17:16V-3, 17:16V-5 and 17:16V-7 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2019 **CHAPTER**: 312

NJSA: 17:16V-3, 17:16V-5 and 17:16V-7 (Requires creditors to make certain disclosures regarding

collateral protection insurance to consumer debtors.)

BILL NO: S2998 (Substituted for A5323)

SPONSOR(S) M. Teresa Ruiz and others

DATE INTRODUCED: 9/27/2018

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: AFI

SENATE: Commerce

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: 12/16/2019

SENATE: 2/21/2019

DATE OF APPROVAL: 1/13/2020

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Third Reprint enacted)

Yes

S2998

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of introduced bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: Yes

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes 11/25/2019

12/16/2019

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A5323

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of introduced bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes 11/25/2019

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: No

RWH/JA

P.L. 2019, CHAPTER 312, approved January 13, 2020 Senate, No. 2998 (Third Reprint)

AN ACT concerning ¹[lender-placed motor vehicle insurance]

1

collateral protection insurance¹ and ¹[supplementing P.L.1996, 2 c.157 (C.17:11C-1 et al) amending P.L.1999, c.44¹. 3 4 5 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 ¹[1. a. No consumer lender shall enter into a contract or loan 9 agreement that includes charges on the borrower for lender-placed 10 motor vehicle insurance coverage, unless the following or 11 substantially similar warning is provided on a separate document 12 accompanying the contract or loan agreement and signed by the 13 borrower: 14 **WARNING** 15 UNLESS YOU PROVIDE US WITH EVIDENCE OF THE INSURANCE COVERAGE AS REQUIRED BY OUR LOAN 16 AGREEMENT, WE MAY PURCHASE INSURANCE AT YOUR 17 EXPENSE TO PROTECT OUR INTEREST. THIS INSURANCE 18 19 MAY, BUT NEED NOT, ALSO PROTECT YOUR INTEREST. IF 20 THE COLLATERAL BECOMES DAMAGED, THE COVERAGE 21 WE PURCHASE MAY NOT PAY ANY CLAIM YOU MAKE OR ANY CLAIM MADE AGAINST YOU. YOU MAY LATER 22 23 CANCEL THIS COVERAGE BY PROVIDING EVIDENCE 24 THAT YOU HAVE OBTAINED PROPER COVERAGE 25 ELSEWHERE. 26 YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COST OF INSURANCE PURCHASED BY US. THE COST OF THIS 27 INSURANCE MAY BE ADDED TO YOUR LOAN BALANCE. IF 28 29 THE COST IS ADDED TO THE LOAN BALANCE, THE 30 INTEREST RATE ON THE UNDERLYING LOAN WILL APPLY TO THIS ADDED AMOUNT. THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF 31 32 COVERAGE MAY BE THE DATE YOUR PRIOR COVERAGE 33 LAPSED OR THE DATE YOU FAILED TO PROVIDE PROOF OF COVERAGE. 34 THE COVERAGE WE PURCHASE MAY BE CONSIDERABLY 35 36 MORE EXPENSIVE THAN INSURANCE YOU CAN OBTAIN 37 ON YOUR OWN AND MAY NOT SATISFY NEW JERSEY'S 38 MANDATORY LIABILITY INSURANCE LAWS. 39 b. A consumer lender that enters into a contract or loan

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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agreement that includes charges on the borrower for lender-placed

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Assembly AFI committee amendments adopted May 13, 2019.

²Assembly floor amendments adopted November 25, 2019.

³Senate floor amendments adopted December 16, 2019.

1 motor vehicle insurance shall send the borrower a notice by mail 2 within 30 days of the beginning of the loan agreement that discloses the insurance product that is being added, the insurer, the premium, 4 an estimate of the total amount to be paid for the coverage over the duration of the loan, and the fact that the policy can be terminated if the borrower purchases insurance independently.

A consumer lender that fails to meet the requirements of subsections a. and b. of this section shall be in violation of the "New Jersey Consumer Finance Licensing Act," sections 1 through 49 of P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-1 through C.17:11C-49). In addition, if a consumer lender is found to have charged a borrower for insurance coverage on a motor vehicle that was already insured by the borrower, the borrower shall have a civil cause of action in any court of competent jurisdiction for the premium, interest, and all related fees paid by the borrower, including attorney's fees. If the duplicative charges resulted in the loan being placed in delinquency or the motor vehicle being repossessed, the borrower shall be entitled to treble damages.]1

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- ¹1. Section 3 of P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-3) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. a. If the terms of the credit agreement require the debtor to obtain and continue to maintain insurance which designates the creditor as loss payee or beneficiary protecting against loss or damage to the collateral and the debtor has not obtained or does not maintain that insurance, a creditor may purchase collateral protection insurance as of the date of the debtor's failure to provide evidence of insurance or failure to maintain insurance covering the collateral, or at a later date at the option of the creditor, with the cost to be paid or reimbursed by the debtor.
- b. Collateral protection insurance purchased by the creditor shall be effective: as of the date of the initial credit transaction, if insurance designating the creditor as loss payee or beneficiary protecting against loss or damage to the collateral is not purchased by the debtor; as of the date the required coverage lapsed, if purchased initially but not maintained by the debtor; or at a later date as determined by the creditor.
- Within 14 calendar days following the placement of the collateral protection insurance, the creditor shall mail or cause a notice to be mailed to the debtor at the address on file with the creditor, by United States mail, first class, postage prepaid, informing the debtor that:
- (1) as of (insert date), evidence that you have purchased or maintained the insurance required by the terms of your credit agreement has not been provided to the creditor, (name of creditor);
- (2) collateral protection insurance has been purchased by the creditor from the following insurer (insert name of insurer), with

respect to the following credit transaction: (insert type of credit transaction);

- (3) you are responsible for the cost of the collateral protection insurance purchased by the creditor, which cost is \$ ^2[annually] for 12 months²;
- (4) the amount stated under paragraph (3) of this notice has been added to the principal balance in your account as of (indicate date); you will be required to pay interest on this amount at the same rate that is applied pursuant to your credit agreement. We estimate that this coverage will cost you an estimated: (insert total cost of collateral protection insurance and interest paid on that cost, based on the debtor making minimum required payments) over the duration of the loan. This cost is intended as a good faith estimate, and may not be accurate if you repay more quickly or slowly than the estimated term;
- (5) all or part of the cost of the collateral protection insurance stated under paragraph (3) of this notice may be paid by you at any time and amounts paid will be applied to your account;
- (6) the effective date of coverage of the collateral protection insurance purchased by the creditor is the date of the initial credit transaction, if you failed to obtain insurance coverage initially, or the date of the lapse of coverage, if you failed to maintain or renew your coverage, or on (specify date if on a later date as determined by the creditor pursuant to subsection b. of this section);
- (7) the cost of the collateral protection insurance purchased by the creditor may be <u>considerably</u> more <u>expensive</u> than [the cost of] insurance you can obtain on your own;
- (8) the amount of coverage will not be greater than the outstanding principal balance in your account as of the effective date of the collateral protection insurance purchased by the creditor, which may be less than the value of your property, and as a result, you may be underinsured;
- (9) the coverage purchased by the creditor will not include any liability coverage for claims made against you and will not satisfy any mandatory liability insurance law or financial responsibility law of this or any other state;
- (10) if you provide us with evidence that you have the required insurance, we shall cause the collateral protection insurance to be canceled as of the effective date of the coverage which you provide (as shown on the policy or other evidence of coverage sent to us), and any unearned premium, costs and interest applicable to the collateral protection insurance after that date will be applied to the balance of your account, and the excess, if any, will be paid to you;

[and**]**

(11) if you have insurance coverage in place, or if you have replaced the coverage, and it has been in place without any lapse in the coverage but you have failed to provide the creditor with evidence of that coverage, you may, within 30 days after this notice

was mailed, provide the creditor evidence of the insurance coverage showing the creditor as loss payee or beneficiary, and the collateral protection insurance coverage placed by the creditor will be canceled and the creditor will deduct from your principal balance all costs of the collateral protection insurance purchased by the creditor, including any interest charged to your account as a result of the costs of that insurance being added to your principal balance; ²[and]²

(12) to provide us with evidence that you have the required insurance, send a copy of the policy or other evidence to: (insert the physical and electronic address of creditor)²; and

(13) the collateral protection insurance purchased on your behalf may be cancelled at any time. In order to cancel the collateral protection insurance without incurring any additional costs, you must provide us with evidence that you have the required insurance within 30 days following the date that this notice was mailed. The creditor-placed collateral protection insurance may be cancelled at any time after the 30 days have elapsed, but you will be required to pay for any period of time in which the creditor-placed collateral protection insurance was in place².

- d. Paragraph (9) of the notice required in subsection c. of this section shall be in a larger type size than the other paragraphs in that notice, and in bold type.
- e. The creditor shall inform the debtor, in the notice, that if the debtor has insurance coverage naming the creditor as loss payee or beneficiary in place, or has replaced the insurance coverage, without a lapse in coverage [but has failed to notify the creditor, the debtor has 30 days from the date the notice required under subsection c. of this section was mailed to provide evidence of that coverage and include the address to which evidence of coverage is to be sent [the debtor may provide the creditor with evidence of the required insurance at any time and the creditor shall cause the collateral protection insurance to be canceled as of the effective date of the coverage provided by debtor, and any unearned premium, costs and interest applicable to the collateral protection insurance after that date shall be applied to the balance of the debtor's account, and the excess, if any, shall be paid to the debtor.
- f. If, within 30 days after the notice required by subsection c. of this section was mailed to the debtor, the debtor provides evidence of insurance coverage to the creditor and evidence that the insurance coverage required by the credit agreement [was] is in place or has been replaced, without any lapse in the coverage, and the only failure to comply with the credit agreement was the failure to provide evidence of that coverage to the creditor in a timely fashion, then the creditor shall cancel the coverage placed by the creditor and, if the costs of purchasing collateral protection insurance have been added to the obligation of the borrower, deduct those costs from the debtor's obligation, including interest, and no

1 costs for the purchase of collateral protection insurance by the 2 lender shall be assessed against the borrower.

- g. The costs charged to the debtor shall not be excessive or discriminatory. Any cost or element of cost which is approved by the Department of Banking and Insurance or filed with the department and not disapproved, pursuant to P.L.1944, c.27 (C.17:29A-1 et seq.) or P.L.1982, c.114 (C.17:29AA-1 et seq.), shall not be deemed to be excessive or discriminatory for the purposes of this act.
- h. Within ²[five] 60² days of the receipt of evidence of coverage, a creditor shall send the debtor a notice of receipt, a confirmation of cancellation of any creditor-placed insurance, and a revised ²scheduled² payment ²[schedule]² that reflects the requirements of this section.
- i. No creditor shall enter into a credit agreement that includes
 charges on the debtor for collateral protection insurance coverage,
 unless the following or substantially similar warning is provided on
 a separate document accompanying the credit agreement and signed
 by the debtor:

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21 <u>WARNING</u>

- 22 <u>UNLESS YOU PROVIDE US WITH EVIDENCE OF THE</u>
- 23 <u>INSURANCE COVERAGE AS REQUIRED BY OUR CREDIT</u>
- 24 AGREEMENT, WE MAY PURCHASE INSURANCE AT YOUR
- 25 EXPENSE TO PROTECT OUR INTEREST. THIS INSURANCE
- 26 MAY, BUT NEED NOT, ALSO PROTECT YOUR INTEREST. IF
- 27 THE COLLATERAL BECOMES DAMAGED, THE COVERAGE
- 28 <u>WE PURCHASE MAY NOT PAY ANY CLAIM YOU MAKE OR</u>
- 29 ANY CLAIM MADE AGAINST YOU. YOU MAY LATER
 30 CANCEL THIS COVERAGE BY PROVIDING EVIDENCE
- 31 THAT YOU HAVE OBTAINED PROPER COVERAGE
- 32 ELSEWHERE.
- 33 YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COST OF ANY
- 34 INSURANCE PURCHASED BY US. THE COST OF THIS
- 35 <u>INSURANCE MAY BE ADDED TO YOUR LOAN BALANCE.</u>
- 36 IF THE COST IS ADDED TO THE LOAN BALANCE, THE
- 37 <u>INTEREST RATE ON THE UNDERLYING LOAN WILL APPLY</u>
- 38 TO THIS ADDED AMOUNT. THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
- 39 COVERAGE MAY BE THE DATE YOUR PRIOR COVERAGE
- 40 <u>LAPSED OR THE DATE YOU FAILED TO PROVIDE PROOF</u>
- 41 <u>OF COVERAGE.</u>
- 42 THE COVERAGE WE PURCHASE MAY BE CONSIDERABLY
- 43 MORE EXPENSIVE THAN INSURANCE YOU CAN OBTAIN
- 44 ON YOUR OWN AND WILL NOT SATISFY NEW JERSEY'S
- 45 MANDATORY LIABILITY INSURANCE LAWS. 1
- 46 (cf: P.L.1999, c.44, s.3)

- ²2. Section 5 of P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-5) is amended to read
 as follows:
- 5. a. Collateral protection insurance shall terminate [or shall be canceled upon the occurrence of any] on the earliest of the following dates:
 - (1) the date [the creditor is provided with evidence of proper] other acceptable insurance coverage [purchased by the debtor as required by the credit transaction agreement] becomes effective, subject to the debtor providing evidence of the other insurance to the creditor, without regard to when such evidence is received by the creditor;
 - (2) the date the collateral is subject to the completion of foreclosure, including sale, or repossession or similar event, including sale, unless the property is returned to the debtor within 10 days;
 - (3) the date that there is no further balance due from the debtor to the creditor; [or]
 - (4) the date specified in the collateral protection insurance policy; or
 - (5) the date the collateral is determined by the insurer to be a total loss.
 - b. If the collateral protection insurance is canceled and there is any unearned premium paid by the debtor which is refunded to the creditor, the creditor shall pay or credit the debtor with the amount of the refund pursuant to paragraph (10) of subsection c. of section 3 of [this act] P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-3). All statements of the loan balance and activity provided by the creditor to the debtor shall include all amounts debited or credited to the obligation due to the purchase and cancellation of collateral protection insurance.²

30 (cf: P.L.1999. c. 44, s.5)

- **2**[12.] 3.2 Section 7 of P.L.1999,c.44 (C.17:16V-7) is amended to read as follows:
 - 7. a. ${}^{3}(1)^{3}$ A creditor that places, or a person that receives commissions or fees arising out of, collateral protection insurance shall not be liable to any debtor, guarantor or other party for the placement of collateral protection insurance, except 3 :
 - (a)³ if the purchase of collateral protection insurance is the result of error by the creditor³; or
- 40 (b) as provided in subsection f. of this section³.
- 41 ³(2)³ If the creditor does not substantially comply with the 42 provisions of this act in purchasing collateral protection 43 insurance³[,]:
- 44 (a)³ the sole and exclusive remedy of the debtor is that the debtor does not have to pay for the insurance and any associated creditor fees or costs³[.]; and

³(b)³ the commissioner may assess an administrative fee as 1 2 provided in subsection e. of this section.

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- ³(3)³ A creditor is not, by virtue of this act, required to purchase collateral protection insurance or otherwise insure collateral.
- 5 b. This act shall not create a cause of action to the debtor or 6 any third party:
 - (1) for the purchase or placement of collateral protection insurance in substantial compliance with the terms of this act;
 - (2) for not purchasing collateral protection insurance;
 - (3) as a result of the amount or level of coverage, geographical scope of coverage or deductible associated with collateral protection insurance purchased by the creditor;
 - (4) because the creditor purchases collateral protection insurance that protects only the interest of the creditor or less than all of the interest of the debtor; or
 - (5) nondisclosure of commissions or fees included in costs.
 - The list under subsection b. of this section does not imply that a cause of action is otherwise created by this act.
 - d. This act shall not apply to credit transactions involving extensions of credit primarily for business, commercial or agricultural purposes, and shall not be deemed to regulate or limit the rights of the parties to a business, commercial or agricultural transaction to contract for terms and provisions regarding insurance otherwise not prohibited by law.
 - ³(1)³ A creditor that fails to provide any notice to a debtor required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-3) shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding \$25,000.
 - ³(2) A creditor that willfully violates any requirement of P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-1 et al.) shall be liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding \$50,000.
- (3)³ The administrative penalty authorized pursuant to this 31 32 section may be recovered in a summary proceeding in accordance with the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 33 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). ³[A ²[willful]² violation of this section shall 34
- be considered a crime of the third degree.]³ 35
- 36 f. If a creditor places collateral protection insurance on a 37 debtor or fails to remove collateral protection insurance on a debtor, 38 and the creditor has received evidence of coverage of the debtor as 39 provided in section 3 of P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-3), the debtor shall have a civil cause of action in a court of competent 40 41 jurisdiction for the premium, interest, and all related fees paid by the debtor, including attorney's fees. If the duplicative charges 42
- 43 result in delinquency of the credit agreement or repossession of the
- collateral, the debtor shall be entitled to treble damages.¹ 44
- 45 (cf: P.L.1999, c.44, s.7)

S2998 [3R] 8

| [| ¹ [2.] ² [3. ¹] <u>4.</u> ² | This act sh | all take effe | ct 90 days aft | er the date | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | of enactment and shall apply to any contract entered into on or after | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | the effective date. | | | | | | | | | |
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| 5 | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Requires credi | tors to ma | ke certain | disclosures | regarding | | | | | |
|) | collateral protection | n insurance to | o consumer o | debtors. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

SENATE, No. 2998

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 27, 2018

Sponsored by: Senator M. TERESA RUIZ District 29 (Essex)

SYNOPSIS

Requires consumer lenders to disclose motor vehicle insurance products to borrowers.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 **AN ACT** concerning lender-placed motor vehicle insurance and supplementing P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-1 et al).

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. a. No consumer lender shall enter into a contract or loan agreement that includes charges on the borrower for lender-placed motor vehicle insurance coverage, unless the following or substantially similar warning is provided on a separate document accompanying the contract or loan agreement and signed by the

borrower:

13 WARNING

14 UNLESS YOU PROVIDE US WITH EVIDENCE OF THE

- 15 INSURANCE COVERAGE AS REQUIRED BY OUR LOAN
- 16 AGREEMENT, WE MAY PURCHASE INSURANCE AT YOUR
- 17 EXPENSE TO PROTECT OUR INTEREST. THIS INSURANCE
- 18 MAY, BUT NEED NOT, ALSO PROTECT YOUR INTEREST. IF
- 19 THE COLLATERAL BECOMES DAMAGED, THE COVERAGE
- 20 WE PURCHASE MAY NOT PAY ANY CLAIM YOU MAKE OR
- 21 ANY CLAIM MADE AGAINST YOU. YOU MAY LATER
- 22 CANCEL THIS COVERAGE BY PROVIDING EVIDENCE
- 23 THAT YOU HAVE OBTAINED PROPER COVERAGE
- 24 ELSEWHERE.
- 25 YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COST OF ANY
- 26 INSURANCE PURCHASED BY US. THE COST OF THIS
- 27 INSURANCE MAY BE ADDED TO YOUR LOAN BALANCE. IF
- 28 THE COST IS ADDED TO THE LOAN BALANCE, THE
- 29 INTEREST RATE ON THE UNDERLYING LOAN WILL APPLY
- 30 TO THIS ADDED AMOUNT. THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
- 31 COVERAGE MAY BE THE DATE YOUR PRIOR COVERAGE
- 32 LAPSED OR THE DATE YOU FAILED TO PROVIDE PROOF
- 33 OF COVERAGE.
- 34 THE COVERAGE WE PURCHASE MAY BE CONSIDERABLY
- 35 MORE EXPENSIVE THAN INSURANCE YOU CAN OBTAIN
- 36 ON YOUR OWN AND MAY NOT SATISFY NEW JERSEY'S
- 37 MANDATORY LIABILITY INSURANCE LAWS.
- 38 b. A consumer lender that enters into a contract or loan
- agreement that includes charges on the borrower for lender-placed motor vehicle insurance shall send the borrower a notice by mail
- 41 within 30 days of the beginning of the loan agreement that discloses
- 42 the insurance product that is being added, the insurer, the premium,
- an estimate of the total amount to be paid for the coverage over the
- duration of the loan, and the fact that the policy can be terminated if
- 45 the borrower purchases insurance independently.
- 46 c. A consumer lender that fails to meet the requirements of
- 47 subsections a. and b. of this section shall be in violation of the
- 48 "New Jersey Consumer Finance Licensing Act," sections 1 through

S2998 RUIZ

49 of P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-1 through C.17:11C-49). In addition, if a consumer lender is found to have charged a borrower for insurance coverage on a motor vehicle that was already insured by the borrower, the borrower shall have a civil cause of action in any court of competent jurisdiction for the premium, interest, and all related fees paid by the borrower, including attorney's fees. If the duplicative charges resulted in the loan being placed in delinquency or the motor vehicle being repossessed, the borrower shall be entitled to treble damages.

2. This act shall take effect 90 days after the date of enactment and shall apply to any contract entered into on or after the effective date.

STATEMENT

This bill requires consumer lenders to disclose motor vehicle insurance products to borrowers.

Under the bill, consumer lenders providing motor vehicle loans that include lender-placed insurance must disclose this fact in the loan agreement. Consumer lenders must also send a second written disclosure in the mail within 30 days of the start of the loan agreement.

Consumer lenders that fail to provide these disclosures will face fines of up to \$25,000. Furthermore, if a consumer lender is found to have included lender-placed insurance unnecessarily (because the borrower already had motor vehicle insurance), the borrower will be entitled to a full refund. If the duplicative charges result in default of the loan or the car being repossessed, the borrower will be entitled to treble damages.

ASSEMBLY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2998

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 13, 2019

The Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 2998.

This bill, which amends the "Collateral Protection Insurance Act," P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-1 et seq.), requires consumer lenders to make certain disclosures, and to adhere to certain practices, when providing collateral protection insurance products to debtors under credit agreements.

Under the bill, as amended, consumer lenders providing credit agreements that include lender-placed insurance must disclose this fact in the agreement.

The bill requires creditors to provide debtors with information regarding the name of the insurer that provides the debtor with collateral protection insurance, and estimated costs of that insurance. The bill also requires creditors to provide debtors with a physical and electronic address to which debtors may send evidence of collateral protection insurance coverage.

The bill also allows debtors to cancel creditor-placed collateral protection insurance if they provide evidence of coverage at any time, and debtors will be entitled to certain unearned costs associated with that insurance.

The bill establish procedures for creditors who receive evidence of insurance coverage from debtors for cancelling insurance, and providing debtors with documentation of cancellation and a revised payment schedule.

The bill provides for separate penalties within the context of the "Collateral Protection Insurance Act." A creditor that fails to provide any notice to a debtor required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-3) is liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding \$25,000, to be assessed by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance. A creditor's willful failure to provide the required notice shall be considered a crime of the third degree. A crime of the third degree is ordinarily punishable by a term of imprisonment of three to five years or a fine of up to \$15,000, or both.

Finally, the bill provides that, if a creditor places collateral protection insurance on a debtor or fails to remove collateral protection

insurance on a debtor, and the creditor has received evidence of coverage of the debtor, the debtor shall have a civil cause of action in a court of competent jurisdiction for the premium, interest, and all related fees paid by the debtor, including attorney's fees. If the duplicative charges result in delinquency of the credit agreement or repossession of the collateral, the debtor is entitled to treble damages.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill is identical to A-5323, as amended and reported by the committee on this same date.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amended the bill to:

- 1) Provide that the bill amends the "Collateral Protection Insurance Act," P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-1 et seq.), instead of supplementing the "New Jersey Consumer Finance Licensing Act," P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-1 et seq.).
- 2) Make certain amendments to the "Collateral Protection Insurance Act" to require creditors to provide debtors with more information regarding the name of the insurer providing the debtor with collateral protection insurance and the costs of that insurance.
- 3) Require creditors to provide debtors with a physical and electronic address to which debtors may send evidence of collateral protection insurance coverage.
- 4) Provide that debtors may cancel creditor-placed collateral protection insurance by providing evidence of coverage at any time, and will be entitled to certain unearned costs associated with that insurance.
- 5) Establish procedures for creditors who receive evidence of insurance coverage from debtors for cancelling insurance, and providing debtors with documentation of cancellation and a revised payment schedule.
- 6) Provide for separate penalties within the context of the "Collateral Protection Insurance Act." A creditor that fails to provide any notice to a debtor required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-3) is liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding \$25,000, to be assessed by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance. A creditor's willful failure to provide the required notice shall be considered a crime of the third degree. A crime of the third degree is ordinarily punishable by a term of imprisonment of three to five years or a fine of up to \$15,000, or both.
- 7) Provide that, if a creditor places collateral protection insurance on a debtor or fails to remove collateral protection insurance on a debtor, and the creditor has received evidence of coverage of the debtor, the debtor shall have a civil cause of action in a court of competent jurisdiction for the premium, interest, and all related fees paid by the debtor, including attorney's fees. If the duplicative charges result in delinquency of the credit agreement or repossession of the collateral, the debtor is entitled to treble damages.

SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2998

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 7, 2019

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2998.

This bill requires consumer lenders to disclose motor vehicle insurance products to borrowers.

Under the bill, consumer lenders providing motor vehicle loans that include lender-placed insurance must disclose this fact in the loan agreement. Consumer lenders must also send a second written disclosure in the mail within 30 days of the start of the loan agreement.

Consumer lenders that fail to provide these disclosures will face fines of up to \$25,000. Furthermore, if a consumer lender is found to have included lender-placed insurance unnecessarily (because the borrower already had motor vehicle insurance), the borrower will be entitled to a full refund. If the duplicative charges result in default of the loan or the car being repossessed, the borrower will be entitled to treble damages.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 2998**

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed by Assemblyman FREIMAN)

ADOPTED: NOVEMBER 25, 2019

These Assembly amendments clarify that debtors in consumer credit transactions may cancel collateral protection insurance purchased on their behalf at any time, and specify the terms under which that cancellation may occur. The amendments change the time frame in which a creditor must provide a debtor with certain information regarding the cancellation of creditor-placed insurance, from five days to 60 days of the receipt of evidence of coverage. They also change the debtor's payment requirement to encompass only a single revised payment, instead of a full payment schedule.

The amendments also change the language in the notification sent to the debtor by the creditor to reflect the cost of the required collateral insurance over a span of 12 months, instead of its annual cost.

The amendments also remove a requirement that a creditor must be willful in its violation of the notice provisions of the bill in order to be subject to criminal penalties. Pursuant to the amendment, a creditor's failure to provide a debtor with any notice required pursuant to the bill is considered a crime of the third degree.

STATEMENT TO

[Second Reprint] **SENATE, No. 2998**

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed by Senator RUIZ)

ADOPTED: DECEMBER 16, 2019

These Senate amendments revise the penalty provisions of the bill. The amendments clarify that a creditor that places, or a person that receives commissions or fees arising out of, collateral protection insurance may be liable to a debtor for failure to remove that insurance after receiving evidence of coverage pursuant to the bill. The amendments also clarify that a creditor that does not substantially comply with the bill in purchasing collateral protection insurance may be subject to an administrative penalty.

The amendments delete a provision of the bill providing that willful violations of the bill are crimes of the third degree. Instead, a creditor that willfully violates any requirement of P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-1 et al.) is liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding \$50,000.

ASSEMBLY, No. 5323

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 13, 2019

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman ROY FREIMAN
District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)
Assemblywoman JOANN DOWNEY
District 11 (Monmouth)

SYNOPSIS

Requires consumer lenders to disclose motor vehicle insurance products to borrowers.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



| 1 | AN ACT | concerning | lender-placed | motor | vehicle | insurance | and |
|---|---|------------|---------------|-------|---------|-----------|-----|
| 2 | supplementing P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-1 et al). | | | | | | |

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. a. No consumer lender shall enter into a contract or loan agreement that includes charges on the borrower for lender-placed motor vehicle insurance coverage, unless the following or substantially similar warning is provided on a separate document accompanying the contract or loan agreement and signed by the

12 borrower:

- WARNING 13
- 14 UNLESS YOU PROVIDE US WITH EVIDENCE OF THE
- 15 INSURANCE COVERAGE AS REQUIRED BY OUR LOAN
- AGREEMENT, WE MAY PURCHASE INSURANCE AT YOUR 16
- EXPENSE TO PROTECT OUR INTEREST. THIS INSURANCE 17
- MAY, BUT NEED NOT, ALSO PROTECT YOUR INTEREST. IF 18
- THE COLLATERAL BECOMES DAMAGED, THE COVERAGE 19
- 20 WE PURCHASE MAY NOT PAY ANY CLAIM YOU MAKE OR
- ANY CLAIM MADE AGAINST YOU. YOU MAY LATER 21
- CANCEL THIS COVERAGE BY PROVIDING EVIDENCE 22
- 23 YOU HAVE OBTAINED PROPER COVERAGE THAT
- 24 ELSEWHERE.
- 25 YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COST OF ANY
- INSURANCE PURCHASED BY US. THE COST OF THIS 26
- 27 INSURANCE MAY BE ADDED TO YOUR LOAN BALANCE. IF
- THE COST IS ADDED TO THE LOAN BALANCE, THE 28
- 29 INTEREST RATE ON THE UNDERLYING LOAN WILL APPLY
- TO THIS ADDED AMOUNT. THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF 30
- COVERAGE MAY BE THE DATE YOUR PRIOR COVERAGE 31
- LAPSED OR THE DATE YOU FAILED TO PROVIDE PROOF 32
- 33 OF COVERAGE.
- 34 THE COVERAGE WE PURCHASE MAY BE CONSIDERABLY
- MORE EXPENSIVE THAN INSURANCE YOU CAN OBTAIN 35
- ON YOUR OWN AND MAY NOT SATISFY NEW JERSEY'S 36
- 37 MANDATORY LIABILITY INSURANCE LAWS.
- b. A consumer lender that enters into a contract or loan 38
- 39 agreement that includes charges on the borrower for lender-placed
- 40 motor vehicle insurance shall send the borrower a notice by mail
- 41 within 30 days of the beginning of the loan agreement that discloses 42
- the insurance product that is being added, the insurer, the premium,
- 43 an estimate of the total amount to be paid for the coverage over the
- 44 duration of the loan, and the fact that the policy can be terminated if
- 45 the borrower purchases insurance independently.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

A5323 FREIMAN, DOWNEY

c. A consumer lender that fails to meet the requirements of subsections a. and b. of this section shall be in violation of the "New Jersey Consumer Finance Licensing Act," sections 1 through 49 of P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-1 through C.17:11C-49). In addition, if a consumer lender is found to have charged a borrower for insurance coverage on a motor vehicle that was already insured by the borrower, the borrower shall have a civil cause of action in any court of competent jurisdiction for the premium, interest, and all related fees paid by the borrower, including attorney's fees. If the duplicative charges resulted in the loan being placed in delinquency or the motor vehicle being repossessed, the borrower shall be entitled to treble damages.

2. This act shall take effect 90 days after the date of enactment and shall apply to any contract entered into on or after the effective date.

STATEMENT

This bill requires consumer lenders to disclose motor vehicle insurance products to borrowers.

Under the bill, consumer lenders providing motor vehicle loans that include lender-placed insurance must disclose this fact in the loan agreement. Consumer lenders must also send a second written disclosure in the mail within 30 days of the start of the loan agreement.

Consumer lenders that fail to provide these disclosures will face fines of up to \$25,000. Furthermore, if a consumer lender is found to have included lender-placed insurance unnecessarily (because the borrower already had motor vehicle insurance), the borrower will be entitled to a full refund. If the duplicative charges result in default of the loan or the car being repossessed, the borrower will be entitled to treble damages.

ASSEMBLY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 5323

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 13, 2019

The Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 5323.

This bill, which amends the "Collateral Protection Insurance Act," P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-1 et seq.), requires consumer lenders to make certain disclosures, and to adhere to certain practices, when providing collateral protection insurance products to debtors under credit agreements.

Under the bill, as amended, consumer lenders providing credit agreements that include lender-placed insurance must disclose this fact in the agreement.

The bill requires creditors to provide debtors with information regarding the name of the insurer that provides the debtor with collateral protection insurance, and estimated costs of that insurance. The bill also requires creditors to provide debtors with a physical and electronic address to which debtors may send evidence of collateral protection insurance coverage.

The bill also allows debtors to cancel creditor-placed collateral protection insurance if they provide evidence of coverage at any time, and debtors will be entitled to certain unearned costs associated with that insurance.

The bill establish procedures for creditors who receive evidence of insurance coverage from debtors for cancelling insurance, and providing debtors with documentation of cancellation and a revised payment schedule.

The bill provides for separate penalties within the context of the "Collateral Protection Insurance Act." A creditor that fails to provide any notice to a debtor required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-3) is liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding \$25,000, to be assessed by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance. A creditor's willful failure to provide the required notice shall be considered a crime of the third degree. A crime of the third degree is ordinarily punishable by a term of imprisonment of three to five years or a fine of up to \$15,000, or both.

Finally, the bill provides that, if a creditor places collateral protection insurance on a debtor or fails to remove collateral protection insurance on a debtor, and the creditor has received evidence of coverage of the debtor, the debtor shall have a civil cause of action in a court of competent jurisdiction for the premium, interest, and all related fees paid by the debtor, including attorney's fees. If the duplicative charges result in delinquency of the credit agreement or repossession of the collateral, the debtor is entitled to treble damages.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill is identical to S-2998, as amended and reported by the committee on this same date.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amended the bill to:

- 1) Provide that the bill amends the "Collateral Protection Insurance Act," P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-1 et seq.), instead of supplementing the "New Jersey Consumer Finance Licensing Act," P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-1 et seq.).
- 2) Make certain amendments to the "Collateral Protection Insurance Act" to require creditors to provide debtors with more information regarding the name of the insurer providing the debtor with collateral protection insurance and the costs of that insurance.
- 3) Require creditors to provide debtors with a physical and electronic address to which debtors may send evidence of collateral protection insurance coverage.
- 4) Provide that debtors may cancel creditor-placed collateral protection insurance by providing evidence of coverage at any time, and will be entitled to certain unearned costs associated with that insurance.
- 5) Establish procedures for creditors who receive evidence of insurance coverage from debtors for cancelling insurance, and providing debtors with documentation of cancellation and a revised payment schedule.
- 6) Provide for separate penalties within the context of the "Collateral Protection Insurance Act." A creditor that fails to provide any notice to a debtor required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.44 (C.17:16V-3) is liable to an administrative penalty not exceeding \$25,000, to be assessed by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance. A creditor's willful failure to provide the required notice shall be considered a crime of the third degree. A crime of the third degree is ordinarily punishable by a term of imprisonment of three to five years or a fine of up to \$15,000, or both.
- 7) Provide that, if a creditor places collateral protection insurance on a debtor or fails to remove collateral protection insurance on a debtor, and the creditor has received evidence of coverage of the debtor, the debtor shall have a civil cause of action in a court of competent jurisdiction for the premium, interest, and all related fees paid by the debtor, including attorney's fees. If the duplicative charges result in delinquency of the credit agreement or repossession of the collateral, the debtor is entitled to treble damages.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **ASSEMBLY, No. 5323**

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed by Assemblyman FREIMAN)

ADOPTED: NOVEMBER 25, 2019

These Assembly amendments clarify that debtors in consumer credit transactions may cancel collateral protection insurance purchased on their behalf at any time, and specify the terms under which that cancellation may occur. The amendments change the time frame in which a creditor must provide a debtor with certain information regarding the cancellation of creditor-placed insurance, from five days to 60 days of the receipt of evidence of coverage. They also change the debtor's payment requirement to encompass only a single revised payment, instead of a full payment schedule.

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Governor Murphy Takes Action on Legislation

01/13/2020

TRENTON – Today, Governor Phil Murphy signed the following bills into law:

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A791 (Andrzejczak, Land, Mosquera, Danielsen, Mukherji, Downey, Zwicker/Van Drew, Brown) - Requires institution of higher education to award appropriate credit for student's military service.

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