while effecting policies contrary to the good of the public the office ostensibly serves.

It its previous incarnation, the Department of the Public Advocated engaged in costly and counterproductive lawsuits, the deleterious consequences of which continue to plague the Public. It engaged, for instance, in lawsuits assertedly designed to increase the supply of low

and moderate income housing, the net effect of which was to blight the suburbs with inappropriately dense housing – four units of which were market rate for every "affordable" unit – thereby undercutting urban revitalization initiatives, efforts to preserve the environment, and property tax stabilization efforts.

The Department found its genesis in the thought that policy ought to be made by litigation. Such is clearly a foolish – indeed, a dangerous – philosophy. Not one of the programs for which the Department spent millions in litigation expenses could not have been effected by a sympathetic Legislature. This end run around the legislative process constitutes a fundamental assault on the very essence of democratic self government.

In the "findings" section, the Bill asserts that people at the margins of society lack an effective advocate for their concerns. If so, the solution lies in reforming those entities presently charged with those undertakings. For instance, the Board of Public Utilities exists for the very purpose of governing and regulating monopoly utilities in the public interest. The wholly extraneous "Ratepayer Advocate" effectively duplicates the BPU's role. If the interests of the people are not being zealously safeguarded by the Attorney General, he should be importuned to resign and be replaced by someone who will.

While paying lip service to the notion that litigation constitutes a costly and ineffective means of resolving policy disputes, history demonstrates that the Department repeatedly resorted to litigation, contrary to the best interests of the public it purported to serve. Indeed, the present Bill fairly drips with references to litigation, lawsuits, and the like. The clear intention of this proposal is to establish the Department as a litigation engine.

Notwithstanding the general objections, certain aspects of the proposal merit unqualified support, in theory if not in practice. For instance, the proposed Division of Citizen Relations merits serious consideration. All too often, citizens, confronted with some action on the part of government which significantly affects their lives or property, confront an unresponsive if not hostile bureaucracy seemingly unconcerned with the devastating effects administrative action often entails.

The difficulty, though, is that adding yet another governmental official to the process offers no guarantee that the relevant agency will mend its ways. State law already provides for an officer with the responsibility to oversee Administrative agencies, to ensure that they act in a reasonable, responsible manner. This officer enjoys the title "Governor". The people also possess direct recourse to numerous officials charged with ensuring that the Administration recognizes and protects their interests. These officials occupy 80 Assembly seats and 40 Senatorial positions.

If any of these officials fails to do his/her job – that is, should the

Governor fail to preside over an efficient, responsive, and just administration, or if the elected representatives fail to take the needs of their constituents seriously – they should be replaced.

And some of the provisions of the Bill are downright offensive. The last thing that government should be doing is opening more avenues for criminals to file vexatious and expensive suits, the entire cost of which is borne by the already overburdened taxpayers.

The entire concept of a nest of lawyers, effectively unchecked, to decide for themselves what the "public interest" requires – and, hence, to weigh in with the not-inconsiderable resources of the State of New Jersey – is problematic at best. Elected officials, not courts, craft policy and, hence, a Court should find evidence of the State's policy not in the advocacy of an unelected "Public Advocate" but in the expressions of the Legislature.

Put simply, if a particular action involves a criminal offense, the responsibility for prosecuting same rests with the Attorney General. If it affects some policy of the State – beach access comes readily to mind – such policy should be expressed by the Legislature and, absent legislative action, is not a proper subject for litigation commenced by an officious busybody.

This entire proposal constitutes one long invitation to expensive litigation. This proposal envisions one branch of government suing another; the only possible "winners" as a result of such misbegotten policies will be lawyers.

The Department of the Public Advocate duplicates services already rendered by other departments and, most importantly, by the elected representatives of the people. It is little more than a litigation engine, the costs of which will be borne by the unfortunate and overtaxed citizenry. The proposal fails to recognize that policy making authority rests exclusively with the elected branches and that litigation must never be employed for that purpose.

The Public Advocate was a rogue entity when first created and abolishing it constitutes one of the signal accomplishments of the past ten years. Its reanimation would be a grave error and, in times of extreme fiscal austerity, the expense associated therewith simply cannot be justified.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 1424

with Assembly committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 10, 2005

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1424 (ACS), with committee amendments.

Assembly Bill No. 1424 (ACS), as amended, the "Public Advocate Restoration Act of 2005," establishes within the Executive Branch a Department of the Public Advocate. It reconstitutes the department that was abolished in 1994.

Under the bill, a Public Advocate will be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Public Advocate is to serve during the Governor's term of office and until the appointment and qualification of a successor. The Governor may remove the Public Advocate for cause. The bill establishes seven divisions and one office within the department. Specifically:

- (1) The Division of Administration will be responsible for carrying out the administrative duties of the department;
- (2) The Division of Citizen Relations will be responsible for receiving and forwarding to appropriate agencies of the State complaints from any citizen relating to the administrative action or inaction of agencies and, in certain cases, for investigating such citizen complaints itself. The Division would include the Corrections Ombudsperson, located currently in the Department of Corrections, and the Dispute Settlement Office, located currently in the Office of the Public Defender;
- (3) The Division of Mental Health Advocacy will advocate for persons with mental illness, receive and respond to complaints, and represent the interests of indigent mental hospital admittees in disputes and litigation on an individual or class basis;
- (4) The Division for Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled will advocate for persons with developmental disabilities, receive and respond to complaints, and provide legal representation on an individual or class basis to protect and advocate the rights of developmentally disabled persons;
- (5) The Division of Rate Counsel will oversee utility and insurance rates and charges, federal issues, and the transmission of advance

notice of certain insurance rate increases;

- (6) The Division of Public Interest Advocacy will be responsible for representing the public interest in those administrative and court proceedings, other than those under the jurisdiction of the Division of Rate Counsel, as the Public Advocate deems best serves the public interest; and
- (7) The Division of Elder Advocacy will protect the interests of the elderly and investigate and study issues concerning the elderly and will include the Ombudsperson for the Institutionalized Elderly, an existing position currently in, but not of, the Department of Community Affairs.

The Office of Public Advocate will be responsible for the supervision and efficient operation of the department.

Finally, the current Office of the Child Advocate is transferred to the Department of the Public Advocate, but will remain independent of supervision or control by the department or its officers. The child advocate will be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The bill repeals various sections of the law that:

- (1) Abolished the Department of the Public Advocate (P.L.1994, c.58) and transferred its functions, powers and duties to other departments and agencies;
- (2) Created the Interdepartmental Task Force on the Elderly in the Department of Community Affairs;
- (3) Relate to oversight of residential health care facilities, rooming houses and boarding houses;
- (4) Established the Office of the Child Advocate in, but not of, the Department of Law and Public Safety; and
- (5) Concern notice to be given on the official website of the Department of Banking and Insurance of filings for consumer insurance rate increases and hearings on those increases.

FISCAL IMPACT

The bill provides for the transfer from existing appropriations to the Department of the Public Advocate of such sums as are necessary to implement the provisions of the bill. The Executive Branch has estimated that the cost of implementing those functions of the department, not currently being performed by the agencies and personnel to be transferred to it, at \$10 million in the first year of operation, \$9.1 million in the second year, and \$9.5 million in the third year. The Executive Branch has further estimated that the department, through the Ratepayer Advocate, may realize annual revenue of \$1 million or more in connection with the administration of insurance rate cases.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The amendments:

(1) Convert the Division of Child Advocacy in the Department of

the Public Advocate to an Office of Child Advocate allocated in, but not of, the Department of the Public Advocate;

- (2) Require the Public Advocate and the child advocate to consult with the each other before either exercises duties that are co-extensive between them. The purpose of the consultation, as initiated by either officer, would be to allow the other to assist or collaborate in the pending action. Neither the requirement nor failure to undertake the consultation in a timely way, however, would restrict the officers in performing their respective duties;
- (3) Provide for transfer to the Department of the Public Advocate of client service representatives, and patient advocates, for the mentally ill in State or county mental facilities, who are employed by the Division of Mental Health Services in the Department of Human Services;
- (4) (a) Remove, from the Division of Rate Counsel's authority to represent the public interest in insurance matters, a provision conferring jurisdiction to participate in proceedings pertaining to rating system changes likely to increase the revenue of insurers filing the changes by more than severn percent, and (b) exclude from the division's subject matter jurisdiction (i) prior approval rate filings of seven percent or less, and (ii) rule or form filings for any other form of insurance;
- (5) Delete language prohibiting the Division of Public Interest Advocacy, or any other division within the new department, from representing individuals in certain civil commitment proceedings;
- (6) Repeal the statutory provision for official notice by the Department of Banking and Insurance of insurer filings to request consumer insurance rate increases;
- (7) In language providing support for the new department, replace a specific appropriation amount with a provision for the transfer to the department of such sums as may be required for its costs, subject to ordinary approvals; and
 - (8) Make various technical and editorial corrections.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 1424

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senator VITALE)

ADOPTED: MAY 12, 2005

These amendments:

remove a provision that would have transferred to the new Department of Public Advocate employees of the Division of Mental Health Services in the Department of Human Services who are client services representatives or patient advocates for the mentally ill providing patient advocacy services in State or county facilities that provide inpatient care, supervision and treatment for persons with mental illness, including psychiatric facilities, and the functions of such employees. These employees must remain in the Department of Human Services by court order;

clarify the intent of the bill and adjust references with regard to the private entity designated by the Governor as the State's mental health and developmental disabilities protection and advocacy agency. This bill envisions that the Division of Mental Health Advocacy and the Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled will take over the services provided by this private entity. However, the federal government requires, for federal funding eligibility, a formal redesignation process to occur with regard to the services for the developmentally disabled. This process may take as long as one year. Therefore, these amendments are needed to retain provisions in the law that refer to this private entity so that it may continue to function until the redesignation is finalized. These provisions cover access by the private entity to client records at private and public institutions; the entity's membership on the New Jersey Commission on Legal and Ethical Problems in the Delivery of Health Care; consultation by the Commissioner of Human Services with the entity in the development of a system for children with special emotional needs; access by the entity to nursing homes residents; the status of such an entity under the New Jersey Tort Claims Act; and coordination and cooperation with the entity by the two relevant divisions in the new department; and

change the effective date to January 17, 2006.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[Second Reprint]

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY, No. 1424 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

DATED: SEPTEMBER 20, 2005

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Restores Department of the Public Advocate as principal department

in Executive Branch; appropriates \$5 million.

Type of Impact: General Fund expenditure

Agencies Affected: New Department of the Public Advocate

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	Year 2	Year 3
State Cost	\$6,368,874	\$6,560,000	\$6,757,000

- ! The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) notes that several of the duties to be performed by the newly constituted Department of the Public Advocate currently exist in other State agencies and are to be transferred along with their funding to the new department.
- ! The OLS further notes that other duties outlined in the bill have been performed by the former Department of the Public Advocate. Assuming a 3 percent inflation rate since FY 1994 when these activities were eliminated, the cost of re-establishing these activities would total \$6,368,874 in the first year of implementation, and increase to \$6,560,000 and \$6,757,000 in the second and third years of implementation.
- ! The OLS notes that while this estimate provides the cost of activities which had been conducted in the past, it does not account for possible expansion of these activities under the new Department of the Public Advocate. Therefore, depending upon the scope of activities to be conducted by the proposed Department of the Public Advocate, the cost of implementing this legislation may be higher.
- ! The bill, the "Public Advocate Restoration Act of 2005", would restore the Department of the Public Advocate as a principal department in the Executive branch. The Department of the Public Advocate was abolished in 1994.



BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Bill No. 1424 (ACS)(2R), as amended, the "Public Advocate Restoration Act of 2005," establishes within the Executive Branch a Department of the Public Advocate. It reconstitutes the department that was abolished in 1994.

Under the bill, a Public Advocate will be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Public Advocate is to serve during the Governor's term of office and until the appointment and qualification of a successor. The Governor may remove the Public Advocate for cause. The bill establishes seven divisions and one office within the department. Specifically:

- (1) The Division of Administration will be responsible for carrying out the administrative duties of the department;
- (2) The Division of Citizen Relations will be responsible for receiving and forwarding to appropriate agencies of the State complaints from any citizen relating to the administrative action or inaction of agencies and, in certain cases, for investigating such citizen complaints itself. The Division would include the Corrections Ombudsperson, located currently in the Department of Corrections, and the Dispute Settlement Office, located currently in the Office of the Public Defender;
- (3) The Division of Mental Health Advocacy will advocate for persons with mental illness, receive and respond to complaints, and represent the interests of indigent mental hospital admittees in disputes and litigation on an individual or class basis;
- (4) The Division for Advocacy for the Developmentally Disabled will advocate for persons with developmental disabilities, receive and respond to complaints, and provide legal representation on an individual or class basis to protect and advocate the rights of developmentally disabled persons;
- (5) The Division of Rate Counsel will oversee utility and insurance rates and charges, federal issues, and the transmission of advance notice of certain insurance rate increases;
- (6) The Division of Public Interest Advocacy will be responsible for representing the public interest in those administrative and court proceedings, other than those under the jurisdiction of the Division of Rate Counsel, as the Public Advocate deems best serves the public interest; and (7) The Division of Elder Advocacy will protect the interests of the elderly and investigate and study issues concerning the elderly and will include the Ombudsperson for the Institutionalized Elderly, an existing position currently in, but not of, the Department of Community Affairs.
- (8) The current Office of the Child Advocate is transferred to the Department of the Public Advocate, but will remain independent of supervision or control by the department or its officers. The child advocate will be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The Office of Public Advocate will be responsible for the supervision and efficient operation of the department.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

Existing duties

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) notes that several of the duties to be performed by the newly constituted Department of the Public Advocate currently exist in other State agencies and are to be transferred along with their funding to the new department. These include:

Program	FY 2005 Appropriation
Division of Ratepayer Advocacy	\$ 5,871,000
Division of Citizen Relations	
Office of Dispute Settlement	343,000
Corrections Ombudsperson	905,000
Division of Elder Advocacy	
Ombudsperson for Institutionalized Elderly	826,000
Office of the Child Advocate	2,000,000
Child Welfare Unit	1,430,000
TOTAL	\$11,375,000

The OLS notes that although the Child Welfare Unit is not mentioned in the Senate Substitute, this unit may be transferred to the new Department of the Public Advocate as part of the Office of the Child Advocate.

Re-established duties

The OLS further notes that other duties outlined in the bill have been performed by the former Department of the Public Advocate. Assuming a 3 percent inflation rate since FY 1994 when these activities were eliminated, the cost of re-establishing these activities are as follows:

Program H	Estimated FY2006 Cost
Department of the Public Advocate	
Division of Administration	\$ 2,218,110
Division of Mental Health Advocacy	2,593,459
Division of Advocacy for the Developmentally Dis	abled 688,643
Division of Public Interest Advocacy	868,662
TOTAL	\$ 6,368,874

Second-and third-year costs of these activities would total \$6,560,000 and \$6,757,000, respectively. The OLS notes that while this estimate provides the cost of activities which had been conducted in the past, it does not account for possible expansion of these activities under the new Department of the Public Advocate. Therefore, depending upon the scope of activities to be conducted by the proposed Department of the Public Advocate, the cost of implementing this legislation may be higher.

Section: Judiciary

Analyst: Anne C. Raughley

Principal Fiscal analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

[2R] ACS for A1424 4

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

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RELEASE: July 12, 2005

Codey Signs Bill Restoring the Public Advocate

(TRENTON) –Acting Governor Richard J. Codey today signed into law A1424, a bill that restores the Department of the Public Advocate as an independent government watchdog for New Jersey's residents and a powerful voice for those unable to protect themselves.

"For more than two decades the Public Advocate was an indispensable part of New Jersey government, a champion of ordinary people with real needs but without political capital," Codey said. "Today we are accomplishing another goal I laid out in the State of the State address, by restoring that voice to the people of New Jersey.

"Thanks to our action today, the Public Advocate will again stand independent, ready to fight anyone, even government itself, on behalf of everyday citizens."

Codey signed the bill during a public ceremony at the Governor's Outer Office, in the State House. Assemblyman Wilfredo Caraballo (D-Essex, Union), who is a former Public Advocate; Senator Joseph F. Vitale (D-Middlesex); and Lauren Skowronski, Executive Director of Common Cause New Jersey; all joined the Acting Governor.

The bill's sponsors include Caraballo, Vitale, Senator Robert J. Martin (R-Morris, Passaic), Assemblyman Alfred E. Steele (D-Bergen, Passaic), Assemblyman John J. Burzichelli (D-Cumberland, Gloucester, Salem), and Assemblyman Mims Hackett (D-Essex).

Under the new law, the Department of the Public Advocate will be established at noon on January 17, 2006. The Public Advocate will be appointed by the incoming governor, and serve during that governor's term of office.

The Department will act on ordinary citizens' complaints about the action or inaction of state agencies; oversee utility and insurance rates and charges; represent people with mental illness, those with developmental disabilities, children and the elderly; and represent the public interest in administrative and court proceedings.

Vitale said, "The restoration of the Public Advocate will once again give voice to the voiceless, and ensure that government is truly accountable to the needs of the people. The agency will stand as a watchdog, independent of interference from within the bureaucracy, and able to take the state to court if need be in order to accomplish its goals. With a strong Public Advocate in place, New Jersey will have another level of scrutiny that will only benefit the state's residents and keep government serving the public, and not corrupt

politicians."

Caraballo said, "The elderly, developmentally disabled, mentally ill and indigent lost a strong voice and a trusted ally in Trenton when the Department of the Public Advocate was dissolved in 1994. New Jersey needs the Public Advocate more than ever before now that the federal government is trying to privatize Social Security and slash funding for Medicaid and other programs critical to our seniors and those with marginal incomes."

Steele said, "Restoring the Department of the Public Advocate will allow many of the services currently being performed by various agencies – such as ombudsmen and the Ratepayer Advocate – to be consolidated into a single department. Centralizing these critical services will provide both significant cost savings and a more organized, effective protection of the public interest."

Burzichelli said, "The Child Advocate has been a tireless fighter for the rights and protection of the children of this state. Preserving the independence of this successful office will provide for its continued operation free from any political agenda."

Hackett said, "The Public Advocate will be a powerful watchdog for the public's interest. Had the Department of the Public Advocate been in existence for the last 10 years, we may have been able to avoid many of the problems we encountered with E-ZPass, the Parsons inspection contract and the collapse of the HIP-NJ managed health care plan."

Skowronski, of Common Cause New Jersey, said, "The restoration of the Office of Public Advocate is an important step forward for New Jersey citizens. Once again, there will be a office of state government that is designed to stand up for people when they are being treated unfairly by powerful interests."